








TEST REPORT

 KCTL Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd. 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr	Report No.: KR24-SRF0004-B Page (1) of (137)		
<p>1. Client</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Name : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. ◦ Address : 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea ◦ Date of Receipt : 2023-07-31 <p>2. Use of Report : Certification</p> <p>3. Name of Product / Model : Wi-Fi/BLE combo module / CCAT710R</p> <p>4. Manufacturer / Country of Origin : Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. / Korea</p> <p>5. FCC ID : A3LCCAT710R</p> <p>6. IC Certificate No. : 649E-CCAT710R</p> <p>7. Date of Test : 2023-10-23 to 2023-12-10</p> <p>8. Location of Test : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Permanent Testing Lab <input type="checkbox"/> On Site Testing (Address:65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)</p> <p>9. Test method used : FCC Part 15 Subpart E, 15.407 RSS-247 Issue 3 August 2023 RSS-Gen Issue 5 February 2021</p> <p>10. Test Result : Refer to the test result in the test report This laboratory is not accredited for the test results marked. *</p>			
Affirmation	Tested by  Name : Euijung Kim (Signature)	Technical Manager  Name : Heesu Ahn (Signature)	
<p>The above testing certificate is the accredited test result by Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme, which signed the ILAC-MRA.</p>			
<p>2024-02-05</p>			
Accredited by KOLAS, Republic of KOREA		Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.	
<p>As a test result of the sample which was submitted from the client, this report does not guarantee the whole product quality. This test report should not be used and copied without a written agreement by Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.</p>			

REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2024-01-23	Originally issued	-
2024-01-31	Updated	4, 9, 10, 55~63
2024-02-05	Updated	56~63

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Note. The report No. KR24-SRF0004-A is superseded by the report No. KR24-SRF0004-B.

General remarks for test reports

Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests

(may be required by the product standard or client)

Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:

Procedure number, issue date and title:

Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.

Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing



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1. General information

Client	: Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	: 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Manufacturer	: Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	: 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Rep. of Korea
Factory1	: SEONG JI SAIGON CO., LTD.
Address	: #2, 3A Street, Bien Hoa Industrial Zone 2, Long Binh Tan ward, Bien Hoa City, Dong Nai province, Vietnam
Factory2	: SEONG JI SAIGON CO., LTD.
Address	: Lot X2, Ho Nai Industrial Zone, Ho Nai 3 Commune, Trang Bom District, Dong Nai Province, Vietnam.
Factory3	: Qingdao Samjin Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address	: No.27 TONGKANG ROAD, TONGHE TOWN, PINGDU CITY, QINGDAO, CHINA
Laboratory	: Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.
Address	: 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
Accreditations	: FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132 VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056 CAB Identifier: KR0040 ISED Number: 8035A KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device information

Equipment under test	: Wi-Fi/BLE combo module
Model	: CCAT710R
Frequency range	: Bluetooth(BDR/EDR, BLE): 2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz 802.11 b/g/n/ax_HT20/HE20: 2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz UNII-1 : 5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz UNII-2A : 5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz UNII-2C : 5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz UNII-3 : 5 745 MHz ~ 5 825 MHz
Modulation technique	: Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK Bluetooth(BLE)_GFSK WIFI(802.11a/b/g/n HT20/ac VHT20/ax HE20)_DSSS, OFDM, OFDMA
Number of channels	: Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)_79ch Bluetooth(BLE)_40ch 2.4 GHz band : 11 ch (20 MHz) UNII-1 : 4 ch (20 MHz) UNII-2A : 4 ch (20 MHz) UNII-2C : 12 ch (20 MHz) UNII-3 : 5 ch (20 MHz)
Power source	: DC 5.0 V, DC 12.0 V
Antenna type	: Chip antenna
Antenna gain	: Bluetooth(BDR/EDR/BLE) : -0.1 dBi 2.4 GHz band : -0.1 dBi UNII-1 : 0.9 dBi UNII-2A : 0.2 dBi UNII-2C : -0.4 dBi UNII-3 : -0.7 dBi
Software version	: v1.0
Hardware version	: v1.0
Operation temperature	: -20 °C ~ 85 °C
Test device serial No.	: Conducted : 700CXACR02000013R Radiated : 700CXI9FR02000009R
Test Software / Version	: UI_mptool / 2.0.0.1

2.1. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:

Bluetooth (BDR/EDR/BLE), WLAN 2.4 GHz_802.11b/g/n(HT20)/ax(HE20),
 WLAN 5 GHz_802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20)/ax(HE20)

UNII-1		UNII-2A		UNII-2C		UNII-3	
Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
36	5 180	52	5 260	100	5 500	149	5 745
40	5 200	56	5 280	120	5 600	157	5 785
48	5 240	64	5 320	140	5 700	165	5 825
				144	5 720		

Table 2.1.1. 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20) mode



2.2. RF power setting in TEST SW

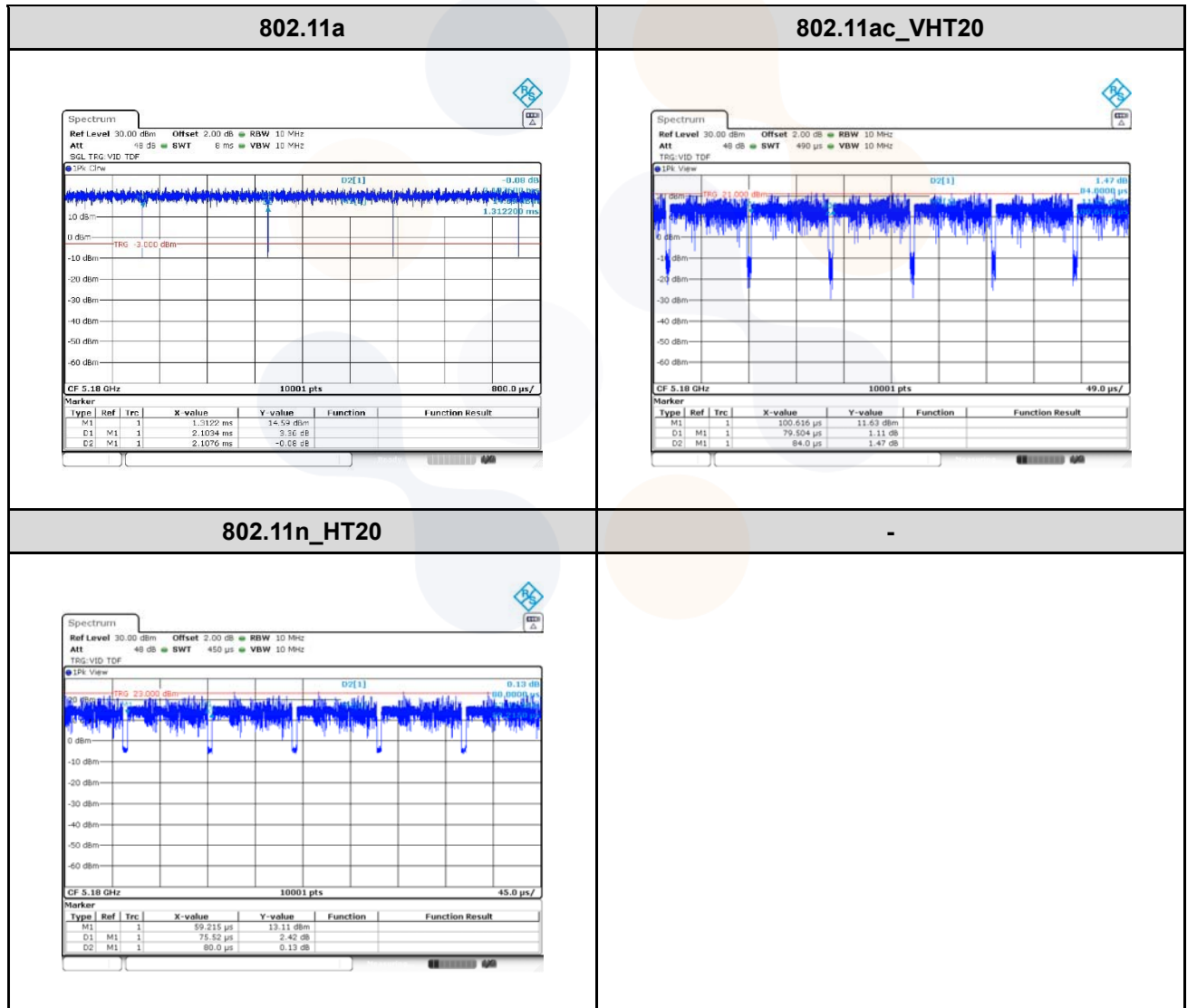
Mode	RU Type		Frequency	RF Power setting value	
	RU Tone	RU offset	[MHz]		
802.11a	N/A	N/A	5 180 ~ 5 220	13.75	
			5 240	13.50	
			5 260 ~ 5 720	13.75	
			5 745 ~ 5 825	9.75	
802.11n HT20	N/A	N/A	5 180 ~ 5 720	13.00	
			5 745 ~ 5 825	9.75	
802.11ac VHT20	N/A	N/A	5 180 ~ 5 720	13.00	
			5 745 ~ 5 825	9.75	
802.11ax HE20	26	0	5 180 ~ 5 220	9.00	
		4			
		8			
		0	5 240	4.50	
		4			
		8			
		0	5 260 ~ 5 320	6.00	
		4			
		8			
		0	5 500 ~ 5 720	11.00	
		4			
		8			
	0	5 745 ~ 5 825	9.50		
	4				
	8				
	52	37	37	5 180 ~ 5 220	12.50
			38		
			40		
		37	37	5 240	7.00
			38		
			40		
		37	37	5 260 ~ 5 320	8.50
			38		
			40		
		37	37	5 500 ~ 5 720	12.50
			38		
			40		
	37	37	5 745 ~ 5 825	9.50	
		38			
		40			
	106	53	53	5 180 ~ 5 220	12.50
			54		
		53	53	5 240	10.50
			54		
		53	53	5 260 ~ 5 320	11.50
			54		
53	53	5 500 ~ 5 720	12.50		
	54				
242	61	53	5 745 ~ 5 825	9.50	
		54			
SU			5 180 ~ 5 720	12.50	
			5 745 ~ 5 825	9.50	
			5 180 ~ 5 720	12.50	
			5 745 ~ 5 825	9.50	

2.3. Duty Cycle Factor

Test mode	Period (ms)	T _{on} time (ms)	Duty cycle		Duty cycle factor (dB)
			(Linear)	(%)	
802.11a	2.108	2.103	0.998 0	99.80	0.01
802.11n_HT20	0.080	0.076	0.944 0	94.40	0.25
802.11ac_VHT20	0.084	0.080	0.946 5	94.65	0.24

Notes.

1. Duty cycle (Linear) = T_{on} time / Period
2. DCF(Duty cycle factor) = 10log(1/duty cycle)
3. DCF is not compensated to average result if duty cycle is more than 98%



3. Antenna requirement

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Requirement of RSS-Gen Section 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

- The transmitter has permanently attached Chip antenna (Internal antenna) on board.
- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.407.

4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	IC Rule Reference	Parameter	Test Condition	Test results
15.407(a)	RSS-247 Issue 2, 6.2	Maximum conducted output power	Conducted	Pass
15.407(a)	RSS-247 Issue 2, 6.2	Maximum power spectral density		Pass
15.407(a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5, 6.7	26 dB Channel Bandwidth		Pass
15.407(e)	RSS-247 Issue 2, 6.2.4	6 dB Channel Bandwidth		Pass
15.407(g)	RSS-Gen Issue 5, 6.11, 8.11	Frequency stability		Pass
-	RSS-Gen Issue 5, 6.7	Occupied Bandwidth		Pass
15.207(a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5, 8.8	AC Conducted Emissions		Pass
15.407(b), 15.205(a), 15.209(a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5, 8.9, 8.10 RSS-247 Issue 2, 6.2,	Spurious emission	Radiated	Pass

Notes:

- All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
- EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z. it was determined that Y orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in Y orientation.
- The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
 - ANSI C63.10-2013
 - KDB 789033 D02 v02r01
- Based on the baseline scan, the worst-case data rates were:
 - 802.11a mode: 6Mbps
 - 802.11n HT20 mode: MCS0
 - 802.11ac VHT20 mode: MCS0

5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k=2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (\pm)	
Conducted RF power	0.9 dB	
Conducted spurious emissions	1.3 dB	
Occupied Bandwidth	1.0 %	
Power Spectral Density	1.0 dB	
Radiated spurious emissions	Below 30 MHz:	2.3 dB
	30 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz	2.5 dB
	1 000 MHz ~ 18 000 MHz	4.7 dB
	Above 18 000 MHz	4.8 dB
Conducted emissions	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	2.7 dB
	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	2.7 dB

6. Measurement results explanation example

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer.

