



REPORT No.: SZ24040308W07

# TEST REPORT

**APPLICANT** : POCKETALK CORPORATION

**PRODUCT NAME** : POCKETALK S2

**MODEL NAME** : PTS2

**BRAND NAME** : POCKETALK

**FCC ID** : 2BGXA-PTS2

**STANDARD(S)** : 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E

**RECEIPT DATE** : 2024-06-07

**TEST DATE** : 2024-06-18 to 2024-07-04

**ISSUE DATE** : 2024-08-15



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Change History		
Version	Date	Reason for change
1.0	2024-08-15	First edition

# 1. Summary of Test Result

No.	Section	Description	Test Date	Test Engineer	Result	Method Determination /Remark
1	15.203	Antenna Requirement	N/A	N/A	PASS	No deviation
2	ANSI C63.10	Duty Cycle of the Test Signal	Jun. 19, 2024	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
3	15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Jun. 19, 2024	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
4	15.407(a)(e)	Emission Bandwidth	Jun. 19, 2024	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
5	15.407(a)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Jun. 19, 2024	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
6	15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Jun. 19, 2024	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
7	15.407(h)	DFS	Jun. 19, 2024	Su Xiaoxian	PASS	No deviation
8	15.207	Conducted Emission	Jun. 18&19, 2024	Wen Zhe	PASS	No deviation
9	15.407(b)	Restricted Frequency Bands	Jun. 19, 2024 to Jul. 04, 2024	Li Hanbin	PASS	No deviation
10	15.407(b)	Radiated Emission	Jun. 22 to 27, 2024	Li Hanbin	PASS	No deviation

**Note 1:** The tests of Conducted Emission and Radiated Emission were performed according to the method of measurements prescribed in ANSI C63.10 2013.

**Note 2:** These RF tests were performed according to the method of measurements prescribed in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

**Note 3:** These RF tests were performed according to the method of measurements prescribed in KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02.

**Note 4:** Additions to, deviation, or exclusions from the method shall be judged in the "method determination" column of add, deviate or exclude from the specific method shall be explained in the "Remark" of the above table.

**Note 5:** When the test result is a critical value, we will use the measurement uncertainty give the judgment result based on the 95% confidence intervals.



## 1.1. Testing Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Radio Frequency Devices



## 1.2. Test Equipment List

### 1.2.1 Conducted Test Equipment

Equipment Name	Serial No.	Type	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Due Date
EXA Signal Analyzer	MY53470836	N9010A	Agilent	2024.02.19	2025.02.18
USB Wideband Power Sensor	MY54180008	U2021XA	Agilent	2023.10.17	2024.10.16
Temperature Chamber	12108015	DTL-003S 101	YOMA	2023.09.19	2024.09.18
RF Cable (30MHz-26GHz)	CB01	RF01	Morlab	N/A	N/A
Coaxial Cable	CB02	RF02	Morlab	N/A	N/A
SMA Connector	CN01	RF03	HUBER-SUHNER	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	MTJ6004-10	10dB	MTJ cooperation	N/A	N/A

### 1.2.2 Conducted Emission Test Equipment

Equipment	Serial No.	Type	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Due Date
Receiver	MY56400093	N9038A	KEYSIGHT	2024.01.25	2025.01.24
LISN	8127449	NSLK 8127	Schwarzbeck	2024.02.02	2025.02.01
Pulse Limiter (10dB)	VTSD 9561 F-B #206	VTSD 9561-F	Schwarzbeck	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
RF Coaxial Cable (DC-100MHz)	BNC	MRE04	Qualwave	N/A	N/A

### 1.2.3 List of Software Used

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version
Test System	MaiWei	2.0.0.0
Morlab EMCR	Morlab	V1.2
TS+ -[JS32-CE]	Tonscend	V2.5.0.0

**1.2.4 Radiated Test Equipment**

Equipment Name	Serial No.	Type	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Due Date
Receiver	MY56060145	N9020A	Agilent	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
Test Antenna - Bi-Log	9163-519	VULB 9163	Schwarzbeck	2023.07.01	2024.06.30
				2024.06.22	2025.06.21
Test Antenna - Loop	1519-022	FMZB1519	Schwarzbeck	2024.06.03	2025.06.02
Test Antenna – Horn	01774	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	2023.07.01	2024.06.30
				2024.06.22	2025.06.21
Test Antenna – Horn	BBHA9170 #773	BBHA9170	Schwarzbeck	2023.07.01	2024.06.30
				2024.06.22	2025.06.21
Preamplifier (10MHz-6GHz)	46732	S10M100L38 02	LUCIX CORP.	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
Preamplifier (2GHz-18GHz)	61171/61172	S020180L32 03	LUCIX CORP.	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
Preamplifier (18GHz-40GHz)	DS77209	DCLNA0118-40C-S	Decentest	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
RF Coaxial Cable (DC-18GHz)	MRE001	PE330	Pasternack	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
RF Coaxial Cable (DC-18GHz)	MRE002	CLU18	Pasternack	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
RF Coaxial Cable (DC-18GHz)	MRE003	CLU18	Pasternack	2024.05.30	2025.05.29
RF Coaxial Cable (DC-40GHz)	22290045	QA360-40-K K-0.5	Qualwave	N/A	N/A
RF Coaxial Cable (DC-40GHz)	22290046	QA360-40-K KF-2	Qualwave	N/A	N/A
RF Coaxial Cable (DC-18GHz)	22120181	QA500-18-N N-5	Qualwave	N/A	N/A
Notch Filter	N/A	WRCG-5150-5350	Wainwright	N/A	N/A
Notch Filter	N/A	WRCG-5470-5725	Wainwright	N/A	N/A
Notch Filter	N/A	WRCG-5725-5850	Wainwright	N/A	N/A
Anechoic Chamber	N/A	9m*6m*6m	CRT	2022.05.10	2025.05.09



### 1.3. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Items	Uncertainty	Remark
Peak Output Power	$\pm 2.22\text{dB}$	Confidence levels of 95%
Power Spectral Density	$\pm 2.22\text{dB}$	Confidence levels of 95%
Bandwidth	$\pm 5\%$	Confidence levels of 95%
Restricted Frequency Bands	$\pm 5\%$	Confidence levels of 95%
Radiated Emission	$\pm 2.95\text{dB}$	Confidence levels of 95%
Conducted Emission	$\pm 2.44\text{dB}$	Confidence levels of 95%

### 1.4. Testing Laboratory

Laboratory Name	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Laboratory Address	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China
Telephone	+86 755 36698555
Facsimile	+86 755 36698525
FCC Designation Number	CN1192
FCC Test Firm Registration Number	226174





## 2. General Description

### 2.1. Information of Applicant and Manufacturer

<b>Applicant</b>	POCKETALK CORPORATION
<b>Applicant Address</b>	4F Hamamatsucho PREX, 2-2-12 Shiba, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-0014, Japan
<b>Manufacturer</b>	JENESIS (SHEN ZHEN) CO., LTD.
<b>Manufacturer Address</b>	6th Floor, Building A, No.2 Luozhu Industrial Avenue, Luozhu Community, Shiyan Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province.

### 2.2. Information of EUT

<b>Product Name:</b>	POCKETALK S2	
<b>Sample No.:</b>	1#	
<b>Hardware Version:</b>	V1.0	
<b>Software Version:</b>	V1.0.2	
<b>Modulation Technology:</b>	OFDM	
<b>Modulation Mode:</b>	802.11a	
<b>Operating Frequency Range:</b>	5180MHz-5240MHz; 5260MHz-5320MHz; 5500MHz-5720MHz	
<b>Antenna Type:</b>	PIFA Antenna	
<b>Antenna Gain:</b>	2.9dBi	
<b>Accessory Information:</b>	Battery	
	<b>Brand Name:</b>	N/A
	<b>Model No.:</b>	PT393952
	<b>Serial No.:</b>	N/A
	<b>Capacity:</b>	1200mAh
	<b>Rated Voltage:</b>	3.8V
	<b>Charge Limit:</b>	4.35V
	<b>Manufacturer:</b>	Guangdong Pow-Tech New Power Co., Ltd.



<b>Accessory Information:</b>	AC Adapter 1	
	Brand Name:	FLYPOWER
	Model No.:	PS06CA050K1000UU
	Serial No.:	N/A
	Rated Output:	5V $\equiv$ 1A
	Rated Input:	100-240V $\sim$ 50/60Hz, 0.25A
	Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Flypower Technology Co., Ltd.
	AC Adapter 2	
	Brand Name:	FLYPOWER
	Model No.:	PS06CA050K1000JU
	Serial No.:	N/A
	Rated Output:	5V $\equiv$ 1A
	Rated Input:	100-240V $\sim$ 50/60Hz, 0.25A
	Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Flypower Technology Co., Ltd.
	USB Cable	
	Model No.:	N/A
	Manufacturer:	DONG GUAN KOMAK ELECTRONICSCO.,LTD

**Note 1:** We use the dedicated software to control the EUT continuous transmission.

**Note 2:** For a more detailed description, please refer to Specification or User's Manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.



## 2.3.Channel List of EUT

(U-NII-1) 5180MHz-5240MHz				
Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
20MHz	<b>36</b>	<b>5180</b>	40	5200
	<b>44</b>	<b>5220</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>5240</b>
(U-NII-2A) 5260MHz-5320MHz				
Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
20MHz	<b>52</b>	<b>5260</b>	56	5280
	<b>60</b>	<b>5300</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>5320</b>
(U-NII-2C) 5500MHz-5720MHz				
Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
20MHz	<b>100</b>	<b>5500</b>	105	5520
	108	5540	112	5560
	116	5580	<b>120</b>	<b>5600</b>
	124	5620	128	5640
	132	5660	136	5680
	140	5700	<b>144</b>	<b>5720</b>

**Note 1:** The black bold channels were selected for test.



## 2.4. Test Configuration of EUT

### 2.4.1. Modulation Type and Data Rate of EUT

Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation Technology	Modulation Type	Data Rate	RU Size
802.11a	20	OFDM	<b>BPSK</b>	<b>6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54</b> Mbps	N/A
			QPSK		
			16QAM		
			64QAM		

**Note1:** The worst-case mode (bold face) in all data rates has been determined during the pre-scan, only the test data of the worst-case were recorded in this report.

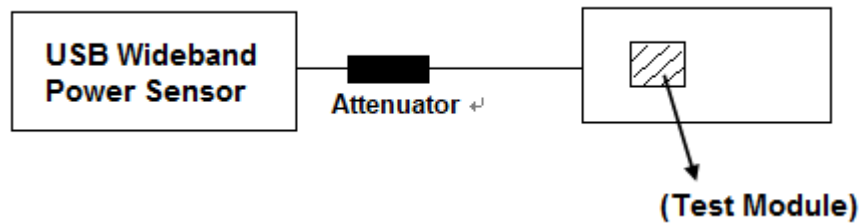
## 2.5. Test Conditions

Temperature (°C)	15-35
Relative Humidity (%)	30-60
Atmospheric Pressure (kPa)	86-106

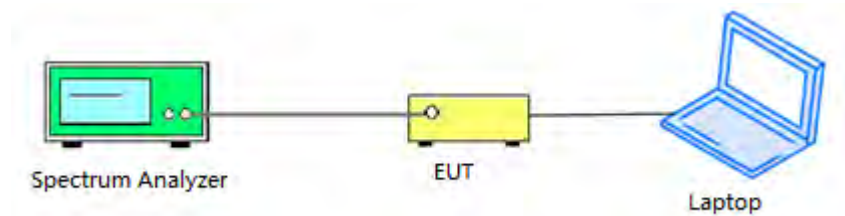
## 2.6. Test Setup Layout Diagram

### 2.6.1. Conducted Measurement

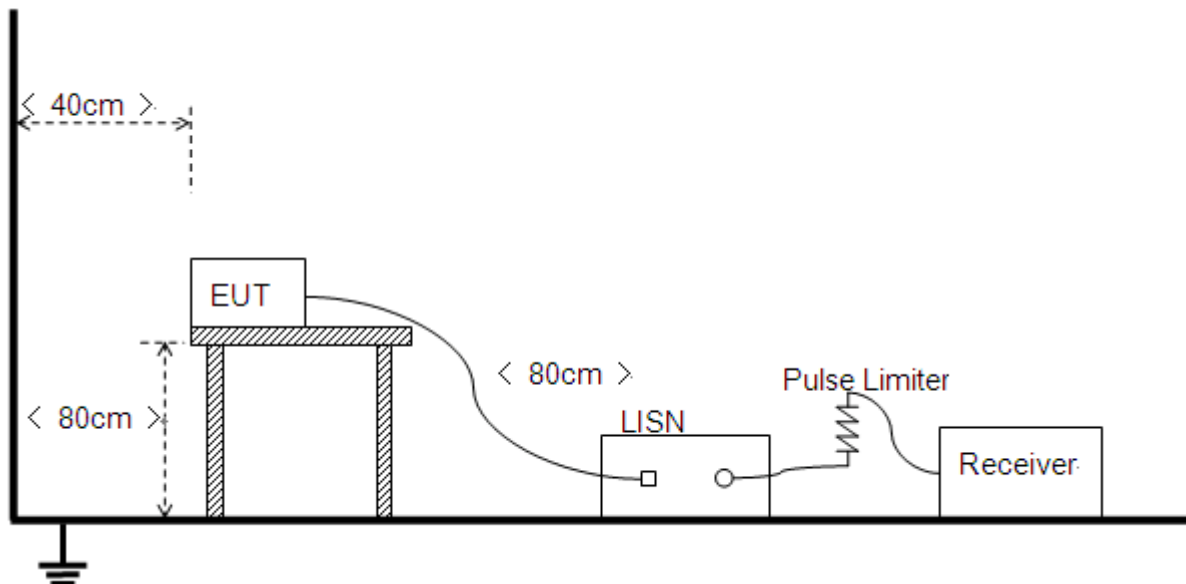
For power item that BW below 80MHz system:



For power item that BW equal or above 80MHz and other items:

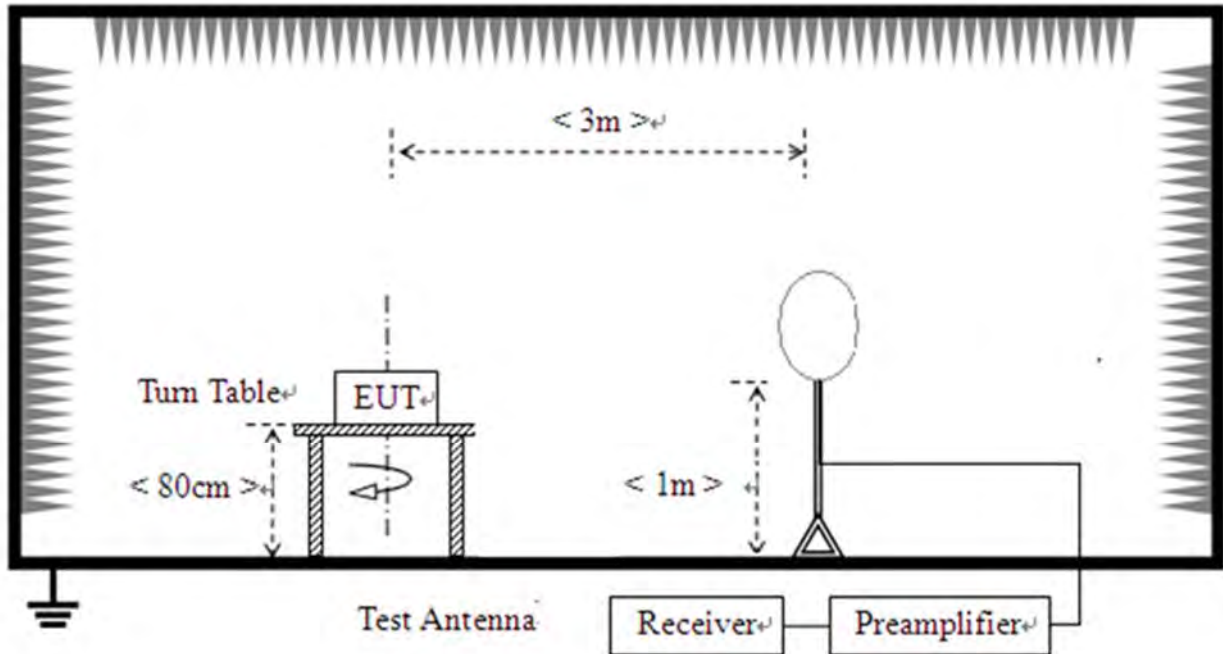


### 2.6.2. Conducted Emission Measurement

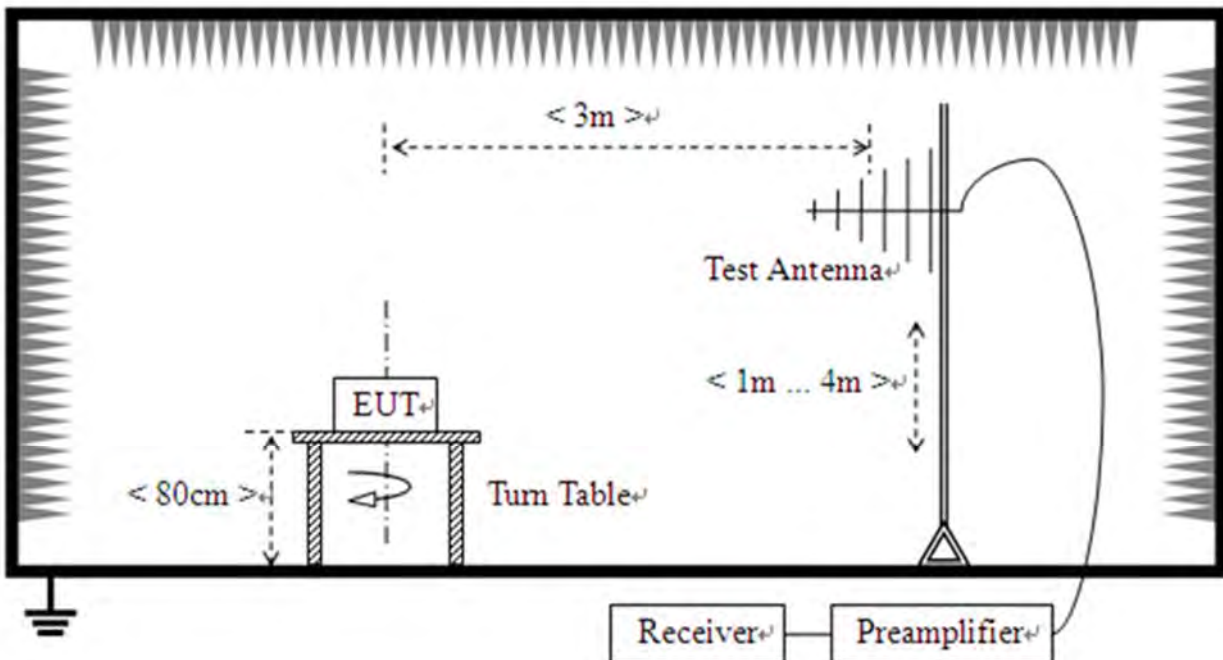


### 2.6.3.Radiation Measurement

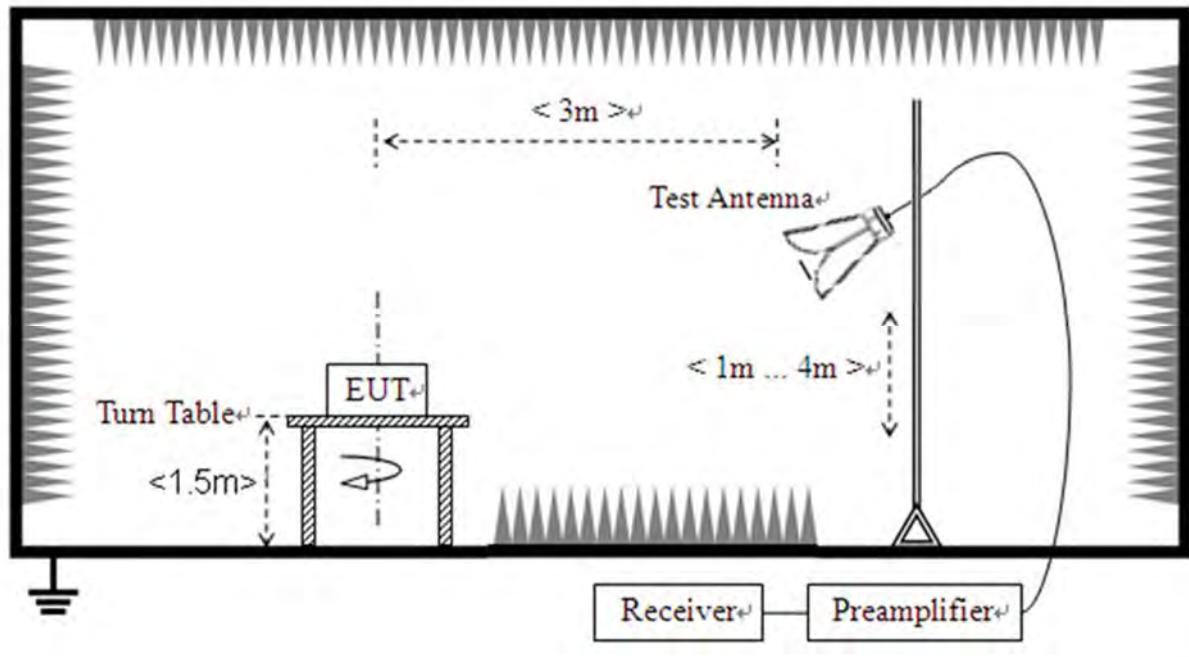
1) For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz



2) For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



3) For radiated emissions above 1GHz





## 3. Test Results

### 3.1. Antenna Requirement

#### 3.1.1. Requirement

According to FCC 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### 3.1.2. Test Result

Antenna location	Antenna Type	Coupling Method
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Internal <input type="checkbox"/> External	<input type="checkbox"/> FPC Antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Spring Antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Ceramic Antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Integrated Antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Dipole Antenna <input type="checkbox"/> PCB Antenna <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PIFA Antenna	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I-PEX Connector <input type="checkbox"/> SMA Connector <input type="checkbox"/> RP-SMA Connector <input type="checkbox"/> Metal Shrapnel





## 3.2. Duty Cycle of Test Signal

### 3.2.1. Requirement

Preferably, all measurements of maximum conducted (average) output power will be performed with the EUT transmitting continuously (i.e., with a duty cycle of greater than or equal to 98%). When continuous operation cannot be realized, then the use of sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can be used to ensure that measurements are made only during transmissions at the maximum power control level. Such sweep triggering/signal gating techniques will require knowledge of the minimum transmission duration ( $T$ ) over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation. Sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can then be used if the measurement/sweep time of the analyzer can be set such that it does not exceed  $T$  at any time that data are being acquired (i.e., no transmitter OFF-time is to be considered).

When continuous transmission cannot be achieved and sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be implemented, alternative procedures are provided that can be used to measure the average power; however, they will require an additional measurement of the transmitter duty cycle ( $D$ ). Within this sub clause, the duty cycle refers to the fraction of time over which the transmitter is ON and is transmitting at its maximum power control level. The duty cycle is considered to be constant if variations are less than  $\pm 2\%$ ; otherwise, the duty cycle is considered to be non constant.

### 3.2.2. Test Result

Refer to Annex A.1 in this report.

### 3.3. Maximum Conducted Output Power

#### 3.3.1. Requirement

(1) For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250mW or  $11\text{dBm} + 10 \log B$ , where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

(4) According to KDB662911D01 Measure-and-sum technique, the conducted emission level (e.g., transmit power or power in specified bandwidth) is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in units that are directly proportional to power.

(5) According to KDB 662911 D01, the directional gain =  $G_{\text{ANT}} + 10\log(N_{\text{ANT}})\text{dBi}$ , where  $G_{\text{ANT}}$  is the antenna gain in dBi,  $N_{\text{ANT}}$  is the number of outputs.

#### 3.3.2. Test Procedures

The EUT (Equipment under the test) which is coupled to the USB Wideband Power Sensor; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm; the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading, all test result in USB Wideband Power Sensor.

##### For ac (VHT80) mode power

The EUT (Equipment under the test) is coupled to the Spectrum analyzer; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm; the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading, all test result in Spectrum analyzer.



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### **3.3.3.Test Setup Layout**

Refer to chapter 2.6.1 in this report.

### **3.3.4.Test Result**

Refer to Annex A.2 in this report.

## 3.4. Emission Bandwidth

### 3.4.1. Requirement

For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier.

Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement. Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 3.4.1. Test Procedures

1. KDB 789033 Section C) 1) Emission Bandwidth was used in order to prove compliance

a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.

b) Set VBW > RBW.

c) Detector = Peak.

d) Trace mode = max hold.

e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

2. KDB 789033 Section C) 2) minimum emission bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85GHz was used in order to prove compliance.

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 KHz for the band 5.715-5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.

b) Set video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

c) Detector = Peak.

d) Trace mode = max hold.

e) Sweep = auto couple.

f) Allow the trace to stabilize.

g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.



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### **3.4.2.Test Setup Layout**

Refer to chapter 2.6.1 in this report.

### **3.4.3.Test Result**

Refer to Annex A.3 in this report.

## 3.5. Peak Power Spectral Density

### 3.5.1. Requirement

(1) For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30dBm in any 500kHz band.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

(4) According to KDB662911D01 Measure-and-sum technique, the conducted emission level (e.g., transmit power or power in specified bandwidth) is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically to determine the total emission level from the device. Summing is performed in units that are directly proportional to power.

(5) According to KDB 662911 D01, the directional gain =  $G_{ANT} + 10\log(N_{ANT})$  dBi, where  $G_{ANT}$  is the antenna gain in dBi,  $N_{ANT}$  is the number of outputs.

### 3.5.2. Test Procedures

KDB 789033 Section F) Maximum Power Spectral Density (PSD) Method SA-3 was used in order to prove compliance

- 1) Set span to encompass the entire 26-dB emission bandwidth
- 2) Set RBW = 1MHz. Set VBW  $\geq$  3MHz
- 3) Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  2 Span / RBW. Sweep time = auto
- 4) Detector = Average
- 5) Trace mode=Max hold

Record the max value

### 3.5.3. Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.1 in this report.

### 3.5.4. Test Result

Refer to Annex A.4 in this report.



## **3.6. Frequency Stability**

### **3.6.1. Requirement**

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

### **3.6.2. Test Procedures**

The EUT was placed inside of an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between 5°C to 40°C. The temperature was incremented by 10° intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each temperature before each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded. Data for the worst case channel is shown below.

### **3.6.3. Test Result**

Refer to Annex A.5 in this report.

## 3.7. Dynamic Frequency Selection

### 3.7.1. Requirement

According to FCC section 15.407(h), (1) Transmit power control (TPC). U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band and the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW. (2) Radar Detection Function of Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS). U-NII devices operating with any part of its 26 dB emission bandwidth in the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands shall employ a DFS radar detection mechanism to detect the presence of radar systems and to avoid co-channel operation with radar systems. Operators shall only use equipment with a DFS mechanism that is turned on when operating in these bands. The device must sense for radar signals at 100 percent of its emission bandwidth. The minimum DFS detection threshold for devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. of 200 mW to 1 W is -64 dBm. For devices that operate with less than 200 mW e.i.r.p. and a power spectral density of less than 10 dBm in a 1 MHz band, the minimum detection threshold is -62 dBm. The detection threshold is the received power averaged over 1 microsecond referenced to a 0 dBi antenna. For the initial channel setting, the manufacturers shall be permitted to provide for either random channel selection or manual channel selection.

A U-NII network will employ a DFS function to detect signals from radar systems and to avoid co-channel operation with these systems. This applies to the 5250-5350 MHz and/or 5470-5725 MHz bands.<sup>1</sup>

Within the context of the operation of the DFS function, a U-NII device will operate in either Master Mode or Client Mode. U-NII devices operating in Client Mode can only operate in a network controlled by a U-NII device operating in Master Mode.<sup>2</sup>

Tables 1 and 2 shown below summarize the information contained in sections 5.1.1 and 5.1.2.

**Table 1: Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel**

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client Without Radar Detection	Client With Radar Detection
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes

**Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation**

Requirement	Operational Mode	
	Master	Client Without Radar Detection





DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required

<b>Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes</b>	<b>Master Device or Client with Radar Detection</b>	<b>Client Without Radar Detection</b>
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.		

The operational behavior and individual DFS requirements that are associated with these modes are as follows:

#### **Master Devices**

- a) The Master Device will use DFS in order to detect Radar Waveforms with received signal strength above the DFS Detection Threshold in the 5250 – 5350 MHz and 5470 – 5725 MHz bands. DFS is not required in the 5150 – 5250 MHz or 5725 – 5825 MHz bands.
- b) Before initiating a network on a Channel, the Master Device will perform a Channel Availability Check for specified time duration (Channel Availability Check Time) to ensure that there is no radar system operating on the Channel, using DFS described under subsection a) above.
- c) The Master Device initiates a U-NII network by transmitting control signals that will enable other U-NII devices to Associate with the Master Device.
- d) During normal operation, the Master Device will monitor the Channel (In-Service Monitoring) to ensure that there is no radar system operating on the Channel, using DFS described under a).
- e) If the Master Device has detected a Radar Waveform during In-Service Monitoring as described under d), the Operating Channel of the U-NII network is no longer an Available Channel. The Master Device will instruct all associated Client Device(s) to stop transmitting on this Channel within the Channel Move Time. The transmissions during the Channel Move Time will be limited to the Channel Closing Transmission Time.
- f) Once the Master Device has detected a Radar Waveform it will not utilize the Channel for the duration of the Non-Occupancy Period. 3.
- g) If the Master Device delegates the In-Service Monitoring to a Client Device, then the



combination will be tested to the requirements described under d) through f) above.

#### Client Devices

- a) A Client Device will not transmit before having received appropriate control signals from a Master Device.
- b) A Client Device will stop all its transmissions whenever instructed by a Master Device to which it is associated and will meet the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements. The Client Device will not resume any transmissions until it has again received control signals from a Master Device.
- c) If a Client Device is performing In-Service Monitoring and detects a Radar Waveform above the DFS Detection Threshold, it will inform the Master Device. This is equivalent to the Master Device detecting the Radar Waveform and d) through f) of section 5.1.1 apply.
- d) Irrespective of Client Device or Master Device detection the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements remain the same.
- e) The client test frequency must be monitored to ensure no transmission of any type has occurred for 30 minutes. Note: If the client moves with the master, the device is considered compliant if nothing appears in the client non-occupancy period test. For devices that shut down (rather than moving channels), no beacons should appear.

#### DFS Detection Thresholds

Table 3 below provides the DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices as well as Client Devices incorporating In-Service Monitoring.

**Table 3: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices with Radar Detection**

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)
EIRP $\geq$ 200 mill watt	-64 dBm
EIRP < 200 mill watt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
EIRP < 200 mill watt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna. Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response. Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.	

#### Response Requirements

Table 4 provides the response requirements for Master and Client Devices incorporating DFS.

**Table 4: DFS Response Requirement Values**

Parameter	Value
-----------	-------

Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.

**Note 1:** Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

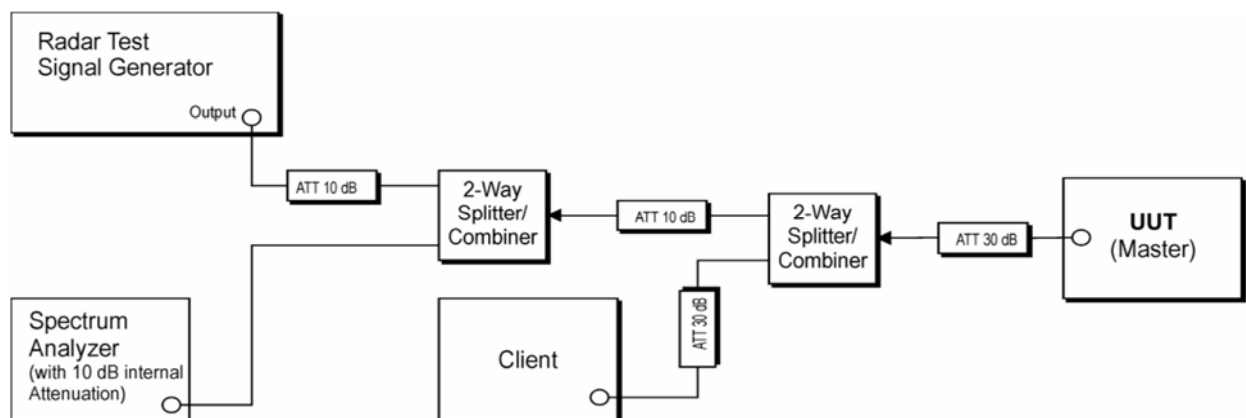
**Note 2:** The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

**Note 3:** During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

### 3.7.2. Test Description

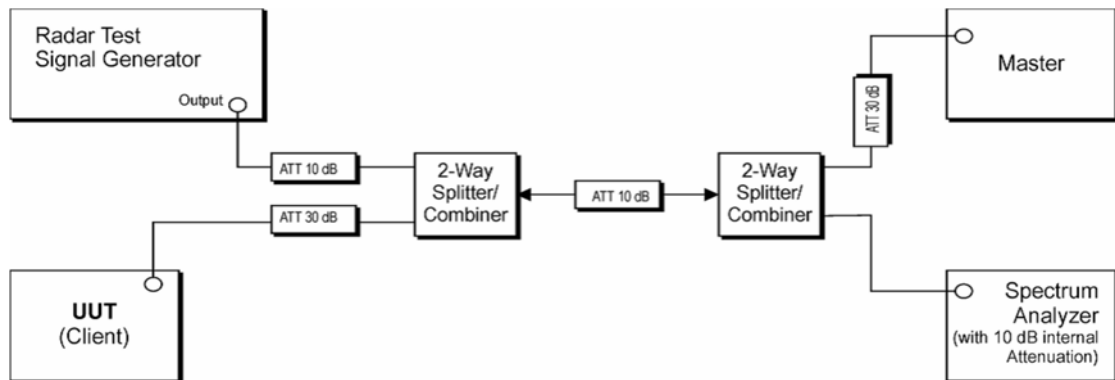
According to Section 7.2 of KDB 905462 D02 V01R01

#### 1. Setup for Master with injection at the Master



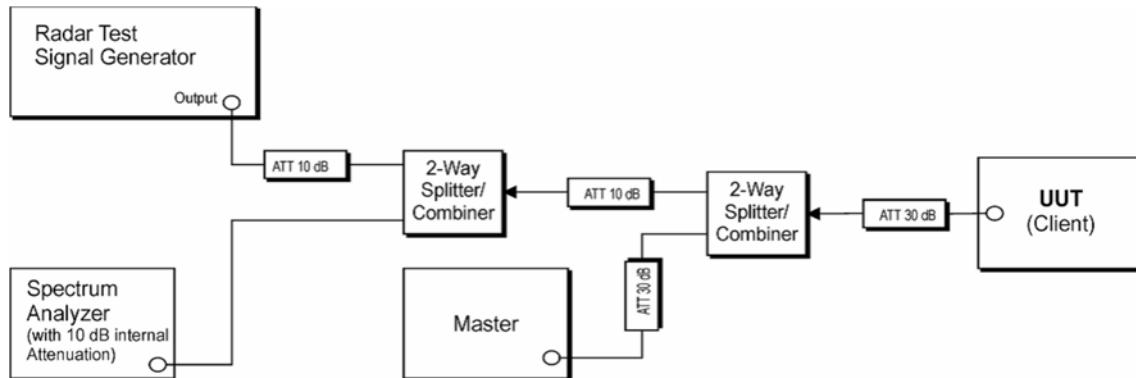
(Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Master and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master)

#### 2. Setup for Client with injection at the Master



(Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master)

### 3. Setup for Client with injection at the Client



(Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Client)

### 3.7.3.Information of Companion Device

Product Name:	Router
Manufacturer:	ASUS
FCC ID:	MSQ-RTAXJF00
Device Type:	Master Device
Operating Mode:	Master Mode
Serial No:	M3IAJF201046
Antenna Gain:	2.0dBi

### 3.7.4.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.6 in this report.

## 3.8. Conducted Emission

### 3.8.1. Requirement

According to FCC section 15.207, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 $\mu$ H/50 $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

Note:

- (a) The lower limit shall apply at the band edges.
- (b) The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 - 0.50MHz.

### 3.8.2. Test Procedures

The Table-top EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the horizontal metal reference ground plane. EUT was connected to LISN and LISN was connected to reference Ground Plane. EUT was 80cm from LISN. The set-up and test methods were according to ANSI C63.10: 2013.

### 3.8.3. Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.2 in this report.

### 3.8.4. Test Result

Refer to Annex A.7 in this report.

## 3.9. Restricted Frequency Bands

### 3.9.1. Requirement

The peak emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15–5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15–5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm/MHz.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25–5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15–5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm/MHz.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47–5.725 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.47–5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm/MHz.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:
  - (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

The following formula is used to convert the equipment isotropic radiated power(e.i.r.p.) to field strength (dBμV/m);

$$E = 1000000 \times \sqrt{30P} / 3 \mu\text{V/m}$$

where P is the EIRP in Watts

Therefore: -27 dBm/MHz = 68.23 dBuV/m



Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209. According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V/m}$ )	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

For Above 1000MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), also should comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a)(above table).

### 3.9.2.Test Procedures

The EUT is located in a 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber; the antenna factors, cable loss and so on of the site as factors are calculated to correct the reading.

KDB 789033 Section H) 3)5)6(d)) was used in order to prove compliance

For the Test Antenna:

Test Antenna is 3m away from the EUT. Test Antenna height is varied from 1m to 4m above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength.

### 3.9.3.Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.3 in this report.

### 3.9.4.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.8 in this report.

## 3.10. Radiated Emission

### 3.10.1.Requirement

The peak emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15–5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15–5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm/MHz.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25–5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15–5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm/MHz.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47–5.725 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.47–5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm/MHz.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

The following formula is used to convert the equipment isotropic radiated power(e.i.r.p.) to field strength (dBμV/m);

$$E = 1000000 \times \sqrt{30P} / 3 \mu\text{V/m}$$

where P is the EIRP in Watts

Therefore: -27 dBm/MHz = 68.23 dBuV/m

Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209. According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3





For Above 1000MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), also should comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a)(above table).

