

TEST REPORT

Eurofins KCTL Co., Ltd.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

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1. Client

Name

: Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address

: 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677,

Rep. of Korea

Date of Receipt : 2023-03-14

2. Use of Report

: Certification

3. Name of Product / Model

: Notebook PC / NP935QNA

4. Manufacturer / Country of Origin: Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. / Vietnam

5. FCC ID

: A3LNP935QNA

6. Date of Test

: 2023-04-15 to 2023-05-25

7. Location of Test : ■ Permanent Testing Lab

□ On Site Testing

(Address:65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)

8. Test method used: FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.247

9. Test Result

: Refer to the test result in the test report

Tested by Technical Manager Affirmation Name: Sunghyun Yoon (Sig Name: Seungyong Kim

2023-06-05

Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.

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2023-06-01	Updated	4,9,27
2023-06-05	Updated	9

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Note. The report No. KR23-SRF0172-A is superseded by the report No. KR23-SRF0172-B.

eneral remarks for test reports
Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests
(may be required by the product standard or client)
☐ Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:
Procedure number, issue date and title: Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.
Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing

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General information

Client : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea

Manufacturer : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea

Factory : SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS VIETNAM CO.,LTD.

Address : Khu Cong nghiep Ten Phong 1, Yen Trung, Yen Phong, Bac Ninh, Vietnam

Laboratory : Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.

Address : 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea

Accreditations : FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132

VCCI Registration No.: R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056

CAB Identifier: KR0040 ISED Number: 8035A KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device information

Equipment under test : Notebook PC

Model : NP935QNA

Modulation technique : Bluetooth Low Energy : GFSK

Number of channels : 40 ch

Power source : DC 11.58 \vee

Antenna specification : Antenna 1 (Aux) : PIFA Antenna

Antenna gain : 1.07 dBi

Frequency range : $2402 \text{ Mz} \sim 2480 \text{ Mz}$ (BLE)

Software version : NP930QNA.001

Hardware version : REV0.1

Test device serial No. : Conducted : KQZZ930W300149P

Radiated : KQZZ930W300219W

Operation temperature : 10 $^{\circ}$ C ~ 35 $^{\circ}$ C

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2.1. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities: WLAN (11a/b/g/n/ac/ax), Bluetooth (BDR/EDR/BLE)

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)
00	2 402
19	2 440
39	2 480

Table 2.1.1. Bluetooth Low Energy



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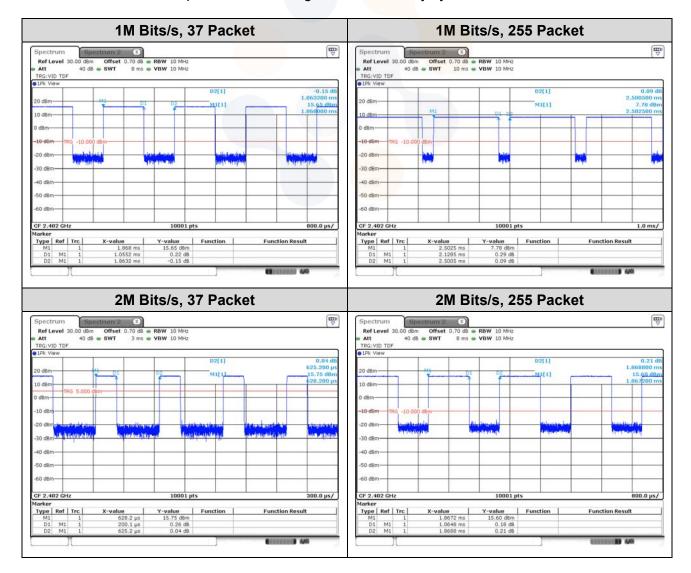


2.2. Duty Cycle Factor

Test made Period On time		On time	Duty o	cycle	Duty Cycle Factor
Test mode	(ms)	(ms)	(Linear)	(%)	(dB)
1M Bits/s, 37 Packet	1.863	1.055	0.566 3	56.63	2.47
1M Bits/s, 255 Packet	2.501	2.129	0.320 0	32.00	0.70
2M Bits/s, 37 Packet	0.625	0.200	0.851 3	85.13	4.95
2M Bits/s, 255 Packet	1.869	1.065	0.569 8	56.98	2.44
125K Bits/s, 37 Packet	3.746	3.092	0.825 4	82.54	0.83
125K Bits/s, 255 Packet	17.504	17.049	0.566 5	56.65	0.11
500K Bits/s, 37 Packet	1.864	1.056	0.974 0	97.40	2.47
500K Bits/s, 255 Packet	4.999	4.545	0.909 2	90.92	0.41

Notes.

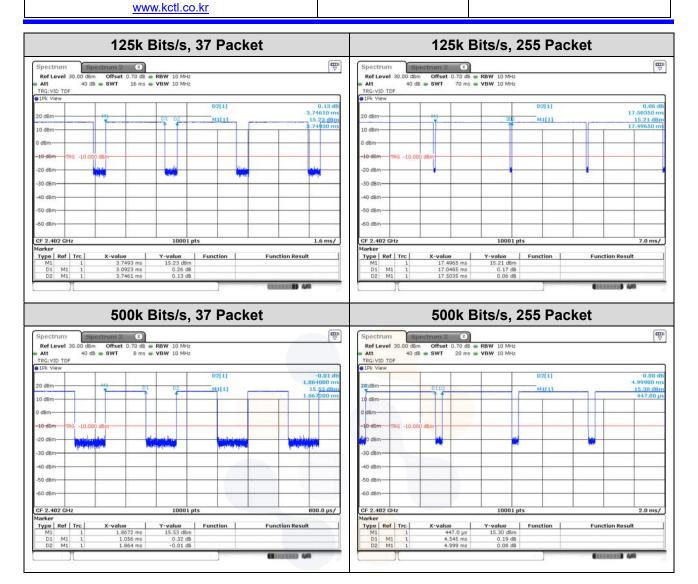
- 1. Duty cycle (Linear) = Ton time / Period
- 2. DCF(Duty cycle factor) = 10log(1/duty cycle)
- 3. DCF is not compensated to average result if the duty cycle is more than 98%



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3. Antenna requirement

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

- The transmitter has permanently attached PIFA Antenna (Internal antenna) on board.
- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.247.



