

# **TEST REPORT**

## Report Number: 16081175HKG-001

Application for Original Grant of 47 CFR Part 15 Certification RSS-247 Issue 1 Equipment Certification

7" Tablet

# FCC ID: A2HRCT6873W

# IC: 9903A-RCT6873W

This report contains the data of WLAN (WiFi) and Bluetooth portion

Prepared and Checked by:

Approved by:

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# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

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	China
FCC Specification Standard:	FCC Part 15, 2015 Edition
IC Specification Standard:	RSS-247 Issue 1, May 2015
	RSS-Gen Issue 4, November 2014
FCC ID:	A2HRCT6873W
IC:	9903A-RCT6873W
Brand Name:	VENTURER / RCA
FCC Model(s):	CT9873W42S, CT9873W42SKC,
	CT9973W43S, CT9973W43S6, RCT6873W42,
	RCT6873W42KC, RCT6973W43
For IC HVIN:	CT9873W42S, CT9873W42SKC,
	CT9973W43S, CT9973W43S6, RCT6873W42,
	RCT6873W42KC, RCT6973W43
For IC PMN:	CT9873W42S, CT9873W42SKC,
	CT9973W43S, CT9973W43S6, RCT6873W42,
	RCT6873W42KC, RCT6973W43
Type of EUT:	Digital Transmission System Transmitter
Description of EUT:	7" Tablet
Serial Number:	N/A
Sample Receipt Date:	August 19, 2016
Date of Test:	August 19, 2016 to September 29, 2016
Report Date:	November 28, 2016
Environmental Conditions:	Temperature: +10 to 40°C
	Humidity: 10 to 90%

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## EXHIBIT 1 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

#### 1.0 Test Results Summary & Statement of Compliance

#### 1.1 Summary of Test Results

Test Items	FCC Part 15 Section	RSS-247/ RSS-Gen# Section	Results	Details see section
Antenna Requirement	15.203	8.3#	Pass	2.1
Max. Conducted Output Power (peak)	15.247(b)(3)&(4)	5.4(4)	Pass	4.1
Min. 6dB RF Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	5.2(1)	Pass	4.2
Max. Power Density	15.247(e)	5.2(2)	Pass	4.3
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(d)	5.5	Pass	4.4
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	15.247(d), 15.209 & 15.109	8.9#,8.10#	Pass	4.6
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207 & 15.107	8.8#	Pass	4.7

Note: Pursuant to FCC Part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

#### 1.2 Statement of Compliance

The equipment under test is found to be complying with the following standard:

FCC Part 15, 2015 Edition RSS-247 Issue 1, May 2015 RSS-Gen Issue 4, November 2014

## EXHIBIT 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 2.0 General Description

#### 2.1 Product Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a Tablet, equipped with camera, headphone, WiFi, Bluetooth (4.0 BLE only), SD and USB Interface. The EUT is powered by an external AC/DC adaptor (5VDC output) or/and internal 3.7VDC rechargeable battery. The adaptor accepts 100-240VAC.

The Model: CT9873W42SKC, CT9973W43S, CT9973W43S6, RCT6873W42, RCT6873W42KC and RCT6973W43 are the same as the Model: CT9873W42S in hardware aspect. The difference in model number and brand name serves as marketing strategy.

#### For the WLAN (WiFi) module:

For 802.11b mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via direct-sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 11Mbps. For 802.11g mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 54Mbps. For 802.11n (HT20 with 20MHz bandwidth) mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation. Maximum bit rate can be up to 54Mbps. For 802.11n (HT20 with 20MHz bandwidth) mode, it operates at frequency range of 2412.000MHz to 2462.000MHz with 11 channels. It transmits via Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulation (mcs0 to mcs7). Maximum bit rate can support up to 65Mbps.

#### For Bluetooth module:

For Bluetooth 4.0 BLE mode, it occupies a frequency range from 2402MHz to 2480MHz (40 channels with channel spacing of 2MHz). It transmits via GFSK modulation.

The antenna(s) used in the EUT is internal, integral.

The circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf.

#### 2.2 Test Methodology

Both AC power line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Preliminary radiated scans and all radiated measurements were performed in radiated emission test sites. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application. Antenna port conducted measurements were performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013) and KDB Publication No.558074 D01 v03r05 (08-April-2016). All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in 47 CFR Part 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 4 (2014).

#### 2.3 Test Facility

The radiated emission test site, AC conducted emission test site and antenna port conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data and conductive data are at Workshop No. 3, G/F., World-Wide Industrial Centre, 43-47 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Sha Tin, N.T., Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC and the Industry Canada.

#### 2.4 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transceiver.

The Declaration of the Conformity procedure of PC Connectivity for this transceiver (with FCC ID: A2HRCT6873W) is being processed as the same time of this application.

## EXHIBIT 3 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 3.0 System Test Configuration

#### 3.1 Justification

For radiated emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was setup to transmit / receive continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, all cables (if any) were manipulated to produce worst case emissions.

The EUT was powered by 120VAC.

Six types of AC/DC adaptors were supplied by the applicant. Model: GT-WLDU05000100-302, Brand: GST (worse case) (Input: 100V-240VAC 50-60Hz, Output: 5VDC 1000mA) Model: GT-WCA1L05000100-303, Brand: GST (Input: 100V-120VAC 50/60Hz, Output: 5VDC 1000mA) Model: LPL-C005050100ZW, Brand: DOKOCOM (Input: 100V-240VAC 50/60Hz, Output: 5VDC 1000mA) Model: LPL-B008050150ZW, Brand: DOKOCOM (Input: 100V-240VAC 50/60Hz, Output: 5VDC 1500mA) Model: ZL-U05W0501000, Brand: UPRITE (Input: 100V-240VAC 50/60Hz, Output: 5VDC 1000mA) Model: HA-01A050100U01, Brand: HONGGUANGDE (Input: 100V-240VAC 50/60Hz, Output: 5VDC 1000mA) All adaptors were tested and only worse case data is shown in this report.

For the measurements, the EUT was attached to a plastic stand if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately 0.8m in height above the ground plane for emission measurement at or below 1GHz and 1.5m in height above the ground plane for emission measurement above 1GHz. If the EUT attached to peripherals, they were connected and operational (as typical as possible).

The rear of EUT shall be flushed with the rear of the table.

The signal was maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization were varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions were taken at three meters unless the signal level was too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier was used and/or the test was conducted at a closer distance.

For any intentional radiator powered by AC power line, measurements of the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

Radiated emission measurement for transmitter were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Justification – Cont'd

Emission that are directly caused by digital circuits in the transmit path and transmitter portion were measured, and the limit are according to FCC Part 15 Section 15.209/ RSS-247 2.5. Digital circuitries used to control additional functions other than the operation of the transmitter are subject to FCC Part 15 Section 15.109/ RSS-247 Section 5.5 Limits.

Detector function for radiated emissions was in peak mode. Average readings, when required, were taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in section 4.2.3.