With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Frequency (MHz)	Factor(dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Factor(dB)
30	10.12	9 000	12.03
50	10.27	10 000	12.12
100	10.33	11 000	12.13
200	10.42	12 000	12.36
300	10.51	13 000	12.45
400	10.56	14 000	12.60
500	10.61	15 000	13.01
600	10.66	16 000	12.92
700	10.70	17 000	13.28
800	10.73	18 000	13.16
900	10.75	19 000	13.48
1 000	10.76	20 000	13.39
2 000	10.93	21 000	13.64
3 000	11.12	22 000	13.75
4 000	11.24	23 000	13.87
5 000	11.36	24 000	13.90
6 000	11.56	25 000	14.06
7 000	11.59	26 000	14.25
8 000	11.71	26 500	14.07

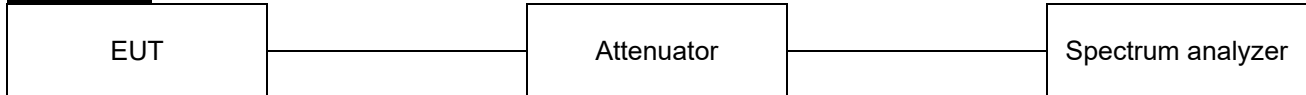
Notes:

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + Attenuator(dB)

7. Test results

7.1. Maximum conducted output power

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.407(a), RSS-247(6.2)

FCC

Band	EUT category	Conducted output power limit
UNII-1	Outdoor access point	1 W (30 dBm)
	Indoor access point	
	Fixed point-to-point access point	
	√ Client device	250 mW (23.98 dBm)
UNII-2A	√	250 mW or 11 dBm + 10logB ¹⁾
UNII-2C	√	250 mW or 11 dBm + 10logB ¹⁾
UNII-3	√	1 W (30 dBm)

IC

Band	Maximum e.i.r.p. limit
UNII-1	200 mW or 10 + 10 log10B ²⁾ , dBm
UNII-2A	1 W or 17 dBm + 10logB ²⁾
UNII-2C	1 W or 17 dBm + 10logB ²⁾
UNII-3	1 W (30 dBm)

Note:

- 1) Conducted output power limit B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth.
- 2) Maximum e.i.r.p. limit B is the 99% emission bandwidth.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013-Section 12.3.2.4 or 12.3.3.1
 KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section E.2.d) or E.3.a)

Test settings

Used test method is Section E.2.d)

◆ KDB 789033 D02 v02r01

Section E.2.d)

Method SA-2 (trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction):

- (i) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in II.B.
- (ii) Set span to encompass the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (iii) Set RBW = 1 MHz
- (iv) Set RBW \geq 3 MHz
- (v) Number of points in sweep \geq 2 X span/RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is \leq RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (vi) Sweep time = auto.
- (vii) Detector = power averaging (rms), if available. Otherwise use sample detector mode.
- (viii) Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run."
- (ix) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed to ensure that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (x) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (xi) Add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add $10 \log(1/0.25) = 6$ dB if the duty cycle is 25%.

Section E.3.a)

Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

- (i) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied:
 - The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
 - At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five
- (ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in II
- (iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (iv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10 \log(1/x)$ where x is the duty cycle (e.g., $10 \log(1/0.25)$ if the duty cycle is 25%).

Test results

[DC 5 V]

Conducted output power

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured output power			FCC Limit (dBm)	IC Limit (dBm)		
			Reading (dBm)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBm)				
802.11a	UNII-1	5 180	15.55	-	15.55	23.98	22.16		
		5 200	15.57		15.57				
		5 240	15.66		15.66				
	UNII-2A	5 260	16.30		16.30	23.74	23.17		
		5 280	16.41		16.41				
		5 320	16.50		16.50				
	UNII-2C	5 500	16.01		16.01	23.74	23.16		
		5 600	16.58		16.58				
		5 700	16.66		16.66				
	UNII-3	5 745	11.06		11.06	30.00	30.00		
		5 785	10.87		10.87				
		5 825	10.45		10.45				
	802.11n HT20	UNII-1	5 180		14.43	0.25	14.68	22.47	22.47
			5 200		14.54		14.79		
			5 240		14.75		15.00		
UNII-2A		5 260	15.11	15.36	23.47		23.47		
		5 280	15.21	15.46					
		5 320	15.33	15.58					
UNII-2C		5 500	14.95	15.20	23.47		23.47		
		5 600	15.37	15.62					
		5 700	15.49	15.74					
UNII-3		5 745	10.76	11.01	30.00		30.00		
		5 785	10.56	10.81					
		5 825	10.23	10.48					
802.11ac VHT20		UNII-1	5 180	14.39	0.24		14.63	22.46	22.46
			5 200	14.45			14.69		
			5 240	14.82			15.06		
	UNII-2A	5 260	14.90	15.14		23.46	23.46		
		5 280	15.16	15.40					
		5 320	15.31	15.55					
	UNII-2C	5 500	14.93	15.17		23.46	23.46		
		5 600	15.48	15.72					
		5 700	15.51	15.75					
	UNII-3	5 745	10.85	11.09		30.00	30.00		
		5 785	10.73	10.97					
		5 825	10.34	10.58					

Notes:

1. Average result(dB m) = Average Reading (dB m) + DCF(dB)

e.i.r.p

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured output power			MAX. e.i.r.p Limit (dBm)
			Conducted output power (dBm)	ANT gain (dBi)	MAX. e.i.r.p (dBm)	
802.11a	UNII-1	5 180	15.55	0.90	16.45	22.16
		5 200	15.57		16.47	
		5 240	15.66		16.56	
	UNII-2A	5 260	16.30	0.20	16.50	29.17
		5 280	16.41		16.61	
		5 320	16.50		16.70	
	UNII-2C	5 500	16.01	-0.40	15.61	29.16
		5 600	16.58		16.18	
		5 700	16.66		16.26	
	UNII-3	5 745	11.06	-0.70	10.36	30.00
		5 785	10.87		10.17	
		5 825	10.45		9.75	
802.11n HT20	UNII-1	5 180	14.68	0.90	15.58	22.47
		5 200	14.79		15.69	
		5 240	15.00		15.90	
	UNII-2A	5 260	15.36	0.20	15.56	29.47
		5 280	15.46		15.66	
		5 320	15.58		15.78	
	UNII-2C	5 500	15.20	-0.40	14.80	29.47
		5 600	15.62		15.22	
		5 700	15.74		15.34	
	UNII-3	5 745	11.01	-0.70	10.31	30.00
		5 785	10.81		10.11	
		5 825	10.48		9.78	
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-1	5 180	14.63	0.90	15.53	22.46
		5 200	14.69		15.59	
		5 240	15.06		15.96	
	UNII-2A	5 260	15.14	0.20	15.34	29.46
		5 280	15.40		15.60	
		5 320	15.55		15.75	
	UNII-2C	5 500	15.17	-0.40	14.77	29.46
		5 600	15.72		15.32	
		5 700	15.75		15.35	
	UNII-3	5 745	11.09	-0.70	10.39	30.00
		5 785	10.97		10.27	
		5 825	10.58		9.88	

Notes:

1. e.i.r.p. Calculation:

$$\text{e.i.r.p. (dB m)} = \text{Conducted output power (dB m)} + \text{Antenna gain (dB i)}$$

[DC 12 V]

Conducted output power

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured output power			FCC Limit (dBm)	IC Limit (dBm)
			Reading (dBm)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBm)		
802.11a	UNII-1	5 180	15.54	-	15.54	23.98	22.16
		5 200	15.64		15.64		
		5 240	15.68		15.68		
	UNII-2A	5 260	16.40		16.40	23.74	23.16
		5 280	16.31		16.31		
		5 320	16.58		16.58		
	UNII-2C	5 500	16.02		16.02	23.74	23.16
		5 600	16.61		16.61		
		5 700	16.71		16.71		
	UNII-3	5 745	10.99		10.99	30.00	30.00
		5 785	11.00		11.00		
		5 825	10.54		10.54		
802.11n HT20	UNII-1	5 180	14.45	0.25	14.70	22.47	22.47
		5 200	14.44		14.69		
		5 240	14.72		14.97		
	UNII-2A	5 260	15.21		15.46	23.47	23.47
		5 280	15.19		15.44		
		5 320	15.32		15.57		
	UNII-2C	5 500	14.88		15.13	23.47	23.47
		5 600	15.37		15.62		
		5 700	15.42		15.67		
	UNII-3	5 745	10.73		10.98	30.00	30.00
		5 785	10.65		10.90		
		5 825	10.26		10.51		
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-1	5 180	14.38	0.24	14.62	22.46	22.46
		5 200	14.44		14.68		
		5 240	14.80		15.04		
	UNII-2A	5 260	15.06		15.30	23.46	23.46
		5 280	15.10		15.34		
		5 320	15.25		15.49		
	UNII-2C	5 500	14.91		15.15	23.46	23.46
		5 600	15.50		15.74		
		5 700	15.52		15.76		
	UNII-3	5 745	10.80		11.04	30.00	30.00
		5 785	10.80		11.04		
		5 825	10.32		10.56		

Notes:

1. Average result(dB m) = Average Reading (dB m) + DCF(dB)

e.i.r.p

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured output power			MAX. e.i.r.p Limit (dBm)
			Conducted output power (dBm)	ANT gain (dBi)	MAX. e.i.r.p (dBm)	
802.11a	UNII-1	5 180	15.54	0.90	16.44	22.16
		5 200	15.64		16.54	
		5 240	15.68		16.58	
	UNII-2A	5 260	16.40	0.20	16.60	29.16
		5 280	16.31		16.51	
		5 320	16.58		16.78	
	UNII-2C	5 500	16.02	-0.40	15.62	29.16
		5 600	16.61		16.21	
		5 700	16.71		16.31	
	UNII-3	5 745	10.99	-0.70	10.29	30.00
		5 785	11.00		10.30	
		5 825	10.54		9.84	
802.11n HT20	UNII-1	5 180	14.70	0.90	15.60	22.47
		5 200	14.69		15.59	
		5 240	14.97		15.87	
	UNII-2A	5 260	15.46	0.20	15.66	29.47
		5 280	15.44		15.64	
		5 320	15.57		15.77	
	UNII-2C	5 500	15.13	-0.40	14.73	29.47
		5 600	15.62		15.22	
		5 700	15.67		15.27	
	UNII-3	5 745	10.98	-0.70	10.28	30.00
		5 785	10.90		10.20	
		5 825	10.51		9.81	
802.11n HT20	UNII-1	5 180	14.62	0.90	15.52	22.46
		5 200	14.68		15.58	
		5 240	15.04		15.94	
	UNII-2A	5 260	15.30	0.20	15.50	29.46
		5 280	15.34		15.54	
		5 320	15.49		15.69	
	UNII-2C	5 500	15.15	-0.40	14.75	29.46
		5 600	15.74		15.34	
		5 700	15.76		15.36	
	UNII-3	5 745	11.04	-0.70	10.34	30.00
		5 785	11.04		10.34	
		5 825	10.56		9.86	

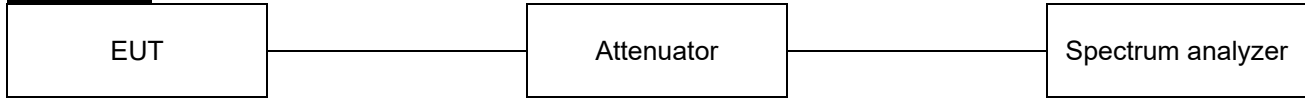
Notes:

1. e.i.r.p. Calculation:

$$\text{e.i.r.p. (dB m)} = \text{Conducted output power (dB m)} + \text{Antenna gain (dB i)}$$

7.2. Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.407(a), RSS-247(6.2)

Band	EUT category	Limit
UNII-1	Outdoor access point	17dBm/MHz
	Indoor access point	
	Fixed point-to-point access point	
√	Client device	11 dBm /MHz
UNII-2A	√	11 dBm /MHz
UNII-2C	√	11 dBm /MHz
UNII-3	√	30 dBm /500 kHz

Notes:

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 12.3.2.2, 14.3.2.2
 KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section F

Test settings

Section F

The rules require "maximum power spectral density" measurements where the intent is to measure the maximum value of the time average of the power spectral density measured during a period of continuous transmission. Refer to III.A for additional guidance for devices that use channel aggregation.

1. Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, "Compute power..." (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
2. Search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
3. Adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
 - a) If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
 - b) If Method SA-3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in II.E.2.g) (viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
4. The result is the Maximum PSD over 1MHz reference bandwidth
5. For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz, the preceding procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference

bandwidth specified in Section 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of RBWs less than 1MHz, or 500 kHz, “provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth” to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth(i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- a) Set $RBW \geq 1/T$, where T is defined in II.B.I.a).
- b) Set $VBW \geq 3 RBW$.
- c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add $10 \log(500 \text{ kHz} / RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add $10 \log(1\text{MHz}/RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
- e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the II.F.5.c) and II.F.5.d), since RBW=100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

Test results

[DC 5 V]

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/MHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dB m/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)
802.11a	UNII 1	5 180	4.49	-	4.49	11.00
		5 200	4.22		4.22	
		5 240	3.98		3.98	
	UNII 2A	5 260	4.25		4.25	11.00
		5 280	4.71		4.71	
		5 320	4.42		4.42	
	UNII 2C	5 500	4.46		4.46	11.00
		5 600	4.92		4.92	
		5 700	4.81		4.81	
802.11n HT20	UNII 1	5 180	3.42	0.25	3.67	11.00
		5 200	3.21		3.46	
		5 240	3.35		3.60	
	UNII 2A	5 260	3.27		3.52	11.00
		5 280	3.52		3.77	
		5 320	3.26		3.51	
	UNII 2C	5 500	3.46		3.71	11.00
		5 600	3.97		4.22	
		5 700	4.03		4.28	
802.11ac VHT20	UNII 1	5 180	3.17	0.36	3.41	11.00
		5 200	3.24		3.48	
		5 240	3.71		3.95	
	UNII 2A	5 260	3.51		3.75	11.00
		5 280	3.49		3.73	
		5 320	3.27		3.51	
	UNII 2C	5 500	3.73		3.97	11.00
		5 600	3.94		4.18	
		5 700	3.82		4.06	



Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm /500 kHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dBm /500 kHz)	Limit (dBm /500 kHz)
802.11a	UNII 3	5 745	-2.57	-	-2.57	30.00
		5 785	-2.58		-2.58	
		5 825	-2.79		-2.79	
802.11n HT20		5 745	-1.95	0.25	-1.70	
		5 785	-2.08		-1.83	
		5 825	-2.55		-2.30	
802.11ac VHT20		5 745	-1.95	0.36	-1.71	
		5 785	-2.03		-1.79	
		5 825	-2.53		-2.29	

Notes:

- Maximum PSD calculation
 - Maximum PSD = Measured PSD + D.C.F

[DC 12 V]

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/MHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dB m/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)
802.11a	UNII 1	5 180	4.38	-	4.38	11.00
		5 200	3.93		3.93	
		5 240	4.14		4.14	
	UNII 2A	5 260	4.27		4.27	11.00
		5 280	4.78		4.78	
		5 320	4.34		4.34	
	UNII 2C	5 500	4.72		4.72	11.00
		5 600	4.90		4.90	
		5 700	4.79		4.79	
802.11n HT20	UNII 1	5 180	3.37	0.25	3.62	11.00
		5 200	3.29		3.54	
		5 240	3.58		3.83	
	UNII 2A	5 260	3.52		3.77	11.00
		5 280	3.62		3.87	
		5 320	3.38		3.63	
	UNII 2C	5 500	3.56		3.81	11.00
		5 600	3.83		4.08	
		5 700	4.00		4.25	
802.11ac VHT20	UNII 1	5 180	3.28	0.24	3.52	11.00
		5 200	3.09		3.33	
		5 240	3.13		3.37	
	UNII 2A	5 260	3.39		3.63	11.00
		5 280	3.55		3.79	
		5 320	3.43		3.67	
	UNII 2C	5 500	3.65		3.89	11.00
		5 600	3.99		4.23	
		5 700	3.90		4.14	



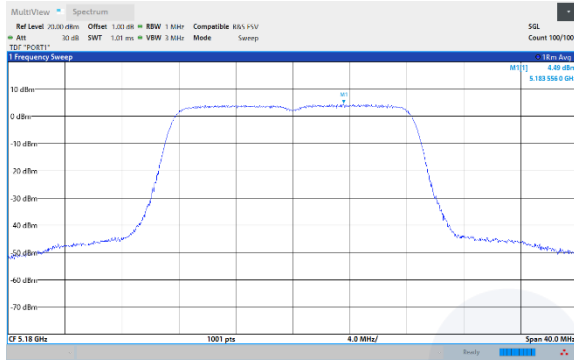
Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm /500 kHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dBm /500 kHz)	Limit (dBm /500 kHz)
802.11a	UNII 3	5 745	-2.36	-	-2.36	30.00
		5 785	-2.45		-2.45	
		5 825	-2.86		-2.86	
802.11n HT20		5 745	-2.15	0.25	-1.90	
		5 785	-2.21		-1.96	
		5 825	-2.59		-2.34	
802.11ac VHT20		5 745	-2.29	0.24	-2.05	
		5 785	-2.33		-2.09	
		5 825	-2.44		-2.20	

Notes:

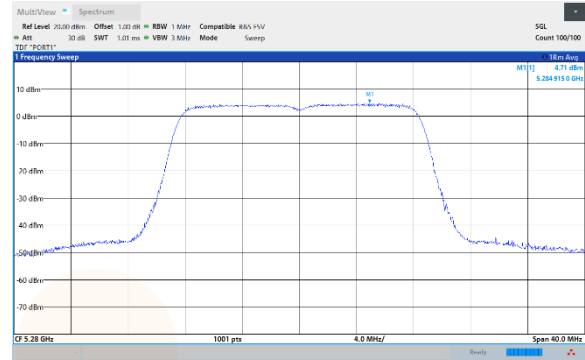
- Maximum PSD calculation
 - Maximum PSD = Measured PSD + D.C.F

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only worst bandwidth [DC 5 V]

UNII-1 / 802.11a / Low ch.



UNII-2A / 802.11a / Mid ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11a / Mid ch.

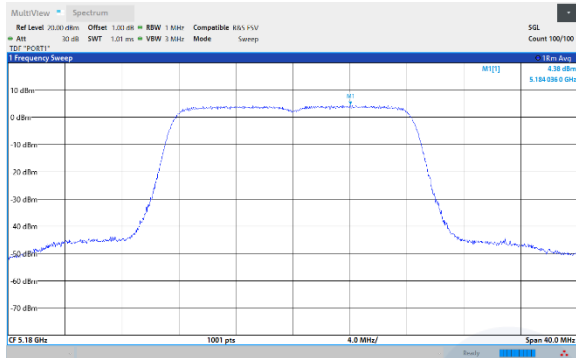


UNII-3 / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.

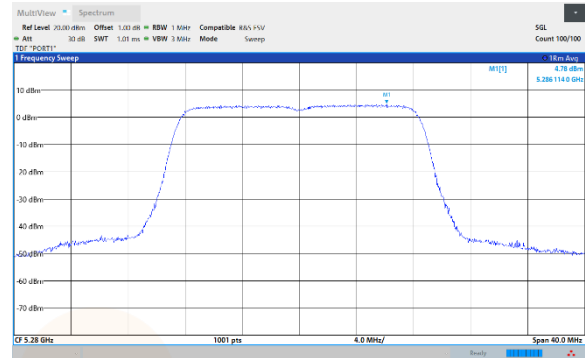


[DC 12 V]

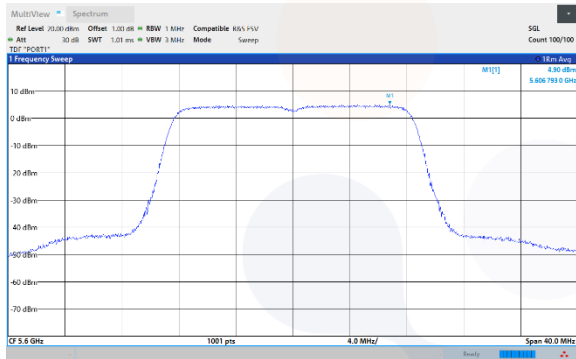
UNII-1 / 802.11a / Low ch.



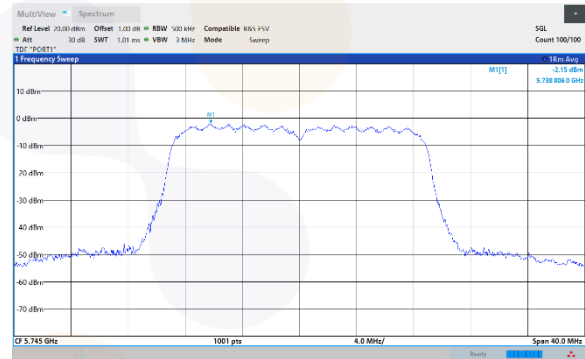
UNII-2A / 802.11a / Mid ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11a / Mid ch.

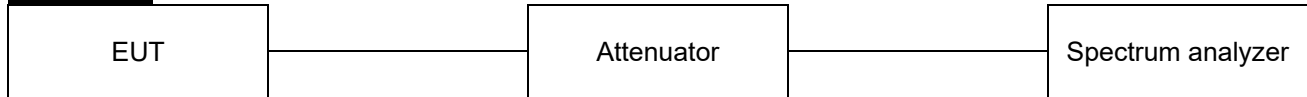


UNII-3 / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



7.3. 26 dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

Test setup



Limit

N/A

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 12.4

KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section C.1 (26dB bandwidth)

KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section D (99% bandwidth)

Test settings

1. 26 dB Bandwidth

- a. Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b. Set the VBW > RBW.
- c. Detector = Peak.
- d. Trace mode = max hold.
- e. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

2. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

- a. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- b. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- c. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW
- d. Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- e. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
- g. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

Test results

[DC 5 V]

Test mode	Band	Frequency(MHz)	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-1	5 180	18.88	16.43
		5 200	18.88	16.43
		5 240	18.83	16.48
	UNII-2A	5 260	18.78	16.48
		5 280	18.78	16.48
		5 320	18.78	16.48
	UNII-2C	5 500	18.78	16.43
		5 600	18.83	16.48
		5 700	18.88	16.48
802.11n HT20	UNII-1	5 180	19.98	17.68
		5 200	19.88	17.68
		5 240	19.93	17.68
	UNII-2A	5 260	19.93	17.68
		5 280	19.93	17.68
		5 320	19.93	17.68
	UNII-2C	5 500	19.93	17.68
		5 600	19.93	17.68
		5 700	19.93	17.68
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-1	5 180	19.78	17.63
		5 200	19.73	17.63
		5 240	19.73	17.63
	UNII-2A	5 260	19.73	17.63
		5 280	19.78	17.63
		5 320	19.73	17.63
	UNII-2C	5 500	19.73	17.63
		5 600	19.83	17.63
		5 700	19.83	17.63

[DC 12 V]

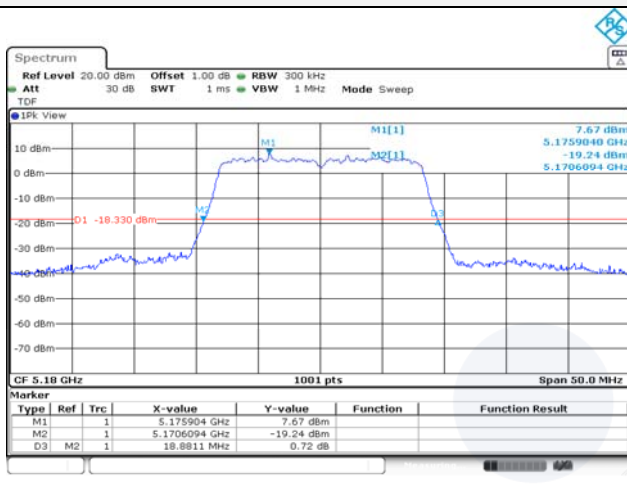
Test mode	Band	Frequency(MHz)	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-1	5 180	18.88	16.43
		5 200	18.88	16.43
		5 240	18.83	16.48
	UNII-2A	5 260	18.78	16.98
		5 280	18.83	16.43
		5 320	18.83	16.48
	UNII-2C	5 500	18.78	16.43
		5 600	18.88	16.48
		5 700	18.83	16.43
802.11n HT20	UNII-1	5 180	19.98	17.68
		5 200	19.88	17.68
		5 240	19.93	17.68
	UNII-2A	5 260	19.88	17.68
		5 280	19.93	17.68
		5 320	19.93	17.68
	UNII-2C	5 500	19.93	17.68
		5 600	19.93	17.68
		5 700	19.93	17.68
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-1	5 180	19.78	17.63
		5 200	19.73	17.63
		5 240	19.73	17.63
	UNII-2A	5 260	19.78	17.63
		5 280	19.78	17.63
		5 320	19.78	17.63
	UNII-2C	5 500	19.78	17.63
		5 600	19.78	17.63
		5 700	19.73	17.63

