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TEST REPORT ON SAR

Model Tested: GT-S7500T
FCC ID (Requested): A3LGTS7500T
Job No: FJ-189
Report No: FJ-189-S1

- Abstract -


This document reports on SAR Tests carried out in accordance with FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C(June 2001).

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Test Dates : Jul.20, 2012 ~ Jul.24, 2012
Manufacturer : SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS Co., Ltd.
Address : 416 Maetan3-Dong, Suwon City, Korea
Test Standard : §2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C(June 2001)
FCC Classification : Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
Digital Transmitter System (DTS)
Tested for : FCC/TCB Certification

2. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

Test Sample : 850/1900 GSM/GPRS, 850 WCDMA/HSDPA Phone with
Bluetooth, WLAN and EDGE Rx only
Model Number : GT-S7500T
Serial Number : Identical prototype (S/N : # FJ-189-E)
Tx Freq.Range : 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz (GSM850)
1850.20 ~ 1909.80 MHz (GSM1900)
826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz (WCDMA850)
2412 ~ 2462 MHz (WLAN))
Rx Freq.Range : 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz (GSM850)
1930.20 ~ 1989.80 MHz (GSM1900)
871.4 ~ 891.6 MHz (WCDMA850)
2412 ~ 2462 MHz (WLAN)
Antenna Manufacturer : GALTRONICS
Model No.: GT-S7500T
Antenna Dimensions : 62 X 16 X 5 (mm)
Separation distance between
Main and Bluetooth antenna : 2.56mm

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System Electronics

The DAE4(or DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

3.2 E-field Probe



The SAR measurement were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV2, ES3DV3, EX3DV4 and ET3DV6, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig.3.3) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting (see Fig.3.2). The approach is

Figure stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core
 Interleaved sensors
 Built-in shielding against static charges
 PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz
 Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800

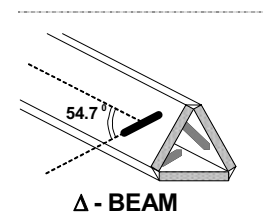



Figure 3.3 Triangular Probe Configuration

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Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request

Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity **[ES3DV3], [ET3DV6]**
 ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)
 ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
[EX3DV4]
 ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)
 ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range **[ES3DV3], [ET3DV6]**
 $5\mu\text{W/g}$ to $> 100\text{mW/g}$; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
[EX3DV4]
 $10\ \mu\text{W/g}$ to $> 100\ \text{mW/g}$; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions **[ES3DV3], [ES3DV2]**
 Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)
 Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)
 Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.1 mm
[EX3DV4]
 Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)
 Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)
 Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm




[ES3DV3] , [ES3DV2]

[ET3DV6]
 Overall length: 330mm
 Tip length: 16mm
 Body diameter: 12mm
 Tip diameter: 6.8mm
 Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7mm



[EX3DV4]

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Application **[ES3DV3], [ES3DV2]**
 General dosimetry up to 5 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

[EX3DV4]
 High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30 %.



[ET3DV6]

[ET3DV6]
 General dosimetry up to 3 GHz
 Compliance tests of mobile phones
 Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

Optical **[ET3DV6]**
 Surface ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
 Detection

3.3 Phantom


SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (See Figure 3.5)



Figure3.5 SAM Twin Phantom

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SAM Twin Phantom Specification

Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361:2001 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid.
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Height: 810 mm; Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm

Modular Flat Phantom

The Modular Flat Phantom V5.1 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. Also It consists of three identical flat phantoms (modules) which can be installed and removed separately without emptying the liquid, as well as a wooden support.. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.


Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (See Figure 3.6)



Figure 3.6 Modular Flat Phantom

Modular Flat Phantom Specification

Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of IEEE 1528-2003. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of body mounted usage above 800 MHz at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 10 liters
Dimension	Wooden support - Height: 810 mm; Length: 830 mm; Width: 500 mm Each Module - Height:190 mm; Length: 200 mm; width: 300 mm

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3.4 Brain Simulating Mixture Characterization

The brain mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue.

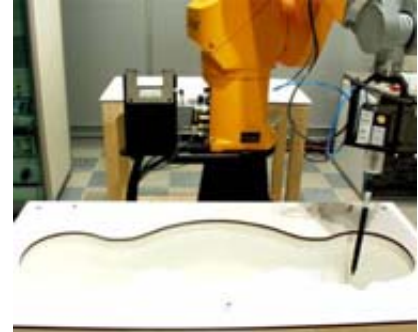


Figure 3.7 Simulated Tissue

Table 3.1 Composition of the Brain Tissue Equivalent Matter

INGREDIENTS	835MHz Brain	835MHz Muscle	1900MHz Brain	1900MHz Muscle	2450MHz Brain	2450MHz Muscle
WATER	40.29%	50.75%	55.24%	70.23%	62.7%	73.2%
SUGAR	57.90%	48.21%	-	-	-	-
SALT	1.38%	0.94%	0.24%	0.21%	-	0.04%
TWEEN20	-	-	44.52%	29.56%	37.3%	26.76%
BACTERIACIDE	0.18%	0.10%	-	-	-	-
HEC	0.25%	-	-	-	-	-
Dielectric Constant Target	41.50	55.20	40.00	53.30	39.2	52.7
Conductivity Target (S/m)	0.900	0.970	1.400	1.520	1.80	1.95


3.5 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0, the Mounting Device (see Fig. 3.7) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and repeatedly be positioned according to the EN 50360:2001 and FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 3.8 Device Holder

*Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produced infinite number of configuration. To produce worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

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3.6 Validation Dipole


The reference dipole should have a return loss better than -20 dB (measured in the setup) at the resonant frequency to reduce the uncertainty in the power measurement.

Frequency	835, 1900, 2450 MHz
Return Loss	< -20 dB at specified validation position
Dimensions	D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 330 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 68 mm; overall height: 300 mm D2450V2: dipole length: 51.8 mm; overall height: 300 mm

Note:

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibration in KDB 450824

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3.7 Equipment Calibration

Table 3.2 Test Equipment Calibration

Type	Calibration Due Date	Serial No.
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	May.23, 2013	3537
SPEAG DAE4	May.16, 2013	468
SPEAG Validation Dipole D835V2	Nov.18, 2013	4d111
SPEAG Validation Dipole D1900V2	Jan.26, 2014	5d023
SPEAG Validation Dipole D2450V2	Feb.02, 2014	807
Stäubli Robot TX90XL	Not Required	F06/546ZA1/A/01
SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom	Not Required	TP-1603
SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom	Not Required	TP-1425
SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom	Not Required	TP-1713
Modular Phantom	Not Required	MP-1007
E4438C Signal Generator	Jan.19, 2013	MY45094010
NRVD Dual Channel Power Meter	Feb.10, 2013	836416/028
NRV-Z53 Thermal Power Sensor	Feb.10, 2013	835324/001
NRV-Z53 Thermal Power Sensor	Feb.10, 2013	835324/006
E4419B Power Meter	Nov.08, 2012	GB43312299
E9300B Power Sensor	Feb.13, 2013	MY41495557
BBS3Q7ECK Power Amp	Jan.18, 2013	1052
HP-8753ES Network Analyzer	Apr.16, 2013	US39173712
HP85070C Dielectric Probe Kit	Not Required	US99360087
Digital thermo-hygrometer	Feb.10, 2013	1367
Digital thermo-hygrometer	Feb.10, 2013	1375
DASY5 S/W (ver 5.0)	Not Required	-
E4440A Spectrum Analyzer	Feb.20, 2013	MY45304704
778D Dual Directional Coupler	Dec.02, 2012	50189
777D Dual Directional Coupler	Feb.20, 2013	07526
Base Station Simulator	Jan.18, 2013	GB45360270
Spectrum Analyzer	Mar.08,2013	MY46187454
Communication tester(E5515C)	Nov.27,2012	GB42230535
11636B	Apr.03,2013	58459

NOTE:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by Samsung Lab. before each test. (see § 7.2) The brain/muscle simulating material is calibrated by Samsung using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain/muscle -equivalent material. (see § 7.1)

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4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure.

STEP 1

The SAR measurement was taken at a selected spatial reference point to monitor power variations during testing. This fixed location point was measured and used as a reference value.

STEP 2

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 20mm x 20mm. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

STEP 3


Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axis. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

STEP 4

The SAR value at the same location as in step 1 was again measured.

(If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation is repeated.)

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5. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

5.1 SAM Phantom Shape

Figure 5.1 shows the front, back and side views of SAM. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15 mm posterior to the entrance to ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5.2.



Figure 5.1 Front, back and side view of SAM

The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 5.3). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line, the thickness of the phantom shell with the shape of an ear is a flat surface 6 mm thick at the ERPs.

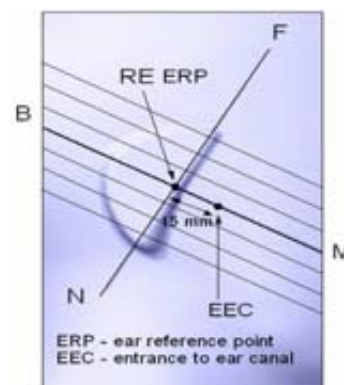



Figure 5.2 Close up side view

5.2 “cheek” Position

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (see Fig. 5.4). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its tip and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point

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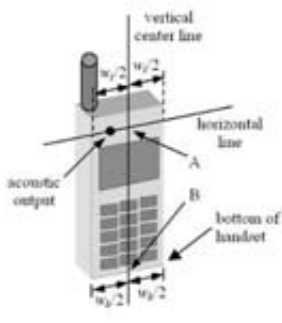


Figure 5.4 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines

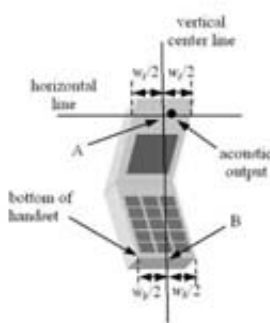


Figure 5.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings

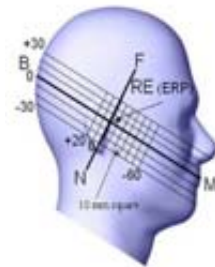


Figure 5.5 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

Step 1

The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 5.5), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom

Step 2


The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.

Step 3

While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).

Step 4

Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.

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Step 5

While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure 5.2.

5.3 “tilted” Position

With the test device aligned in the “cheek” position :

Step 1

Repeat steps 1 to 5 of 5.2 to place the device in the “Cheek/Touch Position”



Figure 5.6 Front, side and Top View of Ear/Tilt 15° Position

Step 2


While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.

Step 3

The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.

Step 4

While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head.

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5.4 Body Holster/Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 5.7). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains unique metallic component. If multiple accessory share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested. Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some Devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing. In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements must be included in the user's manual.

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5.5 FCC Personal Wireless Router Configurations

5.5.1 Personal Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 for handsets greater than 9cm x 5cm where SAR test considerations are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the edges, front and back of the device with antennas 2.5cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR test.

5.5.2 SAR test Setup for Personal Wireless Router Features

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot: feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

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Table 5.1 Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing

Mode	Back	Front	Right	Left	Top	Bottom
GPRS850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
GPRS1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WCDMA850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WIFI	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

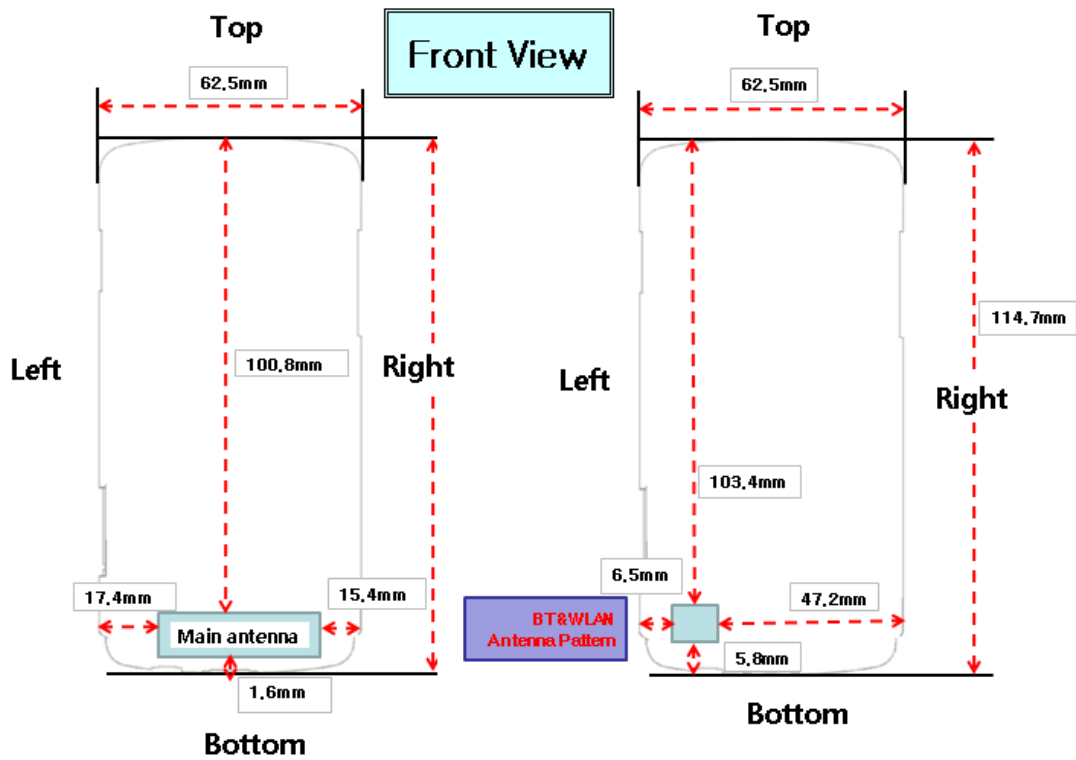



Figure 5.7 Identification of Sides for SAR Testing

Note : Particular DUT edges were not necessary to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 guidance.

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6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 Uncertainty Budget at 835MHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i	Standard uncertainty (±%)	v _i ² or v _{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	11.00	normal	2.000	1	5.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	rectangular	1.732	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	rectangular	1.732	0.7	3.88	∞
Linearity	4.70	rectangular	1.732	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	rectangular	1.732	1	0.14	∞
Boundary effects	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	0.30	normal	1.000	1	0.30	∞
Response time	0.80	rectangular	1.732	1	0.46	∞
RF ambient conditions	3.00	rectangular	1.732	1	1.73	∞
Integration time	1.73	rectangular	1.732	1	1.00	∞
Mechanical constrains of robot	1.50	rectangular	1.732	1	0.87	∞
Probe positioning	2.90	rectangular	1.732	1	1.67	∞
Extrapolation and integration	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related						
Test Sample positioning	1.12	normal	1.000	1	1.12	14
Device holded uncertainty	3.44	normal	1.000	1	3.44	∞
Power Drift	5.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Modular Phantom uncertainty	5.62	normal	1.000	1	5.62	2
Phantom uncertainty	4.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.31	∞
Liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid conductivity (measurement error)	0.38	normal	1.000	0.64	0.24	∞
Liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid permittivity (measurement error)	5.44	normal	1.000	0.6	3.26	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Normal	-	-	11.84	172776
Extended Standard Uncertainty(K=2.00)					23.69	172776


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Table 6.2 Uncertainty Budget at 1900MHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i	Standard uncertainty (±%)	v _i ² or v _{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	11.00	normal	2.000	1	5.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	rectangular	1.732	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	rectangular	1.732	0.7	3.88	∞
Linearity	4.70	rectangular	1.732	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	rectangular	1.732	1	0.14	∞
Boundary effects	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	0.30	normal	1.000	1	0.30	∞
Response time	0.80	rectangular	1.732	1	0.46	∞
RF ambient conditions	3.00	rectangular	1.732	1	1.73	∞
Integration time	0.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.00	∞
Mechanical constrains of robot	1.50	rectangular	1.732	1	0.87	∞
Probe positioning	2.90	rectangular	1.732	1	1.67	∞
Extrapolation and integration	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related						
Test Sample positioning	1.50	normal	1.000	1	1.50	14
Device holded uncertainty	3.44	normal	1.000	1	3.44	∞
Power Drift	5.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Modular Phantom uncertainty	6.02	normal	1.000	1	6.02	2
Phantom uncertainty	4.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.31	∞
Liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid conductivity (measurement error)	1.84	normal	1.000	0.64	1.18	∞
Liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid permittivity (measurement error)	4.54	normal	1.000	0.6	2.73	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Normal	-	-	12.00	60176
Extended Standard Uncertainty(K=2.00)					24.00	60176



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Table 6.3 Uncertainty Budget at 2450MHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C _i	Standard uncertainty (±%)	v _i ² or V _{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	11.00	normal	2.000	1	5.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	rectangular	1.732	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	rectangular	1.732	0.7	3.88	∞
Linearity	4.70	rectangular	1.732	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	rectangular	1.732	1	0.14	∞
Boundary effects	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	0.30	normal	1.000	1	0.30	∞
Response time	0.80	rectangular	1.732	1	0.46	∞
RF ambient conditions	3.00	rectangular	1.732	1	1.73	∞
Integration time	0.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.00	∞
Mechanical constrains of robot	1.50	rectangular	1.732	1	0.87	∞
Probe positioning	2.90	rectangular	1.732	1	1.67	∞
Extrapolation and integration	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related						
Test Sample positioning	4.22	normal	1.000	1	4.22	14
Device holded uncertainty	3.44	normal	1.000	1	3.44	∞
Power Drift	5.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Modular Phantom uncertainty	2.32	Normal	1.0001	1	2.32	2
Phantom uncertainty	4.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.31	∞
Liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid conductivity (measurement error)	2.04	normal	1.000	0.64	1.30	∞
Liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid permittivity (measurement error)	4.27	normal	1.000	0.6	2.56	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Normal	-	-	11.32	728
Extended Standard Uncertainty(K=2.00)					22.64	728

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7. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

7.1 Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS

	835MHz Head		835MHz Body		1900MHz Head		1900MHz Body		2450MHz Head		2450MHz Body	
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Date	Jul20,2012		Jul20,2012		Jul23,2012		Jul23,2012		Jul24,2012		Jul24,2012	
Liquid Temperature(°C)	225		221		222		220		220		221	
Dielectric Constant: $\hat{\alpha}$	415	41	552	54.1	40	39.5	53.3	526	392	38.3	527	516
Conductivity:	0.9	0.89	0.97	0.97	1.4	1.41	1.52	1.5	1.8	1.83	1.95	1.97
Tissue Batch Number	835DF4001C		835B2001N		1900F4001S		1900B2002L		2450MF1001L		2450B2001D	

The measured value must be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target value.

7.2 Test System Validation

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specification at 835MHz, 1900MHz and 2450MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (see Appendix D, Graphic Plot Attached)

Table 7.2 System Validation Results

System Validation Kit	Tissue	Targeted SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Measured SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Normalized SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Deviation (%)	Date	Liquid Temperature(°C)	Ambient Temperature(°C)	Input Power (mW)
4d111	835MHz Brain	9.43	0.95	9.5	0.74	Jul.20, 2012	22.5	22.8	100
	835MHz Body	9.54	0.94	9.4	-1.47	Jul.20, 2012	22.1	22.6	100
5d023	1900MHz Brain	39	3.85	38.5	-1.28	Jul.23, 2012	22.2	22.4	100
	1900MHz Body	38.8	3.72	37.2	-4.12	Jul.23, 2012	22.0	22.5	100
807	2450MHz Brain	53.5	5.38	53.8	0.56	Jul.24, 2012	22.0	22.5	100
	2450MHz Body	50.3	5.2	52	3.38	Jul.24, 2012	22.1	22.5	100

*Validation was measured with input power 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

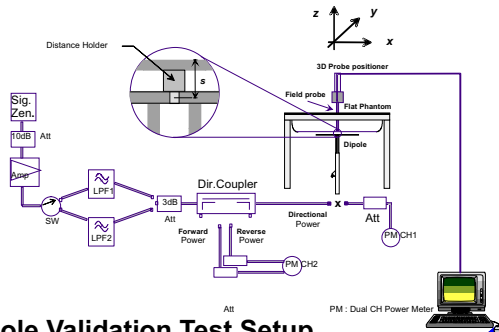



Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup

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8. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The handset was placed into simulated call mode using base station simulator. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. When test modes are not available or inappropriate for testing a handset, the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA

These procedures were followed according to FCC "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007

Output Power Verification


Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s". Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes) should be tabulated in the test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified.

Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.

Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than ¼ dB higher than those measured in

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12.2 RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure the additional DPDCHn for the DUT using FTM(Factory Test Mode) with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

Table 8.1 Max. Power Output Table for GT-S7500T

Operation Band Channel	Channel	12.2 Kbps RMC		12.2 Kbps AMR
		HSDPA Inactive	HSDPA Active	
Cellular WCDMA (dBm)	4132	21.98	21.9	22.16
	4183	22.24	22.14	22.40
	4233	22.16	22.13	22.33

	HSDPA	4132	4183	4233	MPR
WCDMA 850 (dBm)	Subtest1	21.90	22.14	22.13	0.0
	Subtest2	21.92	22.11	22.09	0.0
	Subtest3	21.52	21.71	21.72	0.5
	Subtest4	21.55	21.62	21.64	0.5

Device Test Conditions

The handset is battery operated. Each SAR measurement was taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. And all Tx(1~4Tx) conducted power were also investigated for Body-Worn SAR Measurement


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Table 8.2 GPRS Power Table for GT-S7500T

Band	Channel	Voice	1Tx	2Tx	3Tx	4Tx
850	128	31.83	31.82	29.1	27.68	25.93
	190	31.74	31.72	29.01	27.6	25.87
	251	31.59	31.56	28.88	27.47	25.72
1900	512	29.71	29.68	27.32	25.77	24.69
	661	29.75	29.69	27.31	25.75	24.67
	810	29.72	29.65	27.3	25.75	24.68

Table 8.3 Calculated Frame-Averaged Output Power Table for GT-S7500T

Band	Channel	Voice	1Tx	2Tx	3Tx	4Tx
850 (dBm)	128	22.80	22.79	23.08	23.42	22.92
	190	22.71	22.69	22.99	23.34	22.86
	251	22.56	22.53	22.86	23.21	22.71
1900 (dBm)	512	20.68	20.65	21.30	21.51	21.68
	661	20.72	20.66	21.29	21.49	21.66
	810	20.69	20.62	21.28	21.49	21.67

Note:

1. Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
2. CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS output power measurements and SAR Testing, as a condition where GMSK modulation was ensured. It was investigated that CS1 – CS4 setting do not have any impact on the output levels in the GPRS modes.
- 3 The conducted powers are reported and measured by base station simulator E5515C when the equipment was calibrated.

