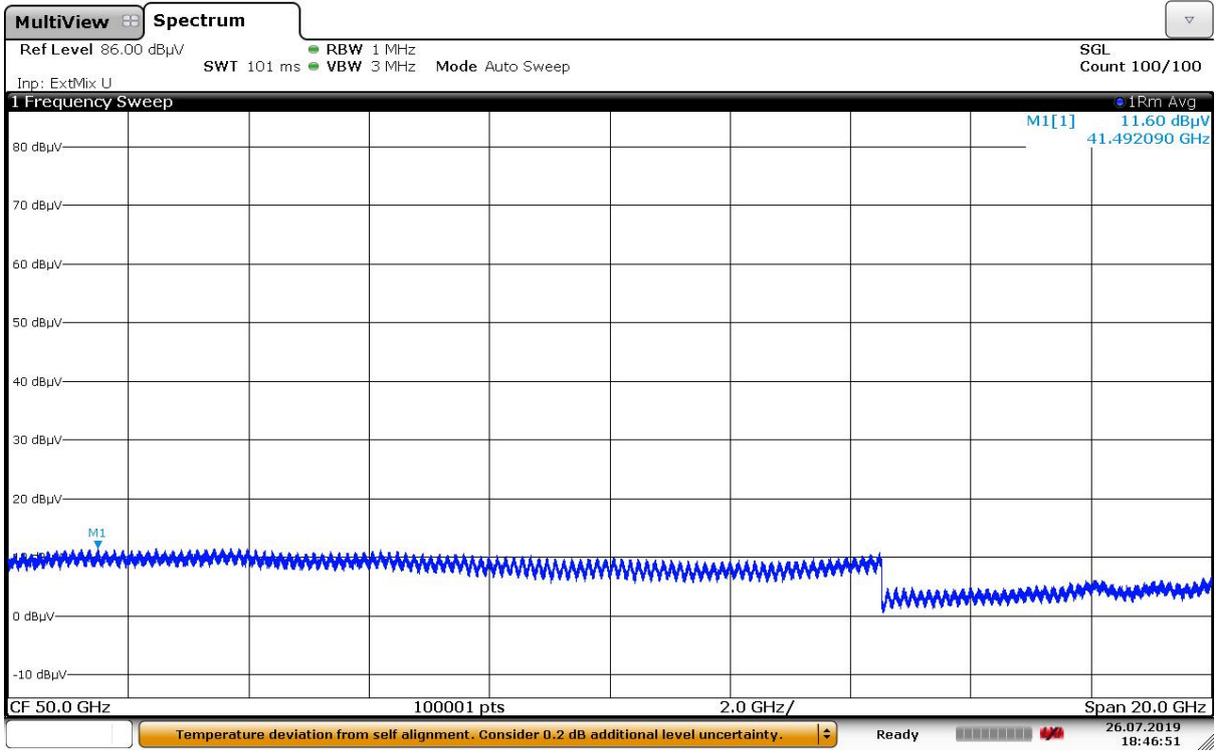
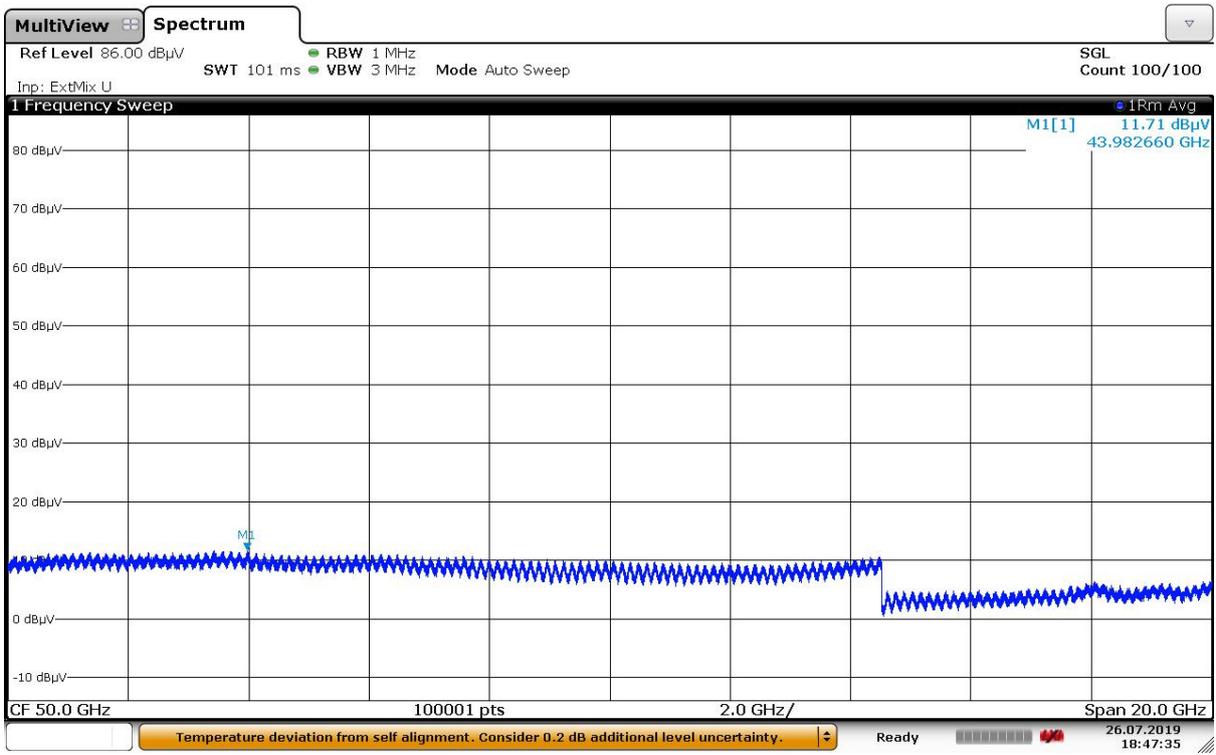