Determination of pulse desensitization was made according to *Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, Spectrum Analysis... Pulsed RF.* The effective period (Teff) was referred to Exhibit 4.6.3. With the resolution bandwidth 1MHz and spectrum analyzer IF bandwidth 3dB, the pulse desensitization factor was 0dB.

The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m(W)x1.5m(L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT power cord connected to one LISN (Line impedance stabilization network), which provided 50ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument. Meanwhile, the peripheral or support equipment power cords connected to a separate LISN. The ac powers for all LISNs were obtained from the same power source. The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, and vertical ground plane were bounded together. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. Power cords of non-EUT equipment (peripherals) were not bundled. AC power cords of peripheral equipments draped over the rear edge of the table, and routed them down onto the floor of the ac power line conducted emission test site to the second LISN.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were manipulated to find the maximum emission.

All configuration mode (with and without PC connectivity during transceiver test) and setting of data rate for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) of WiFi and Bluetooth 4.0 BLE mode had been considered, and worst case test data are shown on this test report.

For simultaneous transmission, both WiFi and Bluetooth portions are also switched on when taking radiated emission for determining worst-case spurious emission.

#### 3.2 EUT Exercising Software

The EUT exercise program (if any) used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.

#### 3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories

Details of EUT:

1 The EUT is powered by 120VAC

Description of Accessories:

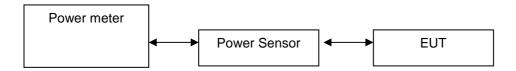
- 1. Headphone of 1.2m long cable
- 2. 4GB Micro SD Card
- 3. LAN cable of 2m long (with termination)
- 4. Notebook Computer
- 5. USB cable of 1m long (Provided by Intertek)
- 6. AC/DC Adaptor Model: GT-WLDU05000100-302, Brand: GST (worse case) (Input: 100-240VAC 50/60Hz; Output: 5VDC 1000mA) (Provided by Applicant)
- 3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test at a level of confidence of 95% has been considered. The values of the Measurement uncertainty for radiated emission test and RF conducted measurement test are  $\pm$  5.3dB and  $\pm$ 0.99dB respectively. The value of the Measurement uncertainty for conducted emission test is  $\pm$ 4.2dB.

Uncertainty and Compliance - Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value.

# EXHIBIT 4 TEST RESULTS

#### 4.0 Test Results



4.1 Maximum Conducted (peak) Output Power at Antenna Terminals

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter.

- The antenna power of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter. Power was read directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to the obtain power at the EUT antenna terminals. The measurement procedure 9.1.2 was used.
- The EUT should be configured to transmit continuously (at a minimum duty cycle of 98%) at full power over the measurement duration. The measurement procedure AVG1 was used.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi		
Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	18.68	73.79
Middle Channel: 2437	19.68	92.90
High Channel: 2462	18.62	72.78

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi		
Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	23.92	246.60
Middle Channel: 2437	23.98	250.03
High Channel: 2462	23.48	222.84

IEEE 802.11n (HT20, MCS0) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi		
Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2412	24.48	280.54
Middle Channel: 2437	24.28	267.92
High Channel: 2462	23.86	243.22

## 4.1 Maximum Conducted (Peak) output Power at Antenna Terminals – Cont'd

Bluetooth 4.0 BLE Antenna Gain = 0 dBi		
Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2402	4.56	2.86
Middle Channel: 2442	4.28	2.68
High Channel: 2480	3.84	2.42

4.1 Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals - Cont'd

Cable loss : 0.5 dB External Attenuation : 0 dB

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>19.68</u> dBm

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps) max. conducted (peak) output level = <u>23.98</u> dBm

IEEE 802.11n (HT20, mcs0) max. conducted (peak) output level = 24.48 dBm

Bluetooth 4.0 BLE max. conducted (peak) output level = 4.56 dBm

Limits:

 $\boxtimes$  1W (30dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

W (\_\_\_dBm) for antennas with gains more than 6dBi

#### 4.2 Minimum 6dB RF Bandwidth

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The EBW measurement procedure was used. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 6dB lower than PEAK level. The 6dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)		
Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	
Low Channel: 2412	10240	
Middle Channel: 2437	10260	
High Channel: 2462	10220	

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	
Frequency (MHz)     6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	
Low Channel: 2412	16640
Middle Channel: 2437	16440
High Channel: 2462	16480

IEEE 802.11n (HT20, MCS0)	
Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)
Low Channel: 2412	17760
Middle Channel: 2437	17720
High Channel: 2462	17760

Limits:

6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

#### 4.2 Minimum 6dB RF Bandwidth – cont'd

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The EBW measurement procedure was used. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 6dB lower than PEAK level. The 6dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

Bluetooth 4.0 BLE		
Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	
Low Channel: 2402	700	
Middle Channel: 2442	700	
High Channel: 2480	700	

Limits

6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500kHz

The plots of 6dB RF bandwidth and occupied bandwidth are saved as below.

802.11b, Lowest Channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 09:46:40



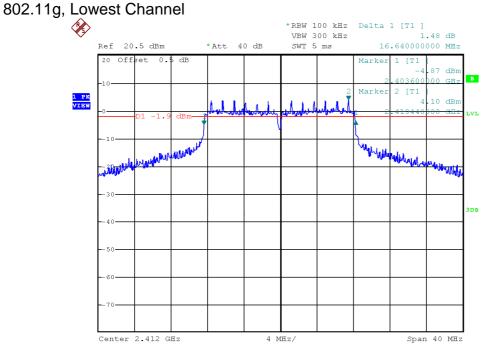
#### 802.11b, Middle Channel

Date: 27.SEP.2016 09:48:35

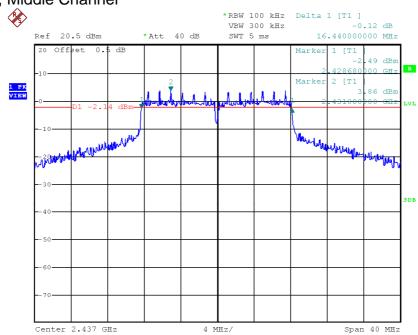
802.11b, Highest Channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 09:55:33



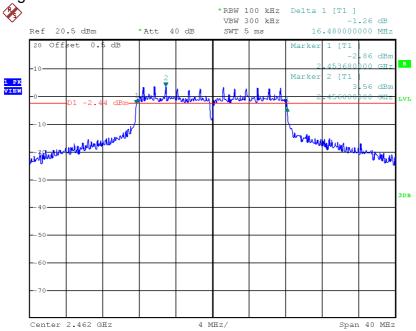
Date: 27.SEP.2016 09:58:31



#### 802.11g, Middle Channel

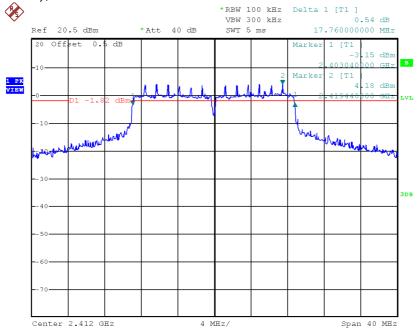
Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:00:24