GSM Class : B

GPRS Multislot Class : 12 (max 4 Tx Uplink slots)

EDGE Multislot class : EDGE Rx only

DTM Multislot Class : N/A


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Table 8.4 Bluetooth Conducted Output Power

BT				
MODE	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Average Power (dBm)	Peak Power (dBm)
BDR	2402	1	2.86	5.35
	2441	39	3.85	5.91
	2480	78	3.82	5.89
EDR (PI/4DQPSK)	2402	1	1.41	5.62
	2441	39	2.4	6.34
	2480	78	2.44	6.29
EDR (8DPSK)	2402	1	1.38	5.98
	2441	39	2.39	6.61
	2480	78	2.42	6.50

Table 8.5 802.11b Conducted Output average Power

802.11b Mode		Rated	Measured average Power (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	[Mbps]	(dBm)
2412	1	1	16.18
		2	16.11
		5.5	15.92
		11	15.86
2437	6	1	15.50
		2	15.49
		5.5	15.63
		11	15.57
2462	11	1	15.15
		2	15.12
		5.5	15.22
		11	15.14


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Table 8.6 802.11g Conducted Output average Power

802.11g Mode		Rated	Measured average Power (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	[Mbps]	(dBm)
2412	1	6	8.80
		9	8.48
		12	8.79
		18	8.81
		24	9.73
		36	9.72
		48	8.31
		54	7.91
2437	6	6	11.64
		9	11.62
		12	11.60
		18	11.60
		24	11.97
		36	11.96
		48	9.78
		54	9.75
2462	11	6	7.41
		9	7.40
		12	7.37
		18	7.40
		24	8.37
		36	8.25
		48	6.70
		54	6.61



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Table 8.7 802.11n Conducted Output average Power

802.11n_HT20 Mode		Rated	Measured average Power (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	[Mbps]	(dBm)
2412	1	MCS0	6.75
		MCS1	6.70
		MCS2	6.64
		MCS3	8.54
		MCS4	7.41
		MCS5	7.37
		MCS6	7.33
		MCS7	6.37
2437	6	MCS0	8.67
		MCS1	8.60
		MCS2	8.59
		MCS3	10.47
		MCS4	9.44
		MCS5	9.34
		MCS6	9.30
		MCS7	8.37
2462	11	MCS0	5.54
		MCS1	5.50
		MCS2	5.44
		MCS3	7.31
		MCS4	6.17
		MCS5	6.15
		MCS6	6.23
		MCS7	5.15

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Simultaneous Transmission

Refer to the FCC OET document, 'SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas' (Feb 2008)

Table 8.8 Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz
P Ref	12	6	5	mW
Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table				

Table 8.9 Summary of SAR Evaluation Requirements for Cell phones with Multiple Transmitters

	Individual Transmitter	Simultaneous Transmission
Licensed Transmitters	<u>Routine evaluation required</u>	SAR not required: Unlicensed only o when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is > 5 cm from other antennas
Unlicensed Transmitters	<p>When there is no simultaneous transmission – o output < 60/f: SAR not required o output ≥ 60/f: stand-alone SAR required</p> <p>When there is simultaneous transmission – Stand-alone SAR not required when O output ≤ 2.P_{Ref} and antenna is > 5.0 cm from other antennas O output ≤ P_{Ref} and antenna is ≥ 2.5 cm from other antennas O output ≤ P_{Ref} and antenna is < 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power ≤ P_{Ref} or 1-g SAR < 1.2 W/kg</p> <p>Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required</p> <p>When stand-alone SAR is required o test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition o if SAR for highest output channel is > 50% of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures</p>	<p>Licensed & Unlicensed o when the sum of the 1-g SAR is <1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas o when SAR to antenna separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3</p> <p>SAR required: Licensed & Unlicensed antenna pairs with SAR to antenna separation ratio ≥ 0.3; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in standalone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition</p> <p>Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply</p>


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Table 8.10 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Held to Ear Voice Call

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM850 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM1900 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.299	0.296	0.595	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.339	0.296	0.635
	Right Tilt	0.130	0.057	0.187		Right Tilt	0.148	0.057	0.205
	Left Cheek	0.334	0.139	0.473		Left Cheek	0.479	0.139	0.618
	Left Tilt	0.135	0.082	0.217		Left Tilt	0.136	0.082	0.218
Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA850 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)					
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.253	0.296	0.549					
	Right Tilt	0.114	0.057	0.171					
	Left Cheek	0.276	0.139	0.415					
	Left Tilt	0.115	0.082	0.197					

Table 8.11 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for 2G/3G Voice and WIFI(Body-Worn)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)
Back	GSM850 SAR	0.671	0.096	0.767
	GSM1900 SAR	0.382	0.096	0.478
	WCDMA850 SAR	0.552	0.096	0.648


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Table 8.12 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for 2G/3G Data and WIFI(Hotspot)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS850 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS1900 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.701	0.096	0.797	Body SAR	Back	0.447	0.096	0.543
	Front	0.469	0.115	0.584		Front	0.575	0.115	0.69
	Right	0.215	-	0.215		Right	0.061	-	0.061
	Left	0.229	0.005	0.234		Left	0.098	0.005	0.103
	Bottom	0.042	0.034	0.076		Bottom	0.368	0.034	0.402
	Top	-	-	-		Top	-	-	-
Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA850 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)					
Body SAR	Back	0.552	0.096	0.648					
	Front	0.370	0.115	0.485					
	Right	0.172	-	0.172					
	Left	0.174	0.005	0.179					
	Bottom	0.033	0.034	0.067					
	Top	-	-	-					

Note :


1. Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, the edges with antennas more than 2.5cm are not required to be evaluated for SAR (""). The above tables represent a portable hotspot condition.

Multiple Antenna/Transmission Information for GT-S7500T

The separation between the main antenna and the Bluetooth and WLAN antennas is 2.56mm.

RF Conducted Power of Bluetooth Tx is 3.85 dBm.


RF Conducted Power of WLAN is 16.18 dBm.

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Conclusion

The above tables represent the worst-case simultaneous transmission scenarios possible with this device. The above numerical summed SAR was below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. Therefore, no volumetric SAR summation is required since the numerical sums are below the limit.

Based on the output power, antenna separation distance, and Body SAR, a stand-alone BT SAR test is not required. The summation of BT SAR and Licensed Transmitter SAR is $0.701 + 0 = 0.701$, which is less than 1.6 W/Kg, therefore, a simultaneous SAR evaluation is not required.


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8.1 GSM850 Head SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Side	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End						
836.6	190	GSM850	31.72	31.69	Right	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	-0.033	0.299
836.6	190	GSM850	31.75	31.82	Right	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.09	0.130
836.6	190	GSM850	31.79	31.67	Left	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	0.086	0.334
836.6	190	GSM850	31.73	31.69	Left	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.05	0.135
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
2. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
3. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
4. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
5. Test Configuration Manu. Test Codes Base Station Simulator
6. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).


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8.2 GPRS850 Body SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Separation Distance	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Tx GPRS Slots	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End							
836.6	190	GSM850	31.77	31.74	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	1	-0.017	0.671
836.6	190	GPRS850	31.72	31.79	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	1	-0.066	0.641
836.6	190	GPRS850	29.03	29.00	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	2	0.048	0.653
836.6	190	GPRS850	27.54	27.61	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	3	-0.012	0.701
836.6	190	GPRS850	25.84	25.91	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	4	-0.019	0.631
836.6	190	GPRS850	27.65	27.69	1.0 cm	Front	Intenna	Standard	3	0.037	0.469
836.6	190	GPRS850	27.54	27.58	1.0 cm	Rigt	Intenna	Standard	3	-0.025	0.215
836.6	190	GPRS850	27.66	27.62	1.0 cm	Left	Intenna	Standard	3	-0.016	0.229
836.6	190	GPRS850	27.55	27.62	1.0 cm	Bottom	Intenna	Standard	3	-0.068	0.042
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT											
Spatial Peak						1.6W/kg (mW/g)					
Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						averaged over 1 gram					

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration Manu. Test Codes Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: This model supports GPRS CLASS "12" (4Tx) So the burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM850 mode. Hence, the GSM850 mode was not measured.
- Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- Body SAR was tested at 1cm distance because battery operated personal wireless routers(hotspots) enable multiple Wi-Fi connections, per KDB 941225 D06. But position 'Top' was not tested because antenna distance was >2.5cm.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to additionally test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation. Therefore, the hotspot data for the back side configuration additionally shows body-worn compliance.
- During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission with WIFI) was not activated.


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8.3 GSM1900 Head SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Side	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End						
1880	661	GSM1900	29.84	29.81	Right	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	0.048	0.339
1880	661	GSM1900	29.66	29.73	Right	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.025	0.148
1880	661	GSM1900	29.76	29.83	Left	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	0.054	0.479
1880	661	GSM1900	29.76	29.73	Left	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	-0.045	0.136
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2cm
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration Manu. Test Codes Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).


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8.4 GPRS1900 Body SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Separation Distance	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Tx GPRS Slots	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End							
1880	661	GSM1900	29.73	29.79	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	1	0.245	0.382
1880	661	GPRS1900	29.64	29.70	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	1	0.126	0.368
1880	661	GPRS1900	27.35	27.31	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	2	0.114	0.406
1880	661	GPRS1900	27.79	25.76	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	3	0.188	0.430
1880	661	GPRS1900	24.71	24.65	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	4	0.163	0.447
1880	661	GPRS1900	24.66	24.63	1.0 cm	Front	Intenna	Standard	4	0.16	0.575
1880	661	GPRS1900	24.59	24.75	1.0 cm	Rigt	Intenna	Standard	4	-0.0086	0.061
1880	661	GPRS1900	24.67	24.71	1.0 cm	Left	Intenna	Standard	4	0.027	0.098
1880	661	GPRS1900	24.59	24.75	1.0 cm	Bottom	Intenna	Standard	4	0.101	0.368
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT											
Spatial Peak						1.6W/kg (mW/g)					
Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						averaged over 1 gram					

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration Manu. Test Codes Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: This model supports GPRS CLASS "12" (4Tx) So the burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM1900 mode. Hence, the GSM1900 mode was not measured.
- Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- Body SAR was tested at 1cm distance because battery operated personal wireless routers(hotspots) enable multiple Wi-Fi connections, per KDB 941225 D06. But position 'Top' was not tested because antenna distance was >2.5cm.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to additionally test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation. Therefore, the hotspot data for the back side configuration additionally shows body-worn compliance.
- During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission with WIFI) was not activated.


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8.5 WCDMA850 Head SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Side	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End						
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.21	22.25	Right	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	-0.016	0.253
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.26	22.23	Right	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.0063	0.114
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.21	22.27	Left	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	0.016	0.276
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.24	22.22	Left	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	-0.045	0.115
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
2. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
3. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2cm
4. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
5. Test Configuration Manu. Test Codes Base Station Simulator
6. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
7. WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01.


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8.6 WCDMA850 Body SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted Power		Separation Distance	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End						
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.23	22.30	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	0.041	0.552
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.21	22.28	1.0 cm	Front	Intenna	Standard	0.071	0.370
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.29	22.26	1.0 cm	Right	Intenna	Standard	-0.044	0.172
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.24	22.31	1.0 cm	Left	Intenna	Standard	0.0062	0.174
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.28	22.26	1.0 cm	Bottom	Intenna	Standard	0.059	0.033
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
2. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
3. Liquid tissue depth is $15.2 \pm 0.2\text{cm}$
4. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
5. Test Configuration Manu. Test Codes Base Station Simulator
6. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
7. Body SAR was tested at 1cm distance because battery operated personal wireless routers(hotspots) enable multiple Wi-Fi connections, per KDB 941225 D06. But position 'Top' was not tested because antenna distance was $>2.5\text{cm}$.
8. WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01. HSDPA SAR was not required since the average output of the HSDPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/Kg.
9. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission with WIFI) was not activated.


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8.7 WLAN Head SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Side	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End						
2462	11	WLAN	16.16	16.19	Right	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	-0.03	0.296
2462	11	WLAN	16.14	16.17	Right	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.118	0.057
2462	11	WLAN	16.11	16.15	Left	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	0.056	0.139
2462	11	WLAN	16.15	16.19	Left	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.119	0.082
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration Manu. Test Codes Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g and n) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11b mode.
- WLAN Transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/Kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/Kg, SAR testing on other default (and corresponding required) channels was not required.


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8.8 WLAN Body SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Separation Distance	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Data Rate (Mbps)	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End							
2462	11	WLAN	16.19	16.17	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	1	0.06	0.096
2462	11	WLAN	16.12	16.18	1.0 cm	Front	Intenna	Standard	1	0.117	0.115
2462	11	WLAN	16.17	16.19	1.0 cm	Left	Intenna	Standard	1	0.083	0.005
2462	11	WLAN	16.18	16.12	1.0 cm	Top	Intenna	Standard	1	0.064	0.034
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration Manu. Test Codes Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g and n) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11b mode.
- Body SAR was tested at 1cm distance because battery operated personal wireless routers(hotspots) enable multiple Wi-Fi connections, per KDB 941225 D06. But position 'Left, Bottom' was not tested because antenna distance was >2.5 cm.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to additionally test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation. Therefore, the hotspot data for the back side configuration additionally shows body-worn compliance.
- During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission with WIFI) was not activated.
- WLAN Transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/Kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/Kg, SAR testing on other default (and corresponding required) channels was not required.

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9. CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

The highest reported SAR values are as follows:


GSM850: Head: 0.334W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.671W/Kg : Hotspot: 0.701W/Kg

GSM1900: Head: 0.479W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.382W/Kg : Hotspot: 0.575W/Kg

WCDMA850: Head: 0.276W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.552W/Kg : Hotspot: 0.552W/Kg


WLAN: Head: 0.296W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.096W/Kg : Hotspot: 0.115W/Kg

Highest simultaneous transmission: Head: 0.635W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.767W/Kg : Hotspot: 0.797W/Kg


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- [25] FCC Public Notice DA-02-1438. Office of Engineering and Technology Announces a Transition Period for the Phantom Requirements of Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65, June 19, 2002
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- [27] SAR Measurement procedures for IEEE 802.11a/b/g KDB 248227
- [28] FCC SAR Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas, KDB 648474
- [29] FCC Application Note for SAR Probe Calibration and System Verification Consideration for Measurements at 150 MHz – 3 GHz, KDB 450824
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- [31] FCC SAR Measurement Requirements for 3 – 6 GHz, KDB 865664
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- [33] FCC SAR Procedures for Dongle Transmitters, KDB 447498
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APPENDIX A

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. A.1) .

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$

Figure A.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

Where :

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

Note: The primary factors that control rate or energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

APPENDIX B

Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in **K. Pokovic, T.Schmid, N. Kuster, *Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies*, ICECOM97, Oct. 1997, pp. 120-124** with an accuracy better than +/-10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in **K. Pokovic, T.Schmid, N. Kuster, *E-field Probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids*, Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, June 23-25, 1996, pp. 172-175** and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz (see Fig. B.1), and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe (see Fig. B.2).

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{p}$$

where:

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds)

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle).

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E-field;

where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity

p = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

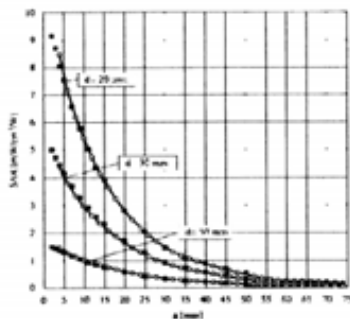


Figure B.1. E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz

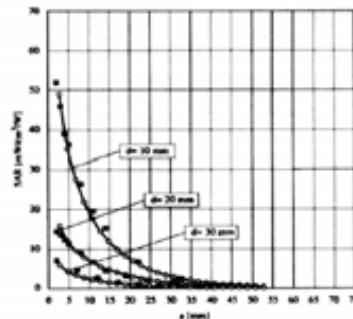


Figure B.2. E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz

APPENDIX C

ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 2005 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure,(i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table C.1 Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands,Feet,Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

APPENDIX D

The Validation Measurements

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: 4d111
Program Name: 835MHz Dipole Head Validation 2012.07.20
Procedure Name: 835MHz @ 100mW
Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

835MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 mW/g

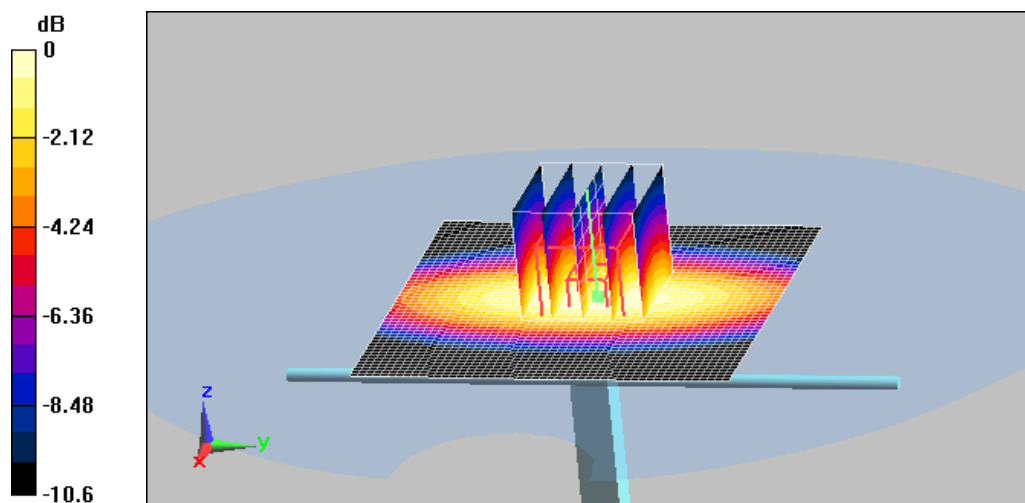
835MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 35.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.119 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.950 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.624 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 mW/g



0 dB = 1.11mW/g

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: 4d111
Program Name: 835MHz Dipole Body Validation 2012.07.20
Procedure Name: 835MHz @ 100mW
Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

835MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.1 mW/g

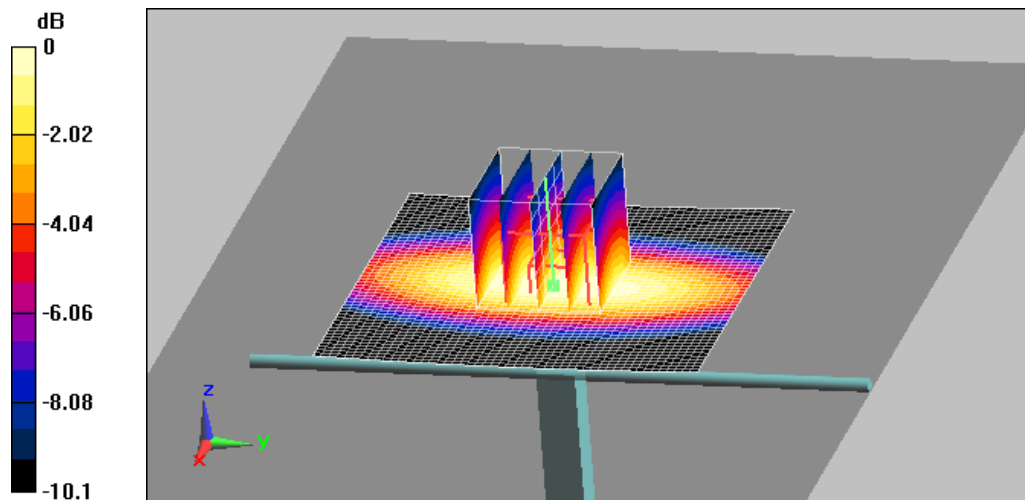
835MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 33.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.940 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.626 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 mW/g



0 dB = 1.09mW/g

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d023
Program Name: 1900MHz Dipole Head Validation 2012.07.23
Procedure Name: 1900MHz @ 100mW
Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

1900MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.95 mW/g

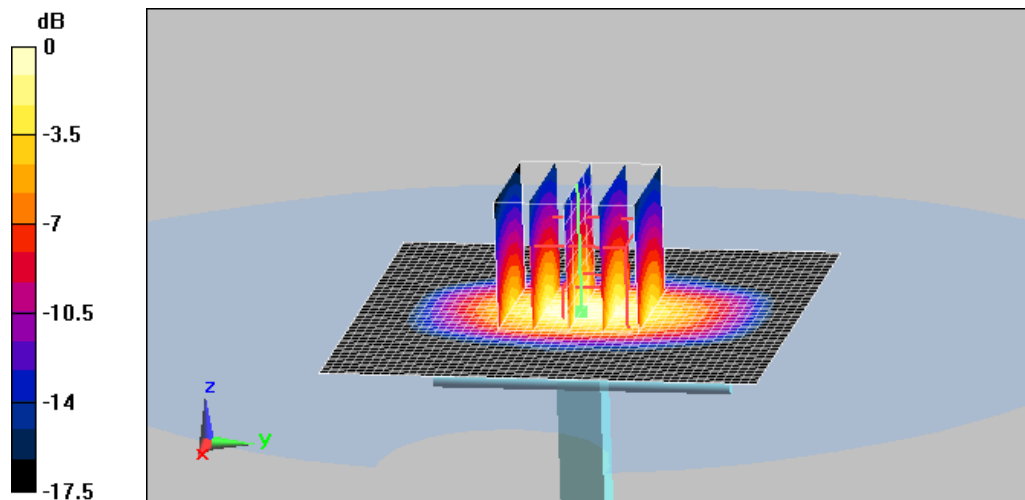
1900MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.85 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.85 mW/g



0 dB = 4.85mW/g

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d023
Program Name: 1900MHz Dipole Body Validation 2012.07.23
Procedure Name: 1900MHz @ 100mW
Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

1900MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.17 mW/g

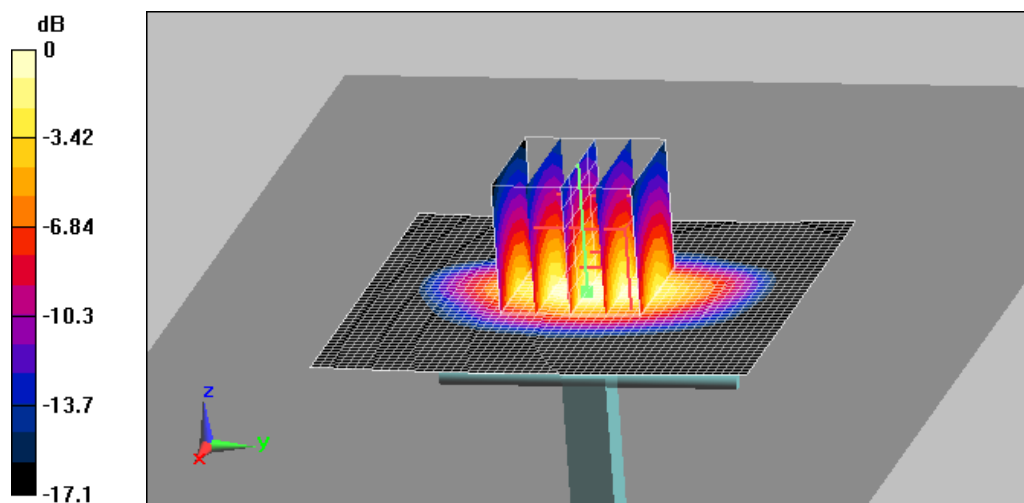
1900MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.135 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.98 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.66 mW/g



