PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.
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http://www.pctestlab.com

MEASUREMENT REPORT
FCC PART 15.247 / IC RSS-210 WLAN 802.11a/b/g/n

Applicant Name:
Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
416 Maetan 3-Dong, Yeongtong-gu
Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do
443-742 , Republic of Korea

Date of Testing:
8/27/12 - 8/31/12
Test Site/Location:
PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA
Test Report Serial No.:
0Y1210031462.A3L

FCC ID:	**A3LEKGC100A**
APPLICANT:	**Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.**

Application Type:	Certification
Model(s):	EK-GC100A
EUT Type:	Portable Camera
FCC Classification:	Digital Transmission System (DTS)
FCC Rule Part(s):	Part 15.247
IC Specification(s):	RSS-210 Issue 8
Test Procedure(s):	ANSI C63.10-2009, KDB 558074

Mode	Tx Frequency (MHz)	Avg Conducted		Peak Conducted	
		Max. Power (mW)	Max. Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Max. Power (dBm)
802.11b	2412 - 2462	37.239	15.71	67.608	18.30
802.11g	2412 - 2462	18.365	12.64	121.060	20.83
802.11n	2412 - 2462	17.783	12.50	122.744	20.89
802.11a	5745 - 5825	15.524	11.91	90.991	19.59
802.11n (20MHz)	5745 - 5825	15.171	11.81	86.099	19.35
802.11n (40MHz)	5755 - 5795	14.488	11.61	80.168	19.04

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI C63.10-2009, and KDB 558074. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.

Randy Ortanez
President

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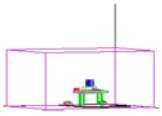


MEASUREMENT REPORT
FCC Part 15.247

§ 2.1033 General Information

APPLICANT:	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
APPLICANT ADDRESS:	416 Maetan 3-Dong, Yeongtong-gu
	Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 443-742 , Republic of Korea
TEST SITE:	PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.
TEST SITE ADDRESS:	6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045 USA
FCC RULE PART(S):	Part 15.247
IC SPECIFICATION(S):	RSS-210 Issue 8
MODEL NAME:	EK-GC100A
FCC ID:	A3LEKGC100A
Test Device Serial No.:	N/A ☐ Production ☒ Pre-Production ☐ Engineering
FCC CLASSIFICATION:	Digital Transmission System (DTS)
DATE(S) OF TEST:	8/27/12 - 8/31/12
TEST REPORT S/N:	0Y1210031462.A3L

Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at PCTEST Engineering Lab located in Columbia, MD 21046, U.S.A.

- PCTEST facility is an FCC registered (PCTEST Reg. No. 90864) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (2451A-1).
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab code: 100431-0) in EMC, FCC and Telecommunications.
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025-2005 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) in Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing, Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) testing, CTIA Test Plans, and wireless testing for FCC and Industry Canada Rules.
- PCTEST Lab is a recognized U.S. Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) in EMC and R&TTE (n.b. 0982) under the U.S.-EU Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).
- PCTEST TCB is a Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 65 by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) in all scopes of FCC Rules and Industry Canada Standards (RSS).
- PCTEST facility is an IC registered (2451A-1) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for AMPS, CDMA, and EvDO wireless devices and for Over-the-Air (OTA) Antenna Performance testing for AMPS, CDMA, GSM, GPRS, EGPRS, UMTS (W-CDMA), CDMA 1xEVDO, and CDMA 1xRTT.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2 PCTEST Test Location

The map below shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY, its proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Columbia vicinity, the Baltimore-Washington Internt'l (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and the Washington, DC area. (*See Figure 1-1*).

These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49'38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles North of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2009 on January 10, 2012.

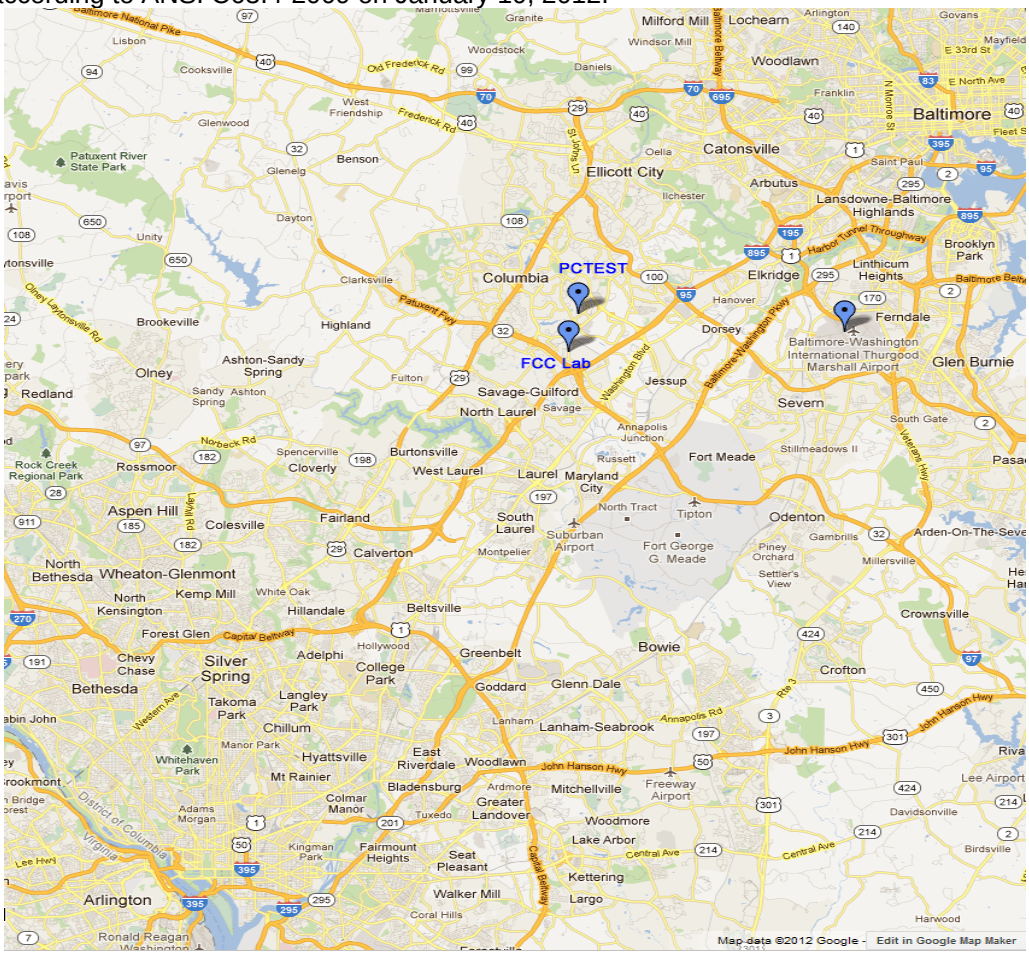


Figure 1-1. Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area

2.0 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Equipment Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is the **Samsung Portable Camera FCC ID: A3LEKGC100A**. The test data contained in this report pertains only to the emissions due to the EUT's DTS transmitter.

2.2 Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

850/1900 WCDMA/HSPA, 802.11a/b/g/n WLAN (DTS/NII), Bluetooth (1x,EDR, LE)

Note: 5GHz WLAN (DTS/NII) operation is possible in 20MHz and 40MHz channel bandwidths.

2.3 Test Configuration

The Samsung Portable Camera FCC ID: A3LEKGC100A was tested per the guidance of ANSI C63.10-2009 and KDB 558074. KDB 558074 was used in its entirety throughout the testing for this device. See Sections 3.2, 3.3, and 6.1 of this test report for a description of the AC line conducted emissions, radiated emissions, and antenna port conducted emissions test setups, respectively.

2.4 EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.5 Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the trade name and FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(b)(2).

Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.

3.0 DESCRIPTION OF TEST

3.1 Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2009), and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 were used in the measurement of the **Samsung Portable Camera FCC ID: A3LEKGC100A.**

Deviation from measurement procedure…….....None

3.2 AC Line Conducted Emissions

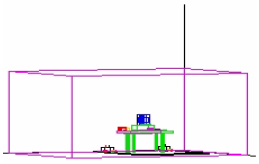


Figure 3-1. Shielded Enclosure Line-Conducted Test Facility

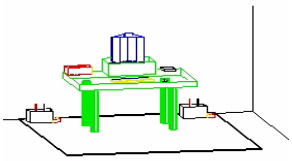


Figure 3-2. Line Conducted Emission Test Set-Up

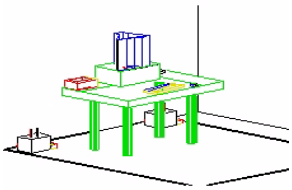


Figure 3-3. Wooden Table & Bonded LISNs

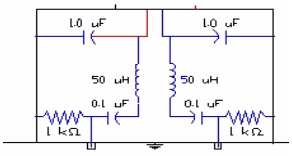


Figure 3-4. LISN Schematic Diagram

The line-conducted facility is located inside a 16'x20'x10' shielded enclosure, manufactured by Ray Proof Series 81 (*see Figure 3-1*). The shielding effectiveness of the shielded room is in accordance with MIL-Std-285 or NSA 65-5. A 1m x 1.5m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the sidewall of the shielded room (*see Figure 3-2*). Two 10kHz-30MHz, 50Ω/50μH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room (*see Figure 3-3*). Power to the LISNs are filtered by a high-current high-insertion loss Ray Proof power line filter (100dB 14Hz-10GHz). The purpose of the filter is to attenuate ambient signal interference and this filter is also bonded to the shielded enclosure. All electrical cables are shielded by braided tinned copper zipper tubing with an inner diameter of ½".

The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. If the EUT is a DC-powered device, power will be derived from the source power supply it normally will be powered from and this supply line(s) will be connected to the Solar LISN. The LISN schematic diagram is shown (*see Figure 3-4*). All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference groundplane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that that cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The spectrum was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz with a spectrum analyzer. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements. The bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 10kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission emission. Each emission was maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or resolution, clock or data exchange speed, scrolling H pattern to the EUT and/or support equipment, and powering the monitor from the floor mounted outlet box and the computer aux AC outlet, if applicable; whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions is used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz bandwidth for final measurements. Each emission reported was calibrated using a signal generator.

Line conducted emissions test results are shown in Section 6.10. Automated test software was used to perform the AC line conducted emissions testing. Automated measurement software utilized is the PCTEST Conduction Automatic Measurement, Version 2.7.

3.3 Radiated Emissions

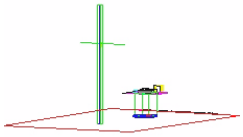


Figure 3-5. 3-Meter Test Site

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor semi-anechoic chamber used for exploratory measurements and an open area test site (OATS) used for final measurements. For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies higher than the upper frequency range of the broadband antenna used for testing, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used.

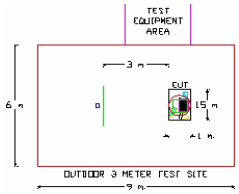


Figure 3-6. Dimensions of Outdoor Test Site

Exploratory measurements were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up was placed on top of a 0.8 meter high non-metallic 1 x 1.5 meter table (*see Figure 3-7*). The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found. To record the exploratory measurements, the analyzers' detector function was set to peak mode and the bandwidth was set to 100kHz.

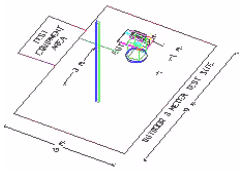


Figure 3-7. Turntable and System Setup

Final measurements were made on the OATS at 3 meter test range using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband or horn antennas (*see Figure 3-5*). The measurement area is situated on an 18 meter x 20 meter galvanized 1/2" hardware cloth as the conducting ground plane. This material is sewn together in sections 4 feet wide and 60 feet long. A total of eighteen sections are required to cover the entire measurement area. Sections are laid across the width of the pad, overlapped 1" and sewn and soldered together at intervals of 3" (7.6 cm.) The terrain of the test site is reasonably flat and level. Power and cable to the test site are buried 18" deep into the ground outside the perimeter of the site. An all-weather non-metallic housing is situated on a 2 x 3 meter area adjacent to the measurement area to house the test equipment (*see Figure 3-6*). The test set-up was again placed on top of the same a 0.8 meter high non-metallic 1 x 1.5 meter table on the OATS as used for exploratory measurements in the indoor chamber. The test set-up was re-configured to the same setup that was previously determined through exploratory measurements to have produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to the frequencies found to have caused the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the limit during preliminary radiated measurements. The turntable containing the system was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was re-maximized by varying: the mode of operation or resolution, clock or data exchange speed, scrolling H pattern to the EUT and/or support equipment, powering the monitor from the floor mounted outlet box and the computer aux AC outlet, if applicable, and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. To record the final measurements, the analyzer detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode and the bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set to 100kHz for frequencies below 1GHz or 1MHz for frequencies above 1GHz. For average measurements above 1GHz, measurement procedure "RBAVG1" in Section 5.4.2.2.2.1 of KDB 558074 was used. Each emission reported was calibrated using a signal generator. The Theoretical Normalized Site Attenuation Curves for both horizontal and vertical polarization are shown in Figure 3-8.