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4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	Parameter	Test Condition	Test results
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Output Power		Pass
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density		Pass
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Channel Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth	Conducted	Pass
15.207(a)	AC Conducted Emissions	Conducted Emissions	
15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emissions		Pass
15.205(a),	Spurious emission	Dodiated	Pass
15.209(a)	Band-edge, restricted band	Radiated	Pass

Notes:

- 1. All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 2. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
- 3. All the radiated tests have been performed two modes (Notebook and Tablet mode) and the fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. Worst case: Notebook mode, X axis
- 4. All configurations have been performed (stand-alone, stand-alone with TA, with accessories) and the worst case is Stand-alone with TA.
- 5. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
 - ANSI C63.10-2013
 - KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
- 6. The worst-case data rate were: 1M Bits/s, Packet length 37 Bytes 2M Bits/s, Packet length 37 Bytes

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Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k=2 to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets of exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (±)		
Conducted RF power	0.9 dB		
Conducted spurious emissions	1.3 dB		
	Below 30 Mb:	2.3 dB	
Radiated spurious emissions	30 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	2.5 dB	
Radiated spurious errissions	1 000 MHz ~ 18 000 MHz	4.7 dB	
	Above 18 000 Mbz	4.8 dB	
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	2.7 dB	
Conducted emissions	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	2.7 dB	

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6. Measurement results explanation example

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer.

With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Frequency (Mb)	Factor(dB)	Frequency (쌘)	Factor(dB)
30	9.71	9 000	11.98
50	10.01	10 000	11.96
100	10.30	11 000	11.99
200	10.34	12 000	12.05
300	10.40	13 000	12.32
400	10.48	14 000	12.11
500	10.74	15 000	12.88
600	10.83	16 000	13.33
700	10.84	17 000	13.13
800	10.86	18 000	13.36
900	10.87	19 000	13.18
1 000	10.93	20 000	13.30
2 000	11.61	21 000	13.35
3 000	11.87	22 000	13.55
4 000	12.09	23 000	13.79
5 000	12.58	24 000	13.84
6 000	12.94	25 000	13.91
7 000	11.84	26 000	13.94
8 000	11.94	26 500	13.89

Note:

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + Attenuator(dB)

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7. Test res	ults		
7.1. Maximur	n peak output	power	
Test setup	,		
EUT		Attenuator	Power sensor

Limit

According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 Mb, 2 400-2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725-5 850 Mb bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to $\S15.247(b)(4)$ The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.9
Used test method is section 11.9.1.3 and 11.9.2.3.1

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Test settings

General

Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth (see ANSI C63.10 for measurement guidance).

When using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver to perform these measurements, it shall be capable of utilizing a number of measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span/RBW to set a bin-to-bin spacing of ≤ RBW/2 so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level. The intent is to test at 100 % duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 %) is permitted, if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

If continuous transmission (or at least 98 % duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level, with the transmit duration as long as possible, and the duty cycle as high as possible during which sweep triggering/signal gating techniques may be used to perform the measurement over the transmission duration.

11.9.1. Maximum peak conducted output power

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the maximum peak conducted output power of a DTS EUT.

11.9.1.1. RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth

The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement:

- a) Set the RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set VBW \geq [3 \times RBW].
- c) Set span \geq [3 \times RBW].
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

11.9.1.3. PKPM1 Peak power meter method

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall use a fast-responding diode detector.

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11.9.2.3.1. Measurement using a power meter (PM)

Method AVGPM is a measurement using an RF average power meter, as follows:

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied:
 - 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
 - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, D, of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the ON and OFF periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding [10 log(1/D)], where D is the duty cycle

Notes:

A peak responding power sensor is used, where the power sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the EUT.

Test results

- 05	Data rate	Packet length	Measured outp	Measured output power (dBm)		
Frequency(MIZ)	Frequency(Mb)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	Peak	Average	Limit(dBm)
	1M	37	9.06	8.78		
	I IVI	255	8.84	8.56		
	2M	37	9.03	8.66		
2 402	ZIVI	255	9.01	8.58		
2 402	125k	37	8.84	8.58		
	125K	255	8.83	8.53		
	500k	37	8.84	8.62		
	SUUK	255	8.79	8.54		
	1M	37	10.04	9.76		
		255	9.83	9.56		
	2M	37	10.08	9.67		
2 440		255	10.03	9.59	30	
2 440	125k	37	9.83	9.56	30	
	123K	255	9.82	9.54		
	500k	37	9.83	9.57		
	SUUK	255	9.82	9.56		
	1M	37	8.40	8.13		
	I IVI	255	8.35	8.09		
	2M	37	8.33	8.06		
2 480	ZIVI	255	8.28	8.03		
	125k	37	8.31	8.08		
	123K	255	8.28	8.06		
	500k	37	8.36	8.10		
	500k	255	8.33	8.09		

Note

Measured output power(Average) = Reading value of average power + D.C.F

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7.2. Peak Power Spectral Density

Test setup	_		_	
EUT		Attenuator		Spectrum analyzer
201		Attoridator		opcolium analyzor

Limit

According to §15.247(e), For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 klb band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.10.2

Test settings

Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz.
- 4) Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 klb) and repeat.