### 3.10.2.Test Procedures

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane for measurement below 1GHz; 1.5 m above the ground plane for measurement above 1GHz. The antenna to EUT distance is 3meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.10. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

For measurements below 30MHz, the emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9kHz-90 kHz, 110kHz-490 kHz. Radiated emission limits in these two bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

For measurements below 1GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100kHz for peak detection measurements or 120kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1MHz, the video band width is set to 3MHz for peak measurements and as applicable for average measurements.

The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions. For measurements above 1 GHz, keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response.

### 3.10.3.Test Setup Layout

Refer to chapter 2.6.3 in this report.

### 3.10.4.Test Result

Refer to Annex A.9 in this report.



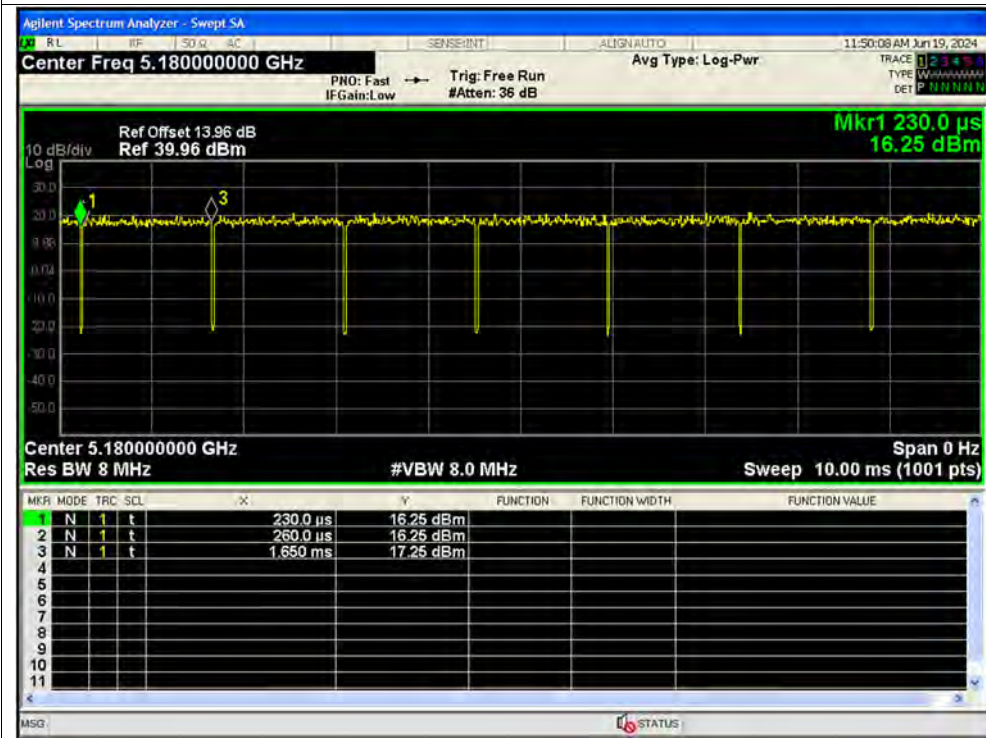
## Annex A Test Data and Result

### A.1. Duty Cycle of Test Signal

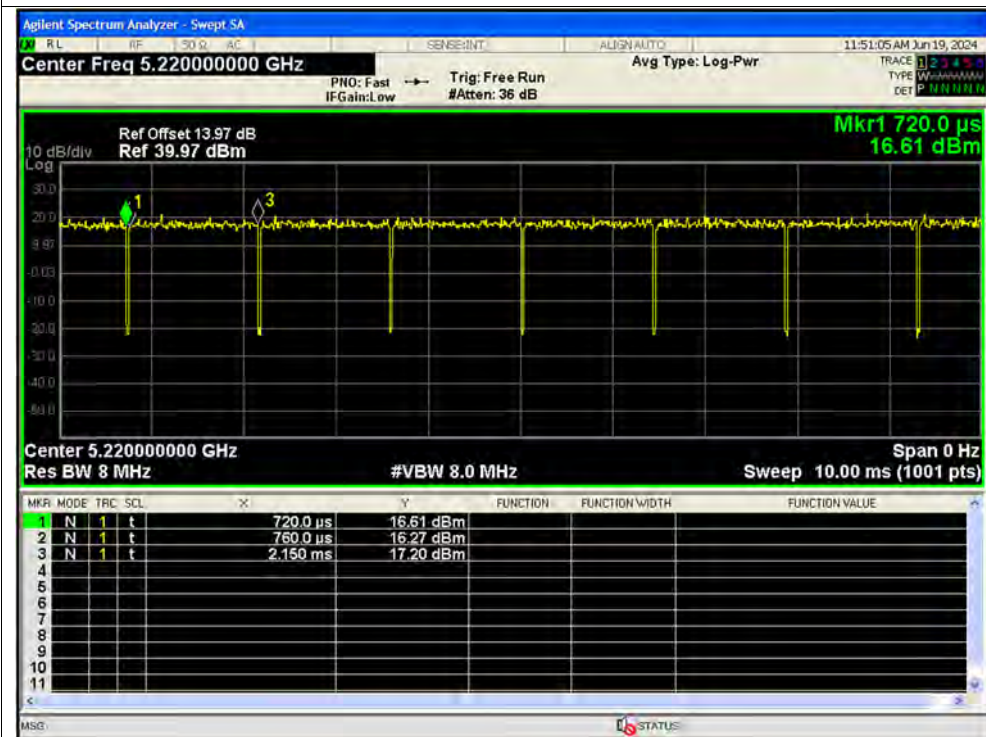
Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Duty Cycle (%)	Correction Factor (dB)	1/T (kHz)
NVNT	a	5180	Ant1	97.89	0.09	0.72
NVNT	a	5220	Ant1	97.2	0.12	0.72
NVNT	a	5240	Ant1	97.2	0.12	0.72
NVNT	a	5260	Ant1	97.2	0.12	0.72
NVNT	a	5300	Ant1	97.2	0.12	0.72
NVNT	a	5320	Ant1	97.2	0.12	0.72
NVNT	a	5500	Ant1	97.89	0.09	0.72
NVNT	a	5600	Ant1	97.9	0.09	0.71
NVNT	a	5720	Ant1	97.9	0.09	0.71