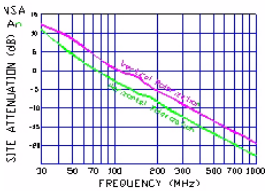


Figure 3-8. Normalized Site Attenuation Curves (H&V)

4.0 ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:
"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- The antennas of the Portable Camera are **permanently attached.**
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Conclusion:

The **Samsung Portable Camera FCC ID: A3LEKGC100A** unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	7	2442
2	2417	8	2447
3	2422	9	2452
4	2427	10	2457
5	2432	11	2462
6	2437		

Ch.	BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)
149	20	5745
151	20 / 40	5755
153	20	5765
155	20 / 40	5775
157	20	5785

Ch.	BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)
159	20 / 40	5795
161	20	5805
163	20	5815
165	20	5825

Table 4-1. Frequency/ Channel Operations

5.0 TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATA

Test Equipment Calibration is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
-	RE1	Radiated Emissions Cable Set (UHF/EHF)	7/10/2012	Annual	7/10/2013	N/A
-	WL25-1	Conducted Cable Set (25GHz)	2/13/2012	Annual	2/13/2013	N/A
-	40G-1R	40GHz Radiated Cable Set	2/23/2012	Annual	2/23/2013	N/A
-	WL40-1	Conducted Cable Set (40GHz)	2/24/2012	Annual	2/24/2013	N/A
Agilent	8447D	Broadband Amplifier	5/8/2012	Annual	5/8/2013	2443A01900
Agilent	E4448A	PSA (3Hz-50GHz) Spectrum Analyzer	2/15/2012	Annual	2/15/2013	US42510244
Agilent	N9020A	MXA Signal Analyzer	10/10/2011	Annual	10/10/2012	US46470561
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Sensor	10/13/2011	Annual	10/13/2012	1027293
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	10/13/2011	Annual	10/13/2012	1039008
Com-Power	AL-130	9kHz - 30MHz Loop Antenna	5/10/2012	Annual	5/10/2013	121034
ETS Lindgren	3117	1-18 GHz DRG Horn (Medium)	7/22/2011	Biennial	7/22/2013	125518
ETS Lindgren	3160-09	18-26.5 GHz Standard Gain Horn	5/30/2012	Biennial	5/30/2014	135427
ETS Lindgren	3160-10	26.5-40 GHz Standard Gain Horn	6/6/2012	Biennial	6/6/2014	130993
Mini-Circuits	VHF-3100+	High Pass Filter	1/15/2012	Annual	1/15/2013	30841
Mini-Circuits	VHF-8400+	3.4GHz - 9.9GHz High Pass Filter	2/28/2012	Annual	2/28/2013	31048
Rohde & Schwarz	TS-PR18	1-18 GHz Pre-Amplifier	6/26/2012	Annual	6/26/2013	100071
Rohde & Schwarz	TS-PR26	18-26.5 GHz Pre-Amplifier	5/30/2012	Annual	5/30/2013	100040
Rohde & Schwarz	ESU26	EMI Test Receiver	12/15/2011	Annual	12/15/2012	100342
Rohde & Schwarz	TS-PR40	26.5-40 GHz Pre-Amplifier	6/6/2012	Annual	6/6/2013	100037
Solar Electronics	8012-50-R-24-BNC	LISN	6/23/2011	Biennial	6/23/2013	310233
Sunol	DRH-118	Horn Antenna (1 - 18GHz)	7/5/2011	Biennial	7/5/2013	A050307
Sunol	JB5	Bi-Log Antenna (30M - 5GHz)	1/26/2012	Biennial	1/26/2014	A051107

Table 5-1. Annual Test Equipment Calibration Schedule

6.0 TEST RESULTS

6.1 Summary

Company Name: Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
FCC ID: A3LEKGC100A
FCC Classification: Digital Transmission System (DTS)
Data Rate(s) Tested: 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 5.5Mbps, 11Mbps (b)
6Mbps, 9Mbps, 12Mbps, 18Mbps, 24Mbps, 36Mbps, 48Mbps, 54Mbps (a/g)
6.5/7.2Mbps, 13/14.4Mbps, 19.5/21.7Mbps, 26/28.9Mbps, 39/43.3Mbps, 52/57.8Mbps, 58.5/65Mbps, 65/72.2Mbps (n – 20MHz)
13.5/15Mbps, 27/30Mbps, 40.5/45Mbps, 54/60Mbps, 81/90Mbps, 108/120Mbps, 121.5/135Mbps, 135/150Mbps (n – 40MHz)

FCC Part Section(s)	RSS Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
TRANSMITTER MODE (TX)						
15.247(a)(2)	RSS-210 [A8.2]	6dB Bandwidth	> 500kHz	CONDUCTED	PASS	Section 6.2
15.247(b)(3)	RSS-210 [A8.4]	Transmitter Output Power	< 1 Watt		PASS	Sections 6.3, 6.4
15.247(e)	RSS-210 [A8.2]	Transmitter Power Spectral Density	< 8dBm / 3kHz Band		PASS	Section 6.5
15.247(d)	RSS-210 [A8.5]	Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions	Conducted < 30dBc		PASS	Sections 6.6, 6.7
15.205 15.209	RSS-210 [A8.5]	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209	RADIATED	PASS	Sections 6.8, 6.9
15.207	RSS-Gen [7.2.2]	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz – 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	LINE CONDUCTED	PASS	Section 6.10
RECEIVER MODE (RX) / DIGITAL EMISSIONS						
15.107	RSS-Gen [7.2.2]	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz – 30MHz	< FCC 15.107 limits	LINE CONDUCTED	PASS	Part 15B Test Report
15.109	RSS-Gen [7.2.3.2]	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emissions Limits)	< FCC 15.109 limits	RADIATED (30MHz-1GHz) (1-25 GHz)	PASS	Part 15B Test Report

Table 6-1. Summary of Test Results

Notes:

1) All data included in this report was taken from the parent model FCC ID: A3LEKGC100 as the WLAN circuitry is electrically identical to FCC ID: A3LEKGC100A.
2) All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
3) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.
4) All antenna port conducted emissions testing was performed on a test bench with the antenna port of the EUT connected to the spectrum analyzer through calibrated cables and attenuators.

6.2 6dB Bandwidth Measurement – 802.11a/b/g/n

§15.247(a)(2); RSS-210 [A8.2]

The bandwidth at 6dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies. ***The minimum permissible 6dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.***

Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	802.11 Mode	Data Rate [Mbps]	Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Minimum Bandwidth [MHz]	Pass / Fail
2412	1	b	1	9.056	0.500	Pass
2437	6	b	1	9.081	0.500	Pass
2462	11	b	1	9.043	0.500	Pass
2412	1	g	6	15.97	0.500	Pass
2437	6	g	6	15.83	0.500	Pass
2462	11	g	6	16.19	0.500	Pass
2412	1	n	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	16.89	0.500	Pass
2437	6	n	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	16.89	0.500	Pass
2462	11	n	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	17.33	0.500	Pass
5745	149	a	6	15.79	0.500	Pass
5785	157	a	6	15.73	0.500	Pass
5825	165	a	6	15.84	0.500	Pass
5745	149	n (20MHz)	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	17.39	0.500	Pass
5785	157	n (20MHz)	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	17.27	0.500	Pass
5825	165	n (20MHz)	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	17.06	0.500	Pass
5755	151	n (40MHz)	13.5/15 (MCS0)	35.67	0.500	Pass
5795	159	n (40MHz)	13.5/15 (MCS0)	35.77	0.500	Pass

Table 6-2. Conducted Bandwidth Measurements

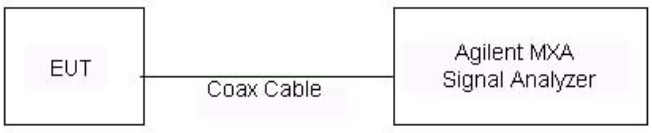
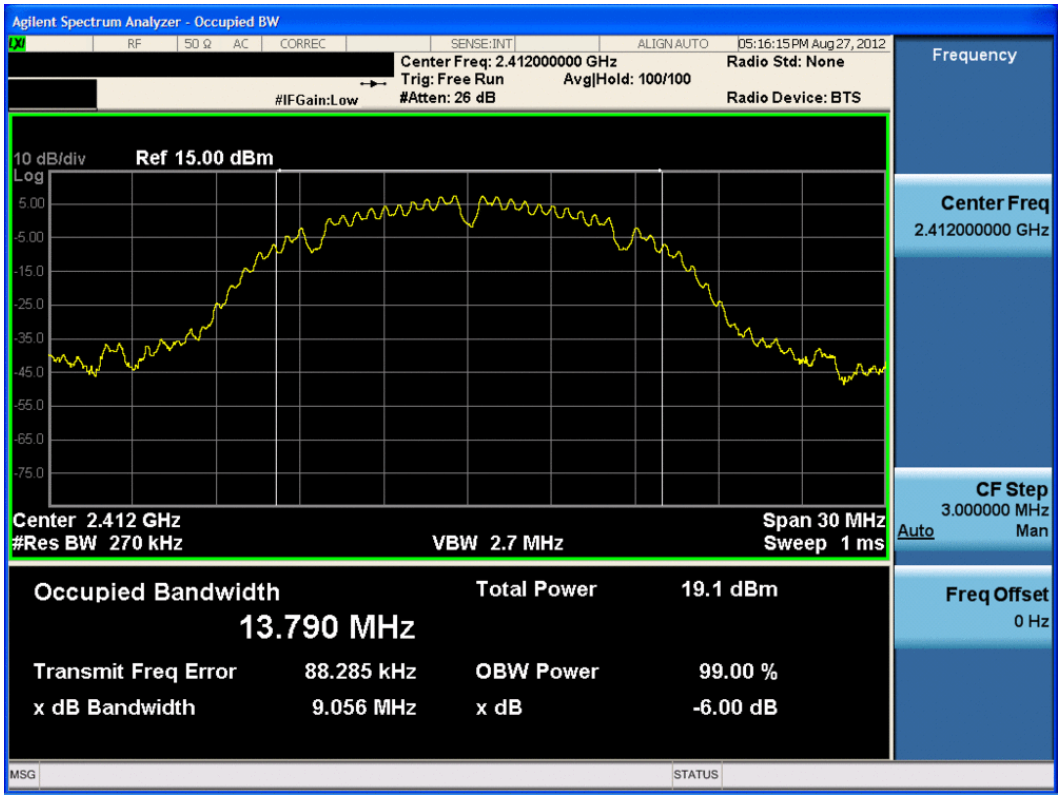


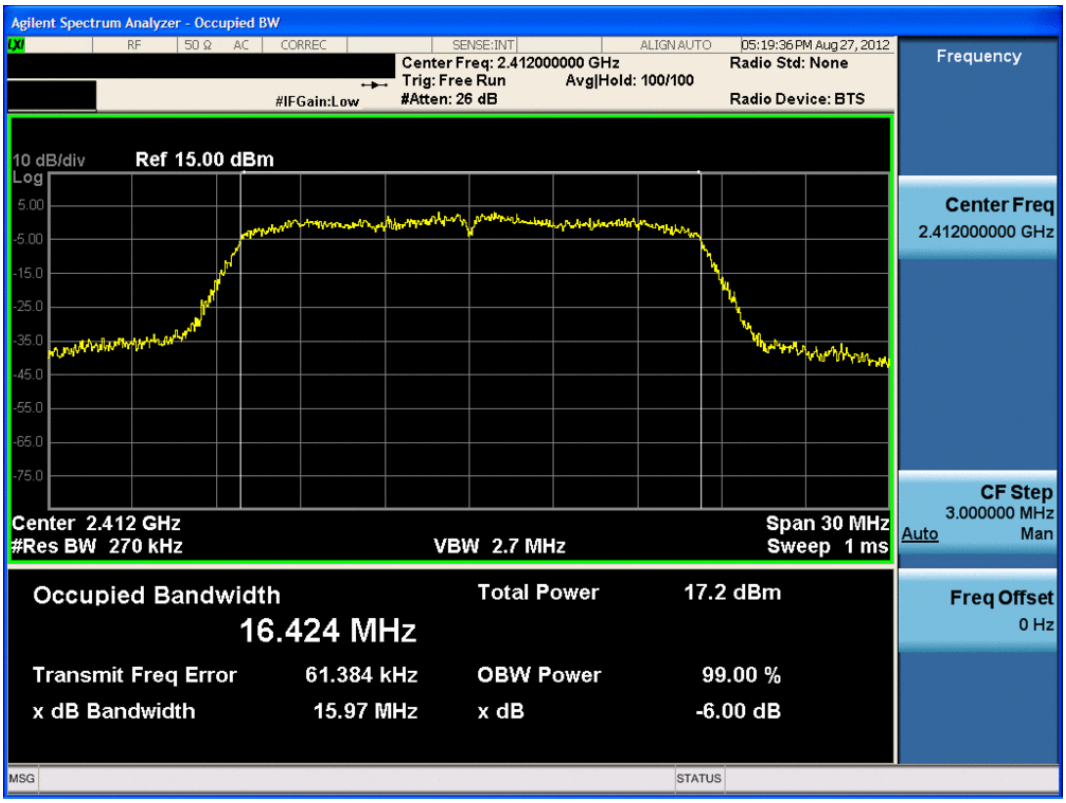
Figure 6-1. Test Instrument & Measurement Setup



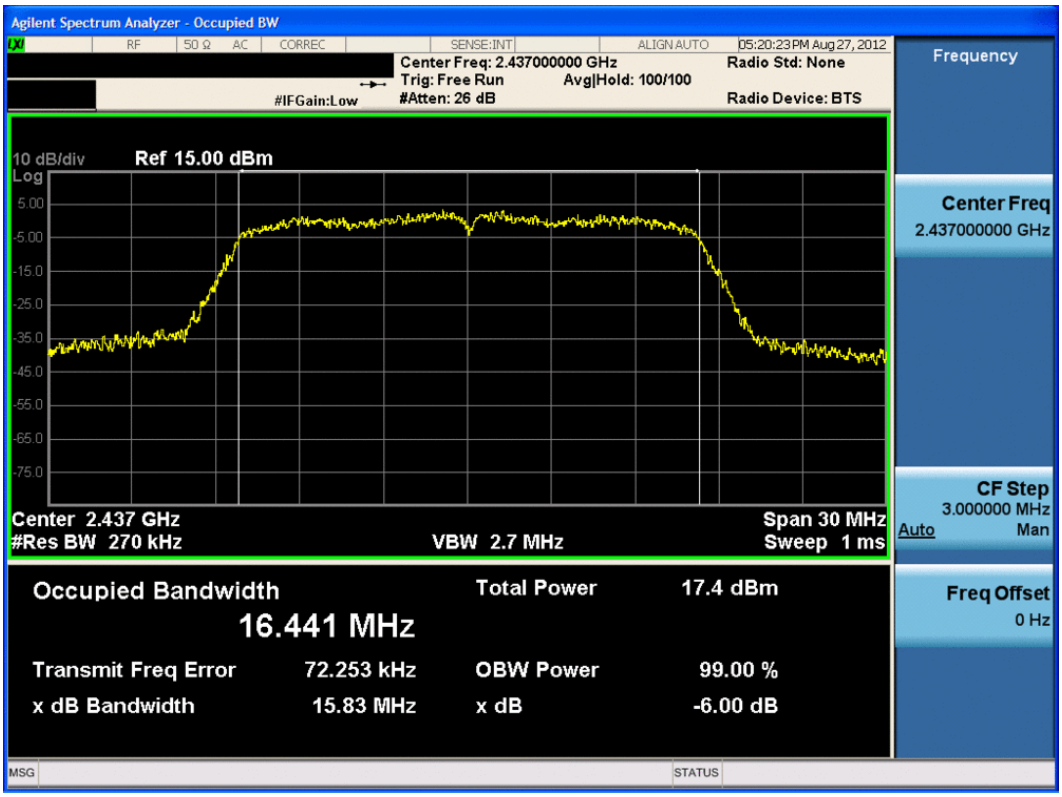
Plot 6-1. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11b – Ch. 1)

