



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:
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 Gyeonggi-do, 443-742, Republic of Korea

Date of Testing:
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Test Site/Location:
 PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA
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 0Y1303210519.A3L

FCC ID: A3LGTI9200

APPLICANT: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS, CO. LTD.


DUT Type: Portable Handset
Application Type: Certification
FCC Rule Part(s): CFR §2.1093
Model(s): GT-I9200

Equipment Class	Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	Measured Conducted Power [dBm]	SAR		
				1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)
PCE	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	824.20 - 848.80 MHz	32.67	< 0.1	0.28	0.54
PCE	UMTS 850	826.40 - 846.60 MHz	22.81	< 0.1	0.24	0.24
PCE	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz	29.67	< 0.1	0.54	0.99
PCE	UMTS 1900	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz	22.94	< 0.1	0.53	0.53
DTS	2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	17.34	< 0.1	0.10	0.10
DTS	5.8 GHz WLAN	5745 - 5825 MHz	16.31	1.04	0.22	
NII	5.2 GHz WLAN	5180 - 5240 MHz	14.85	0.12	0.11	
NII	5.3 GHz WLAN	5260 - 5320 MHz	16.31	0.16	0.36	
NII	5.5 GHz WLAN	5500 - 5700 MHz	15.71	0.83	0.49	
DSS/DTS	Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz	9.91	N/A		
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r02:				1.09	1.02	1.09



Note: Powers in the above table represent output powers for the SAR test configurations and may not represent the highest output powers for all configurations for each mode.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in Section 1.8 of this report; for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.




 Randy Ortanez
 President



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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

1.1 Device Overview



Band & Mode	Operating Modes	Tx Frequency
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Voice/Data	824.20 - 848.80 MHz
UMTS 850	Voice/Data	826.40 - 846.60 MHz
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Voice/Data	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz
UMTS 1900	Voice/Data	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Data	2412 - 2462 MHz
5.8 GHz WLAN	Data	5745 - 5825 MHz
5.2 GHz WLAN	Data	5180 - 5240 MHz
5.3 GHz WLAN	Data	5260 - 5320 MHz
5.5 GHz WLAN	Data	5500 - 5700 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2402 - 2480 MHz
NFC	Data	13.56 MHz

1.2 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.

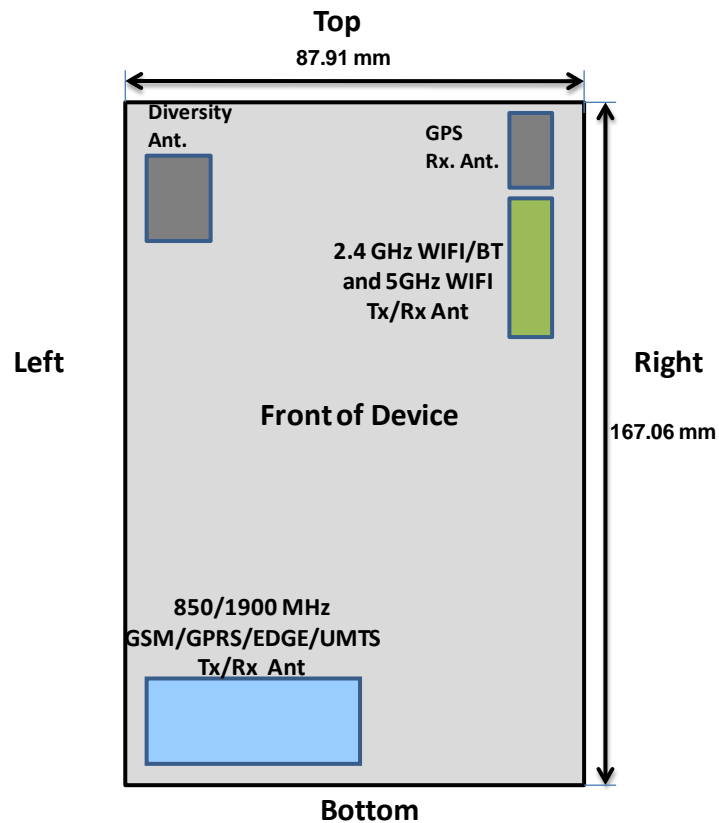
Mode / Band		Voice (dBm)	Burst Average GMSK (dBm)					Burst Average 8-PSK (dBm)			
			1 TX Slot	1 TX Slots	2 TX Slots	3 TX Slots	4 TX Slots	1 TX Slots	2 TX Slots	3 TX Slots	4 TX Slots
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Maximum	33.0	33.0	32.0	30.5	30.0	27.0	25.5	23.0	22.5	
	Nominal	32.5	32.5	31.5	30.0	29.5	26.5	25.0	22.5	22.0	
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Maximum	30.0	30.0	29.5	28.0	26.5	26.0	25.0	22.5	22.0	
	Nominal	29.5	29.5	29.0	27.5	26.0	25.5	24.5	22.0	21.5	

Mode / Band		Modulated Average		
		3GPP RMC	3GPP HSDPA	3GPP HSUPA
UMTS Band 5 (850 MHz)	Maximum	23.5	22.5	22.5
	Nominal	23.0	22.0	22.0
UMTS Band 2 (1900 MHz)	Maximum	23.5	22.5	22.5
	Nominal	23.0	22.0	22.0

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Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	18.0
	Nominal	17.5
IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	15.5
	Nominal	15.0
IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	15.5
	Nominal	15.0
IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz)	Maximum	16.5
	Nominal	16.0
IEEE 802.11n (5 GHz 20 MHz)	Maximum	16.5
	Nominal	16.0
IEEE 802.11n (5 GHz 40 MHz)	Maximum	16.0
	Nominal	15.5
IEEE 802.11ac (5 GHz)	Maximum	14.5
	Nominal	14.0
Bluetooth	Maximum	10.0
	Nominal	9.5

1.3 DUT Antenna Locations



Note: Exact antenna dimensions and separation distances are shown in the Technical Descriptions in the FCC Filing.

Figure 1-1
DUT Antenna Locations

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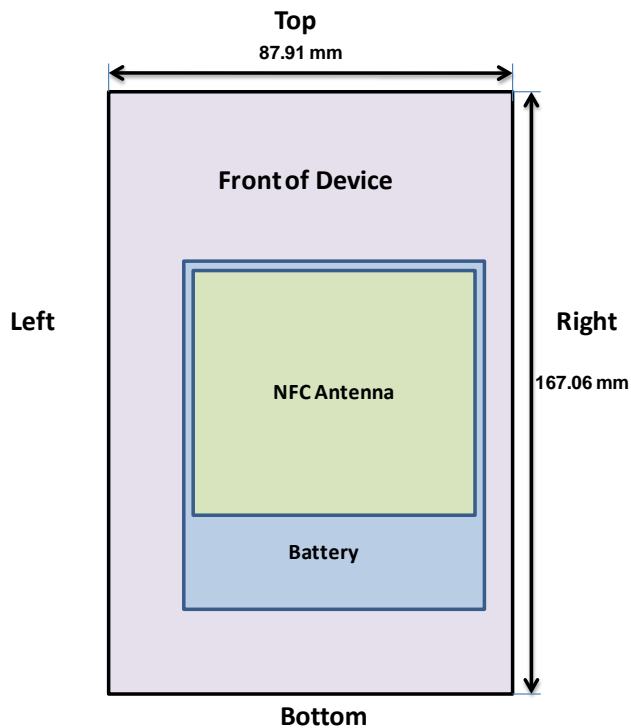
**Table 1-1
Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing**

Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
GPRS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
UMTS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
GPRS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
UMTS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No



Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01 guidance, page 2. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device. When the wireless router mode is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled. Therefore 5 GHz WIFI is not considered in this section.

1.4 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna

This DUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the standard battery. The SAR tests were performed with the standard battery (model: B700BE).



**Figure 1-2
NFC Antenna Locations**

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1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D05v01, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 3) procedures.

**Table 1-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios**

No.	Capable Transmit Configurations	Head	Body-Worn Accessory	Hotspot	Note
		IEEE 1528, Supplement C	Supplement C	FCC KDB 941225 D06 Edges/Sides	
1	GSM 850/1900 MHz Voice + Wifi 2.4 GHz	Yes	10 mm	N/A	
2	850/1900 MHz UMTS Voice + Wifi 2.4 GHz	Yes	10 mm	N/A	
3	850/1900 MHz GPRS/EDGE Data + Wifi 2.4 GHz	N/A	N/A	Yes	2G Hotspot
4	850/1900 MHz UMTS/HSPA Data + Wifi 2.4 GHz	Yes	10 mm	Yes	3G Hotspot
5	GSM 850/1900 MHz Voice + Wifi 5 GHz	Yes	10 mm	N/A	5 GHz Client only
6	850/1900 MHz UMTS Voice + Wifi 5 GHz	Yes	10 mm	N/A	5 GHz Client only
7	GSM 850/1900 MHz Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	10 mm	N/A	
8	850/1900 MHz UMTS Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	10 mm	N/A	
9	GSM 850/1900 MHz Data + WiFi 5 GHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by S/W
10	850/1900 MHz UMTS/HSPA Data + WiFi 5 GHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by S/W

Note:

1. Bluetooth, 2.4GHz WIFI and 5GHz WIFI cannot transmit simultaneously because they share the same transmission path.
2. Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is not expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Therefore, there are no new simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI direct.

1.6 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WIFI/BT



Since Wireless Router operations are not allowed by the chipset firmware using 5 GHz WIFI, only 2.4 GHz WIFI Hotspot SAR tests and combinations are considered for SAR with respect to Wireless Router configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v01.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required; $[(10/10) * \sqrt{2.441}] = 1.6 < 3.0$.

This device supports 20 MHz and 40 MHz Bandwidths for IEEE 802.11n for 5 GHz WIFI only. IEEE 802.11n was not evaluated for SAR since the average output power of 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidths was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power of IEEE 802.11a.

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This device supports IEEE 802.11ac with the following features:

- a) Up to 80 MHz bandwidth only
- b) No aggregate channel configurations
- c) 1 Tx antenna output
- d) 256 QAM is supported
- e) No new 5 GHz channels

Per October 2012 TCB workshop notes, SAR testing for 802.11ac testing was not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the output power of IEEE 802.11a mode.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01v02.

When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario.

1.7 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.



1.8 Guidance Applied

- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [June 2001]
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01-D06 (2G/3G and Hotspot)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01-D02 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)
- October 2012 TCB Workshop Notes (802.11ac)

1.9 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples were used with identical hardware to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

Mode/Band	Head Serial Number	Body-Worn Serial Number	Hotspot Serial Number
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	0061F	0061F	0061F
UMTS 850	0061F	00630	00630
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	0061F	0061F	0061F
UMTS 1900	0061F	0061F	0061F
2.4 GHz WLAN	00630	0061F	0061F
5 GHz WLAN	00630	0061F	-

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2 INTRODUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [24]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

2.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 2-1).

Equation 2-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$



SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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3 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

3.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 3-1).
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 3-1). On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASYS manual online for more details):
 - a. The data was extrapolated to the surface of the outer-shell of the phantom. The combined distance extrapolated was the combined distance from the center of the dipoles 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe housing plus the 1.2 mm distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot” condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

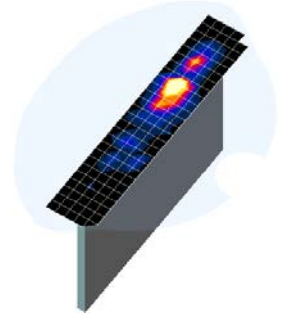




Figure 3-1
Sample SAR Area Scan

Table 3-1
Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan Resolution (mm) ($\Delta x_{\text{area}}, \Delta y_{\text{area}}$)	Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution (mm) ($\Delta x_{\text{zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{zoom}}$)	Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution (mm)			Minimum Zoom Scan Volume (mm) (x, y, z)
			Uniform Grid	Graded Grid		
			$\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n)$	$\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(1)^*$	$\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n>1)^*$	
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15	≤ 8	≤ 5	≤ 4	$\leq 1.5 * \Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n-1)$	≥ 30
2-3 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 5	≤ 4	$\leq 1.5 * \Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n-1)$	≥ 30
3-4 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	$\leq 1.5 * \Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n-1)$	≥ 28
4-5 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 2.5	$\leq 1.5 * \Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n-1)$	≥ 25
5-6 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 2	≤ 2	$\leq 1.5 * \Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n-1)$	≥ 22

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4 DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

4.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 4-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 4-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 4-1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

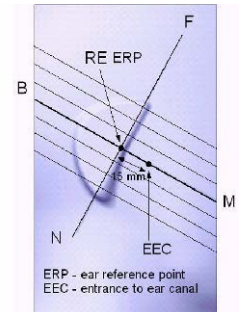


Figure 4-1
Close-Up Side view of ERP

4.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Figure 4-3). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 4-2
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

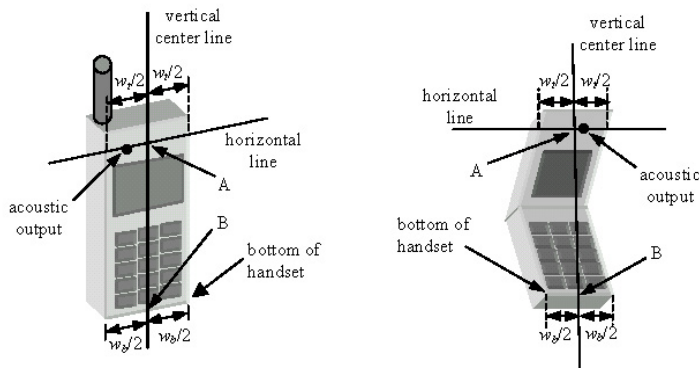


Figure 4-3
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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5 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

5.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

5.2 Positioning for Cheek

1. The test device was positioned with the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 5-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

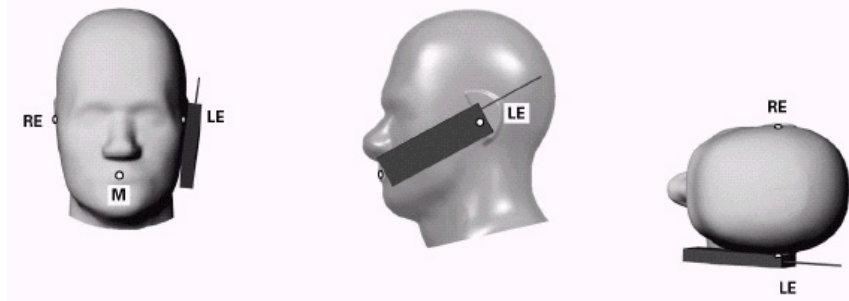




Figure 5-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the device contact with the ear, the device was rotated about the NF line until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 5-2).

5.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degrees.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the handset touched the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 5-2).

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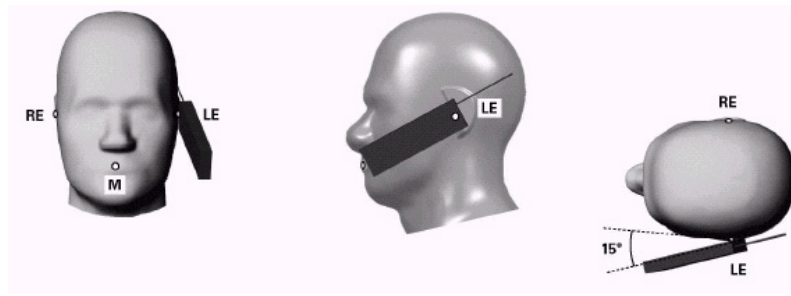


Figure 5-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

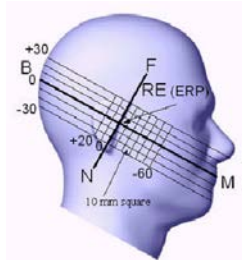


Figure 5-3 Side view w/ relevant markings

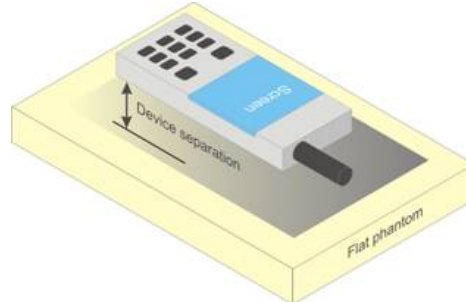


Figure 5-4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

5.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04_v01. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR location identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

The latest IEEE 1528 committee developments propose the usage of a tilted phantom when the antenna of the phone is mounted at the bottom or in all cases the peak absorption is in the chin region. Both SAM heads of the TwinSAM-Chin20 are rotated 20 degrees around the NF line. Each head can be removed individually from the table for emptying and cleaning.

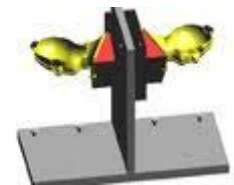




Figure 5-5 Twin SAM Chin20

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5.5 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 5-4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04_v01, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01_v05 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

5.6 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9$ cm \times 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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6 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.



6.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 6-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
Peak Spatial Average SAR Head	1.6	8.0
Whole Body SAR	0.08	0.4
Peak Spatial Average SAR Hands, Feet, Ankle, Wrists, etc.	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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7 FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

7.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as *reported* SAR. The highest *reported* SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r02.

7.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

7.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS



7.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

7.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a

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3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

7.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

7.3.4 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA



Body SAR for HSDPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC mode for that RF channel.

The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of $\beta_c=9$ and $\beta_d=15$, and power offset parameters of $\Delta_{ACK} = \Delta_{NACK} = 5$ and $\Delta_{CQI}=2$ is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.

7.3.5 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA

Body SAR for HSUPA is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for the body exposure configuration produced highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel, using the additional procedures under "Release 6 HSPA data devices"

Head SAR for VOIP operations under HSPA is not required when maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured using 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise SAR is measured using same HSPA configuration as used for body SAR.

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Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{d1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{d2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{15} = \beta_{15}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{15} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{15}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

7.4 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 for more details.

7.4.1 General Device Setup



Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

7.4.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [27]

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. 802.11g/n modes and higher data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

For 5 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel across the default test channels at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. When the adjacent channels are higher in power than the default channels, these "required channels" were considered instead of the default channels for SAR testing. 802.11n/ac modes and higher data rates for 802.11a were evaluated only if the respective mode was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11a mode.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg or if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the band.

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8 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

8.1 GSM Conducted Powers

		Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
GSM 850	128	32.59	32.29	31.61	30.50	29.28	26.67	24.95	22.24	21.85
	190	32.67	32.55	31.73	30.44	29.65	26.87	25.27	22.51	22.10
	251	32.55	32.51	31.66	30.48	29.67	26.97	25.39	22.52	22.00
GSM 1900	512	29.51	29.62	29.07	27.64	26.34	25.93	24.77	22.10	21.54
	661	29.67	29.76	28.88	27.66	26.26	25.82	24.73	22.06	21.50
	810	29.54	29.60	29.00	27.53	26.24	25.90	24.75	22.12	21.51

		Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
GSM 850	128	23.56	23.26	25.59	26.24	26.27	17.64	18.93	17.98	18.84
	190	23.64	23.52	25.71	26.18	26.64	17.84	19.25	18.25	19.09
	251	23.52	23.48	25.64	26.22	26.66	17.94	19.37	18.26	18.99
GSM 1900	512	20.48	20.59	23.05	23.38	23.33	16.90	18.75	17.84	18.53
	661	20.64	20.73	22.86	23.40	23.25	16.79	18.71	17.80	18.49
	810	20.51	20.57	22.98	23.27	23.23	16.87	18.73	17.86	18.50



Note:

1. Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
2. The bolded GPRS modes were selected for SAR testing according to the highest frame-averaged output power table according to KDB 941225 D03v01.
3. GPRS/EDGE (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
4. EDGE (8-PSK) output powers were measured with MCS7 on the base station simulator. MCS7 coding scheme was used to measure the output powers for EDGE since investigation has shown that choosing MCS7 coding scheme will ensure 8-PSK modulation. It has been shown that MCS levels that produce 8PSK modulation do not have an impact on output power.
5. This device does not support evolved EDGE (eEDGE)

GSM Class: B
GPRS Multislot class: 33 (Max 4 Tx uplink slots)
EDGE Multislot class: 33 (Max 4 Tx uplink slots)
DTM Multislot Class: N/A



Figure 8-1
Power Measurement Setup

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8.2 UMTS Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band [dBm]			PCS Band [dBm]			3GPP MPR [dB]
			4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	22.86	22.81	23.22	23.25	22.94	23.03	-
99		12.2 kbps AMR	22.91	22.73	23.17	23.15	22.91	23.00	-
6	HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.87	21.82	22.21	21.92	21.63	21.90	0
6		Subtest 2	21.86	21.77	22.32	21.96	21.83	21.89	0
6		Subtest 3	21.37	21.29	21.71	21.39	21.27	21.42	0.5
6		Subtest 4	21.44	21.35	21.76	21.40	21.27	21.47	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.57	21.85	22.20	21.86	21.64	21.99	0
6		Subtest 2	20.88	20.71	20.73	20.73	20.84	20.88	2
6		Subtest 3	20.66	20.86	21.25	21.03	20.84	21.09	1
6		Subtest 4	21.07	20.82	21.08	21.18	21.00	20.92	2
6		Subtest 5	21.23	21.78	21.87	21.73	21.44	22.02	0

UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

This device does not support DC-HSDPA.