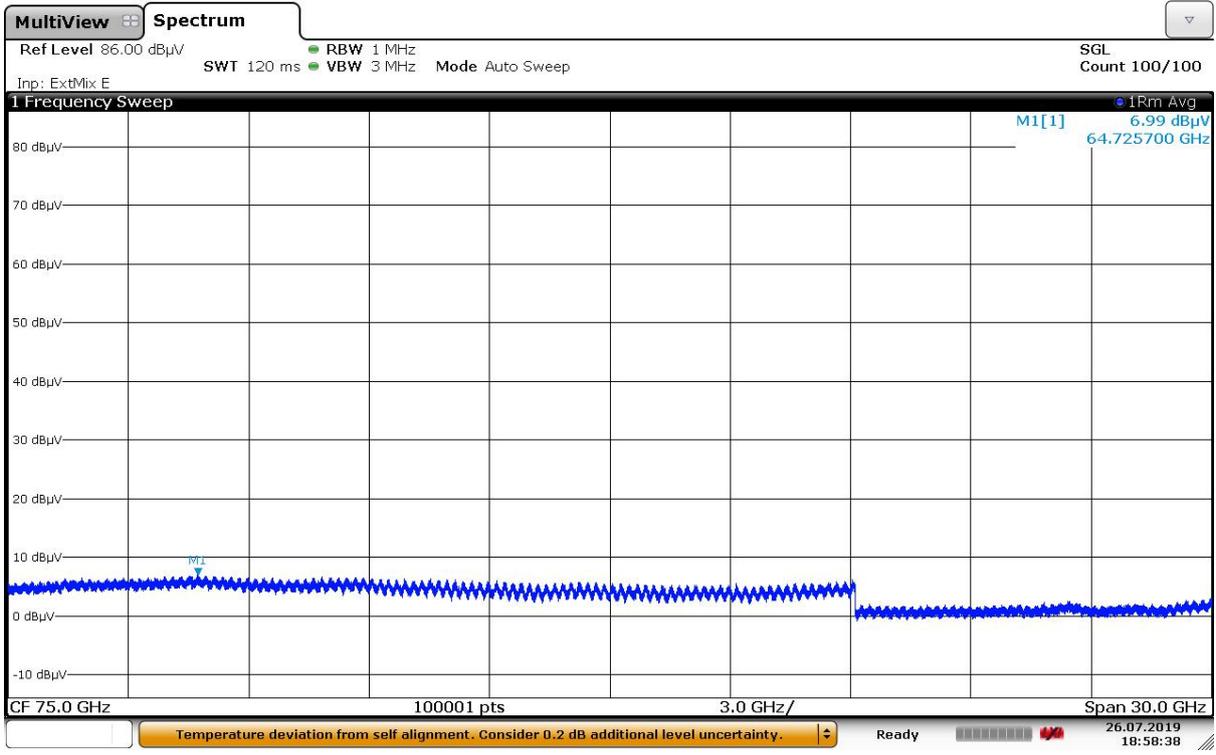
### 40 GHz ~ 60 GHz / 8cc / High / 45°



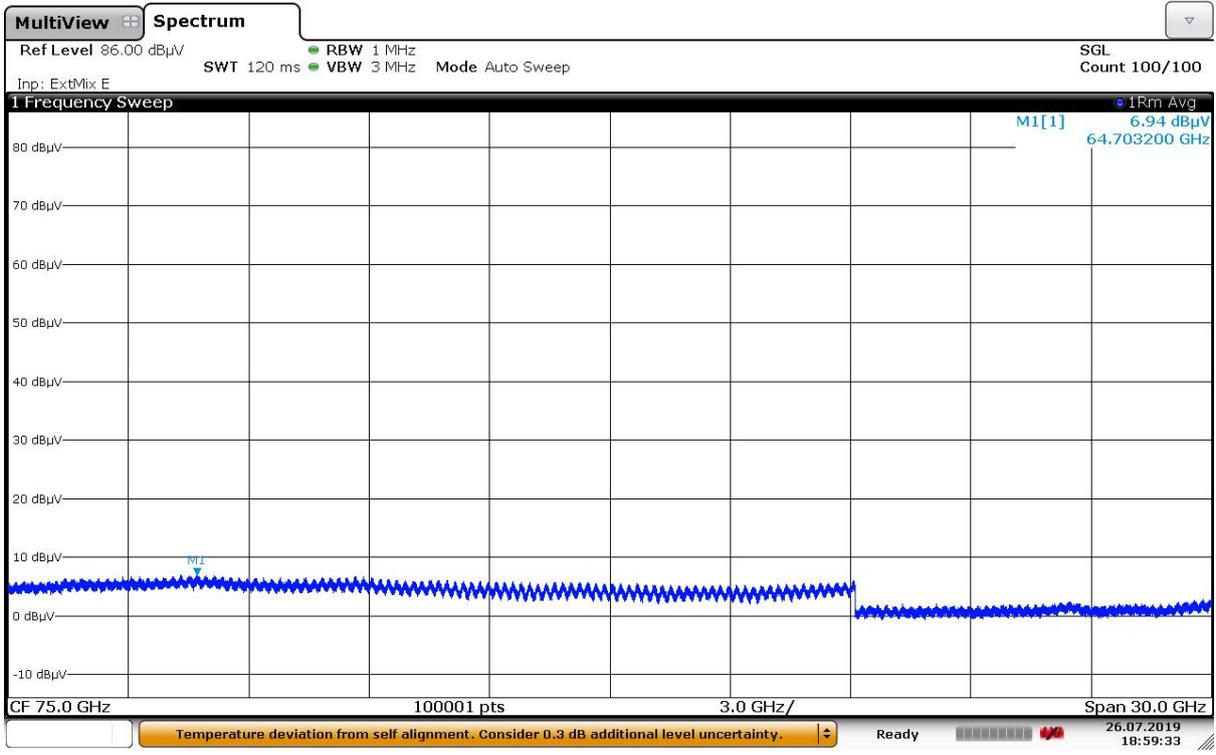
### 40 GHz ~ 60 GHz / 8cc / High / 135°



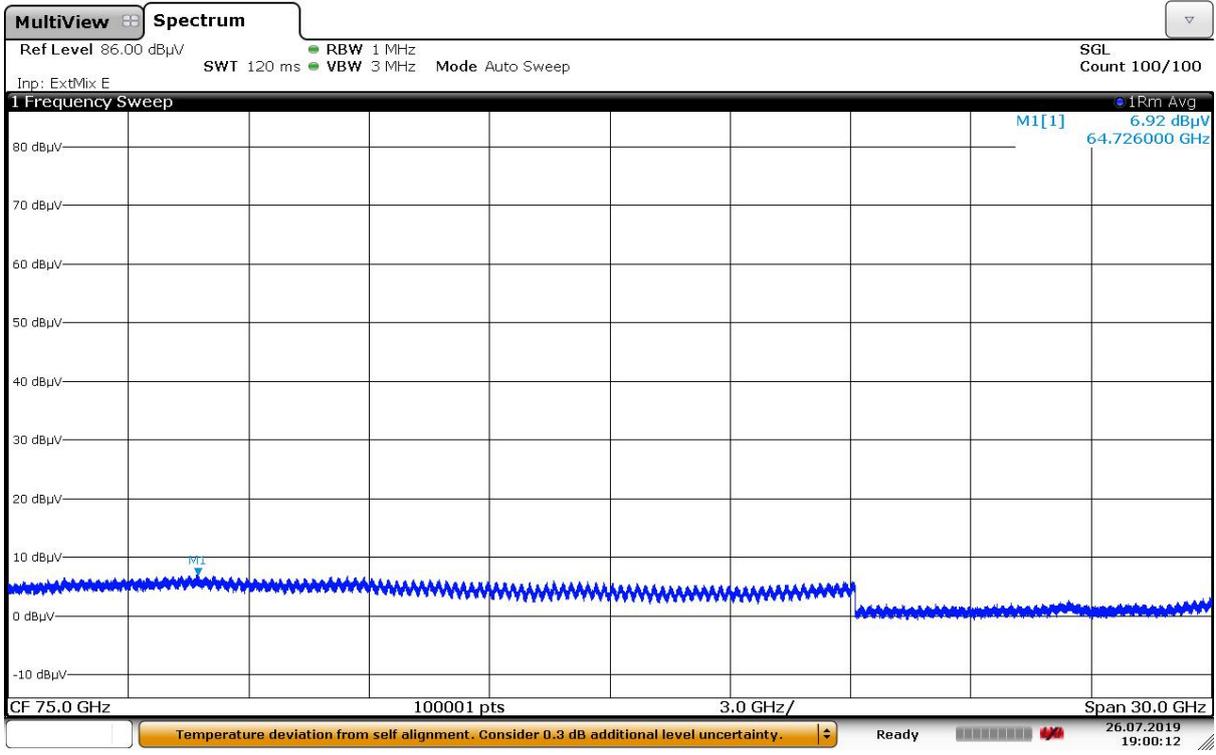
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 1cc / Low / 45°



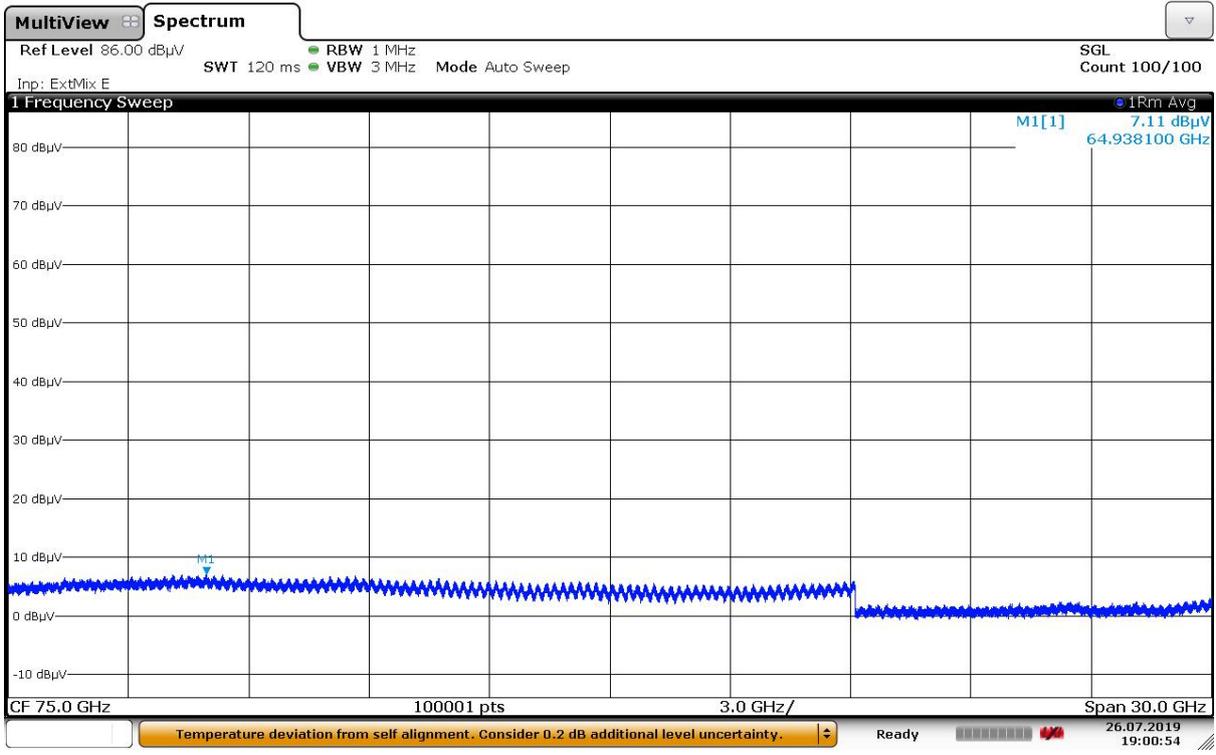
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 1cc / Low / 135°



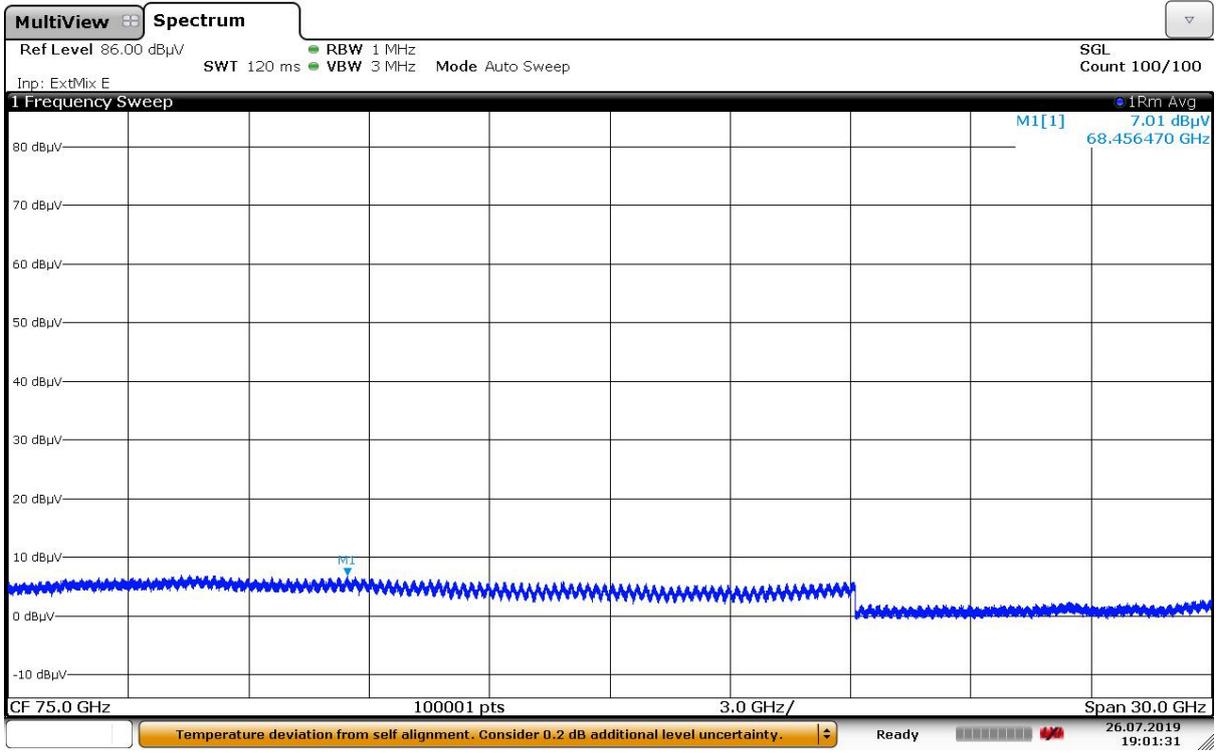
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 1cc / Middle / 45°