Plot 6-2. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11b – Ch. 6)

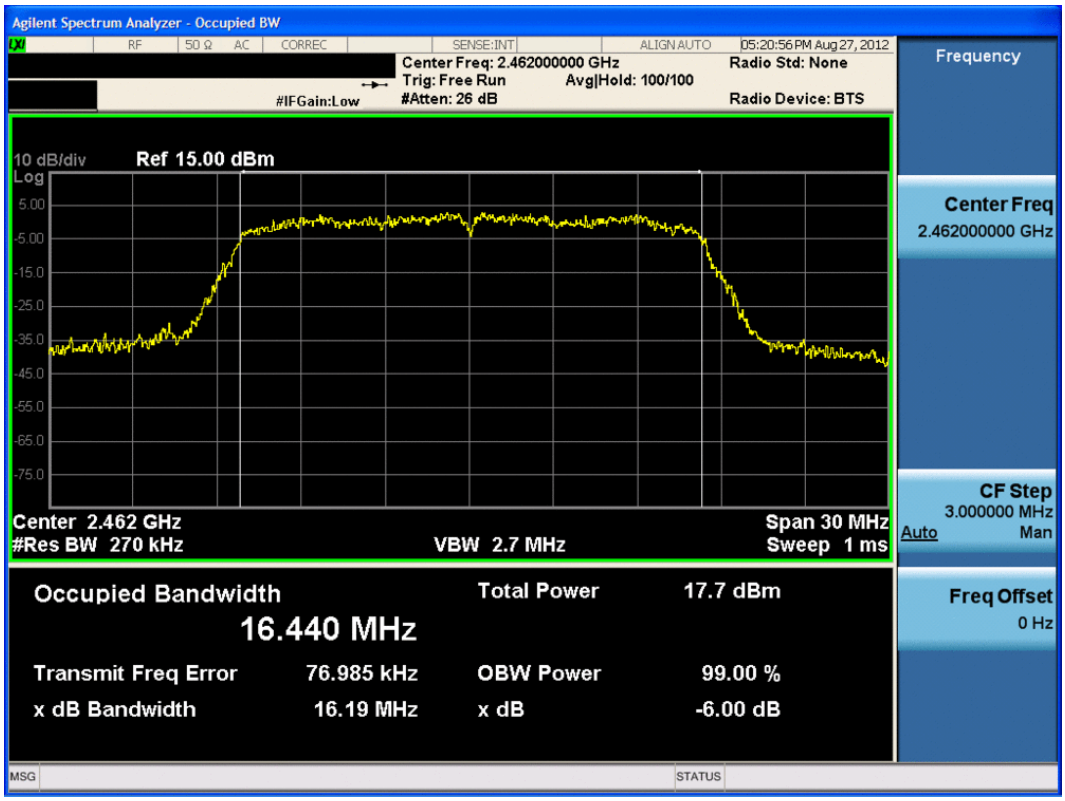
Plot 6-3. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11b – Ch. 11)



Plot 6-4. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11g – Ch. 1)

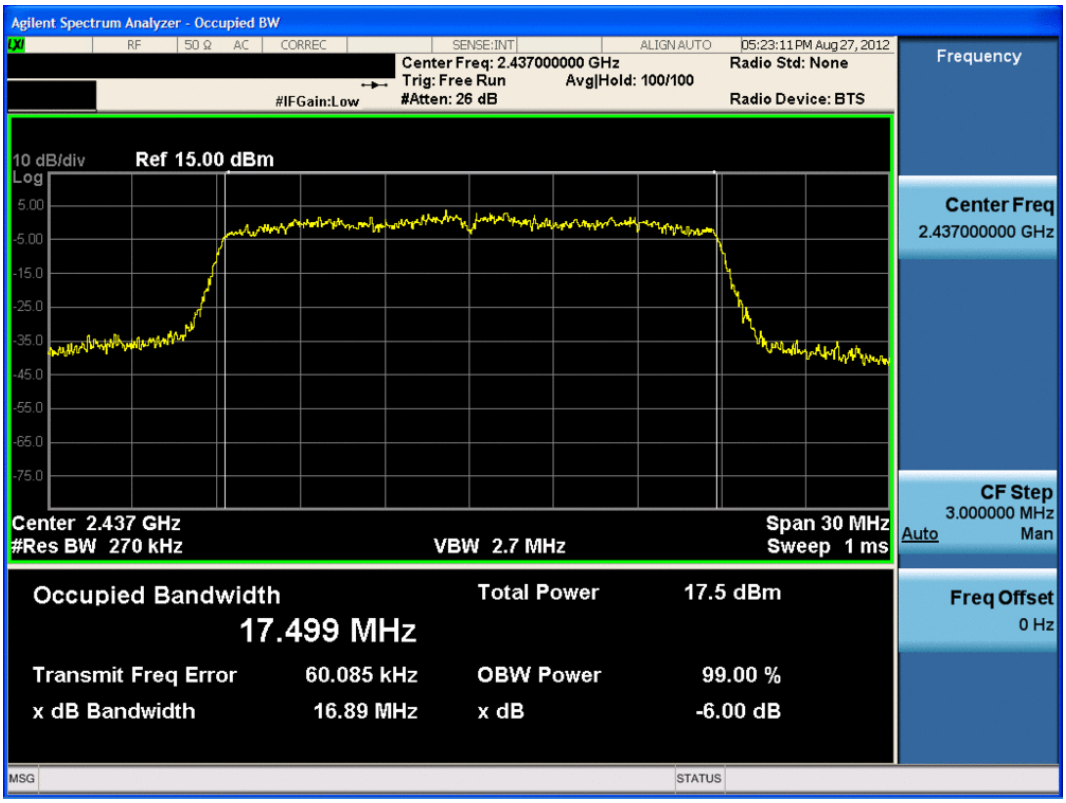


Plot 6-5. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11g – Ch. 6)

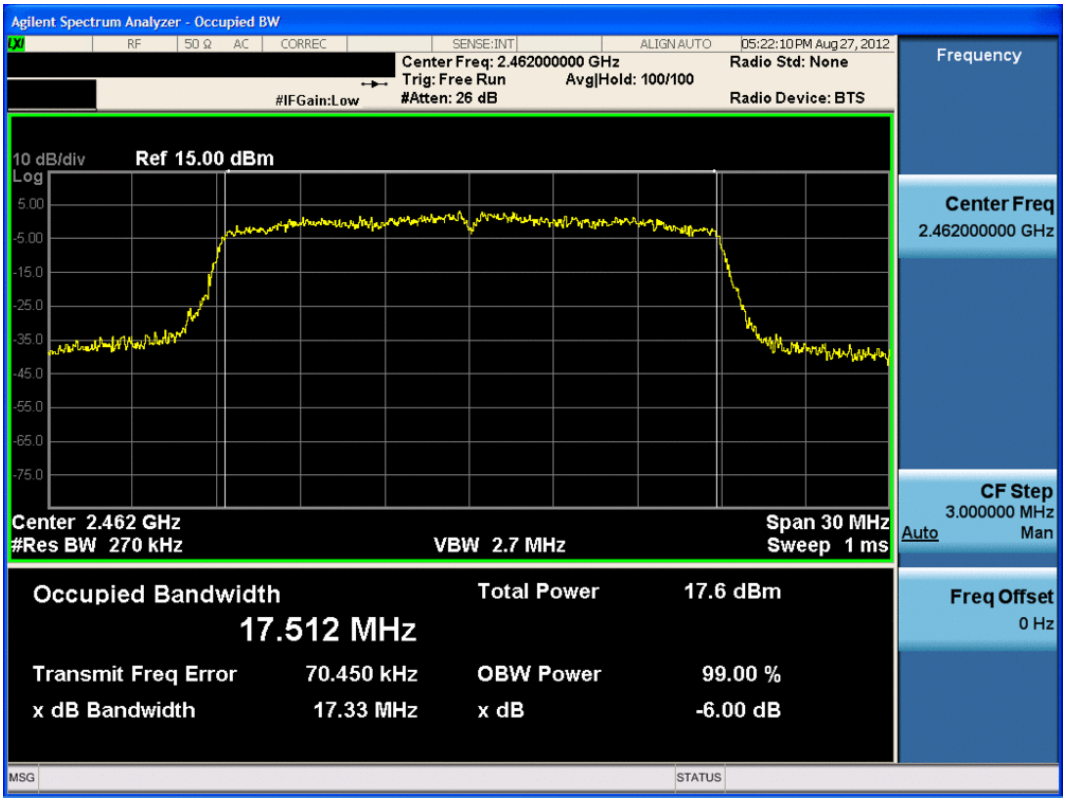


Plot 6-6. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11g – Ch. 11)

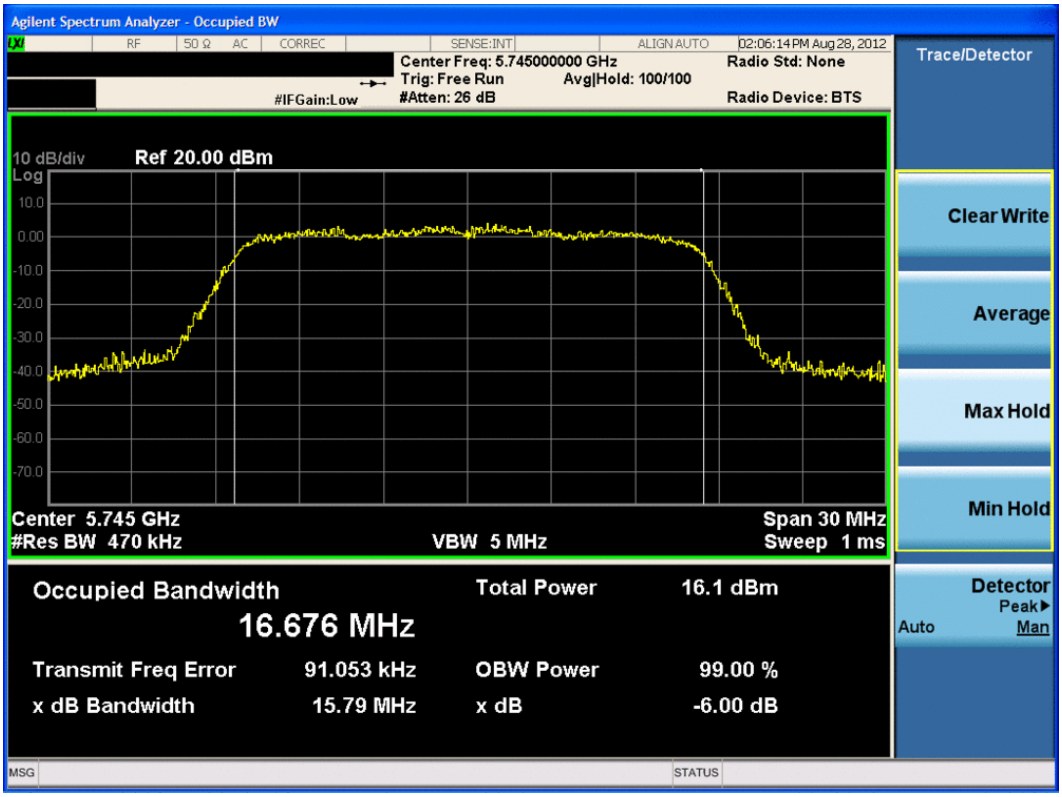
Plot 6-7. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11n (2.4GHz) – Ch. 1)



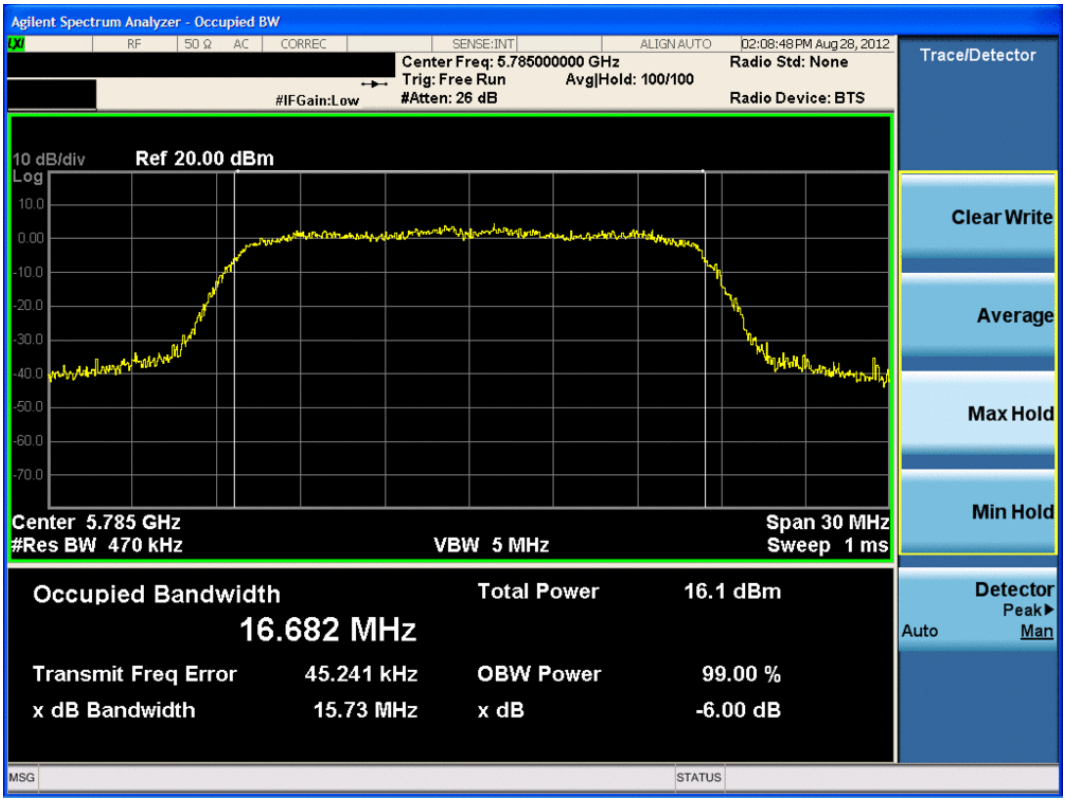
Plot 6-8. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11n (2.4GHz) – Ch. 6)