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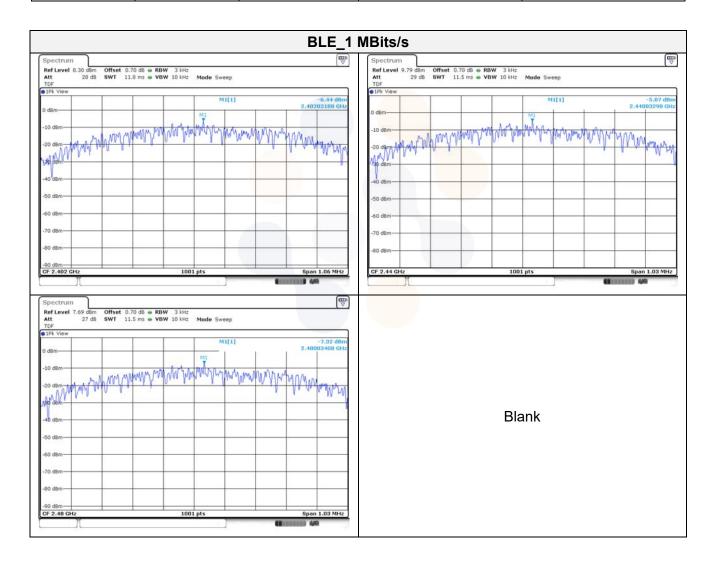
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Test results

	Data rate	Packet length	DOD (JD:se /2 JJL)	1 i i4/ JD /2 JJL\
Frequency(Mb)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	PSD(dBm/3 址z)	Limit(dBm/3 址)
2 402			-6.44	
2 440	1M	37	-5.07	
2 480			-7.32	O
2 402			-9.34	8
2 440	2M	37	-8.00	
2 480			-10.18	



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BLE_2 MBits/s

| Spectrum: | S

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7.3. 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth) & 99% Bandwidth

Test setup	_		_	
EUT		Attenuator		Spectrum analyzer

Limit

According to §15.247(a)(2), For Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 Mb, 2 400–2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725–5 850 Mb bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kb.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 - Section 11.8.2

Test settings

DTS bandwidth

One of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS bandwidth.

Option 1

- 1) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 x RBW.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- 4) Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Sweep = auto couple.
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X $\,\mathrm{dB}$ bandwidth mode with X set to 6 $\,\mathrm{dB}$, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., RBW = 100 $\,\mathrm{kHz}$, VBW \geq 3 \times RBW, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be \geq 6 $\,\mathrm{dB}$.

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Occupied bandwidth (or 99% emission bandwidth)

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emissions skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted

<u>Notes:</u> it may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms, The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

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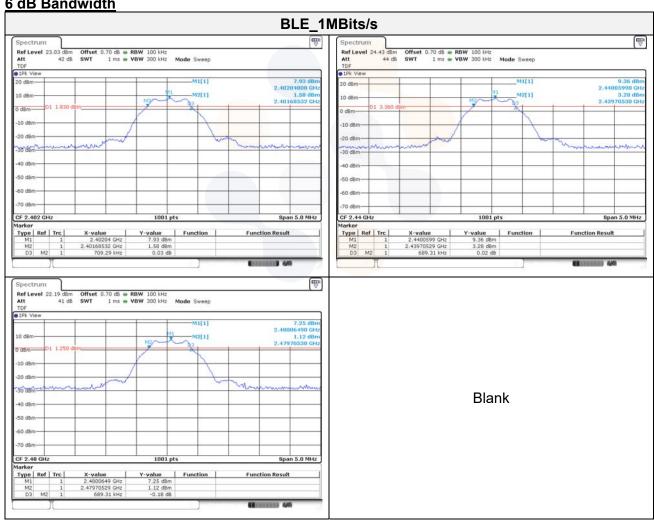
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Test results

Fragueney (Mk)	Data rate	Packet length	6 dB bandwidth	99% bandwidth	
Frequency(Mb)	(Bits/s)	(Bytes)	(MHz)	(MHz)	
2 402			0.709	1.024	
2 440	1M	37	0.689	1.039	
2 480			0.689	1.024	
2 402			1.164	2.008	
2 440	2M	37	1.164	2.008	
2 480			1.189	2.003	

6 dB Bandwidth

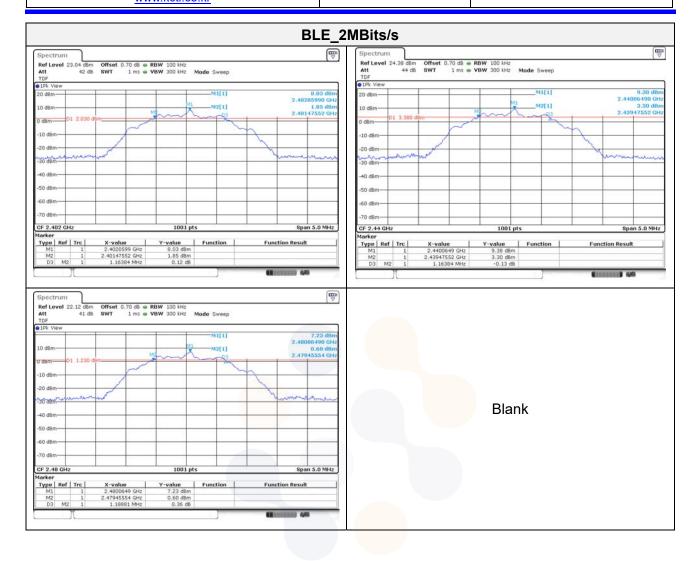


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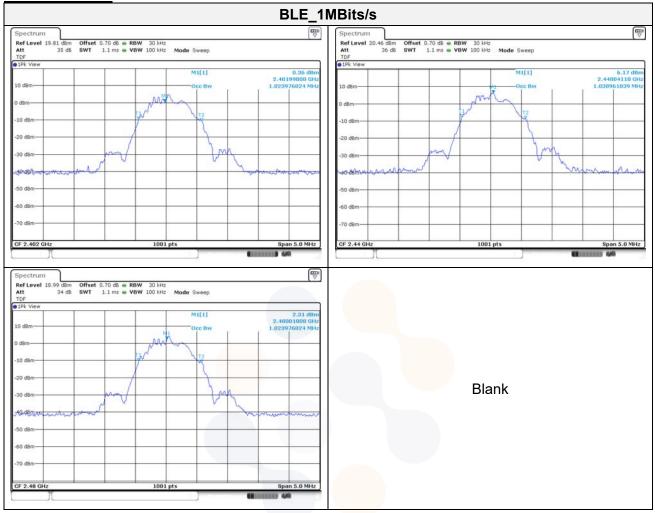
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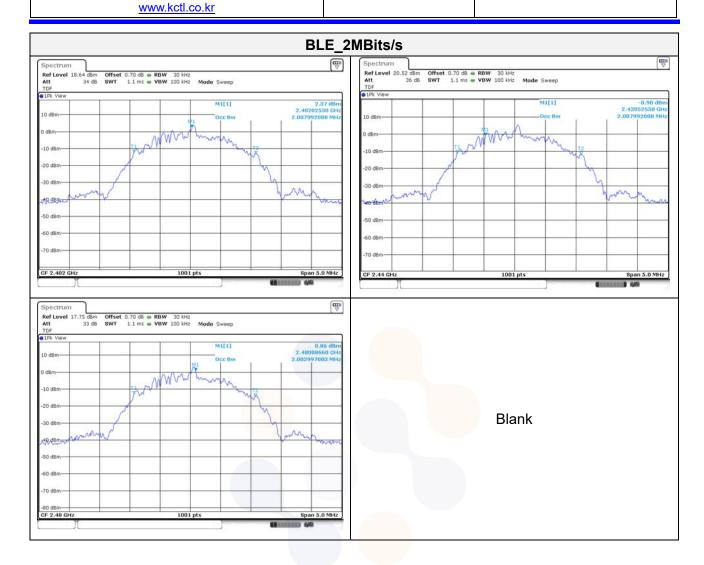