802.11g, Highest Channel

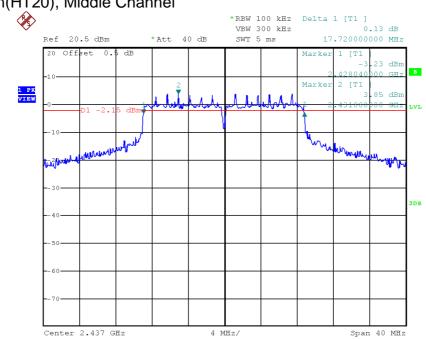


Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:01:54

802.11n(HT20), Lowest Channel

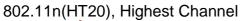


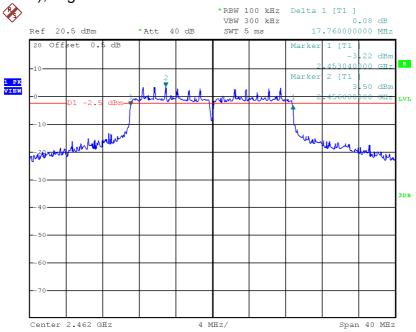
Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:03:31



# 802.11n(HT20), Middle Channel

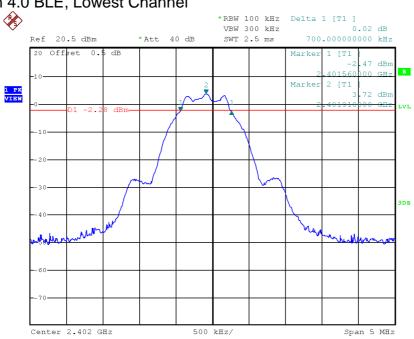
Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:06:05



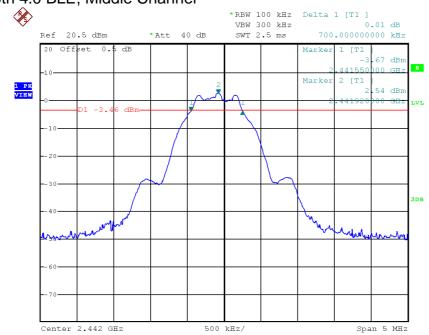


Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:07:49

Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Lowest Channel



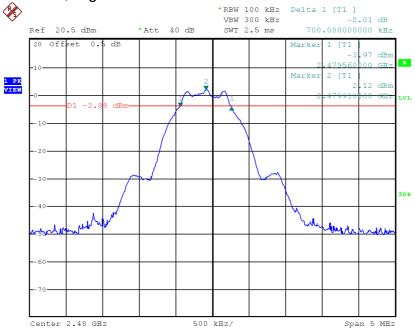
Date: 27.SEP.2016 09:25:39



## Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Middle Channel

Date: 27.SEP.2016 09:20:52

Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Highest Channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 09:22:23

#### 4.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density

Antenna output of the EUT was coupled directly to spectrum analyzer. The measurement procedure 10.2 PKPSD-1 was used. If an external attenuator and/or cable was used, these losses are compensated for using the OFFSET function of the analyser.

IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	
Frequency (MHz)PSD in 100kHz (dBm)	
Low Channel: 2412	5.86
Middle Channel: 2437	5.64
High Channel: 2462	5.06

IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)		
Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)	
Low Channel: 2412	3.98	
Middle Channel: 2437	3.76	
High Channel: 2462	3.40	

IEEE 802.11n (HT20, MCS0)	
Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2412	4.16
Middle Channel: 2437	3.74
High Channel: 2462	3.54

Cable Loss: 0.5 dB

Limit: 8dBm

#### 4.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density - cont'd

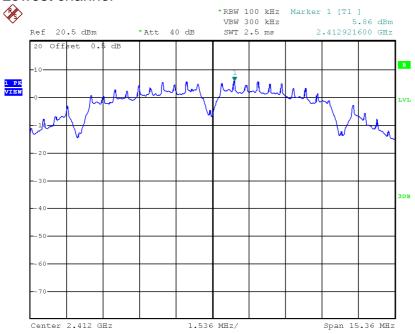
Bluetooth 4.0 BLE	
Frequency (MHz)	PSD in 100kHz (dBm)
Low Channel: 2402	3.34
Middle Channel: 2442	2.25
High Channel: 2480	2.12

Cable Loss: 0.5 dB

Limit: 8dBm

The plots of power spectral density are as below.

802.11b, Lowest channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:10:35



#### 802.11b, Middle channel

Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:12:03

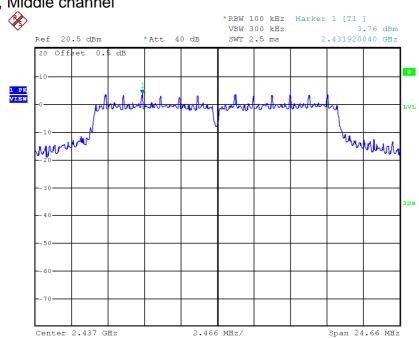
802.11b, Highest channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:13:03

802.11g, Lowest channel × \*RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1 ] 3.98 dBm VBW 300 kHz Ref 20.5 dBm \*Att 40 dB SWT 2.5 ms 2.419438080 GHz 20 Offset 0. dB в 1 PK VIEW mound "h Man зрв Center 2.412 GHz 2.496 MHz/ Span 24.96 MHz

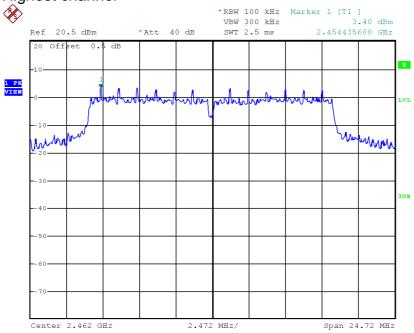
Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:14:37



#### 802.11g, Middle channel

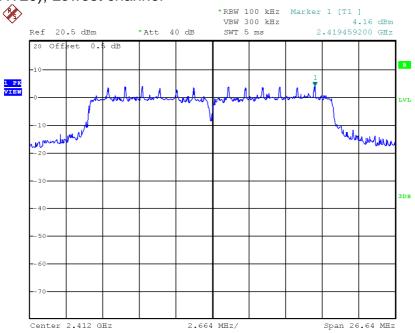
Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:16:12

802.11g, Highest channel

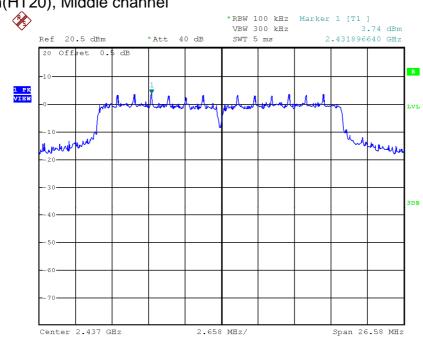


Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:17:23

802.11n(HT20), Lowest channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:18:50