It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSUPA subtests may be up to 1 dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0 dB according to the chipset implementation in this model.



Figure 8-2
Power Measurement Setup

8.3 WLAN Conducted Powers

Table 8-1
IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11b (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]			
			Data Rate [Mbps]			
			1	2	5.5	11
802.11b	2412	1*	17.28	17.25	17.27	17.29
802.11b	2437	6*	17.34	17.20	17.41	17.51
802.11b	2462	11*	17.20	17.17	17.23	17.26

Table 8-2
IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11g (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11g	2412	1	14.47	14.64	14.70	14.39	14.64	14.49	14.43	14.45
802.11g	2437	6	15.27	15.26	15.24	14.59	14.81	15.16	14.73	14.63
802.11g	2462	11	14.60	14.72	14.77	14.50	14.72	14.53	14.49	14.55

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**Table 8-3
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power**



Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11n (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6.5	13	20	26	39	52	58	65
802.11n	2412	1	14.72	14.70	14.64	14.58	14.59	14.50	14.64	14.52
802.11n	2437	6	14.78	15.09	14.92	14.69	14.99	14.58	14.66	14.63
802.11n	2462	11	14.74	14.73	14.70	14.68	14.63	14.67	14.71	14.59

**Table 8-4
IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11a (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11a	5180	36*	14.78	14.78	14.91	14.93	14.95	14.90	14.91	14.82
802.11a	5200	40	14.85	14.70	14.67	14.78	14.58	14.64	14.56	14.57
802.11a	5220	44	14.49	14.50	14.48	14.59	14.46	14.46	14.36	14.32
802.11a	5240	48*	14.61	14.69	14.60	14.62	14.55	14.66	14.55	14.40
802.11a	5260	52*	15.66	15.88	15.61	15.63	15.78	15.68	15.61	15.80
802.11a	5280	56	15.74	15.57	15.65	15.73	15.52	15.72	15.68	15.57
802.11a	5300	60	16.16	16.17	16.32	16.26	16.12	16.12	16.16	16.25
802.11a	5320	64*	16.31	16.36	16.16	16.26	16.28	16.20	16.28	16.23
802.11a	5500	100	15.71	15.66	15.80	15.77	15.63	15.69	15.48	15.60
802.11a	5520	104*	15.27	15.01	15.01	15.03	14.96	14.93	15.06	14.85
802.11a	5540	108	14.45	14.47	14.39	14.34	14.33	14.38	14.26	14.24
802.11a	5560	112	15.25	15.33	15.21	15.23	15.13	15.24	15.13	15.20
802.11a	5580	116*	14.83	14.78	14.74	14.59	14.71	14.67	14.75	14.77
802.11a	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5620	124*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5660	132	14.91	14.78	14.82	14.80	14.79	14.85	14.66	14.73
802.11a	5680	136*	14.80	14.86	14.85	14.92	14.70	14.75	14.65	14.64
802.11a	5700	140	14.62	14.81	14.71	14.78	14.56	14.69	14.69	14.56
802.11a	5745	149*	16.31	16.08	16.15	16.24	16.07	16.03	16.06	16.03
802.11a	5765	153	15.71	15.74	15.70	15.69	15.66	15.66	15.44	15.67
802.11a	5785	157*	15.56	15.66	15.64	15.61	15.53	15.64	15.62	15.49
802.11a	5805	161*	16.15	16.03	16.10	16.05	16.01	15.98	16.07	16.03
802.11a	5825	165	15.70	15.71	15.75	15.72	15.63	15.56	15.62	15.65

Per FCC KDB Publication 443999 and RSS-210 A9.2(3), transmission on channels which overlap the 5600-5650 MHz is prohibited as a client. This device does not transmit any beacons or initiate any transmissions in 5.3 and 5.5 GHz Band.

(*) – indicates default channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02. When the adjacent channels are higher in power then the default channels, these “required channels” are considered for SAR testing instead of the default channels.

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**Table 8-5
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power – 20 MHz Bandwidth**



Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	20MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6.5	13	20	26	39	52	58	65
802.11n	5180	36	14.76	14.76	14.75	14.78	14.77	14.74	14.73	14.80
802.11n	5200	40	14.67	14.71	14.70	14.60	14.65	14.55	14.46	14.56
802.11n	5220	44	14.26	14.29	14.26	14.30	14.18	14.33	14.27	14.37
802.11n	5240	48	14.55	14.39	14.53	14.43	14.50	14.34	14.41	14.43
802.11n	5260	52	15.81	15.78	15.72	15.70	15.87	15.67	15.59	15.63
802.11n	5280	56	15.70	15.57	15.85	15.62	15.56	15.57	15.57	15.65
802.11n	5300	60	16.21	16.23	16.13	16.19	16.20	16.13	16.12	16.06
802.11n	5320	64	16.32	16.29	16.24	16.21	16.26	16.30	16.31	16.28
802.11n	5500	100	15.68	15.65	15.56	15.57	15.62	15.53	15.61	15.54
802.11n	5520	104	15.08	15.03	15.08	14.97	15.01	15.04	15.01	15.06
802.11n	5540	108	15.78	15.77	15.78	15.73	15.72	15.73	15.60	15.68
802.11n	5560	112	15.17	15.13	15.15	14.93	15.05	15.09	15.15	15.03
802.11n	5580	116	14.68	14.66	14.70	14.70	14.67	14.63	14.57	14.58
802.11n	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5660	132	14.79	14.75	14.66	14.70	14.68	14.63	14.64	14.75
802.11n	5680	136	14.57	14.51	14.60	14.58	14.46	14.61	14.44	14.59
802.11n	5700	140	14.47	14.48	14.52	14.48	14.37	14.35	14.37	14.35
802.11n	5745	149	16.35	16.33	16.18	16.14	16.25	16.09	16.19	16.10
802.11n	5765	153	15.67	15.65	15.47	15.69	15.52	15.51	15.66	15.74
802.11n	5785	157	15.74	15.70	15.66	15.47	15.56	15.70	15.56	15.52
802.11n	5805	161	16.23	16.18	16.02	16.23	16.30	16.07	16.11	16.08
802.11n	5825	165	15.86	15.97	15.71	15.70	15.88	15.92	15.94	15.80

**Table 8-6
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power – 40 MHz Bandwidth**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			13.5/15	27/30	40.5/45	54/60	81/90	108/120	121.5/135	135/150
802.11n	5190	38	14.46	14.53	14.43	14.48	14.43	14.32	14.32	14.31
802.11n	5230	46	14.34	14.41	14.40	14.18	14.30	14.22	14.36	14.14
802.11n	5270	54	14.80	14.99	14.86	14.86	14.88	14.85	14.87	14.82
802.11n	5310	62	14.79	14.84	14.88	14.82	14.75	14.61	14.59	14.60
802.11n	5510	102	14.71	14.68	14.51	14.61	14.54	14.63	14.39	14.71
802.11n	5550	110	13.99	14.19	14.17	14.19	14.19	14.23	13.97	14.10
802.11n	5590	118	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5630	126	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5670	134	13.98	14.52	14.45	14.43	14.45	14.38	14.38	14.45
802.11n	5755	151	15.74	15.93	15.67	15.14	15.21	15.26	15.01	15.20
802.11n	5795	159	15.18	15.32	15.23	15.38	15.14	15.02	15.19	15.21

**Table 8-7
IEEE 802.11ac Average RF Power – 80 MHz Bandwidth**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	80MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]									
			Data Rate [Mbps]									
			29.3/32.5	58.5/65	87.8/97.5	117/130	175.5/195	234/260	263.3/292.5	292.5/325	351/390	390/433.3
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9
802.11ac	5210	42	13.64	13.80	13.56	13.42	13.91	13.50	13.36	13.19	13.49	13.44
802.11ac	5290	58	13.66	13.97	13.63	13.84	13.62	13.64	13.53	13.73	13.55	13.98
802.11ac	5530	106	14.17	14.04	13.92	13.95	14.18	13.66	13.88	13.83	13.82	13.84
802.11ac	5775	155	13.86	13.68	13.93	13.94	13.91	13.79	13.62	13.90	13.68	13.70



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Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- For 2.4 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- For 5 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11a were selected for SAR evaluation. Higher data rates for 802.11a and 802.11n 20 MHz and 40 MHz, and 802.11ac were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.
- The average output powers for 802.11ac -20MHz (VHT20) and 802.11ac - 40 MHz (VHT40) modes are equivalent to the 802.11n - 20 MHz (HT20) and 802.11n -40MHz (HT40). Therefore, no additional measurements were required for the lower bandwidths for 802.11ac.



Figure 8-3
Power Measurement Setup

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9 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

9.1 Tissue Verification

**Table 9-1
Measured Tissue Properties**

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (C°)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	TARGET Conductivity, σ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
03/23/2013	835H	22.3	820	0.911	42.008	0.898	41.571	1.45%	1.05%
			835	0.926	41.670	0.900	41.500	2.89%	0.41%
			850	0.938	41.578	0.916	41.500	2.40%	0.19%
03/24/2013	1900H	22.3	1850	1.386	39.403	1.400	40.000	-1.00%	-1.49%
			1880	1.420	39.263	1.400	40.000	1.43%	-1.84%
			1910	1.451	39.165	1.400	40.000	3.64%	-2.09%
03/29/2013	2450H	22.0	2401	1.780	38.439	1.758	39.298	1.25%	-2.19%
			2450	1.838	38.242	1.800	39.200	2.11%	-2.44%
			2499	1.894	38.079	1.852	39.135	2.27%	-2.70%
04/01/2013	5200 - 5800H	21.2	5200	4.470	35.265	4.660	36.000	-4.08%	-2.04%
			5300	4.578	35.152	4.760	35.900	-3.82%	-2.08%
			5320	4.597	35.104	4.780	35.880	-3.83%	-2.16%
			5500	4.762	34.820	4.965	35.650	-4.09%	-2.33%
			5560	4.831	34.786	5.028	35.560	-3.92%	-2.18%
			5600	4.861	34.696	5.070	35.500	-4.12%	-2.26%
			5660	4.917	34.670	5.130	35.440	-4.15%	-2.17%
			5745	5.015	34.491	5.215	35.355	-3.84%	-2.44%
			5765	5.042	34.509	5.235	35.335	-3.69%	-2.34%
			5800	5.083	34.475	5.270	35.300	-3.55%	-2.34%
03/20/2013	835B	22.9	820	0.970	53.318	0.969	55.258	0.10%	-3.51%
			835	0.984	53.043	0.970	55.200	1.44%	-3.91%
			850	0.996	52.989	0.988	55.154	0.81%	-3.93%
03/23/2013	835B	23.1	820	0.993	52.795	0.969	55.258	2.48%	-4.46%
			835	1.006	52.688	0.970	55.200	3.71%	-4.55%
			850	1.021	52.575	0.988	55.154	3.34%	-4.68%
03/22/2013	1900B	22.9	1850	1.489	52.575	1.520	53.300	-2.04%	-1.36%
			1880	1.526	52.485	1.520	53.300	0.39%	-1.53%
			1910	1.563	52.342	1.520	53.300	2.83%	-1.80%
03/27/2013	1900B	22.1	1850	1.448	52.445	1.520	53.300	-4.74%	-1.60%
			1880	1.479	52.388	1.520	53.300	-2.70%	-1.71%
			1910	1.507	52.241	1.520	53.300	-0.86%	-1.99%
03/29/2013	2450B	22.1	2401	1.978	52.805	1.903	52.765	3.94%	0.08%
			2450	2.044	52.613	1.950	52.700	4.82%	-0.17%
			2499	2.118	52.333	2.019	52.638	4.90%	-0.58%
04/01/2013	5200 - 5800B	24.1	5200	5.252	48.233	5.299	49.014	-0.89%	-1.59%
			5300	5.380	48.024	5.416	48.851	-0.66%	-1.69%
			5320	5.405	47.974	5.439	48.607	-0.63%	-1.30%
			5500	5.669	47.593	5.650	48.580	0.34%	-2.03%
			5745	6.047	47.018	5.936	48.248	1.87%	-2.55%
			5800	6.124	46.860	6.000	48.200	2.07%	-2.78%

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per IEEE 1528 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

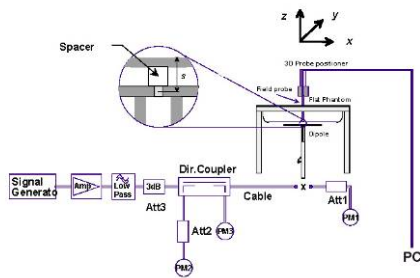
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9.2 Test System Verification

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to $\pm 10\%$ of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in Appendix E.

**Table 9-2
System Verification Results**

System Verification TARGET & MEASURED											
Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
835	HEAD	03/23/2013	23.9	22.8	0.100	4d026	3287	0.917	9.390	9.170	-2.34%
1900	HEAD	03/24/2013	24.1	23.7	0.100	5d141	3022	4.090	39.800	40.900	2.76%
2450	HEAD	03/29/2013	24.1	23.2	0.100	797	3209	5.400	52.500	54.000	2.86%
5200	HEAD	04/01/2013	23.7	22.1	0.100	1120	3920	7.950	76.000	79.500	4.61%
5300	HEAD	04/01/2013	23.9	22.1	0.100	1120	3920	8.370	78.700	83.700	6.35%
5500	HEAD	04/01/2013	24.1	22.2	0.100	1120	3920	8.160	80.100	81.600	1.87%
5600	HEAD	04/01/2013	24.3	22.4	0.100	1120	3920	8.240	79.900	82.400	3.13%
5800	HEAD	04/01/2013	24.2	22.4	0.100	1120	3920	7.470	74.900	74.700	-0.27%
835	BODY	03/20/2013	23.9	23.3	0.100	4d119	3287	0.983	9.560	9.830	2.82%
835	BODY	03/23/2013	23.5	22.7	0.100	4d026	3287	1.020	9.580	10.200	6.47%
1900	BODY	03/22/2013	23.4	22.1	0.100	5d148	3213	4.080	40.800	40.800	0.00%
1900	BODY	03/27/2013	22.4	21.1	0.100	5d148	3288	3.800	40.800	38.000	-6.86%
2450	BODY	03/29/2013	24.3	23.2	0.100	797	3209	5.360	49.600	53.600	8.06%
5200	BODY	04/01/2013	24.3	23.2	0.100	1057	3589	7.410	75.500	74.100	-1.85%
5300	BODY	04/01/2013	24.3	23.2	0.100	1057	3589	7.220	75.300	72.200	-4.12%
5500	BODY	04/01/2013	24.3	23.2	0.100	1057	3589	8.070	80.800	80.700	-0.12%
5800	BODY	04/01/2013	24.4	23.3	0.100	1057	3589	7.490	75.100	74.900	-0.27%



**Figure 9-1
System Verification Setup Diagram**



**Figure 9-2
System Verification Setup Photo**

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10 SAR DATA SUMMARY

10.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

Table 10-1
GSM 850 Head SAR



MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.0	32.67	0.04	Right	Cheek	0061F	1:8.3	0.079	1.079	0.085	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.0	32.67	-0.03	Right	Tilt	0061F	1:8.3	0.041	1.079	0.044	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.0	32.67	0.10	Left	Cheek	0061F	1:8.3	0.080	1.079	0.086	A1
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.0	32.67	-0.02	Left	Tilt	0061F	1:8.3	0.038	1.079	0.041	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 10-2
UMTS 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.5	22.81	0.00	Right	Cheek	0061F	1:1	0.054	1.172	0.063	A2
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.5	22.81	0.06	Right	Tilt	0061F	1:1	0.029	1.172	0.034	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.5	22.81	0.11	Left	Cheek	0061F	1:1	0.039	1.172	0.046	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.5	22.81	0.05	Left	Tilt	0061F	1:1	0.019	1.172	0.022	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 10-3
GSM 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.0	29.67	0.03	Right	Cheek	0061F	1:8.3	0.032	1.079	0.035	A3
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.0	29.67	0.18	Right	Tilt	0061F	1:8.3	0.024	1.079	0.026	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.0	29.67	0.09	Left	Cheek	0061F	1:8.3	0.029	1.079	0.031	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.0	29.67	-0.06	Left	Tilt	0061F	1:8.3	0.020	1.079	0.022	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

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**Table 10-4
UMTS 1900 Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.94	0.04	Right	Cheek	0061F	1:1	0.019	1.138	0.022	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.94	-0.01	Right	Tilt	0061F	1:1	0.016	1.138	0.018	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.94	-0.13	Left	Cheek	0061F	1:1	0.025	1.138	0.028	A4
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.94	0.04	Left	Tilt	0061F	1:1	0.020	1.138	0.023	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

**Table 10-5
DTS Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	18.0	17.34	0.10	Right	Cheek	00630	1	1:1	0.009	1.164	0.010	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	18.0	17.34	0.12	Right	Tilt	00630	1	1:1	0.008	1.164	0.009	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	18.0	17.34	0.04	Left	Cheek	00630	1	1:1	0.036	1.164	0.042	A5
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	18.0	17.34	0.19	Left	Tilt	00630	1	1:1	0.017	1.164	0.020	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.31	0.02	Right	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.303	1.045	0.317	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.31	-0.04	Right	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.396	1.045	0.414	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.31	0.08	Left	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.734	1.045	0.767	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	15.71	0.20	Left	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.699	1.199	0.838	
5805	161	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.15	0.11	Left	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.573	1.084	0.621	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.31	0.02	Left	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.780	1.045	0.815	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	15.71	0.10	Left	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.871	1.199	1.044	A6
5805	161	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.15	0.05	Left	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.849	1.084	0.920	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	15.71	0.03	Left	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.797	1.199	0.956	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Note: Blue entry represents variability measurement data.

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**Table 10-6
NII Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.														
5200	40	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	14.85	0.06	Right	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.030	1.462	0.044	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	14.85	0.04	Right	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.044	1.462	0.064	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	14.85	0.02	Left	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.060	1.462	0.088	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	14.85	0.11	Left	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.083	1.462	0.121	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.31	0.06	Right	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.055	1.045	0.057	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.31	0.06	Right	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.058	1.045	0.061	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.31	-0.06	Left	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.067	1.045	0.070	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.31	0.03	Left	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.149	1.045	0.156	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	15.71	-0.04	Right	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.166	1.199	0.199	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	15.71	0.06	Right	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.162	1.199	0.194	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	15.71	-0.01	Left	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.410	1.199	0.492	
5560	112	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	15.25	0.17	Left	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.407	1.334	0.543	
5660	132	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	14.91	0.05	Left	Cheek	00630	6	1:1	0.498	1.442	0.718	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	15.71	0.19	Left	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.365	1.199	0.438	
5560	112	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	15.25	0.11	Left	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.442	1.334	0.590	
5660	132	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	14.91	0.03	Left	Tilt	00630	6	1:1	0.578	1.442	0.833	A7
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							



10.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data

**Table 10-7
GSM/UMTS Body-Worn SAR Data**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.														
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.0	32.67	-0.21	10 mm	0061F	1	1:8.3	back	0.258	1.079	0.278	A8
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.5	22.81	-0.05	10 mm	00630	N/A	1:1	back	0.203	1.172	0.238	A10
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.0	29.67	-0.03	10 mm	0061F	1	1:8.3	back	0.496	1.079	0.535	A11
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.94	-0.04	10 mm	0061F	N/A	1:1	back	0.467	1.138	0.531	A13
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

**Table 10-8
DTS Body-Worn SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.														
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	18.0	17.34	0.05	10 mm	0061F	1	back	1:1	0.089	1.164	0.104	A14
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.31	-0.17	10 mm	0061F	6	back	1:1	0.211	1.045	0.220	A15
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

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**Table 10-9
NII Body-Worn SAR**



MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.														
5200	40	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	14.85	0.07	10 mm	0061F	6	back	1:1	0.075	1.462	0.110	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	16.31	0.02	10 mm	0061F	6	back	1:1	0.346	1.045	0.362	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	16.5	15.71	0.11	10 mm	0061F	6	back	1:1	0.406	1.199	0.487	A16
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

10.3 Standalone Wireless Router SAR Data

**Table 10-10
GPRS/UMTS Hotspot SAR Data**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of GPRS Slots	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.														
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.0	29.65	-0.05	10 mm	0061F	4	1:2.076	back	0.496	1.084	0.538	A9
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.0	29.65	0.03	10 mm	0061F	4	1:2.076	front	0.254	1.084	0.275	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.0	29.65	-0.01	10 mm	0061F	4	1:2.076	bottom	0.316	1.084	0.343	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.0	29.65	-0.06	10 mm	0061F	4	1:2.076	left	0.216	1.084	0.234	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.5	22.81	-0.05	10 mm	00630	N/A	1:1	back	0.203	1.172	0.238	A10
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.5	22.81	-0.09	10 mm	00630	N/A	1:1	front	0.108	1.172	0.127	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.5	22.81	0.03	10 mm	00630	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.135	1.172	0.158	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.5	22.81	0.00	10 mm	00630	N/A	1:1	left	0.092	1.172	0.108	
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.0	27.64	-0.02	10 mm	0061F	3	1:2.76	back	0.882	1.086	0.958	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.0	27.66	0.07	10 mm	0061F	3	1:2.76	back	0.912	1.081	0.986	A12
1909.80	810	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.0	27.53	-0.03	10 mm	0061F	3	1:2.76	back	0.801	1.114	0.892	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.0	27.66	-0.02	10 mm	0061F	3	1:2.76	front	0.454	1.081	0.491	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.0	27.66	0.00	10 mm	0061F	3	1:2.76	bottom	0.635	1.081	0.686	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.0	27.66	0.05	10 mm	0061F	3	1:2.76	left	0.094	1.081	0.102	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.0	27.66	-0.09	10 mm	0061F	3	1:2.76	back	0.857	1.081	0.926	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.94	-0.04	10 mm	0061F	N/A	1:1	back	0.467	1.138	0.531	A13
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.94	-0.09	10 mm	0061F	N/A	1:1	front	0.276	1.138	0.314	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.94	0.06	10 mm	0061F	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.351	1.138	0.399	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.94	-0.10	10 mm	0061F	N/A	1:1	left	0.050	1.138	0.057	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Note: Blue entry represents variability measurement data.