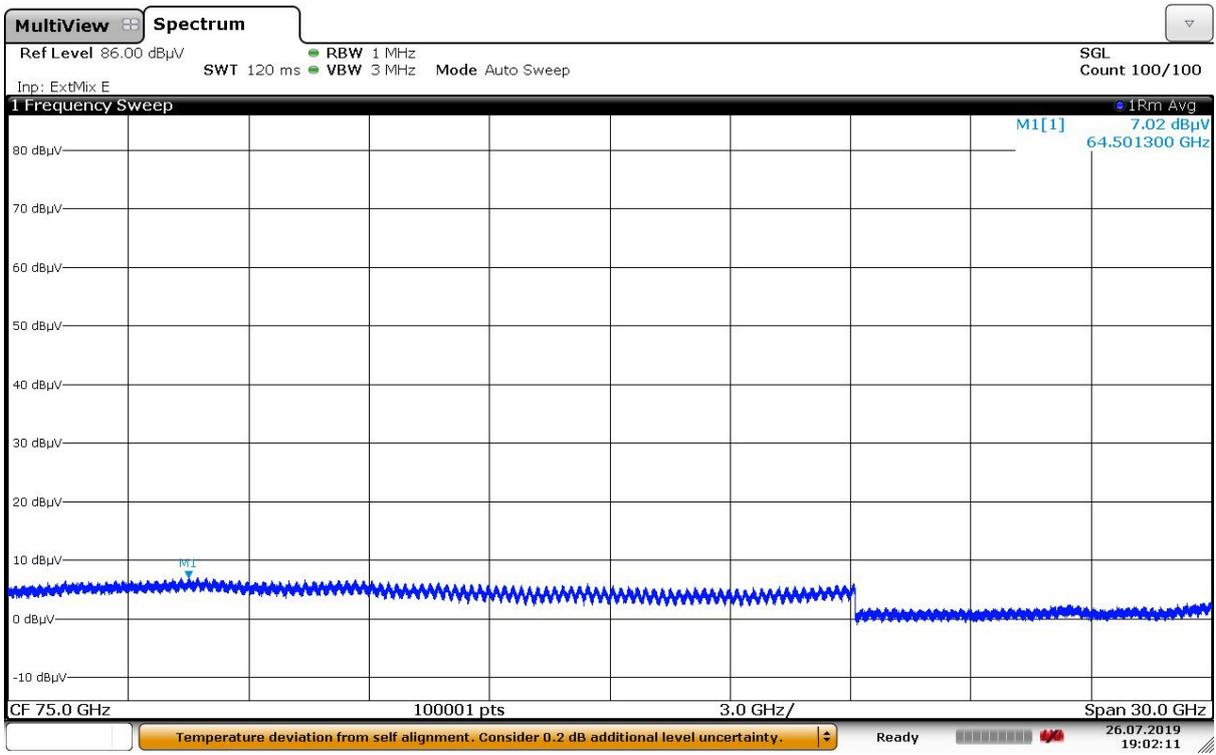
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 1cc / Middle / 135°



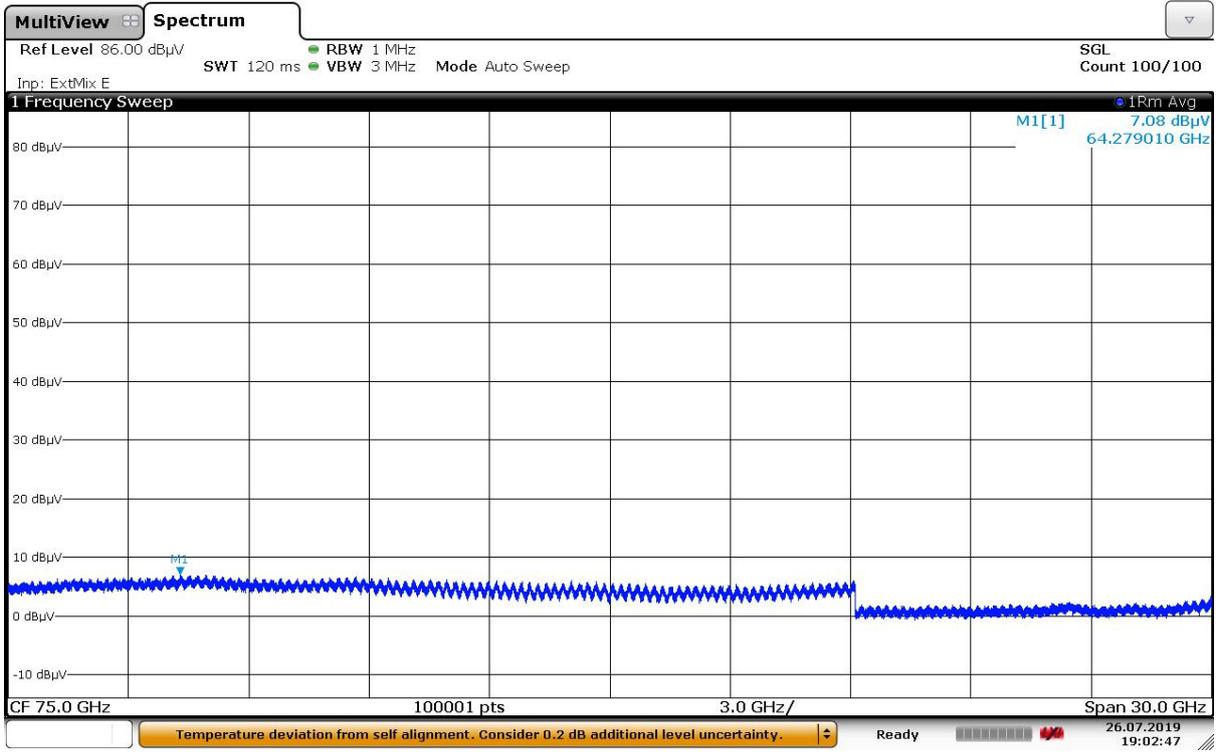
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 1cc / High / 45°



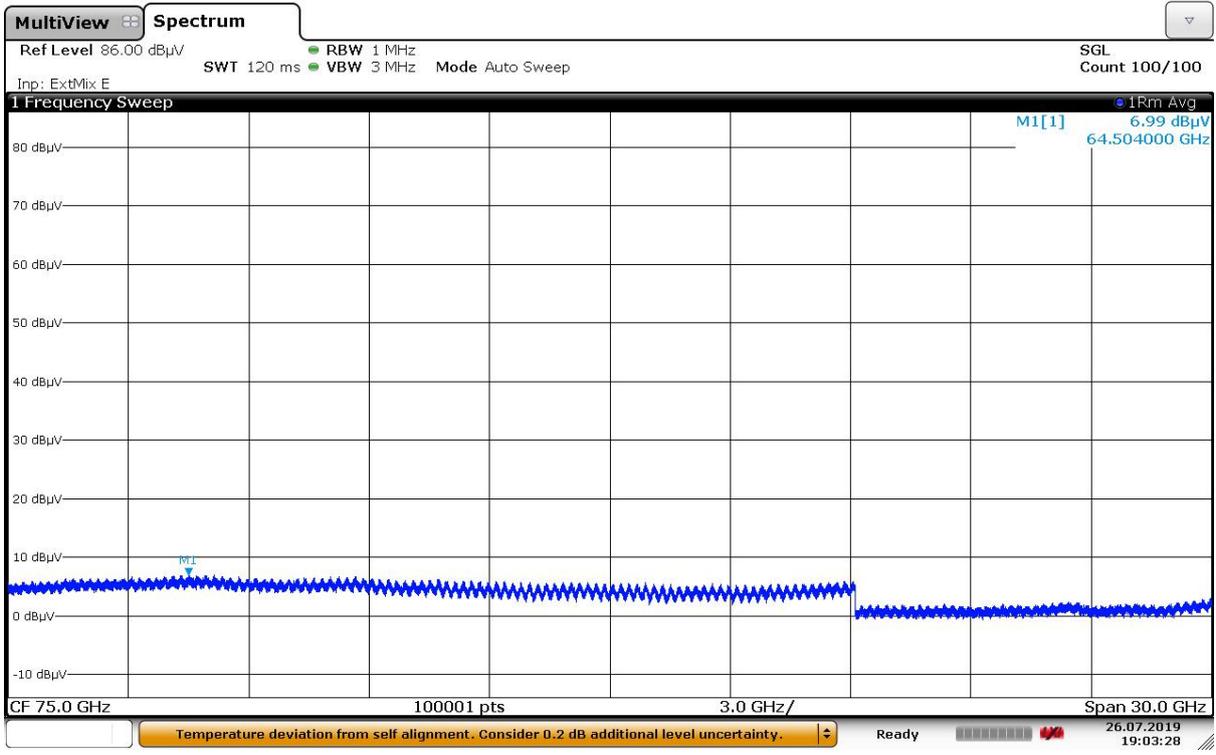
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 1cc / High / 135°