## 802.11n(HT20), Middle channel

Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:21:24

# Plots of power spectral density 802.11n(HT20), Highest channel

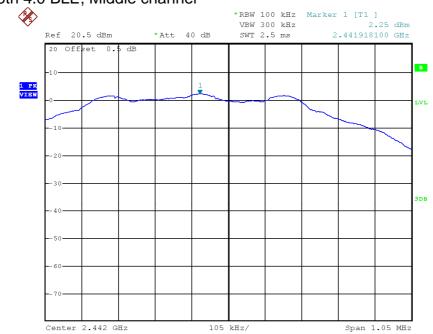


Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:20:00

Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Lowest channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:26:53



#### Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Middle channel

Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:27:28

# Plots of power spectral density Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Highest channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:28:59

#### 4.4 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

For 802.11b/g/n (HT20) and Bluetooth 4.0 BLE:

The maximum conducted (peak) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1. Then the display line (in red) shown in the following plots denotes the limit at 20dB below maximum measured in-band peak PSD level in 100 KHz bandwidth.

The measurement procedures under sections 11 of KDB558074 D01 v03r05 (08-April-2016) were used.

Furthermore, delta measurement technique for measuring bandedge emissions was incorporated in the test of the edge at 2483.5MHz.

Limits:

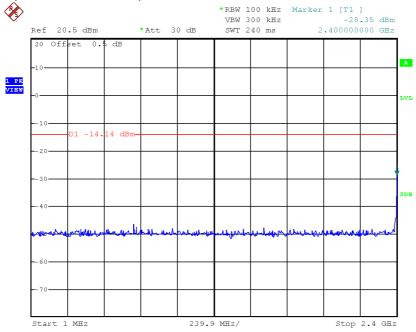
For 802.11 b/g/n (HT20) and Bluetooth 4.0 BLE:

All spurious emission and up to the tenth harmonic was measured and they were found to be at least 20 dB below the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.

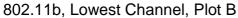
The plots of out of band conducted emissions are as below.

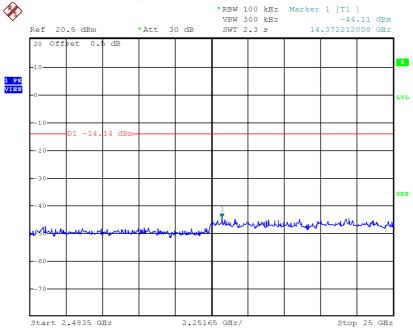
## Plots of out of band conducted emissions