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**Table 10-11
WLAN Hotspot SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	18.0	17.34	0.05	10 mm	0061F	1	back	1:1	0.089	1.164	0.104	A14
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	18.0	17.34	0.06	10 mm	0061F	1	front	1:1	0.011	1.164	0.013	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	18.0	17.34	0.02	10 mm	0061F	1	top	1:1	0.007	1.164	0.008	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	18.0	17.34	0.13	10 mm	0061F	1	right	1:1	0.031	1.164	0.036	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								



10.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001] and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery with NFC Antenna was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
8. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than 0.8 W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see Section 12 for variability analysis.
9. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 5.6 for more details).

GSM Test Notes:

1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
2. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03v01: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. The multi-slot configuration with the highest frame averaged output power was evaluated for SAR.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.



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UMTS Notes:

1. UMTS mode in Body SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

WLAN Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
2. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 5 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. Higher data rates for 802.11a and 802.11n 20 MHz and 40 MHz, and 802.11ac were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
3. When Hotspot is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled. Therefore no 5 GHz WIFI Wireless Router SAR Data was required.
4. WIFI transmission was verified using an uncalibrated spectrum analyzer.
5. Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is >1.6 W/kg or the reported 1g averaged SAR is >0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels was required.

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11 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

11.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11a/b/g/n/ac and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

11.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 IV.C.1.iii, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 4.3.2 2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

**Table 11-1
Estimated SAR**



Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2441	10.00	10	0.208

Note: Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission.

11.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

**Table 11-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Held to Ear)**

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.085	0.010	0.095	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.063	0.010	0.073
	Right Tilt	0.044	0.009	0.053		Right Tilt	0.034	0.009	0.043
	Left Cheek	0.086	0.042	0.128		Left Cheek	0.046	0.042	0.088
	Left Tilt	0.041	0.020	0.061		Left Tilt	0.022	0.020	0.042
Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.035	0.010	0.045	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.022	0.010	0.032
	Right Tilt	0.026	0.009	0.035		Right Tilt	0.018	0.009	0.027
	Left Cheek	0.031	0.042	0.073		Left Cheek	0.028	0.042	0.070
	Left Tilt	0.022	0.020	0.042		Left Tilt	0.023	0.020	0.043

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**Table 11-3
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN (Held to Ear)**

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.085	0.317	0.402	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.063	0.317	0.380
	Right Tilt	0.044	0.414	0.458		Right Tilt	0.034	0.414	0.448
	Left Cheek	0.086	0.838	0.924		Left Cheek	0.046	0.838	0.884
	Left Tilt	0.041	1.044	1.085		Left Tilt	0.022	1.044	1.066
Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.035	0.317	0.352	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.022	0.317	0.339
	Right Tilt	0.026	0.414	0.440		Right Tilt	0.018	0.414	0.432
	Left Cheek	0.031	0.838	0.869		Left Cheek	0.028	0.838	0.866
	Left Tilt	0.022	1.044	1.066		Left Tilt	0.023	1.044	1.067

11.4 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

**Table 11-4
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)**

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.278	0.104	0.382
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.238	0.104	0.342
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.535	0.104	0.639
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.531	0.104	0.635



**Table 11-5
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)**

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.278	0.487	0.765
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.238	0.487	0.725
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.535	0.487	1.022
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.531	0.487	1.018

**Table 11-6
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 10 mm)**

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.278	0.208	0.486
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.238	0.208	0.446
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.535	0.208	0.743
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.531	0.208	0.739

Note: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

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11.5 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis



Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01, the devices edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR (“-”).

Table 11-7
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot at 1.0 cm)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.538	0.104	0.642	Body SAR	Back	0.238	0.104	0.342
	Front	0.275	0.013	0.288		Front	0.127	0.013	0.140
	Top	-	0.008	0.008		Top	-	0.008	0.008
	Bottom	0.343	-	0.343		Bottom	0.158	-	0.158
	Right	-	0.036	0.036		Right	-	0.036	0.036
	Left	0.234	-	0.234		Left	0.108	-	0.108
Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.986	0.104	1.090	Body SAR	Back	0.531	0.104	0.635
	Front	0.491	0.013	0.504		Front	0.314	0.013	0.327
	Top	-	0.008	0.008		Top	-	0.008	0.008
	Bottom	0.686	-	0.686		Bottom	0.399	-	0.399
	Right	-	0.036	0.036		Right	-	0.036	0.036
	Left	0.102	-	0.102		Left	0.057	-	0.057

11.6 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.

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12 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

12.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

**Table 12-1
Head SAR Measurement Variability Results**



HEAD VARIABILITY RESULTS														
Band	FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Side	Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio
	MHz	Ch.						(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
5800	5765.00	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	Left	Tilt	6	0.871	0.797	1.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

**Table 12-2
Body SAR Measurement Variability Results**

BODY VARIABILITY RESULTS														
Band	FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	# of Time Slots	Side	Spacing	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio
	MHz	Ch.						(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1900	1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	3	back	10 mm	0.912	0.857	1.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

12.2 Measurement Uncertainty



The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2003 was not required.

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13 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	4/4/2012	Annual	4/4/2013	JP38020182
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	4/3/2012	Annual	4/3/2013	US37390350
Agilent	8594A	(9kHz-2.9GHz) Spectrum Analyzer	N/A	N/A	N/A	3051A00187
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	10/10/2012	Annual	10/10/2013	3613A00315
Agilent	85070E	Dielectric Probe Kit	2/14/2013	Annual	2/14/2014	MY44300633
Agilent	8648D	Signal Generator	4/3/2012	Annual	4/3/2013	3629U00687
Agilent	85047A	S-Parameter Test Set	N/A	N/A	N/A	2904A00579
Agilent	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	12/7/2012	Annual	12/7/2013	1244512
Agilent	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	12/6/2012	Annual	12/6/2013	1248508
Amplifier Research	5S1G4	5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	21910
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	2/14/2013	Annual	2/14/2014	1190013
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	2/14/2013	Annual	2/14/2014	98150041
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/14/2013	Annual	2/14/2014	5318
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/14/2013	Annual	2/14/2014	5821
Anritsu	MT8820C	Radio Communication Tester	11/6/2012	Annual	11/6/2013	6200901190
Anritsu	MA2481D	Universal Sensor	12/17/2012	Annual	12/17/2013	1204419
Anritsu	MA2481D	Universal Sensor	12/17/2012	Annual	12/17/2013	1204343
COMTECH	AR85729-5/5759B	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M3W1A00-1002
COMTECH	AR85729-5	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M155A00-009
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	10/10/2012	Annual	10/10/2013	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	10/10/2012	Annual	10/10/2013	8650319
Intelligent Weighing	PD-3000	Electronic Balance	6/29/2012	Annual	6/29/2013	120405017
MCL	BW-N6W5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1139
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	R8979500903
MiniCircuits	VL-6000+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
MiniCircuits	VL-6000+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1226
Narda	4014C-6	4 - 8 GHz SMA 6 dB Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Narda	4772-3	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	9406
Narda	BW-S3W2	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	120
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	5/22/2012	Annual	5/22/2013	109892
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	10/12/2012	Biennial	10/12/2014	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Wideband Radio Communications Tester	2/8/2013	Annual	2/8/2014	101699
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Wideband Radio Communications Tester	9/26/2012	Annual	9/26/2013	108798
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z32	Peak Power Sensor	10/12/2012	Biennial	10/12/2014	836019/013
Rohde & Schwarz	SMIQ03B	Signal Generator	4/5/2012	Annual	4/5/2013	DE27259
Rohde & Schwarz	SME06	Signal Generator	10/11/2012	Annual	10/11/2013	832026
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	11/29/2011	Triennial	11/29/2014	21053
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	3/5/2012	Triennial	3/5/2015	N/A
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	3/5/2012	Triennial	3/5/2015	N/A
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	4/26/2012	Annual	4/26/2013	5d141
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	2/6/2013	Annual	2/6/2014	5d148
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	1/8/2013	Annual	1/8/2014	797
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	1/11/2013	Annual	1/11/2014	1057
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	2/14/2013	Annual	2/14/2014	1120
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	8/23/2012	Annual	8/23/2013	4d026
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	4/20/2012	Annual	4/20/2013	4d119
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/19/2012	Annual	4/19/2013	665
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	2/6/2013	Annual	2/6/2014	649
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/17/2013	Annual	1/17/2014	1272
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/13/2012	Annual	11/13/2013	1333
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	8/24/2012	Annual	8/24/2013	1322
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	3/8/2013	Annual	3/8/2014	1334
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	9/19/2012	Annual	9/19/2013	1323
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	6/19/2012	Annual	6/19/2013	1070
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	12/11/2012	Annual	12/11/2013	1091
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	8/28/2012	Annual	8/28/2013	3022
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	1/17/2013	Annual	1/17/2014	3589
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	4/24/2012	Annual	4/24/2013	3213
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/15/2013	Annual	3/15/2014	3209
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	11/15/2012	Annual	11/15/2013	3287
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	2/27/2013	Annual	2/27/2014	3920
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	9/20/2012	Annual	9/20/2013	3288
Tektronix	RSA-6114A	Real Time Spectrum Analyzer	4/5/2012	Annual	4/5/2013	8010177
VWR	23226-658	Long Stem Thermometer	3/30/2012	Biennial	3/30/2014	122179874
VWR	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	9/30/2011	Biennial	9/30/2013	111859332

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.



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14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Applicable for frequencies less than 3000 MHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)				RSS			12.1	11.7	299
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)				k=2			24.2	23.5	



The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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Applicable for frequencies up to 6 GHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k	
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i	
Measurement System										
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.55	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞	
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞	
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞	
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞	
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞	
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞	
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞	
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞	
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞	
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞	
Test Sample Related										
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287	
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞	
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞	
Phantom & Tissue Parameters										
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6	
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞	
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6	
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	12.4	12.0	299
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.7	24.0	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003



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15 CONCLUSION

15.1 Measurement Conclusion



The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]



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FCC ID: A3LGTI9200	 PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.	SAR EVALUATION REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
Document S/N: 0Y1303210519.A3L	Test Dates: 03/20/13 - 04/01/13	DUT Type: Portable Handset	Page 39 of 40	

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FCC ID: A3LGTI9200	 SAR EVALUATION REPORT 		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
Document S/N: 0Y1303210519.A3L	Test Dates: 03/20/13 - 04/01/13	DUT Type: Portable Handset	Page 40 of 40

APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.927 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.66$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-23-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 11/15/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/13/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: GSM 850, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

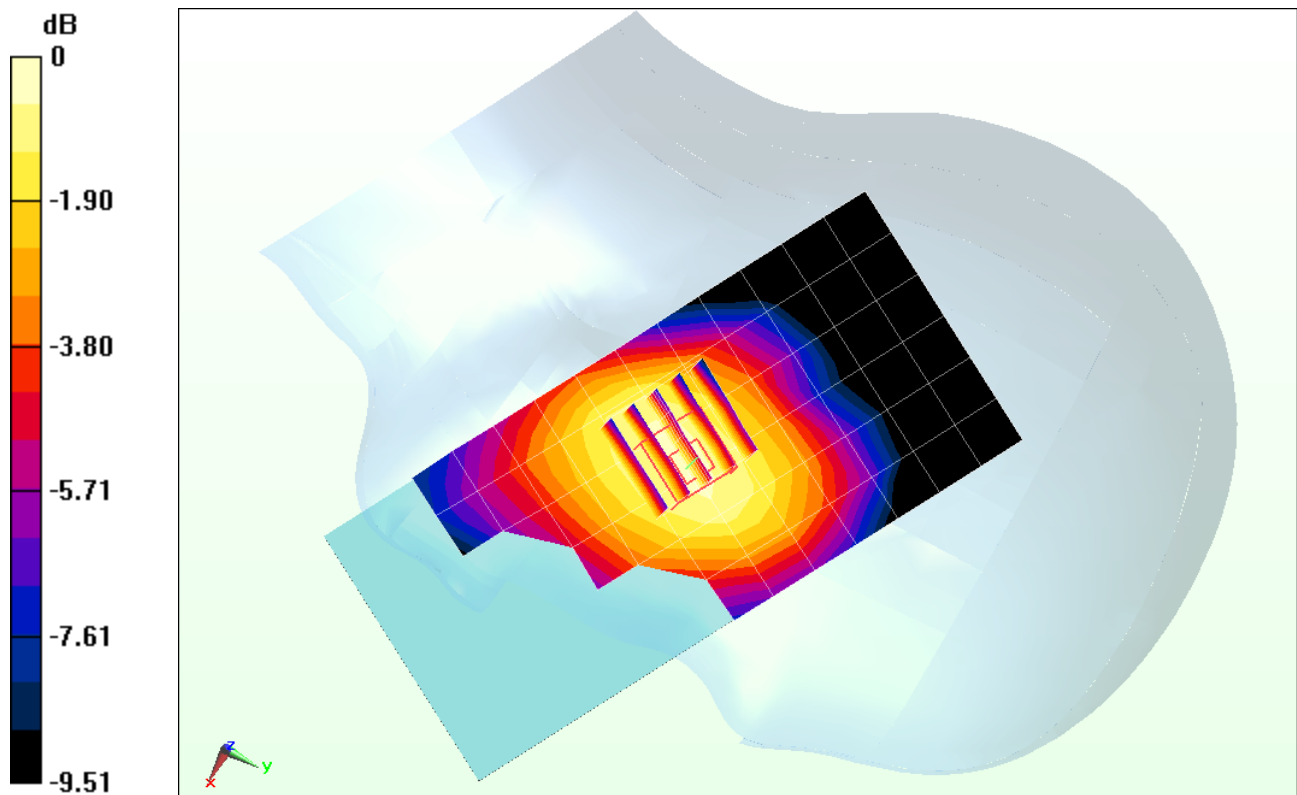
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.497 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0990 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.080 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0833 W/kg = -10.79 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: UMTS850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.927 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.66$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-23-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 11/15/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/13/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: UMTS 850, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

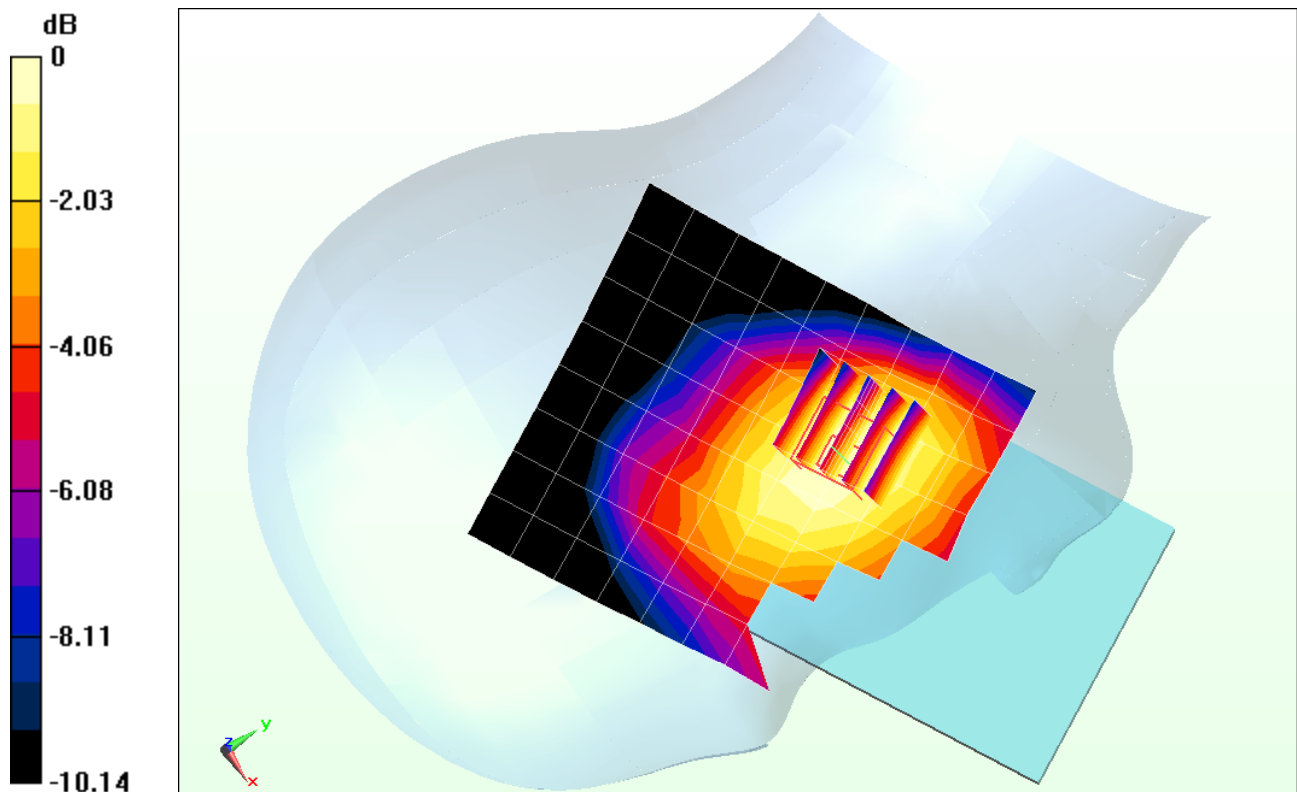
Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.994 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0670 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.054 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0561 W/kg = -12.51 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.263$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 03-24-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 8/28/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/24/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: GSM 1900, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