0 dB = 4.66mW/g

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Serial: 807
Program Name: 2450MHz Dipole Validation 2012.07.24
Procedure Name: 2450MHz @ 100mW
Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.83$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.31, 6.31, 6.31); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1713
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

2450MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.59 mW/g

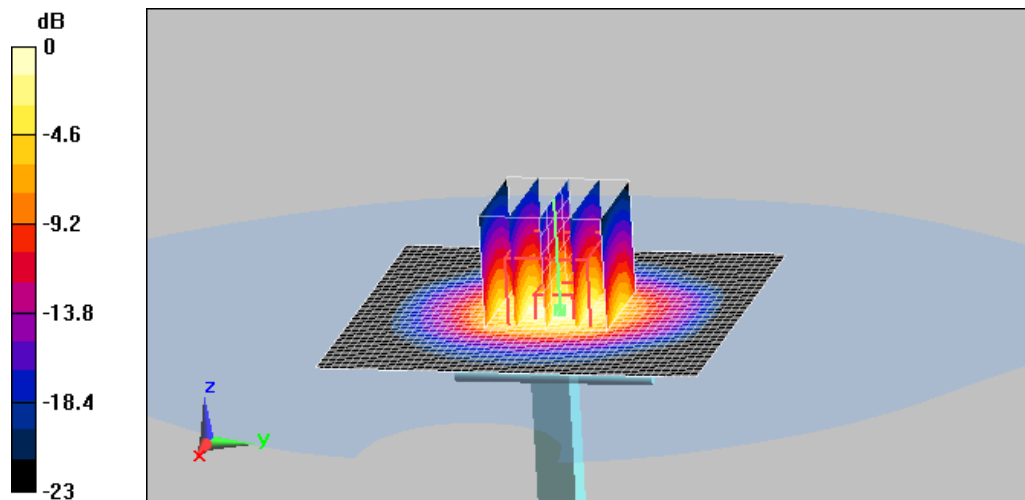
2450MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.48 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.01 mW/g



0 dB = 6.01mW/g

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Serial: 807
Program Name: 2450MHz Dipole Body Validation 2012.07.24
Procedure Name: 2450MHz @ 100mW
Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

2450MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.17 mW/g

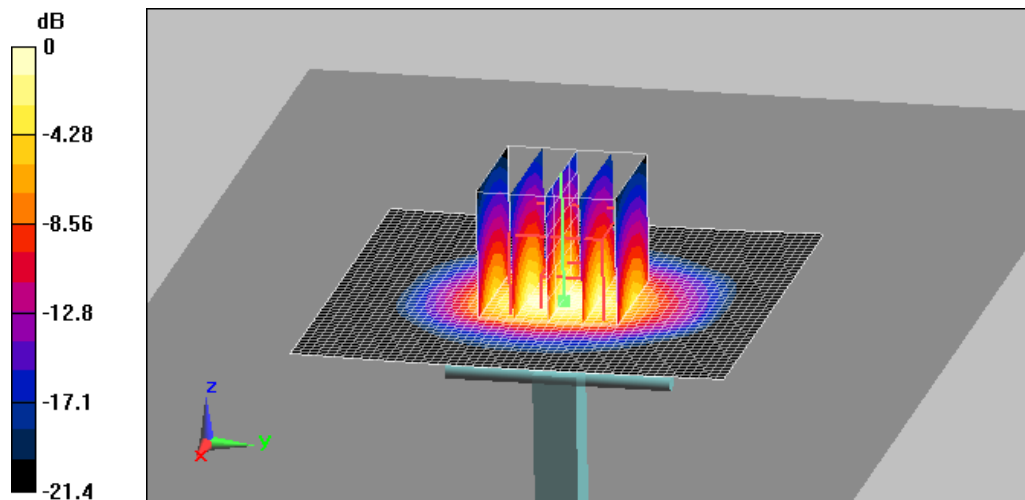
2450MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.183 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.83 mW/g



0 dB = 6.83mW/g

APPENDIX E

Plots of The SAR Measurements

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GSM850 Right (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.328 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

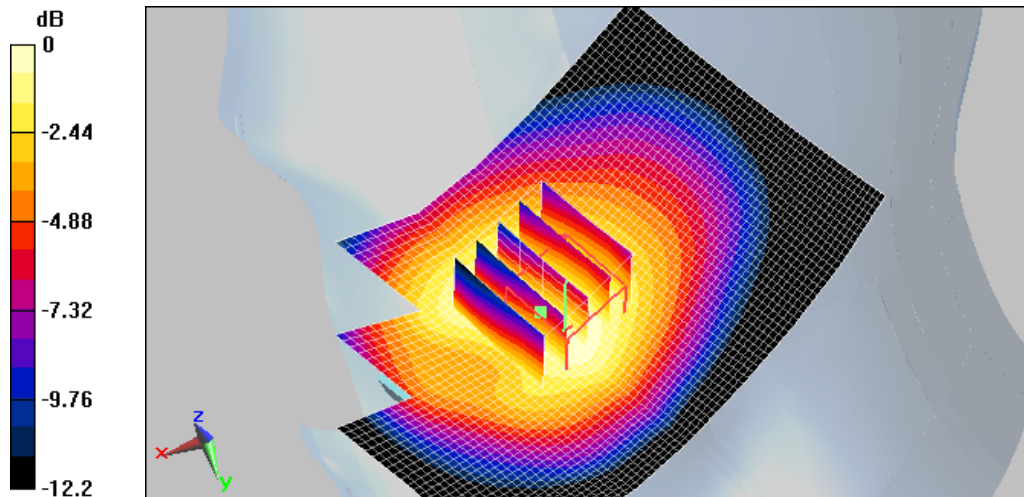
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.389 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.299 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.330 mW/g



0 dB = 0.330mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GSM850 Right (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.143 mW/g

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

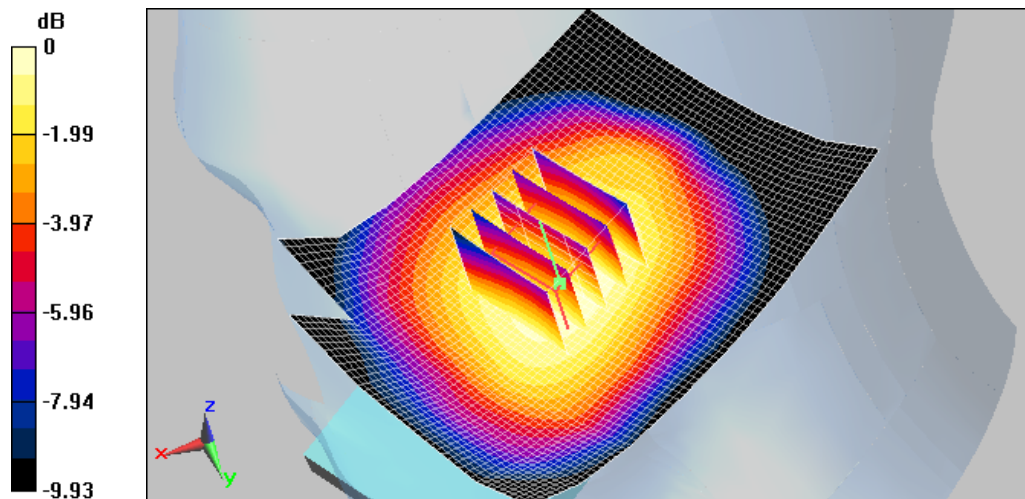
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.090 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.162 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.101 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.141 mW/g



0 dB = 0.141mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GSM850 Left (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.369 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

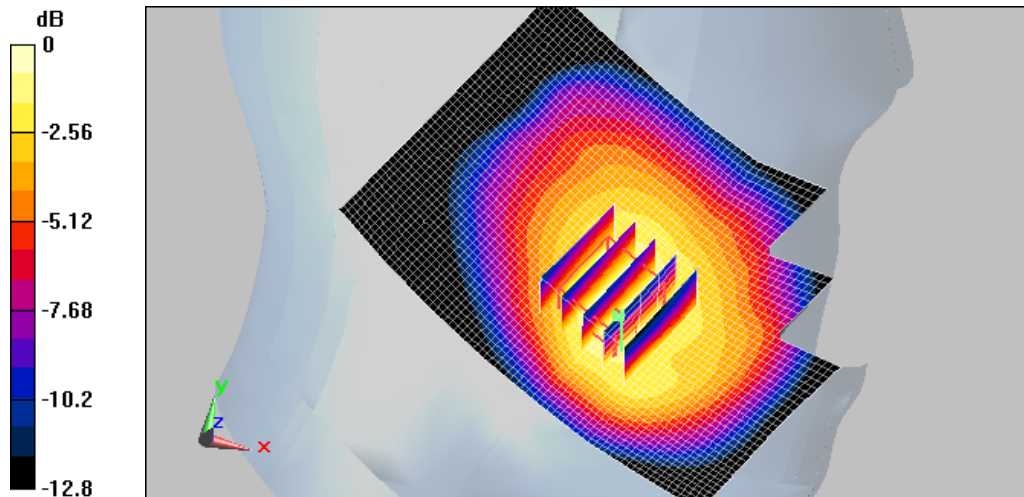
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.086 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.559 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.334 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.397 mW/g



0 dB = 0.397mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E
Program Name: GT-S7500T GSM850 Left (Job No. : FJ-189)
Procedure Name: Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard
Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.150 mW/g

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

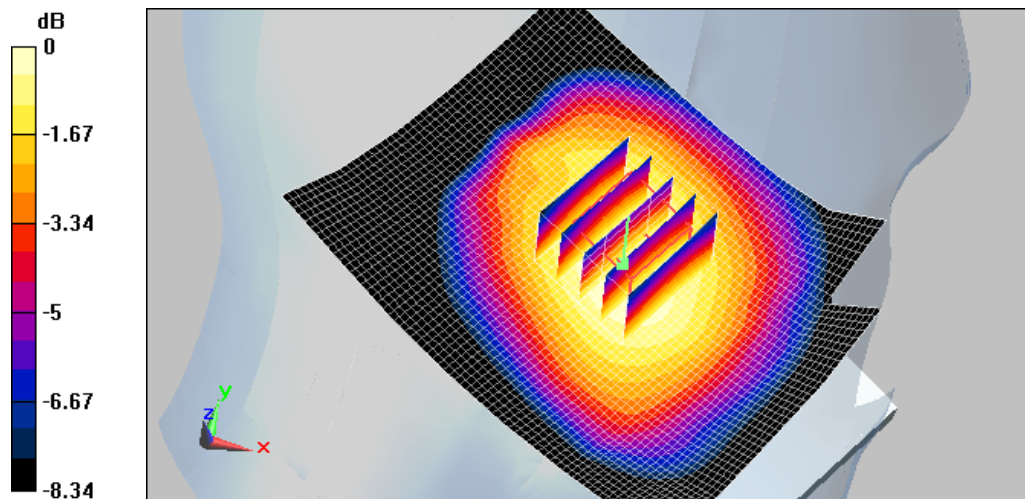
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.168 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.135 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.105 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.147 mW/g



0 dB = 0.147mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GSM850 Left (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.369 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

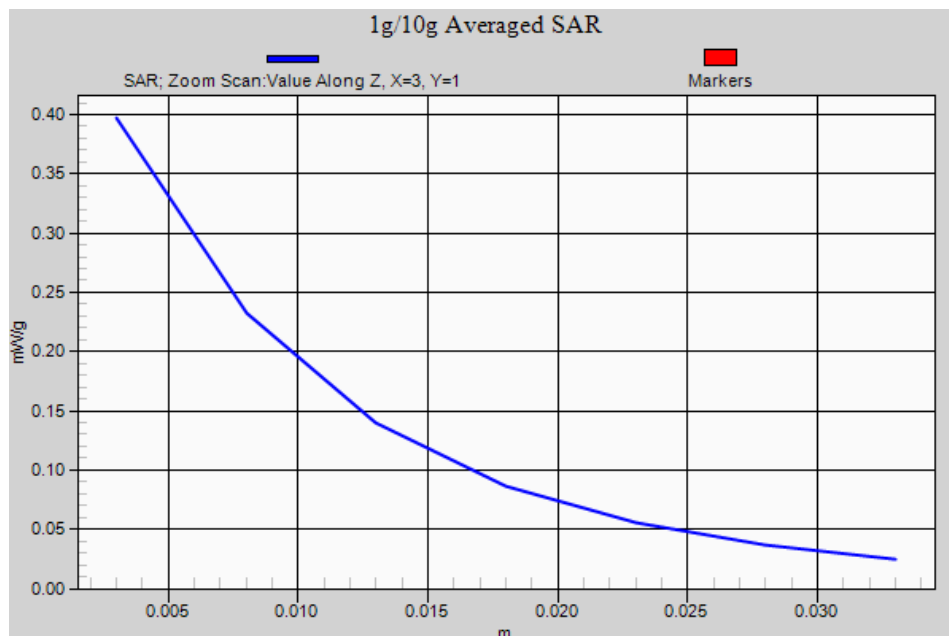
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.086 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.559 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.334 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.397 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm , GSM
Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm , GSM/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.760 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm , GSM/Zoom Scan

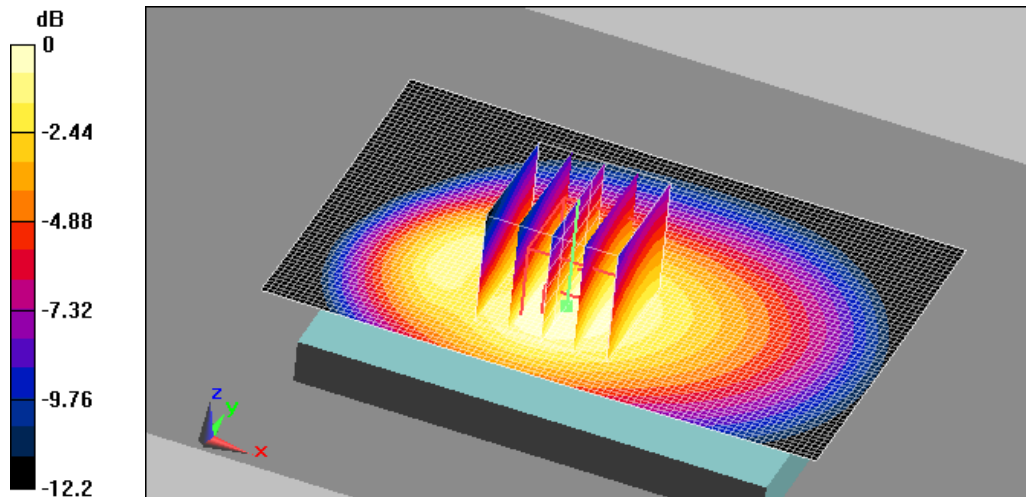
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.941 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.671 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.469 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.767 mW/g



0 dB = 0.767mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.720 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

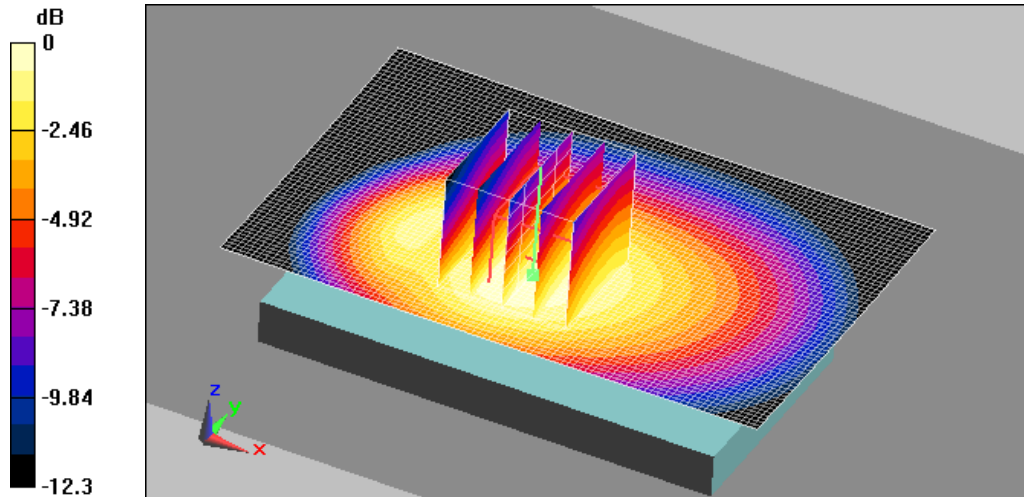
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 26.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.900 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.641 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.450 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.731 mW/g



0 dB = 0.731mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 2Tx, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 2Tx, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.734 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 2Tx, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

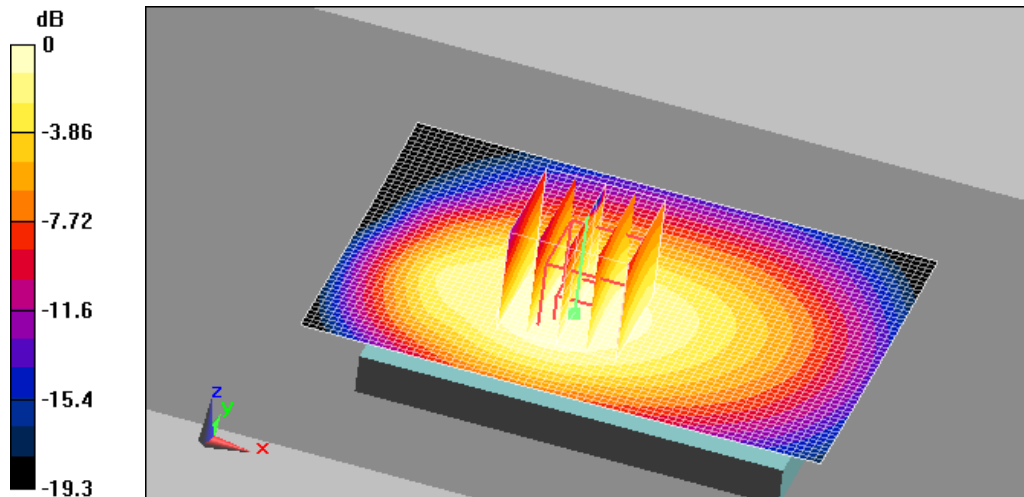
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.909 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.653 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.461 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.738 mW/g



0 dB = 0.738mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

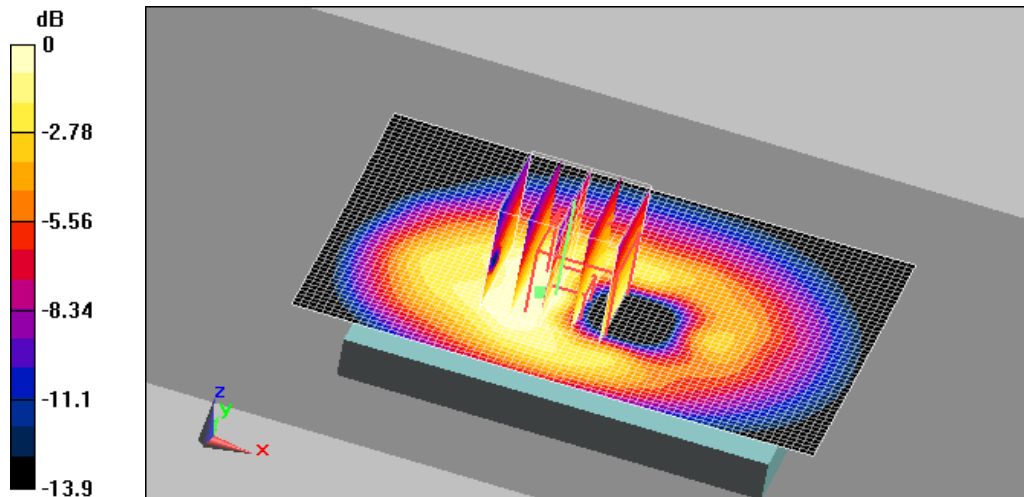
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.946 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.701 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.494 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.791 mW/g



0 dB = 0.791mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 4Tx, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 4Tx, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.707 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 4Tx, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

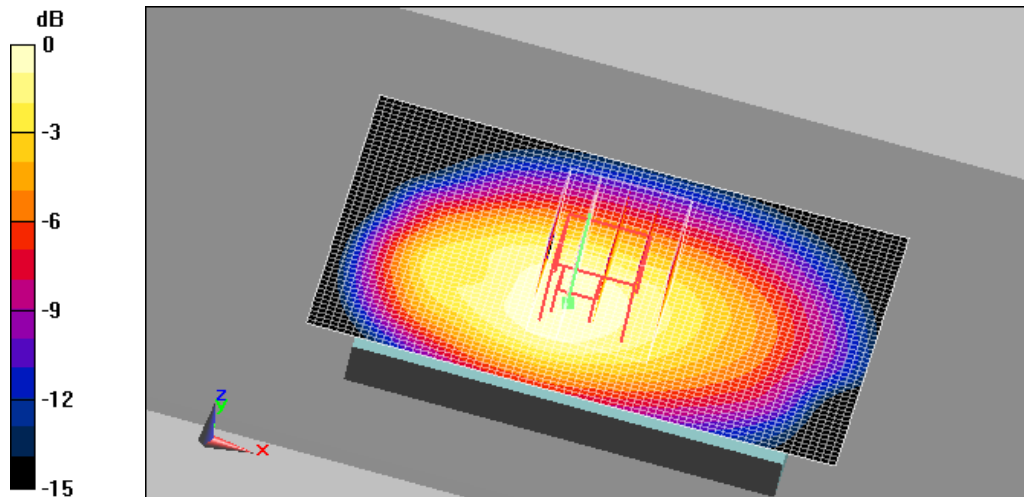
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.817 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.631 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.433 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.714 mW/g



0 dB = 0.714mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Front, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Front, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.546 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Front, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