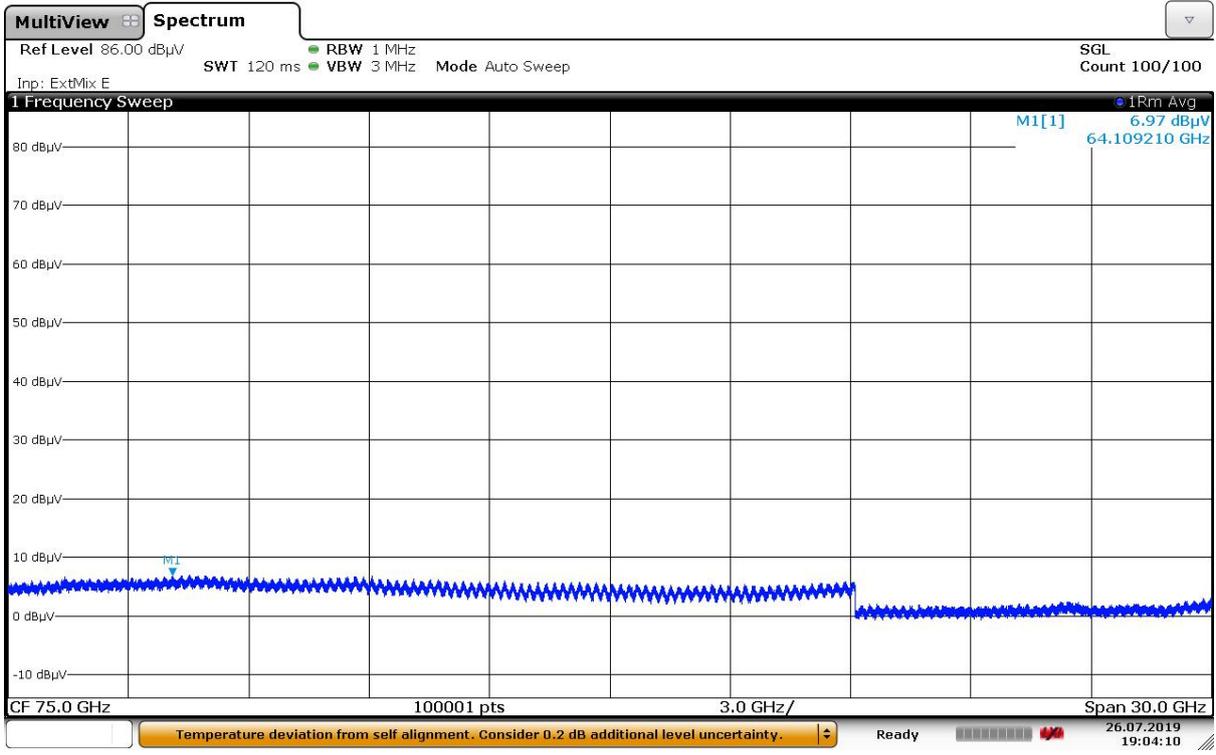
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 8cc / Low / 45°



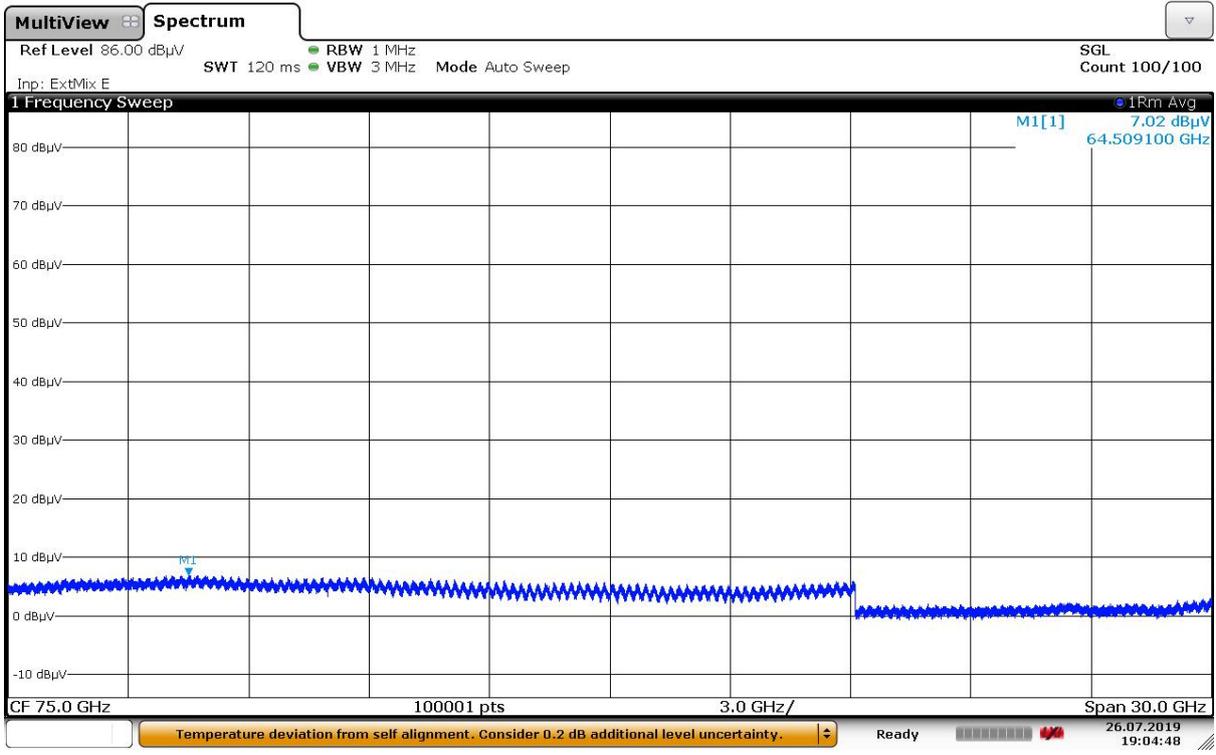
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 8cc / Low / 135°



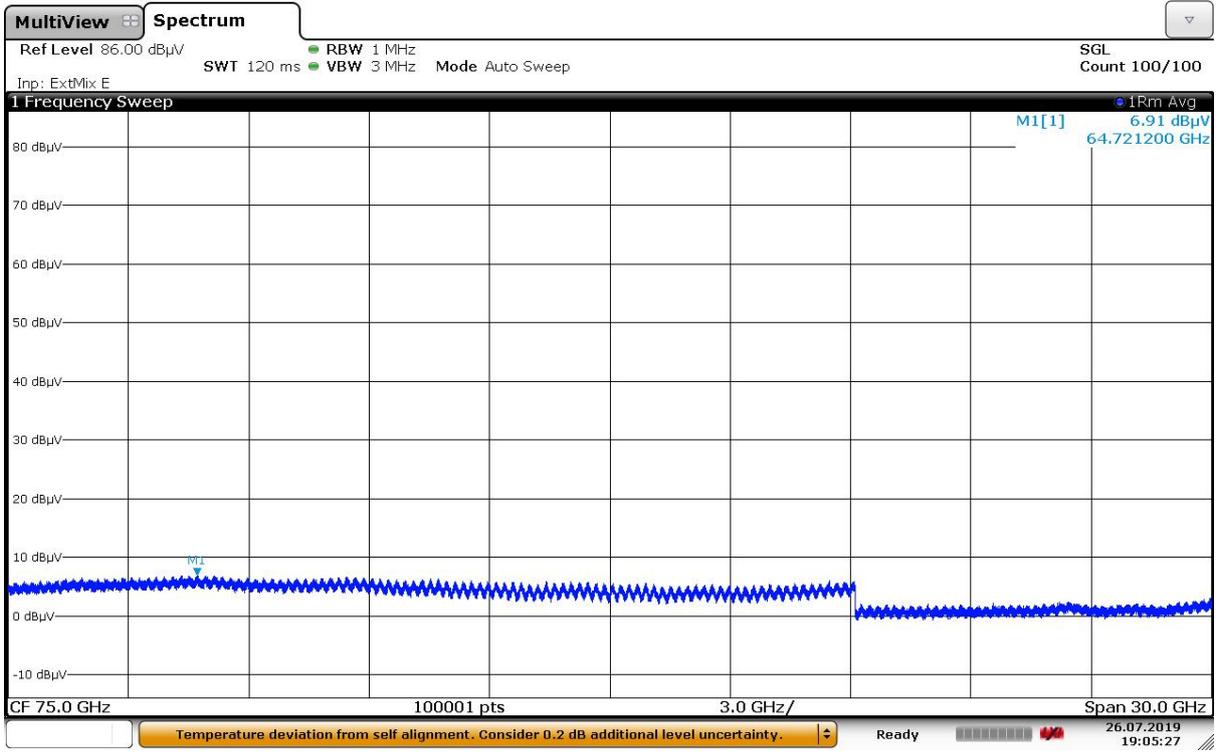
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 8cc / Middle / 45°



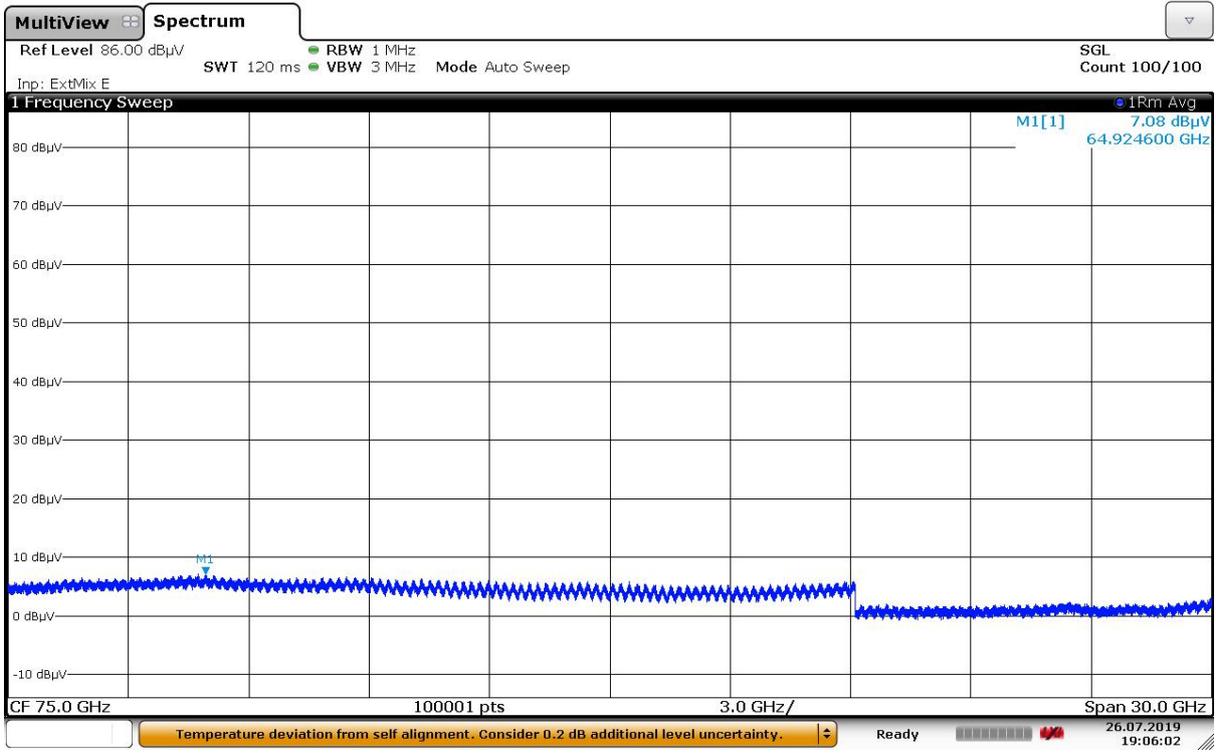
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 8cc / Middle / 135°