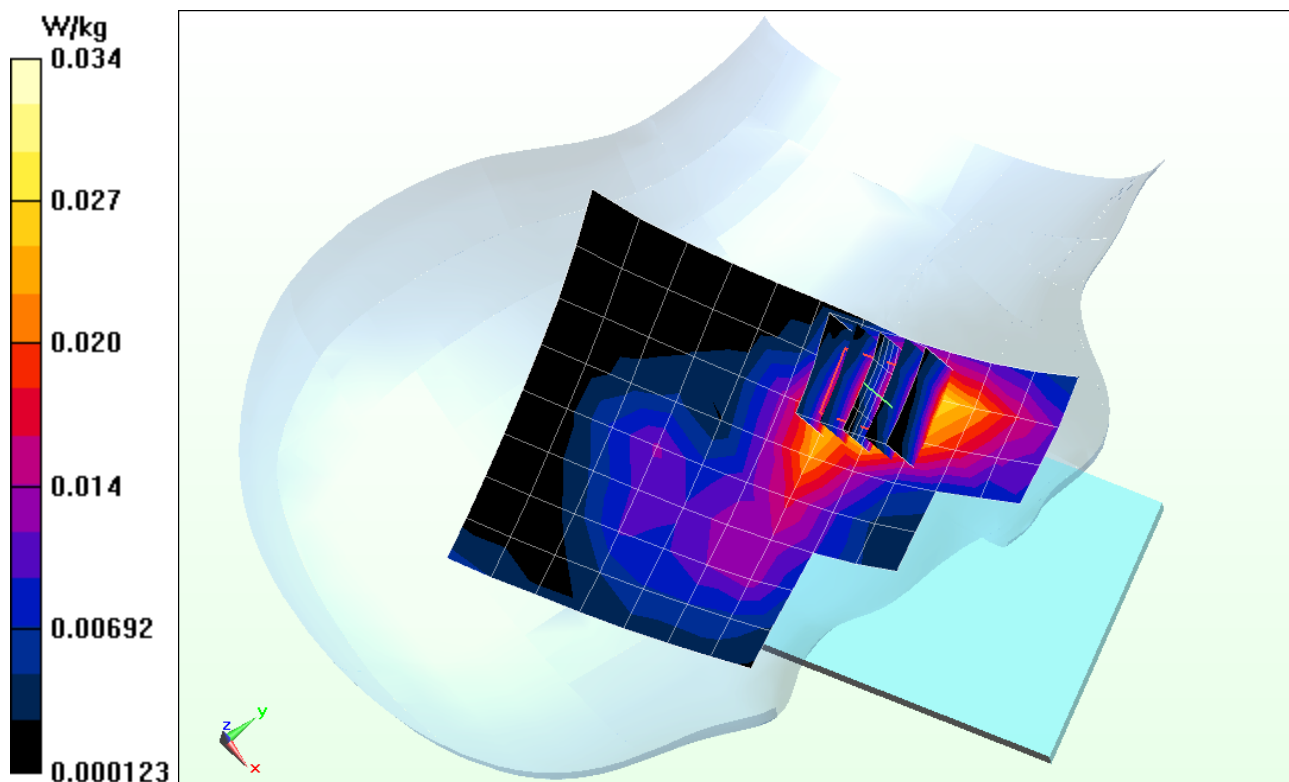
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.421 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0480 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: UMTS1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.263$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-24-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 8/28/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/24/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

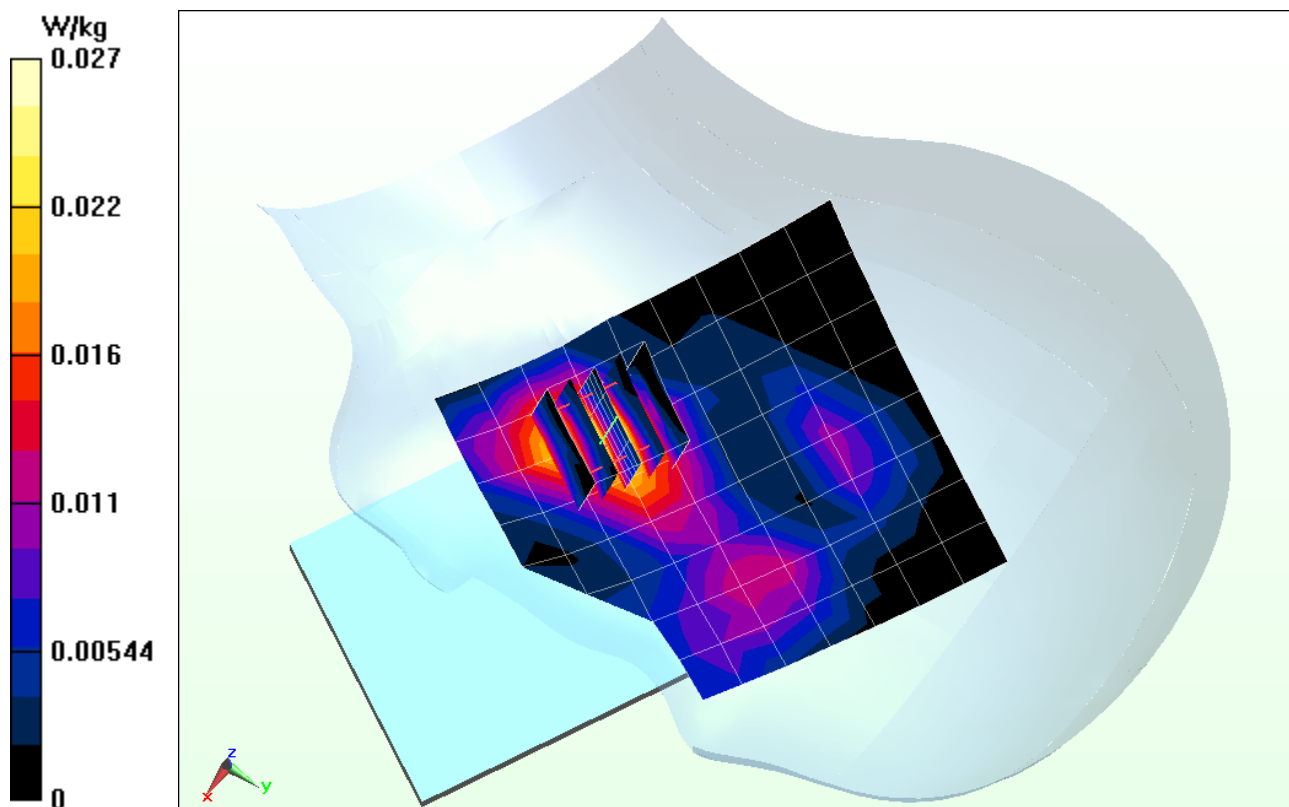
Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.470 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0370 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 00630

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.823 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.294$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 03-29-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 3/15/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/8/2013

Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Cheek, Ch 06, 1 Mbps

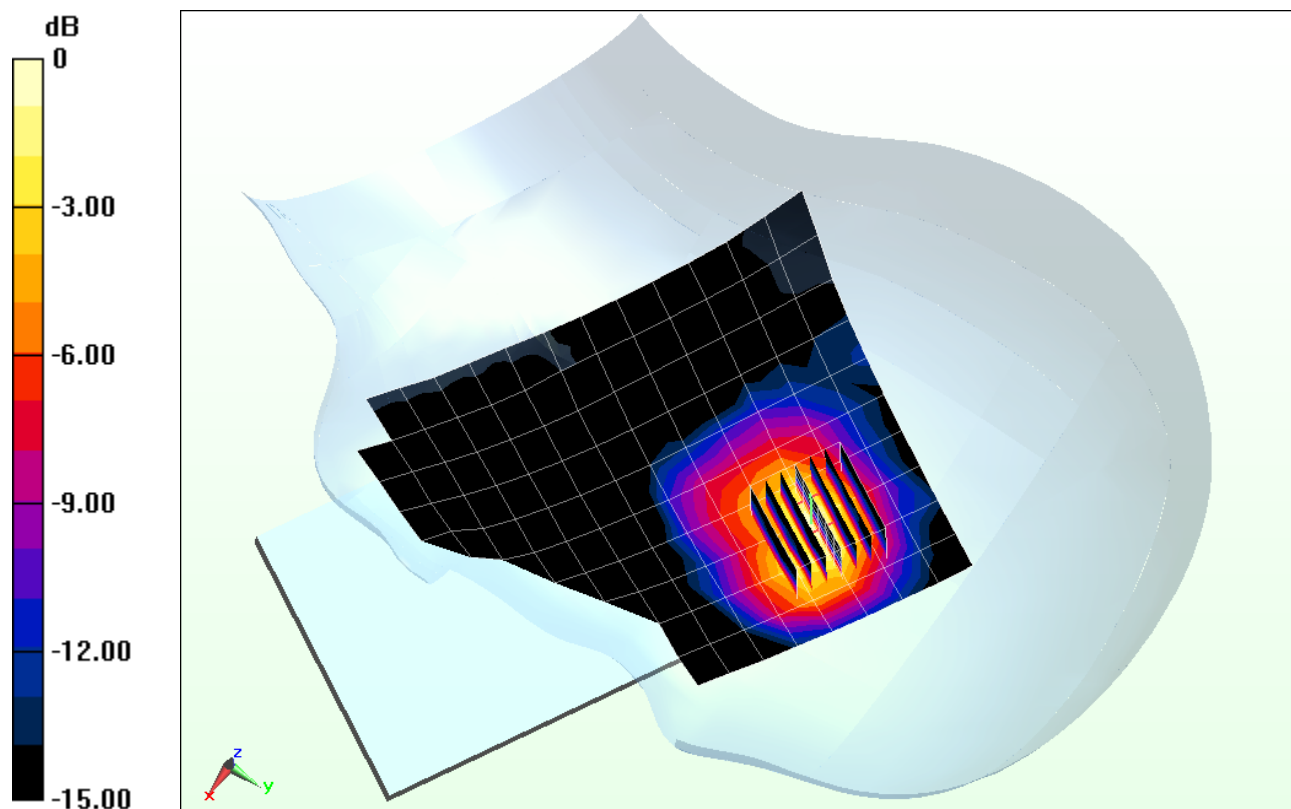
Area Scan (11x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.659 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0810 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.036 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0452 W/kg = -13.45 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 00630

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5765 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5765 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.042 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.509$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.2°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.02, 4.02, 4.02); Calibrated: 2/27/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/6/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.8 GHz, Left Head, Tilt, Ch 153, 6 Mbps

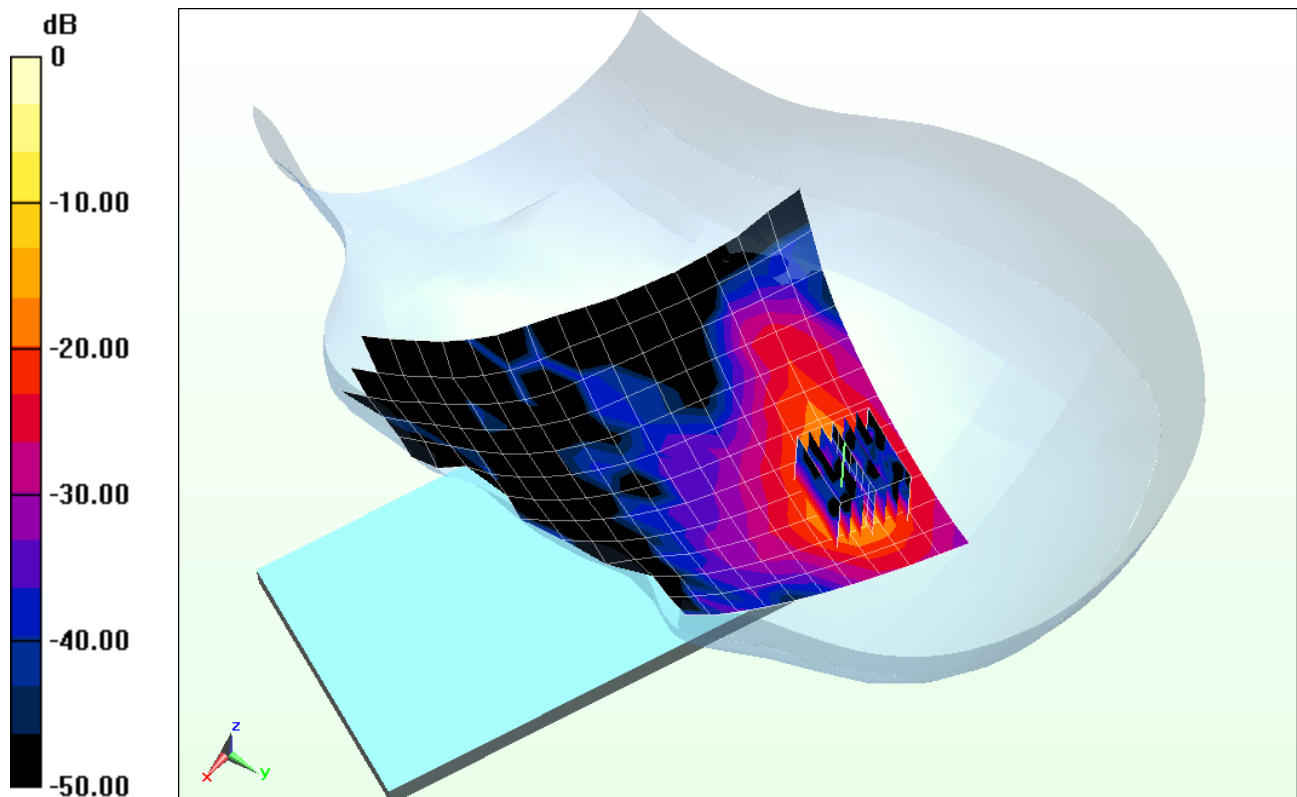
Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 11.752 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.871 W/kg



0 dB = 25.0 W/kg = 13.98 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 00630

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5660 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5660 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.917 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.67$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.17, 4.17, 4.17); Calibrated: 2/27/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/6/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.5 - 5.7 GHz, Left Head, Tilt, Ch 132, 6 Mbps

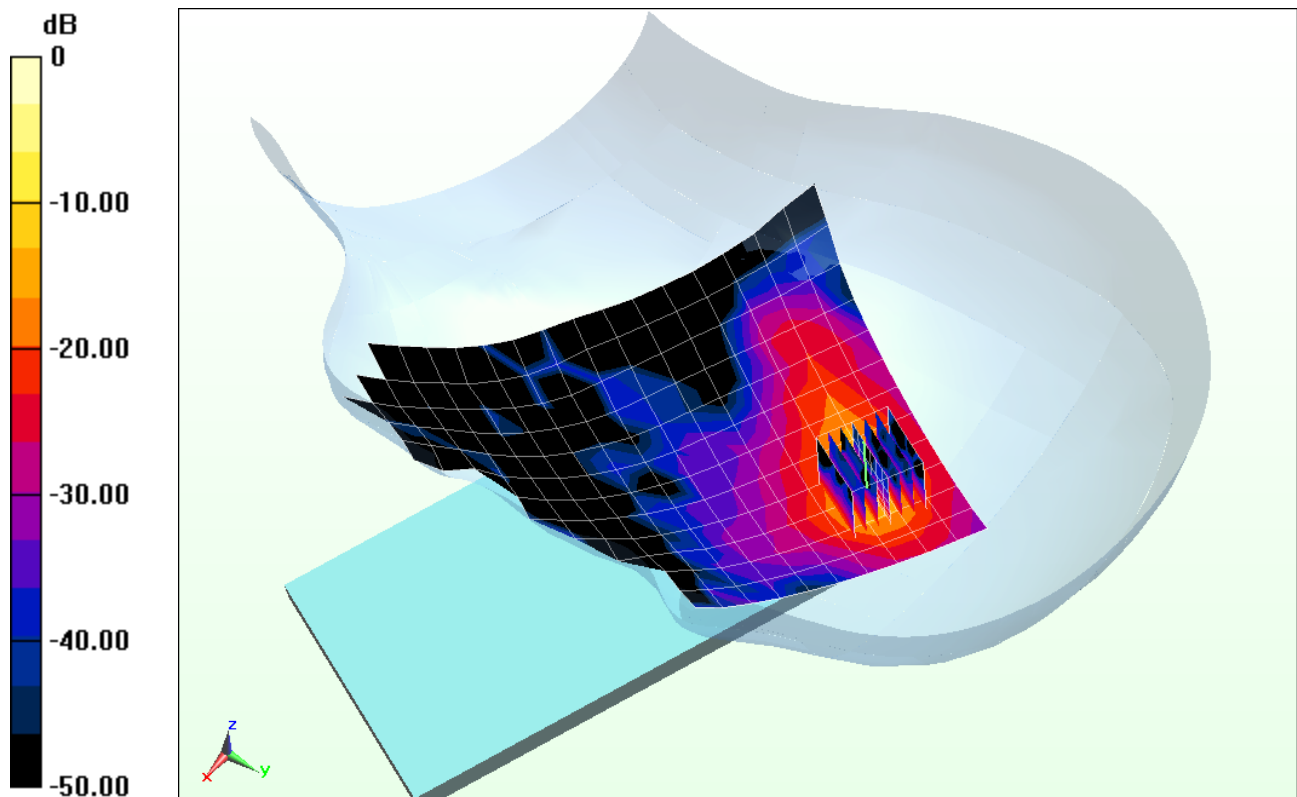
Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 10.194 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.578 W/kg



0 dB = 25.0 W/kg = 13.98 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.008 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.676$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-23-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 11/15/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/13/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: GSM 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

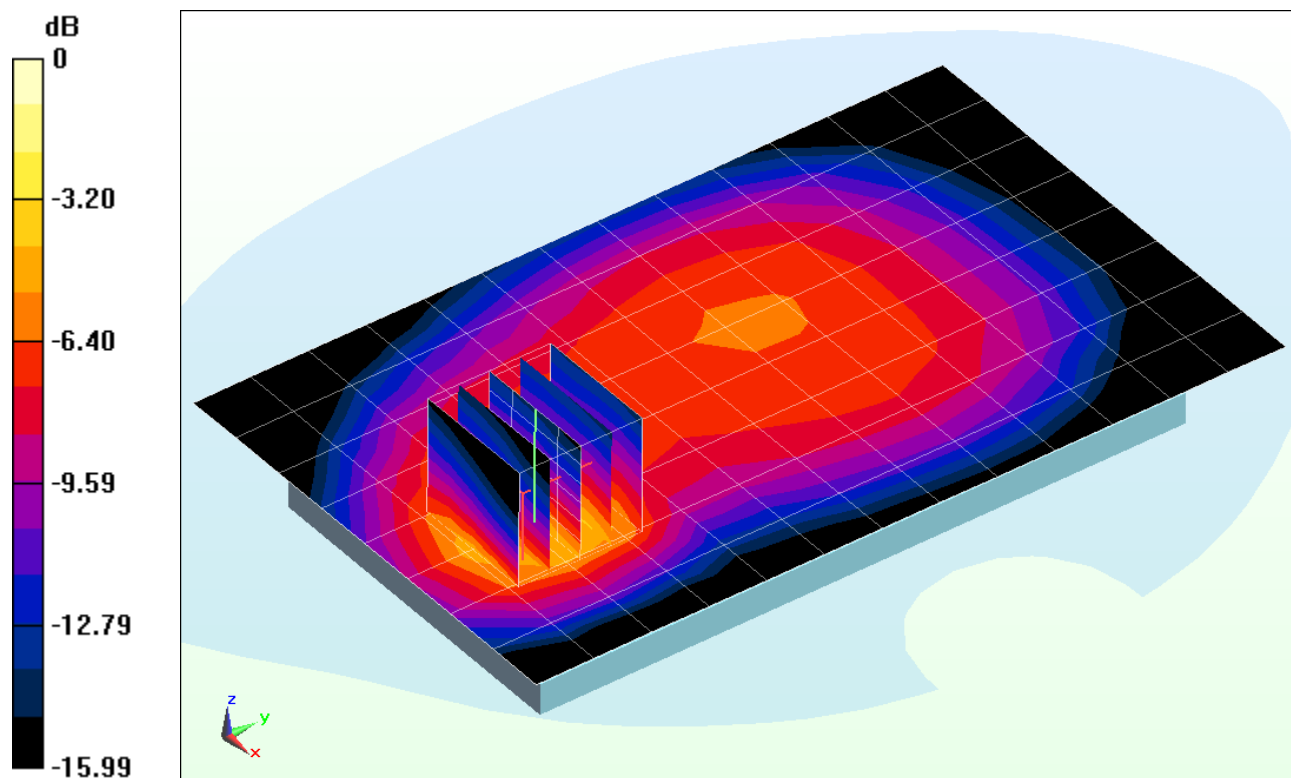
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.607 V/m; Power Drift = -0.21 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.458 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.258 W/kg



0 dB = 0.600 W/kg = -2.22 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: GSM850 GPRS; 4 Tx slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.076

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.008 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.676$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-23-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 11/15/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/13/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: GPRS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 4 Tx Slots