99% Bandwidth



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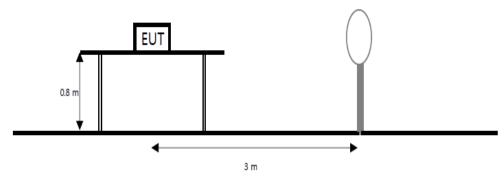
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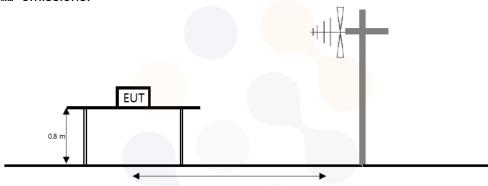


7.4. Spurious Emission, Band Edge and Restricted bands Test setup

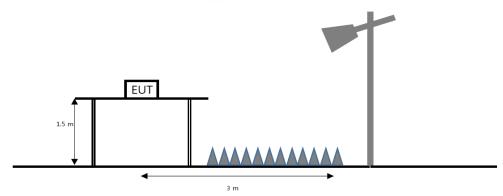
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mb to 1 Gb emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 to emissions, whichever is lower.



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Limit

According to section 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (Mb)	Field strength (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

^{**}Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 Mb, 76–88 Mb, 174–216 Mb or 470–806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., Section15.231 and 15.241.

According to section 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399. <mark>9 - 410</mark>	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 – 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 – 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 – 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 – 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 – 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 – 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 – 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 – 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525	2 483.5 – 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	25	2 690 – 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	156.7 - 156.9	3 260 – 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 332 – 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	167.72 - 173.2	3 345.8 – 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	240 - 285	3 600 – 4 400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 Mb, compliance with the limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasipeak detector. Above 1 000 Mb, compliance with the emission limits in section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

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Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013

Test settings

Peak field strength measurements

- 1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- 2. RBW = as specified in table
- 3. VBW ≥ (3×RBW)
- 4. Detector = peak
- 5. Sweep time = auto
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 7. Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes

Table. RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 kHz to 150 kHz	200 Hz to 300 Hz
0.15 Mb to 30 Mb	9 kHz to 10 kHz
30 Mb to 1 000 Mb	100 kHz to 120 kHz
> 1 000 MHz	1 MHz

Average field strength measurements

Trace averaging with continuous EUT transmission at full power

If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously (D ≥ 98%), then the average emission levels shall be measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously):

- 1. RBW = 1 Mb (unless otherwise specified).
- 2. VBW ≥ (3×RBW).
- 3. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- 4. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or $\,\mathrm{d}B$ averaging shall not be used.
- 5. Sweep time = auto.
- 6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

Trace averaging across ON and OFF times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (D \geq 98%) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less than \pm 2%), then the following procedure shall be used:

- 1. The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- 2. Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
- 3. RBW = 1 Mb (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. $VBW \ge [3 \times RBW]$.
- 5. Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- 6. Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):

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- 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
- 2) Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- 7. Sweep time = auto.
- 8. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- 9. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [20 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (D ≥ 98%) rather than turning ON and OFF with with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Notes:

1. f <30 Mb, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. F_d = 40log(D_m/D_s) f ≥30 Mb, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. F_d = 20log(D_m/D_s) Where:

F_d= Distance factor in dB

D_m= Measurement distance in meters

D_s= Specification distance in meters

- 2. Factors(dB) = Antenna factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or $F_d(dB)$
- 3. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 $\,\mathrm{d}\mathrm{B}$ of respective limits were not reported.
- 4. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
- 5. 1) means restricted band.
- 6. Below 30 Mb frequency range, In order to search for the worst result, all orientations about parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel were investigated then reported. when the emission level was higher than 20 dB of the limit, then the following statement shall be made: "No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit."
- 7. Above 1 @ the worst results between two antenna polarizations (H and V) were documented in the test report.

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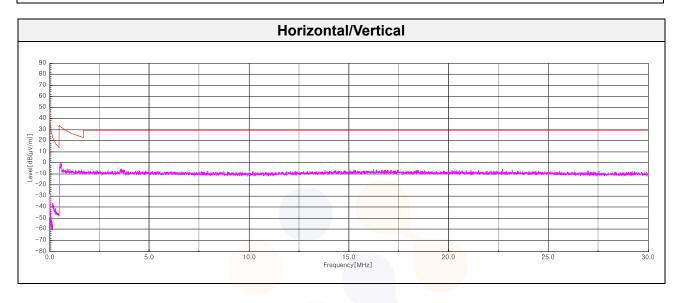
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Test results (Below 30 贮) - Worst case: 2 MBits/s(37 Bytes) 2 440 贮

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin	
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)	
	Quasi peak data								
	No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								