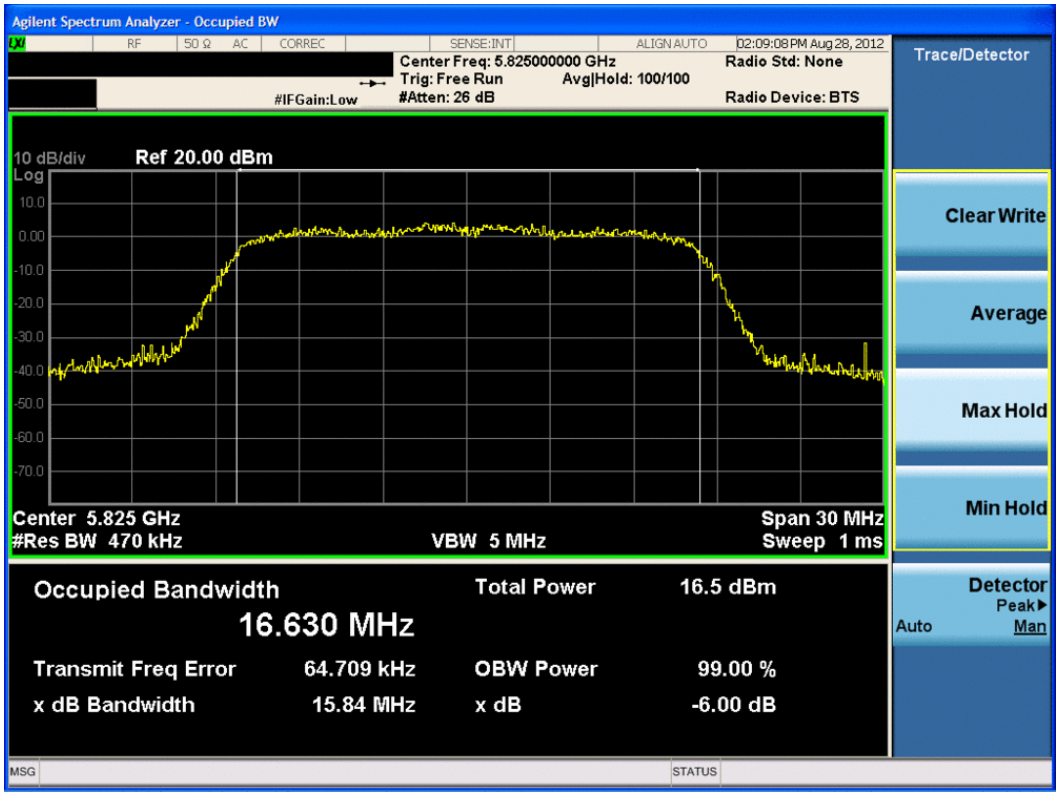
Plot 6-9. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11n (2.4GHz) – Ch. 11)



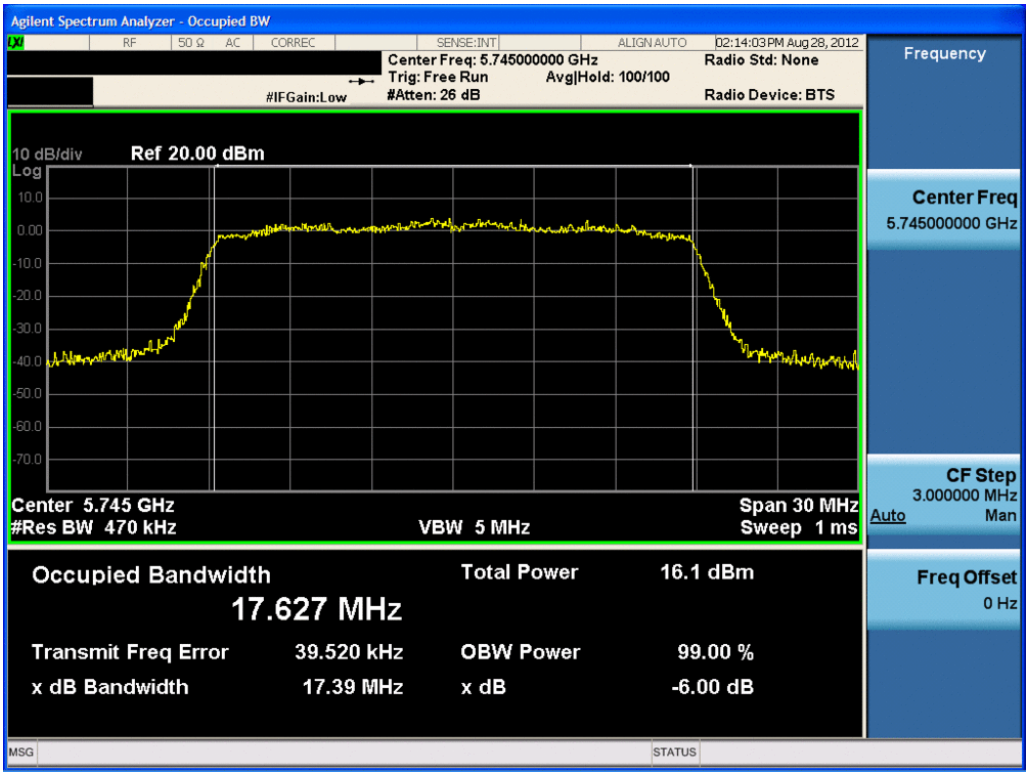
Plot 6-10. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11a – Ch. 149)



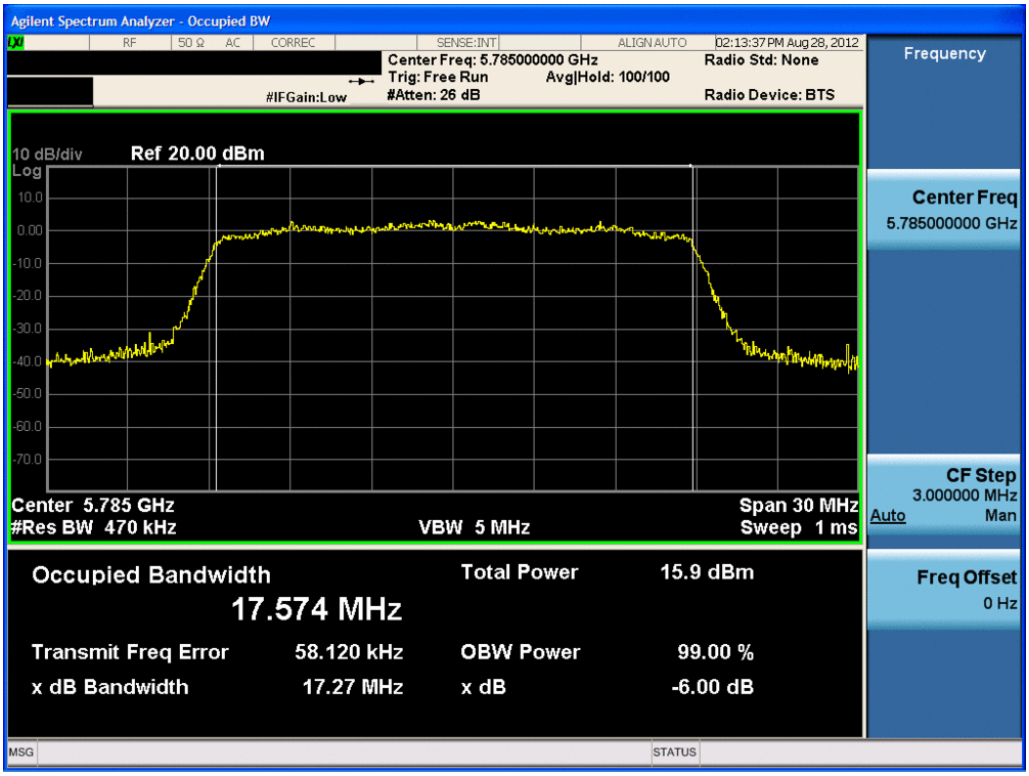
Plot 6-11. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11a – Ch. 157)



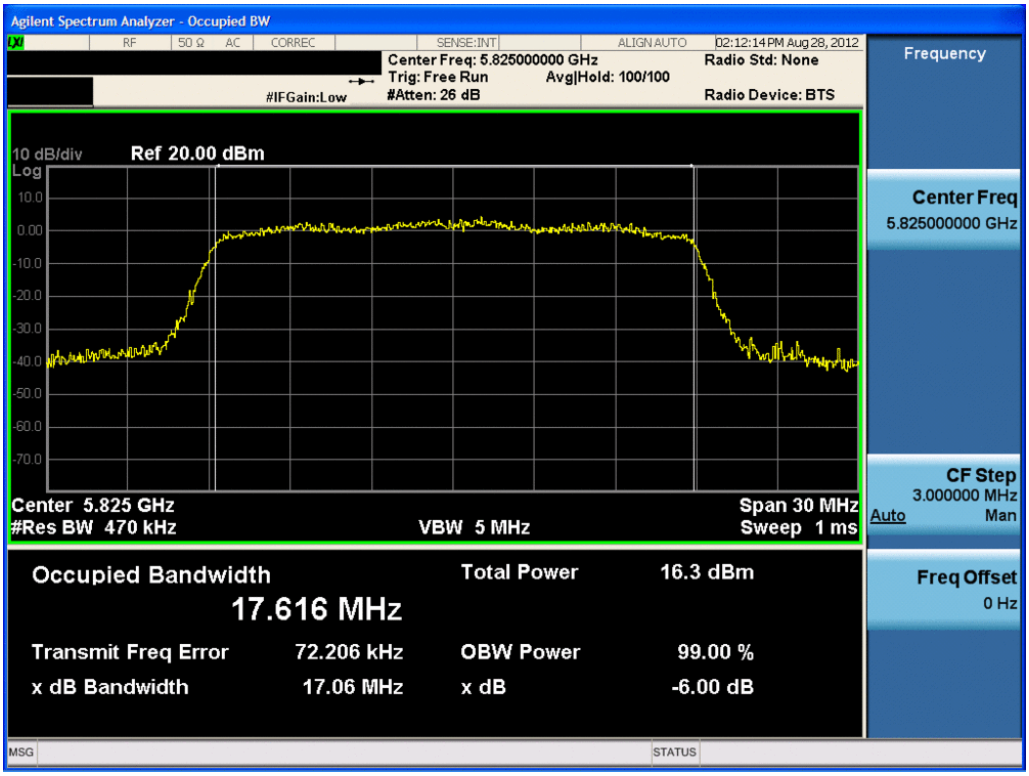
Plot 6-12. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (802.11a – Ch. 165)



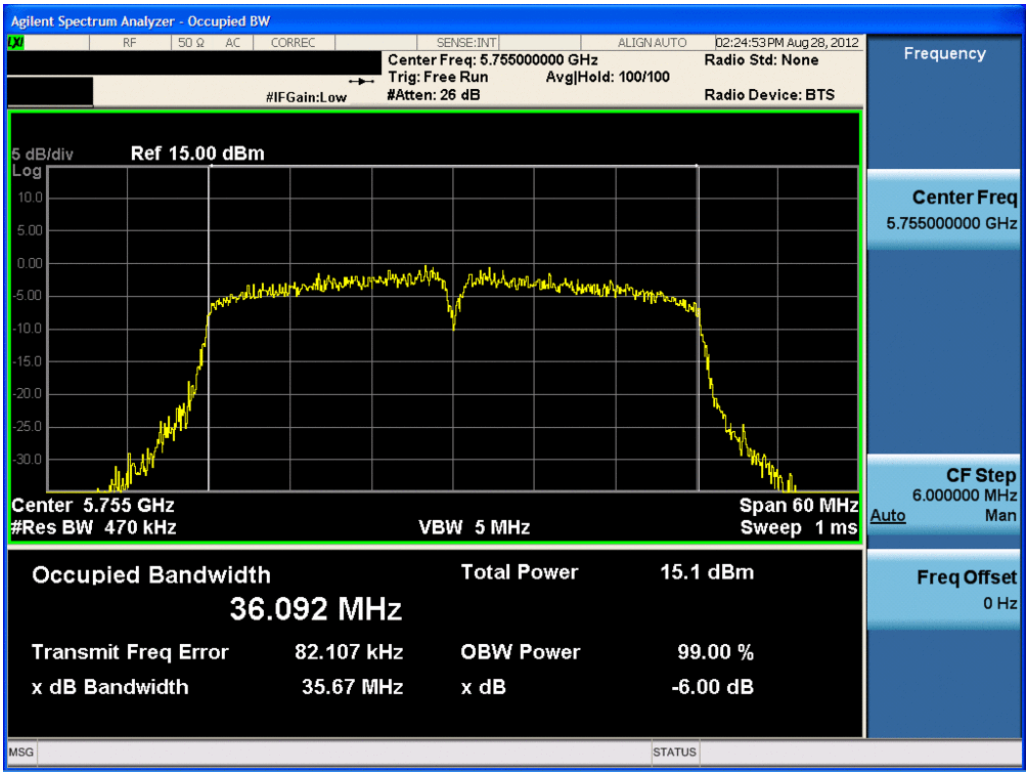
Plot 6-13. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (20MHz BW 802.11n (5.8GHz) – Ch. 149)