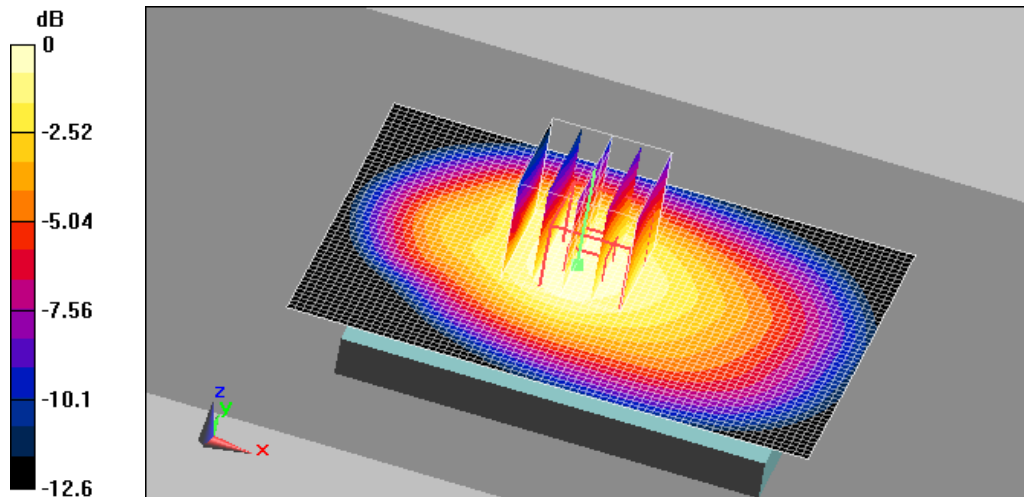
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.675 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.329 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.532 mW/g



0 dB = 0.532mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Right, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Right, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.240 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Right, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

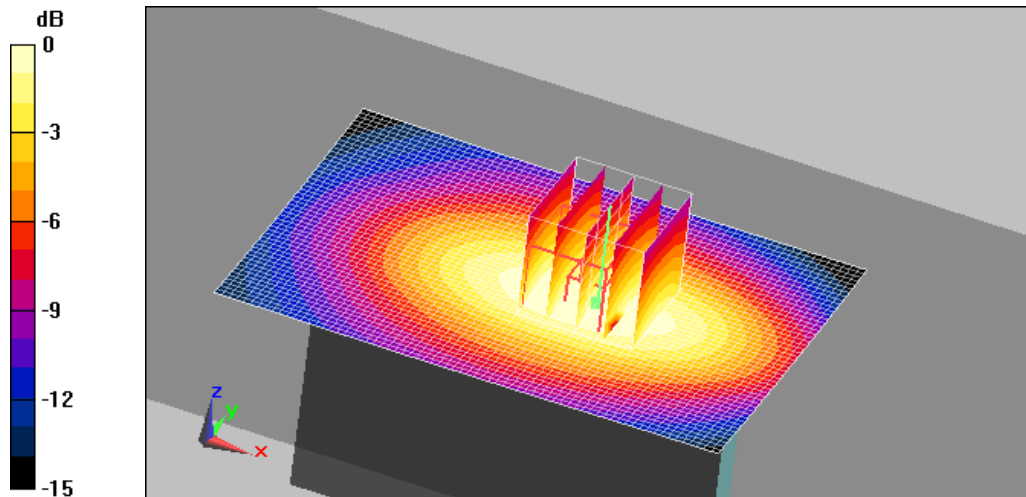
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.314 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.215 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.237 mW/g



0 dB = 0.237mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3x, Left, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3x, Left, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.270 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3x, Left, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

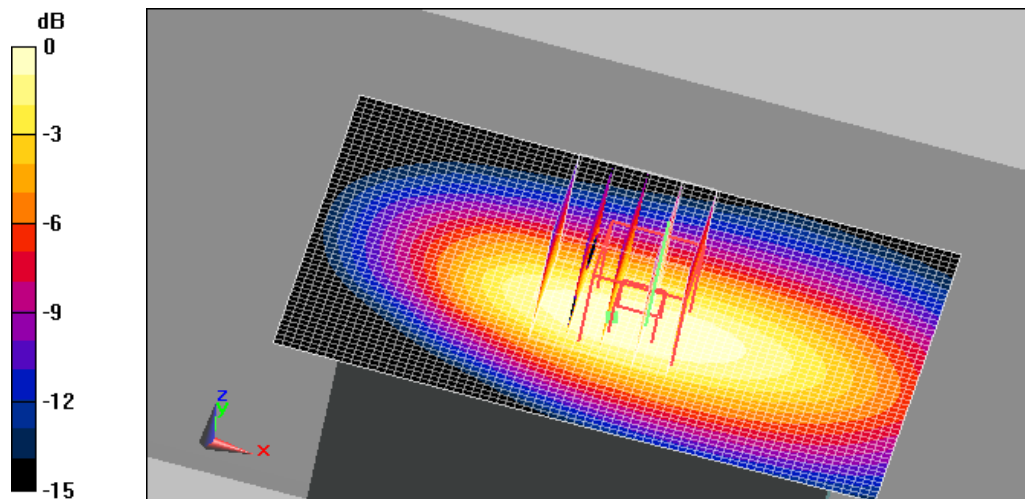
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.322 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.229 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.265 mW/g



0 dB = 0.265mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Bottom, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Bottom, 10mm/Area Scan (71x51x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.055 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Bottom, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

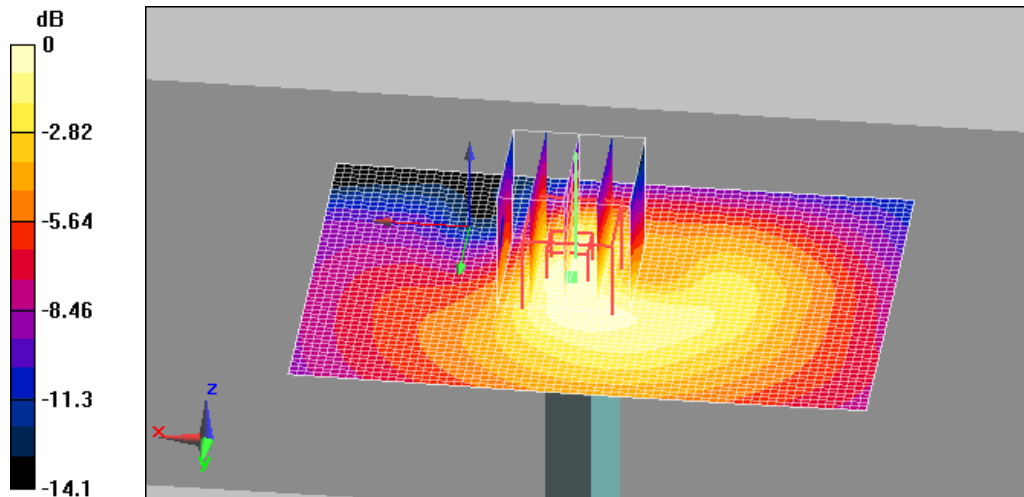
0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.064 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.042 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.050 mW/g



0 dB = 0.050mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard, 3Tx, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

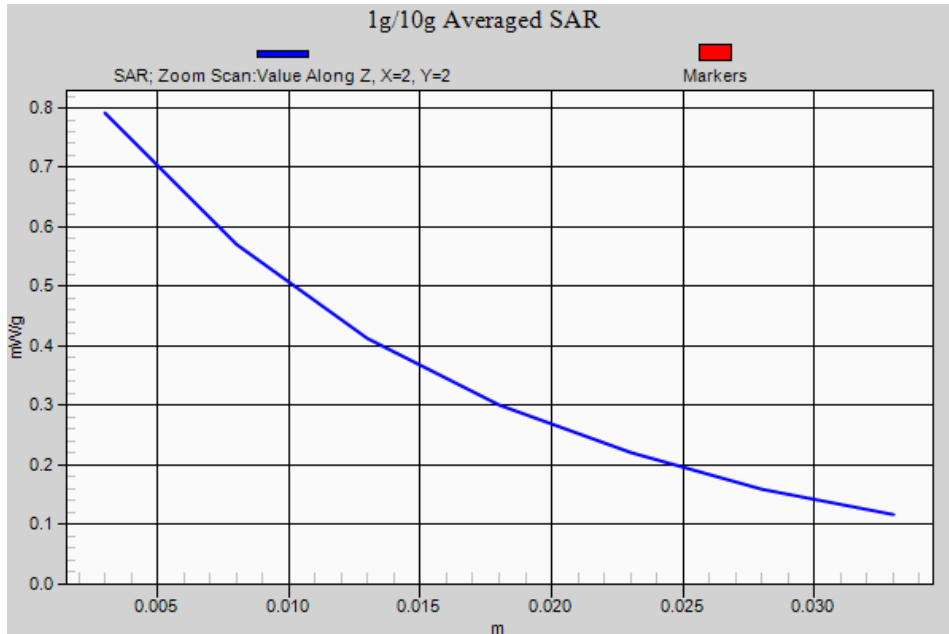
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.946 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.701 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.494 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.791 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GSM1900 Right (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.404 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

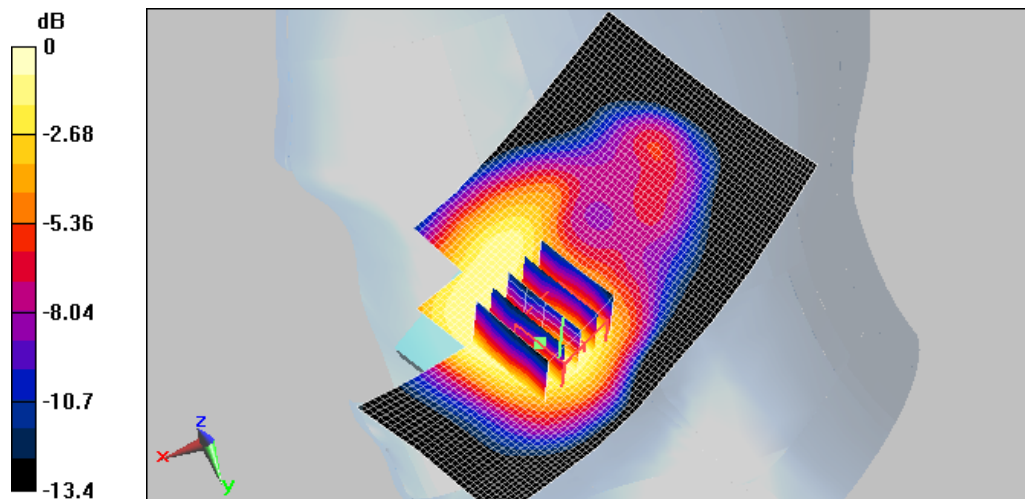
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.497 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.339 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.398 mW/g



0 dB = 0.398mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GSM1900 Right (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.181 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

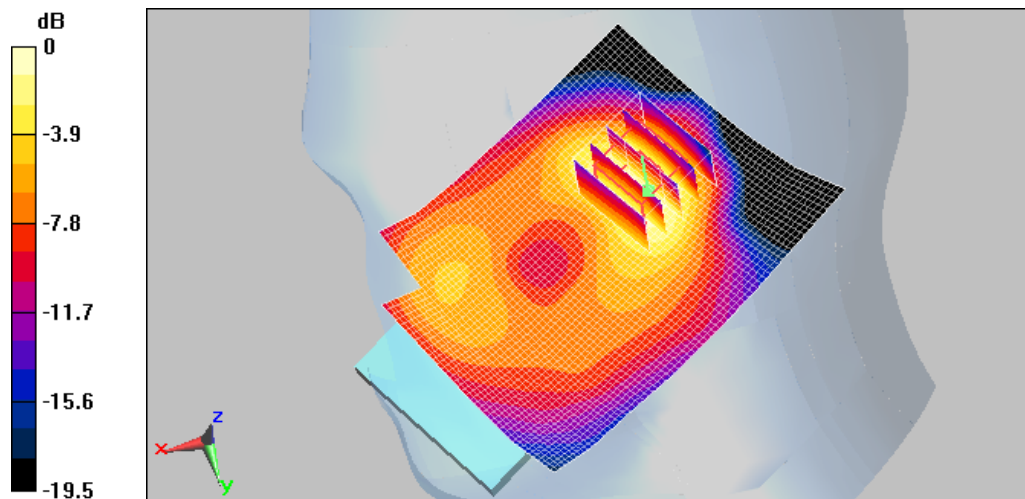
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.235 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.148 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.173 mW/g



0 dB = 0.173mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.533 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

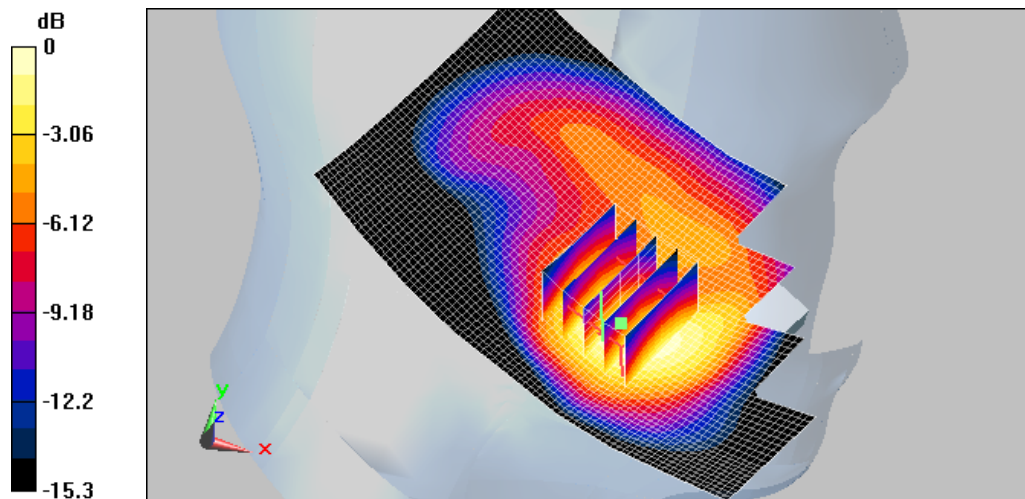
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.729 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.479 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 mW/g



0 dB = 0.549mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.165 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

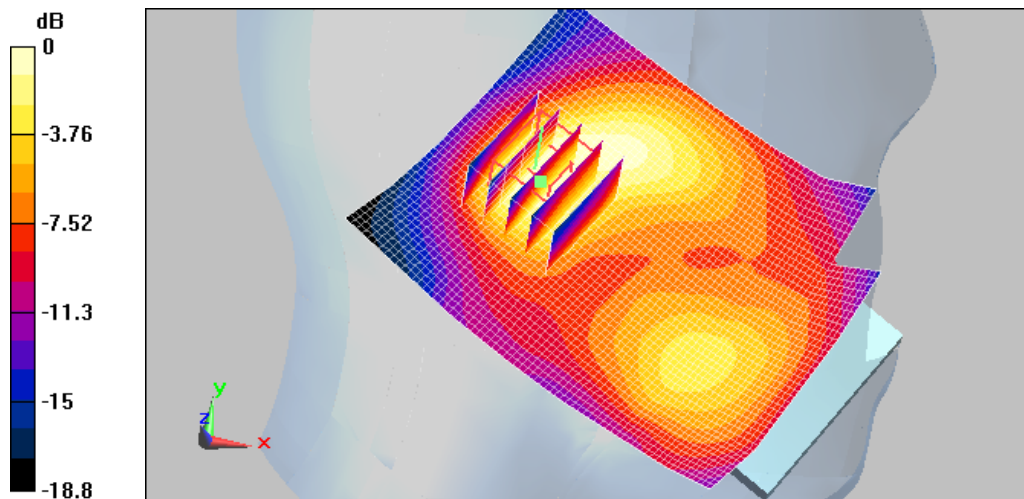
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.206 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.136 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 mW/g



0 dB = 0.156mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.533 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

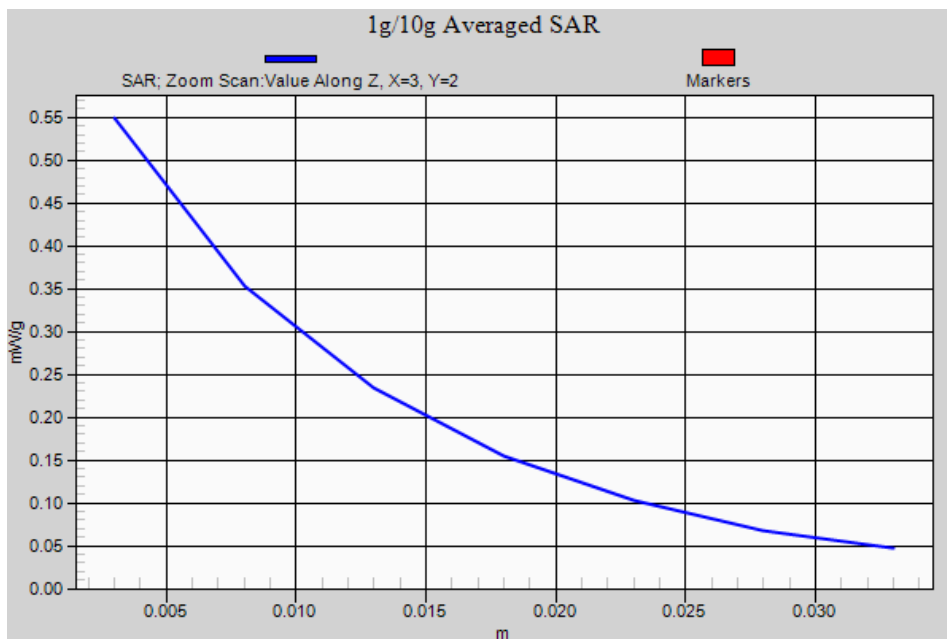
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.729 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.479 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm, GSM
Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm, GSM/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.454 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm, GSM/Zoom Scan

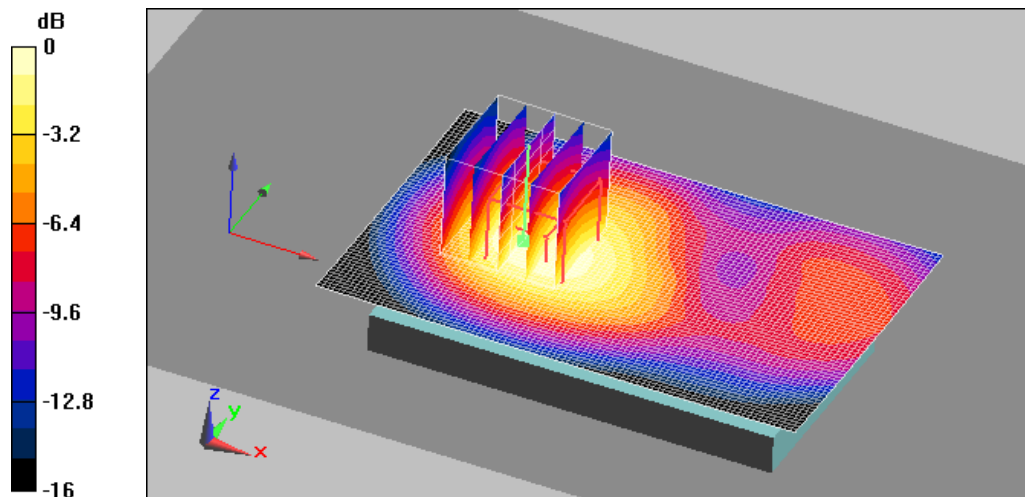
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.245 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.566 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.382 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.443 mW/g



0 dB = 0.443mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.443 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Tx, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

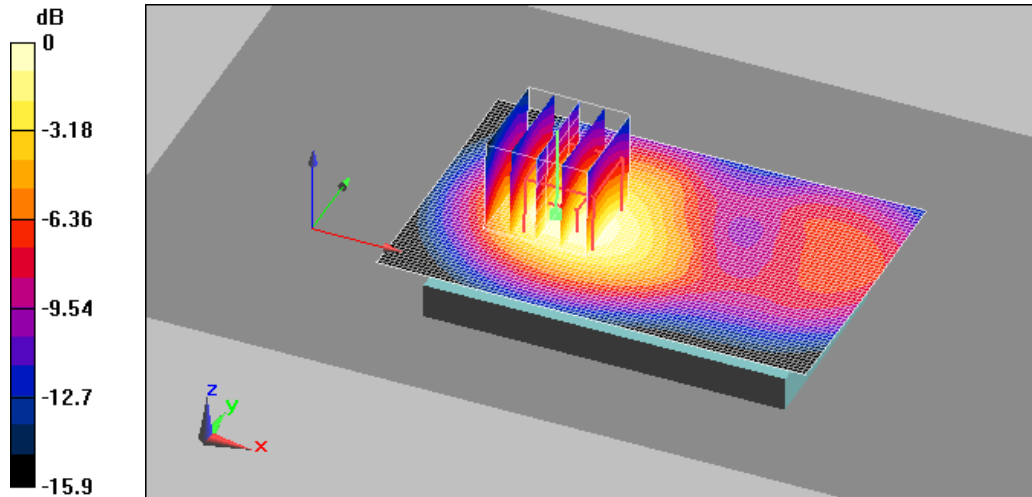
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.126 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.542 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.368 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.229 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 mW/g



0 dB = 0.427mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 2Tx, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 2Tx, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.489 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 2Tx, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

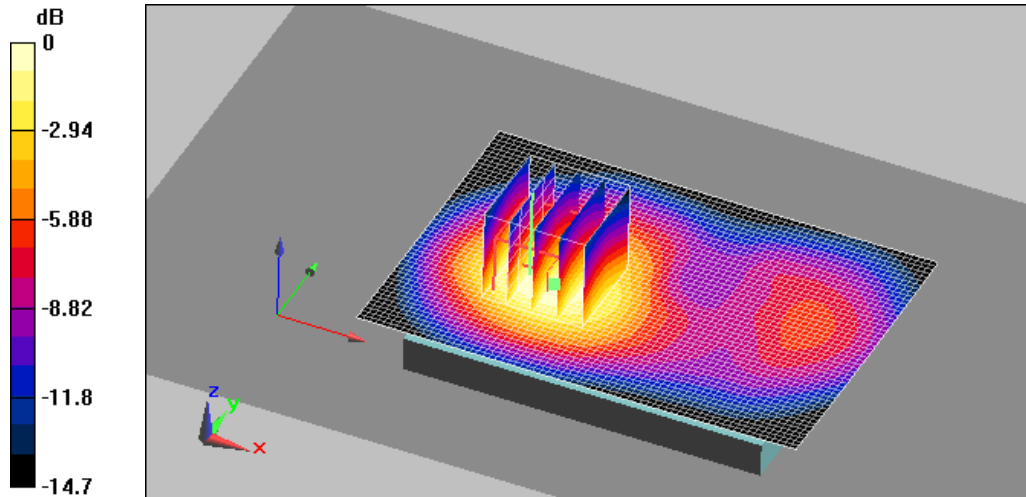
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.604 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.406 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.252 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.476 mW/g