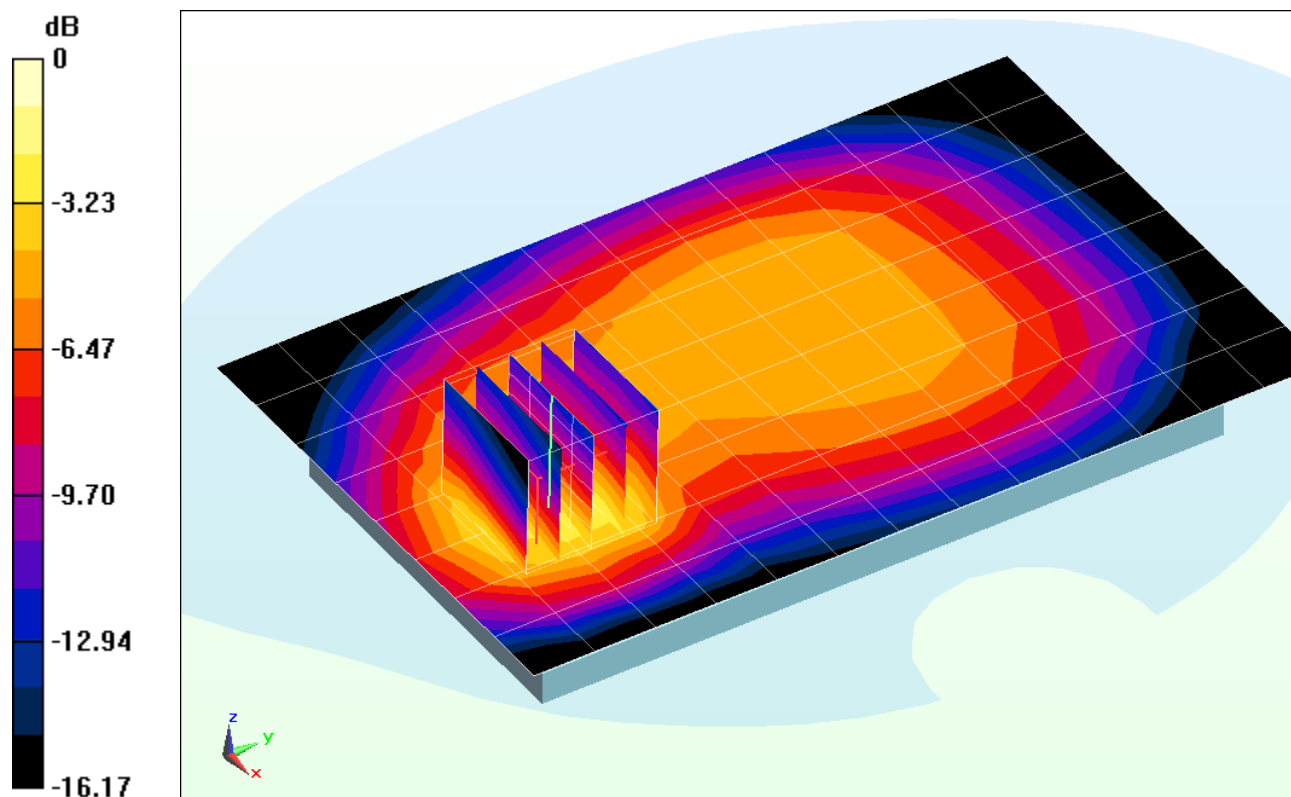
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.594 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.861 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.496 W/kg



0 dB = 0.742 W/kg = -1.30 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 00630

Communication System: UMTS850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.985 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.037$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-20-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 11/15/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/13/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: UMTS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

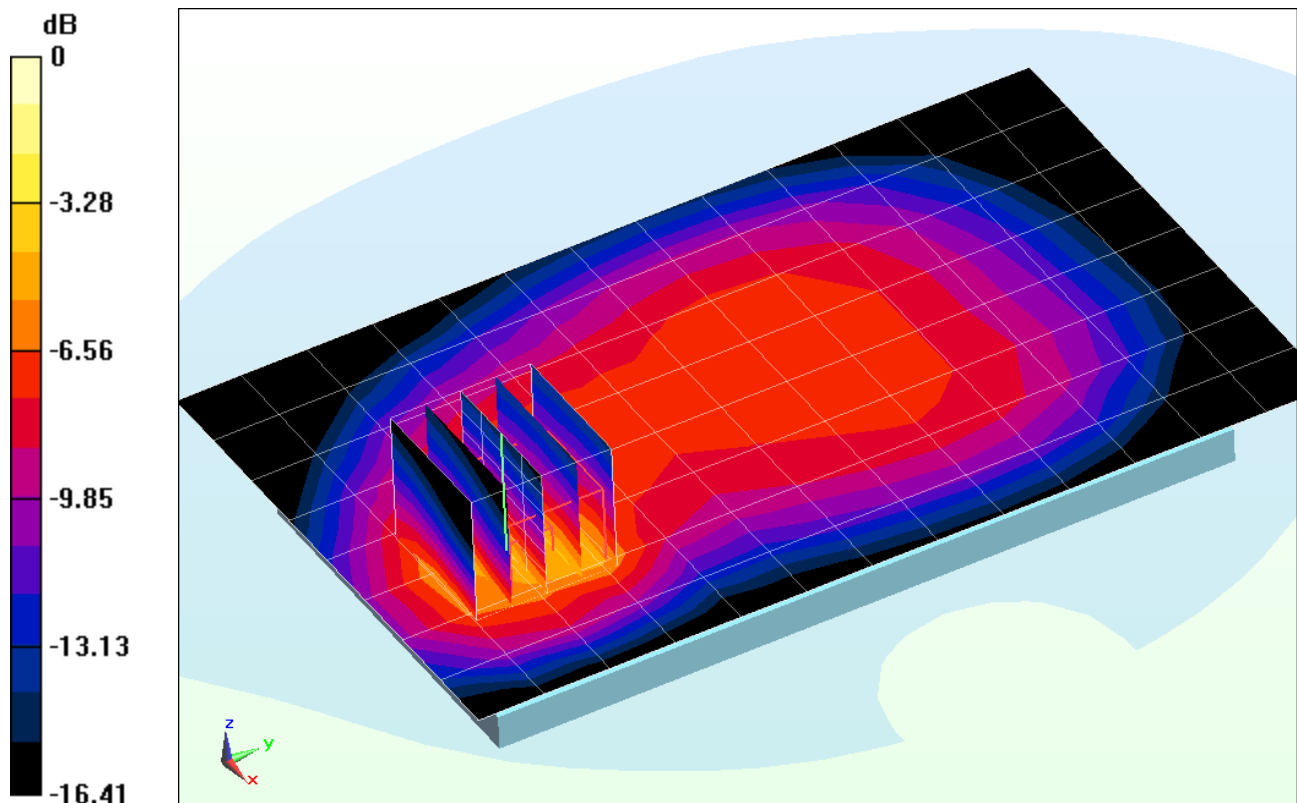
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.237 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.348 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.203 W/kg



0 dB = 0.525 W/kg = -2.80 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.526 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.485$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-22-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: ELI v5.0 Door; Type: QDOVA002BB; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: GSM 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

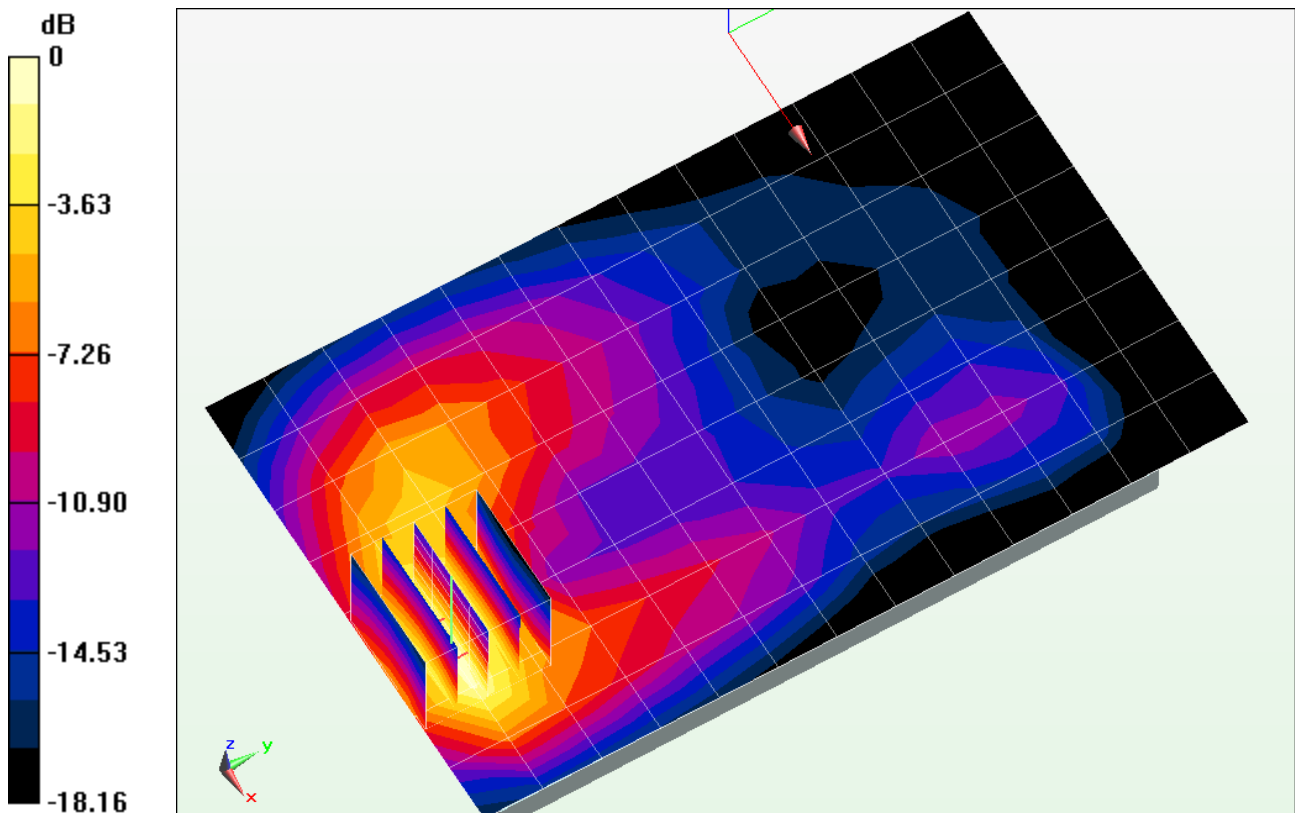
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.767 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.884 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.496 W/kg



0 dB = 0.557 W/kg = -2.54 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.526 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.485$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-22-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: ELI v5.0 Door; Type: QDOVA002BB; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots

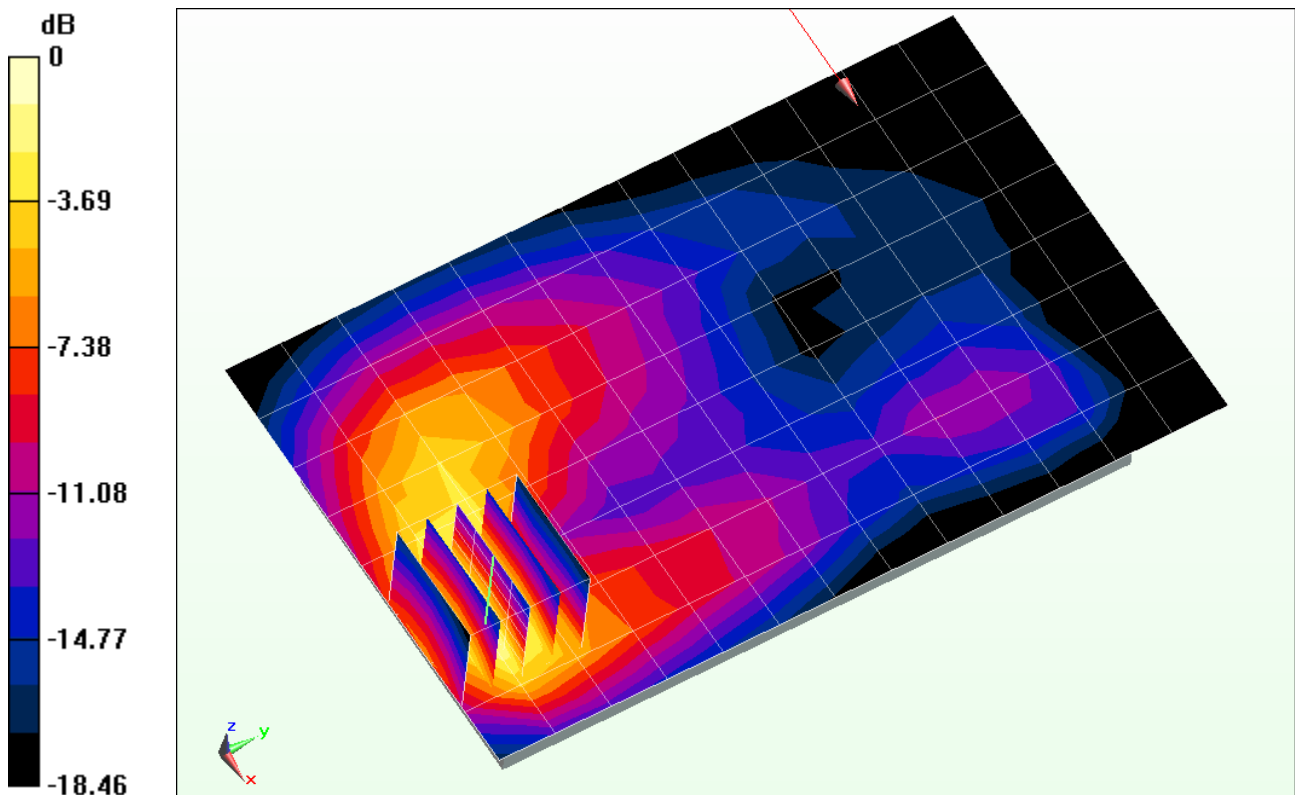
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.919 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.912 W/kg



0 dB = 1.01 W/kg = 0.04 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.526 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.485$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-22-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: ELI v5.0 Door; Type: QDOVA002BB; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

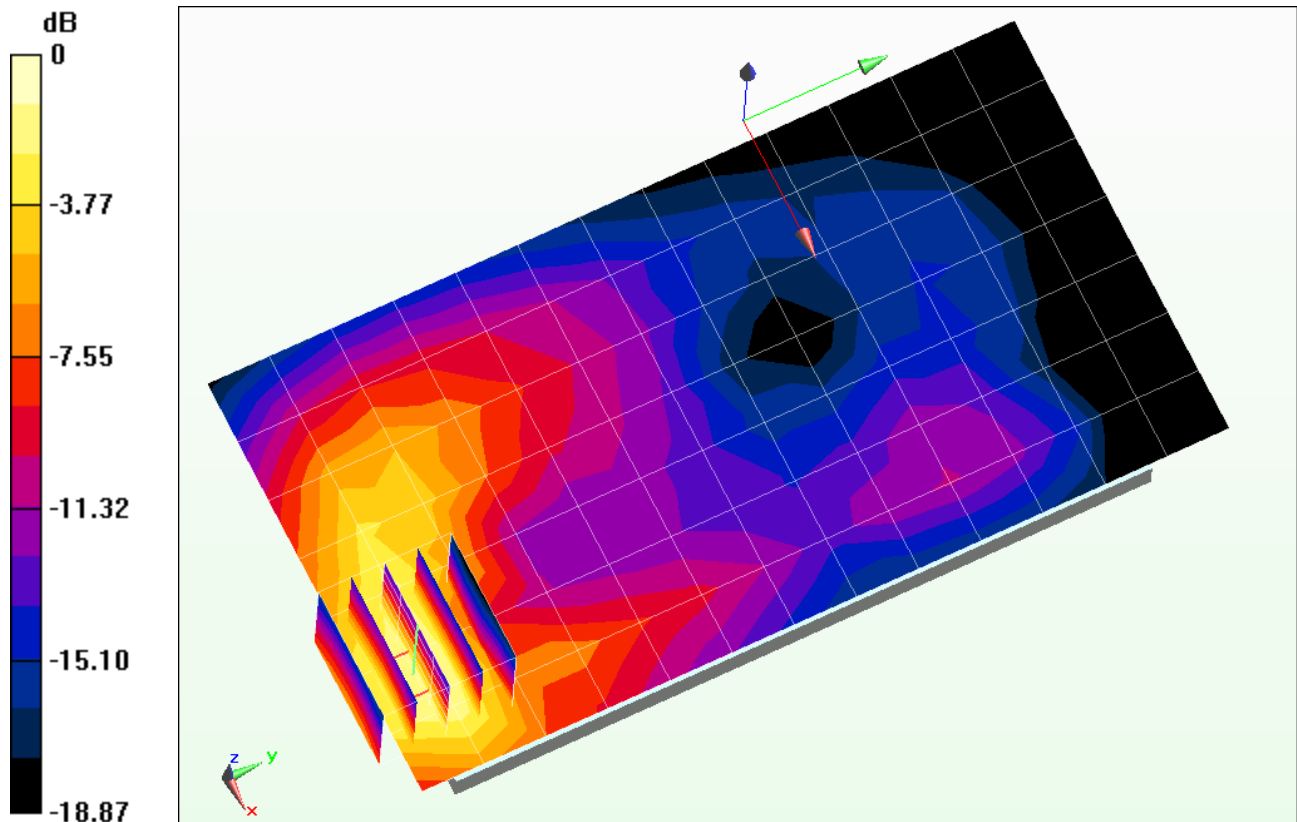
Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.705 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.819 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.467 W/kg



0 dB = 0.524 W/kg = -2.81 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.026 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.664$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-29-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.34, 4.34, 4.34); Calibrated: 3/15/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/8/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0 Door; Type: QDOVA002BB; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 06, 1 Mbps, Back Side

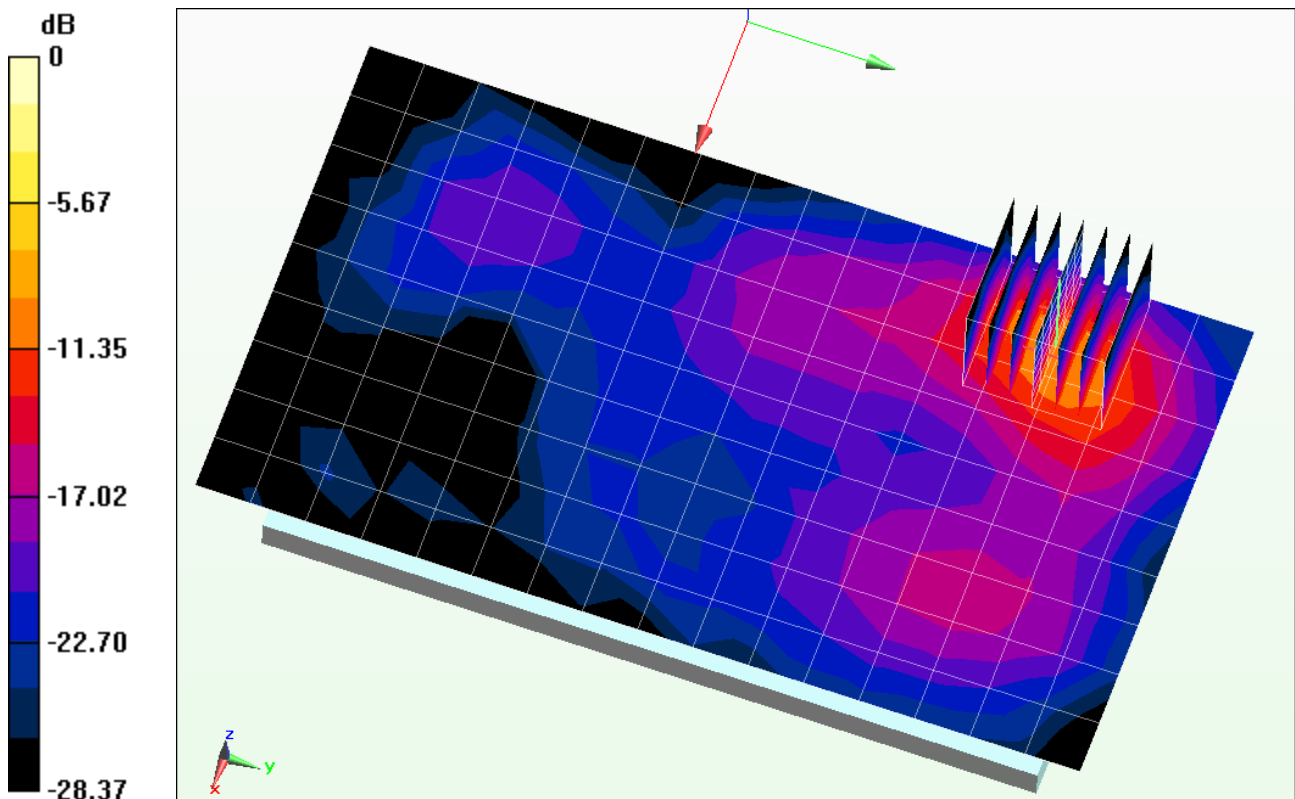
Area Scan (10x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.311 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.183 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.089 W/kg