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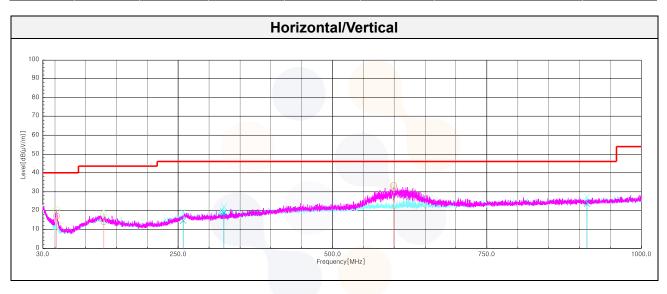


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Test results (Below 1 000 账) -Worst case: 2 MBits/s(37 Bytes) 2 440 账

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(V/H)	(dB(μV))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(μV/ m))	(dB(μV/m))	(dB)
				Quasi peak o	data			
52.80	Н	34.80	13.16	-30.89	-	17.07	40.00	22.93
129.06 ¹⁾	Н	26.70	18.00	-30.52	-	14.18	43.50	29.32
257.83 ¹⁾	V	25.20	19.57	-30.26	-	14.51	46.00	31.49
323.671)	V	29.50	19.50	-30.16	-	18.84	46.00	27.16
599.15	Н	38.10	24.60	-29.65	-	33.05	46.00	12.95
912.22	V	25.60	26.40	-28.34	-	23.66	46.00	22.34

Report No.:



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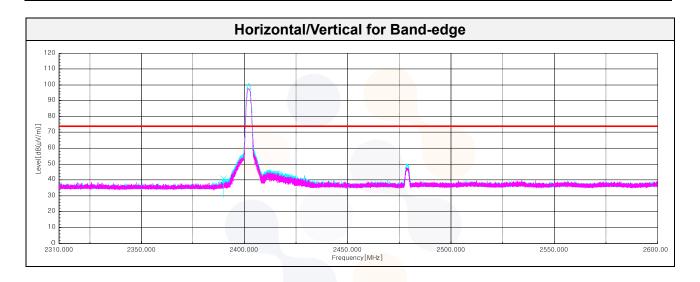
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Test results (Above 1 000 颱)_1 MBits/s(37 Bytes) Low Channel

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]
				Peak data	ı	•		
2 389.891)	V	46.40	27.10	-32.87	-	40.63	74.00	33.37
4 808.38 ¹⁾	Н	52.70	32.22	-42.32	-	42.60	74.00	31.40
7 248.73	V	52.20	36.90	-41.13	-	47.97	74.00	26.03
	•	•	•	Average Da	ıta	•	•	
		No spuriou	ıs emissions	s were detecte	d within 20	dB of the lim	it.	

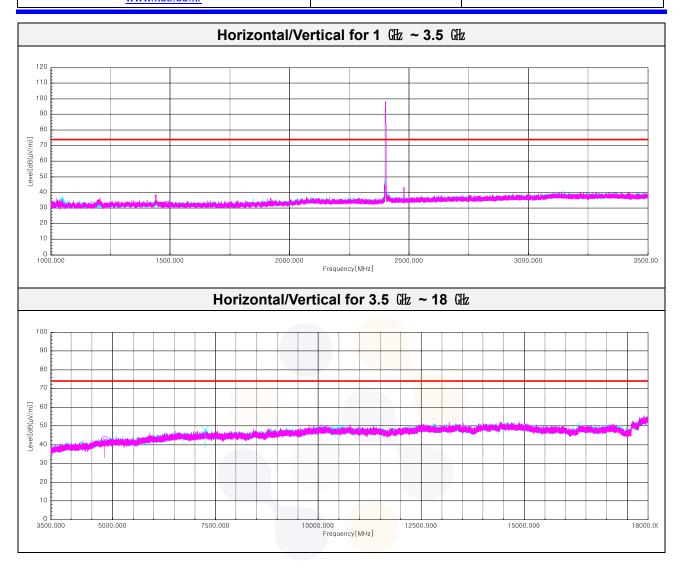


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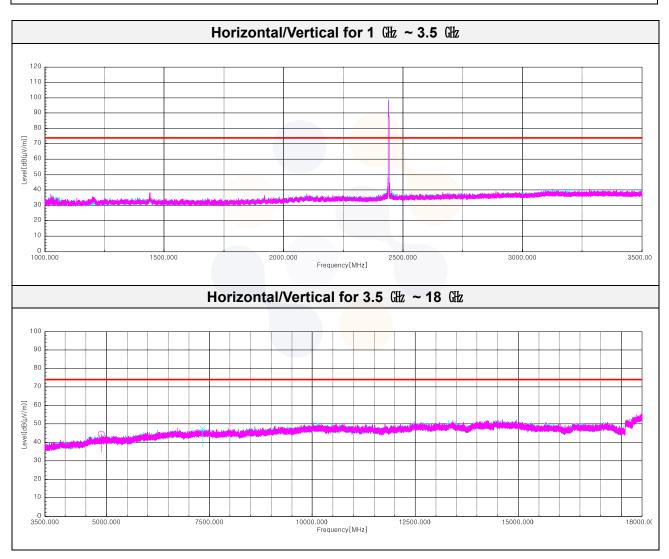
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Middle Channel

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]
Peak data								
4 871.22 ¹⁾	Н	54.30	32.48	-42.36	-	44.42	74.00	29.58
7 332.351)	V	52.00	36.74	-41.21	-	47.53	74.00	26.47
Average Data								
		No spuriou	ıs emissions	s were detecte	d within 20	dB of the lim	it.	



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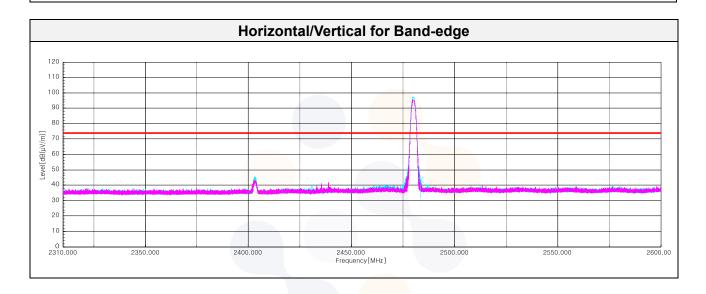
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High Channel

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin	
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]	
Peak data									
2 483.58 ¹⁾	V	48.10	27.84	-32.59	-	43.35	74.00	30.65	
4 873.15 ¹⁾	V	53.00	32.49	-42.36	-	43.13	74.00	30.87	
7 449.32 ¹⁾	V	52.20	36.40	-41.31	-	47.29	74.00	26.71	
	Average Data								

No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.