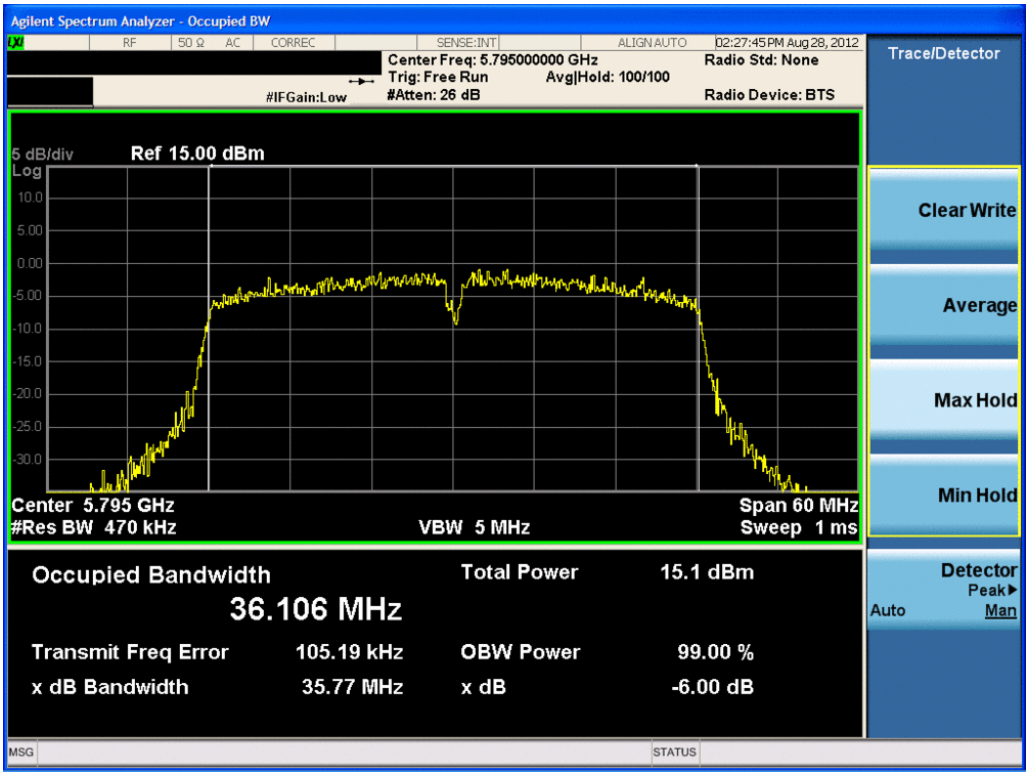
Plot 6-14. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (20MHz BW 802.11n (5.8GHz) – Ch. 157)



Plot 6-15. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (20MHz BW 802.11n (5.8GHz) – Ch. 165)



Plot 6-16. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (40MHz BW 802.11n (5.8GHz) – Ch. 151)



Plot 6-17. 6dB Bandwidth Plot (40MHz BW 802.11n (5.8GHz) – Ch. 159)

6.3 Output Power Measurement – 802.11b/g/n (2.4GHz)

§15.247(b)(3); RSS-210 [A8.4]

A transmitter antenna terminal of EUT is connected to the input of an RF power sensor. Measurement is made using a broadband power meter capable of making peak and average measurements while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies. ***The maximum permissible conducted output power is 1 Watt.***

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Detector	802.11b Conducted Power [dBm]			
				Data Rate [Mbps]			
				1	2	5.5	11
802.11b	2412	1	AVG	15.31	15.32	15.41	15.37
			PEAK	17.97	17.93	17.91	17.94
802.11b	2437	6	AVG	15.58	15.60	15.63	15.61
			PEAK	18.24	18.18	18.17	18.16
802.11b	2462	11	AVG	15.63	15.66	15.68	15.71
			PEAK	18.30	18.27	18.20	18.26

Table 6-3. 802.11b Conducted Output Power Measurements

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Detector	802.11g Conducted Power [dBm]							
				Data Rate [Mbps]							
				6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11g	2412	1	AVG	12.20	12.19	12.20	12.20	12.25	12.29	12.23	12.31
			PEAK	20.14	20.19	20.30	20.27	20.50	20.58	20.51	20.44
802.11g	2437	6	AVG	12.40	12.42	12.42	12.43	12.51	12.49	12.47	12.44
			PEAK	20.54	20.68	20.49	20.62	20.78	20.58	20.71	20.66
802.11g	2462	11	AVG	12.50	12.49	12.51	12.57	12.50	12.57	12.49	12.64
			PEAK	20.65	20.52	20.51	20.51	20.61	20.61	20.83	20.53

Table 6-4. 802.11g Conducted Output Power Measurements

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Detector	802.11n (2.4GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
				Data Rate [Mbps]							
				6.5/7.2	13/14.4	19.5/21.7	26/28.9	39/43.4	52/57.8	58.5/65	65/72.2
802.11n	2412	1	AVG	12.06	12.04	12.07	12.14	12.10	12.14	12.14	12.19
			PEAK	20.11	19.88	20.20	20.29	20.44	20.19	20.10	20.33
802.11n	2437	6	AVG	12.32	12.27	12.32	12.29	12.22	12.35	12.33	12.31
			PEAK	20.31	20.50	20.37	20.62	20.40	20.46	20.52	20.47
802.11n	2462	11	AVG	12.33	12.33	12.47	12.43	12.42	12.39	12.48	12.50
			PEAK	20.44	20.25	20.36	20.65	20.89	20.45	20.73	20.65

Table 6-5. 20MHz BW 802.11n (2.4GHz) Conducted Output Power Measurements

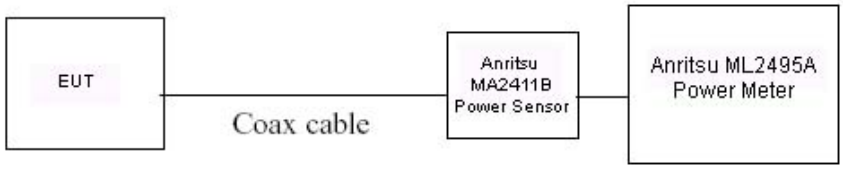


Figure 6-2. Test Instrument & Measurement Setup

6.4 Output Power Measurement – 802.11a/n (5GHz)

§15.247(b)(3); RSS-210 [A8.4]

A transmitter antenna terminal of EUT is connected to the input of an RF power sensor. Measurement is made using a broadband power meter capable of making peak and average power measurements while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies. ***The maximum permissible conducted output power is 1 Watt.***

Mode	Freq	Channel	Detector	802.11a Conducted Power [dBm]							
				Data Rate [Mbps]							
	[MHz]			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11a	5745	149	AVG	11.73	11.74	11.82	11.77	11.91	11.84	11.91	11.90
			PEAK	19.06	19.19	19.18	18.94	19.43	19.29	19.43	19.59
802.11a	5765	153	AVG	11.70	11.78	11.75	11.80	11.72	11.76	11.78	11.85
			PEAK	19.14	19.08	19.18	19.29	19.23	19.28	19.41	19.34
802.11a	5785	157	AVG	11.81	11.65	11.70	11.77	11.71	11.81	11.77	11.77
			PEAK	19.06	19.02	19.16	19.25	19.25	19.28	19.37	19.28
802.11a	5805	161	AVG	11.62	11.66	11.69	11.69	11.72	11.71	11.74	11.80
			PEAK	19.02	19.08	19.12	19.22	19.24	19.43	19.20	19.05
802.11a	5825	165	AVG	11.73	11.69	11.63	11.76	11.66	11.74	11.70	11.80
			PEAK	19.09	18.96	18.94	19.29	19.11	19.23	19.14	19.25

Table 6-6. 802.11a Conducted Output Power Measurements

Mode	Freq	Channel	Detector	20MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
				Data Rate [Mbps]							
	[MHz]			6.5/7.2	13/14.4	19.5/21.7	26/28.9	39/43.4	52/57.8	58.5/65	65/72.2
802.11n	5745	149	AVG	11.59	11.70	11.76	11.78	11.71	11.77	11.73	11.81
			PEAK	19.03	19.18	19.05	19.10	19.23	19.27	19.10	19.19
802.11n	5765	153	AVG	11.68	11.69	11.62	11.67	11.69	11.73	11.77	11.72
			PEAK	19.35	19.13	19.08	19.31	19.08	19.20	19.30	19.35
802.11n	5785	157	AVG	11.59	11.57	11.62	11.61	11.66	11.74	11.70	11.72
			PEAK	18.59	18.93	18.99	19.19	19.21	19.31	19.21	19.17
802.11n	5805	161	AVG	11.59	11.58	11.59	11.59	11.58	11.68	11.65	11.71
			PEAK	19.06	19.02	19.22	19.03	19.11	19.29	19.08	19.13
802.11n	5825	165	AVG	11.52	11.52	11.56	11.59	11.61	11.63	11.65	11.65
			PEAK	18.93	18.84	18.97	19.06	19.08	18.97	19.12	19.10

Table 6-7. 20MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Output Power Measurements

Mode	Freq	Channel	Detector	40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
				Data Rate [Mbps]							
	[MHz]			13.5/15	27/30	40.5/45	54/60	81/90	108/120	121.5/135	135/150
802.11n	5755	151	AVG	11.46	11.50	11.53	11.51	11.48	11.58	11.59	11.61
			PEAK	18.57	18.58	18.48	19.04	18.59	18.77	18.87	18.76
802.11n	5795	159	AVG	11.42	11.47	11.48	11.50	11.46	11.55	11.50	11.44
			PEAK	18.79	18.55	18.39	19.04	18.70	18.76	18.75	18.46

Table 6-8. 40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Output Power Measurements

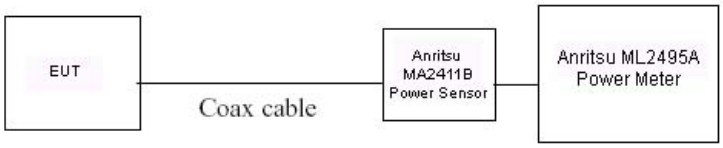


Figure 6-3. Test Instrument & Measurement Setup

6.5 Power Spectral Density (802.11a/b/g/n)

§15.247(e); RSS-210 [A8.2]

The peak power density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies. ***The maximum permissible power spectral density is 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band.***

Per the guidance on power spectral density measurements given in KDB 558074, the spectrum is measured with a 100kHz bandwidth using a peak detector. The measured spectrum is compared to the 8dBm/3kHz limit given in 15.247(e) by applying a bandwidth correction factor equal to 10log(3kHz/100kHz) = -15.23dB.

Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	802.11 Mode	Data Rate [Mbps]	Measured Power Spectral Density [dBm]	Bandwidth Correction Factor [dB]	Corrected Power Spectral Density [dBm]	Maximum Permissible Power Density [dBm / 3kHz]	Margin [dB]
2412	1	b	1	7.283	-15.23	-7.946	8.0	-15.95
2437	6	b	1	7.605	-15.23	-7.624	8.0	-15.62
2462	11	b	1	7.394	-15.23	-7.835	8.0	-15.83
2412	1	g	6	0.252	-15.23	-14.977	8.0	-22.98
2437	6	g	6	0.481	-15.23	-14.748	8.0	-22.75
2462	11	g	6	1.456	-15.23	-13.773	8.0	-21.77
2412	1	n	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	1.657	-15.23	-13.572	8.0	-21.57
2437	6	n	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	2.442	-15.23	-12.787	8.0	-20.79
2462	11	n	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	1.274	-15.23	-13.955	8.0	-21.95
5745	149	a	6	-1.257	-15.23	-16.486	8.0	-24.49
5785	157	a	6	-1.062	-15.23	-16.291	8.0	-24.29
5825	165	a	6	-1.340	-15.23	-16.569	8.0	-24.57
5745	149	n (20MHz)	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	-1.335	-15.23	-16.564	8.0	-24.56
5785	157	n (20MHz)	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	-1.350	-15.23	-16.579	8.0	-24.58
5825	165	n (20MHz)	6.5/7.2 (MCS0)	0.399	-15.23	-14.830	8.0	-22.83
5755	151	n (40MHz)	13.5/15 (MCS0)	-4.177	-15.23	-19.406	8.0	-27.41
5795	159	n (40MHz)	13.5/15 (MCS0)	-4.476	-15.23	-19.705	8.0	-27.70

Table 6-9. Conducted Power Density Measurements

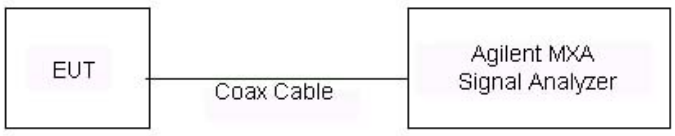
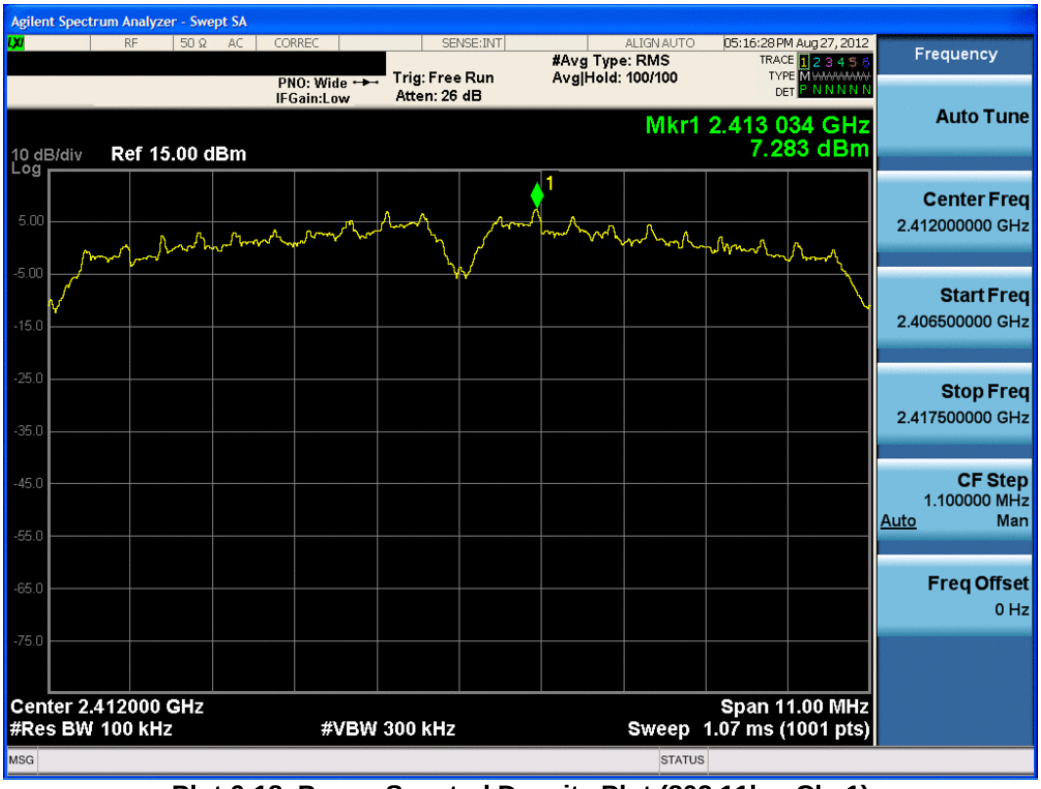
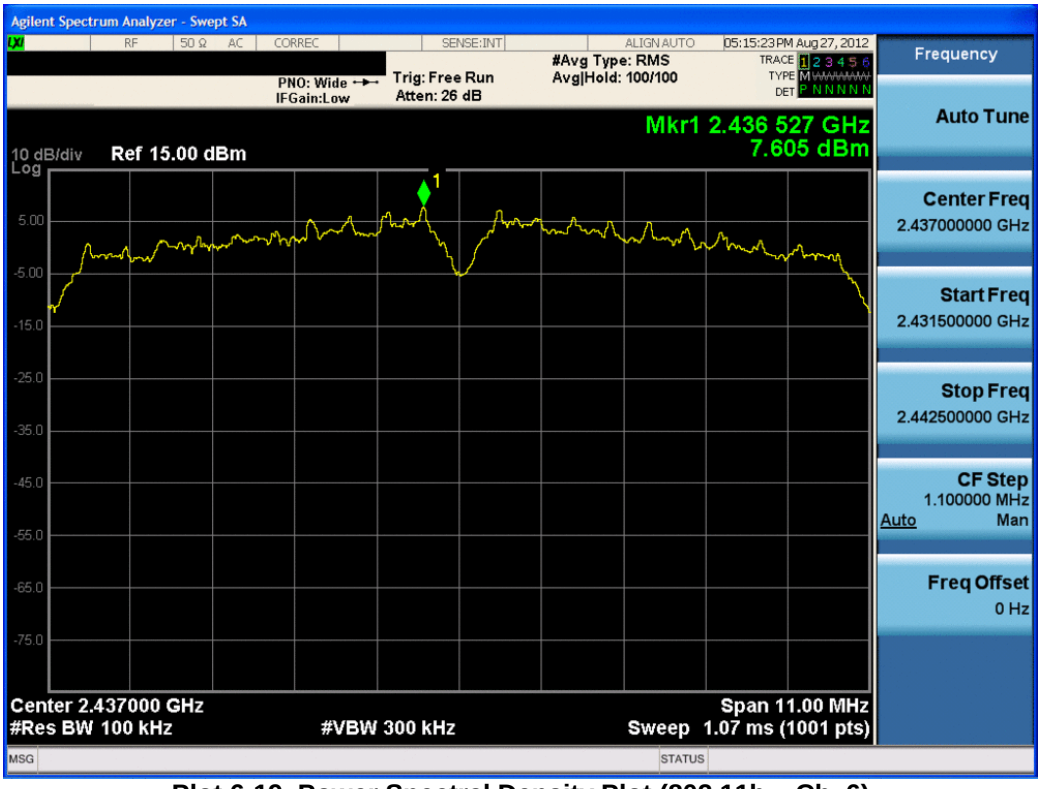