26 dB bandwidth

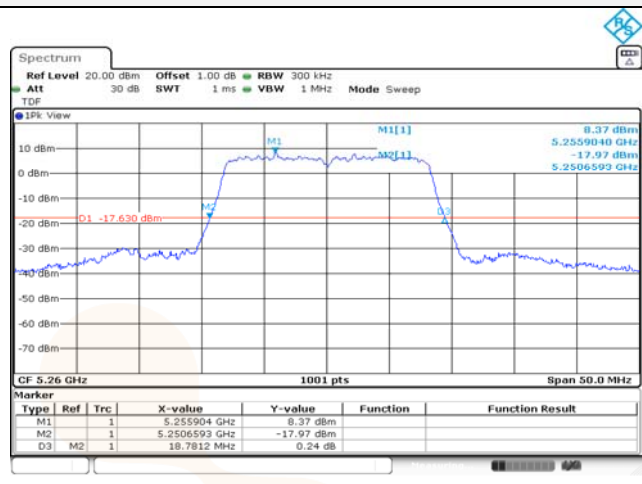
[DC 5 V]

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only worst bandwidth

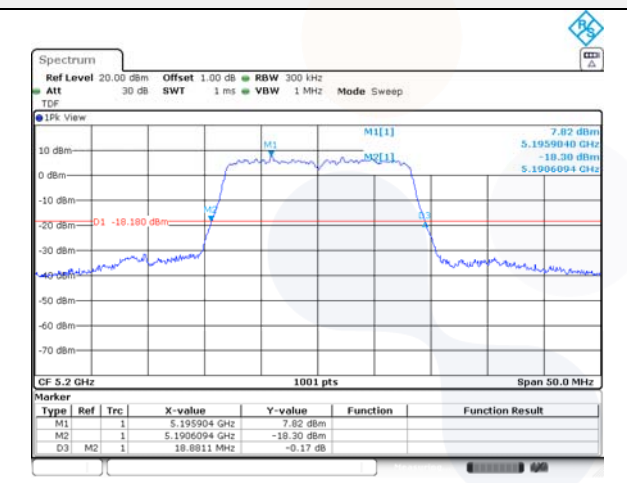
UNII-1 / 802.11a / Low ch.



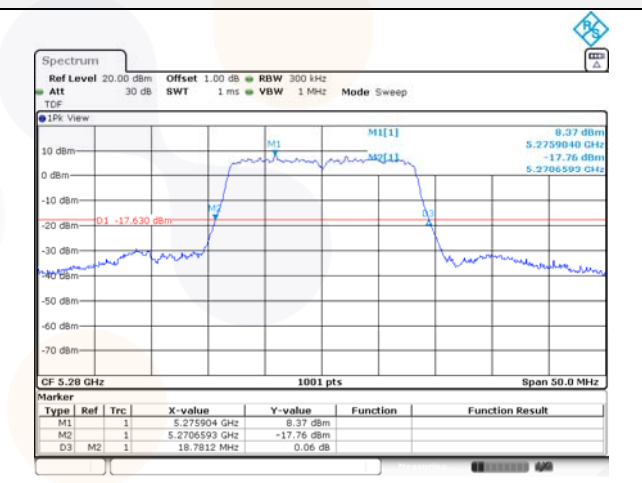
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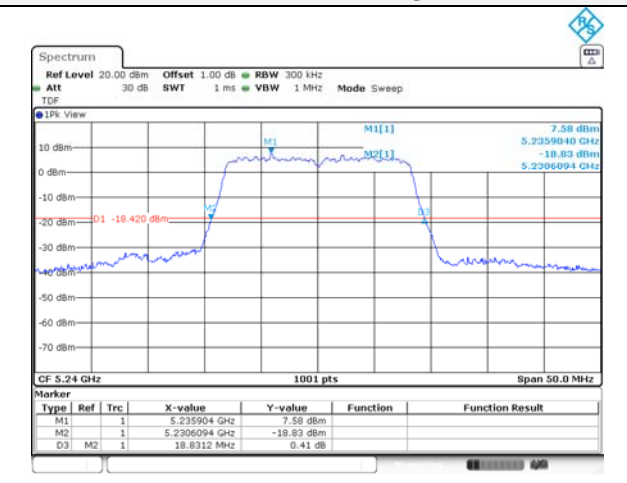
UNII-1 / 802.11a / Mid ch.



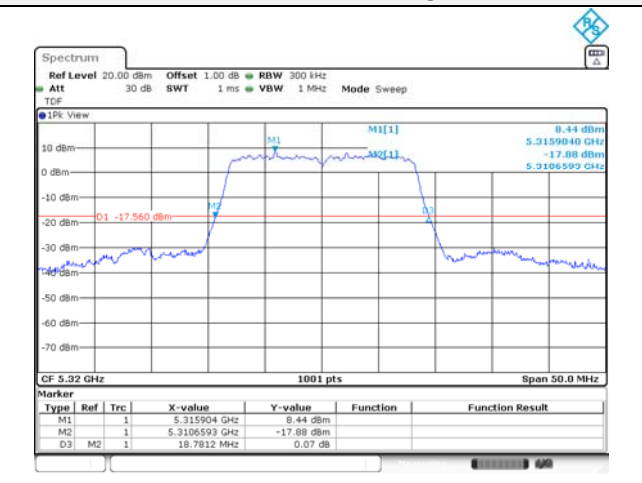
UNII-2A / 802.11a / Mid ch.



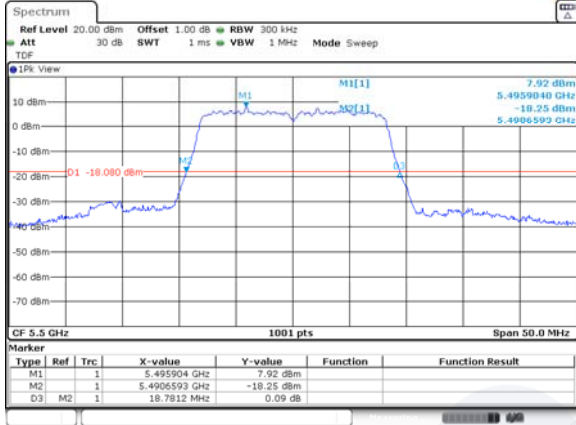
UNII-1 / 802.11a / High ch.



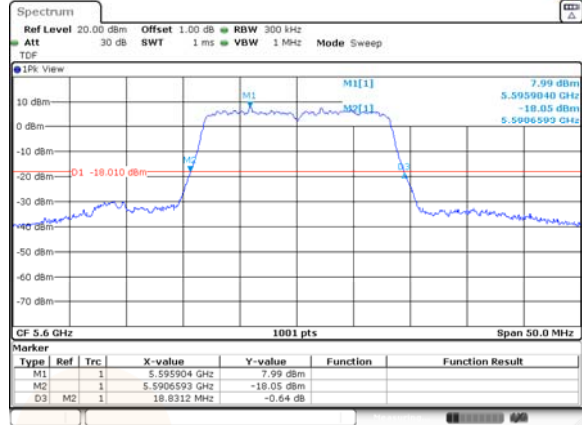
UNII-2A / 802.11a / High ch.



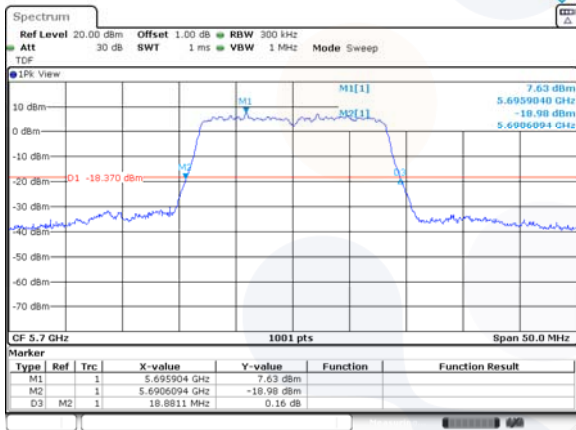
UNII-2C / 802.11a / Low ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11a / Mid ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11a / High ch.



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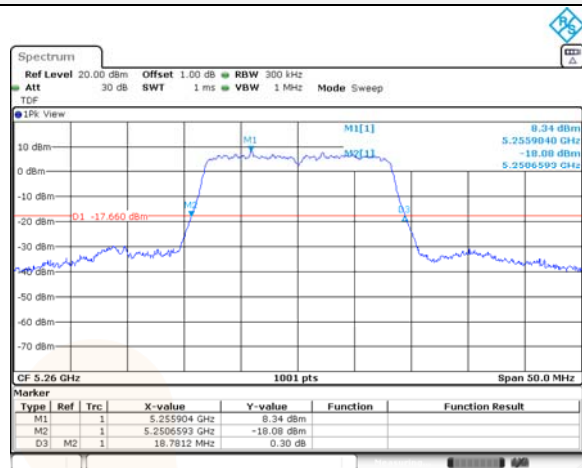
[DC 12 V]

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only worst bandwidth

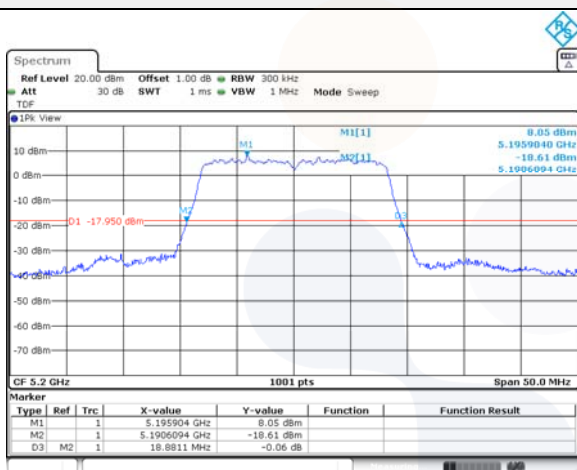
UNII-1 / 802.11a / Low ch.



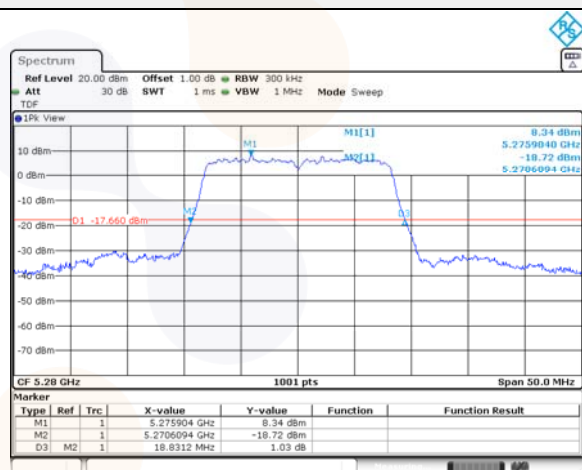
UNII-2A / 802.11a / Low ch.



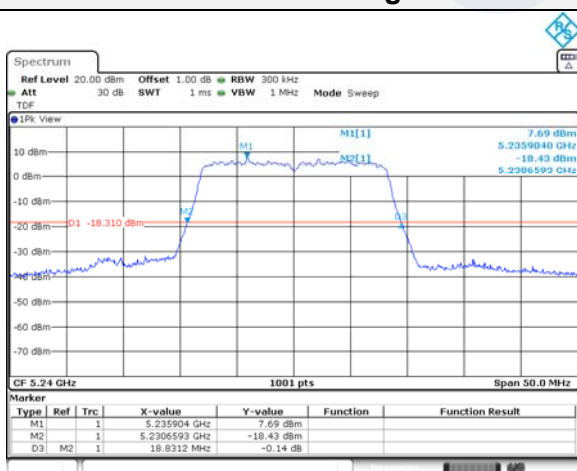
UNII-1 / 802.11a / Mid ch.



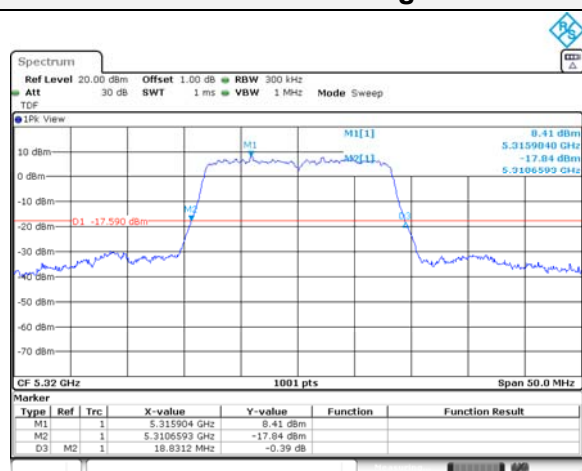
UNII-2A / 802.11a / Mid ch.