0 dB = 0.476mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 3Tx, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 3Tx, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.520 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 3Tx, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

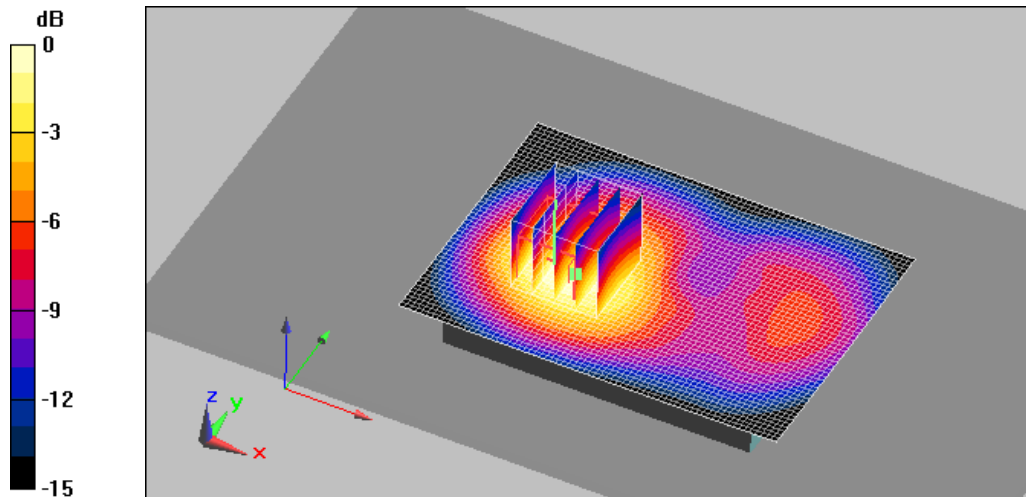
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.188 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.633 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.430 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.506 mW/g



0 dB = 0.506mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.582 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

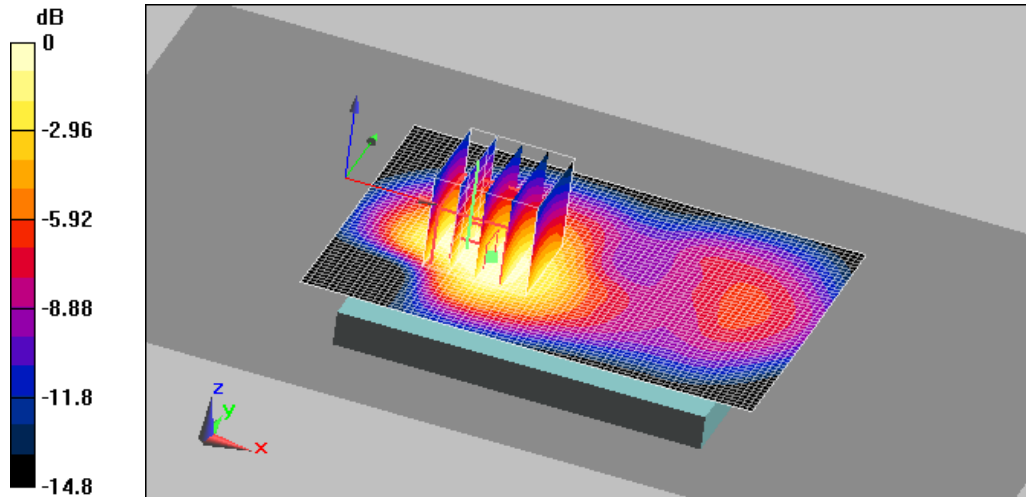
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.163 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.665 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.447 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.277 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 mW/g



0 dB = 0.524mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Front, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Front, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.624 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Front, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

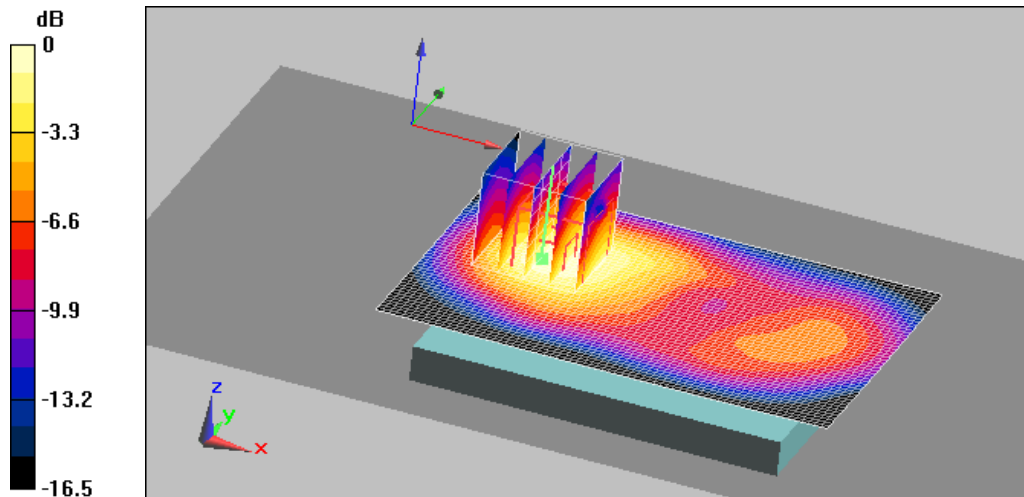
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.160 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.875 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.575 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.343 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.682 mW/g



0 dB = 0.682mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Right, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Right, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.071 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Right, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

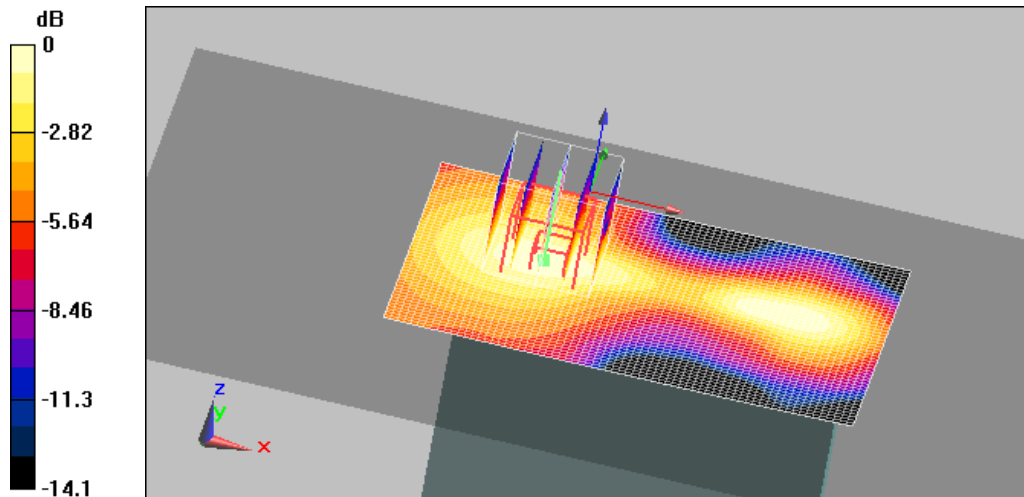
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00859 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.089 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.061 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.071 mW/g



0 dB = 0.071mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Left, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Left, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.110 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Left, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

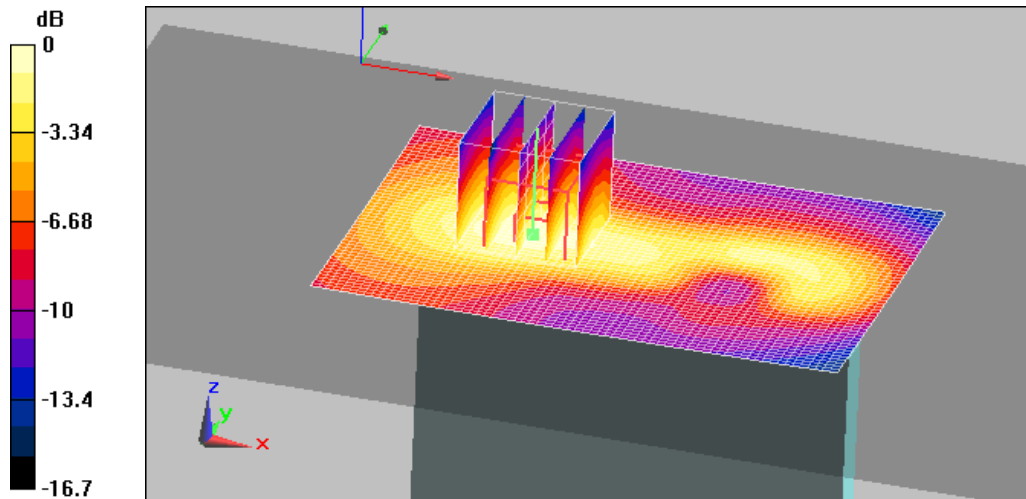
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.150 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.098 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.117 mW/g



0 dB = 0.117mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Bottom, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Bottom, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.431 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Bottom, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

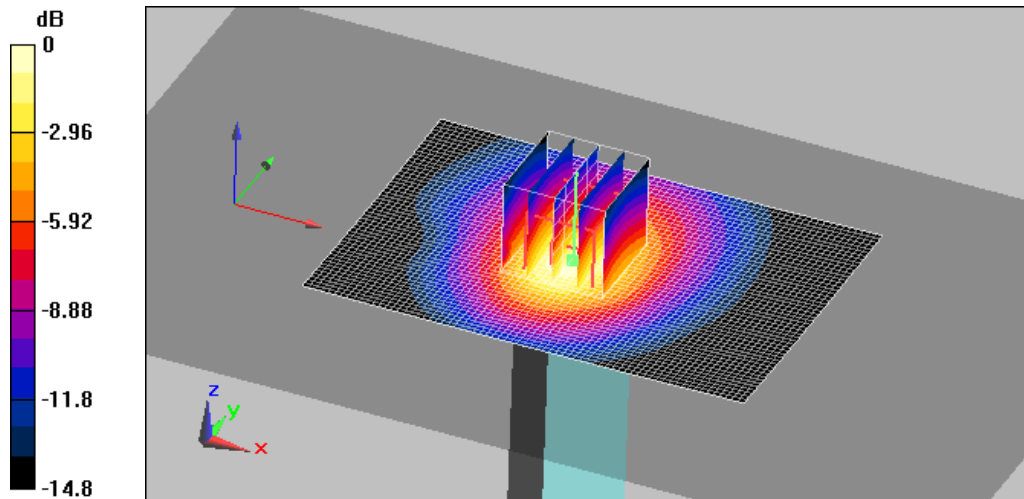
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.556 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.368 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.445 mW/g



0 dB = 0.445mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Front, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-23/Jul/2012

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.61, 6.61, 6.61); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Front, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.624 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 4Tx, Front, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

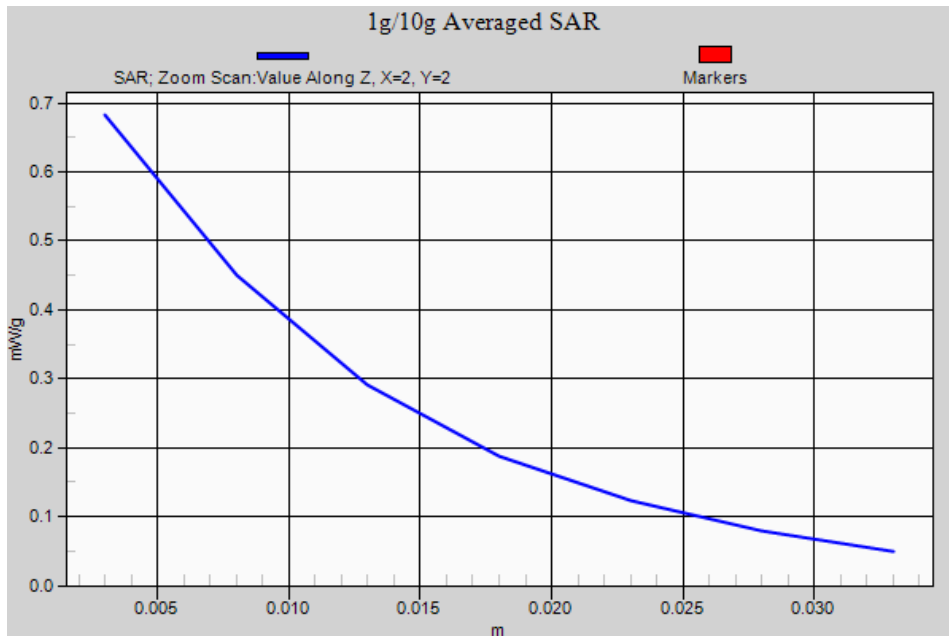
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.95 V/m; Power Drift = 0.160 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.875 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.575 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.343 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.682 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Right (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.277 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

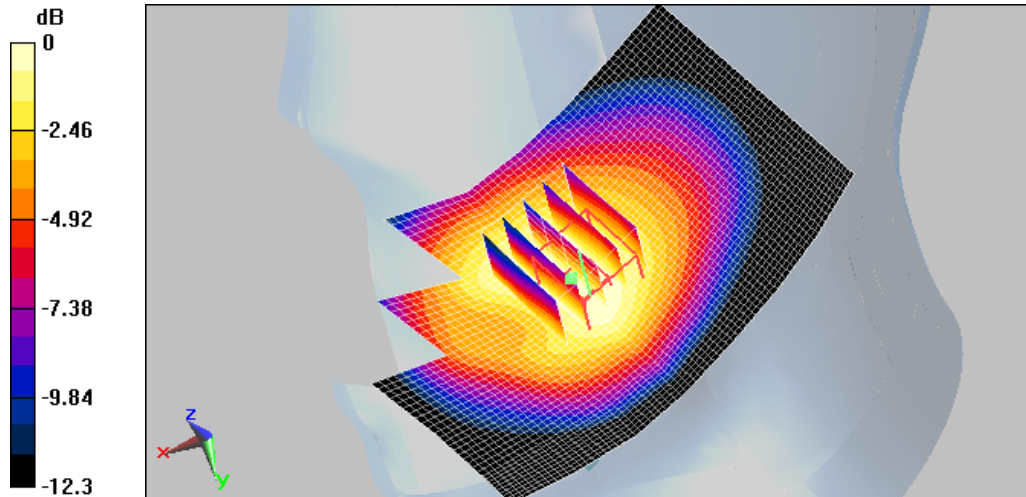
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.331 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.253 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.279 mW/g



0 dB = 0.279mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Right (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Ear/Tilt, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Ear/Tilt, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.124 mW/g

Ear/Tilt, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

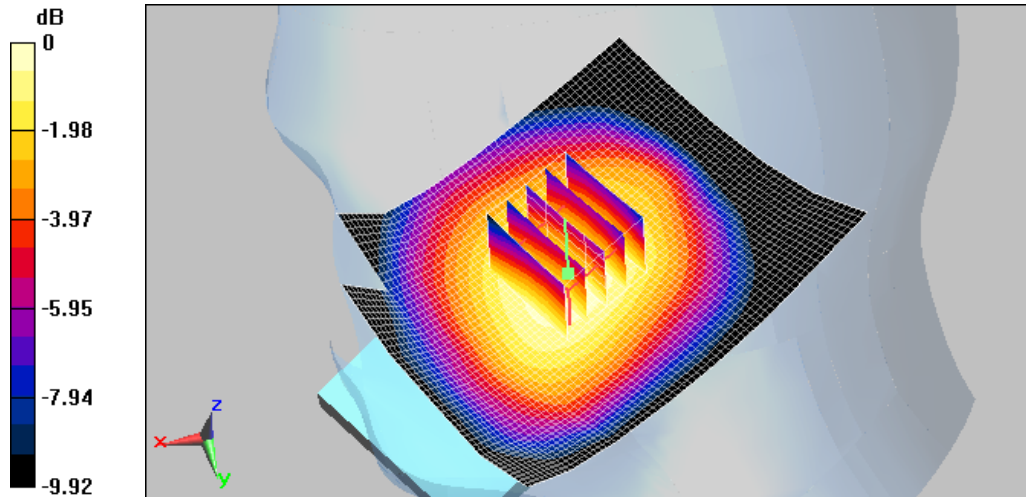
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00629 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.140 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.114 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.125 mW/g



0 dB = 0.125mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Left (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.316 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

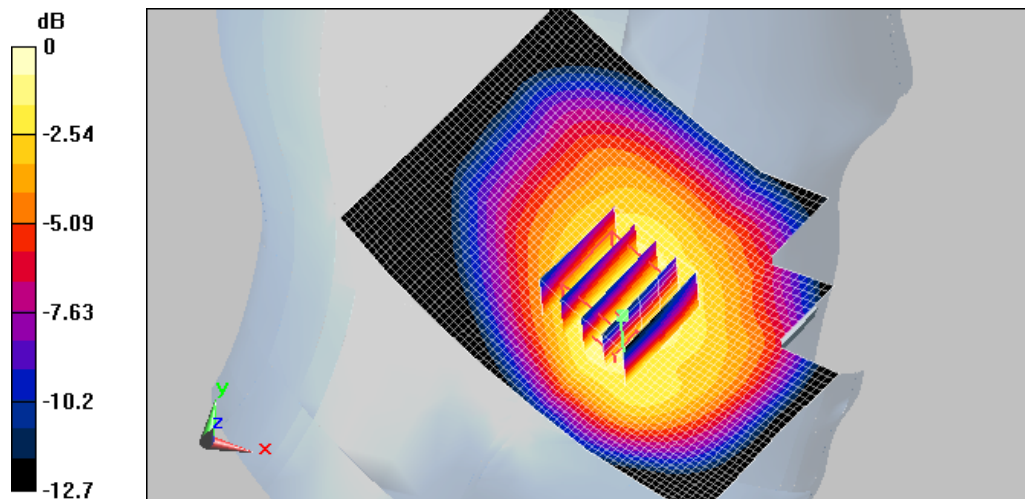
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.454 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.329 mW/g



0 dB = 0.329mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Left (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Ear/Tilt, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Ear/Tilt, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.127 mW/g

Ear/Tilt, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

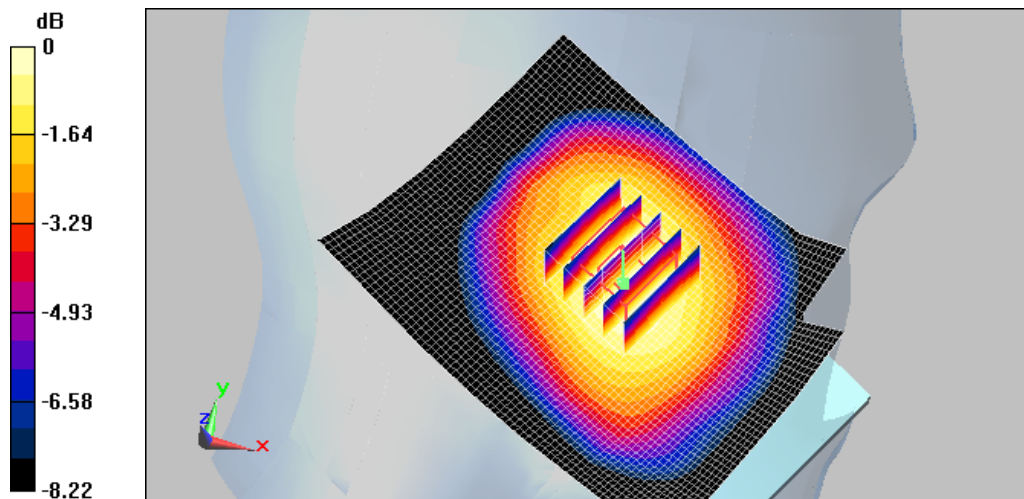
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.142 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.127 mW/g



0 dB = 0.127mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Left (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.8,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1603
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.316 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

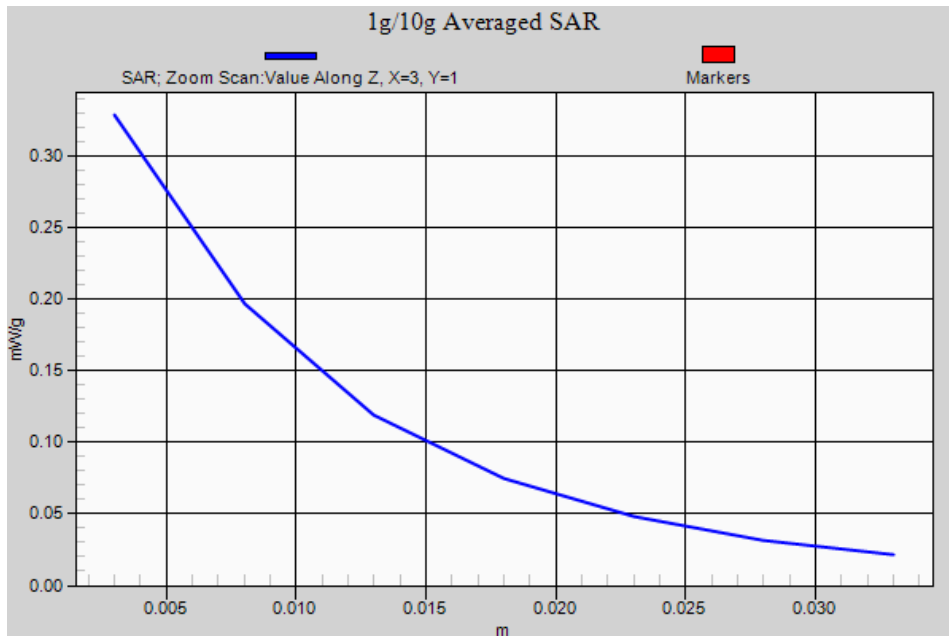
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.454 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.329 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.591 mW/g

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

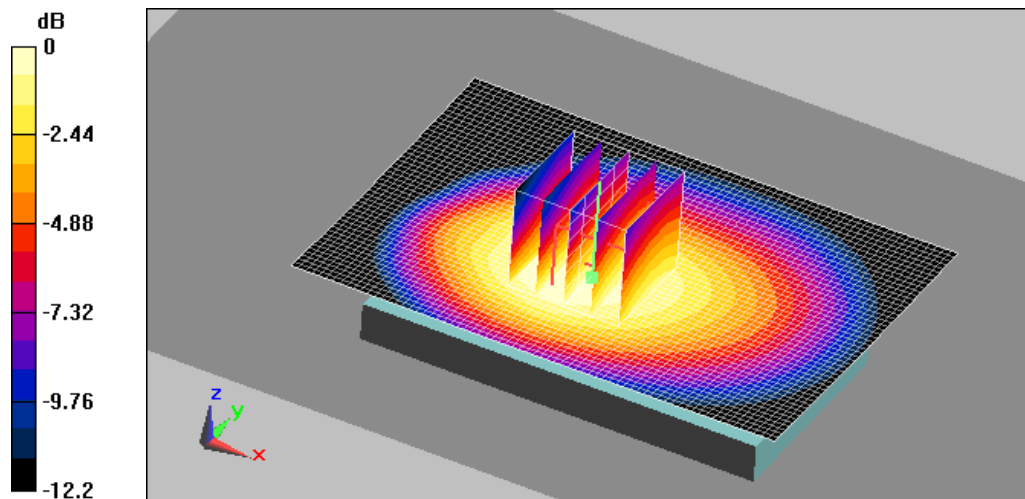
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.770 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.552 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.388 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.626 mW/g