802.11b, Lowest Channel, Plot A

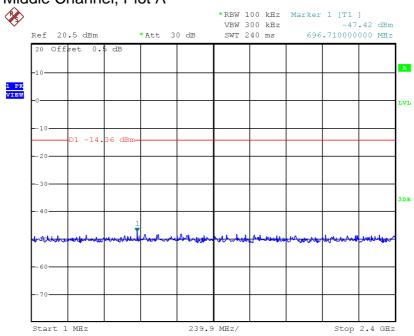


Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:54:26



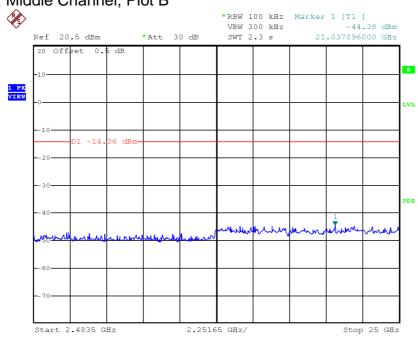


Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:55:03



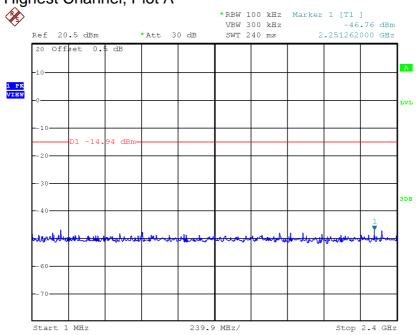
802.11b, Middle Channel, Plot A

Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:56:17



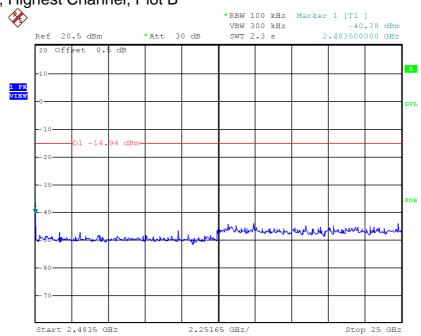
#### 802.11b, Middle Channel, Plot B

Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:56:48



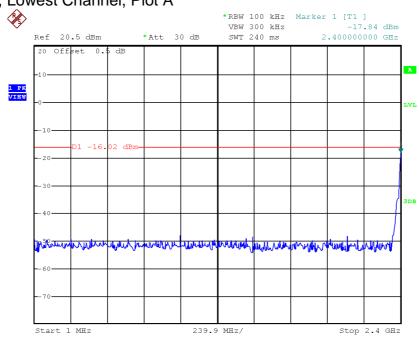
802.11b, Highest Channel, Plot A

Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:57:44



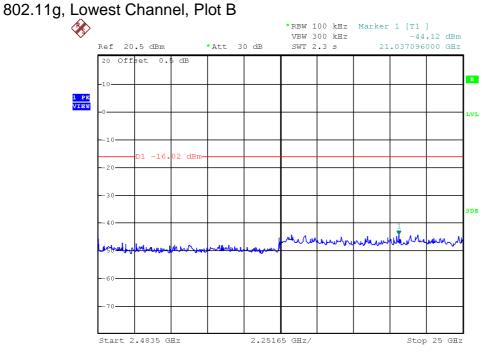
#### 802.11b, Highest Channel, Plot B

Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:58:45

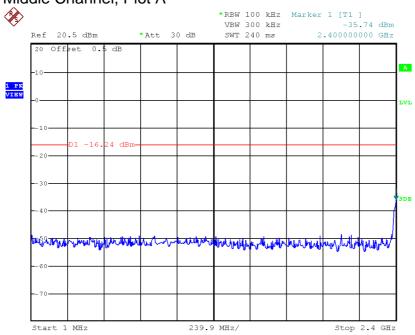


802.11g, Lowest Channel, Plot A

Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:03:24

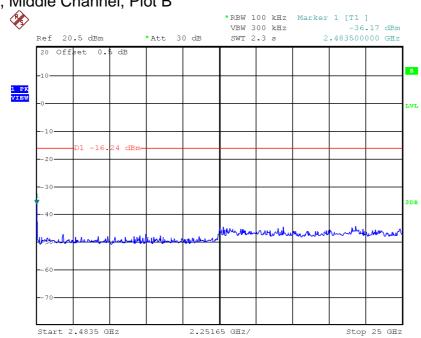


Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:04:04



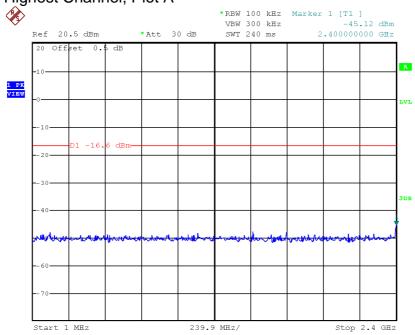
802.11g, Middle Channel, Plot A

Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:05:24



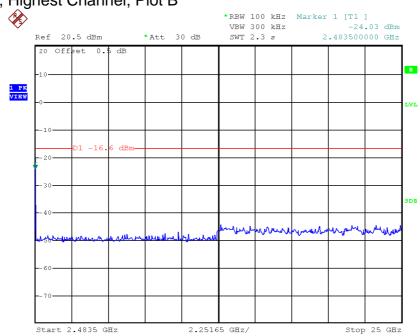
# 802.11g, Middle Channel, Plot B

Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:06:04



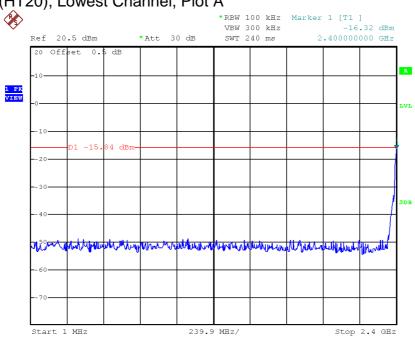
802.11g, Highest Channel, Plot A

Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:07:00



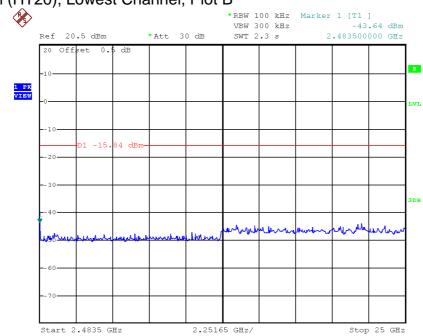
# 802.11g, Highest Channel, Plot B

Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:07:33



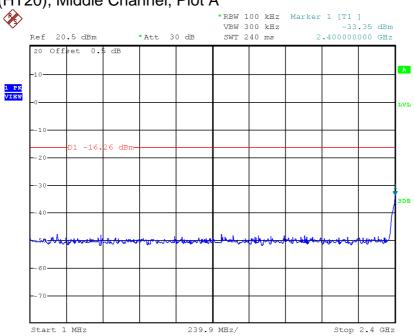
802.11n (HT20), Lowest Channel, Plot A

Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:09:02



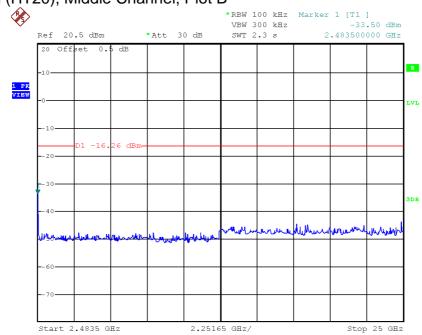
# 802.11n (HT20), Lowest Channel, Plot B

Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:09:49



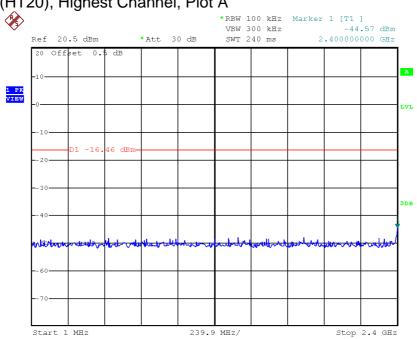
802.11n (HT20), Middle Channel, Plot A

Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:10:51



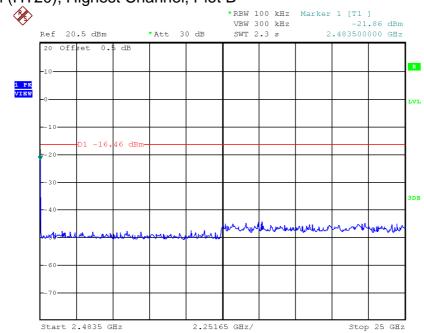
# 802.11n (HT20), Middle Channel, Plot B

Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:11:20



802.11n (HT20), Highest Channel, Plot A

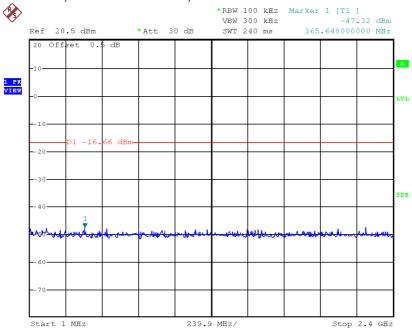
Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:12:07



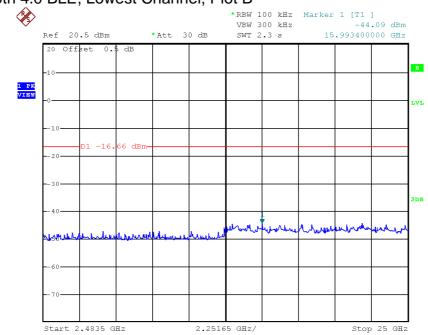
# 802.11n (HT20), Highest Channel, Plot B

Date: 28.SEP.2016 06:12:37

Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Lowest Channel, Plot A



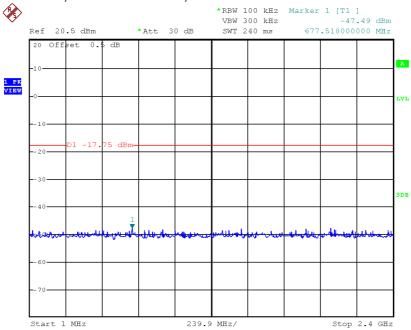
Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:46:13



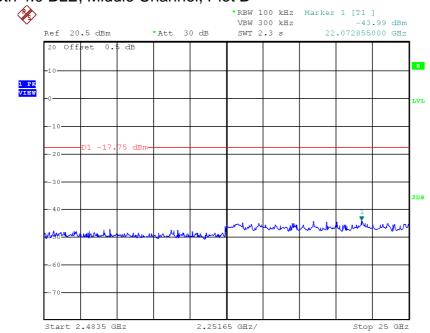
# Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Lowest Channel, Plot B

Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:48:42

Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Middle Channel, Plot A



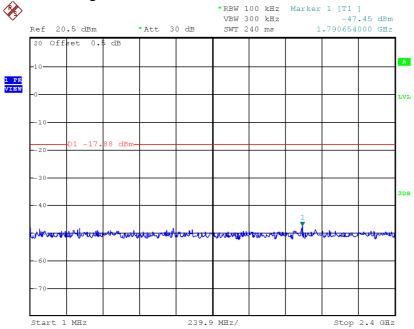
Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:50:13