## Test Graphs

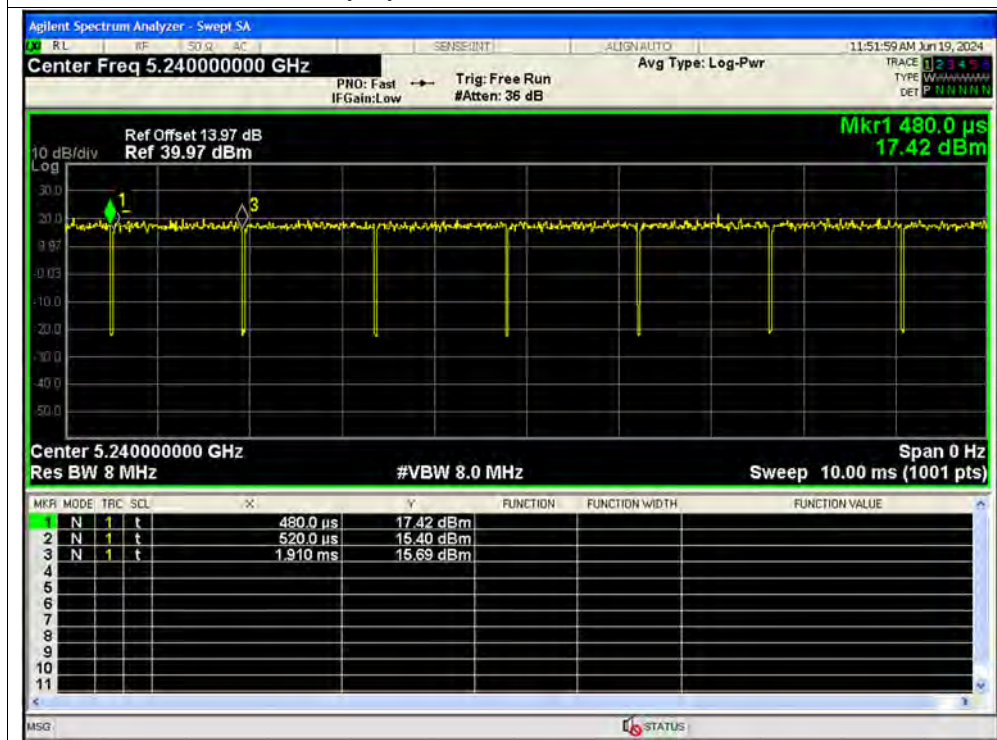
## Duty Cycle NVNT a 5180MHz Ant1



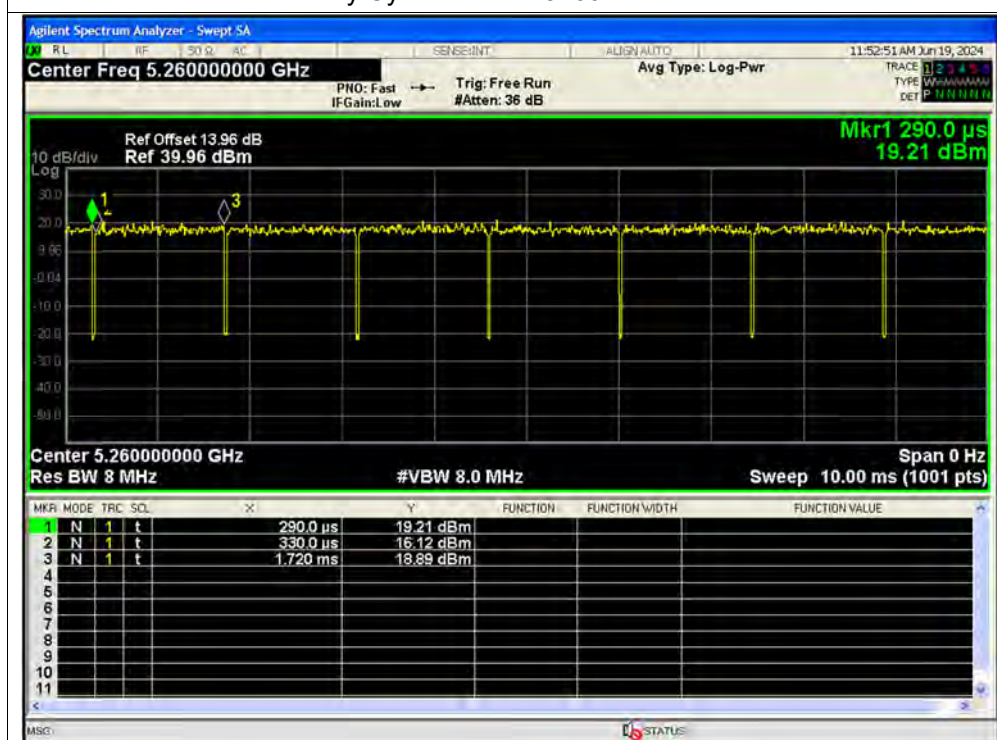
## Duty Cycle NVNT a 5220MHz Ant1



## Duty Cycle NVNT a 5240MHz Ant1

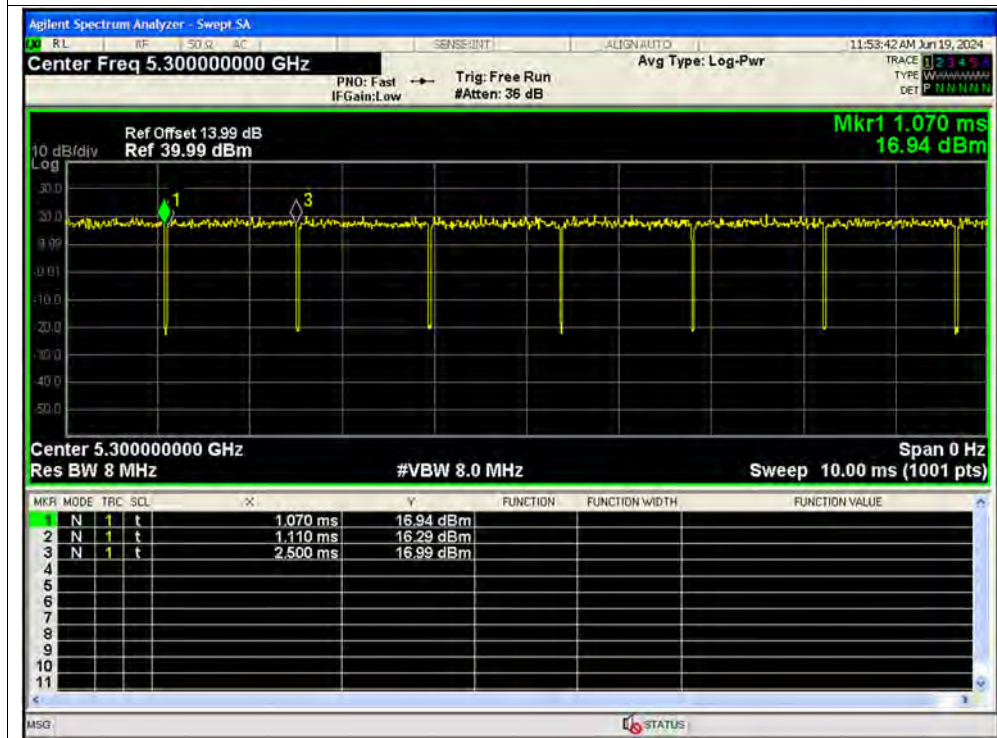


## Duty Cycle NVNT a 5260MHz Ant1

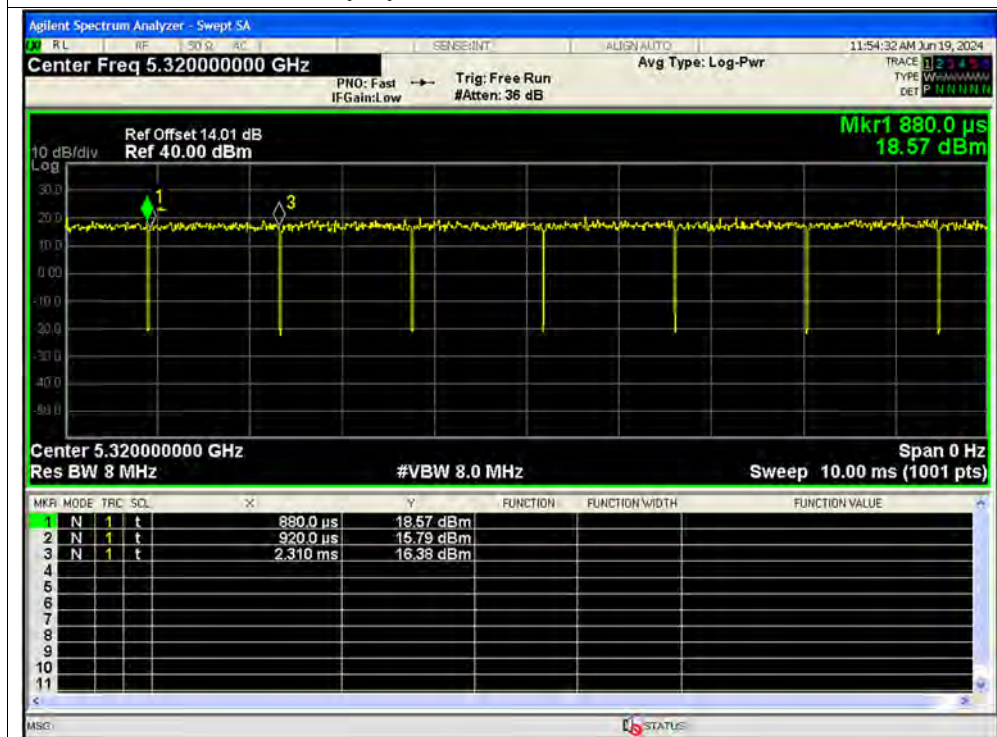




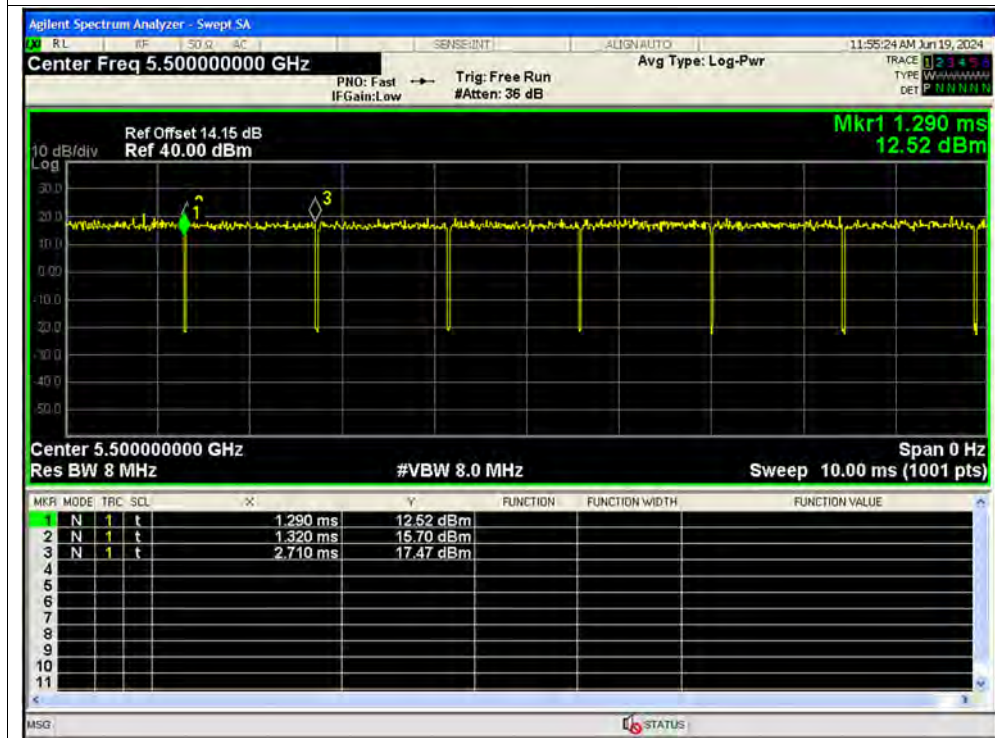
## Duty Cycle NVNT a 5300MHz Ant1



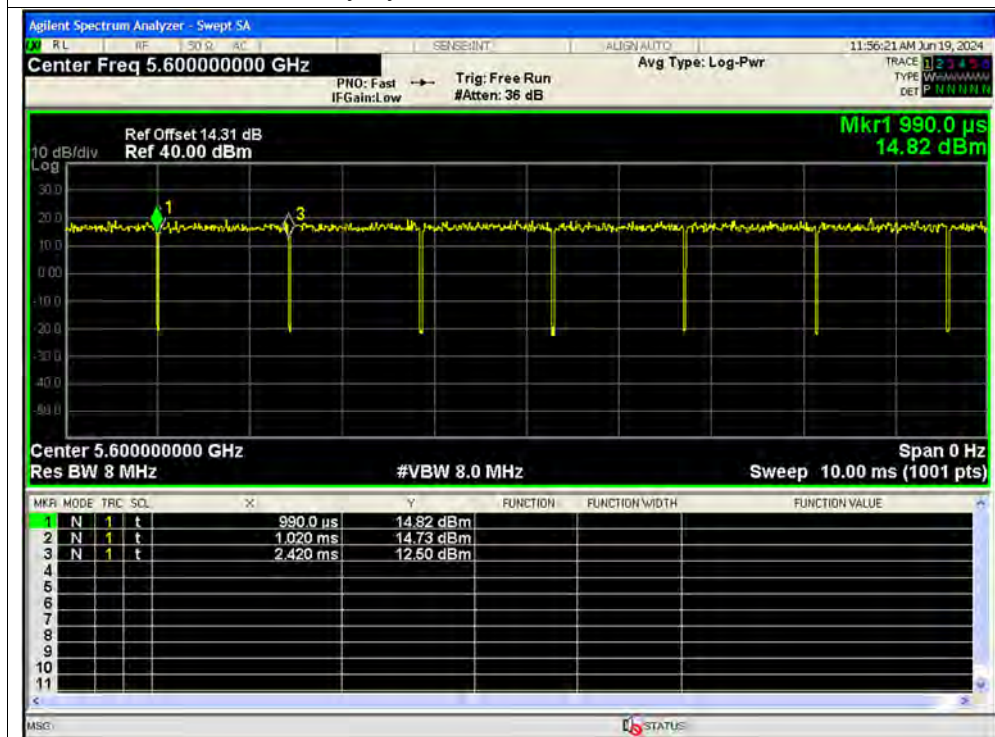
## Duty Cycle NVNT a 5320MHz Ant1



## Duty Cycle NVNT a 5500MHz Ant1

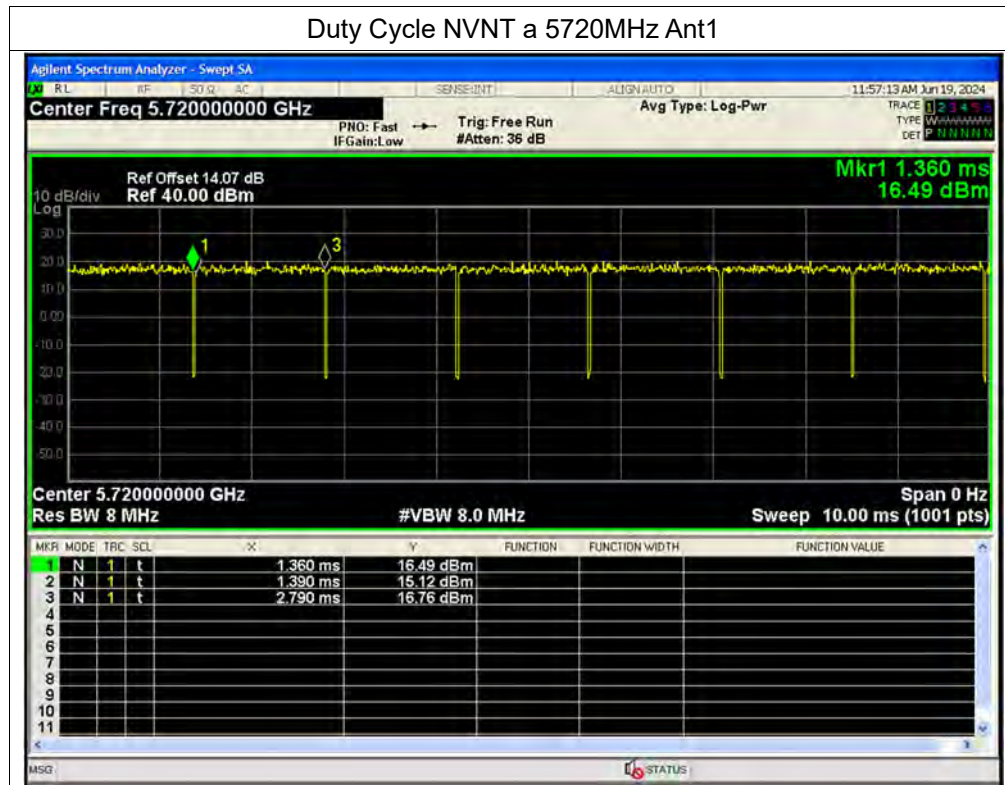


## Duty Cycle NVNT a 5600MHz Ant1





## Duty Cycle NVNT a 5720MHz Ant1



**A.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power**

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Total Conducted Power (dBm)	Total Conducted Power (W)	Limit Conducted (dBm)	Verdict
NVNT	a	5180	Ant1	14.52	0.02831	24	Pass
NVNT	a	5220	Ant1	13.78	0.02388	24	Pass
NVNT	a	5240	Ant1	13.49	0.02234	24	Pass
NVNT	a	5260	Ant1	13.25	0.02113	23.98	Pass
NVNT	a	5300	Ant1	12.98	0.01986	23.92	Pass
NVNT	a	5320	Ant1	12.58	0.01811	23.94	Pass
NVNT	a	5500	Ant1	13.01	0.02	24	Pass
NVNT	a	5600	Ant1	13.31	0.02143	24	Pass
NVNT	a	5720	Ant1	13.55	0.02265	24	Pass



**A.3. Emission Bandwidth**

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	-26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
NVNT	a	5180	Ant1	23.091
NVNT	a	5220	Ant1	19.599
NVNT	a	5240	Ant1	19.812
NVNT	a	5260	Ant1	19.881
NVNT	a	5300	Ant1	19.576
NVNT	a	5320	Ant1	19.674
NVNT	a	5500	Ant1	20.278
NVNT	a	5600	Ant1	20.779
NVNT	a	5720	Ant1	21.522



## Test Graphs

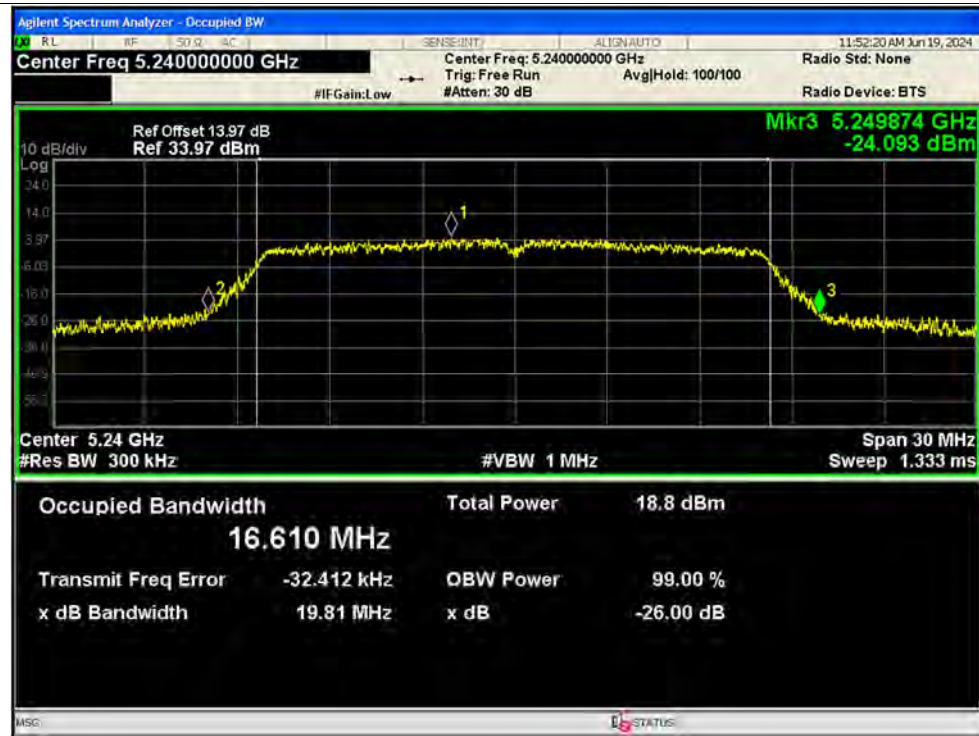
## -26dB Bandwidth NVNT a 5180MHz Ant1



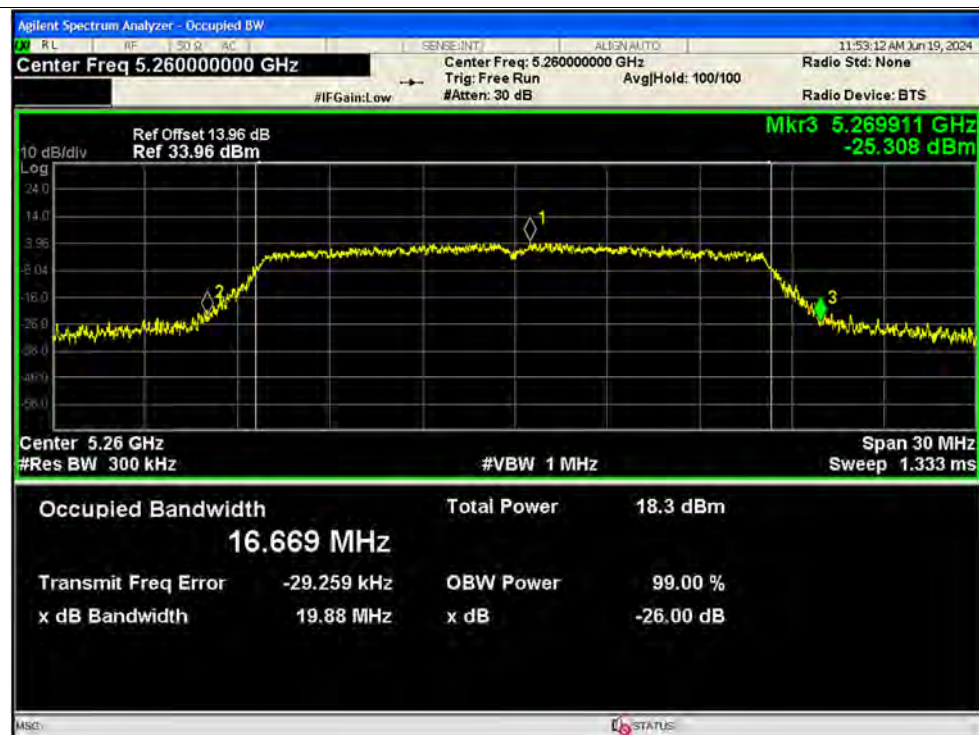
## -26dB Bandwidth NVNT a 5220MHz Ant1



## -26dB Bandwidth NVNT a 5240MHz Ant1



## -26dB Bandwidth NVNT a 5260MHz Ant1



## -26dB Bandwidth NVNT a 5300MHz Ant1

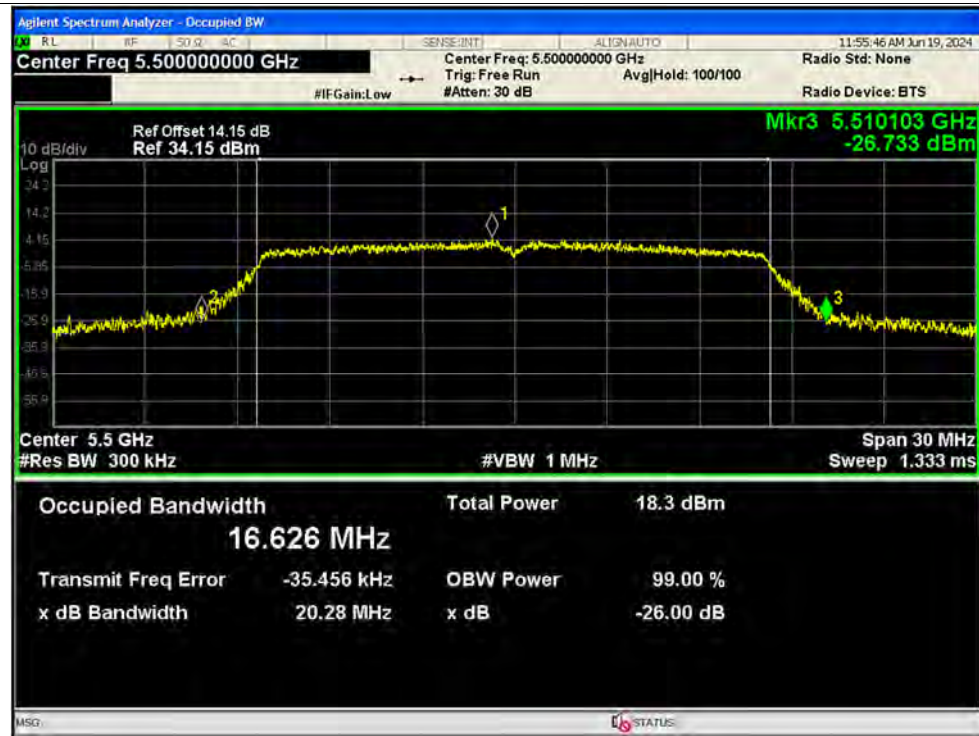


## -26dB Bandwidth NVNT a 5320MHz Ant1





## -26dB Bandwidth NVNT a 5500MHz Ant1

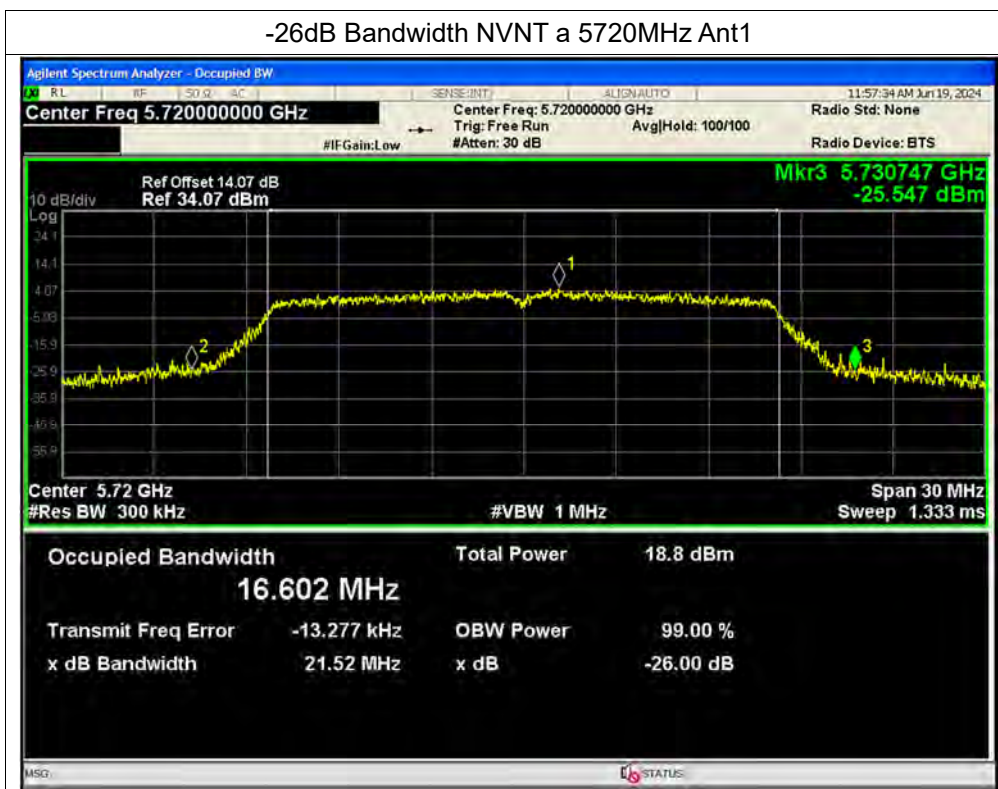


## -26dB Bandwidth NVNT a 5600MHz Ant1





-26dB Bandwidth NVNT a 5720MHz Ant1



**A.4. Peak Power Spectral Density**

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted PSD (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Conducted PSD (dBm)	Limit Conducted (dBm)	Verdict
NVNT	a	5180	Ant1	3.57	0.09	3.66	11	Pass
NVNT	a	5220	Ant1	3.11	0.12	3.23	11	Pass
NVNT	a	5240	Ant1	2.67	0.12	2.79	11	Pass
NVNT	a	5260	Ant1	2.41	0.12	2.53	11	Pass
NVNT	a	5300	Ant1	2.38	0.12	2.5	11	Pass
NVNT	a	5320	Ant1	2.54	0.12	2.66	11	Pass
NVNT	a	5500	Ant1	2.54	0.09	2.63	11	Pass
NVNT	a	5600	Ant1	2.47	0.09	2.56	11	Pass
NVNT	a	5720	Ant1	2.69	0.09	2.78	11	Pass