0 dB = 0.626mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Front, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Front, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.423 mW/g

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Front, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

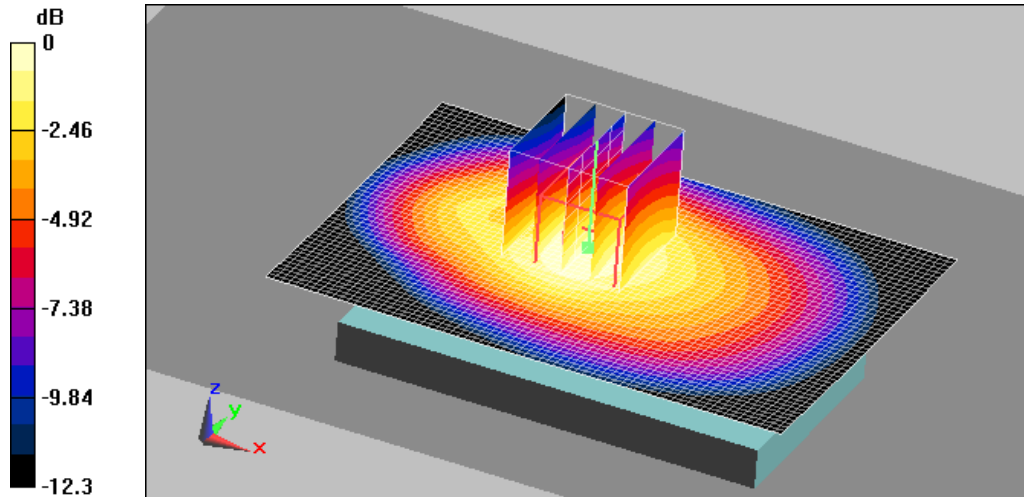
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.535 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.370 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.259 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.420 mW/g



0 dB = 0.420mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Right, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Right, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.197 mW/g

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Right, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

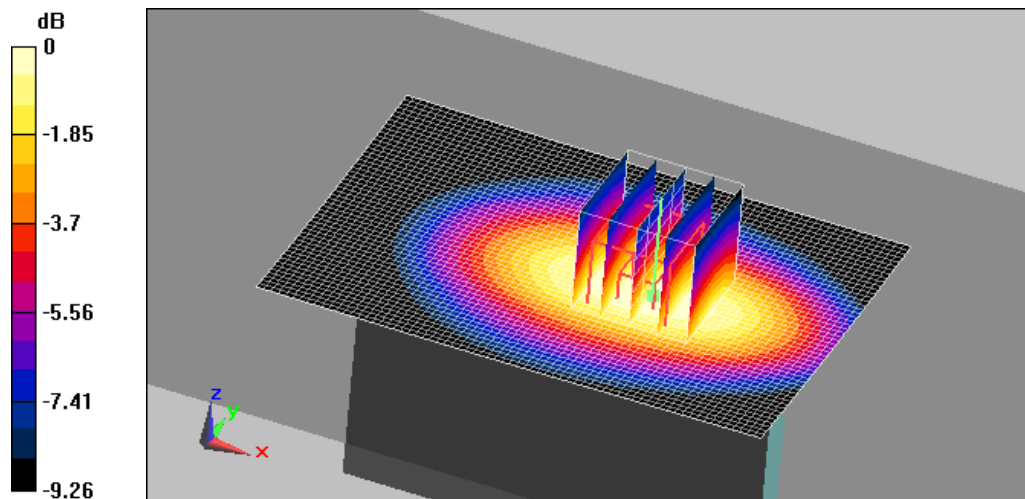
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.236 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.172 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.195 mW/g



0 dB = 0.195mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Left , 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Left , 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.204 mW/g

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Left , 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

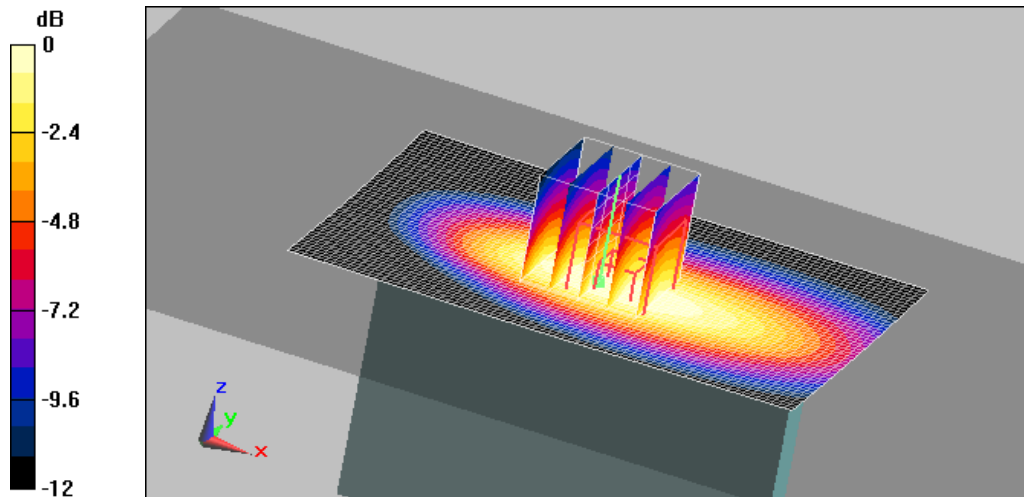
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00624 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.252 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.174 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 mW/g



0 dB = 0.200mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Bottom, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Bottom, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.038 mW/g

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Bottom, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

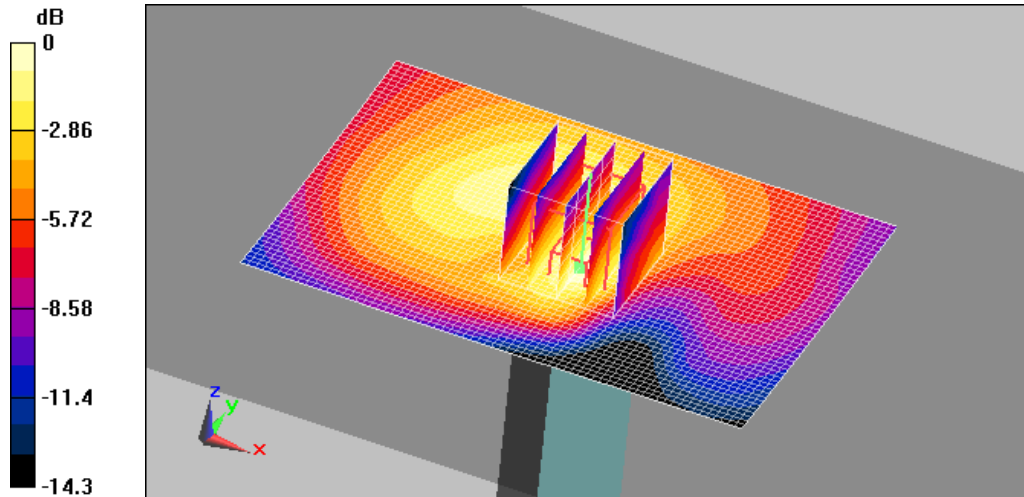
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.050 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.033 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.039 mW/g



0 dB = 0.039mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Back, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-20/Jul/2012

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Back, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.591 mW/g

Body, Ch.4183, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Back, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

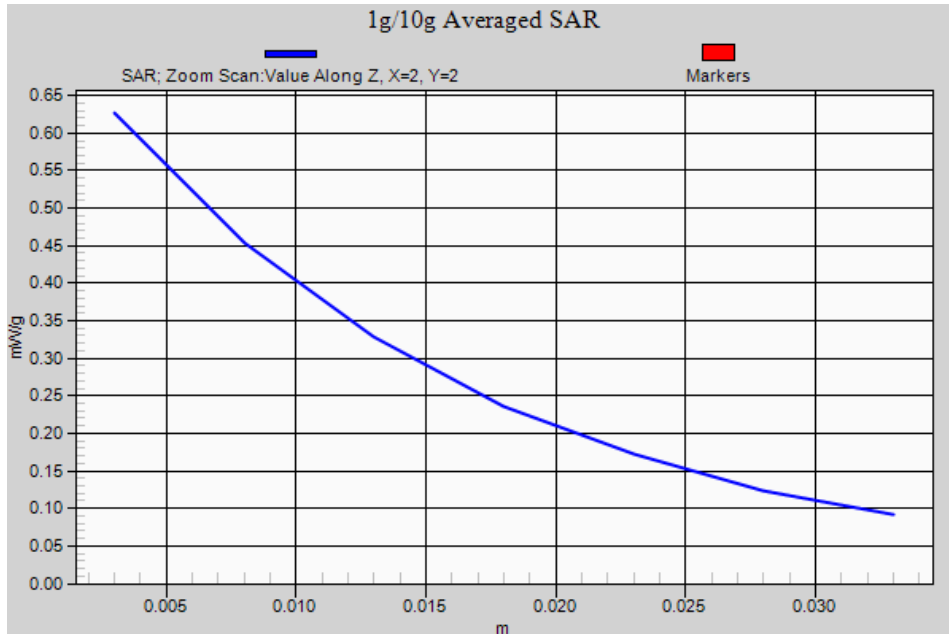
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.770 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.552 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.388 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.626 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WLAN Right(Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.83$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.31, 6.31, 6.31); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1713

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.333 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

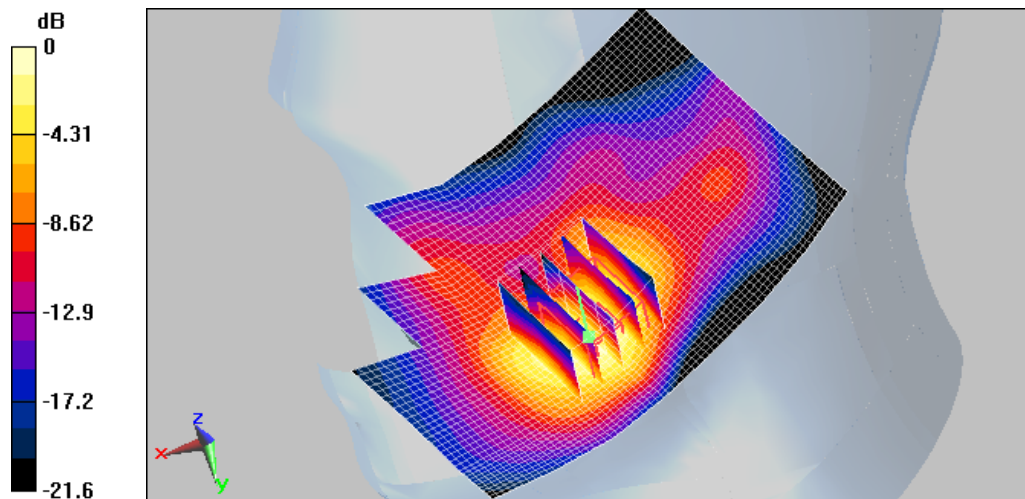
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.528 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.296 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 mW/g



0 dB = 0.354mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WLAN Right(Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Tilted, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.83$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.31, 6.31, 6.31); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1713

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Tilted, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.068 mW/g

Tilted, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

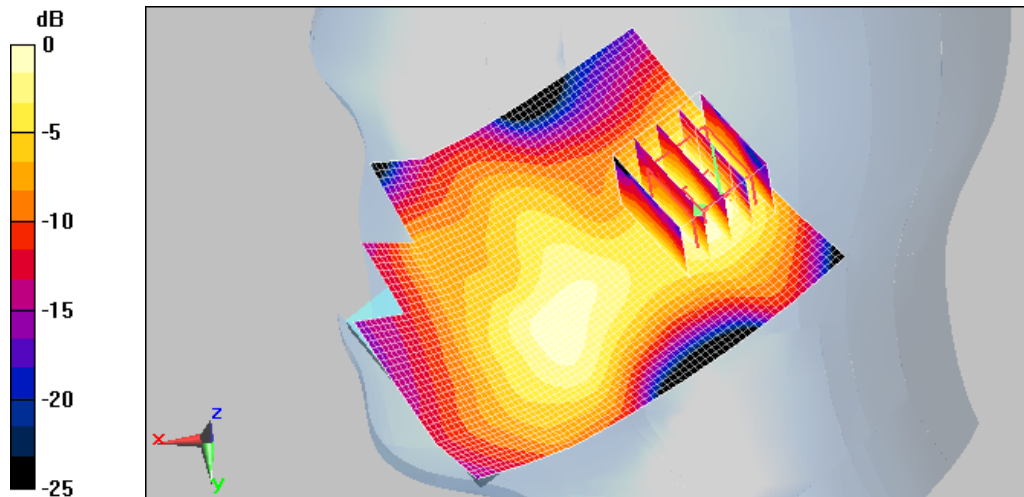
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.118 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.100 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.067 mW/g



0 dB = 0.067mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WLAN Left(Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.83$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.31, 6.31, 6.31); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1713

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.177 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

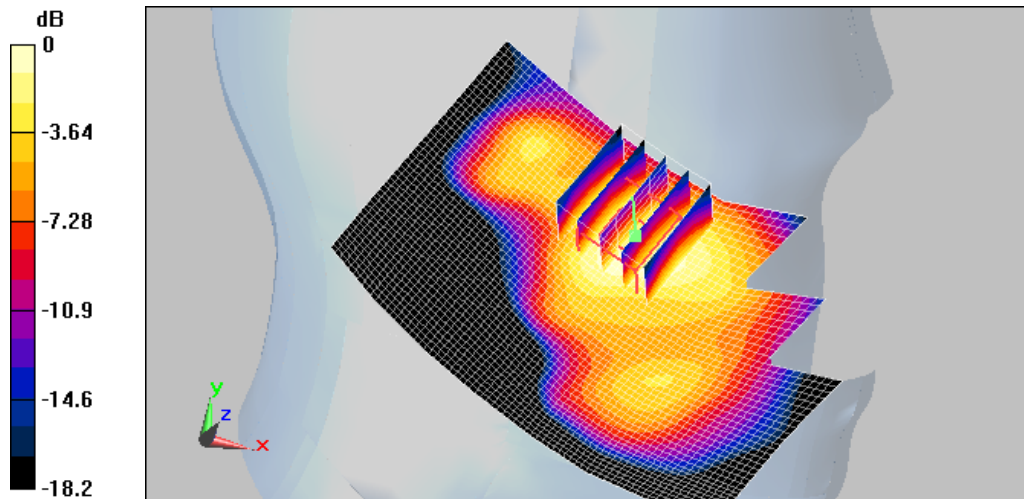
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.056 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.238 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.139 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.167 mW/g



0 dB = 0.167mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E
Program Name: GT-S7500T WLAN Left(Job No. : FJ-189)
Procedure Name: Tilted, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps
Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

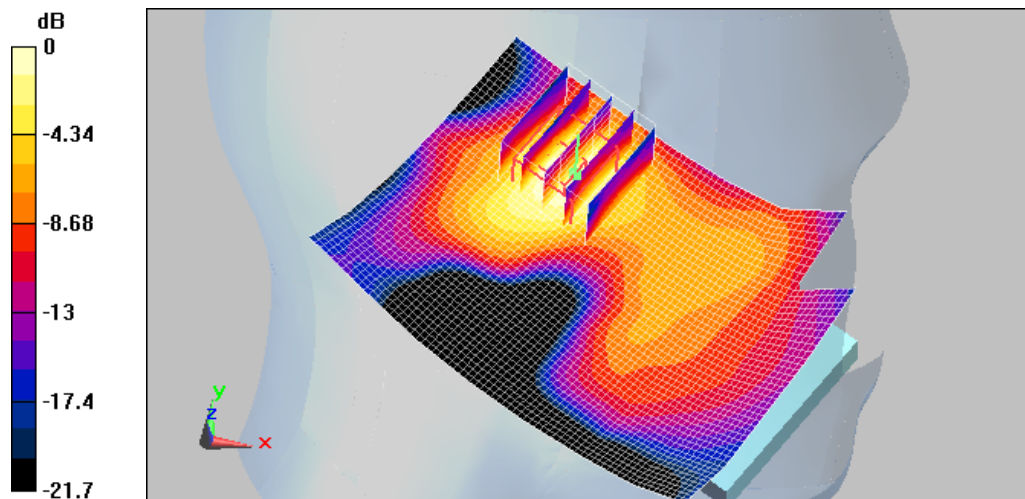
Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.83$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.31, 6.31, 6.31); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1713
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Tilted, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:
dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.101 mW/g

Tilted, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.119 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.155 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.082 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.098 mW/g



0 dB = 0.098mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WLAN Right(Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.83$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.31, 6.31, 6.31); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1713

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.333 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

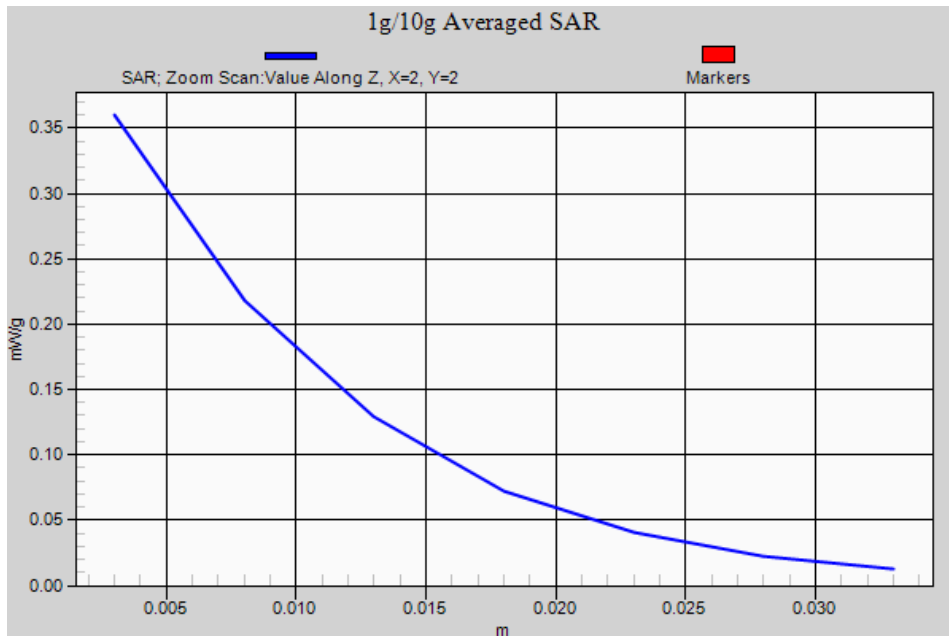
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.528 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.296 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WLAN Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Back, 1Mbps, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Back, 1Mbps, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.111 mW/g

Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Back, 1Mbps, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

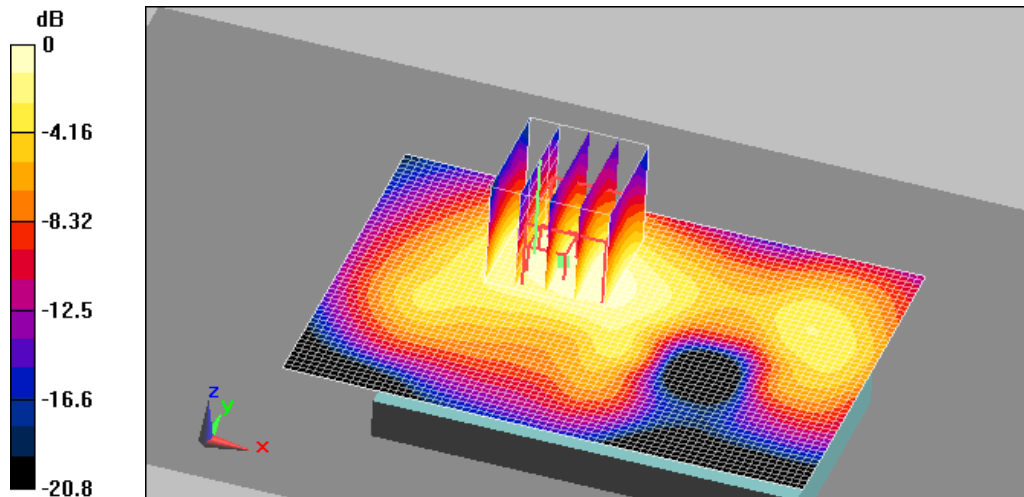
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.060 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.096 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 mW/g



0 dB = 0.115W/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WLAN Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Front, 1Mbps, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2012-05-23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Front, 1Mbps, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.131 mW/g

Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Front, 1Mbps, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

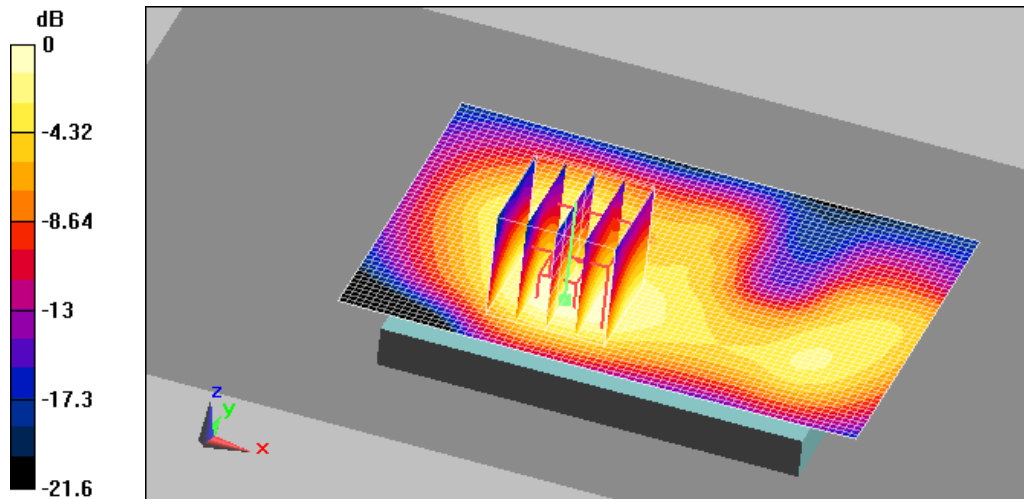
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.117 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 mW/g



0 dB = 0.136W/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WLAN Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Left, 1Mbps, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Left, 1Mbps, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00715 mW/g