0 dB = 0.818 W/kg = -0.87 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.047 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.018$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.66, 3.66, 3.66); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.8 GHz, Body SAR, Ch 149, 6 Mbps, Back Side

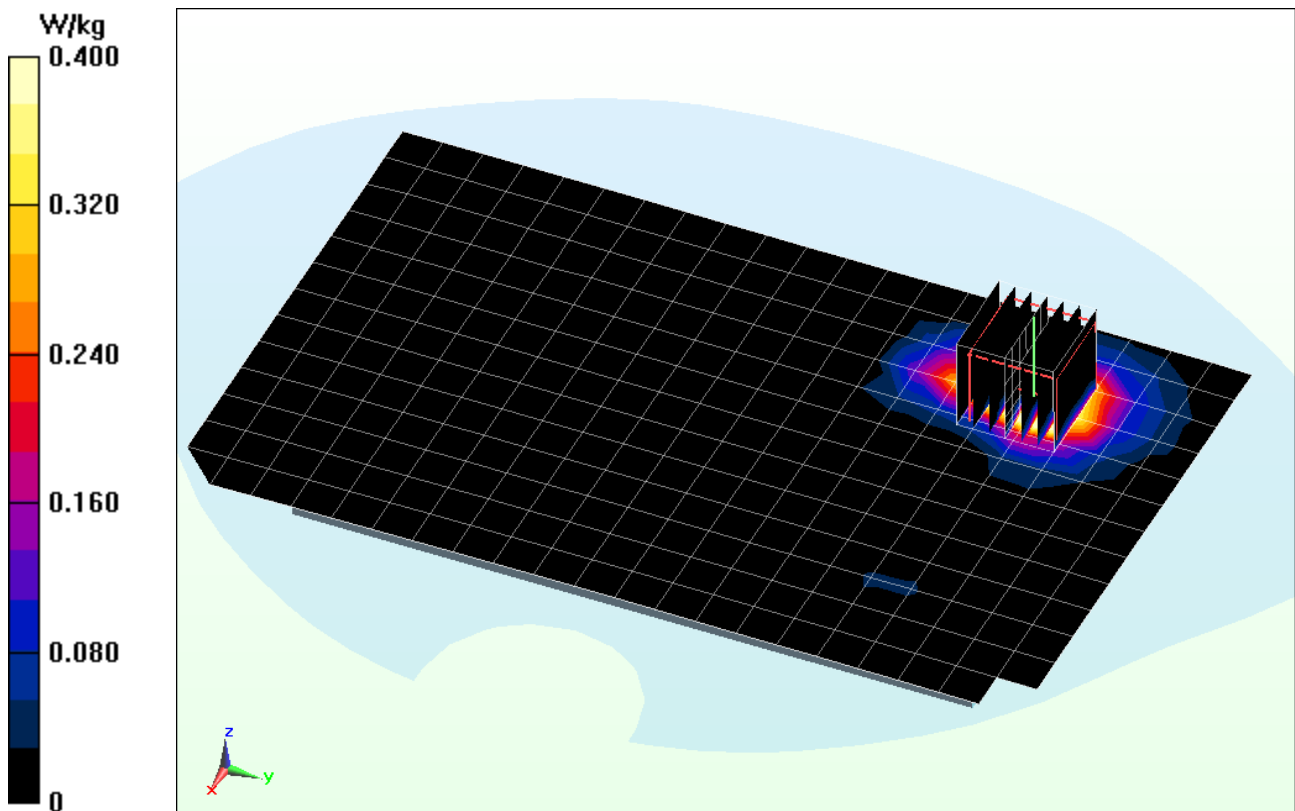
Area Scan (14x22x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 5.224 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.951 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.211 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9200; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 0061F

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.669 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.593$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.52, 3.52, 3.52); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.5 GHz, Body SAR, Ch 100, 6 Mbps, Back Side

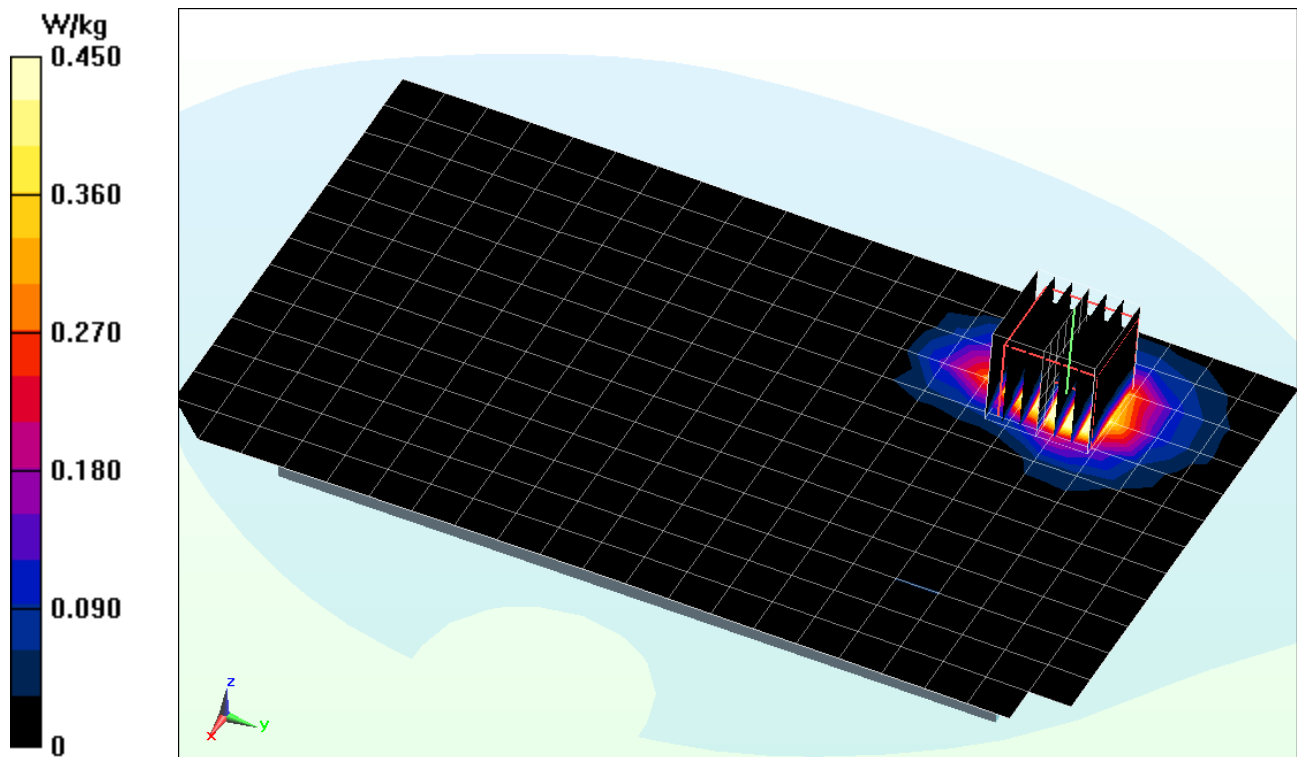
Area Scan (14x22x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 8.624 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.406 W/kg



APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d026

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.926 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.67$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-23-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 11/15/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/13/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

835MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

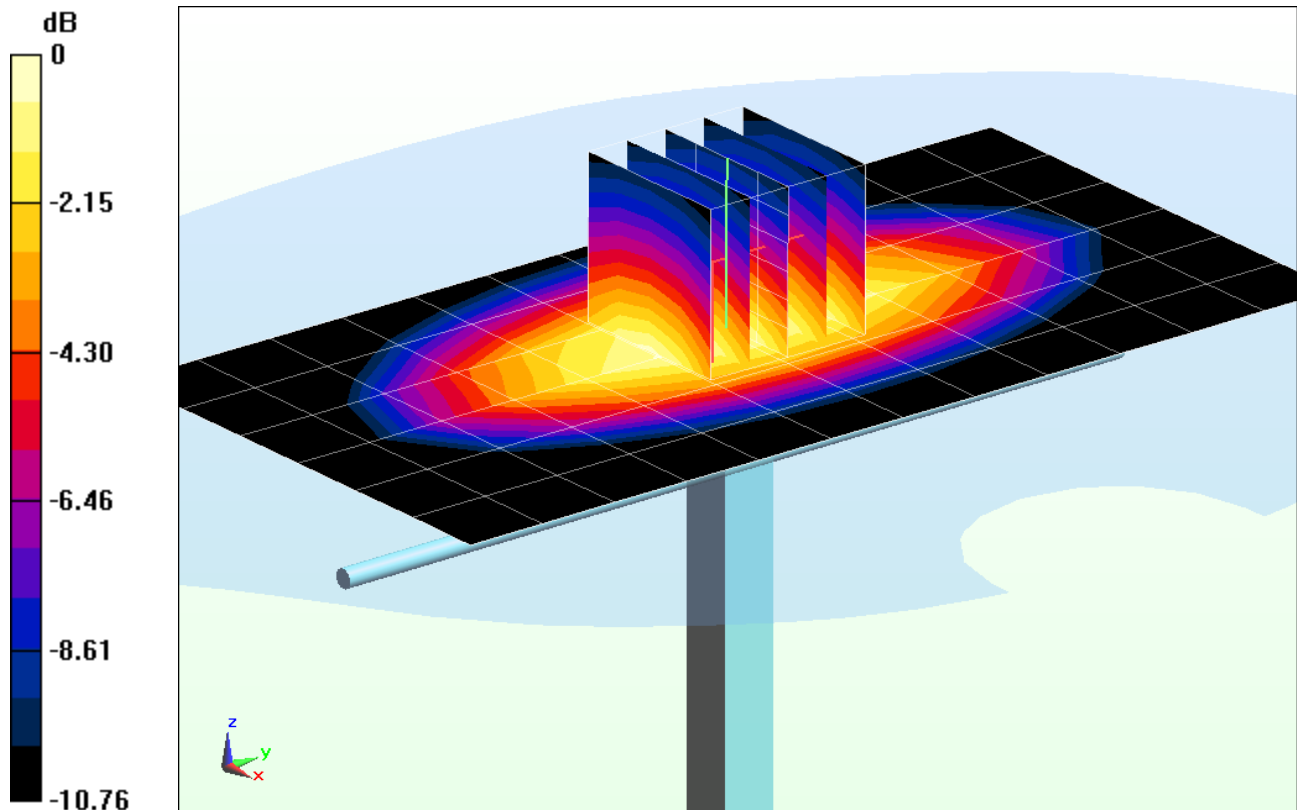
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.917 W/kg

Deviation = -2.34%



0 dB = 0.992 W/kg = -0.03 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.441 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.198$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-24-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 8/28/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/24/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

1900MHz System Verification

Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

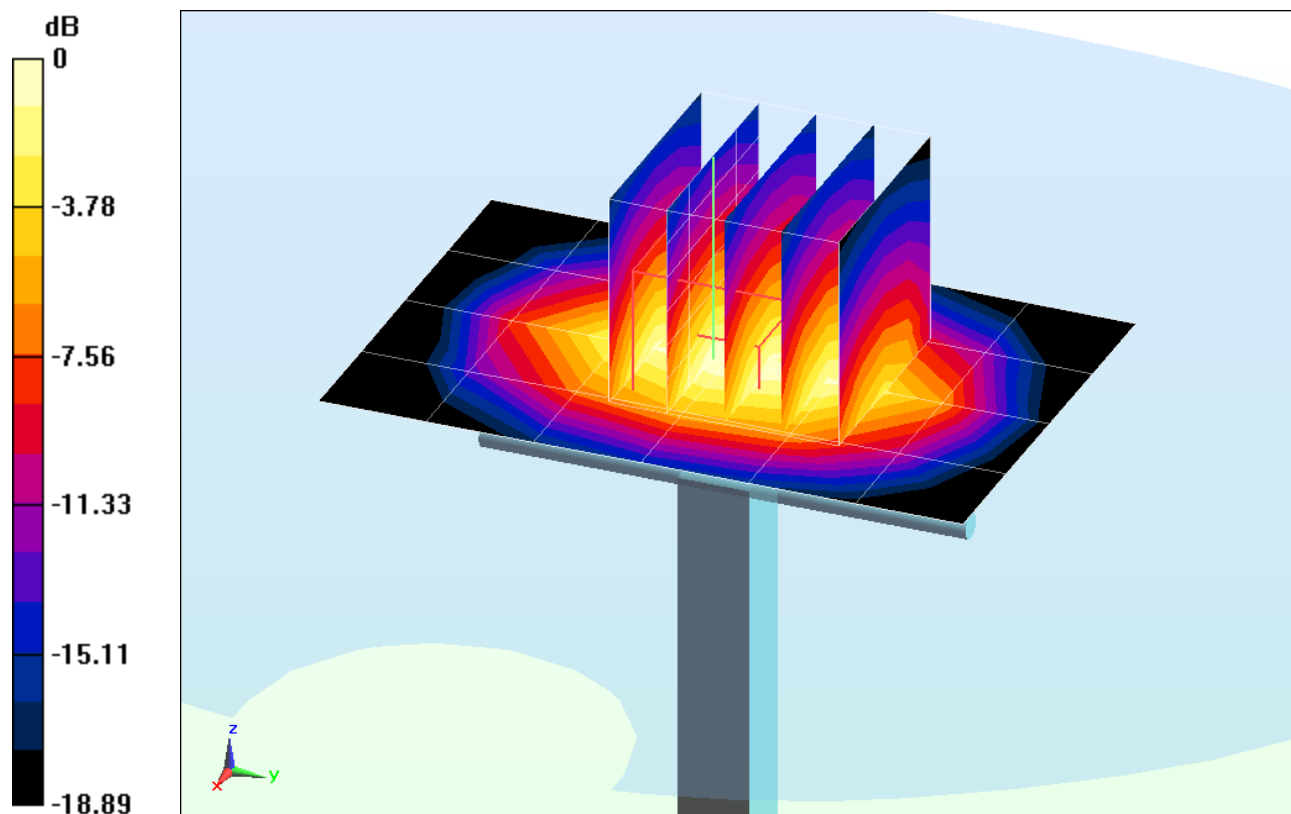
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.09 W/kg

Deviation = 2.76%



0 dB = 4.51 W/kg = 6.54 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.838 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.242$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-29-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 3/15/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/8/2013

Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

2450 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

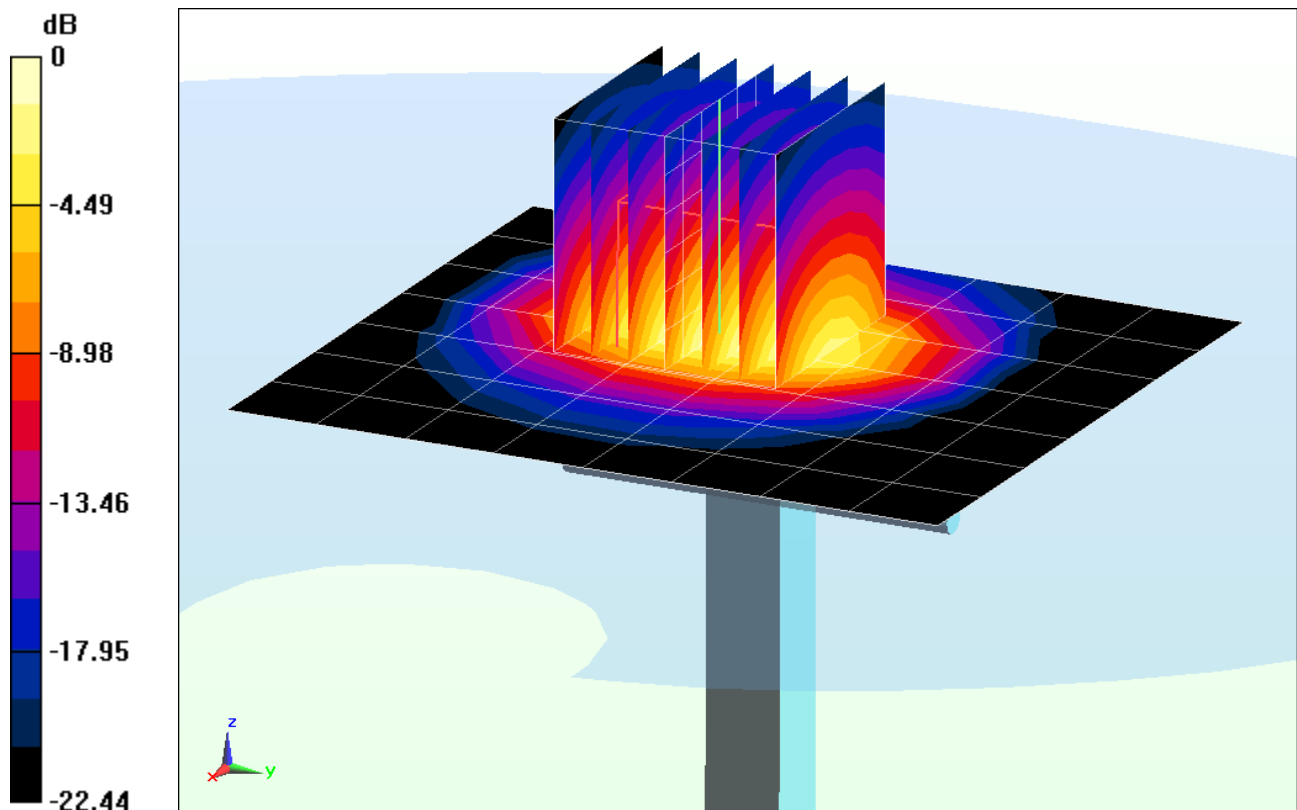
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.4 W/kg

Deviation = 2.86%



0 dB = 7.11 W/kg = 8.52 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5200 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1120

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.47 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.265$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 2/27/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/6/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

5200 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

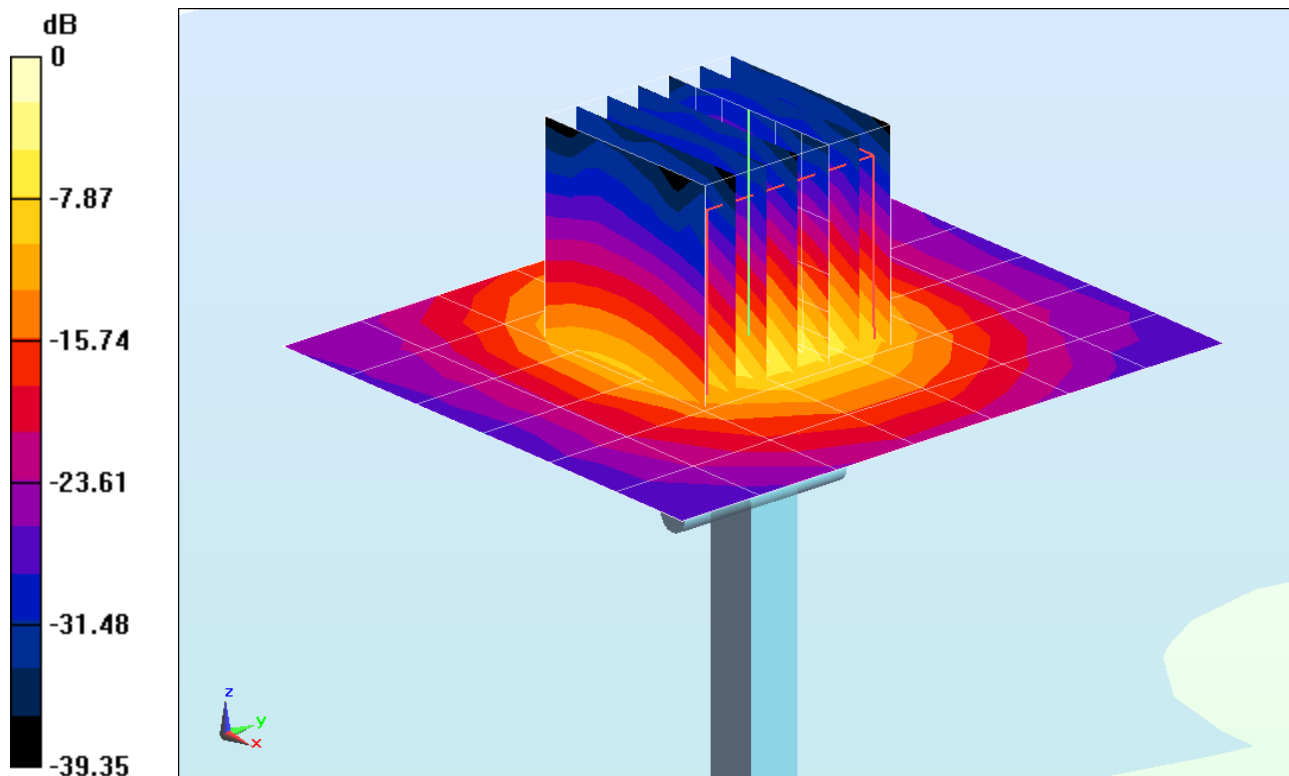
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.95 W/kg