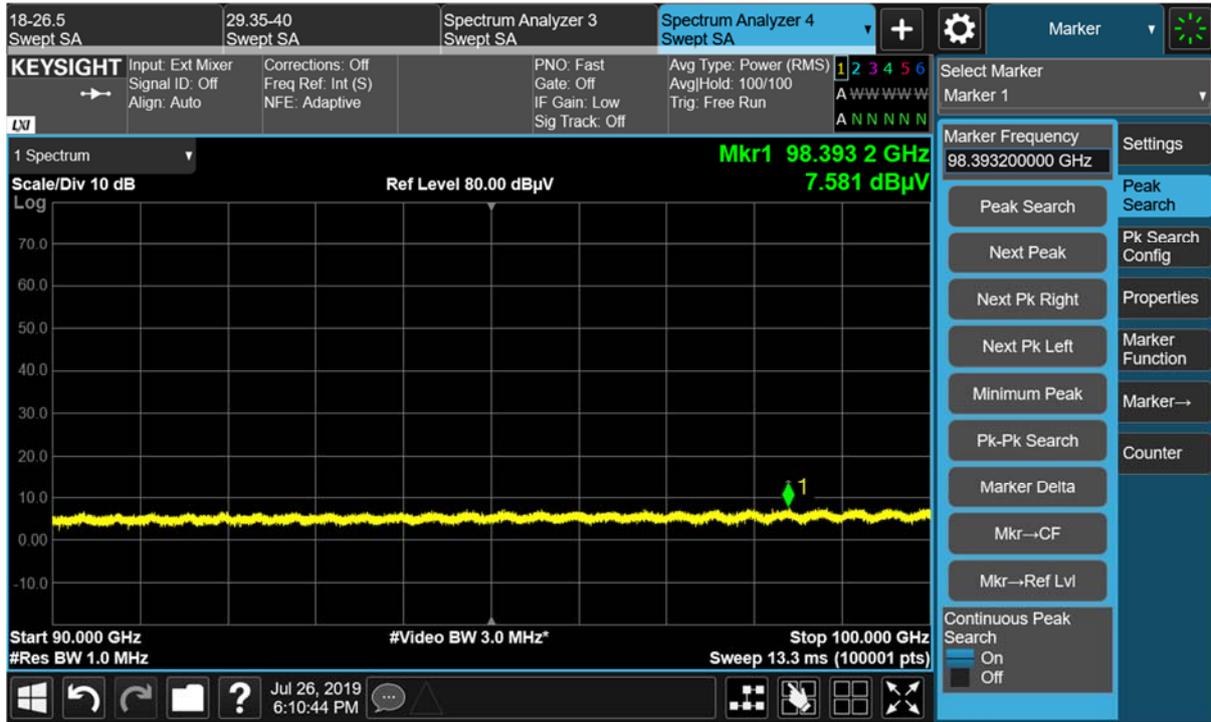
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 8cc / High / 45°



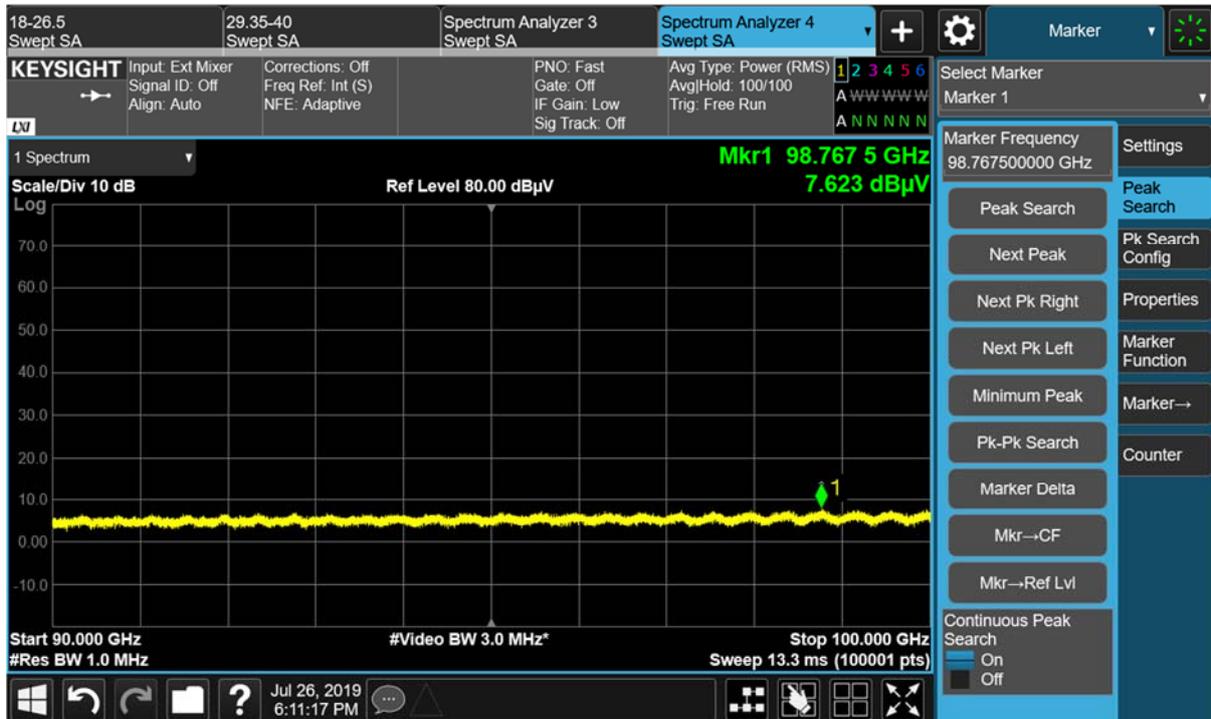
### 60 GHz ~ 90 GHz / 8cc / High / 135°



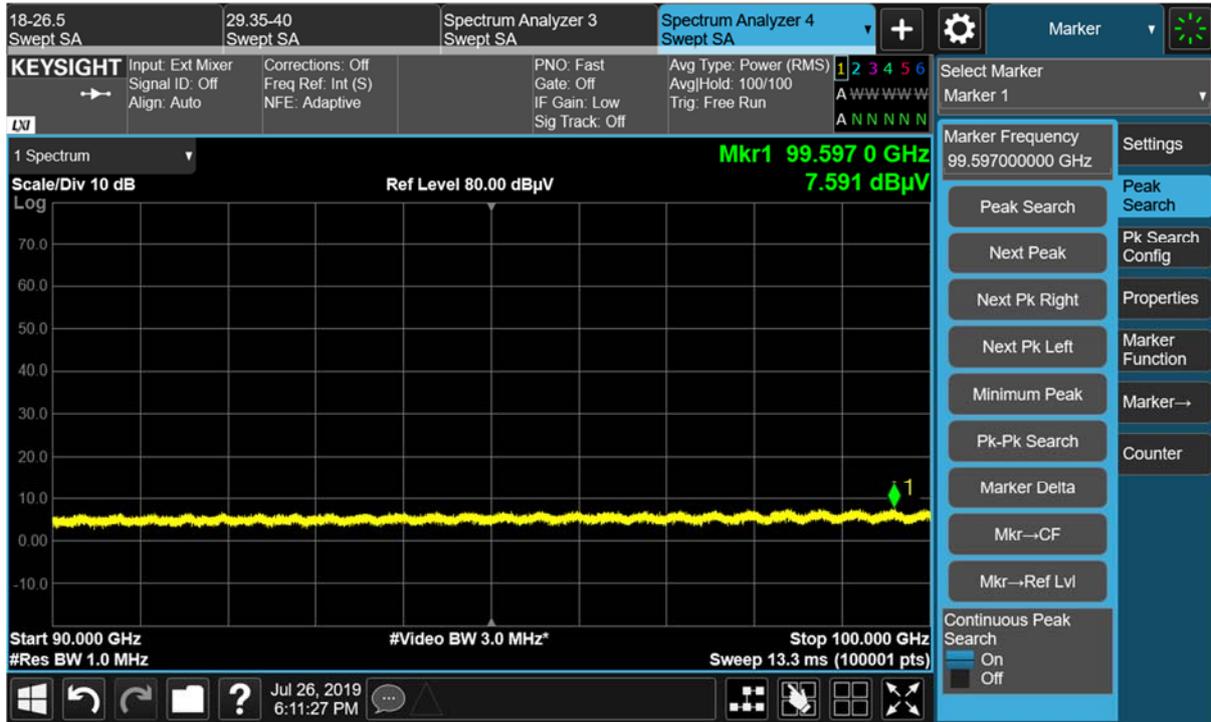
90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 1cc / Low / 45°