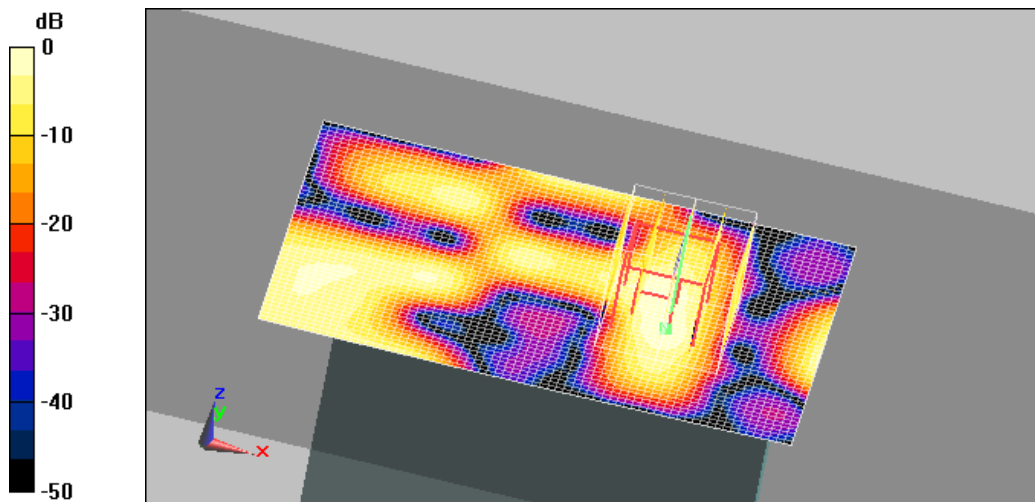
Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Left, 1Mbps, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.999 V/m; Power Drift = 0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.014 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0052 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00187 mW/g



0 dB = 0.00603mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WLAN Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Bottom, 1Mbps, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Bottom, 1Mbps, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.040 mW/g

Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Bottom, 1Mbps, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

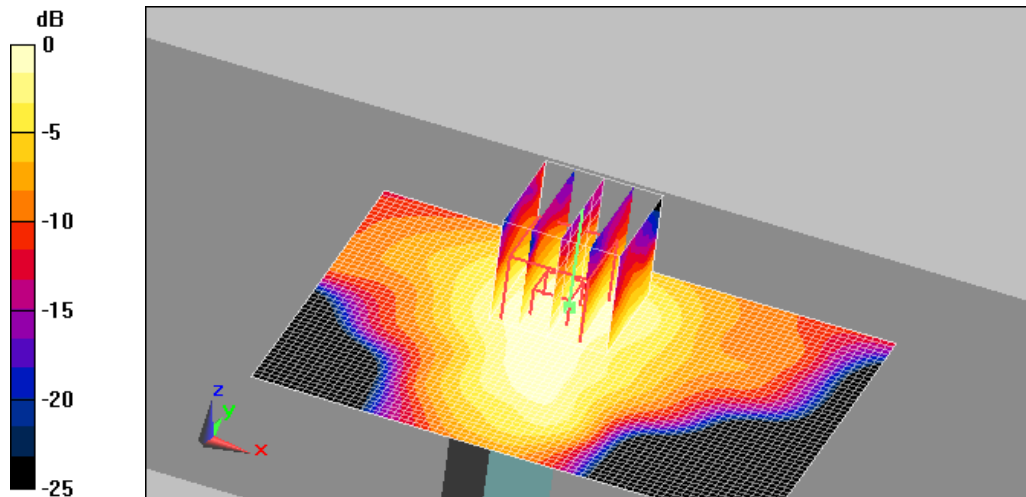
0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.064 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.060 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.041 mW/g



0 dB = 0.041mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500T; Serial: FJ-189-E

Program Name: GT-S7500T WLAN Body (Job No. : FJ-189)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Front, 1Mbps, 10mm

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-24/Jul/2012

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2012-05-23

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn468; Calibrated: 2012-05-16

- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Front, 1Mbps, 10mm/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.131 mW/g

Body, Ch.01, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard, Front, 1Mbps, 10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

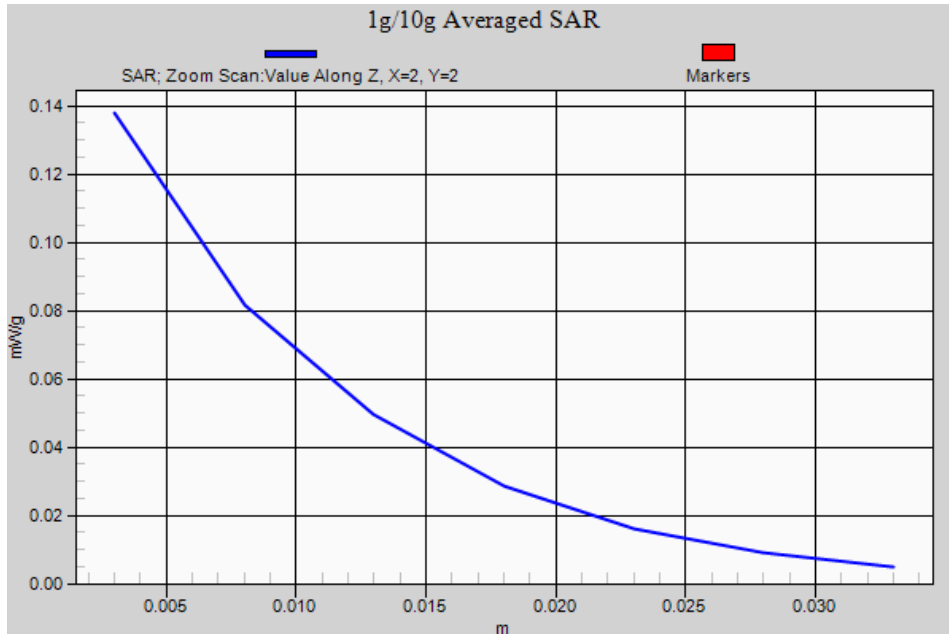
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.117 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 mW/g



APPENDIX F

Probe Calibration



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3537_May12**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **EX3DV4 - SN:3537**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **May 23, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 660	10-Jan-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jan12)	Jan-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by: **Name: Claudio Leubler, Function: Laboratory Technician, Signature: [Signature]**

Approved by: **Name: Katja Pokovic, Function: Technical Manager, Signature: [Signature]**

Issued: May 24, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

O.K. to use
 [Signature]
 2012.6.26



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A, B, C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3537

Manufactured: February 18, 2011
Calibrated: May 23, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3537

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.54	0.55	0.52	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^B	99.8	86.9	98.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	126.9	$\pm 3.0\%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	117.9	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	117.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3537

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
850	41.5	0.92	8.09	8.09	8.09	0.37	0.87	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.27	7.27	7.27	0.10	2.99	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.11	7.11	7.11	0.15	1.40	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.31	6.31	6.31	0.63	0.67	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.27	4.27	4.27	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.09	4.09	4.09	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.06	4.06	4.06	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3537

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

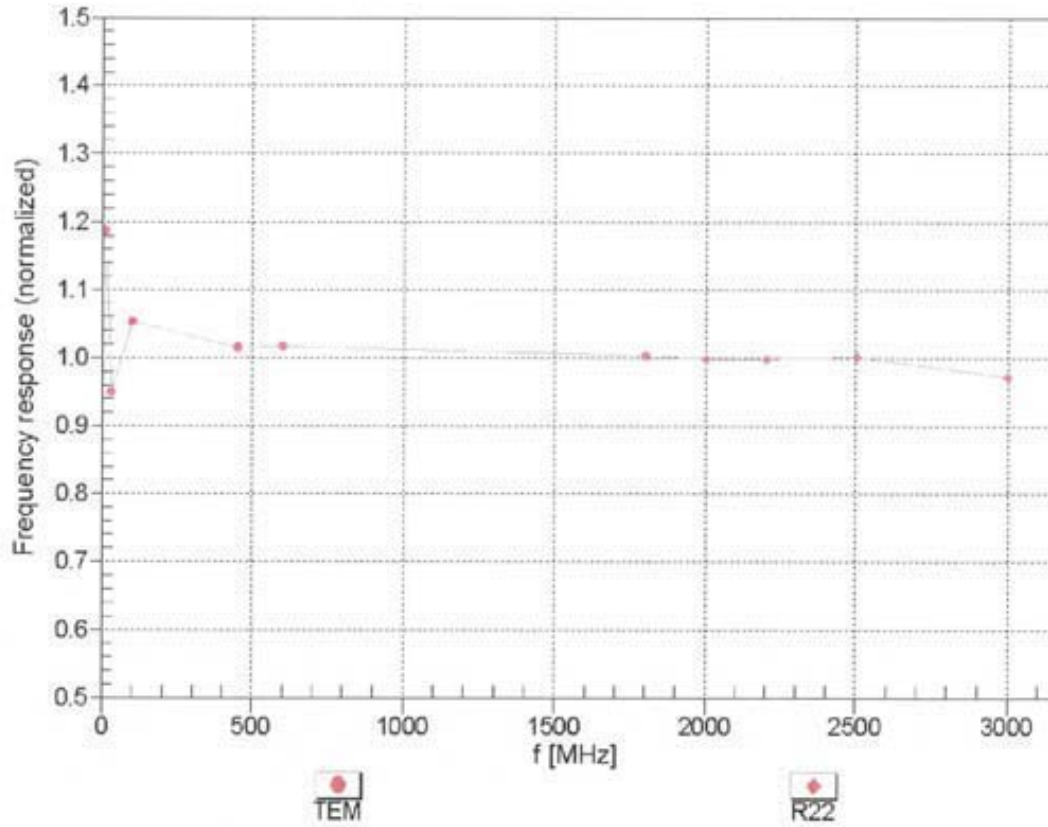
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
850	55.2	0.99	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.32	1.02	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.17	7.17	7.17	0.10	2.99	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.20	1.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	3.95	3.95	3.95	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	3.79	3.79	3.79	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.57	3.57	3.57	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.34	3.34	3.34	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.69	3.69	3.69	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field

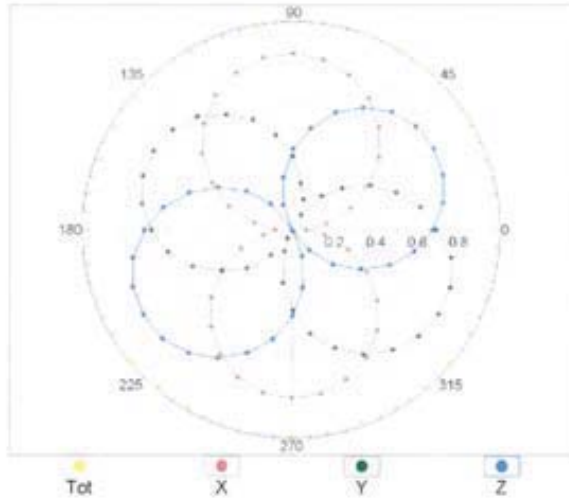
(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



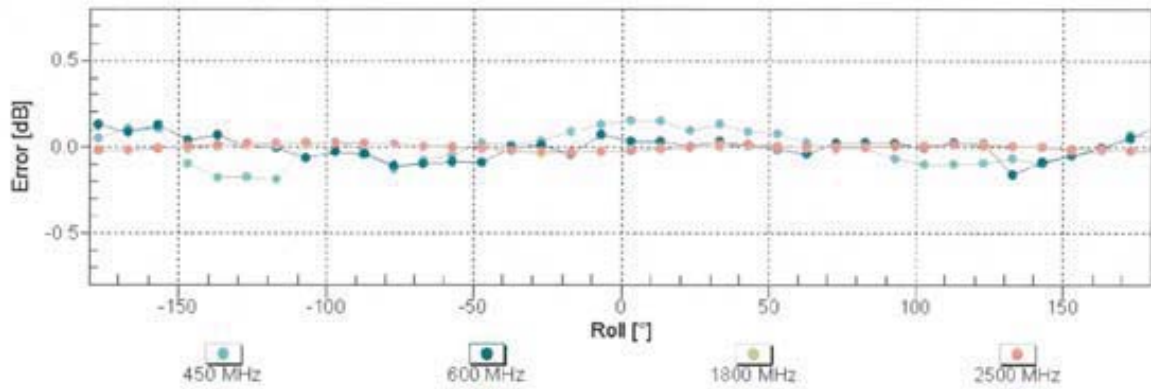
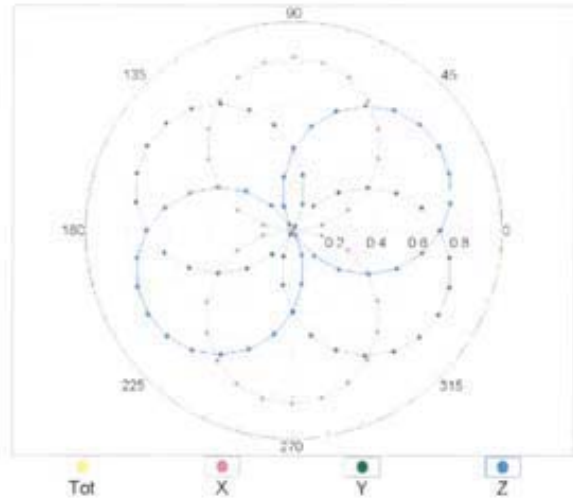
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

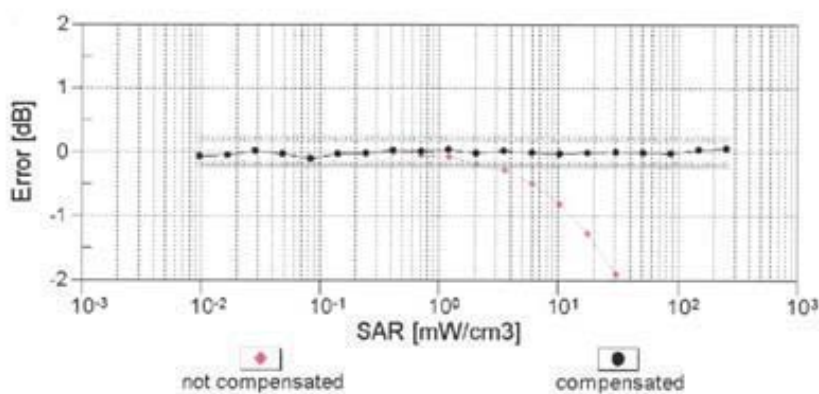
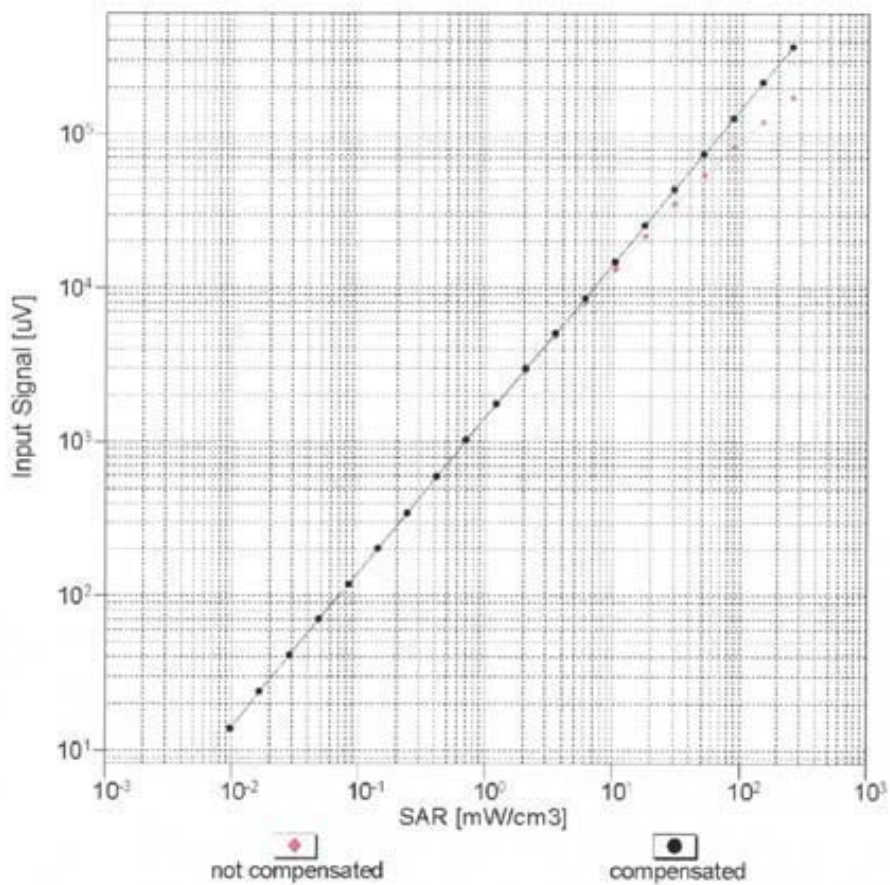


f=1800 MHz,R22



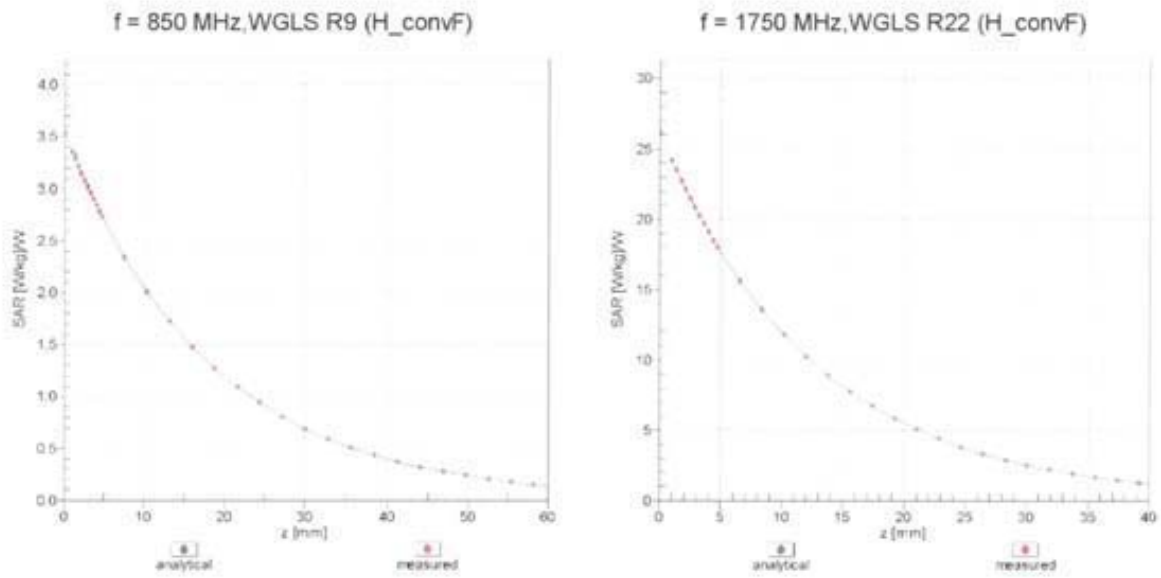
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)

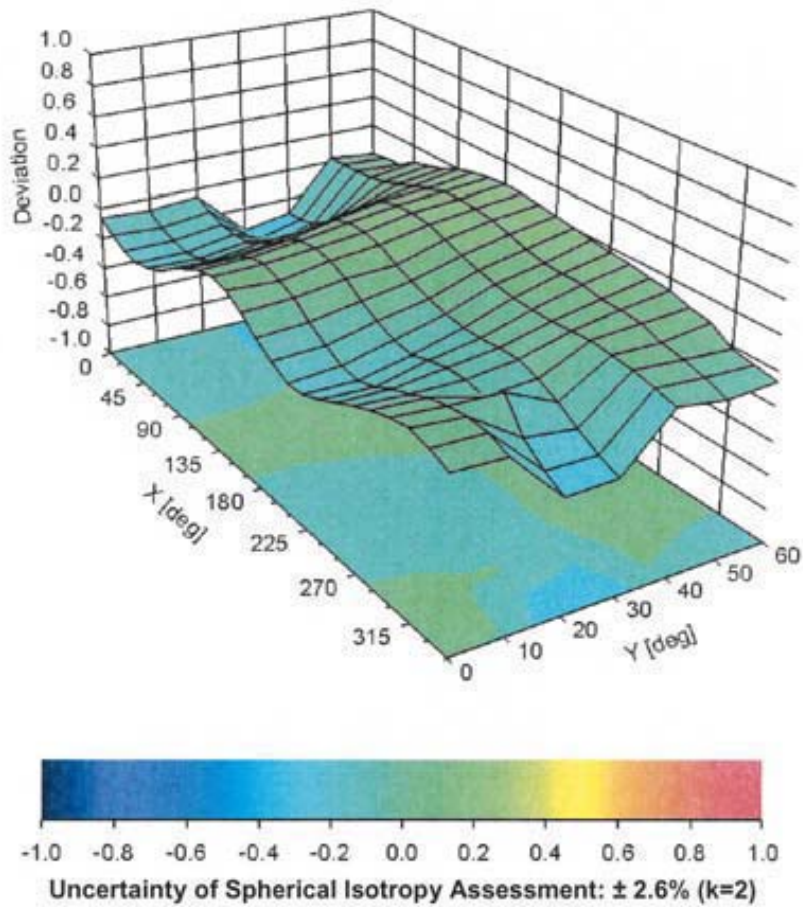


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3537

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	132.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

APPENDIX G

Calibration of The Validation Dipole



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d111_Nov11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d111**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **November 18, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by:	Name Dimce Iliev	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
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Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	
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Issued: November 18, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

O.k. to use

2011.11.21



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	41.4 \pm 6 %	0.90 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.36 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.43 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.20 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	53.3 \pm 6 %	0.99 mho/m \pm 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.44 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.54 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.60 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.29 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.2 Ω - 3.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 28.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.1 Ω - 4.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.6 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.399 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 26, 2010

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 18.11.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d111

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

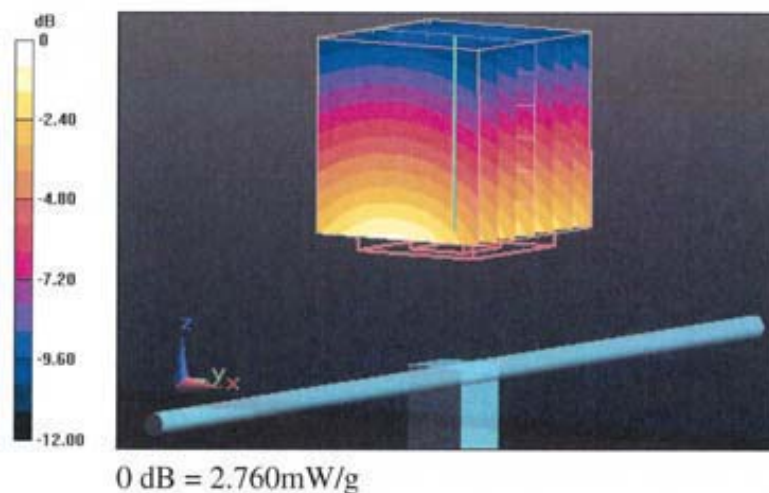
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.200 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0057 dB