## Test Graphs

## PSD NVNT a 5180MHz Ant1



## PSD NVNT a 5220MHz Ant1





PSD NVNT a 5240MHz Ant1



PSD NVNT a 5260MHz Ant1



## PSD NVNT a 5300MHz Ant1



## PSD NVNT a 5320MHz Ant1



PSD NVNT a 5500MHz Ant1

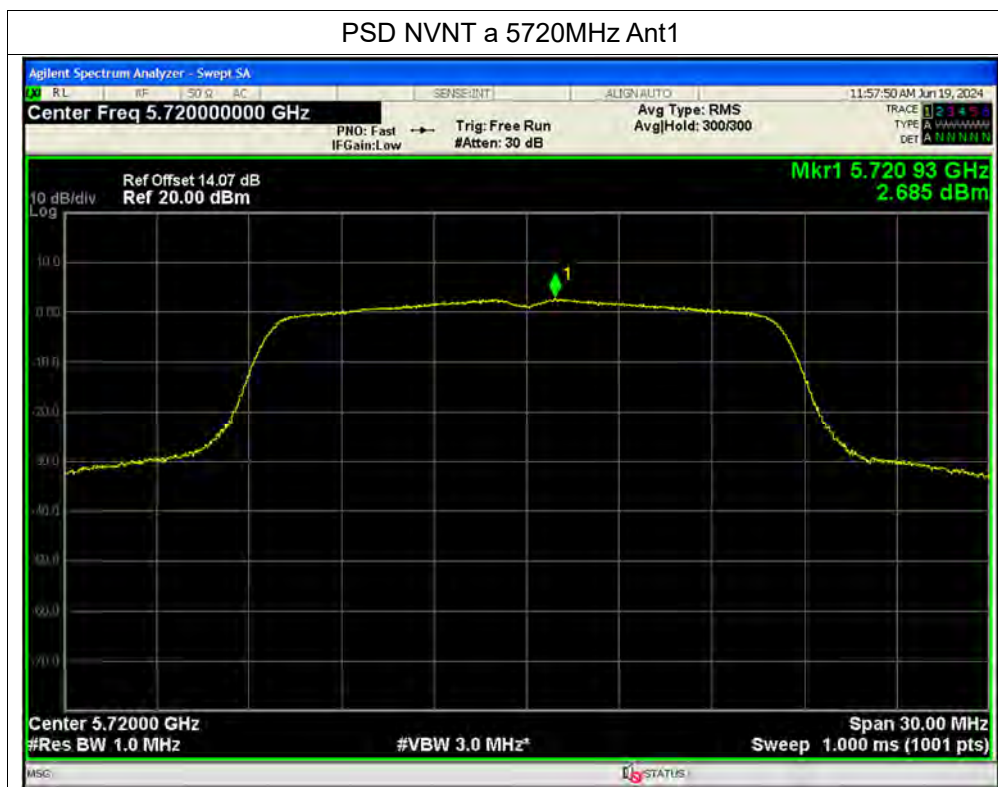


PSD NVNT a 5600MHz Ant1





PSD NVNT a 5720MHz Ant1



**A.5. Frequency Stability**

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Verdict
20C 3.0V	Carrier	5180	Ant1	5179.997	-3000	-0.58	25	Pass
20C 3.8V	Carrier	5180	Ant1	5179.996	-4000	-0.77	25	Pass
20C 4.35V	Carrier	5180	Ant1	5179.996	-4000	-0.77	25	Pass
0C 3.8V	Carrier	5180	Ant1	5179.996	-4000	-0.77	25	Pass
10C 3.8V	Carrier	5180	Ant1	5179.996	-4000	-0.77	25	Pass
30C 3.8V	Carrier	5180	Ant1	5179.996	-4000	-0.77	25	Pass
40C 3.8V	Carrier	5180	Ant1	5179.996	-4000	-0.77	25	Pass
20C 3.0V	Carrier	5260	Ant1	5259.995	-5000	-0.95	25	Pass
20C 3.8V	Carrier	5260	Ant1	5259.995	-5000	-0.95	25	Pass
20C 4.35V	Carrier	5260	Ant1	5259.995	-5000	-0.95	25	Pass
0C 3.8V	Carrier	5260	Ant1	5259.995	-5000	-0.95	25	Pass
10C 3.8V	Carrier	5260	Ant1	5259.995	-5000	-0.95	25	Pass
30C 3.8V	Carrier	5260	Ant1	5259.995	-5000	-0.95	25	Pass
40C 3.8V	Carrier	5260	Ant1	5259.995	-5000	-0.95	25	Pass
20C 3.0V	Carrier	5500	Ant1	5499.993	-7000	-1.27	25	Pass
20C 3.8V	Carrier	5500	Ant1	5499.992	-8000	-1.45	25	Pass
20C 4.35V	Carrier	5500	Ant1	5499.992	-8000	-1.45	25	Pass
0C 3.8V	Carrier	5500	Ant1	5499.992	-8000	-1.45	25	Pass
10C 3.8V	Carrier	5500	Ant1	5499.992	-8000	-1.45	25	Pass
30C 3.8V	Carrier	5500	Ant1	5499.992	-8000	-1.45	25	Pass
40C 3.8V	Carrier	5500	Ant1	5499.992	-8000	-1.45	25	Pass





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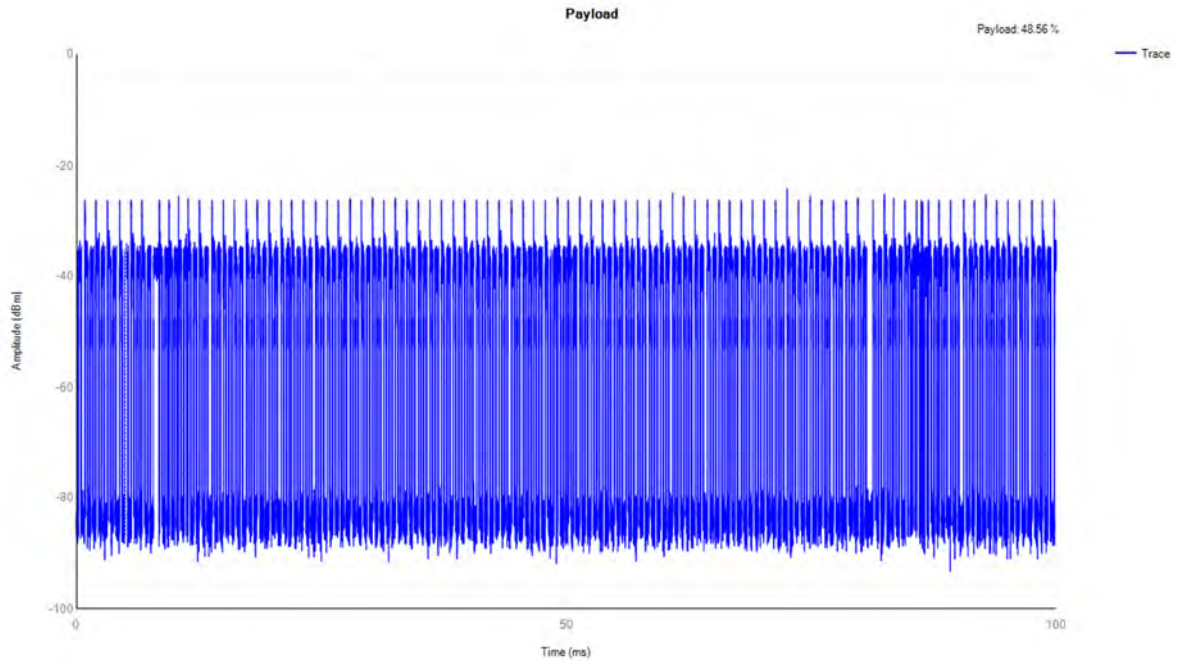
#### A.6. Dynamic Frequency Selection

Payload

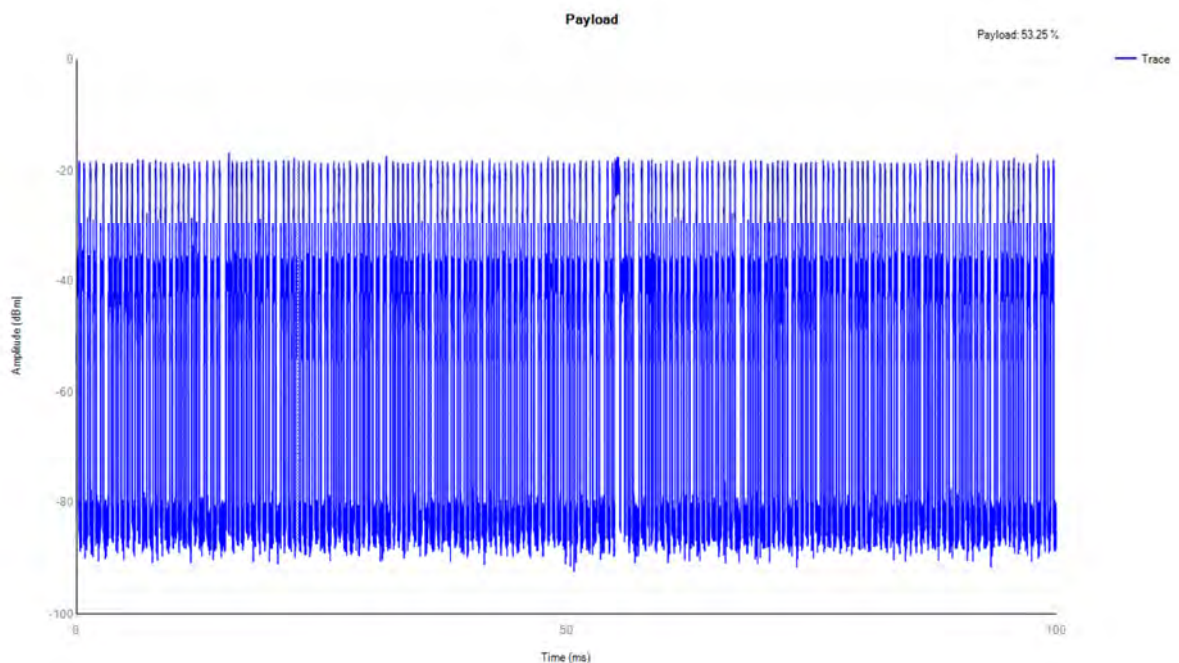
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Result	Verdict
a	5260	48.56	Pass
a	5500	53.25	Pass

## Test Graphs

## a 5260MHz Payload



## a 5500MHz Payload





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Detection Thresholds

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Type	Result	Verdict
a	5320	DFS_FCC_T0	See test Graph	Pass
a	5500	DFS_FCC_T0	See test Graph	Pass

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Span: Zero

Detector Type: Peak

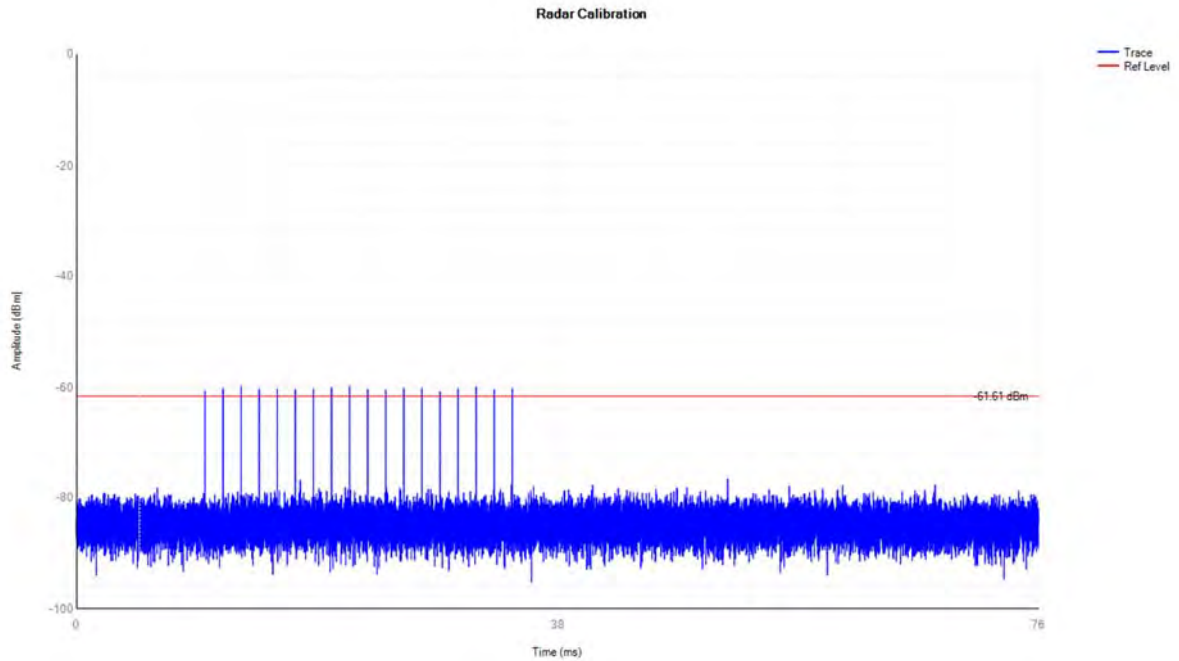
RBW: 3MHz

VBW: 3MHz

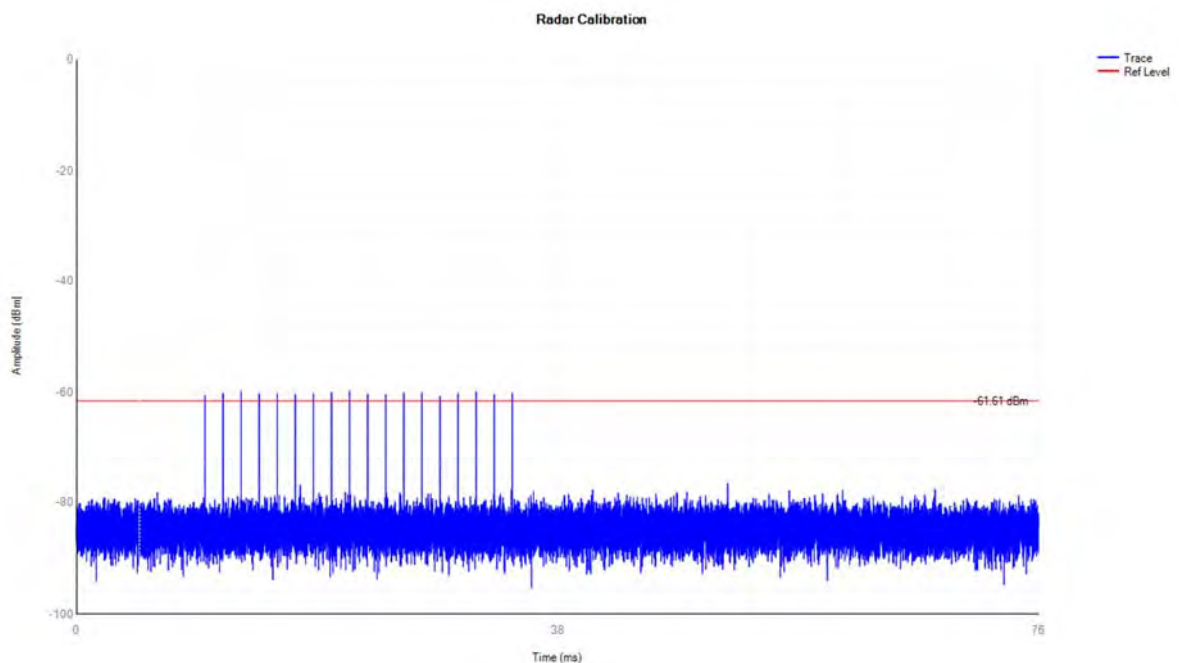


## Test Graphs

## 5260MHz DFS\_FCC\_T0



## 5500MHz DFS\_FCC\_T0





## Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Move Time (s)	Limit Channel Move Time (s)	Close Transmission Time (s)	Limit Close Transmission Time (s)	Close Transmission Time after 200ms(s)	Limit Close Transmission Time after 200ms (s)	Verdict
a	5320	0.795	10	0.031	0.26	0.007	0.06	Pass
a	5500	0.924	10	0.07	0.26	0.009	0.06	Pass

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Span: Zero

Detector type: Peak

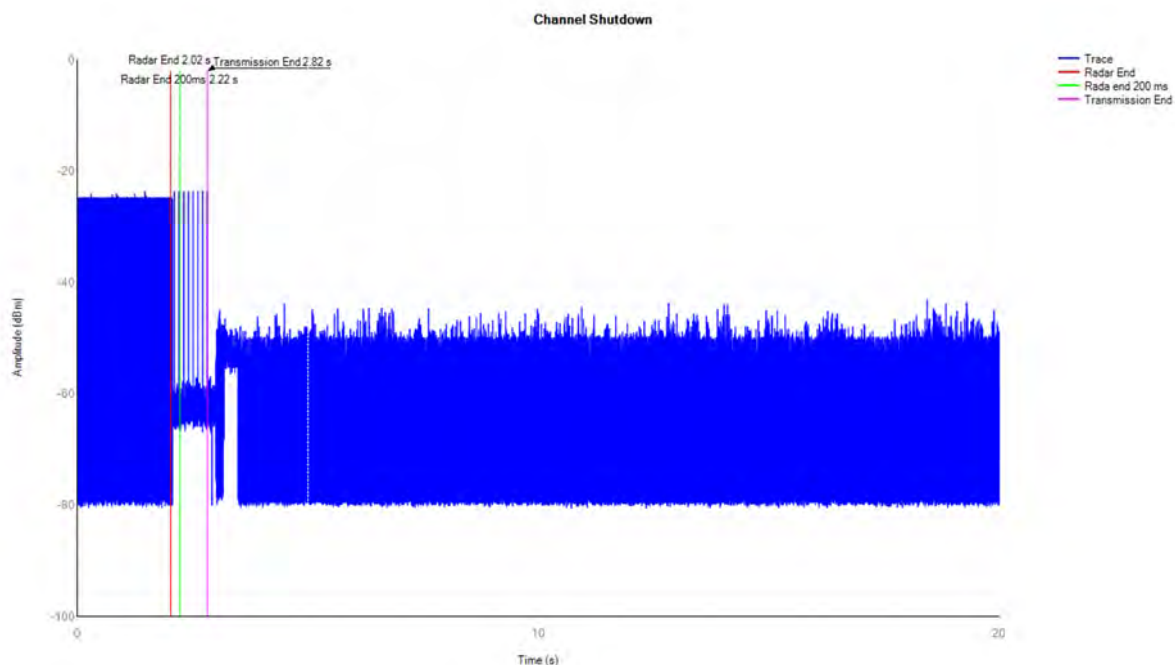
RBW: 3MHz

VBW: 3MHz

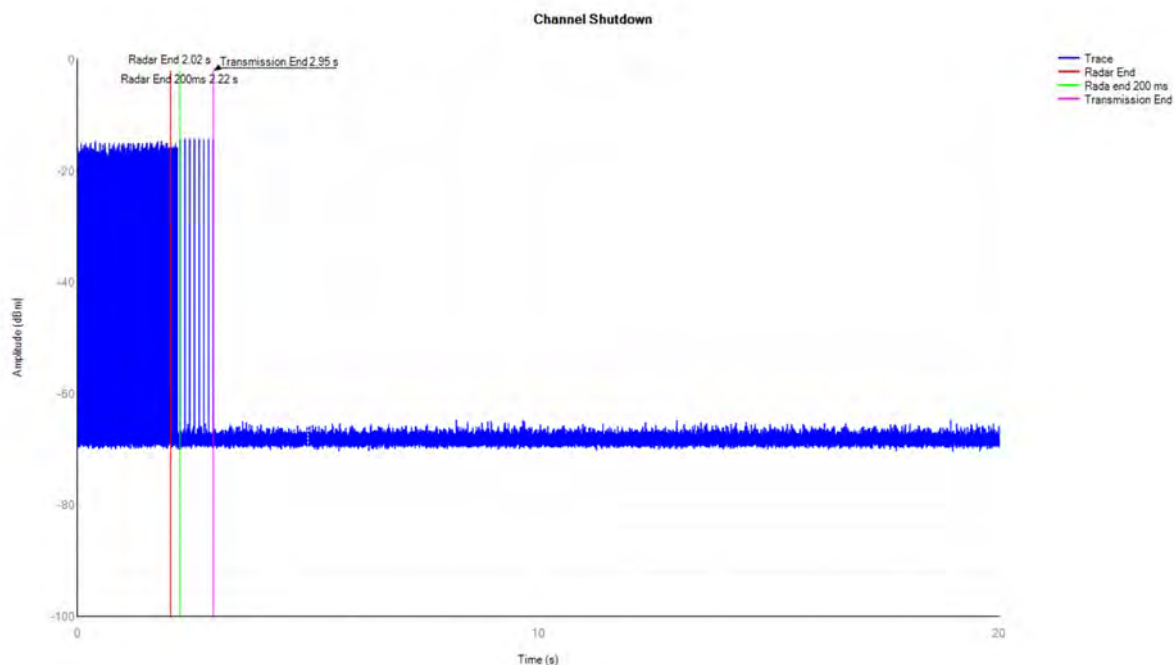
Sweep time: 20s

## Test Graphs

## a 5260MHz Shutdown



## a 5500MHz Shutdown



Note: The signal above the noise floor after the radar signal ends is the signal which leaked from other channels that have been moved following the Master device.