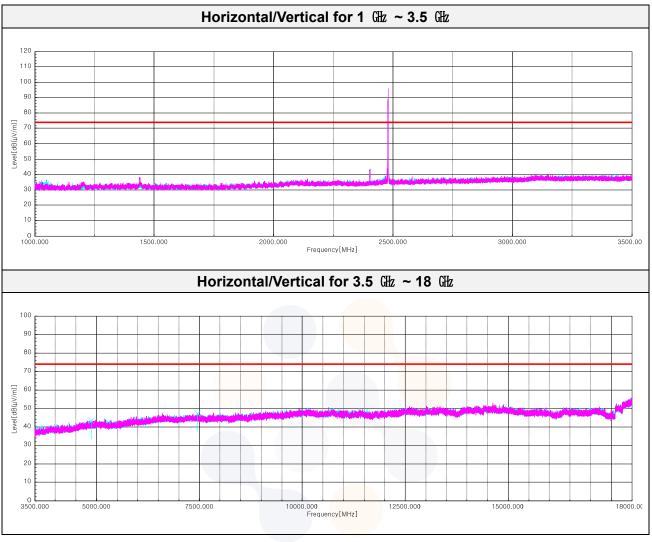


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Horizontal



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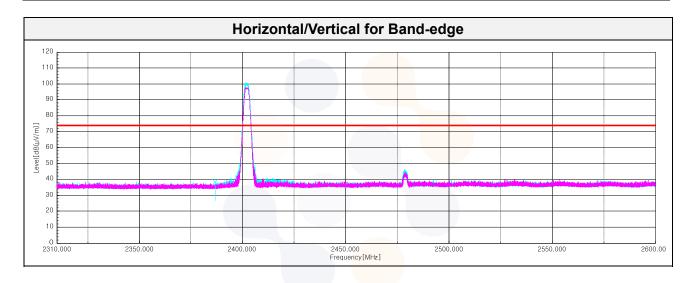
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2 MBits/s(37 Bytes)

Low Channel

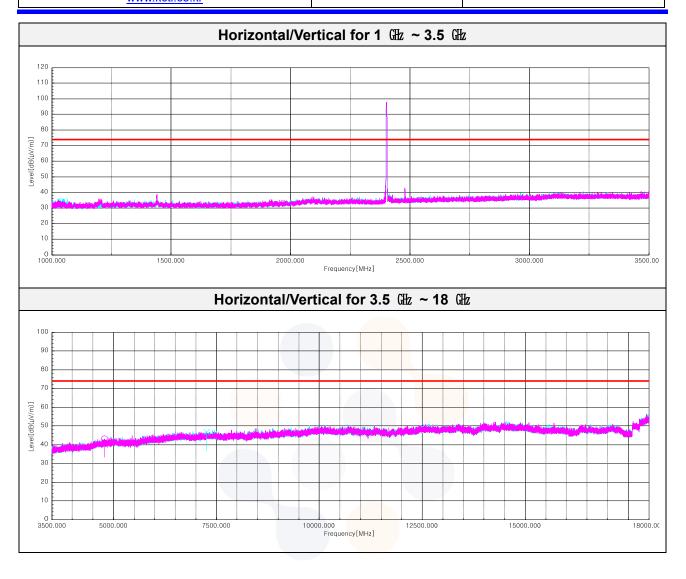
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]
Peak data								
2 386.751)	V	44.20	27.10	-32.87	-	38.43	74.00	35.57
4 786.15 ¹⁾	Н	53.20	32.24	-42.38	-	43.06	74.00	30.94
7 260.33 ¹⁾	V	50.80	36.92	-41.14	-	46.58	74.00	27.42
Average Data								
		No spuriou	s emissions	were detecte	d within 20	dB of the lim	it.	



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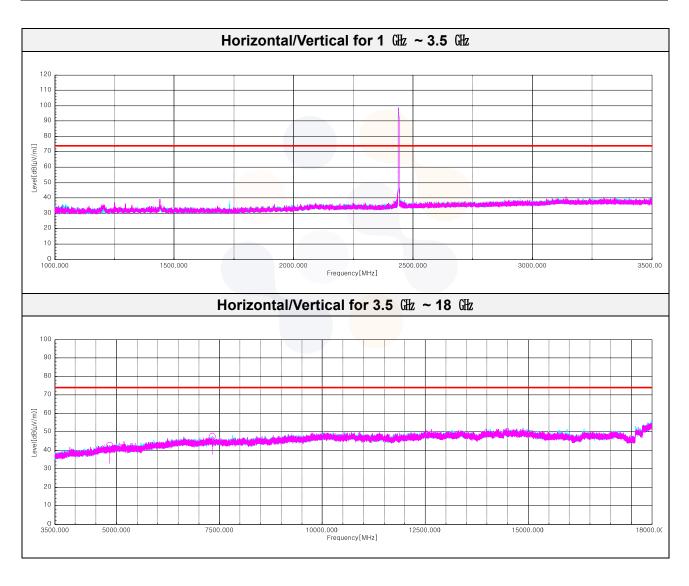
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Middle Channel

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin	
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]	
Peak data									
4 833.52 ¹⁾	Н	52.70	32.27	-42.33	-	42.64	74.00	31.36	
7 319.781)	Н	51.90	36.76	-41.20	-	47.46	74.00	26.54	
	Average Data								
		No spuriou	ıs emissions	were detecte	d within 20	dB of the lim	it.		