Deviation = 4.61%



0 dB = 18.1 W/kg = 12.58 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5300 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1120

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.578 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.152$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 2/27/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/6/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

5300 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

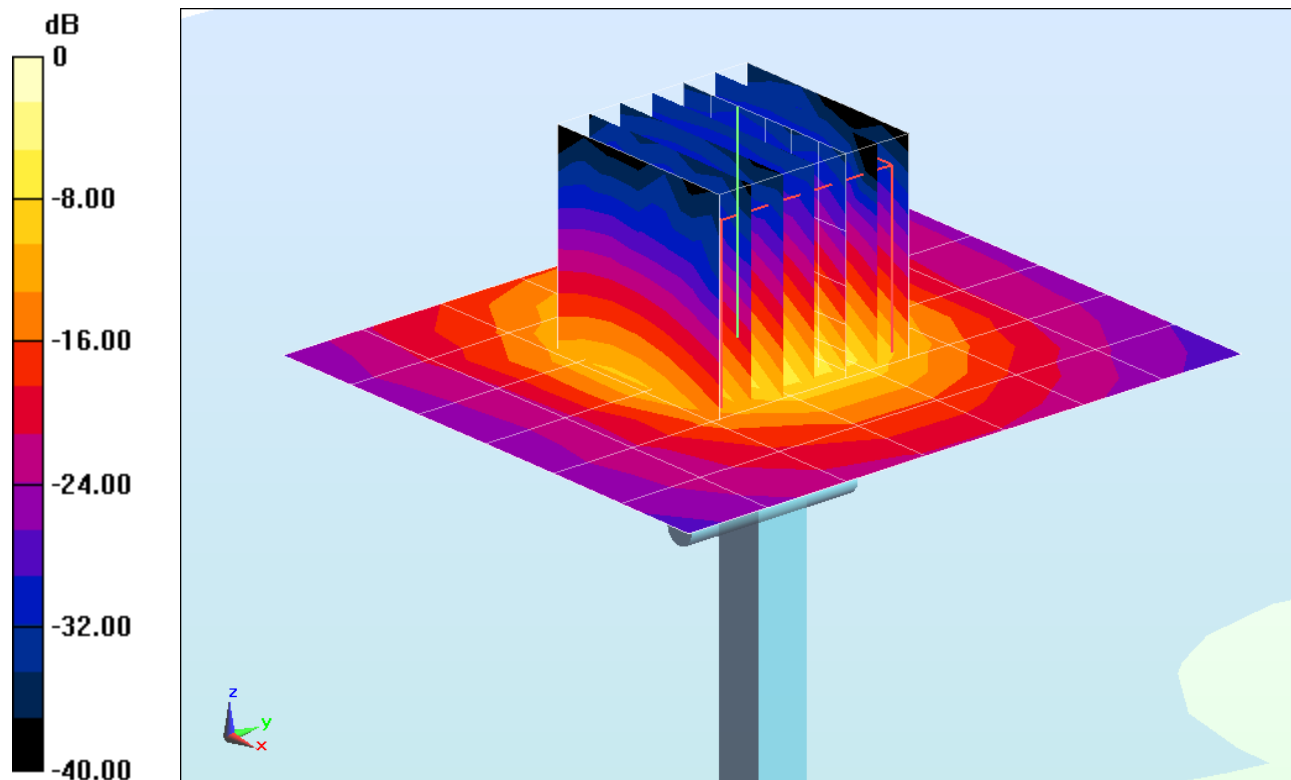
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.37 W/kg

Deviation = 6.35%



0 dB = 19.8 W/kg = 12.97 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1120

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.762 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.82$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.2°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 2/27/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/6/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

5500 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

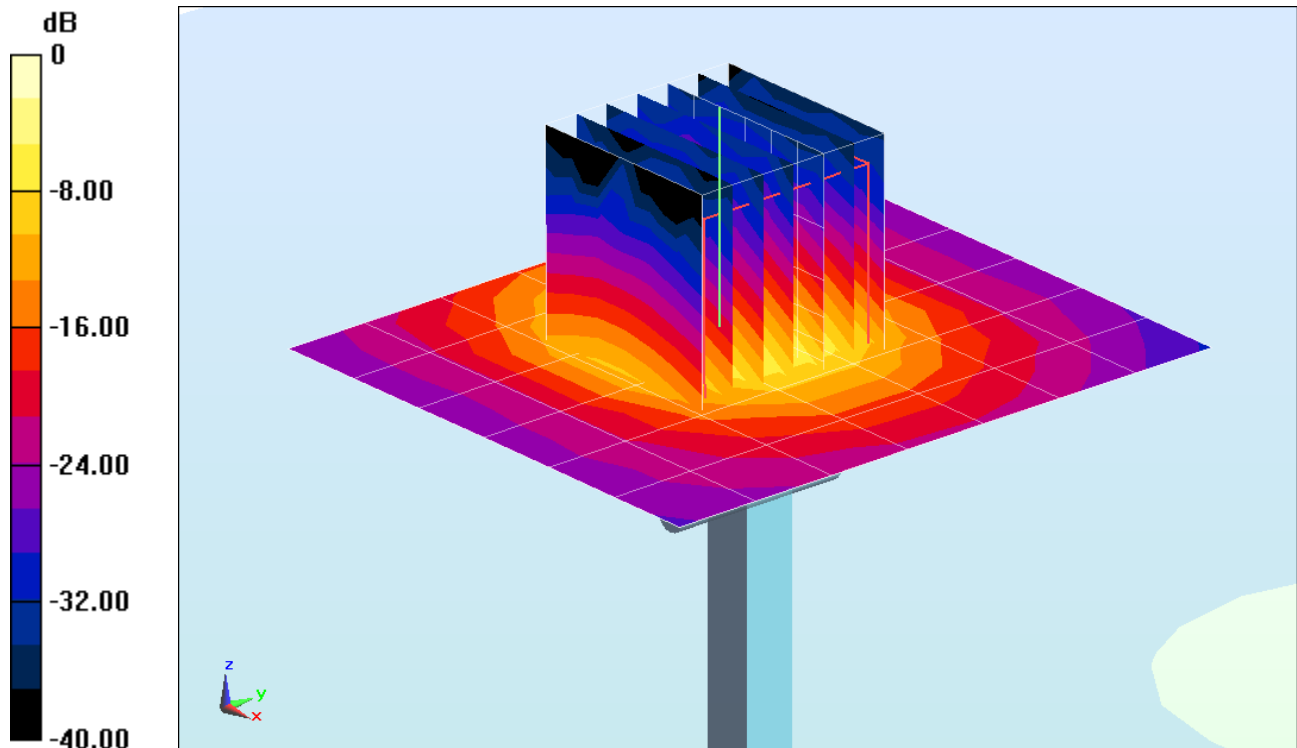
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.16 W/kg

Deviation = 1.87%



0 dB = 19.4 W/kg = 12.88 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5600 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1120

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.861 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.696$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.17, 4.17, 4.17); Calibrated: 2/27/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/6/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

5600 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

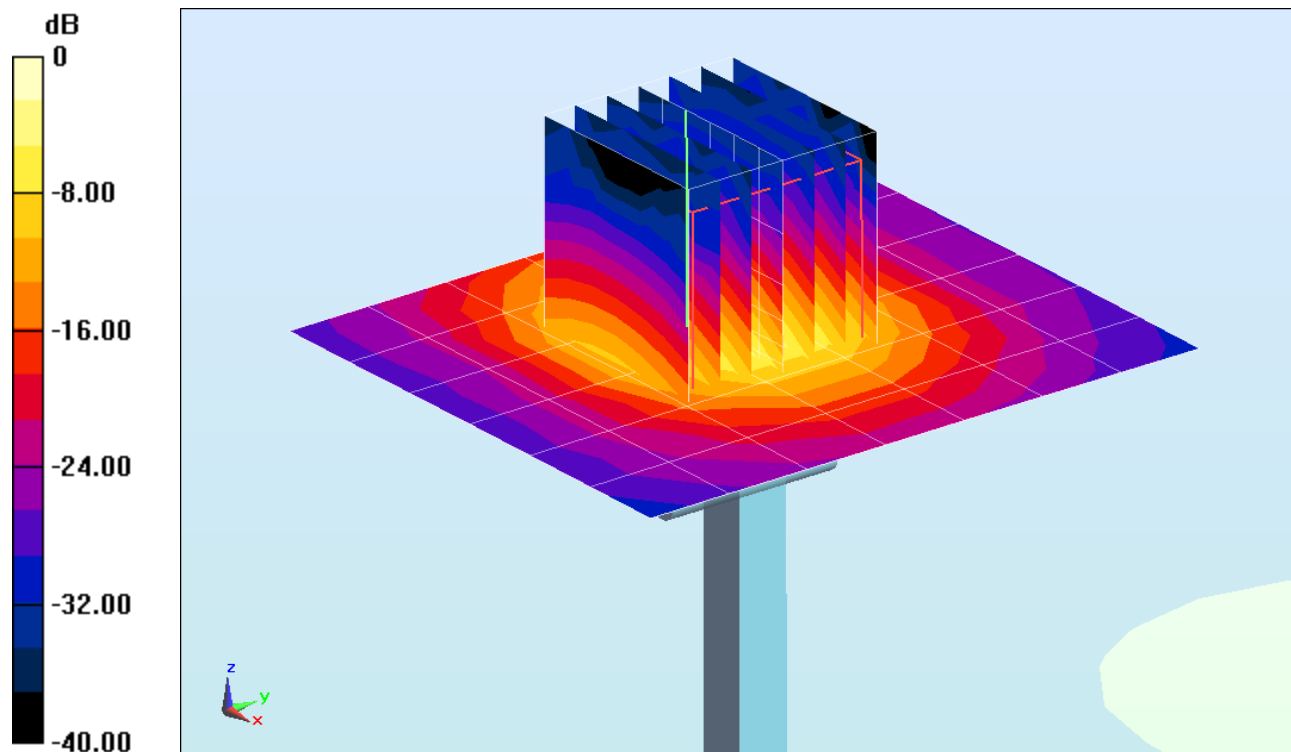
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.24 W/kg

Deviation = 3.13%



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1120

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.083 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.475$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.2°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.02, 4.02, 4.02); Calibrated: 2/27/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/6/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

5800 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

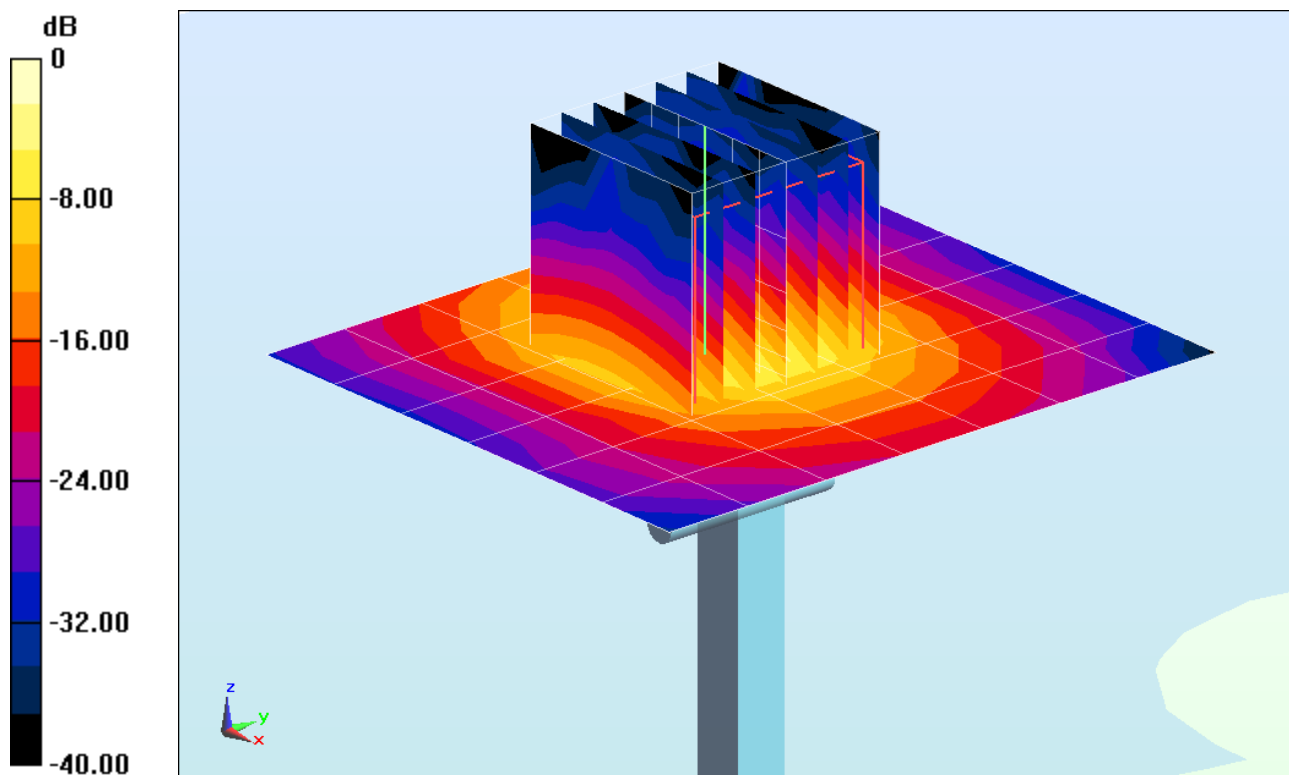
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.47 W/kg

Deviation = -0.27%



0 dB = 17.6 W/kg = 12.46 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.984 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.043$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-20-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 11/15/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/13/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

835MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

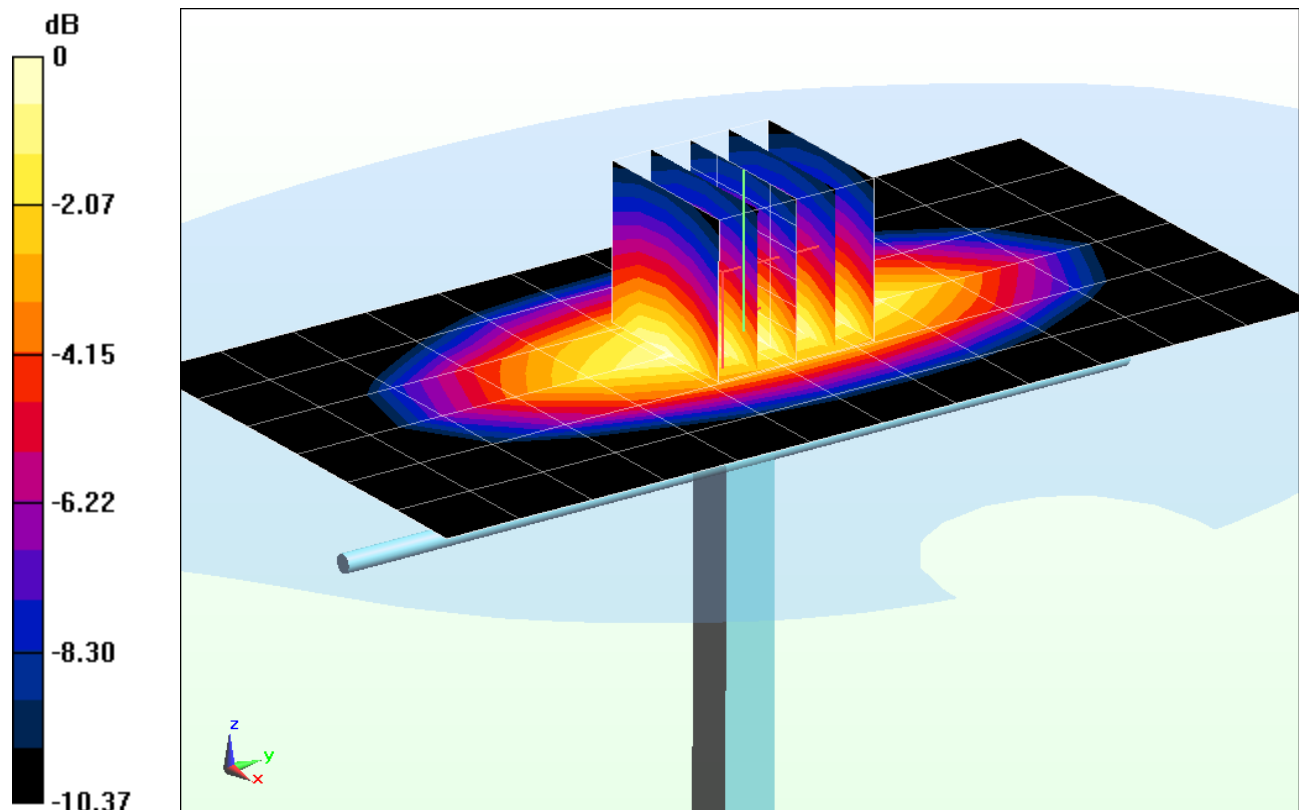
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.983 W/kg

Deviation = 2.82%



0 dB = 1.06 W/kg = 0.25 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d026

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.006 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.688$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 03-23-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 11/15/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/13/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

835MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

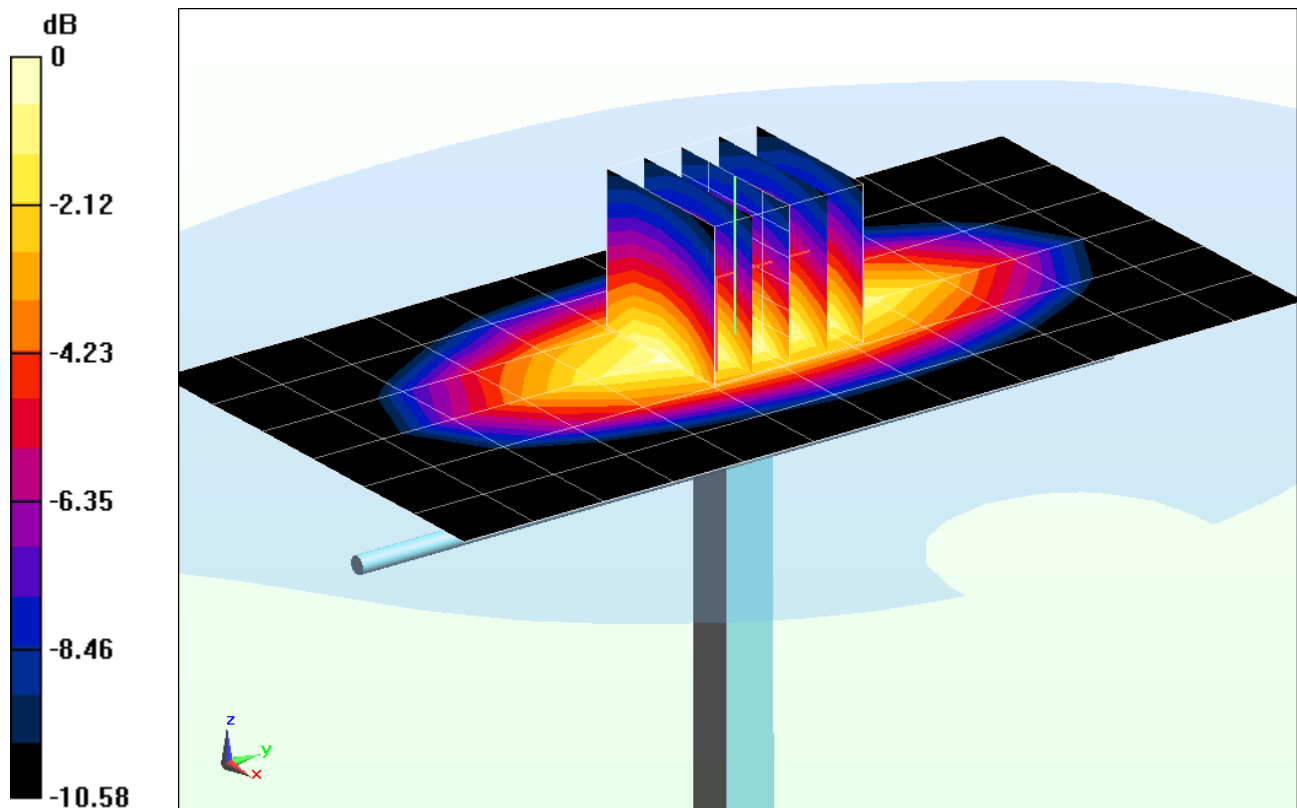
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg