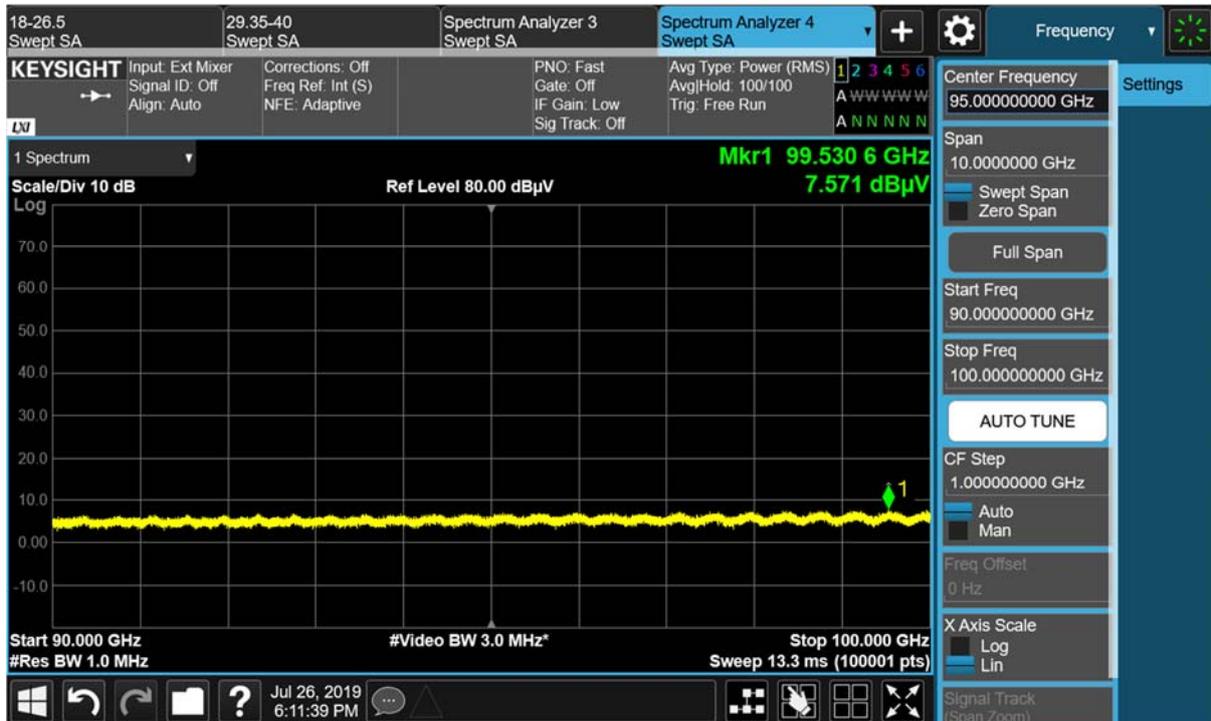
90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 1cc / Low / 135°



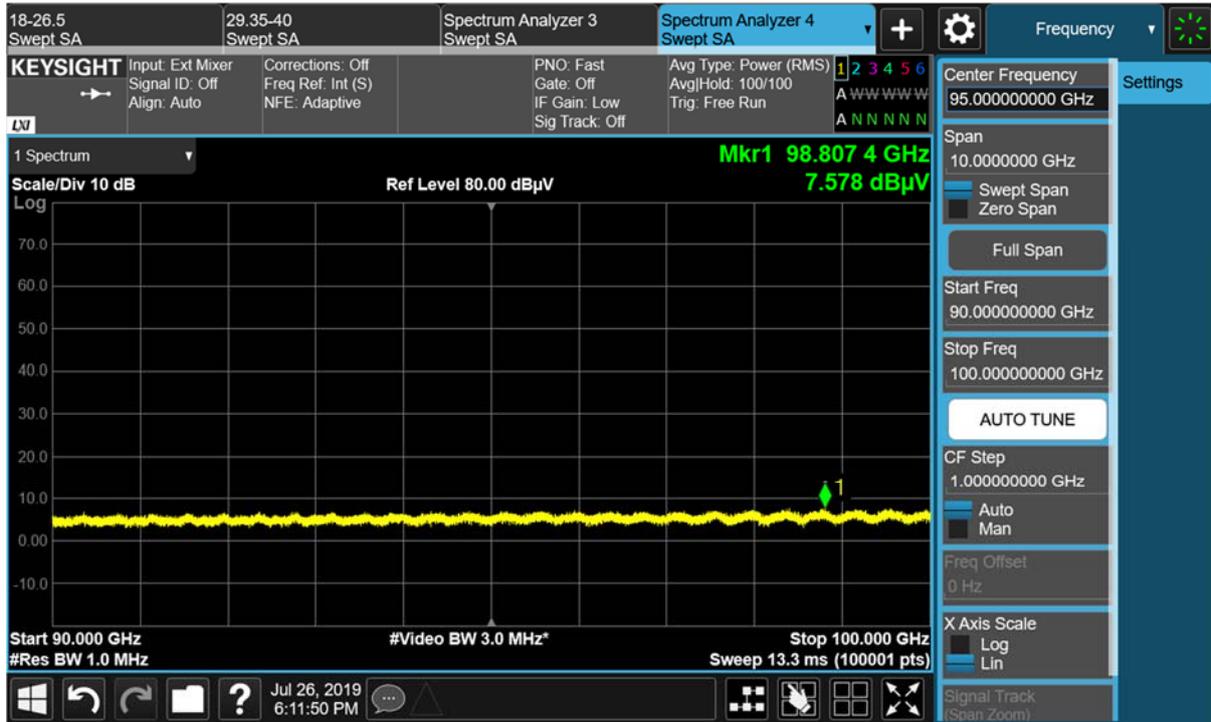
90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 1cc / Middle / 45°



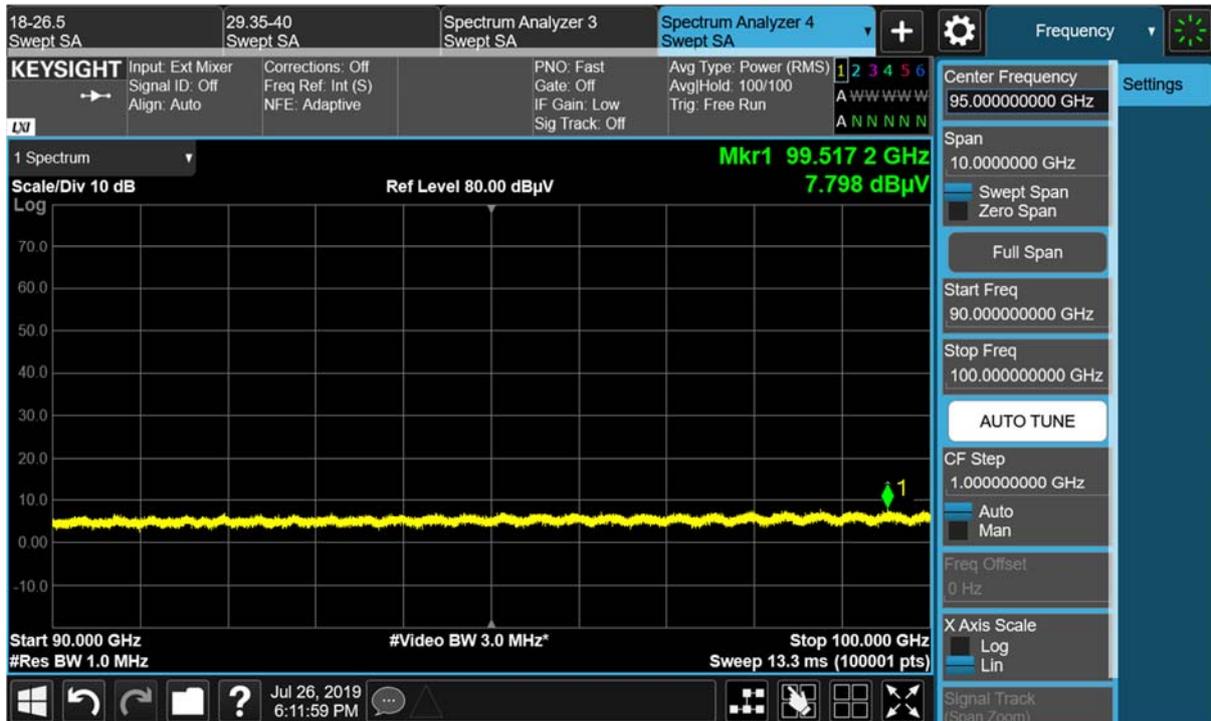
90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 1cc / Middle / 135°



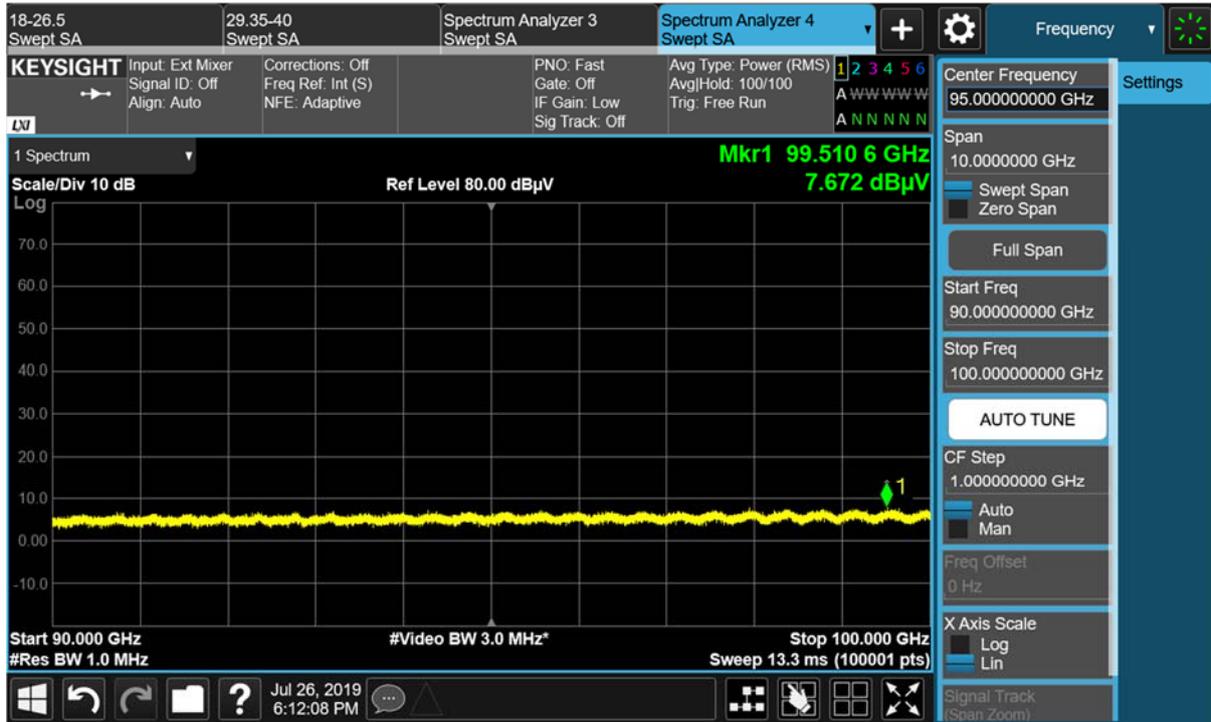
## 90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 1cc / High / 45°