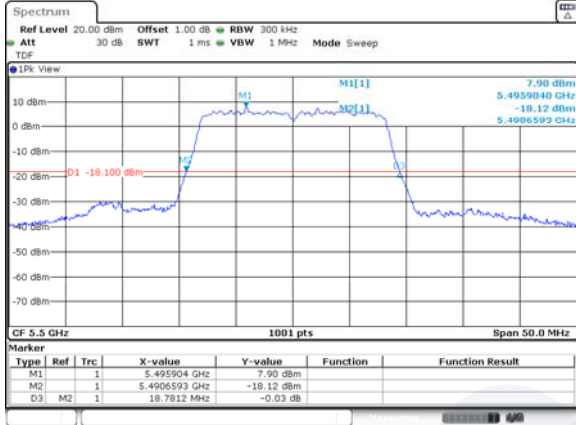
UNII-1 / 802.11a / High ch.



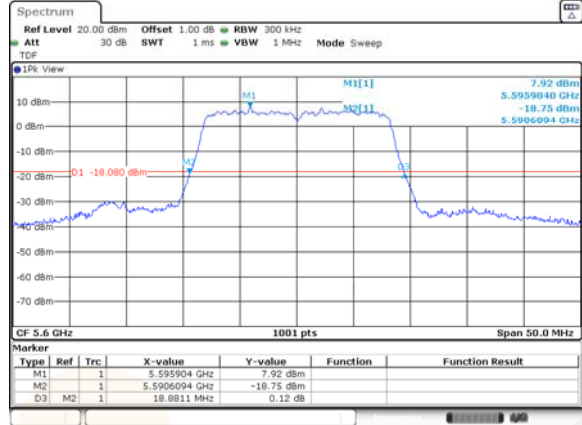
UNII-2A / 802.11a / High ch.



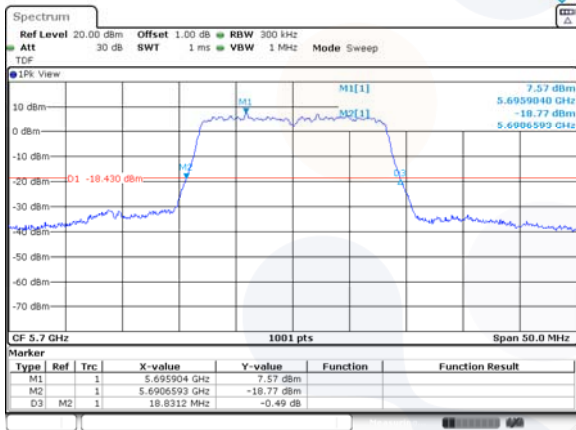
UNII-2C / 802.11a / Low ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11a / Mid ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11a / High ch.



Blank

99% Bandwidth

[DC 5 V]

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only worst bandwidth

UNII-1 / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



UNII-2A / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



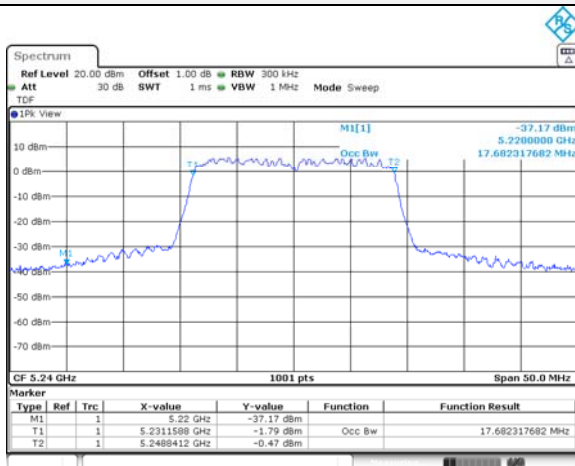
UNII-1 / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



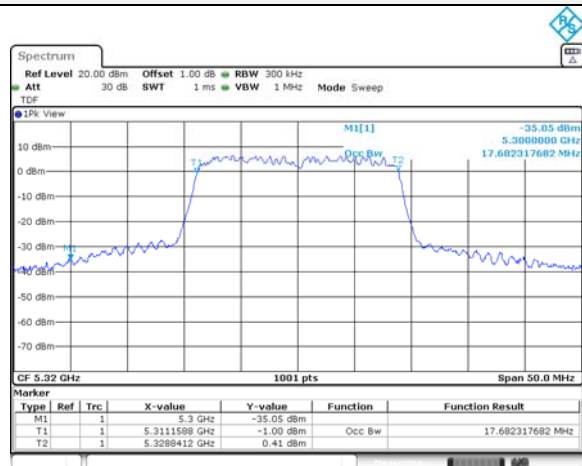
UNII-2A / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



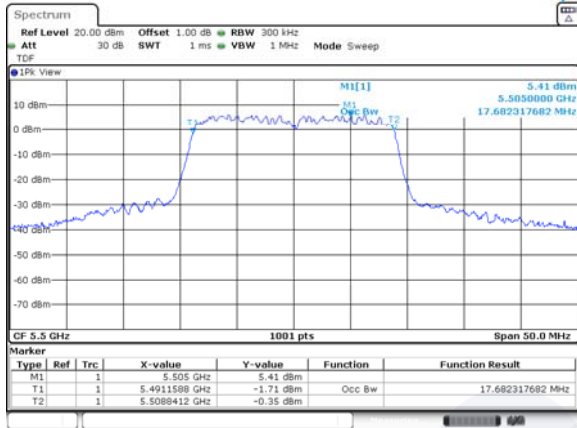
UNII-1 / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



UNII-2A / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.

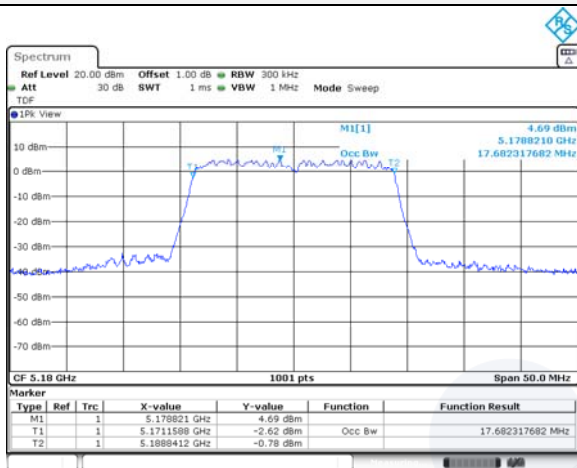


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[DC 12 V]

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only worst bandwidth

UNII-1 / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



UNII-2A / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



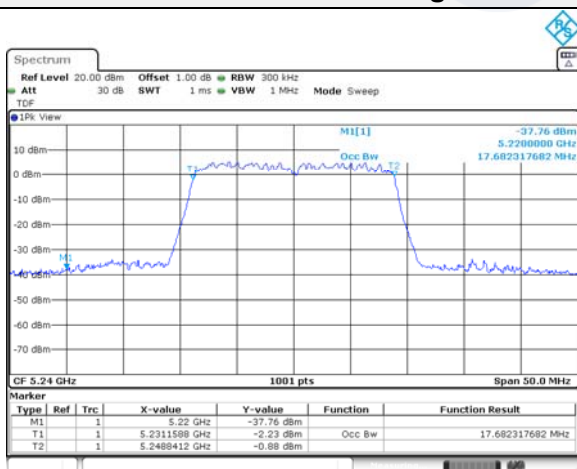
UNII-1 / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



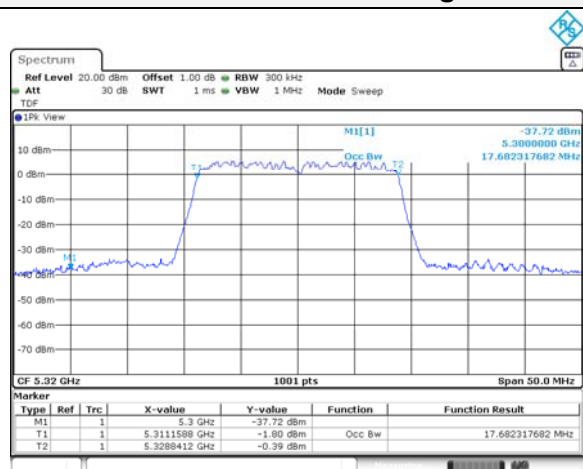
UNII-2A / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



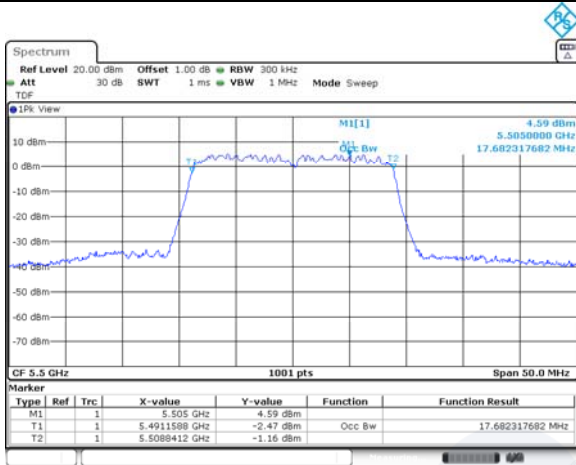
UNII-1 / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



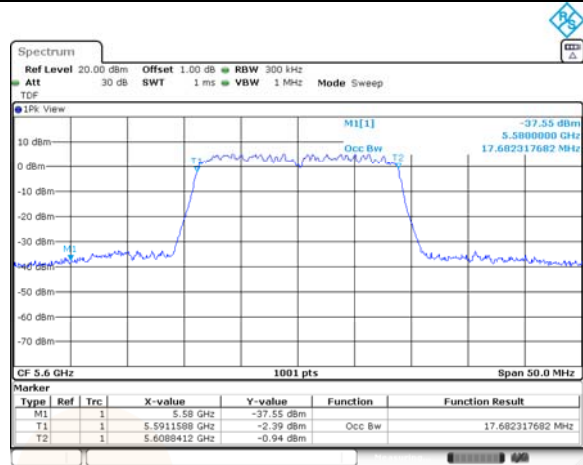
UNII-2A / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



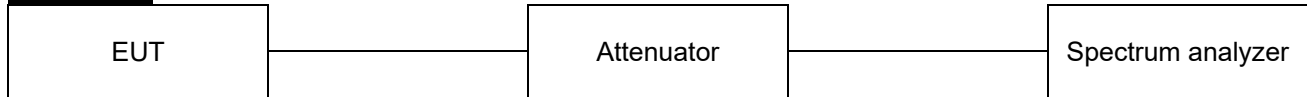
UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.



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7.4. 6 dB Bandwidth

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.407(e), RSS-247(6.2.4), Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500kHz.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 6.9.2
KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section C.2

Test settings

Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725–5.85 GHz

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 kHz for the band 5.725–5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this Bandwidth:

1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 RBW.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.