Deviation = 6.47%



0 dB = 1.11 W/kg = 0.45 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d148

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.551 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-22-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 4/24/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: ELI v5.0 Door; Type: QDOVA002BB; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

1900 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

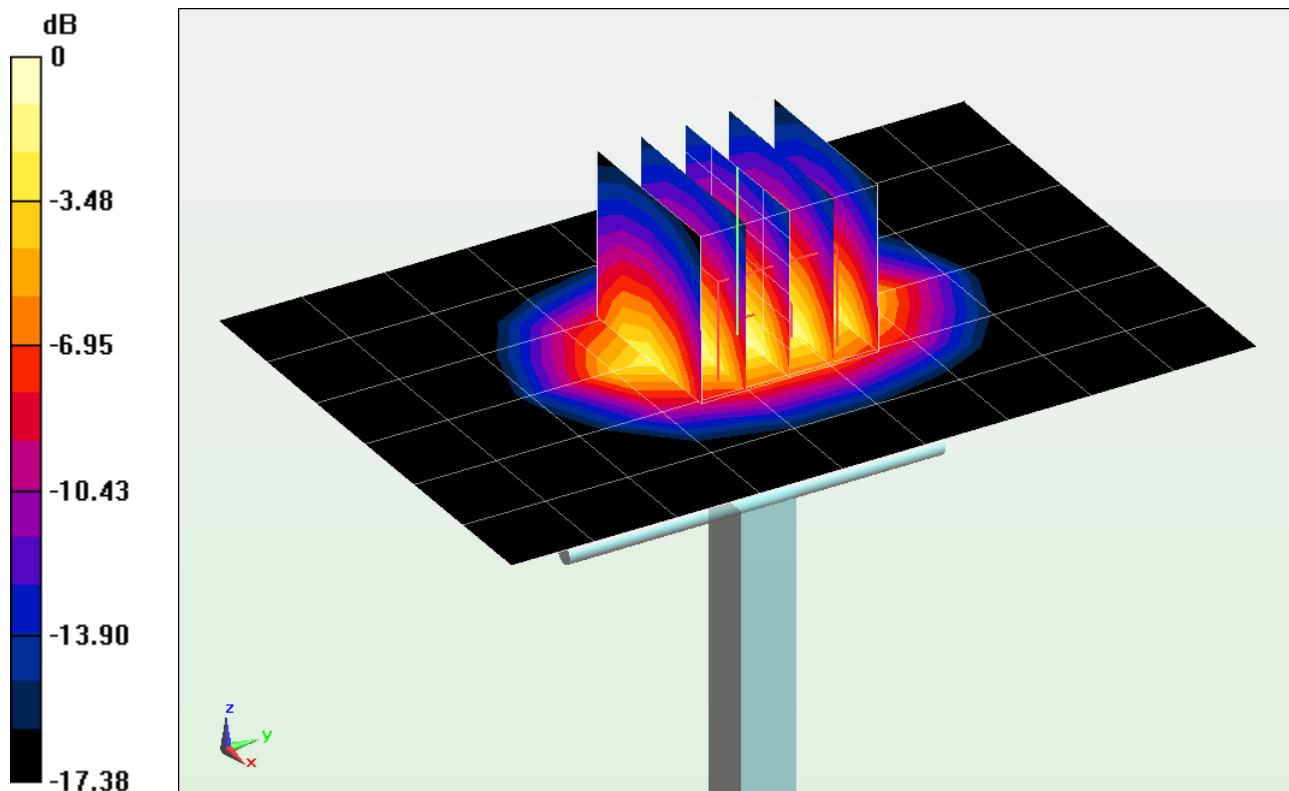
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.08 W/kg

Deviation = 0.00%



0 dB = 4.58 W/kg = 6.61 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d148

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.498 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.29$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 03-27-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.4°C; Tissue Temp: 21.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 9/20/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 9/19/2012

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

1900 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

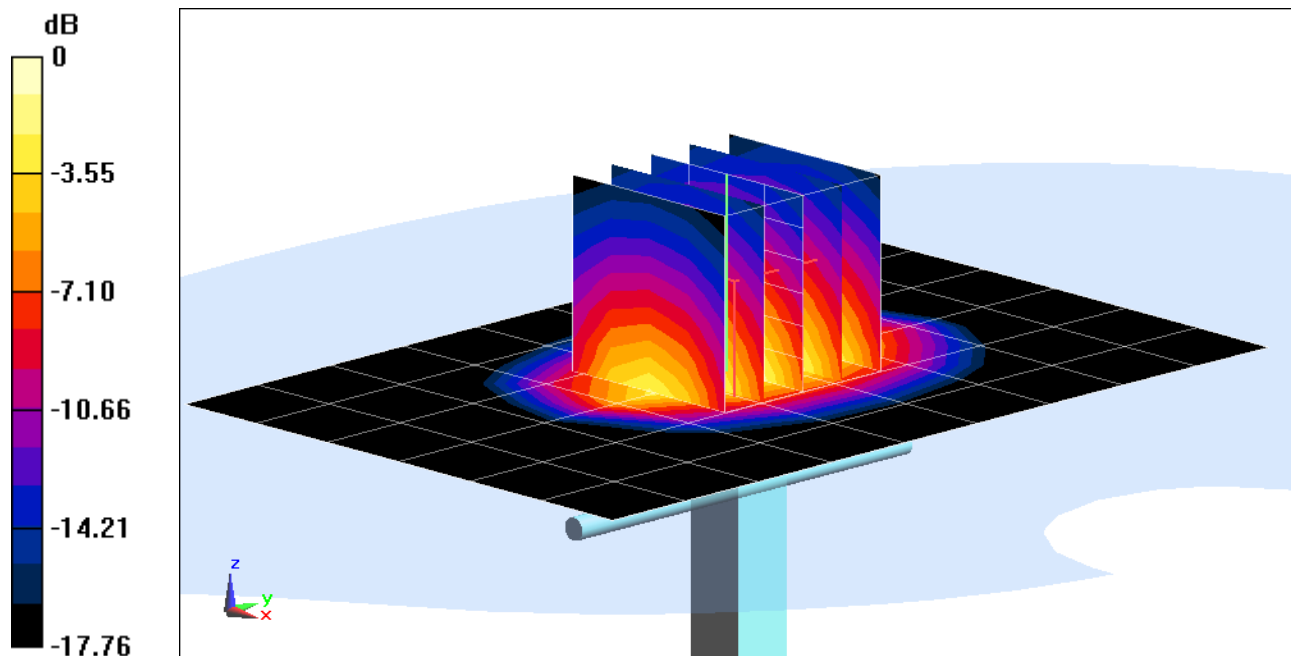
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power: 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.87 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.8 W/kg

Deviation: -6.86%



0 dB = 4.28 W/kg = 6.31 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5200 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.252 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.233$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.99, 3.99, 3.99); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

5200MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

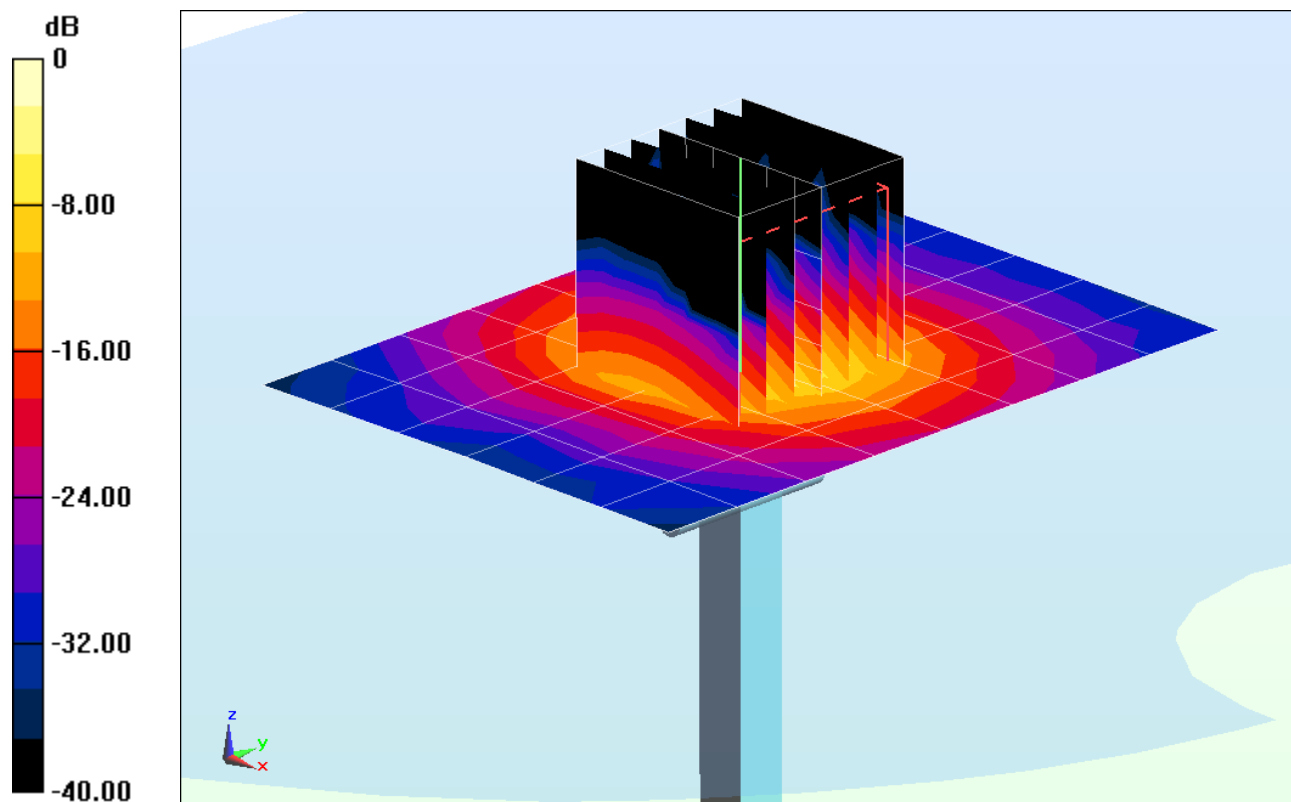
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.41 W/kg

Deviation = -1.85%



0 dB = 23.1 W/kg = 13.64 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5300 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.38 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.024$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

5300MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

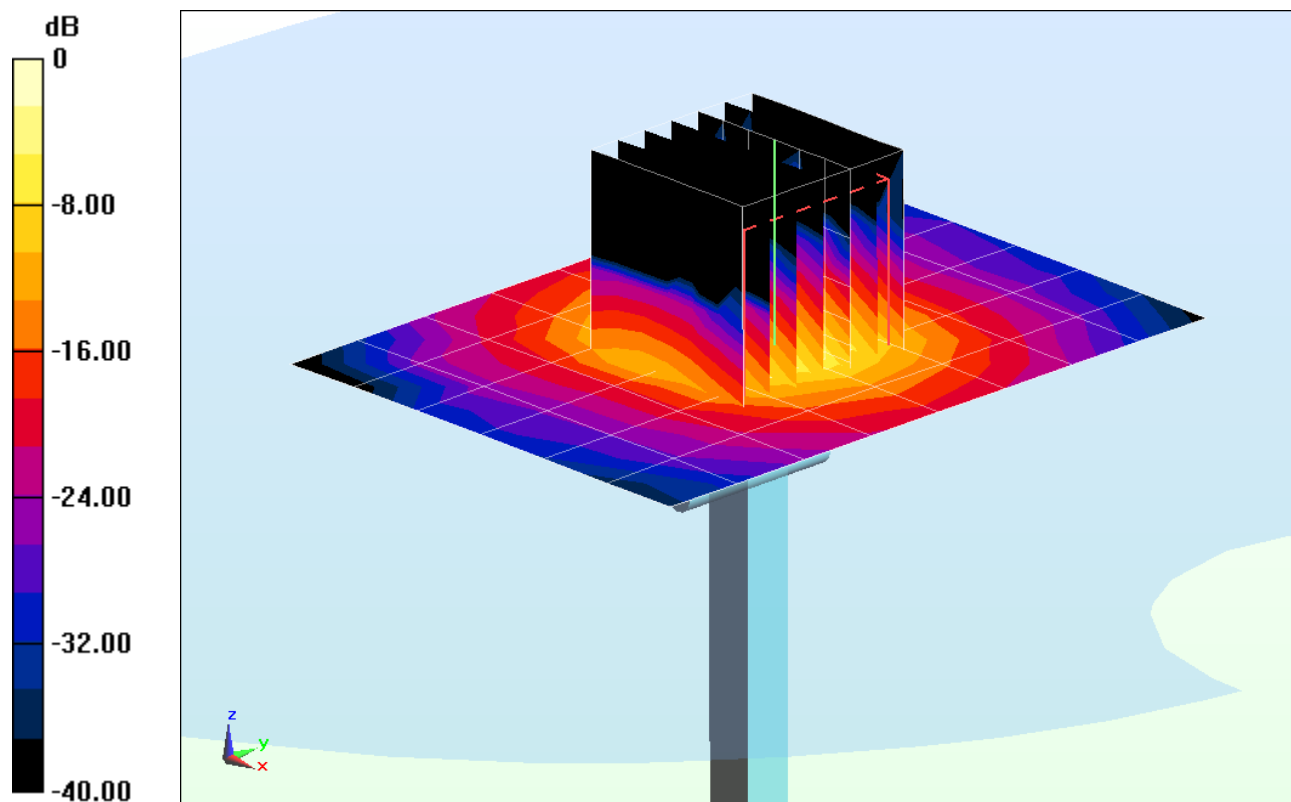
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.22 W/kg

Deviation = -4.12%



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.23 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.669 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.593$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.52, 3.52, 3.52); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

5500MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

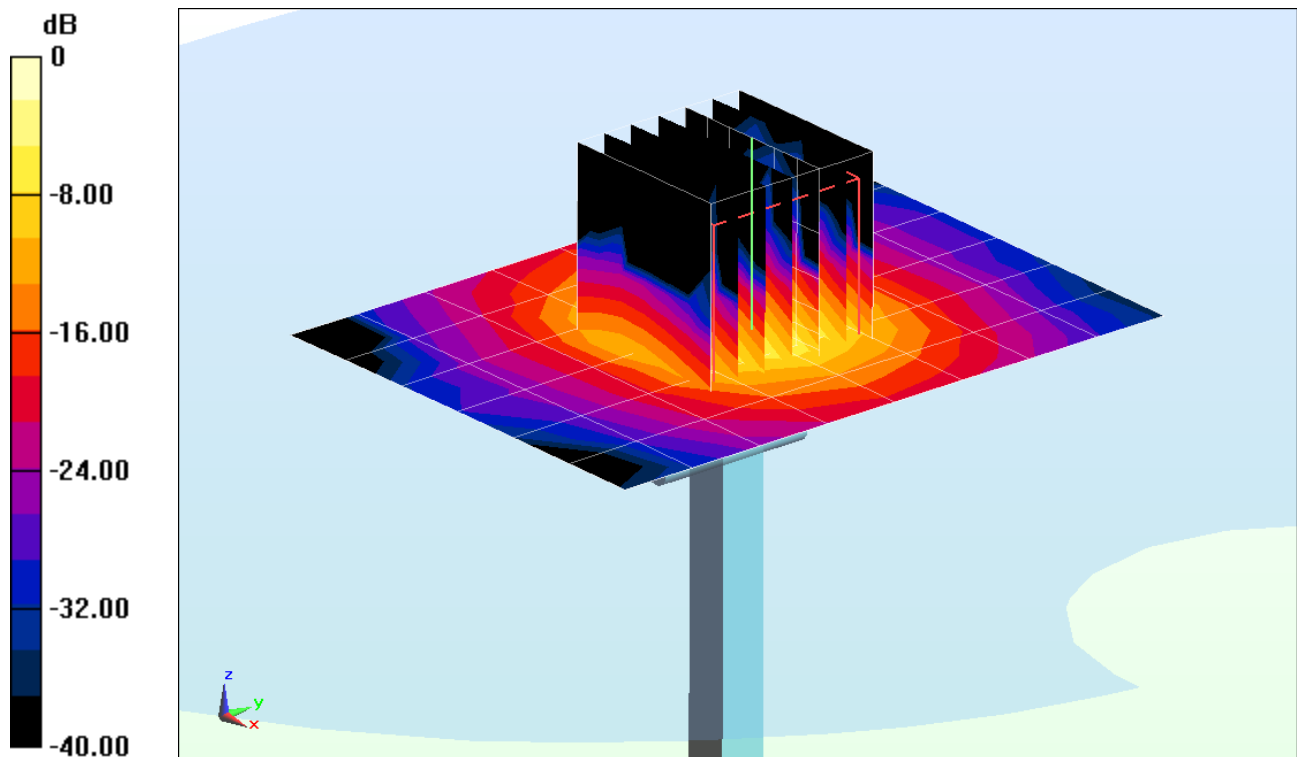
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 40.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg

Deviation = -0.12%



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.86 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.124 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.86$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-01-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.66, 3.66, 3.66); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

5800MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

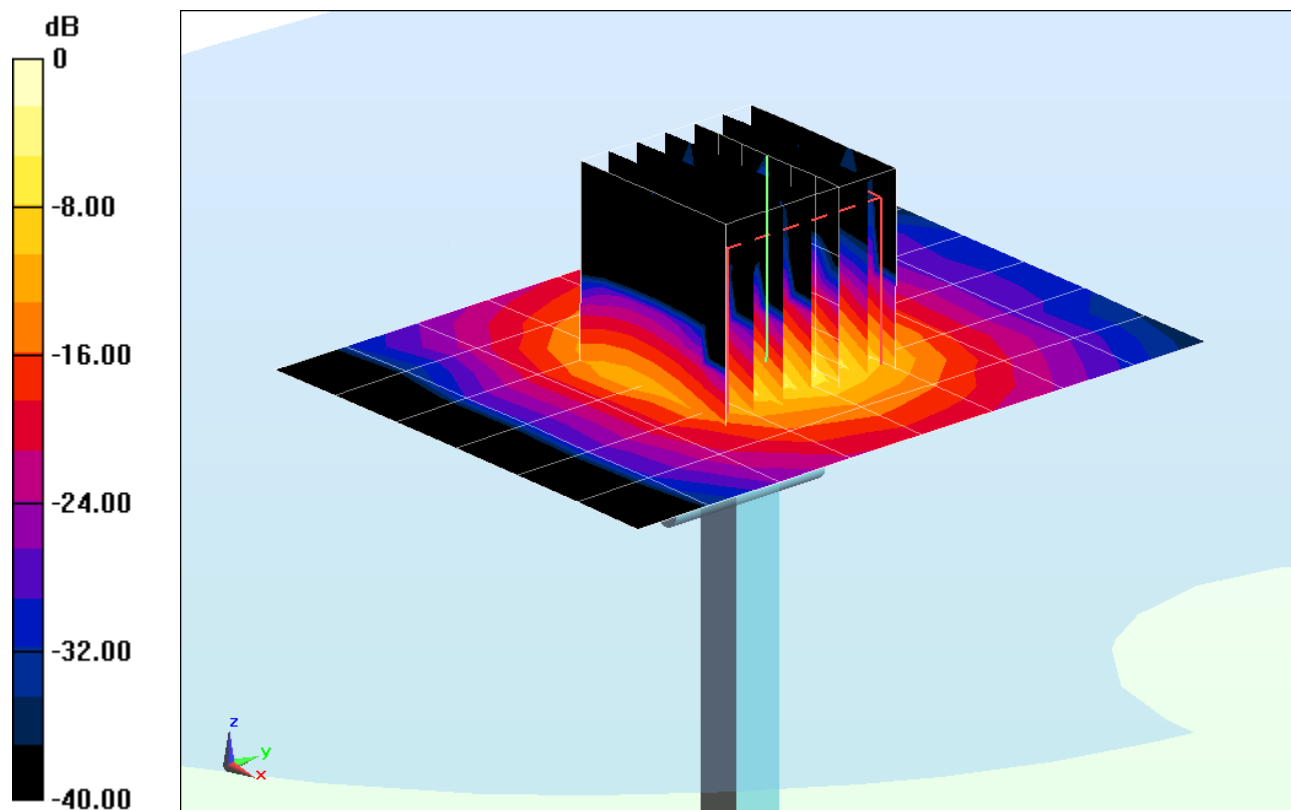
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 39.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.49 W/kg

Deviation = -0.27%



0 dB = 18.7 W/kg = 12.72 dBW/kg