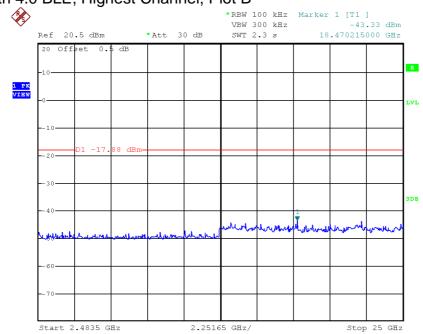
# Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Middle Channel, Plot B

Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:51:10

Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Highest Channel, Plot A



Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:52:06

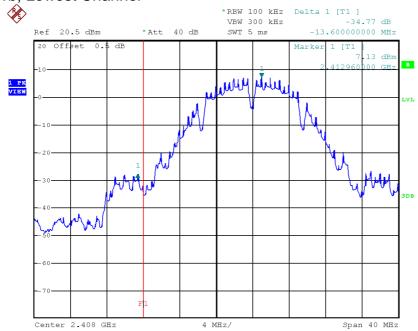


#### Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Highest Channel, Plot B

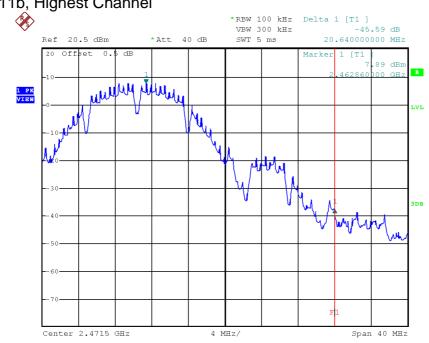
Date: 28.SEP.2016 05:52:43

# **Plots of Bandedge**

802.11b, Lowest Channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:38:47



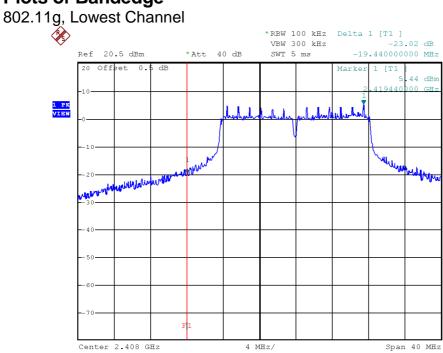
# 802.11b, Highest Channel

Date: 27.SEP.2016 11:03:35

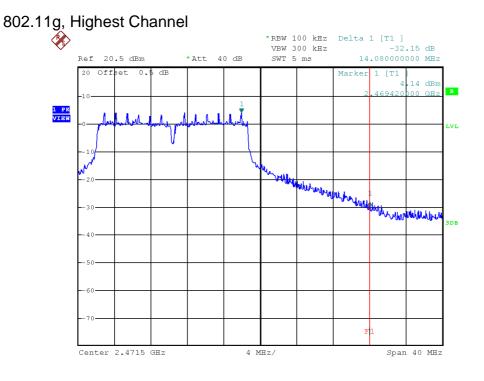
в

зов





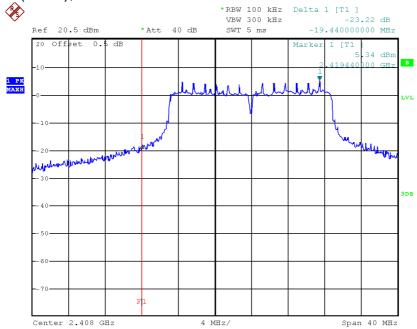
Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:48:46



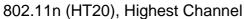
Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:55:53

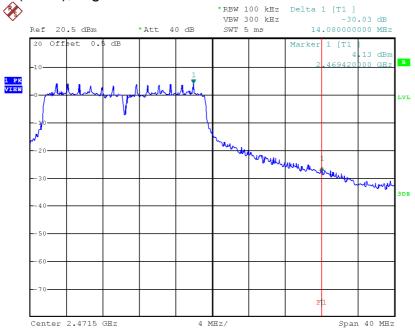


802.11n (NT20), Lowest Channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:50:16

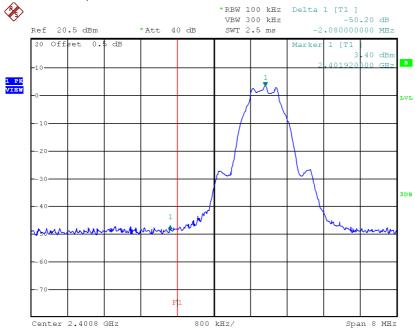




Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:54:33

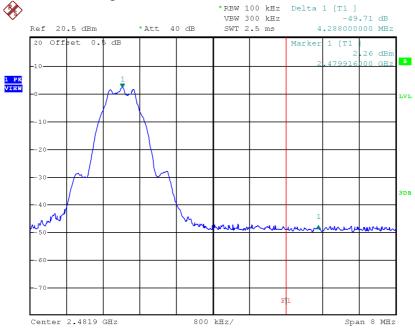
# Plots of Bandedge

Bluetooth 4.0 BLE, Lowest Channel



Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:36:57





Date: 27.SEP.2016 10:35:02

#### 4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Where  $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$   $RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dB\mu V$  CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB AF = Antenna Factor in dB AG = Amplifier Gain in dB PD = Pulse Desensitization in dBAV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

#### Example

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dB $\mu$ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29.0 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer is 0.0 dB, and the resultant average factor is -10.0 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32.0 dB $\mu$ V/m. This value in dB $\mu$ V/m is converted to its corresponding level in  $\mu$ V/m.

RA =  $62.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$ AF = 7.4 dB CF = 1.6 dB AG = 29.0 dB PD = 0.0 dB AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62.0 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29.0 + 0.0 + (-10.0) = 32.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$ 

Level in  $\mu$ V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32.0 dB $\mu$ V/m)/20] = 39.8  $\mu$ V/m

4.6 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

#### 4.6.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

#### Worst Case Restricted Band Radiated Emission

at

#### 2390.000MHz

The worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.6.2 Radiated Emission Data

The data in tables 1-13 list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Judgement -

Passed by 0.2 dB margin

#### Mode: TX-Channel 01 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 1 IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

#### **Radiated Emission Data**

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.2	33	29.4	53.6	54.0	-0.4
Н	4824.000	51.1	33	34.9	53.0	54.0	-1.0
Н	12060.000	44.1	33	40.5	51.6	54.0	-2.4

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.2	33	29.4	53.6	74.0	-20.4
Н	4824.000	51.1	33	34.9	53.0	74.0	-21.0
Н	12060.000	44.1	33	40.5	51.6	74.0	-22.4

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 06 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 2 IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

#### **Radiated Emission Data**

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	50.5	33	34.9	52.4	54.0	-1.6
Н	7311.000	45.7	33	37.9	50.6	54.0	-3.4
Н	12185.000	44.1	33	40.5	51.6	54.0	-2.4