REPORT No.: SZ24040308W07

Non-Occupancy Period

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Result	Verdict
a	5320	See test Graph	Pass
a	5500	See test Graph	Pass

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Span: Zero

Detector type: Peak

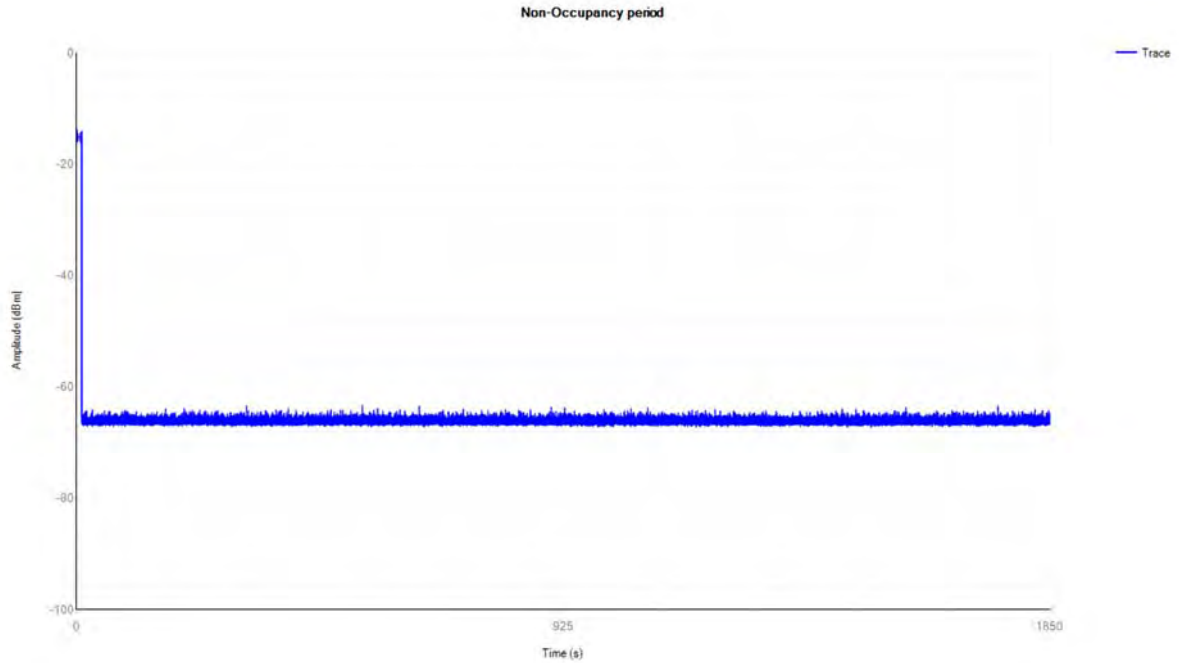
RBW: 3MHz

VBW: 3MHz

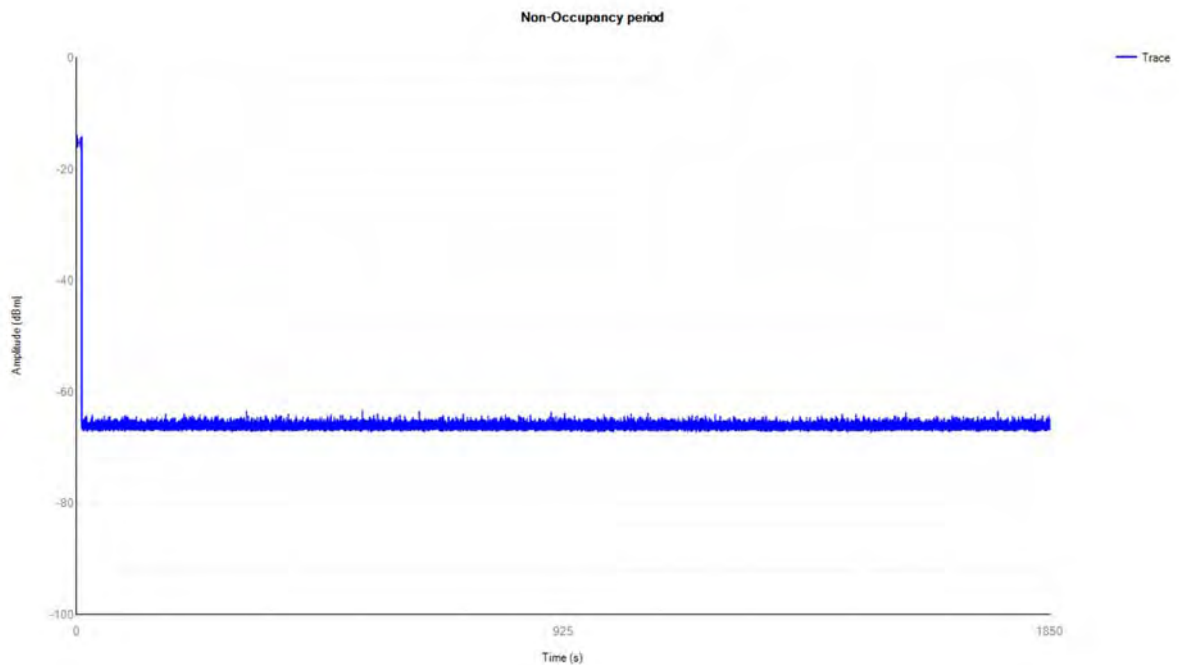
Sweep time: 1850s

## Test Graphs

## a 5320MHz Non-Occupancy



## a 5500MHz Non-Occupancy





### A.7. Conducted Emission

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Set RBW=9kHz, VBW=30kHz. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

**Note:** Both of the test voltage AC 120V/60Hz and AC 230V/50Hz were considered and tested respectively, only the results of the worst case AC 120V/60Hz were recorded in this report.

#### A. Test Setup:

Test Mode: EUT + Adapter + USB cable +WIFI TX

Test voltage: AC 120V/60Hz

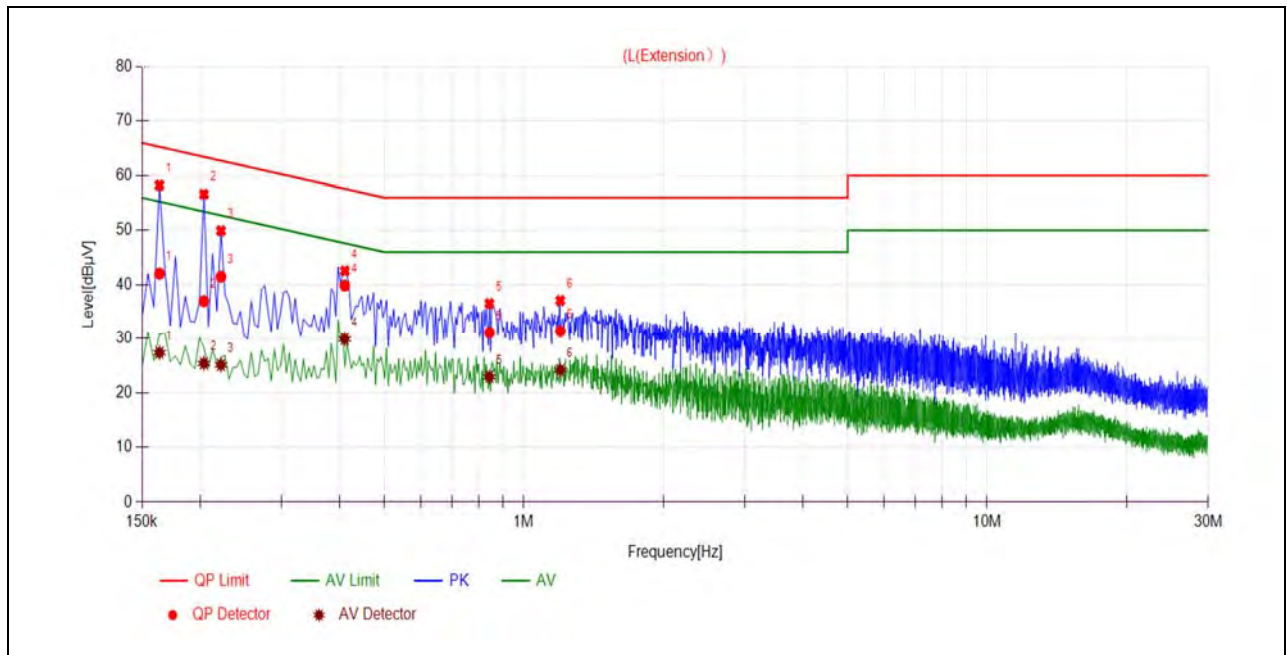
The measurement results are obtained as below:

$$E \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V]} = U_R + L_{\text{Cable loss}} \text{ [dB]} + A_{\text{Factor}}$$

$U_R$ : Receiver Reading

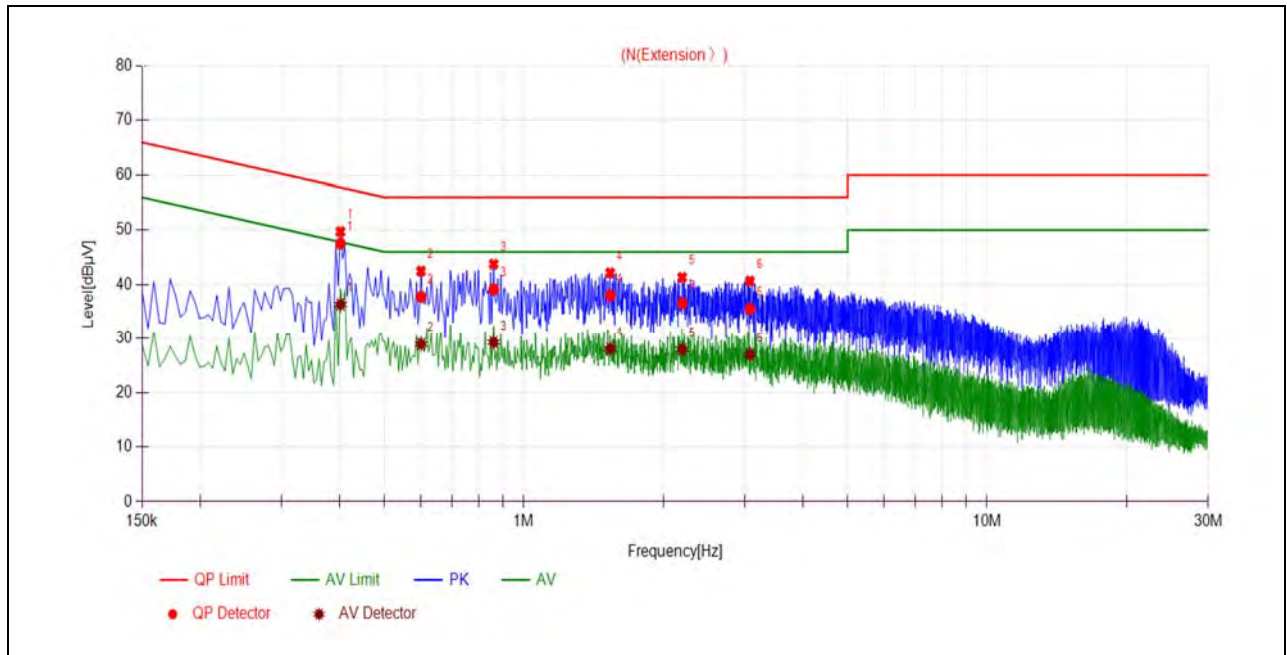
$A_{\text{Factor}}$ : Voltage division factor of LISN

## B. Test Plot:



(L Phase)

No.	Fre. (MHz)	Emission Level (dBμV)		Limit (dBμV)		Power-line	Verdict
		Quai-peak	Average	Quai-peak	Average		
1	0.1636	42.03	27.34	65.28	55.28	Line	PASS
2	0.2039	36.96	25.36	63.45	53.45		PASS
3	0.2220	41.49	25.08	62.74	52.74		PASS
4	0.4106	39.85	29.88	57.64	47.64		PASS
5	0.8430	31.10	22.89	56.00	46.00		PASS
6	1.1992	31.38	24.15	56.00	46.00		PASS



(N Phase)

No.	Fre. (MHz)	Emission Level (dBμV)		Limit (dBμV)		Power-line	Verdict
		Quai-peak	Average	Quai-peak	Average		
1	0.4021	47.54	36.34	57.81	47.81	Neutral	PASS
2	0.6004	37.74	28.92	56.00	46.00		PASS
3	0.8610	39.11	29.28	56.00	46.00		PASS
4	1.5371	38.03	28.07	56.00	46.00		PASS
5	2.1979	36.58	27.95	56.00	46.00		PASS
6	3.0768	35.52	27.00	56.00	46.00		PASS





### A.8. Restricted Frequency Bands

The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the Restricted Frequency Bands.

The measurement results are obtained as below:

$$E \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = U_R + A_T + A_{\text{Factor}} \text{ [dB]}; A_T = L_{\text{Cable loss}} \text{ [dB]} - G_{\text{preamp}} \text{ [dB]}$$

$A_T$ : Total correction Factor except Antenna

$U_R$ : Receiver Reading

$G_{\text{preamp}}$ : Preamplifier Gain

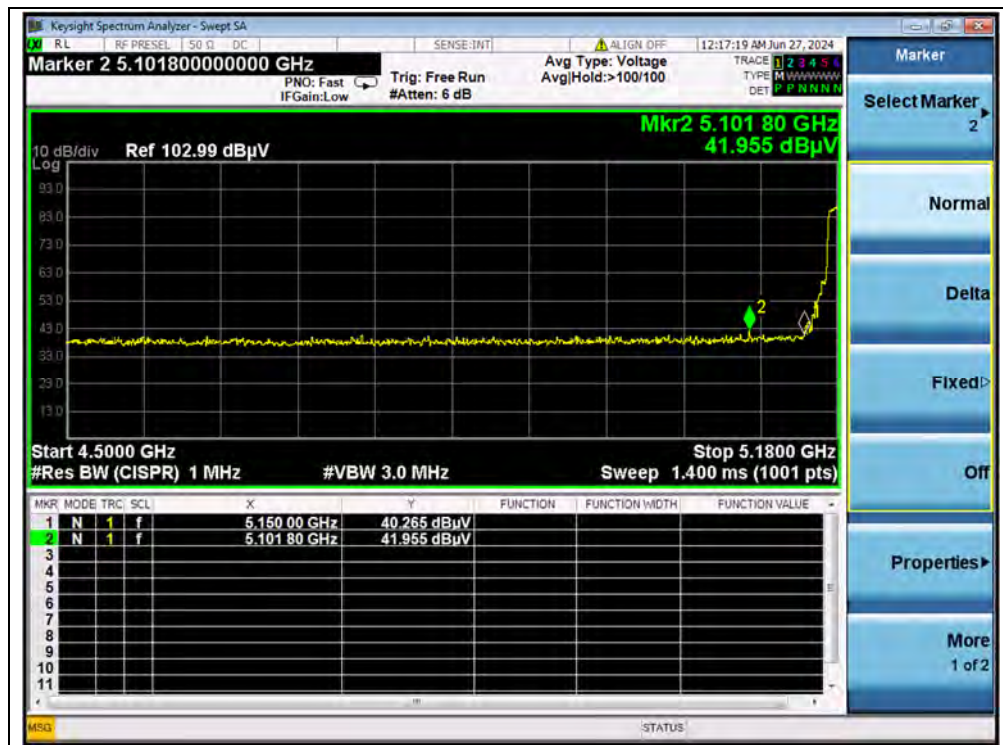
$A_{\text{Factor}}$ : Antenna Factor at 3m

**Note 1:** Restricted Frequency Bands were performed when antenna was at vertical and horizontal polarity, and only the worse test condition (vertical) was recorded in this test report.

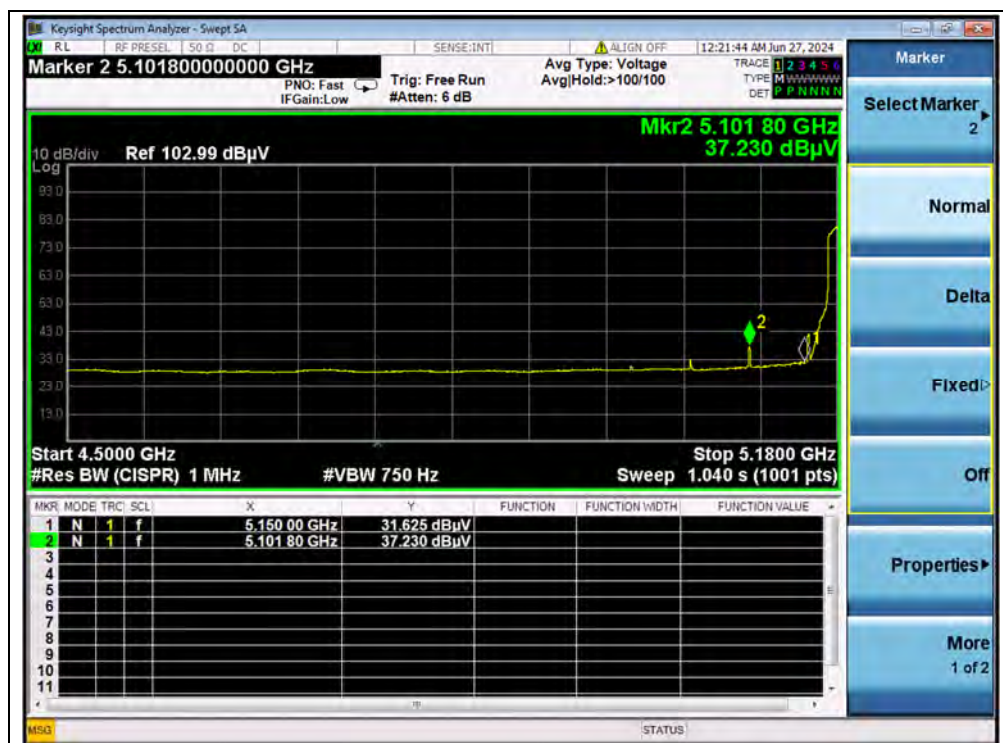
**Note 2** All test modes and bandwidth were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full test, only the worst data were recorded for each bandwidth.