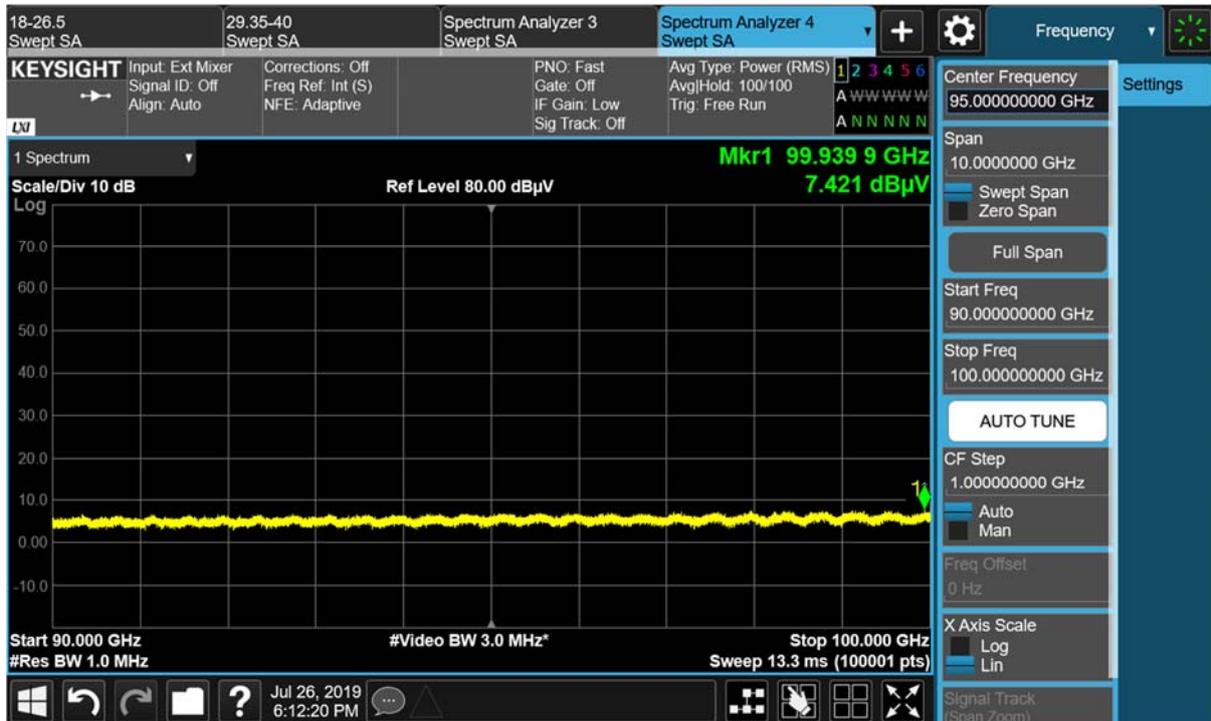
## 90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 1cc / High / 135°



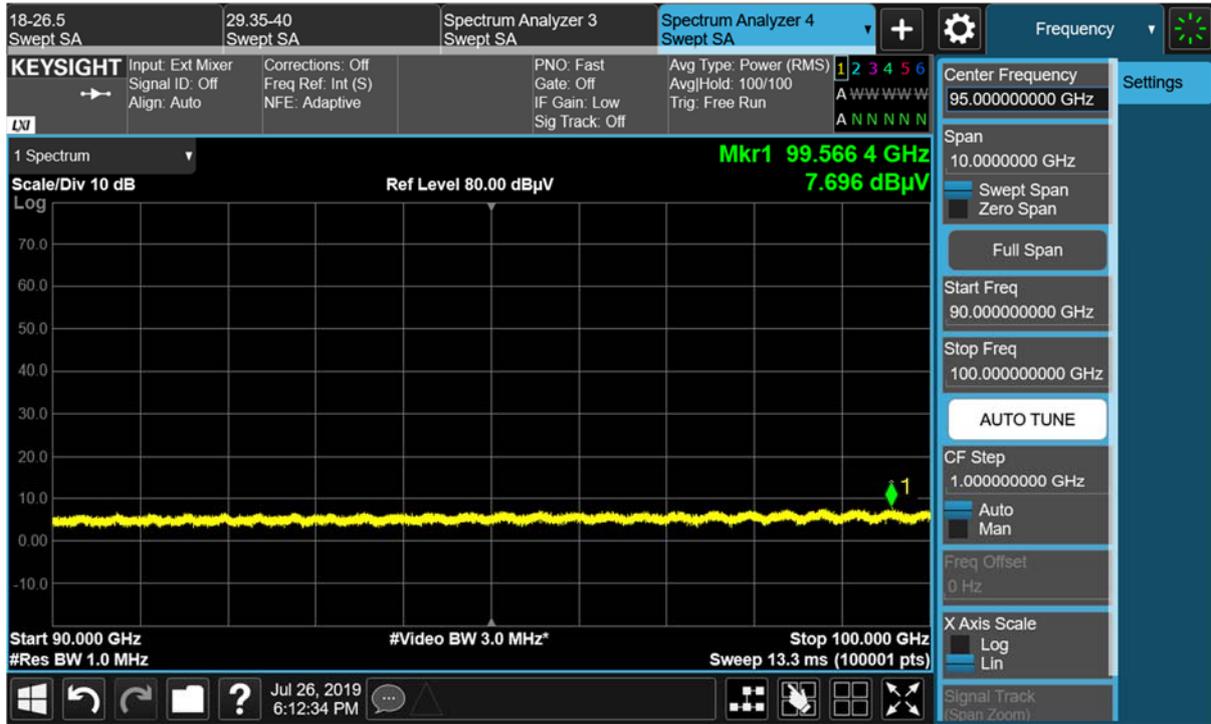
90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 8cc / Low / 45°



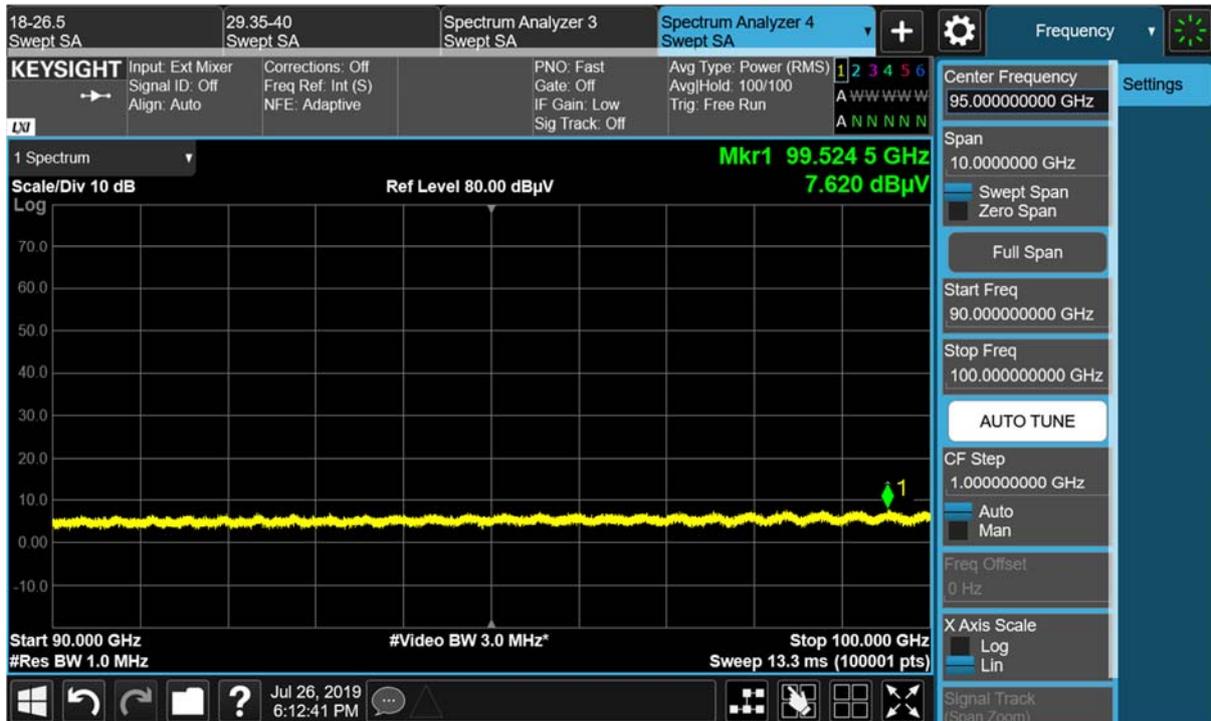
90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 8cc / Low / 135°