Test results

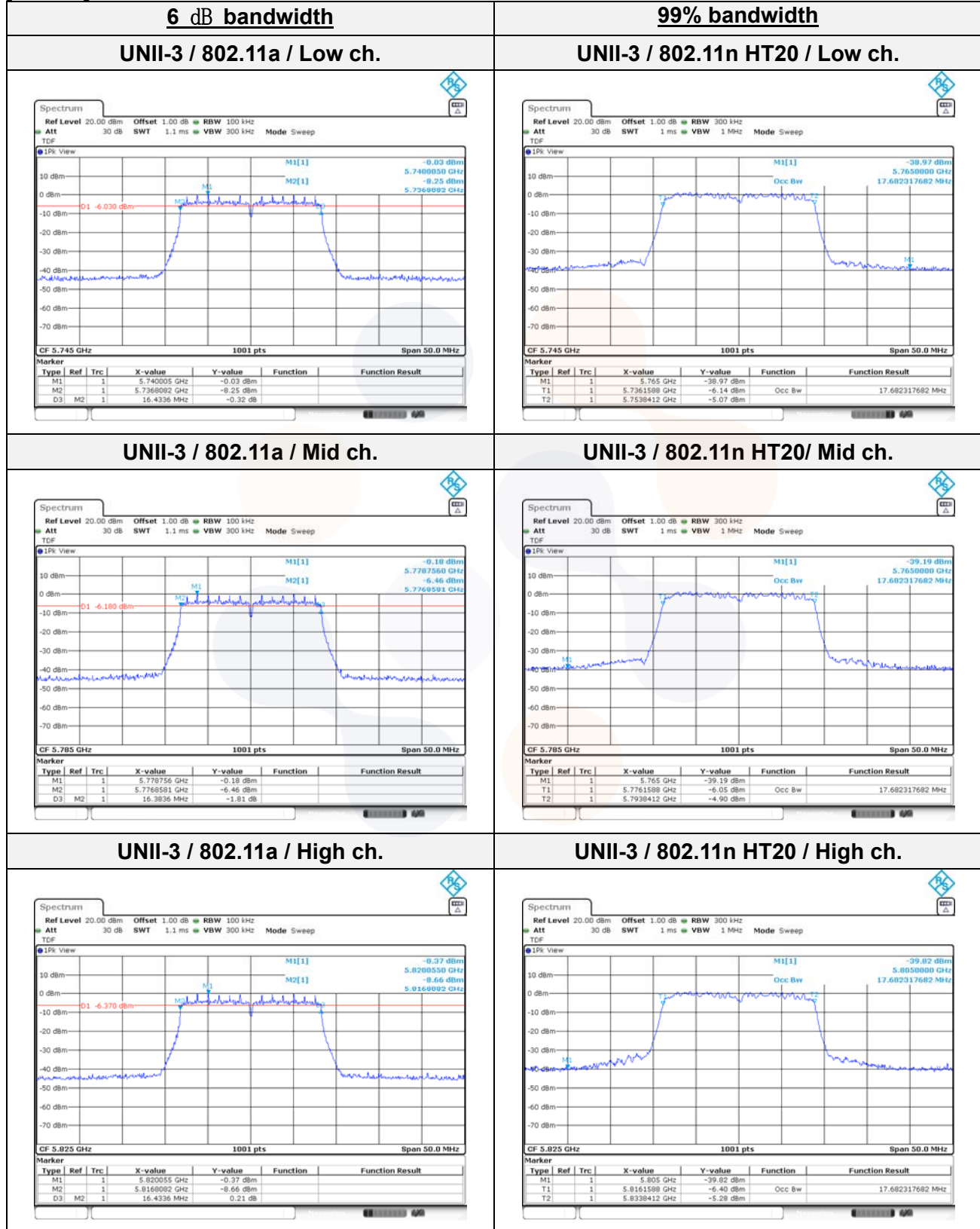
[DC 5 V]

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	6dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-3	5 745	16.43	0.50	16.43
		5 785	16.38	0.50	16.48
		5 825	16.43	0.50	16.43
802.11n HT20	UNII-3	5 745	17.08	0.50	17.68
		5 785	17.03	0.50	17.68
		5 825	17.03	0.50	17.68
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-3	5 745	17.08	0.50	17.63
		5 785	17.03	0.50	17.68
		5 825	17.03	0.50	17.68

[DC 12 V]

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	6dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-3	5 745	16.43	0.50	16.43
		5 785	16.33	0.50	16.48
		5 825	16.43	0.50	16.43
802.11n HT20	UNII-3	5 745	17.08	0.50	17.68
		5 785	17.03	0.50	17.68
		5 825	17.08	0.50	17.68
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-3	5 745	17.08	0.50	17.63
		5 785	17.03	0.50	17.68
		5 825	17.08	0.50	17.63

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only worst bandwidth [DC 5 V]



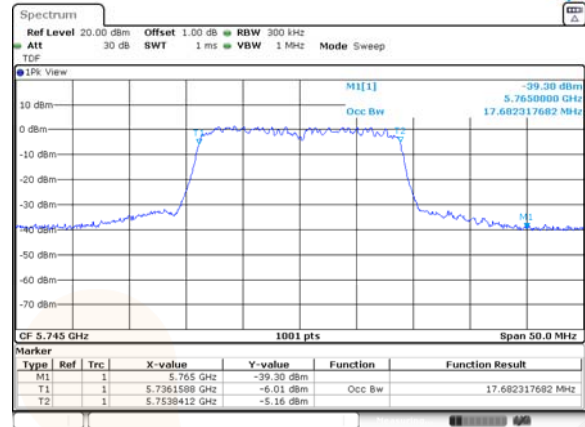
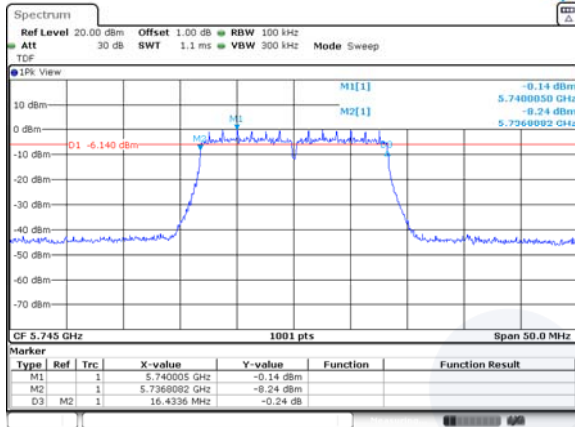
[DC 12 V]

6 dB bandwidth

99% bandwidth

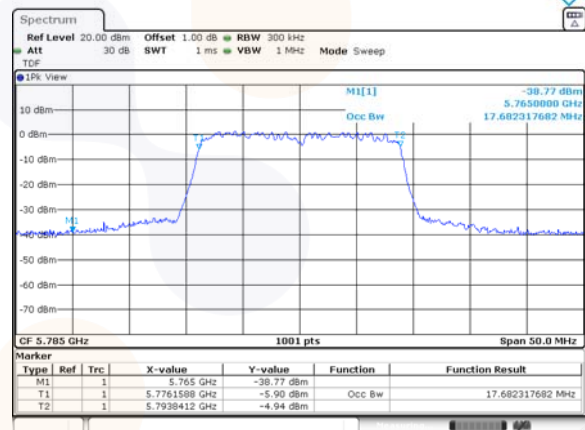
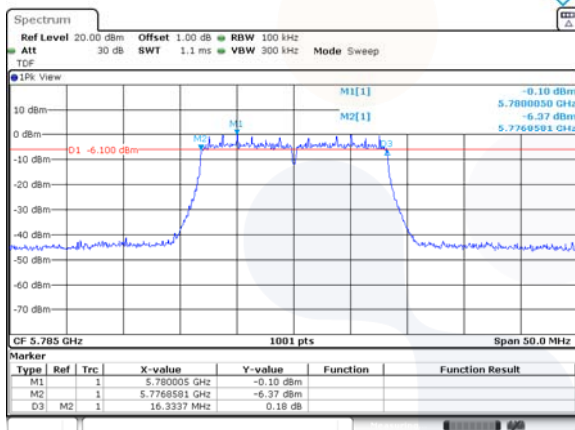
UNII-3 / 802.11a / Low ch.

UNII-3 / 802.11n HT20 / Low ch.



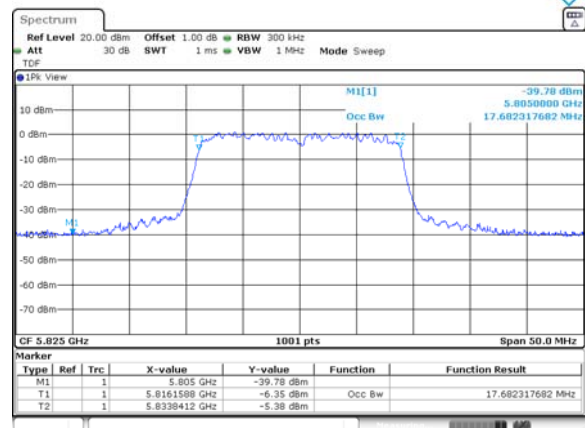
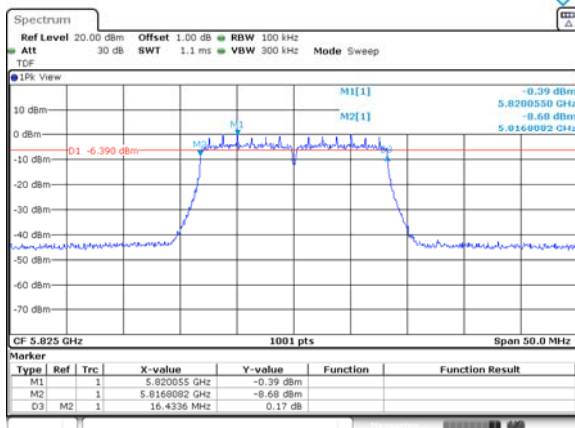
UNII-3 / 802.11a / Mid ch.

UNII-3 / 802.11n HT20 / Mid ch.



UNII-3 / 802.11a / High ch.

UNII-3 / 802.11n HT20 / High ch.





7.5. Straddle channel

26dB bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

[DC 5 V]

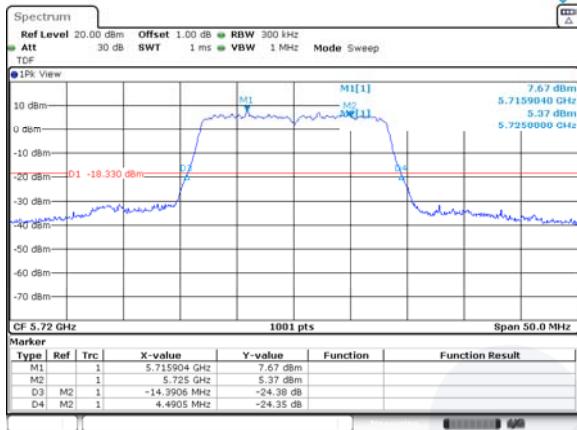
Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	14.39	16.43
802.11n HT20			15.09	17.63
802.11ac VHT20			14.89	17.63
802.11a	UNII-3	5 720	4.49	-
802.11n HT20			4.89	-
802.11ac VHT20			4.84	-

Notes:

- For 99% Bandwidth, measured 99% occupied bandwidth is separated as below
 - For UNII band 2C = 5725 MHz – T1(measured frequency on the marker table)
 - For UNII band 3 = T2(measured frequency on the marker table) – 5725 MHz

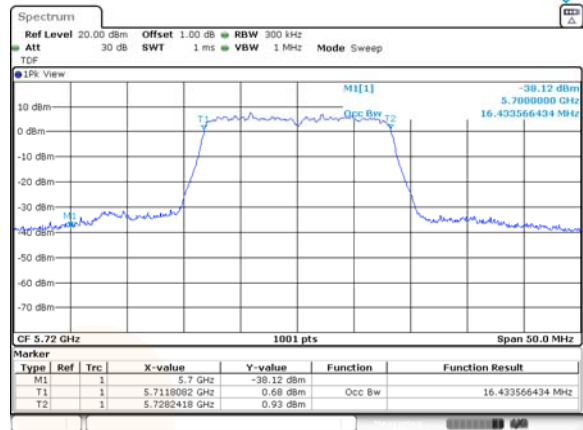
26 dB bandwidth

802.11a

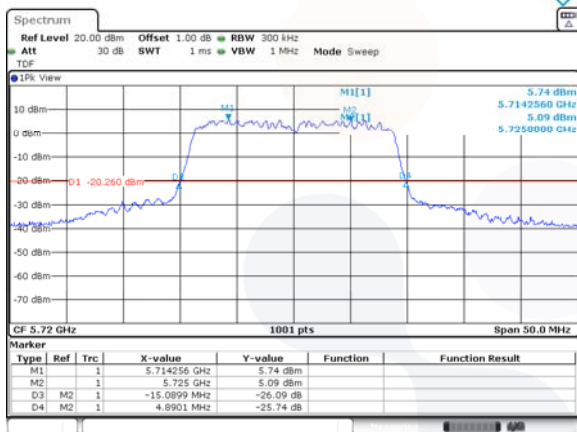


99% bandwidth

802.11a



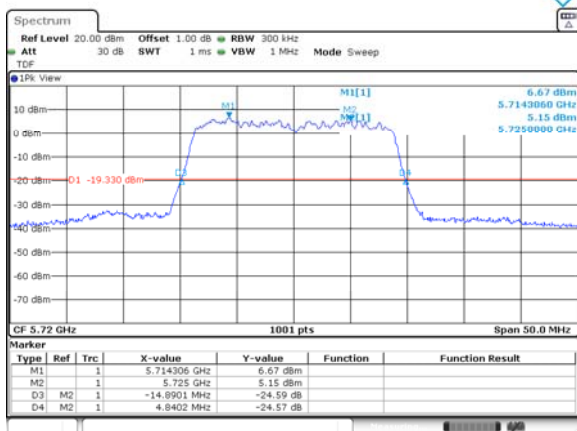
802.11n HT20



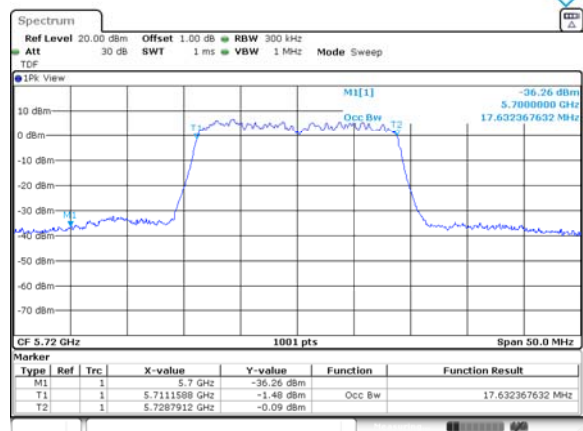
802.11n HT20



802.11ac VHT20



802.11ac VHT20



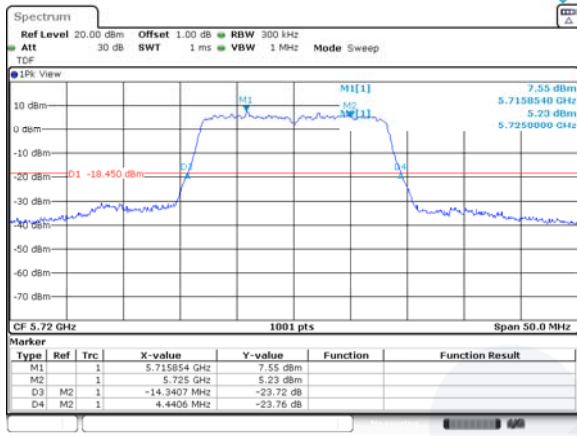
[DC 12 V]