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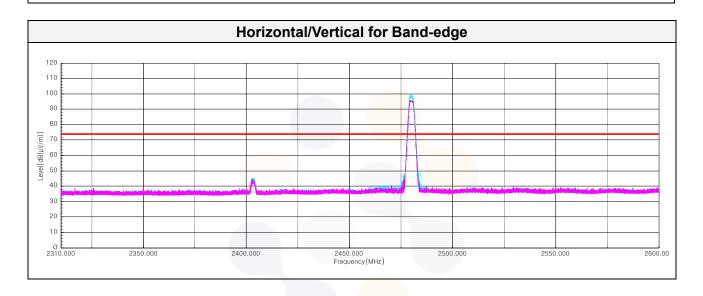
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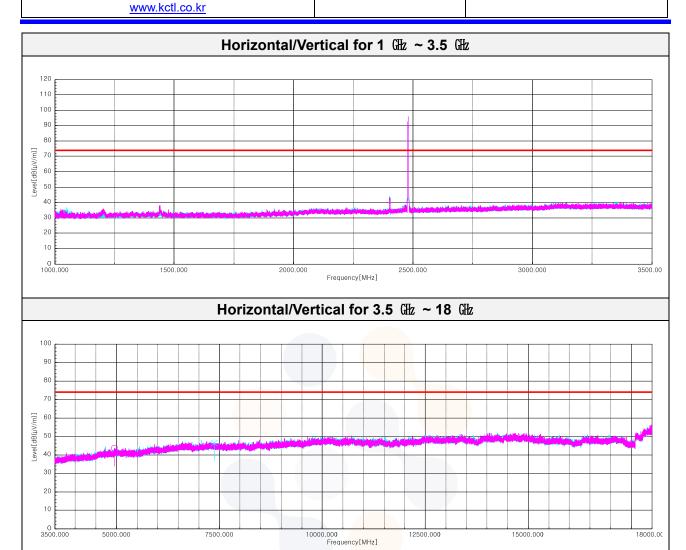
High Channel

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	DCF	Result	Limit	Margin
[MHz]	[V/H]	[dB(µV)]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB(µV/m)]	[dB]
Peak data								
2 483.541)	V	53.00	27.84	-32.59	-	48.25	74.00	25.75
4 951.93 ¹⁾	Н	52.90	32.91	-42.46	-	43.35	74.00	30.65
7 375.85 ¹⁾	V	51.10	36.50	-41.25	-	46.35	74.00	27.65
Average Data								
No spurious emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit.								



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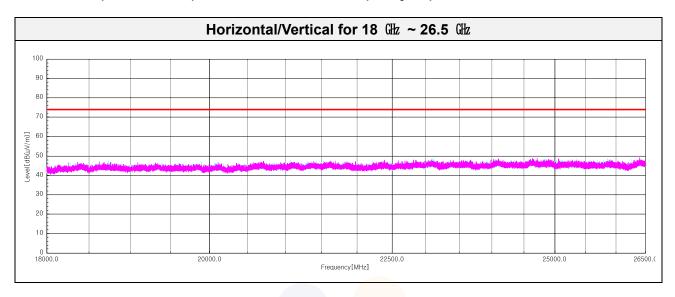
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Test results (Above 18 础) - Worst case: 2 MBits/s(37 Bytes) 2 480 础



<u>Note:</u> The Worst case was based on the lowest margin condition considering Harmonic and Spurious Emission

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7.5. Conducted Spurious Emission

<u>lest setup</u>	_		_	
EUT		Attenuator		Spectrum analyzer

<u>Limit</u>

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 $\,\mathrm{klz}$ bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operation, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 $\,\mathrm{dB}$ below that in the 100 $\,\mathrm{klz}$ bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Limit: 20 dBc

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.11.3, 14.3.3 KDB 558074 D01 v05 - Section 8.5

Test settings

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- 1) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- 2) Set the RBW = 100 kHz
- 3) Set the VBW \geq [3 x RBW]
- 4) Detector = peak
- 5) Sweep time = auto couple
- 6) Trace mode = max hold
- 7) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 8) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

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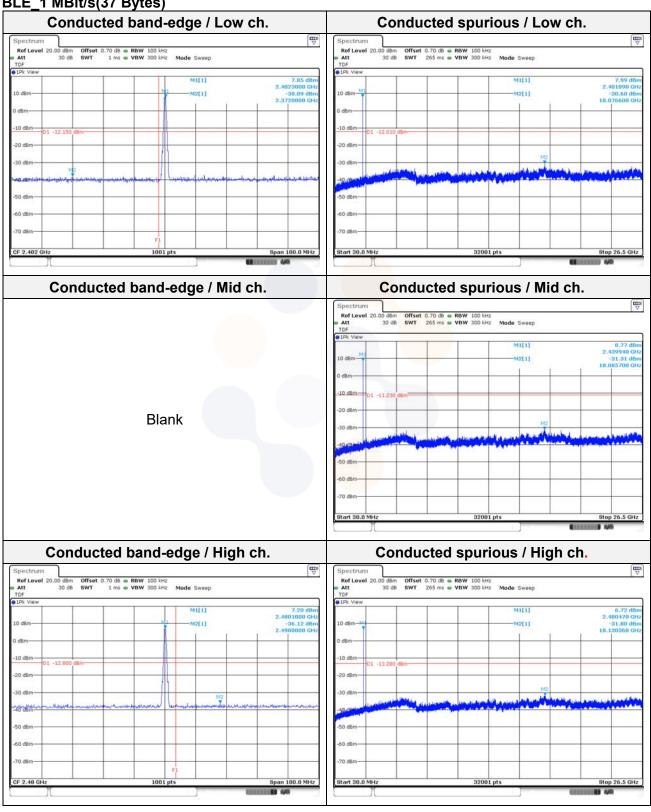
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Test results

BLE_1 MBit/s(37 Bytes)