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	50.5	33	34.9	52.4	74.0	-21.6
Н	7311.000	45.7	33	37.9	50.6	74.0	-23.4
Н	12185.000	44.1	33	40.5	51.6	74.0	-22.4

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 11 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 3 IEEE 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps)

#### **Radiated Emission Data**

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-		Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	Frequency	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	55.8	33	29.4	52.2	54.0	-1.8
Н	4924.000	48.5	33	34.9	50.4	54.0	-3.6
Н	7386.000	45.7	33	37.9	50.6	54.0	-3.4
Н	12310.000	43.0	33	40.5	50.5	54.0	-3.5

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-		Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	Frequency	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	55.8	33	29.4	52.2	74.0	-21.8
Н	4924.000	48.5	33	34.9	50.4	74.0	-23.6
Н	7386.000	45.7	33	37.9	50.6	74.0	-23.4
Н	12310.000	43.0	33	40.5	50.5	74.0	-23.5

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 01 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 4 IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

#### **Radiated Emission Data**

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.4	33	29.4	53.8	54.0	-0.2
Н	4824.000	49.9	33	34.9	51.8	54.0	-2.2
Н	12060.000	43.9	33	40.5	51.4	54.0	-2.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.4	33	29.4	53.8	74.0	-20.2
Н	4824.000	49.9	33	34.9	51.8	74.0	-22.2
Н	12060.000	43.9	33	40.5	51.4	74.0	-22.6

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 06 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 5 IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

#### **Radiated Emission Data**

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	49.7	33	34.9	51.6	54.0	-2.4
Н	7311.000	45.5	33	37.9	50.4	54.0	-3.6
Н	12185.000	43.9	33	40.5	51.4	54.0	-2.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	49.7	33	34.9	51.6	74.0	-22.4
Н	7311.000	45.5	33	37.9	50.4	74.0	-23.6
Н	12185.000	43.9	33	40.5	51.4	74.0	-22.6

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 11 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 6 IEEE 802.11g (OFDM, 6 Mbps)

#### **Radiated Emission Data**

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-		Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	Frequency	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	55.8	33	29.4	52.2	54.0	-1.8
Н	4924.000	50.5	33	34.9	52.4	54.0	-1.6
Н	7386.000	45.5	33	37.9	50.4	54.0	-3.6
Н	12310.000	43.9	33	40.5	51.4	54.0	-2.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-		Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	Frequency	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	55.8	33	29.4	52.2	74.0	-21.8
Н	4924.000	50.5	33	34.9	52.4	74.0	-21.6
Н	7386.000	45.5	33	37.9	50.4	74.0	-23.6
Н	12310.000	43.9	33	40.5	51.4	74.0	-22.6

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 01 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 7 IEEE 802.11n (HT20, MCS0)

#### **Radiated Emission Data**

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.0	33	29.4	53.4	54.0	-0.6
Н	4824.000	50.5	33	34.9	52.4	54.0	-1.6
Н	12060.000	44.0	33	40.5	51.5	54.0	-2.5

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.0	33	29.4	53.4	74.0	-20.6
Н	4824.000	50.5	33	34.9	52.4	74.0	-21.6
Н	12060.000	44.0	33	40.5	51.5	74.0	-22.5

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 06 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 8 IEEE 802.11n (HT20, MCS0)

#### **Radiated Emission Data**

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	49.3	33	34.9	51.2	54.0	-2.8
Н	7311.000	45.5	33	37.9	50.4	54.0	-3.6
Н	12185.000	44.1	33	40.5	51.6	54.0	-2.4

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	4874.000	49.3	33	34.9	51.2	74.0	-22.8
Н	7311.000	45.5	33	37.9	50.4	74.0	-23.6
Н	12185.000	44.1	33	40.5	51.6	74.0	-22.4

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 11 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 9 IEEE 802.11n (HT20, MCS0)

#### **Radiated Emission Data**

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-		Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	Frequency	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	55.8	33	29.4	52.2	54.0	-1.8
Н	4924.000	49.5	33	34.9	51.4	54.0	-2.6
Н	7386.000	46.5	33	37.9	51.4	54.0	-2.6
Н	12310.000	42.9	33	40.5	50.4	54.0	-3.6

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-		Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	Frequency	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	55.8	33	29.4	52.2	74.0	-21.8
Н	4924.000	49.5	33	34.9	51.4	74.0	-22.6
Н	7386.000	46.5	33	37.9	51.4	74.0	-22.6
Н	12310.000	42.9	33	40.5	50.4	74.0	-23.6

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 0 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 10 Bluetooth 4.0 BLE Radiated Emission Data

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	55.4	33	29.4	51.8	54.0	-2.2
Н	4804.000	49.5	33	34.9	51.4	54.0	-2.6
Н	12010.000	44.3	33	40.5	51.8	54.0	-2.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	55.4	33	29.4	51.8	74.0	-22.2
Н	4804.000	49.5	33	34.9	51.4	74.0	-22.6
Н	12010.000	44.3	33	40.5	51.8	74.0	-22.2

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 20 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 11 Bluetooth 4.0 BLE Radiated Emission Data

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	4884.000	49.3	33	34.9	51.2	54.0	-2.8
Н	7326.000	46.3	33	37.9	51.2	54.0	-2.8
Н	12210.000	44.3	33	40.5	51.8	54.0	-2.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	4884.000	49.3	33	34.9	51.2	74.0	-22.8
Н	7326.000	46.3	33	37.9	51.2	74.0	-22.8
Н	12210.000	44.3	33	40.5	51.8	74.0	-22.2

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

#### Mode: TX-Channel 39 Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 12 Bluetooth 4.0 BLE Radiated Emission Data

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Limit at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	56.4	33	29.4	52.8	54.0	-1.2
Н	4960.000	49.3	33	34.9	51.2	54.0	-2.8
Н	7440.000	46.7	33	37.9	51.6	54.0	-2.4
Н	12400.000	44.3	33	40.5	51.8	54.0	-2.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	56.4	33	29.4	52.8	74.0	-21.2
Н	4960.000	49.3	33	34.9	51.2	74.0	-22.8
Н	7440.000	46.7	33	37.9	51.6	74.0	-22.4
Н	12400.000	44.3	33	40.5	51.8	74.0	-22.2

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.
- 6. For the measurement of radiated emission, summation method was used which numerical integrating (in terms of linear power) over the transmitter occupied bandwidth.
- 7. For the linear power measurement, data in 1MHz spacing was collected by spectrum analyzer with 1MHz resolution bandwidth.