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	14.34	16.43
802.11n HT20			15.04	17.63
802.11ac VHT20			14.94	17.63
802.11a	UNII-3	5 720	4.44	-
802.11n HT20			4.89	-
802.11ac VHT20			4.84	-

1. For 99% Bandwidth, measured 99% occupied bandwidth is separated as below
 - For UNII band 2C = 5725 MHz – T1(measured frequency on the marker table)
 - For UNII band 3 = T2(measured frequency on the marker table) – 5725 MHz

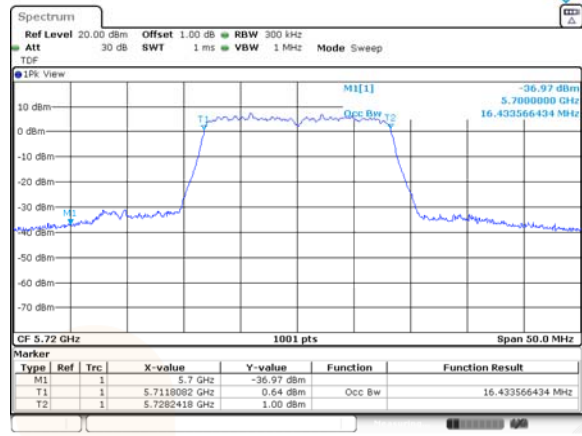
26 dB bandwidth

802.11a

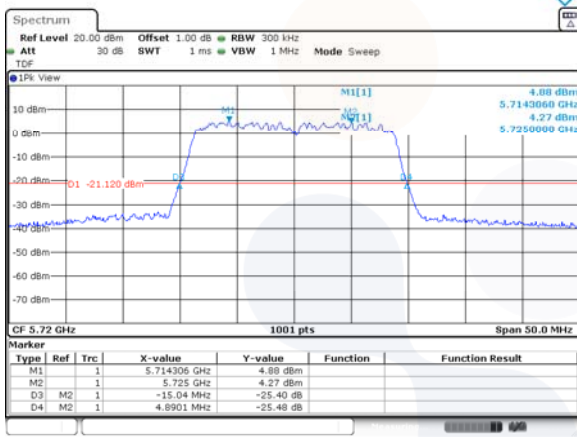


99% bandwidth

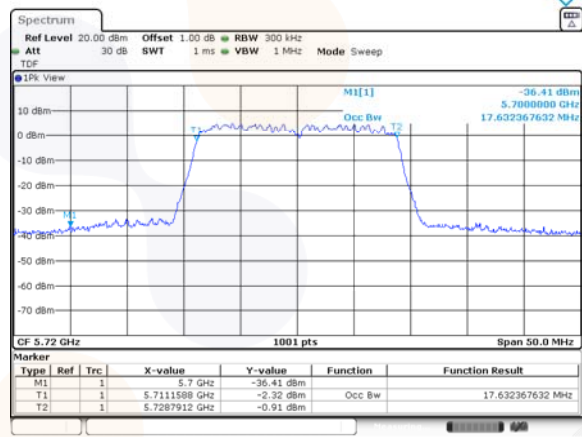
802.11a



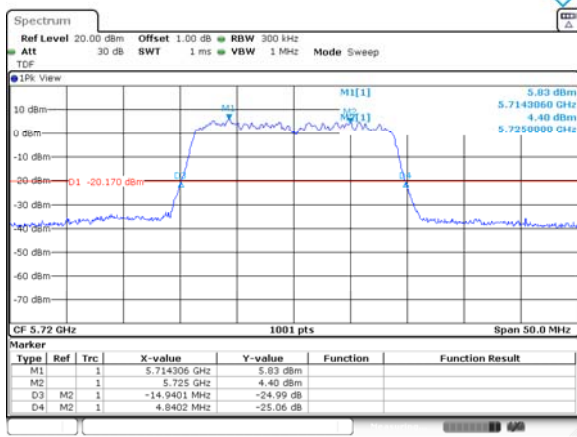
802.11n HT20



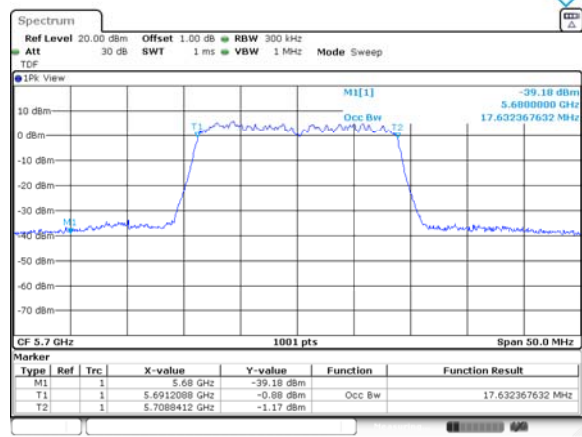
802.11n HT20



802.11ac VHT20



802.11ac VHT20

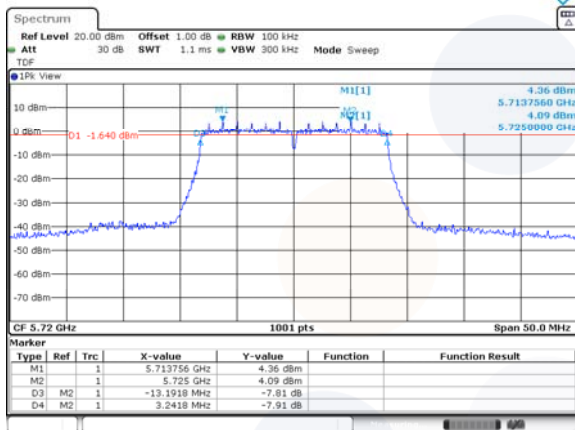


6dB bandwidth

[DC 5 V]

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-3	5 720	3.24	0.50
802.11n HT20			3.29	0.50
802.11ac VHT20			3.29	0.50

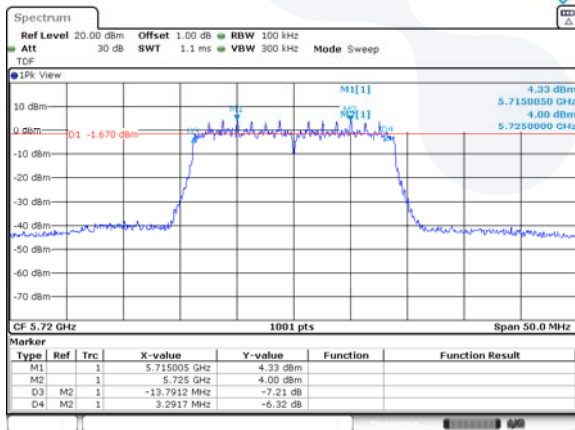
802.11a



802.11n HT20



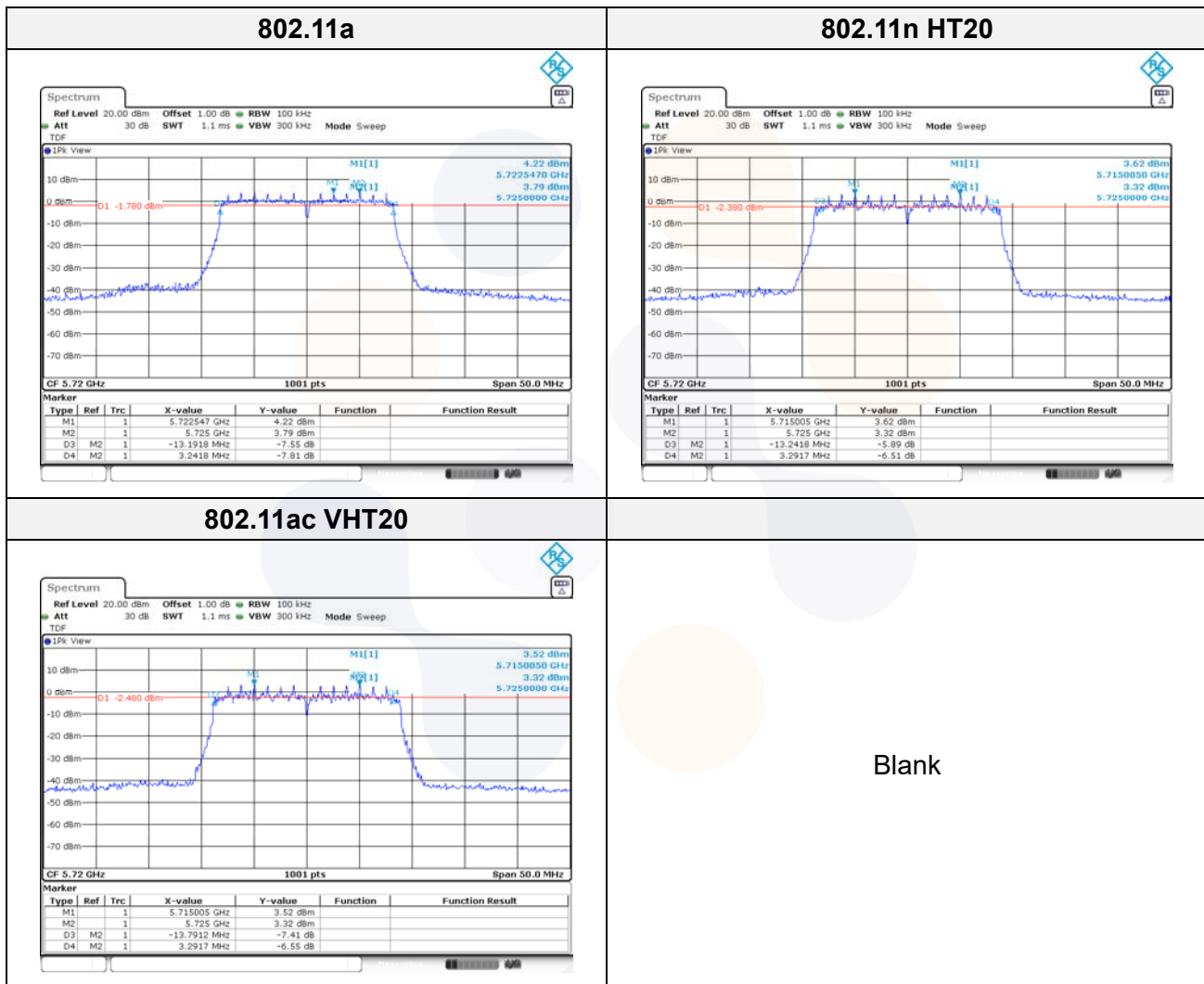
802.11ac VHT20



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[DC 12 V]

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
802.11a	UNII-3	5 720	3.24	0.50
802.11n HT20			3.29	0.50
802.11ac VHT20			3.29	0.50



[DC 5 V]

Conducted Output Power

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured output power			Limit (dBm)
			Reading (dBm)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBm)	
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	14.91	-	14.91	23.39
	UNII-3		8.66		8.66	30.00
802.11n HT20	UNII-2C	5 720	14.57	0.25	14.82	23.91
	UNII-3		8.44		8.69	30.00
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-2C	5 720	14.55	0.24	14.79	23.98
	UNII-3		8.52		8.76	30.00

Notes:

1. Average result(dB m) = Average Reading (dB m) + DCF(dB)

E.I.R.P

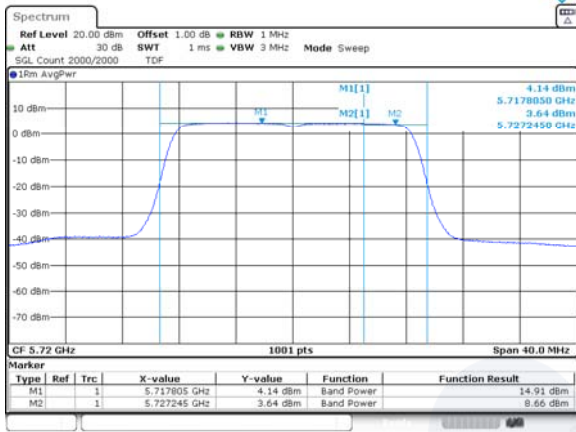
Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured output power			MAX. e.i.r.p Limit (dBm)
			Conducted output power (dBm)	ANT gain (dBi)	MAX. e.i.r.p (dBm)	
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	14.91	-0.40	14.51	28.35
	UNII-3		8.66	-0.70	7.96	30.00
802.11n HT20	UNII-2C	5 720	14.82	-0.40	14.42	28.60
	UNII-3		8.69	-0.70	7.99	30.00
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-2C	5 720	14.79	-0.40	14.39	28.58
	UNII-3		8.76	-0.70	8.06	30.00

Notes:

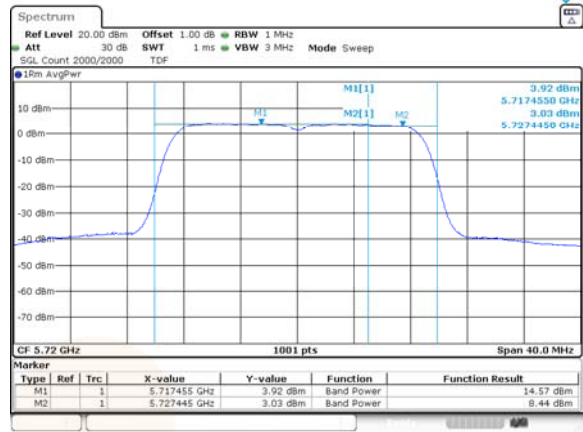
1. e.i.r.p. Calculation:

$$\text{e.i.r.p. (dB m)} = \text{Conducted output power (dB m)} + \text{Antenna gain (dB i)}$$

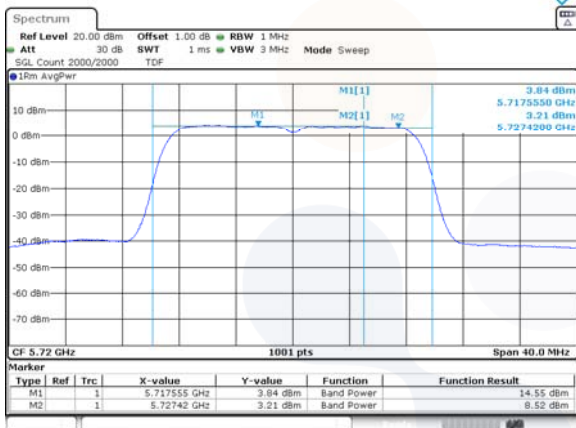
802.11a



802.11n HT20



802.11ac VHT20



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[DC 12 V]

Conducted Output Power

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured output power			Limit (dBm)
			Reading (dBm)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBm)	
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	14.83	-	14.83	23.39
	UNII-3		8.58		8.58	30.00
802.11n HT20	UNII-2C	5 720	13.70	0.25	13.95	23.91
	UNII-3		7.56		7.81	30.00
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-2C	5 720	13.70	0.24	13.94	23.98
	UNII-3		7.67		7.91	30.00

Notes:

1. Average result(dB m) = Average Reading (dB m) + DCF(dB)

E.I.R.P

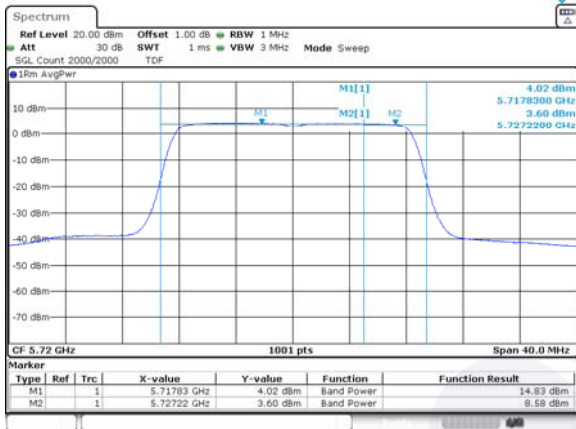
Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured output power			MAX. e.i.r.p Limit (dBm)
			Conducted output power (dBm)	ANT gain (dBi)	MAX. e.i.r.p (dBm)	
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	14.83	-0.40	14.43	28.35
	UNII-3		8.58	-0.70	7.88	30.00
802.11n HT20	UNII-2C	5 720	13.95	-0.40	13.55	28.60
	UNII-3		7.81	-0.70	7.11	30.00
802.11ac VHT20	UNII-2C	5 720	13.94	-0.40	13.54	28.58
	UNII-3		7.91	-0.70	7.21	30.00

Notes:

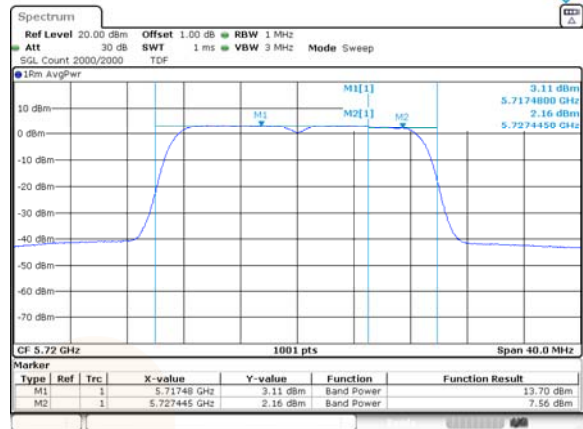
1. e.i.r.p. Calculation:

$$\text{e.i.r.p. (dB m)} = \text{Conducted output power (dB m)} + \text{Antenna gain (dB i)}$$

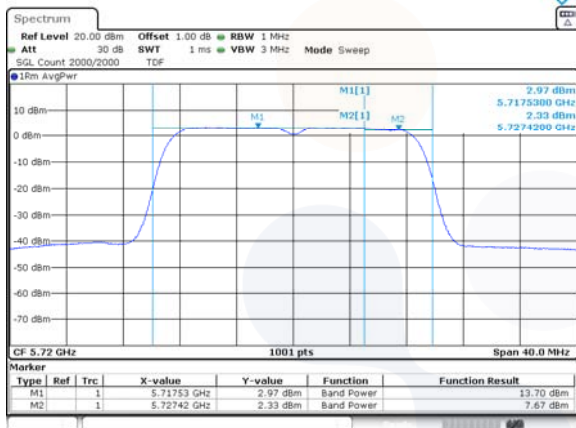
802.11a



802.11n HT20



802.11ac VHT20



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[DC 5 V]
Power Spectral Density

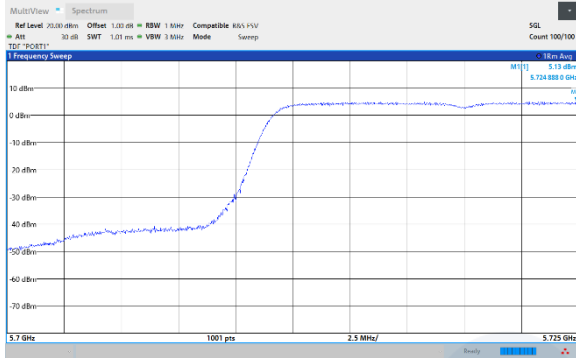
Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/MHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dB m/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	5.13	-	5.13	11.00
802.11n HT20			4.06	0.25	4.31	
802.11ac VHT20			4.05	0.24	4.29	

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/ 500 kHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dBm/ 500 kHz)	Limit (dBm /500 kHz)
802.11a	UNII-3	5 720	2.44	-	2.44	30.00
802.11n HT20			1.37	0.25	1.62	
802.11ac VHT20			1.53	0.24	1.77	

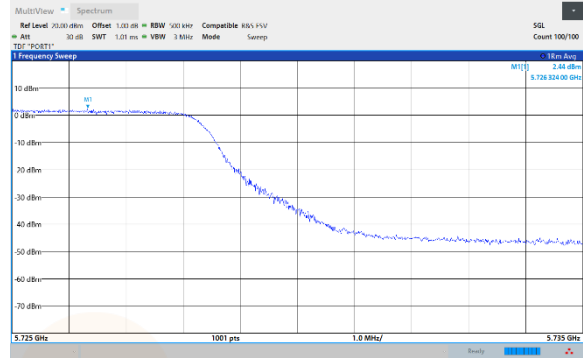
Notes:

- Maximum PSD calculation
 - Maximum PSD = Measured PSD + D.C.F

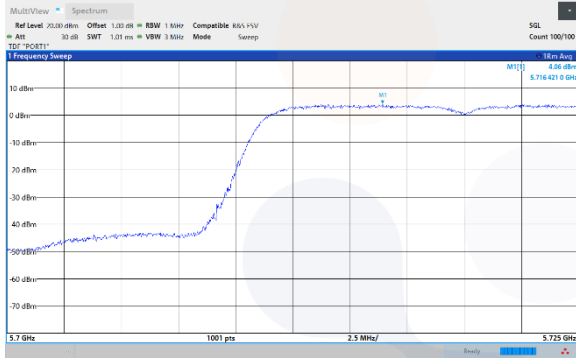
UNII-2C / 802.11a



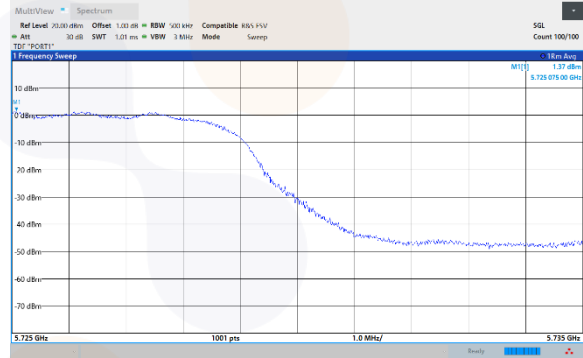
UNII-3 / 802.11a



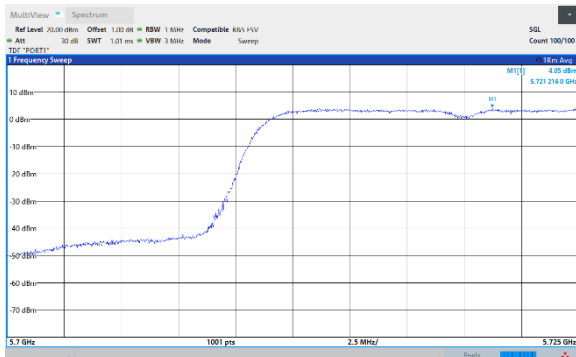
UNII-2C / 802.11n HT20



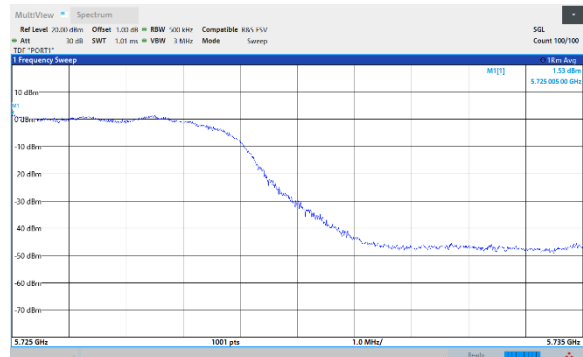
UNII-3 / 802.11n HT20



UNII-2C / 802.11ac VHT20



UNII-3 / 802.11ac VHT20





[DC 12 V]
Power Spectral Density

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/MHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dB m/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)
802.11a	UNII-2C	5 720	5.02	-	5.02	11.00
802.11n HT20			4.11	0.25	4.36	
802.11ac VHT20			3.80	0.24	4.04	

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/ 500 kHz)	DCF (dB)	Maximum PSD (dBm/ 500 kHz)	Limit (dBm /500 kHz)
802.11a	UNII-3	5 720	2.21	-	2.21	30.00
802.11n HT20			1.50	0.25	1.75	
802.11ac VHT20			1.44	0.24	1.68	

Notes:

- Maximum PSD calculation
 - Maximum PSD = Measured PSD + D.C.F