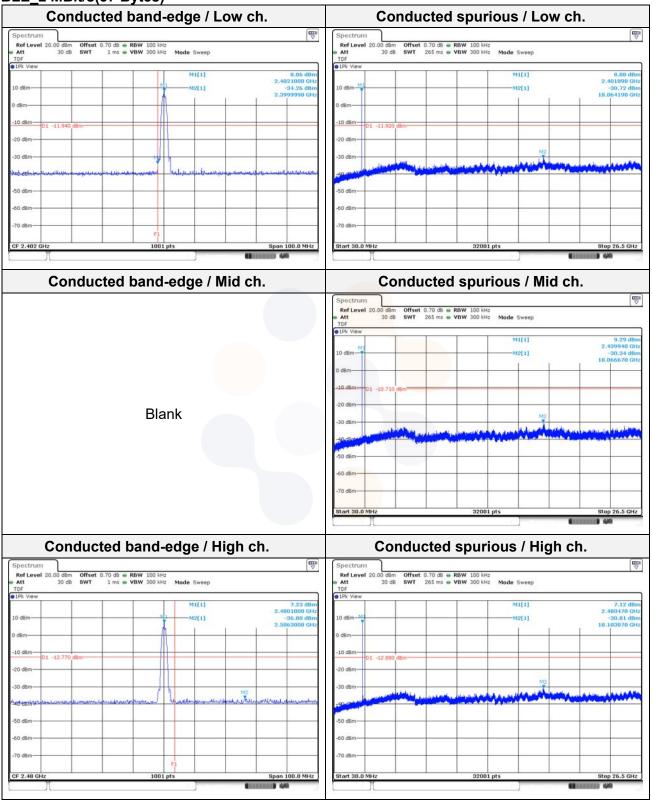
65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

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BLE_2 MBit/s(37 Bytes)



65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

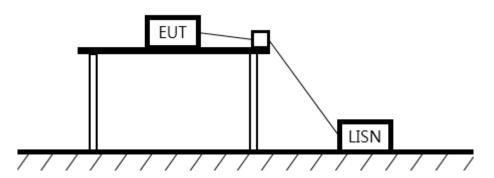
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7.6. AC Conducted emission

Test setup



Limit

According to 15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Eraguanay of Emission (Mik)	Conducted limit (dBµV/m)			
Frequency of Emission (舱)	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*		
0.50 – 5.00	<mark>.56</mark>	46		
5.00 – 30.0	60	50		

Measurement procedure

- 1. The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
- 2. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a $50\Omega/50\mu H$ LISN, which is an input transducer to a spectrum analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
- 3. Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
- 4. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.
- 5. The measurements were made with the detector set to peak amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 kHz or to quasi-peak and average within a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

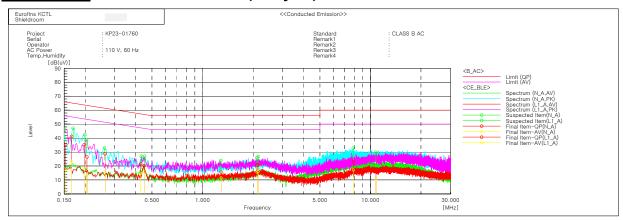
65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

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Test results-Worst case: 2 MBits/s(37 Bytes) 2 440 Mb



Final Result --- N_A Phase -No. Frequency Limit QP [dB(uV)] 65.2 63.7 61.3 56.9 56.0 60.0 Margin QP [dB] 24.0 28.5 32.5 36.7 35.5 36.7 Margin CAV [dB] 32.1 35.1 35.7 31.2 30.4 33.0 Reading CAV Reading QP Result QP Result CAV Limit AV c.f QP [dB(uV)] 31.0 25.1 19.0 10.2 10.7 13.2 CAV [dB(uV)] 12.9 8.5 5.8 5.7 5.8 6.9 QP [dB(uV)] 41.2 35.2 28.8 20.2 20.5 23.3 CAV [dB(uV)] 23.1 18.6 15.6 15.7 15.6 17.0 AV [dB(uV)] 55.2 53.7 51.3 46.9 46.0 50.0 [dB] 10.2 10.1 9.8 10.0 9.8 10.1 [MHz] 0.16609 0.19728 0.26274 0.4491 2.11258 7.90891 - L1_A Phase . Frequency Margin QP [dB] 30.6 36.9 35.8 40.3 35.2 43.6 Margin CAV [dB] 38.7 40.4 32.8 34.5 29.9 39.5 Reading QP Reading CAV No. Result QP QP [dB(uV)] 65.8 63.4 57.3 56.0 56.0 [MHz] 0.15336 0.20479 0.42857 1.28976 2.14186 10.77835 QP [dB(uV)] 35.2 26.5 21.5 15.7 20.8 16.4 [dB(uV)] 25.3 16.5 11.6 5.9 11.0 6.1 (dB(uV)) 7.2 3.0 4.6 1.7 6.3 0.2 [dB] 9.9 10.0 9.9 9.8 9.8 10.3 [dB(uV)] 17.1 13.0 14.5 11.5 16.1 10.5 AV [dB(uV)] 55.8 53.4 47.3 46.0 46.0 50.0

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8. Measurement equipment

	or oquipinoni			
Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100807	23.07.12
Attenuator	HUBER+SUHNER	6610_SK-50-1/199_NE	ATT09	24.04.10
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	257566	23.07.04
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	176206	24.01.19
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	1137.9009.02- 106224-tg	24.04.25*
Attenuator	R&S	DNF Dämpfungsglied 10 dB in N-50 Ohm	0006	24.01.19
DC Power Supply	AGILENT	E3632A	MY40008800	23.07.11
Controller	INNCO SYSTEMS	CO3000	1441/54370322/P	-
Antenna Mast	INNCO SYSTEMS	MA4640-XP-ET	-	-
Turn Device	INNCO SYSTEMS	DS1200-S-1t	-	-
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSVA40	101575	23.07.22
PSA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY46186407	24.03.22
Broadband Pre-Amplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718D	57	24.03.17
Low Noise Amplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA18H	220124-L	23.12.02
Low Noise Amplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA1840H	220133-L	23.12.02
Amplifier	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	310N	421821	23.12.14
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	2763	23.12.06
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	1267	23.12.05
Bi-log Antenna	Teseq GmbH	C <mark>BL 6112</mark> D	63756	24.11.17
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100355	24.08.10
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	WHKX12-2805-3000- 18000-40SS	SN58	23.12.14
TWO-LINE V - Network	R&S	ENV216	101358	23.09.29
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI3	100001	23.08.18

^{*} Tests related to this equipment were progressed after the calibration was completed.

End of test report