Worst Case: EUT Simultaneous Transmitting (WiFi and Bluetooth) Date of Test: September 29, 2016

#### Table 13

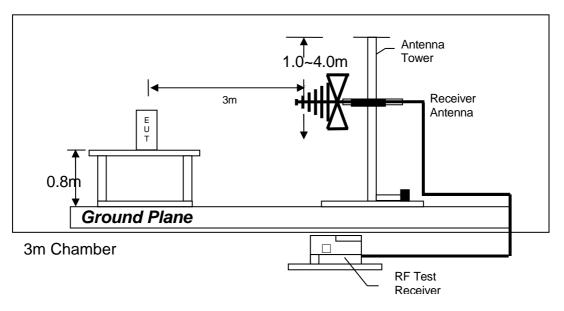
#### Pre-Antenna Net Limit Frequency Reading amp Factor at 3m at 3m Margin (dB) Polarization (MHz) (dBµV) (dB) (dB) (dBuV/m) (dBuV/m) 33.511 44.2 16 10.0 38.2 40.0 -1.8 Н Η 167.748 37.8 16 18.0 39.8 43.5 -3.7 Η 241.152 36.7 16 19.0 39.7 46.0 -6.3 -1.2 39.8 21.0 44.8 46.0 Η 263.871 16 Н 288.142 28.9 16 22.0 34.9 46.0 -11.1 Н 720.025 22.9 16 30.0 36.9 46.0 -9.1

#### **Radiated Emission Data**

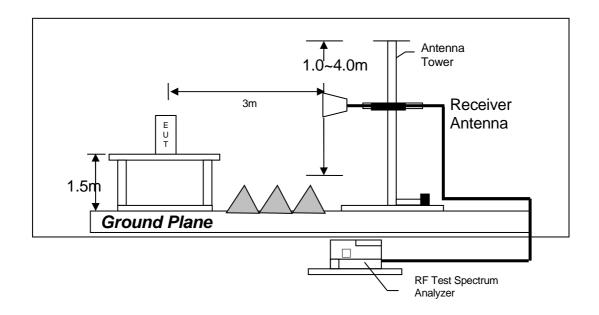
- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.

#### Radiated Emission Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



Test setup of radiated emissions up to 1GHz



Test setup of radiated emissions above 1GHz

#### 4.6.3 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation

Not applicable – No average factor is required.

4.7 AC Power Line Conducted Emission

- Not applicable EUT is only powered by battery for operation.
- EUT connects to AC power line. Emission Data is listed in following pages.
- Base Unit connects to AC power line and has transmission. Handset connects to AC power line but has no transmission. Emission Data of Base Unit is listed in following pages.
- 4.7.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph

# Worst Case Line-Conducted Configuration at

#### 0.150 MHz

The worst case line conducted configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.7.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data

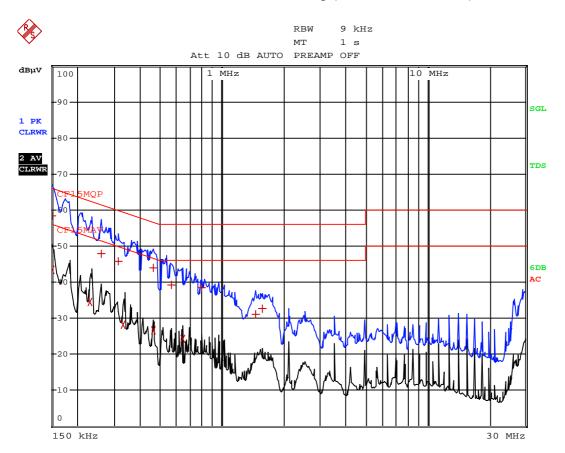
The plot(s) and data in the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance

Passed by 7.6 dB margin

Worst Case: EUT Simultaneous Transmitting (WiFi and Bluetooth)

	EDIT	F PEAK LIST (Final	Measurement Resu	lts)
Tracel:		CF15MQP		
Trace2:		CF15MAV		
Tra	ice3:			
	TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	DELTA LIMIT dB
1	Quasi Peak	150 kHz	58.45 Ll	-7.55
2	CISPR Average	e150 kHz	43.36 N	-12.63
2	CISPR Average	e231 kHz	34.42 Ll	-17.98
1	Quasi Peak	258 kHz	48.01 L1	-13.48
1	Quasi Peak	312 kHz	45.79 N	-14.12
2	CISPR Average	e334.5 kHz	28.20 N	-21.13
1	Quasi Peak	460.5 kHz	43.91 L1	-12.77
2	CISPR Average	e460.5 kHz	26.54 N	-20.13
1	Quasi Peak	568.5 kHz	39.29 N	-16.70
2	CISPR Average	640.5 kHz	24.34 L1	-21.65
1	Quasi Peak	793.5 kHz	38.36 L1	-17.63
1	Quasi Peak	1.4595 MHz	31.03 L1	-24.96
1	Quasi Peak	1.5675 MHz	32.79 L1	-23.20

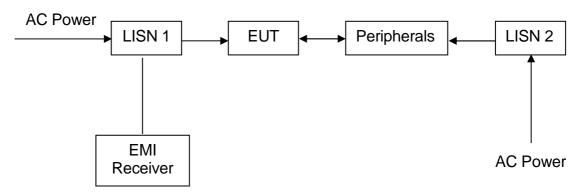
Date: 3.SEP.2016 17:44:37



Worst Case: EUT Simultaneous Transmitting (WiFi and Bluetooth)

Date: 3.SEP.2016 17:44:52

Conducted Emission Test Setup



# EXHIBIT 5 EQUIPMENT LIST

#### 5.0 Equipment List

#### 1) Radiated Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	Spectrum Analyzer	Biconical Antenna
Registration No.	EW-3156	EW-2188	EW-0571
Manufacturer	R&S	AGILENTTECH	EMCO
Model No.	ESR26	E4407B	3104C
Calibration Date	Nov. 03, 2015	Apr. 25, 2016	May 18, 2016
Calibration Due Date	Nov. 03, 2016	Apr. 25, 2017	Nov. 18, 2017

Equipment	Log Periodic Antenna	Pyramidal Horn	Double Ridged
		Antenna	Guide Antenna
Registration No.	EW-0447	EW-0905	EW-1133
Manufacturer	EMCO	EMCO	EMCO
Model No.	3146	3160-09	3115
Calibration Date	May 18, 2016	Feb. 12, 2016	Nov. 05, 2015
Calibration Due Date	Nov. 18, 2017	Aug. 12, 2017	May 05, 2017

#### 2) Conductive Measurement Test

Equipment	RF Power Meter with Power Sensor	Spectrum Analyzer
	(N1921A)	
Registration No.	EW-2270	EW-2249
Manufacturer	AGILENTTECH	R&S
Model No.	N1911A	FSP30
Calibration Date	Jan. 19, 2016	Nov. 27, 2015
Calibration Due Date	Jan. 19, 2017	Nov. 27, 2016

#### 3) Conducted Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	LISN	LISN
Registration No.	EW-2500	EW-2501	EW-2874
Manufacturer	R&S	R&S	R&S
Model No.	ESCI	ENV-216	ENV-216
Calibration Date	Jan. 28, 2016	Jan. 28, 2016	Jan. 28, 2016
Calibration Due Date	Jan. 28, 2017	Jan. 28, 2017	Jan. 28, 2017

#### **END OF TEST REPORT**