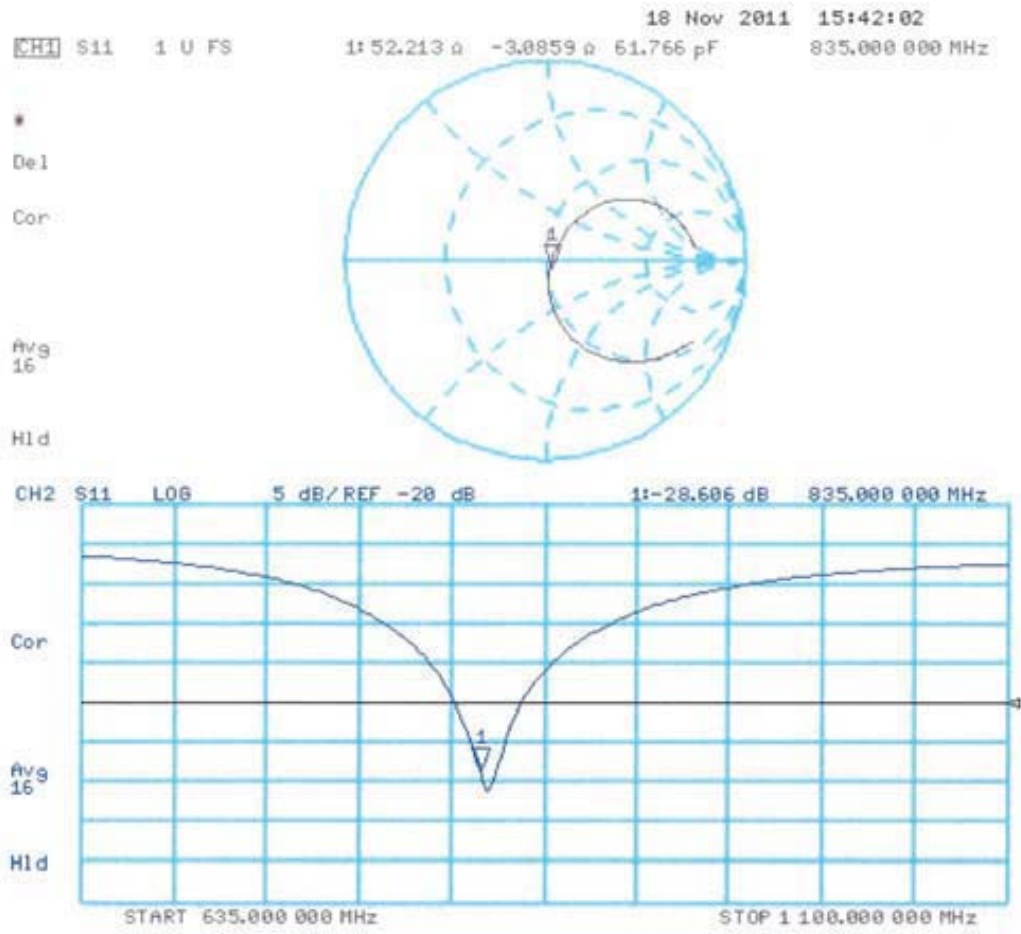
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.474 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.755 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 18.11.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d111

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

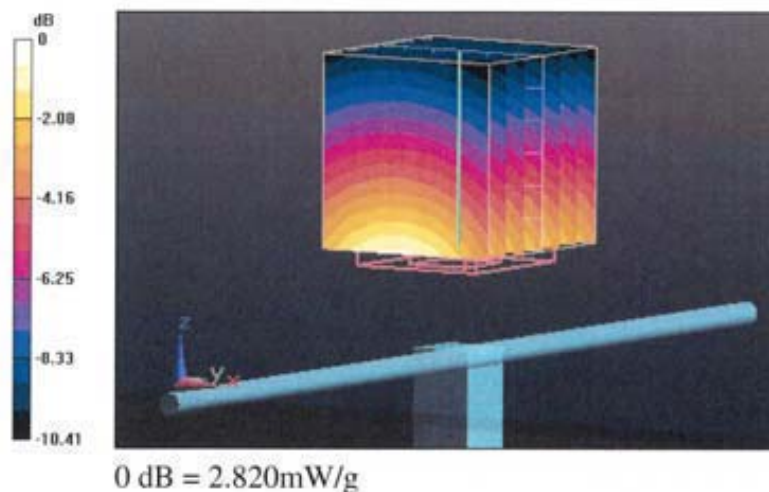
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.351 V/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.538 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

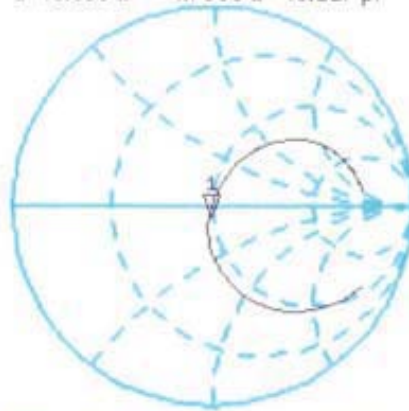
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.821 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

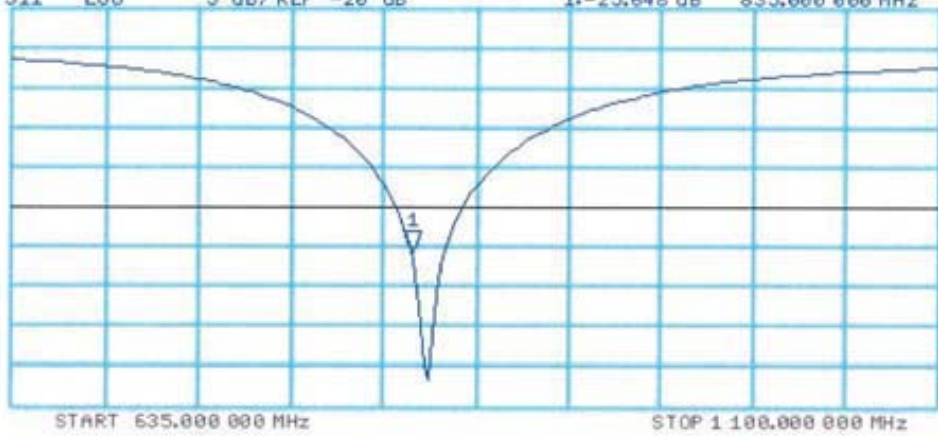
18 Nov 2011 10:18:30
[CH1] S11 1 U FS 1: 48.063 Ω -4.7500 Ω 40.127 pF 835.000 000 MHz

De1
Cor
Avg
16
H1d



CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -25.648 dB 835.000 000 MHz

Cor
Avg
16
H1d





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d023_Jan12**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d023**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **January 26, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 26, 2012

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	40.8 \pm 6 %	1.39 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.66 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.0 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.07 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	52.9 \pm 6 %	1.52 mho/m \pm 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.72 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	38.8 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.10 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 Ω + 8.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 21.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.3 Ω + 8.2 j Ω
Return Loss	- 20.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.203 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 28, 2008

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d023

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

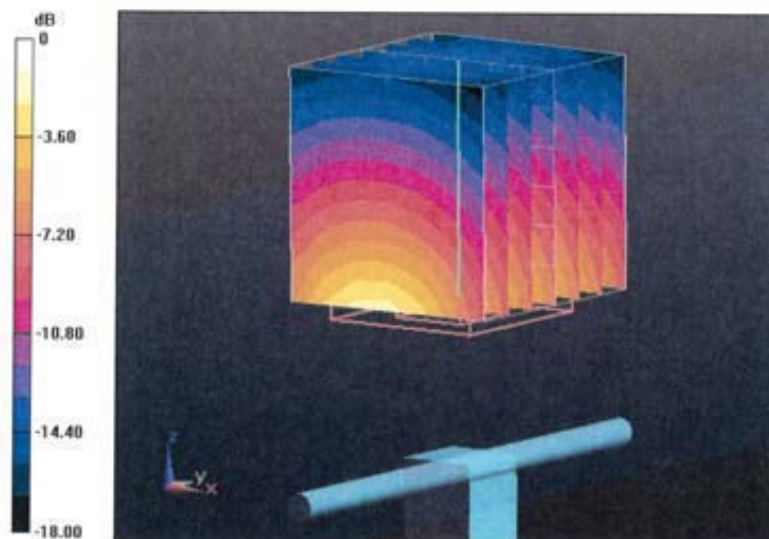
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.841 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2900

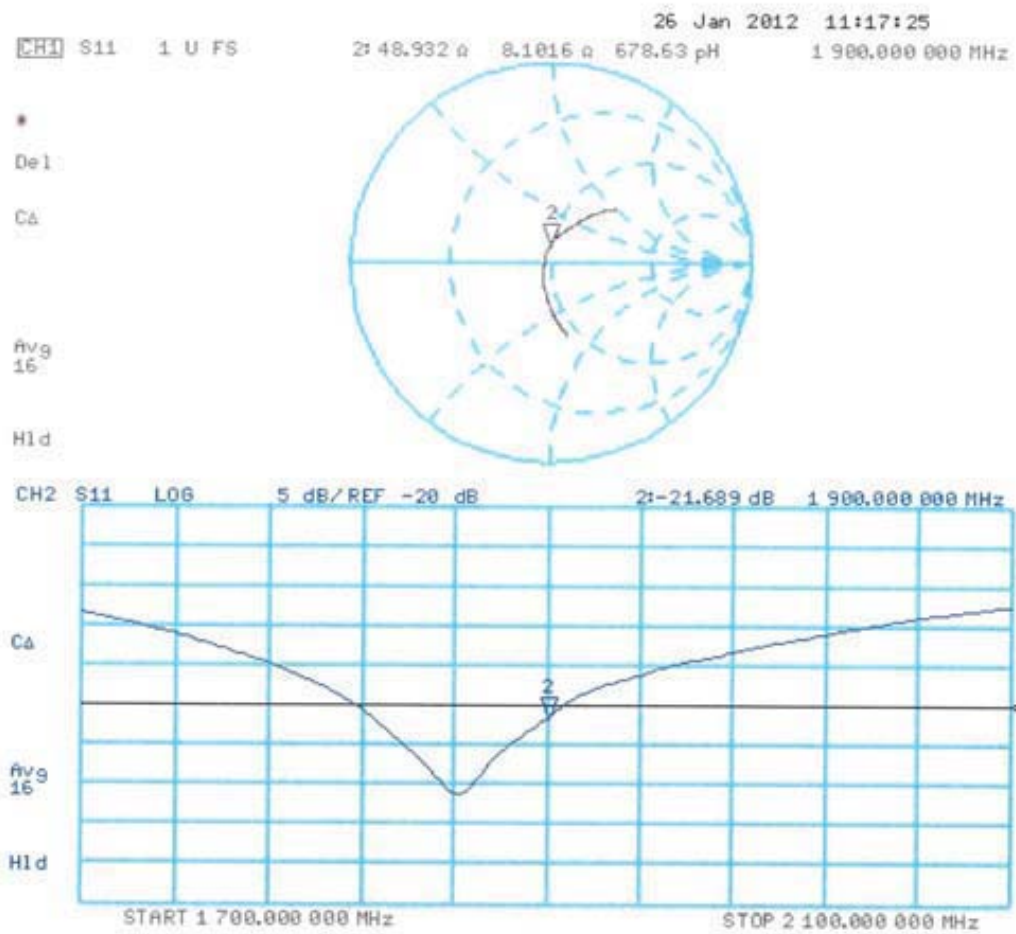
SAR(1 g) = 9.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.07 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.991 mW/g



0 dB = 11.990mW/g = 21.58 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d023

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

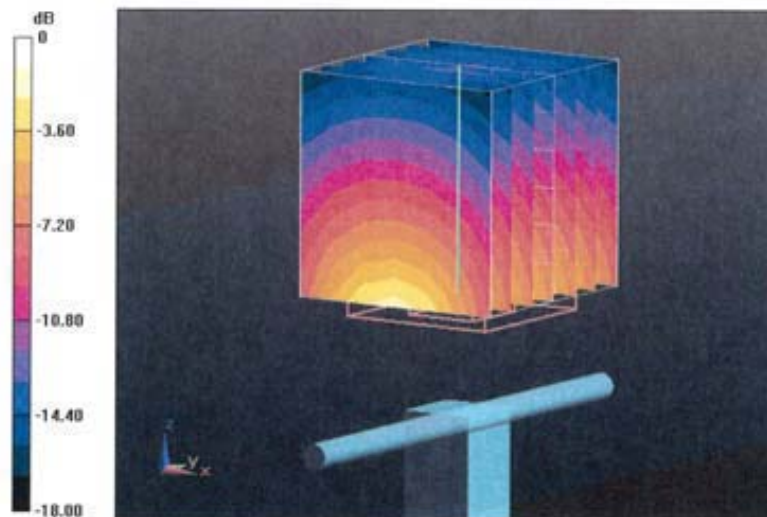
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.052 V/m; Power Drift = -6.9e-005 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0640

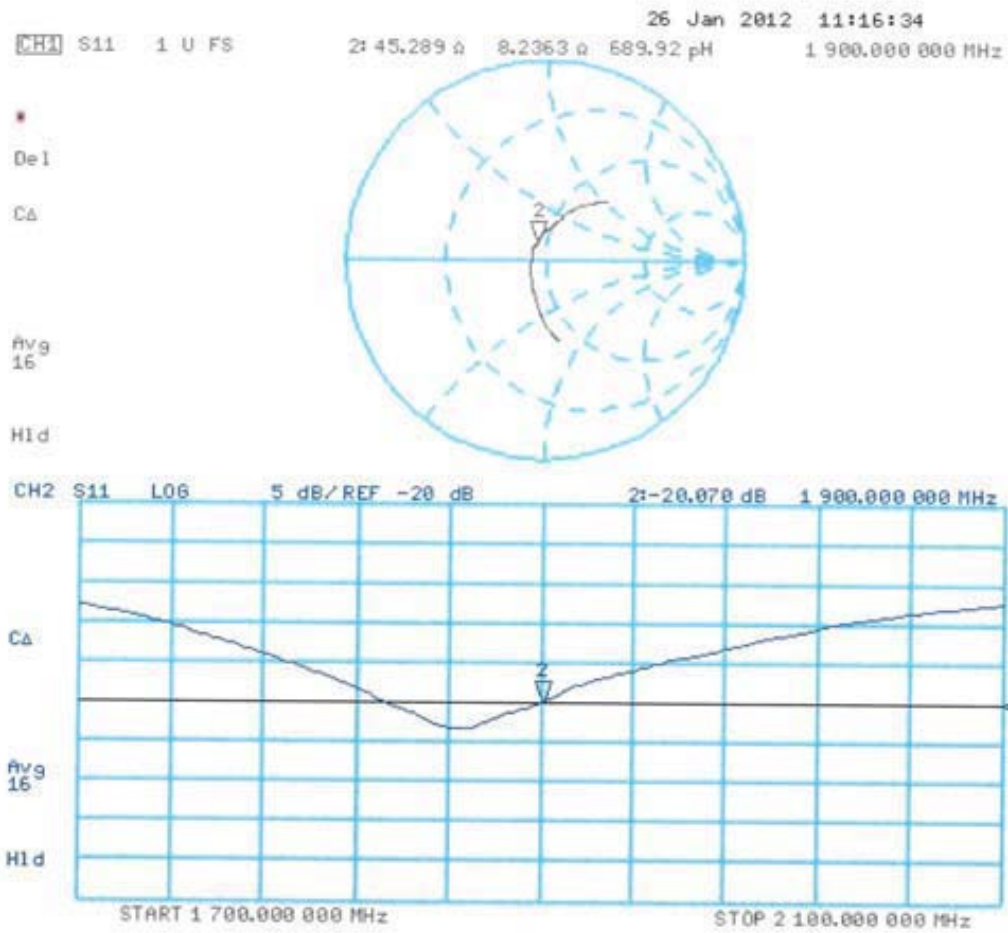
SAR(1 g) = 9.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.349 mW/g



0 dB = 12.350mW/g = 21.83 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-807_Feb12**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D2450V2 - SN: 807**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **February 23, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 23, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	38.9 \pm 6 %	1.86 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.5 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.25 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.8 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	52.3 \pm 6 %	2.02 mho/m \pm 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.3 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.95 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.3 \Omega + 1.1 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.6 \Omega + 2.6 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 31.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.160 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 02, 2006

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 23.02.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 807

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

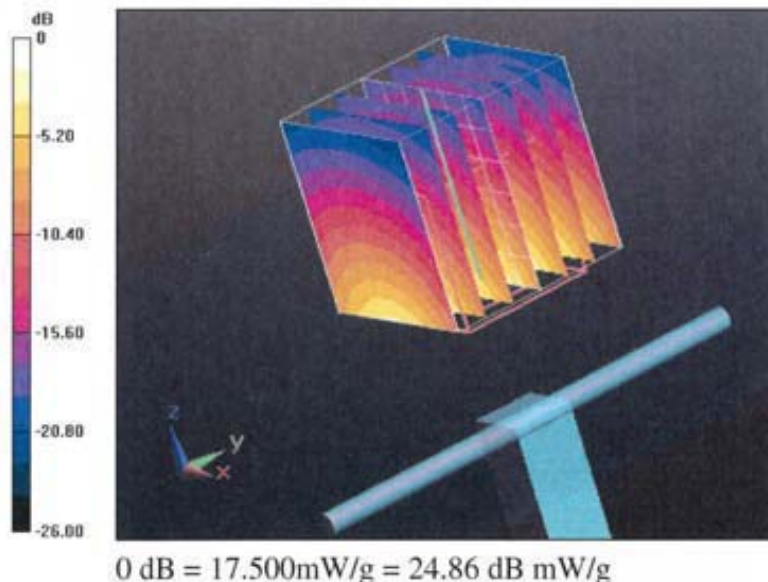
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

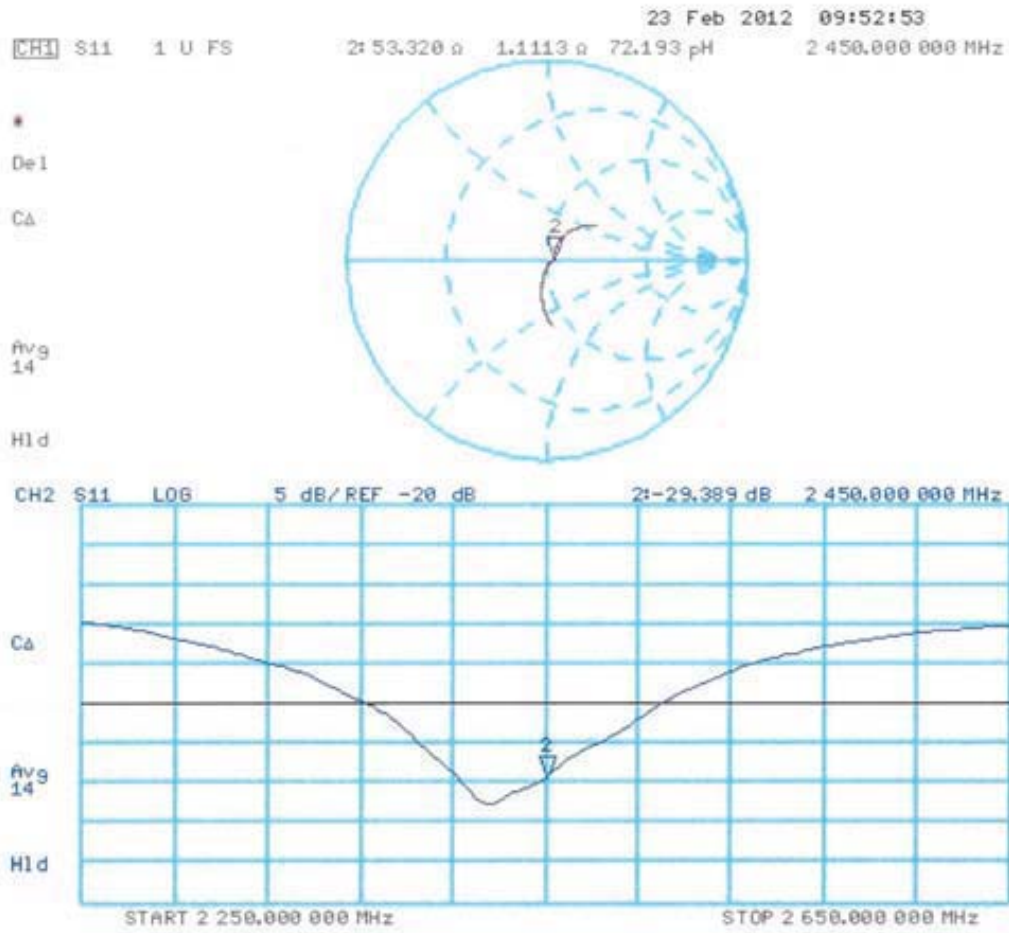
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.6750

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.500 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 807

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

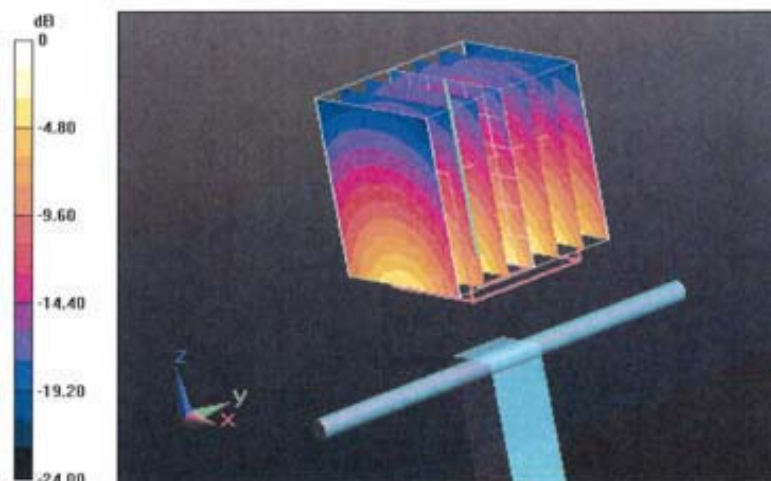
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.815 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.1870

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.95 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.868 mW/g



0 dB = 16.870mW/g = 24.54 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