#### 802.11a Mode

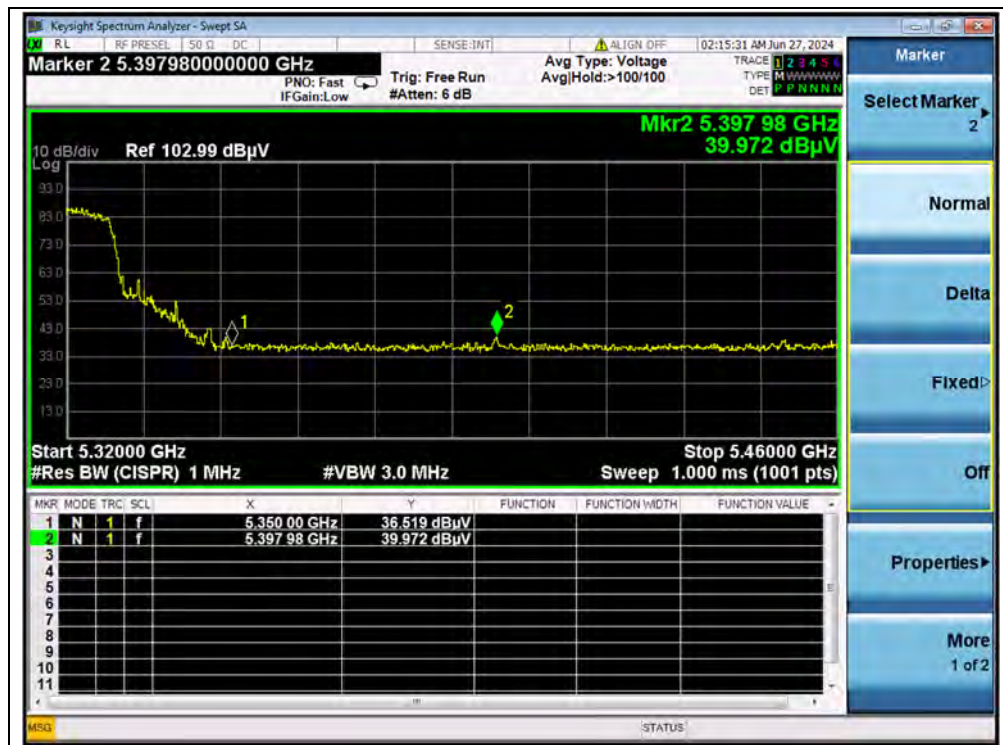
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading	A <sub>T</sub> (dB)	A <sub>Factor</sub> (dB@3m)	Max. Emission E	Limit (dBµV/m)	Verdict
		PK/ AV	U <sub>R</sub> (dBµV)			(dBµV/m)		
36	5101.80	PK	41.96	-21.29	32.20	52.87	74	PASS
36	5101.80	AV	37.23	-21.29	32.20	48.14	54	PASS
64	5397.98	PK	39.97	-20.66	32.20	51.51	74	PASS
64	5397.98	AV	36.56	-20.66	32.20	48.10	54	PASS
100	5134.00	PK	40.95	-20.24	32.20	52.91	74	PASS
100	5422.00	AV	36.43	-20.24	32.20	48.39	54	PASS
144	5725.80	PK	47.56	-20.24	32.20	59.52	68.23	PASS



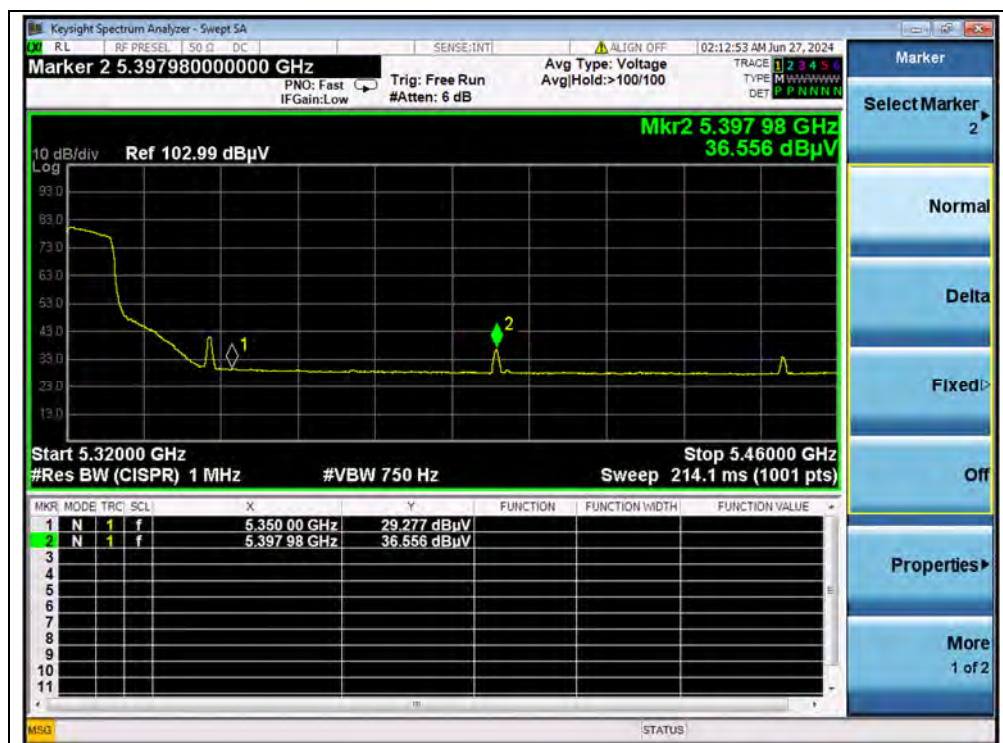
(PEAK, Channel 36, 802.11a)



(AVERAGE, Channel 36, 802.11a)

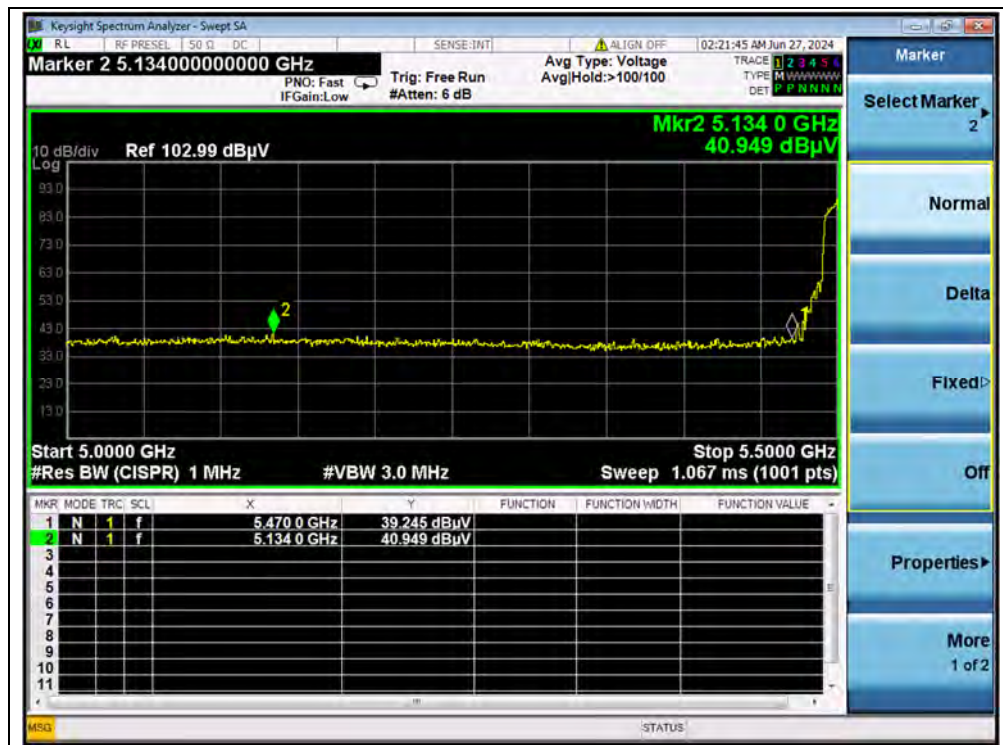


(PEAK, Channel 64, 802.11a)

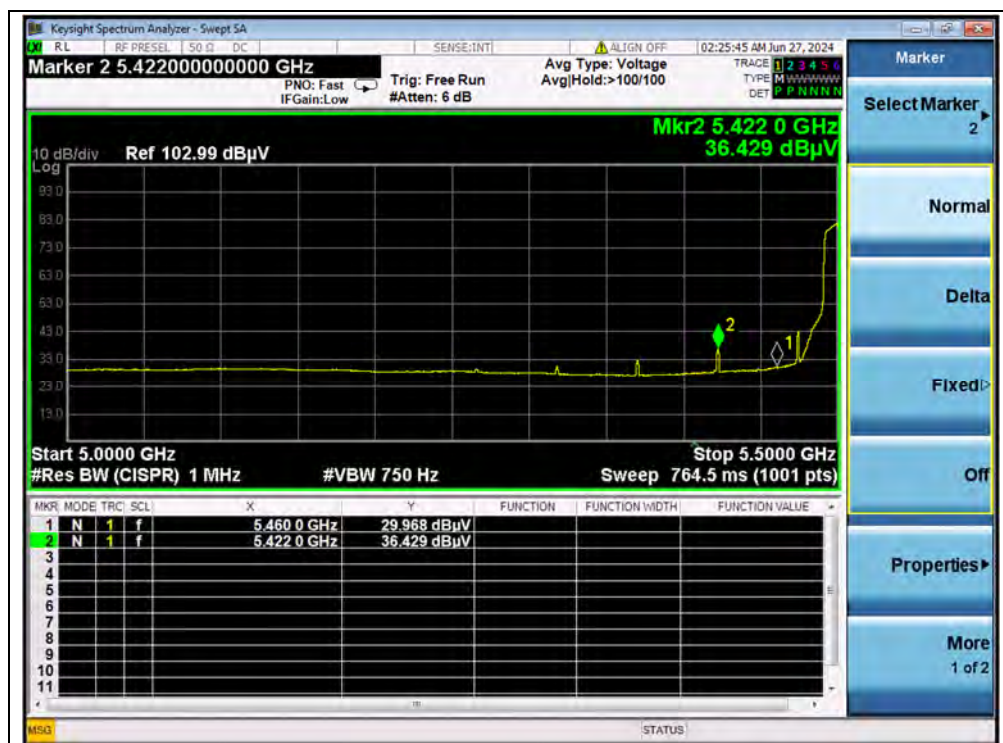


(AVERAGE, Channel 64, 802.11a)

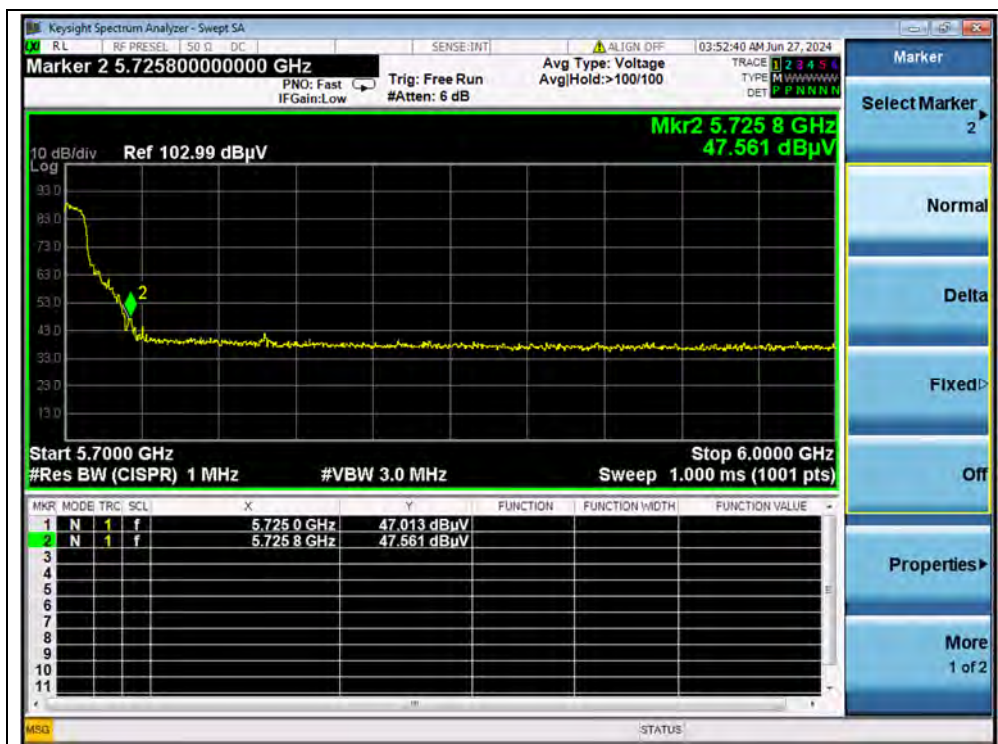




(PEAK, Channel 100, 802.11a)



(AVERAGE, Channel 100, 802.11a)



(PEAK, Channel 144, 802.11a)



### A.9. Radiated Emission

According to ANSI C63.10, because of peak detection will yield amplitudes equal to or greater than amplitudes measured with the quasi-peak (or average) detector, the measurement data from a spectrum analyzer peak detector will represent the worst-case results, if the peak measured value complies with the quasi-peak (or average) limit, it is unnecessary to perform an quasi-peak measurement (or average).

The measurement results are obtained as below:

$$E \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = U_R + A_T + A_{\text{Factor}} \text{ [dB]}; A_T = L_{\text{Cable loss}} \text{ [dB]} - G_{\text{preamp}} \text{ [dB]}$$

$A_T$ : Total correction Factor except Antenna

$U_R$ : Receiver Reading

$G_{\text{preamp}}$ : Preamplifier Gain

$A_{\text{Factor}}$ : Antenna Factor at 3m

During the test, the total correction Factor  $A_T$  and  $A_{\text{Factor}}$  were built in test software.

**Note1:** All radiated emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

**Note2:** For the frequency, which started from 9kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit was not recorded.

**Note3:** For the frequency, which started from 18GHz to 40GHz harmonic of the highest frequency, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit was not recorded.

**Note 4:** All test modes and bandwidth were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full test, only the worst data were recorded for each bandwidth.

Field strength of fundamental:

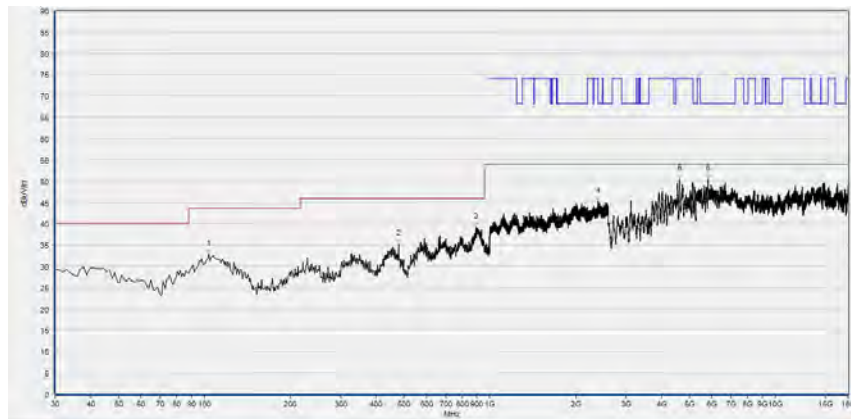
Frequency (MHz)	Reading_Peak (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Path Loss (dB)	Final_Peak (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna Polarity
5321.40	87.14	27.20	6.74	121.08	Horizontal
5318.55	84.15	27.20	6.74	118.09	Vertical

The field strength (the lowest) of fundamenta is more than 20dB higher than the unwanted emissions, in accordance with FCC part 15.215(b).



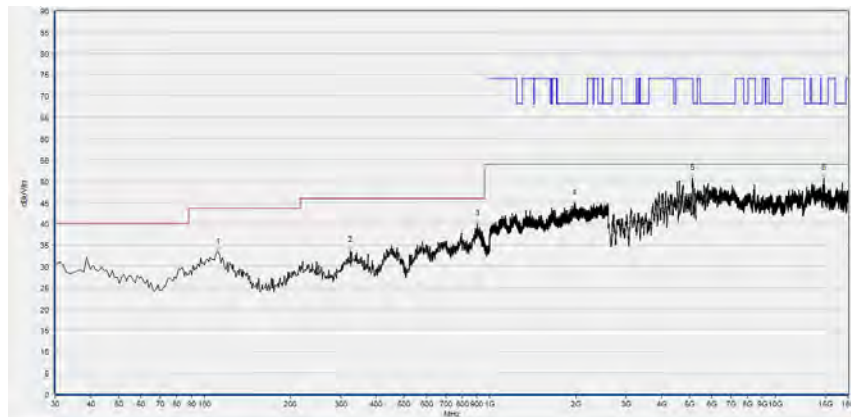
# 802.11a Mode

## Plot for Channel 36



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
103.720	32.89	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
479.110	35.23	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
895.240	39.22	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
2392.000	45.19	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
4620.480	50.46	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Horizontal	PASS
5815.520	50.43	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS

(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)



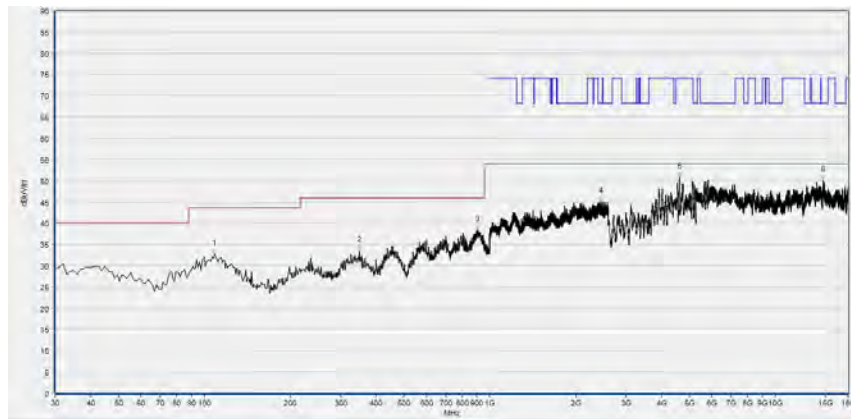
Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
111.480	33.36	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Vertical	PASS
324.880	33.74	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
903.000	39.92	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
1977.067	44.67	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS
5134.840	50.62	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Vertical	PASS
14796.800	50.58	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS

(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)



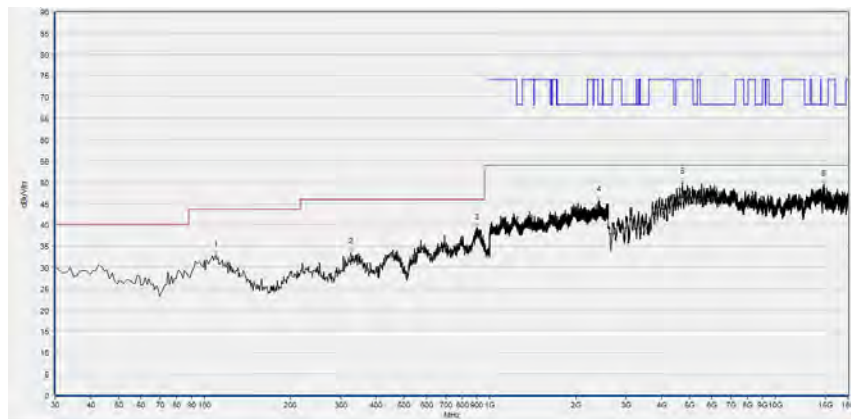


## Plot for Channel 44



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
108.570	32.74	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
349.130	33.54	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
904.940	38.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
2447.467	45.12	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
4623.560	50.74	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Horizontal	PASS
14753.680	50.10	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS

(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)