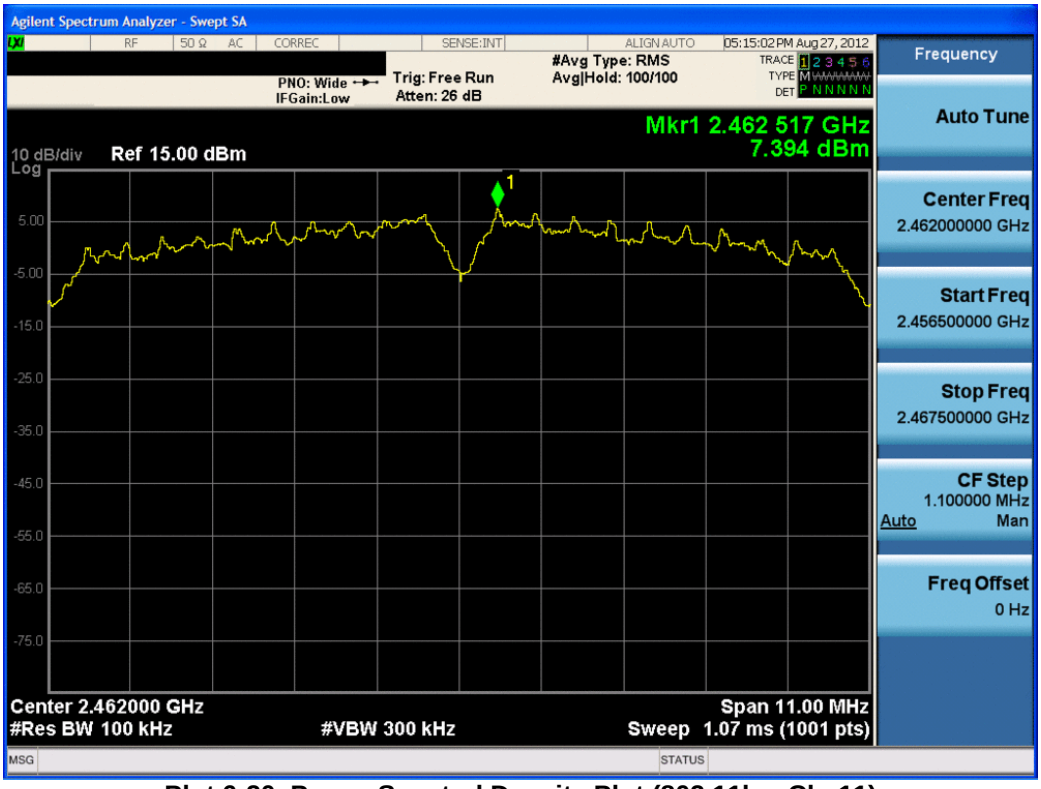
Figure 6-4. Test Instrument & Measurement Setup



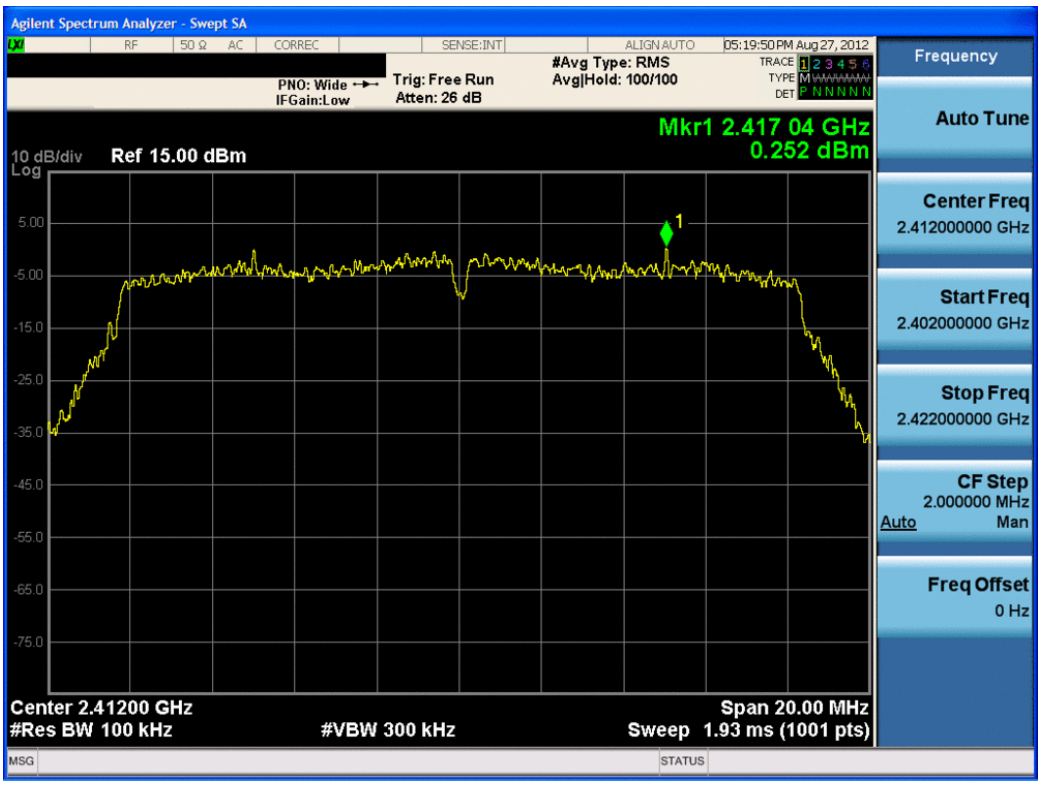
Plot 6-18. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11b – Ch. 1)



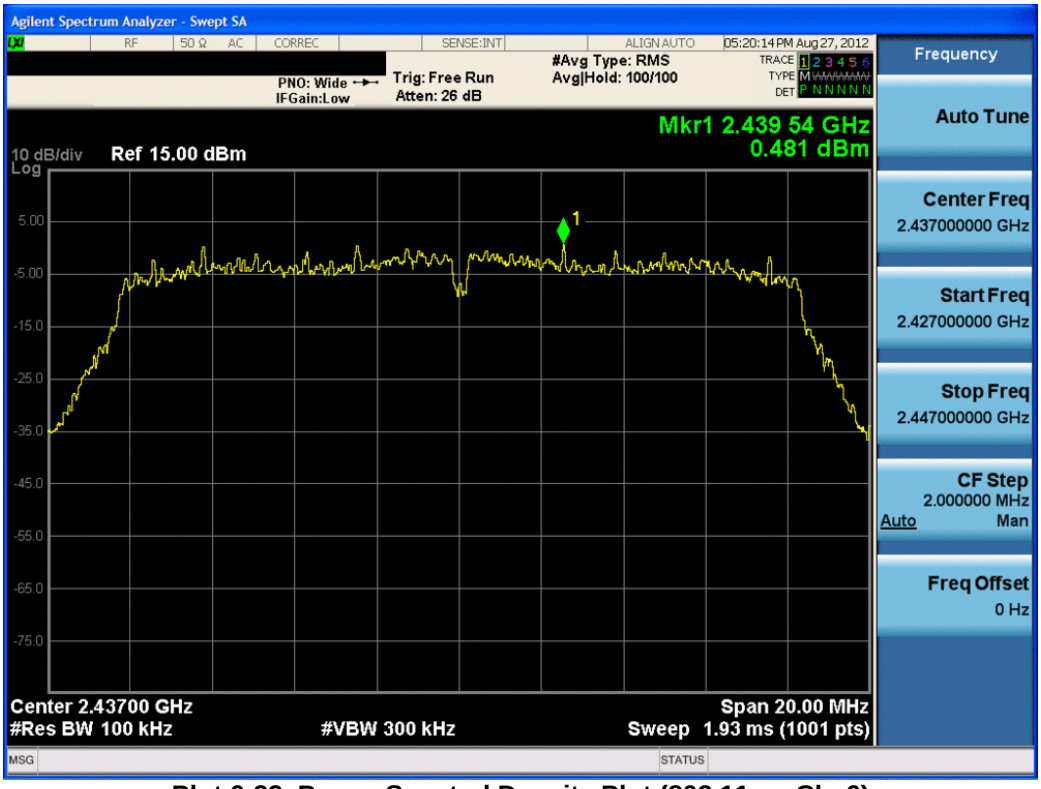
Plot 6-19. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11b – Ch. 6)



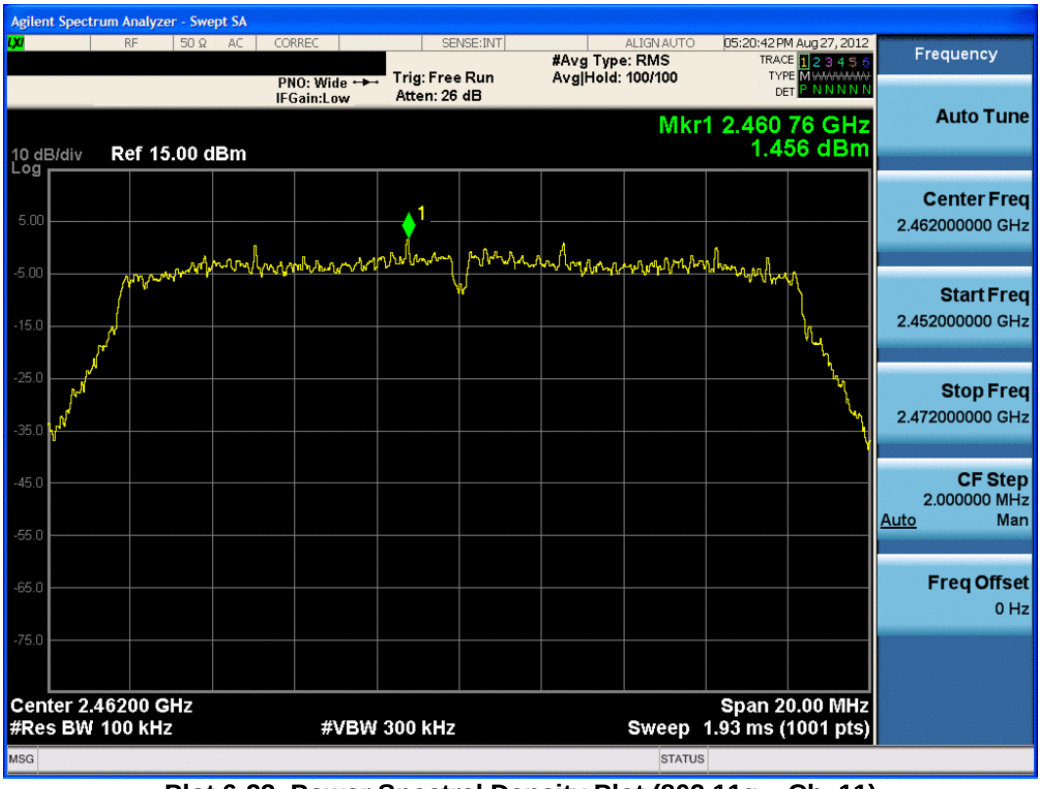
Plot 6-20. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11b – Ch. 11)