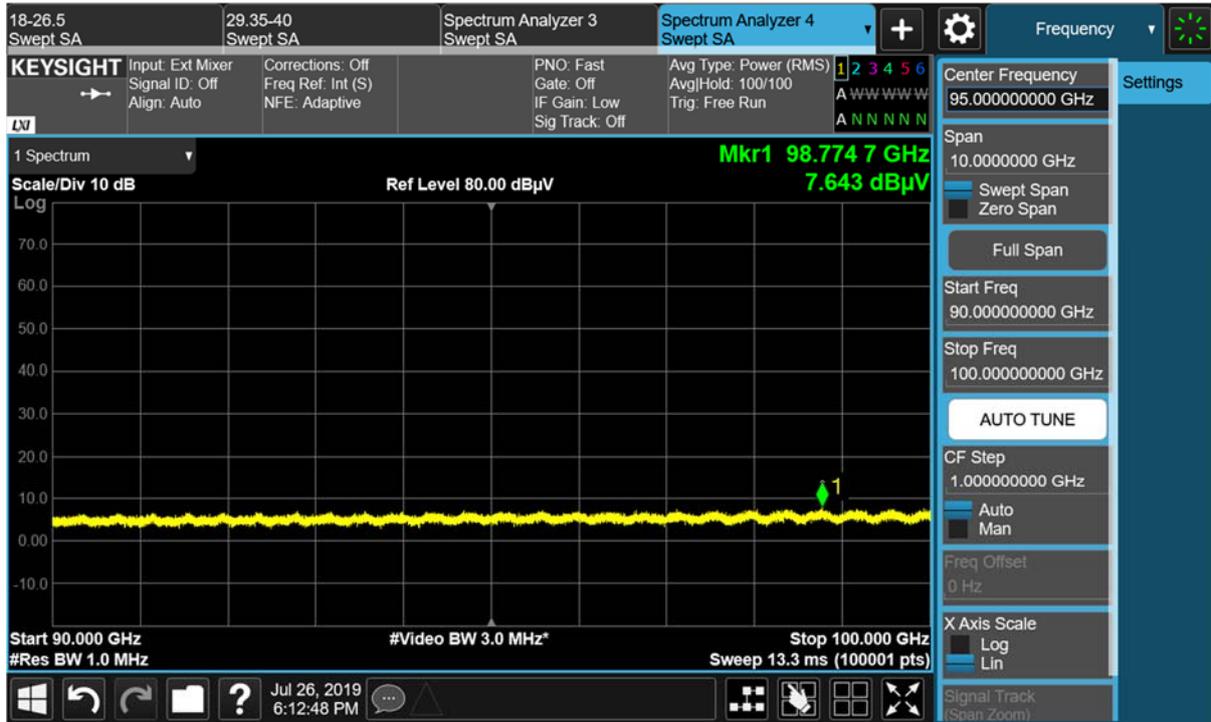
90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 8cc / Middle / 45°



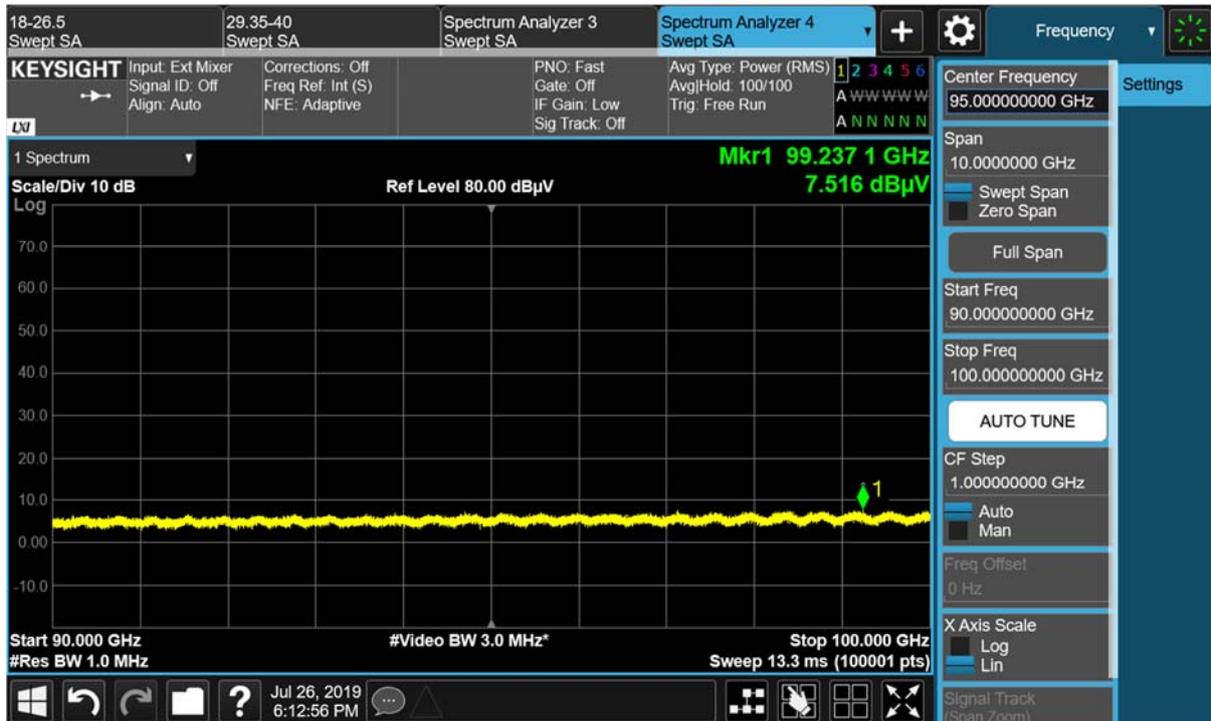
90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 8cc / Middle / 135°



90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 8cc / High / 45°



90 GHz ~ 100 GHz / 8cc / High / 135°



## 5.6. FREQUENCY STABILITY

### FCC Rules

#### Test Requirements:

##### § 2.1055 Measurements required: Frequency stability.

(a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:

- (1) From  $-30^{\circ}$  to  $+50^{\circ}$  centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.

#### Test Procedures:

The measurement is performed in accordance with Section 5.6.4 and 5.6.5 of ANSI C63.26.

##### 5.6.4 Frequency stability over variations in temperature

- a) Supply the EUT with a nominal 60 Hz ac voltage, dc voltage, or install a new or fully charged battery in the EUT.
- b) If possible a dummy load should be connected to the EUT because an antenna near the metallic walls of an environmental test chamber could affect the output frequency of the EUT. If the EUT is equipped with a permanently attached, adjustable-length antenna, the EUT should be placed in the center of the chamber with the antenna adjusted to the shortest length possible.
- c) Turn on the EUT, and tune it to the center frequency of the operating band.
- d) Couple the transmitter output to the measuring instrument through a suitable attenuator and coaxial cable. If connection to the EUT output is not possible, make the measurement by connecting an antenna to the measuring instrument with a suitable length of coaxial cable and placing the measuring antenna near the EUT (e.g., 15 cm away).

*NOTE—An instrument that has an adequate level of accuracy as specified by the procuring or regulatory authority is the recommended measuring instrument.*
- e) Adjust the location of the measurement antenna and the controls on the measurement instrument to obtain a suitable signal level (i.e., a level that will not overload the measurement instrument, but is strong enough to allow measurement of the operating or fundamental frequency of the EUT). Adjust the detector bandwidth and span settings to achieve a resolution capable of accurate frequency measurements over the applicable frequency stability limits.
- f) Turn the EUT off, and place it inside the environmental temperature chamber. For devices that have oscillator heaters, energize only the heater circuit.
- g) Set the temperature control on the chamber to the highest temperature specified in the regulatory requirements for the type of device, and allow the oscillator heater and the chamber temperature to stabilize. Unless otherwise instructed by the regulatory authority, this temperature should be  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- h) While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn on the EUT and allow sufficient time for the EUT temperature to stabilize.
- i) Measure the frequency.
- j) Switch off the EUT, but do not switch off the oscillator heater.
- k) Lower the chamber temperature to the next level that is required by the standard and allow the temperature inside the chamber to stabilize. Unless otherwise instructed by the regulators, this temperature step should be  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

l) Repeat step h) through step k) down to the lowest specified temperature. Unless otherwise instructed by the regulators, this temperature should be  $-30\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . When the frequency stability limit is stated as being sufficient such that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation, a reference point shall be established at the applicable unwanted emissions limit using a RBW equal to the RBW required by the unwanted emissions specification of the applicable regulatory standard. These reference points measured using the lowest and highest channel of operation shall be identified as  $f_L$  and  $f_H$  respectively. The worst-case frequency offset determined in the above methods shall be added or subtracted from the values of  $f_L$  and  $f_H$  and the resulting frequencies must remain within the band.

m) Omitted

#### 5.6.5 Frequency stability when varying supply voltage

- a) Couple the transmitter output to the measuring instrument through a suitable attenuator and coaxial cable. If connection to the EUT output is not possible make the measurement by connecting an antenna to the measuring instrument with a suitable length of coaxial cable and placing the measuring antenna near the EUT (e.g., 15 cm away)
- b) Supply the EUT with nominal ac or dc voltage. The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided. Effects on frequency of transmitter keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling at the nominal supply voltage and at each extreme also shall be shown.
- c) Turn on the EUT, and couple its output to a frequency counter or other frequency-measuring instrument.
- d) Tune the EUT to the center frequency of the operating band. Adjust the location of the measurement antenna and the controls on the measurement instrument to obtain a suitable signal level (i.e., a level that will not overload the measurement instrument, but is strong enough to allow measurement of the operating or fundamental frequency of the EUT). Adjust the detector bandwidth and span settings to achieve a resolution capable of accurate frequency measurements over the applicable frequency stability limits.

*NOTE—An instrument that has an adequate level of accuracy as specified by the procuring or regulatory authority is the recommended measuring instrument.*

- e) Measure the frequency.
- f) Unless otherwise specified, vary primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
- g) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce the primary ac or dc supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
- h) Repeat the frequency measurement.

*NOTE—For band-edge compliance, it can be required to make these measurements at the low and high channel of the operating band.*

#### Note:

- 1) The results of the frequency stability test shown above the frequency deviation measured values are very small and similar trend for each path, so we are attached only the worst case data.
- 2) Test signal is CW signal for frequency stability.

**Test Results:**

Reference: Voltage = DC -48 V at 20°C, Frequency = 27 925.0 MHz

Voltage (%)	Temp.(°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (Hz)	ppm
100%	+20(Ref)	27925.02405	0	0
	-30	27925.0239	-146.7000002	-0.005253353
	-20	27925.0239	-154.5999985	-0.005536254
	-10	27925.02385	-204.1999978	-0.007312439
	0	27925.02386	-188.1999997	-0.006739476
	10	27925.02385	-196.2999995	-0.007029538
	30	27925.02382	-234.6000001	-0.008401068
	40	27925.02382	-228.6999988	-0.008189788
	50	27925.0238	-253.8000008	-0.009088624
115%	20	27925.02405	208.1000021	-0.000164727
85%	20	27925.02402	-0.299998646	-0.001131602

## 6. Annex A\_Test Equipment CERTIFIED DOCUMENTS

Please refer to test equipment certified documents.

## 7. Annex B\_EUT AND TEST SETUP PHOTO

Please refer to test setup photo file no. as follows;

No.	Description
1	HCT-RF-1907-FC011-P