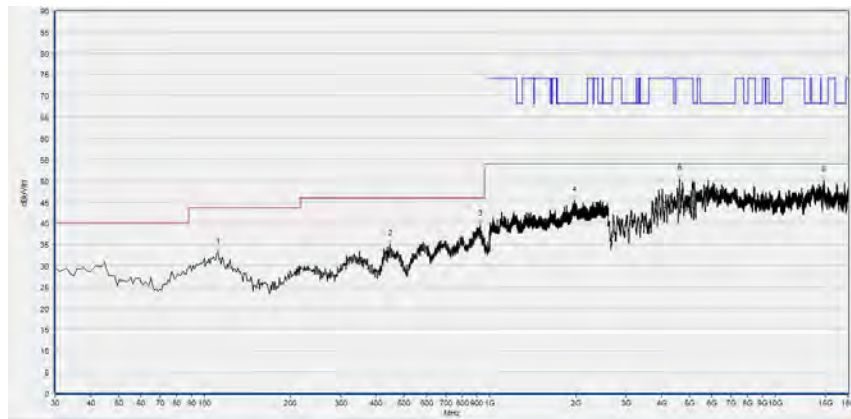


Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
109.540	32.86	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Vertical	PASS
326.820	33.48	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
897.180	39.19	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
2411.200	45.70	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS
4734.440	50.01	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Vertical	PASS
14812.200	49.51	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS

(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)

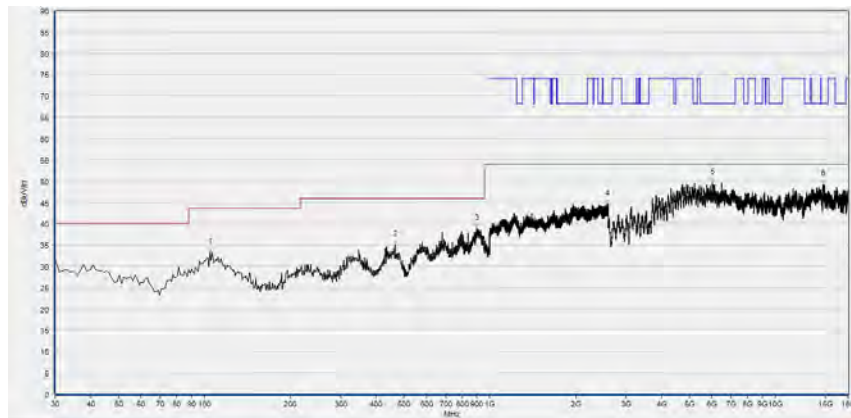


## Plot for Channel 48



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
111.480	33.14	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
447.100	35.11	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
927.250	39.78	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
1976.533	45.44	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
4623.560	50.48	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Horizontal	PASS
14756.760	50.15	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS

(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)

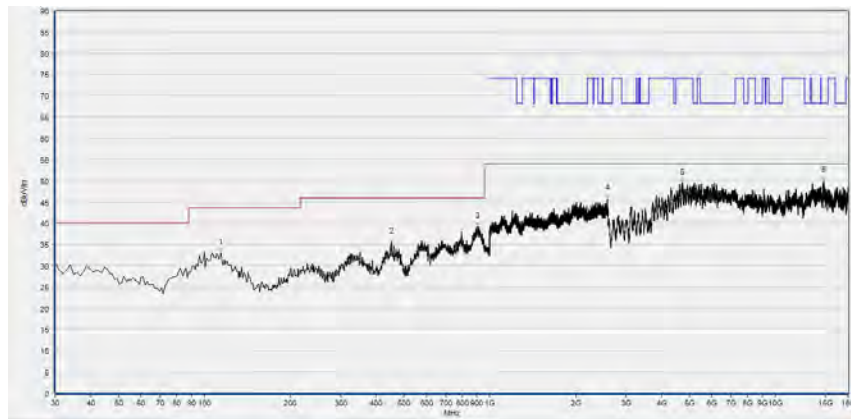


Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
104.690	33.38	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Vertical	PASS
466.500	34.95	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
898.150	38.82	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
2578.133	44.59	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS
6024.960	49.62	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS
14744.440	49.29	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS

(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)

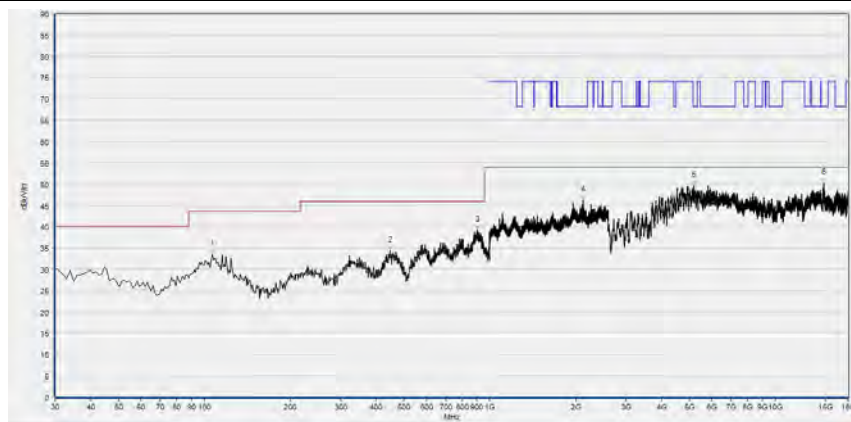


Plot for Channel 52



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
114.390	33.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
452.920	35.47	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
903.970	39.19	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
2581.867	45.70	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
4731.360	49.45	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Horizontal	PASS
14799.880	50.03	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS

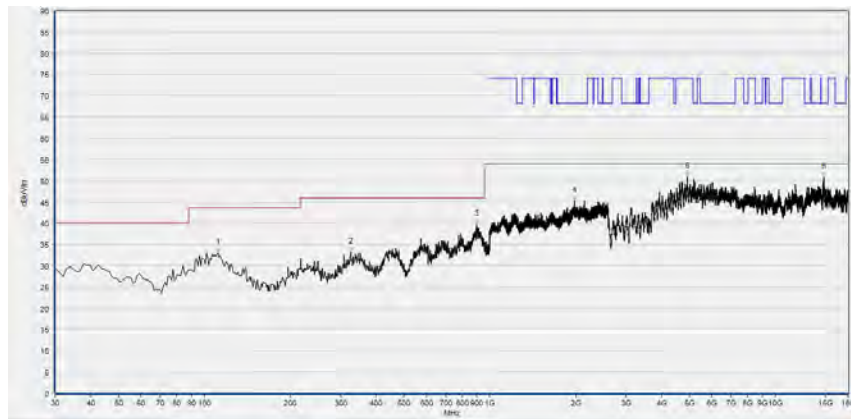
(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
106.630	33.48	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Vertical	PASS
447.100	34.36	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
903.000	39.28	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
2119.467	46.19	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS
5184.120	49.56	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS
14766.000	50.26	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS

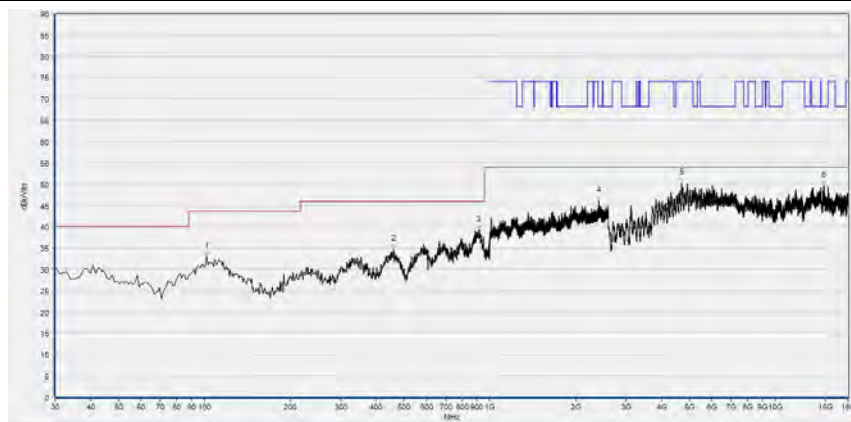
(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)

Plot for Channel 60



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
111.480	32.97	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
325.850	33.16	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
898.150	39.65	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
1975.467	45.22	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
4928.480	50.94	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Horizontal	PASS
14772.160	50.77	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS

(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)

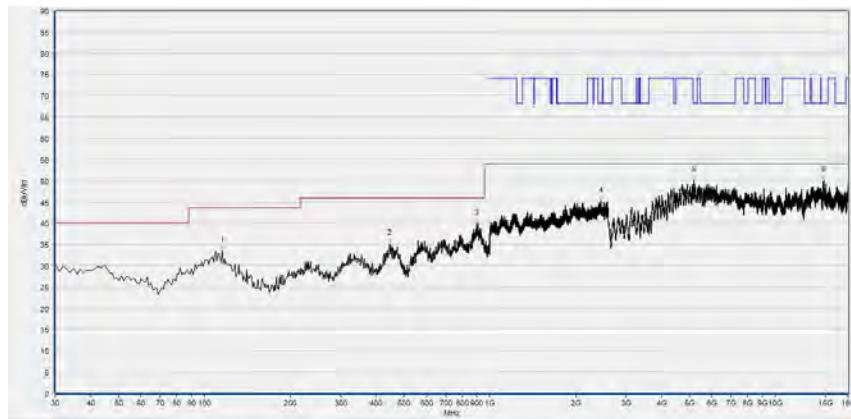


Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
101.780	32.97	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Vertical	PASS
459.710	34.67	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
916.580	39.14	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
2406.933	46.05	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS
4703.640	50.34	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Vertical	PASS
14756.760	49.56	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS

(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)

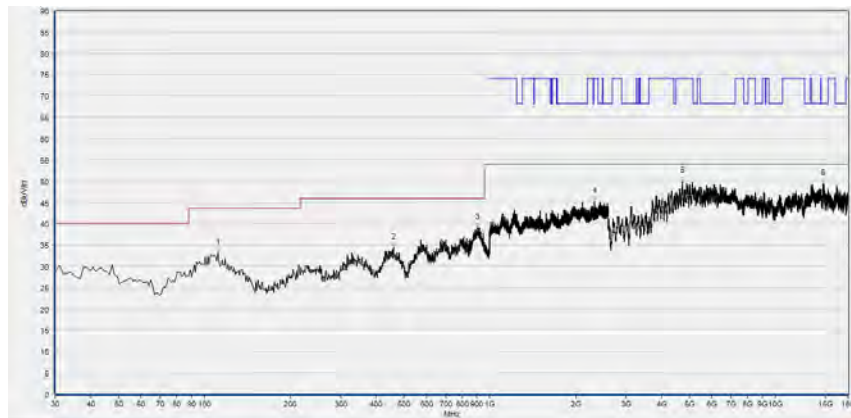


Plot for Channel 64



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
115.360	33.44	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
445.160	35.16	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
900.090	39.92	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
2453.333	45.19	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
5184.120	50.07	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
14772.160	50.11	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS

(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)

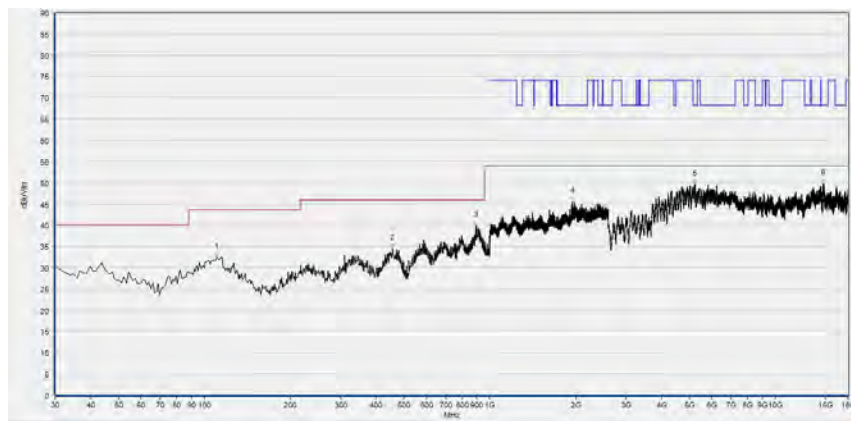


Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
111.480	33.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Vertical	PASS
459.710	34.40	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
904.940	38.99	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
2332.800	45.20	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Vertical	PASS
4731.360	49.95	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Vertical	PASS
14732.120	49.44	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS

(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)

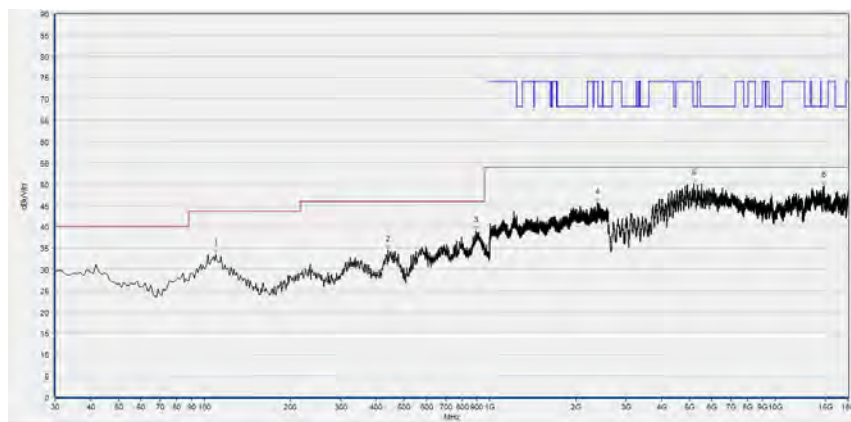


Plot for Channel 100



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
110.510	32.39	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
455.830	34.51	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
891.360	39.88	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
1941.333	45.65	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
5227.240	49.55	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
14747.520	49.80	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS

(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)

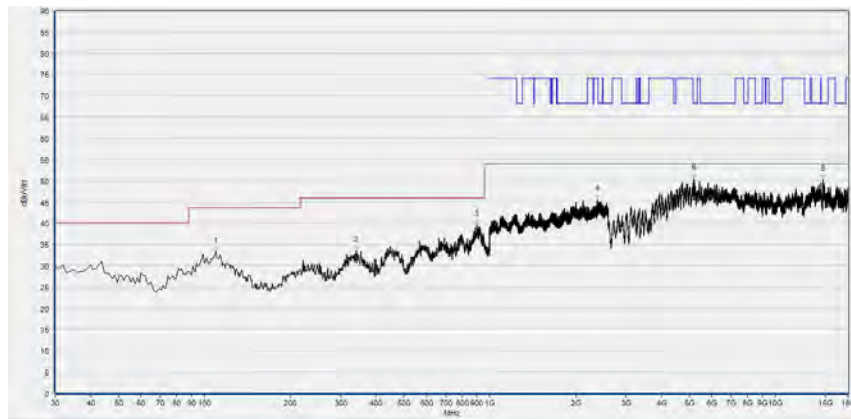


Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
109.540	33.44	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Vertical	PASS
440.310	34.54	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
895.240	39.12	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
2386.133	45.52	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Vertical	PASS
5174.880	50.15	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS
14818.360	49.64	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS

(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)

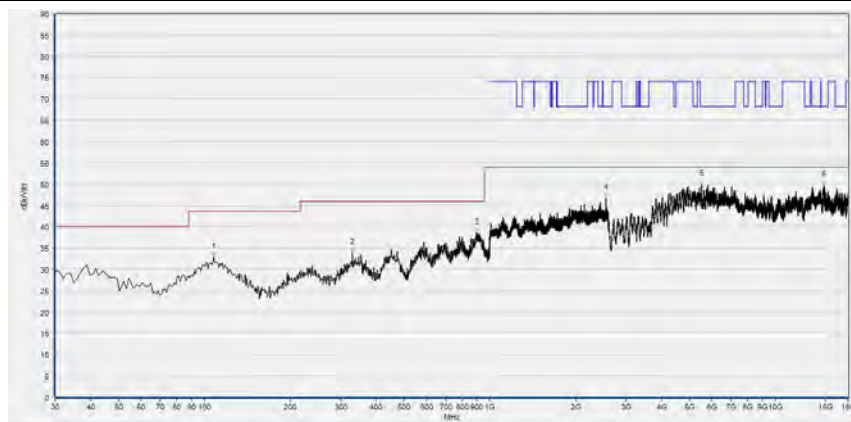


Plot for Channel 120



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
109.540	33.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
340.400	33.46	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
901.060	39.50	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
2380.267	45.65	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Horizontal	PASS
5177.960	50.47	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
14753.680	50.22	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS

(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)

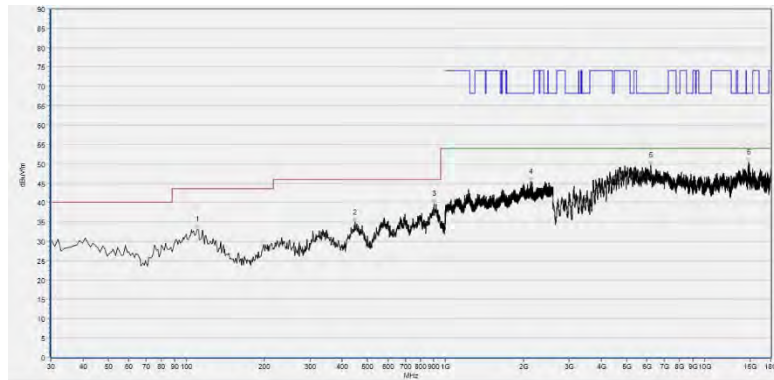


Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
107.600	32.80	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Vertical	PASS
330.700	33.93	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
898.150	38.47	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
2549.867	46.78	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS
5510.600	49.96	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS
14778.320	49.73	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS

(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)

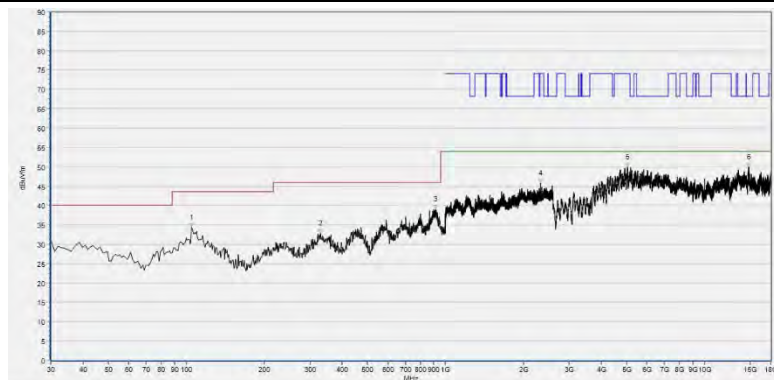


Plot for Channel 144



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
110.510	33.19	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
448.070	34.86	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
904.940	39.79	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
2133.333	45.36	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
6206.680	49.57	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS
14769.080	50.41	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Horizontal	PASS

(Antenna Horizontal, 30MHz to 18GHz)



Fre. (MHz)	PK (dBμV/m)	QP (dBμV/m)	AV (dBμV/m)	Limit-PK (dBμV/m)	Limit-QP (dBμV/m)	Limit-AV (dBμV/m)	Antenna	Verdict
104.690	34.36	N/A	N/A	N/A	43.50	N/A	Vertical	PASS
330.700	32.80	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
912.700	39.09	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.00	N/A	Vertical	PASS
2327.467	45.77	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Vertical	PASS
5036.280	49.96	N/A	N/A	74.00	N/A	54.00	Vertical	PASS
14809.120	49.93	N/A	N/A	68.23	N/A	N/A	Vertical	PASS

(Antenna Vertical, 30MHz to 18GHz)

END OF REPORT