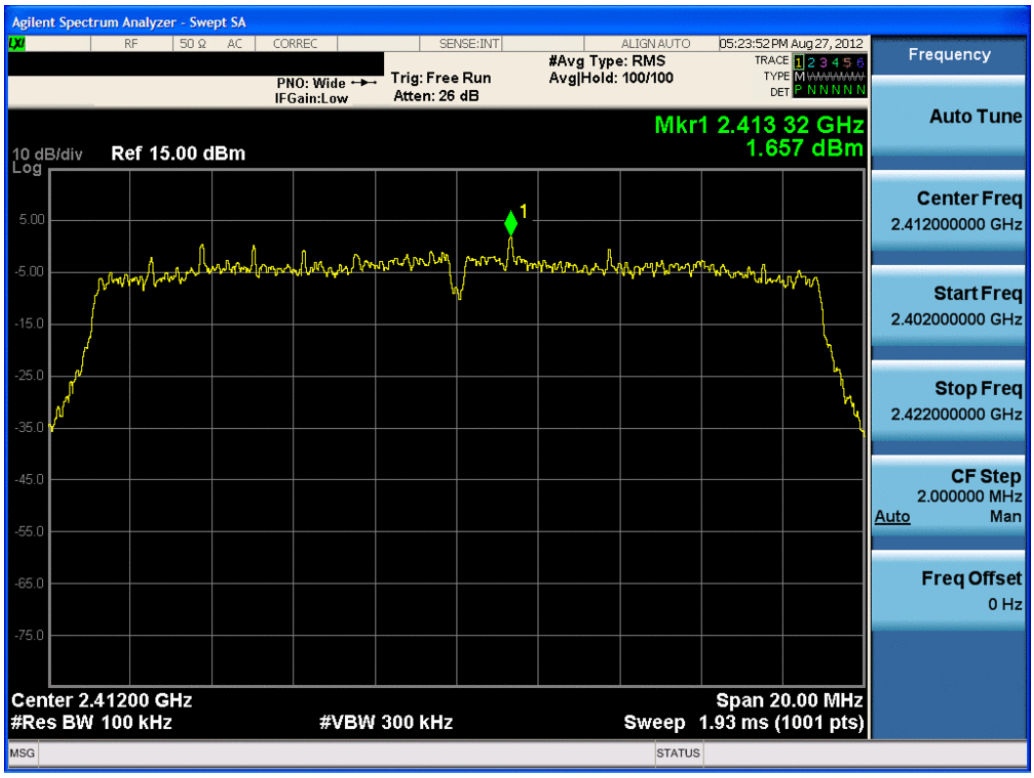
Plot 6-21. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11g – Ch. 1)



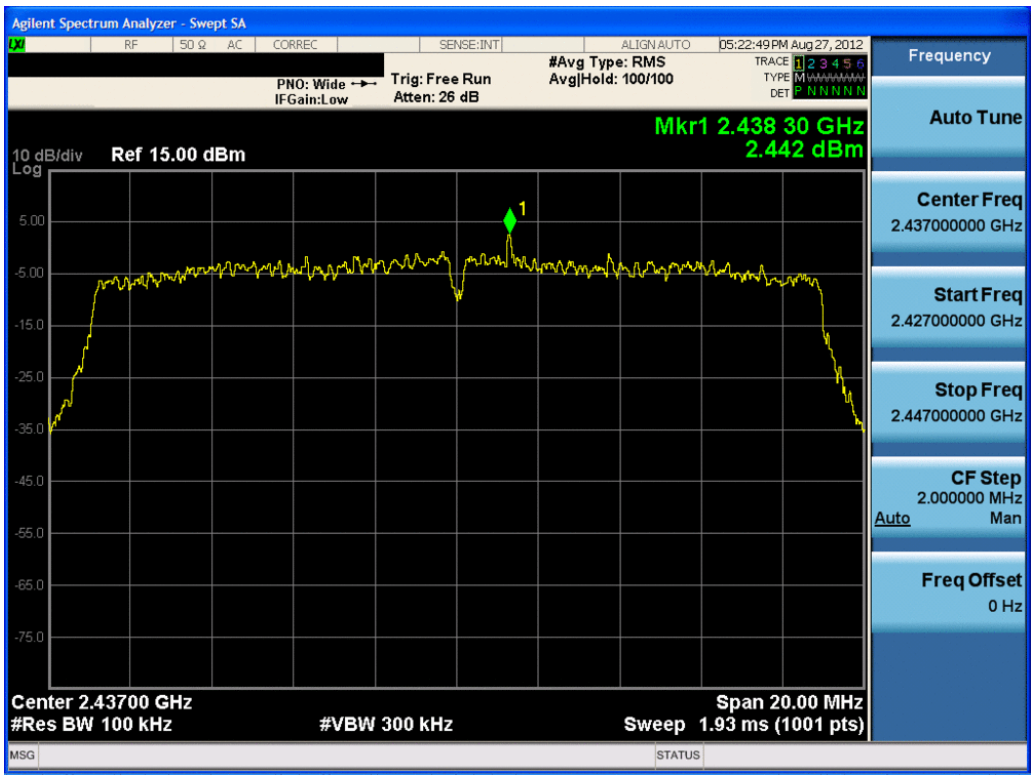
Plot 6-22. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11g – Ch. 6)



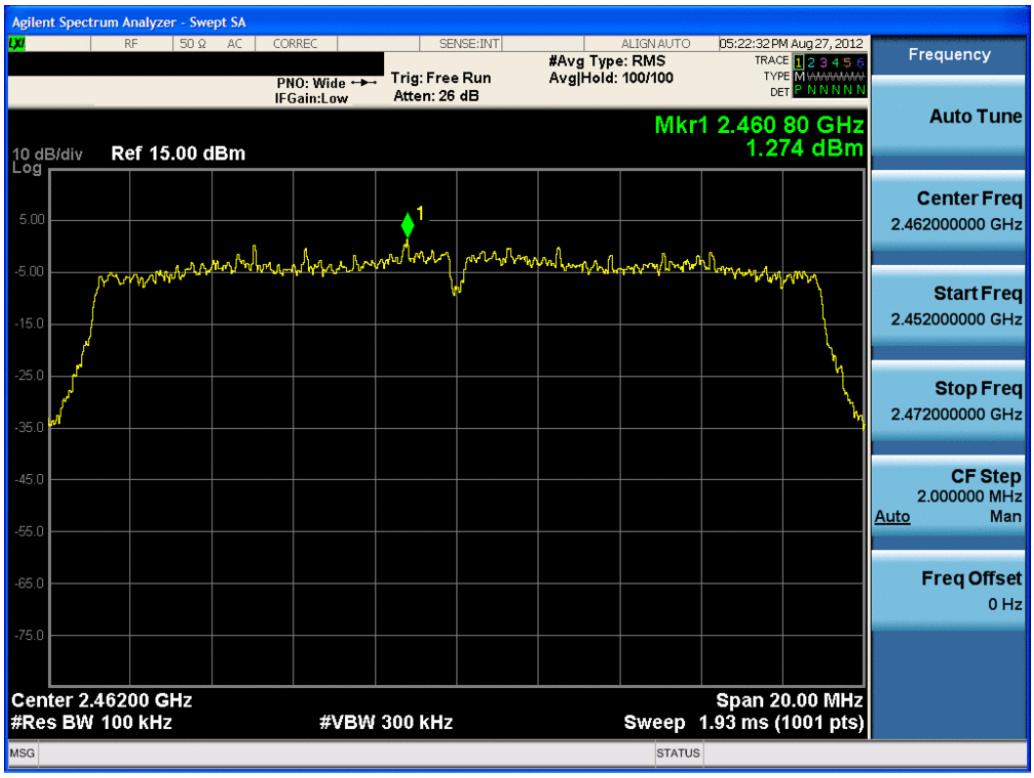
Plot 6-23. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11g – Ch. 11)



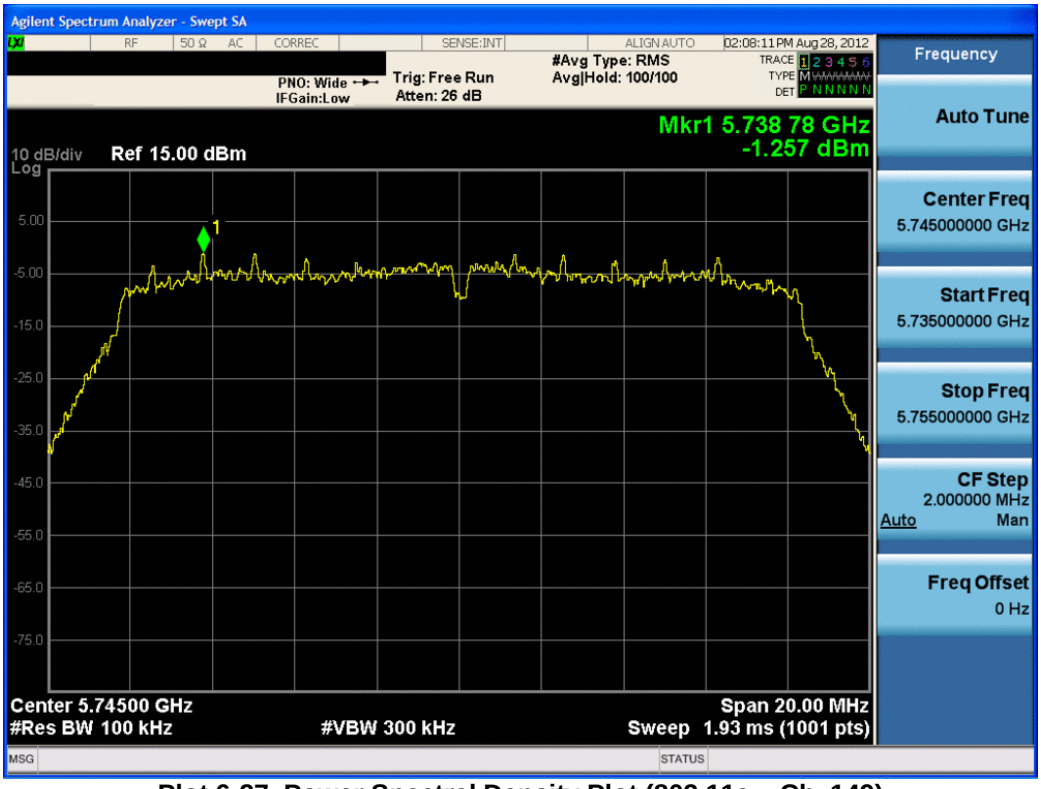
Plot 6-24. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11n (2.4GHz) – Ch. 1)



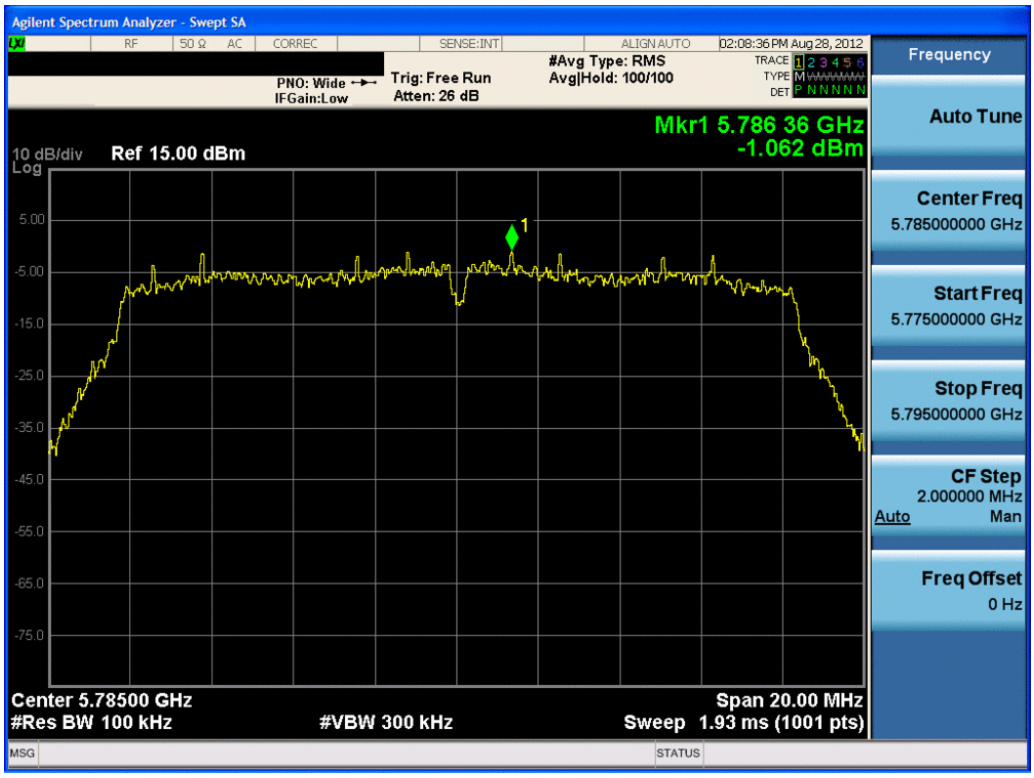
Plot 6-25. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11n (2.4GHz) – Ch. 6)



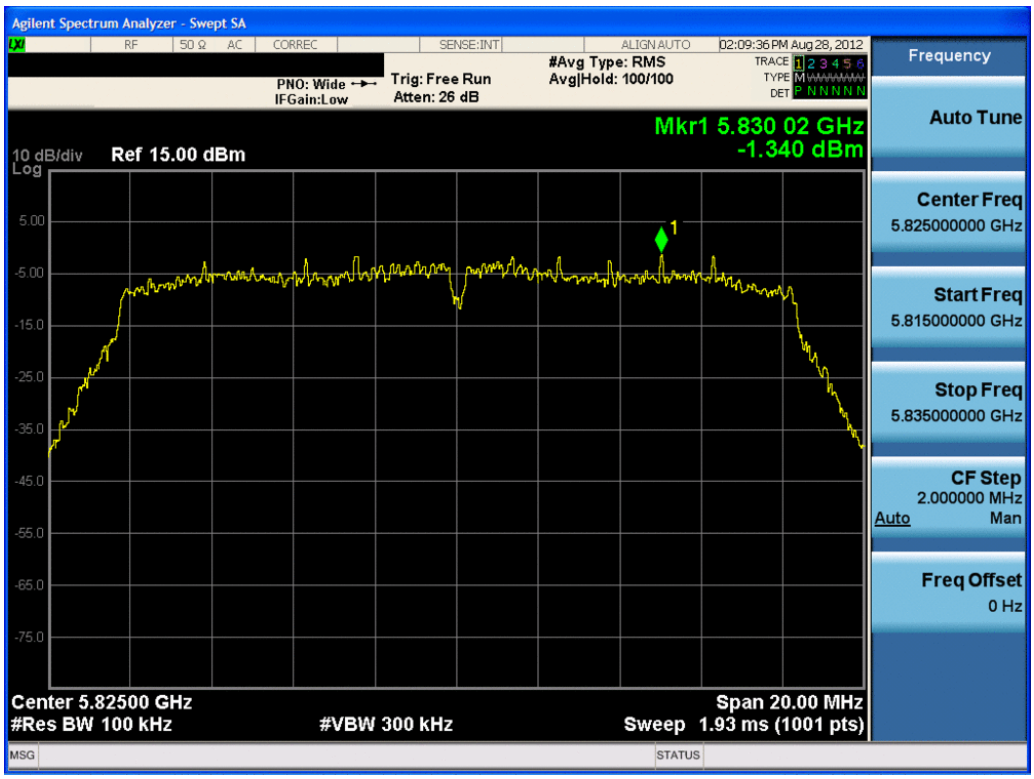
Plot 6-26. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11n (2.4GHz) – Ch. 11)



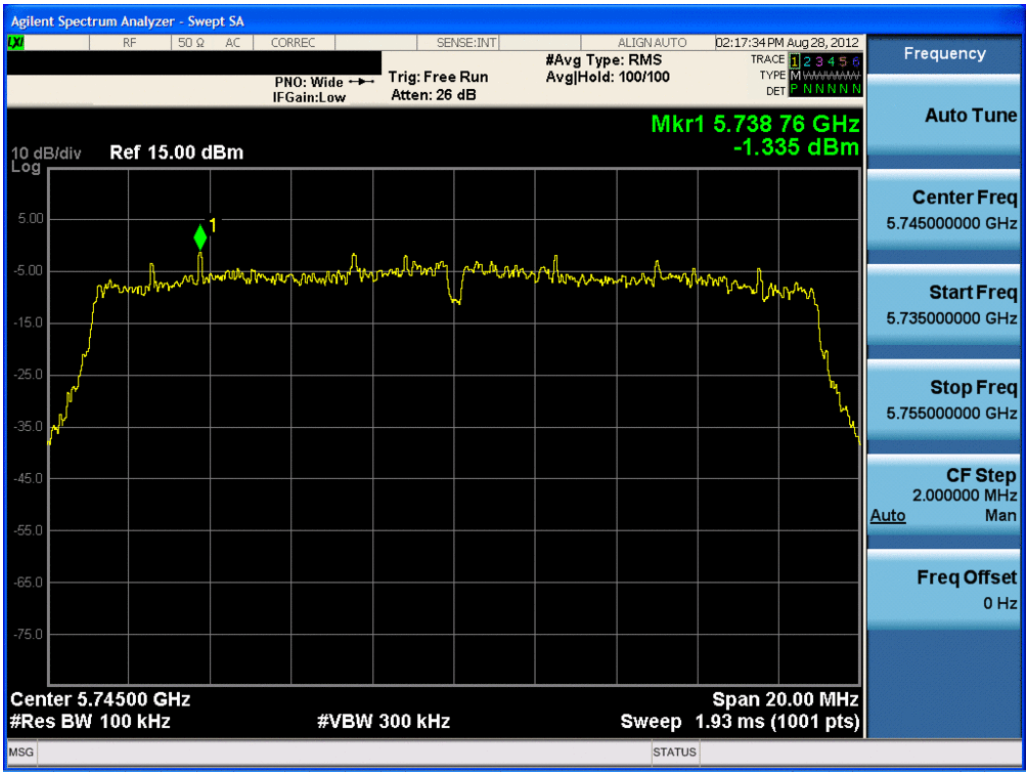
Plot 6-27. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11a – Ch. 149)



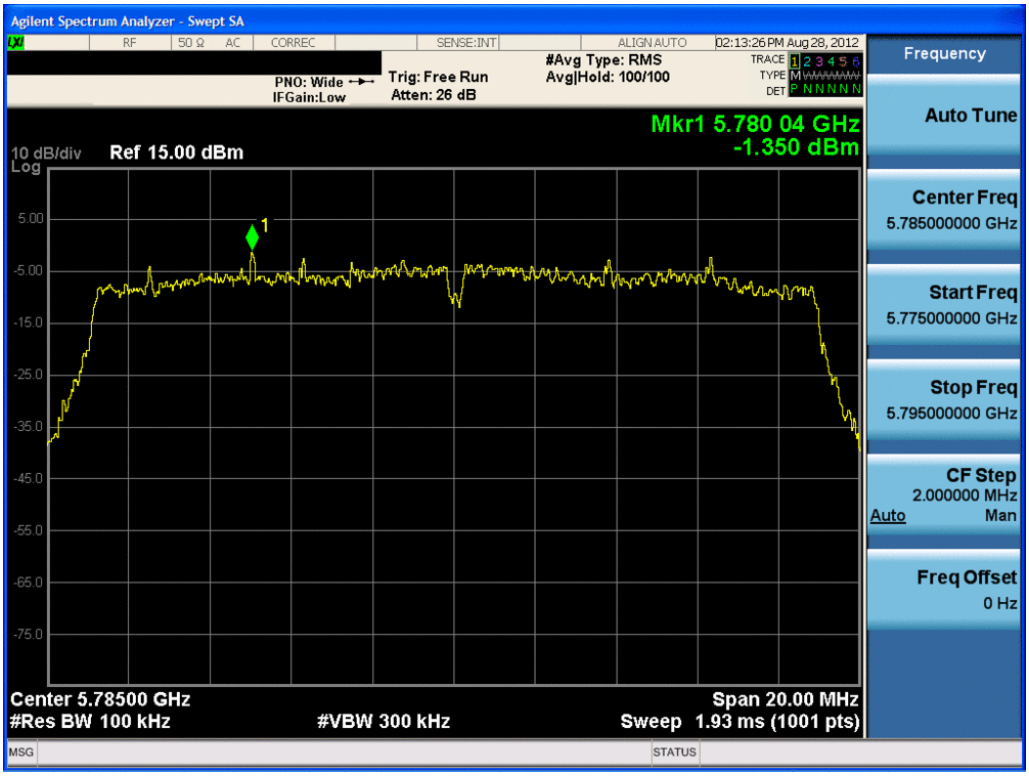
Plot 6-28. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11a – Ch. 157)



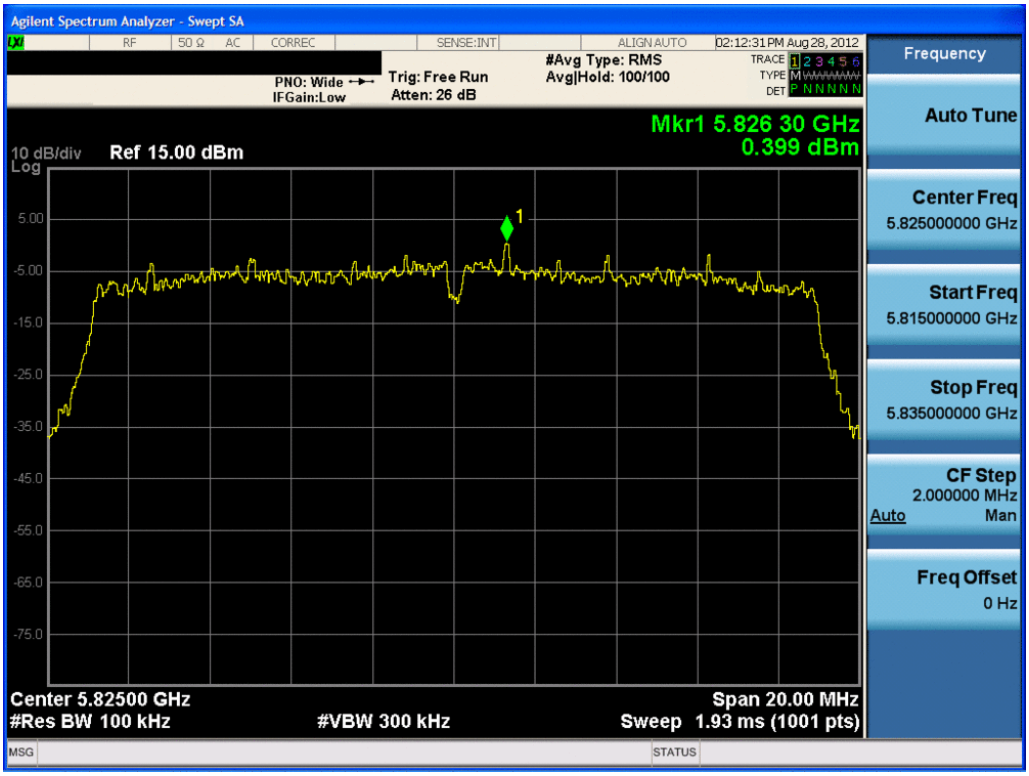
Plot 6-29. Power Spectral Density Plot (802.11a – Ch. 165)



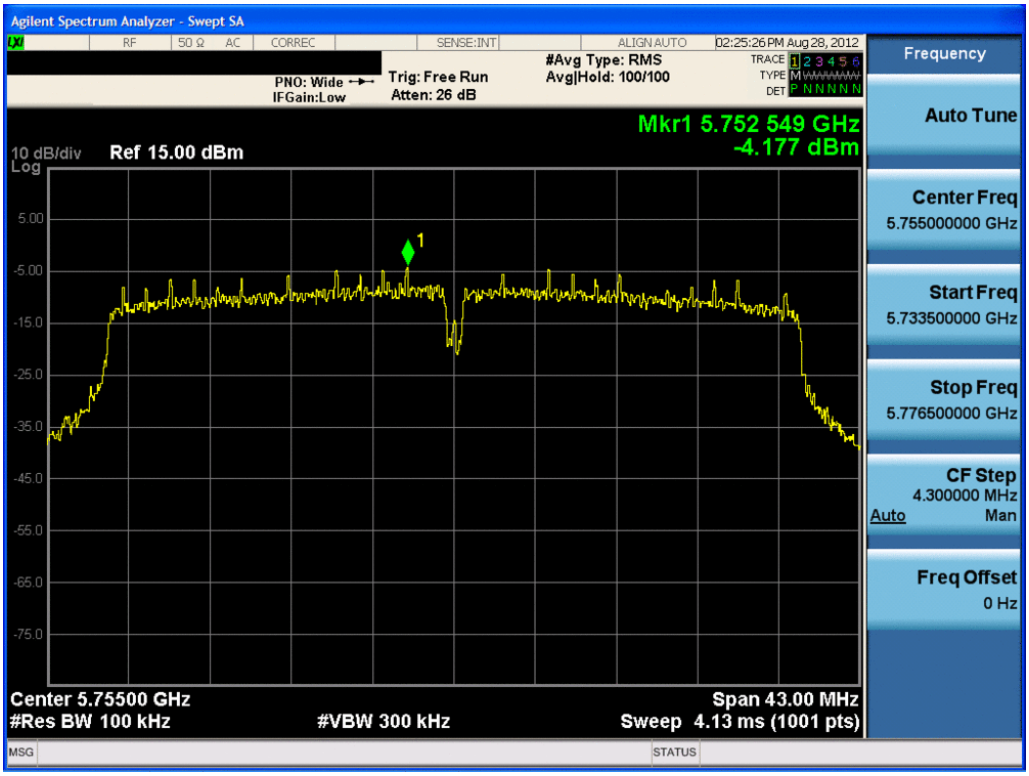
Plot 6-30. Power Spectral Density Plot (20MHz BW 802.11n (5.8GHz) – Ch. 149)



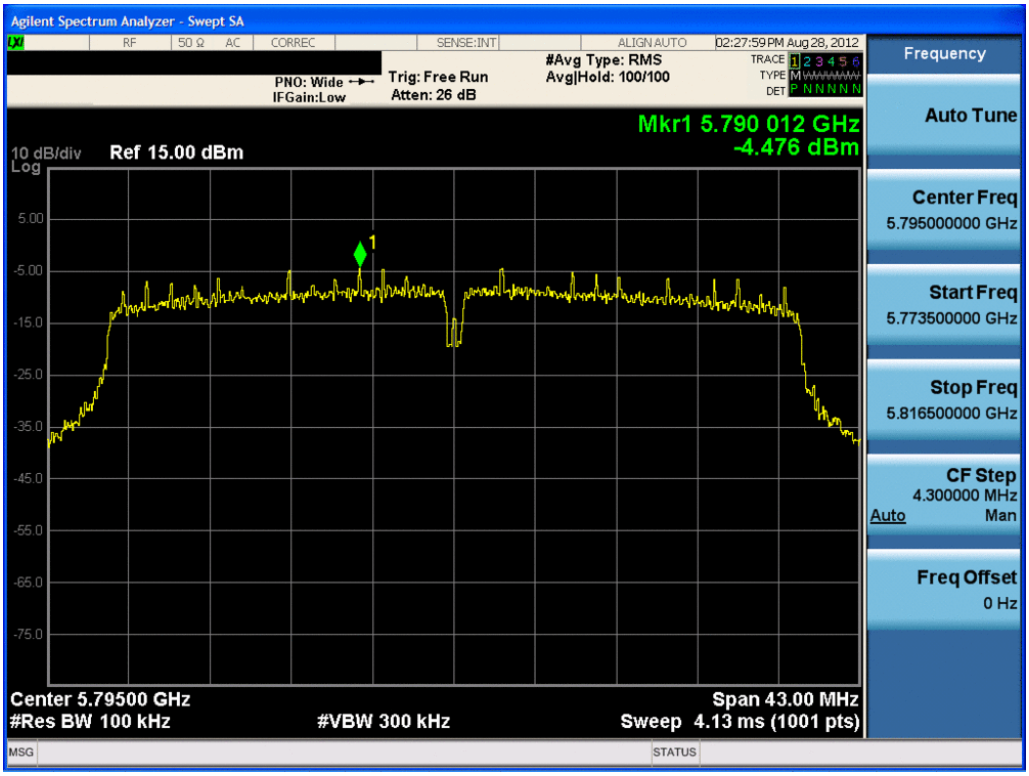
Plot 6-31. Power Spectral Density Plot (20MHz BW 802.11n (5.8GHz) – Ch. 157)



Plot 6-32. Power Spectral Density Plot (20MHz BW 802.11n (5.8GHz) – Ch. 165)



Plot 6-33. Power Spectral Density Plot (40MHz BW 802.11n (5.8GHz) – Ch. 151)



Plot 6-34. Power Spectral Density Plot (40MHz BW 802.11n (5.8GHz) – Ch. 159)