

7.4.2. Packet Type: DH3, 3DH3

-Basic model

Operation Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	1.64	262.40	400
8DPSK	2 441	1.64	262.40	400

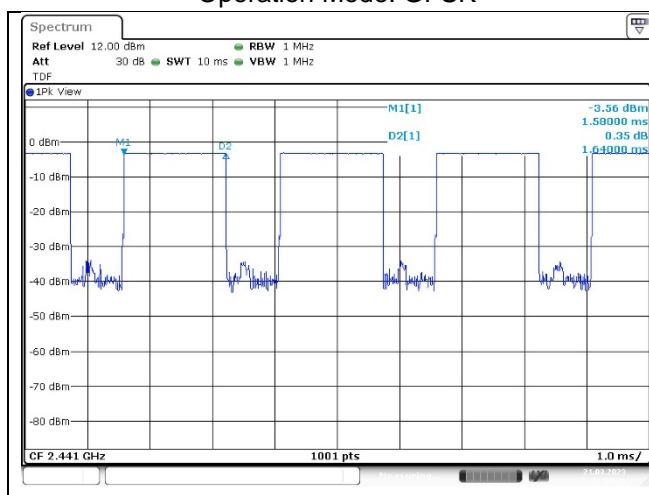
Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec

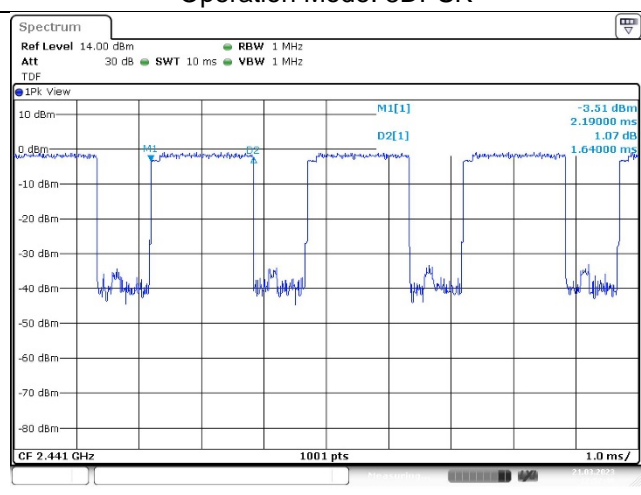
In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $1.64 \times \{(1\ 600 \div 4) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 262.40\ \text{ms}$

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK



Operation Mode: 8DPSK



-Variant model

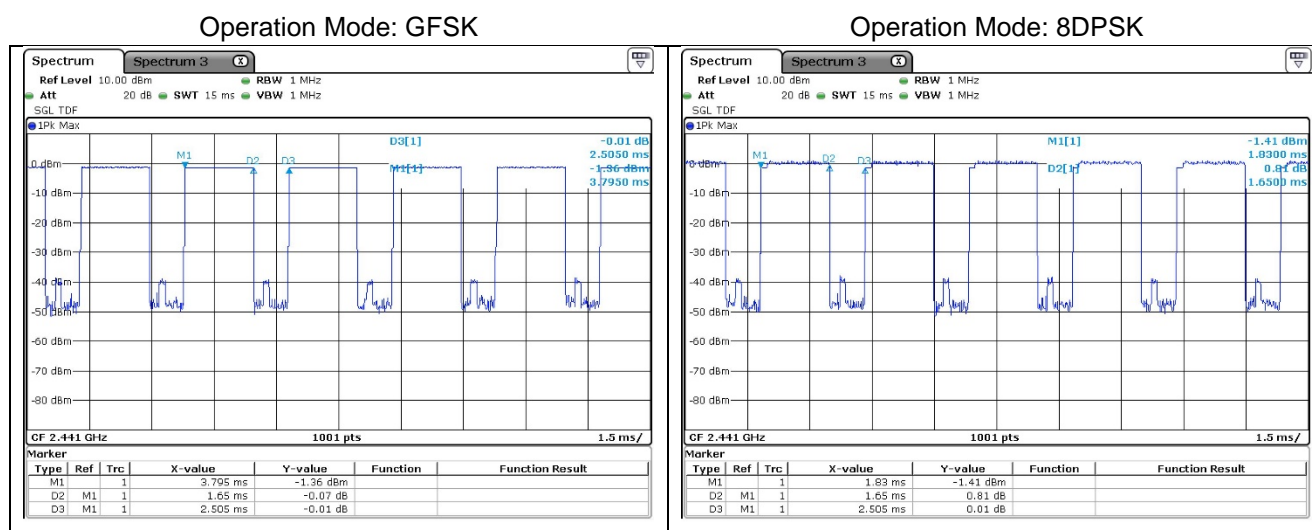
Operation Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	1.65	264.00	400
8DPSK	2 441	1.65	264.00	400

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec

In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $1.65 \times \{(1\ 600 \div 4) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 264.00\ \text{ms}$

- Test plots



7.4.3. Packet Type: DH5, 3DH5

- Basic model

Operation Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	2.89	308.27	400
8DPSK	2 441	2.89	308.27	400

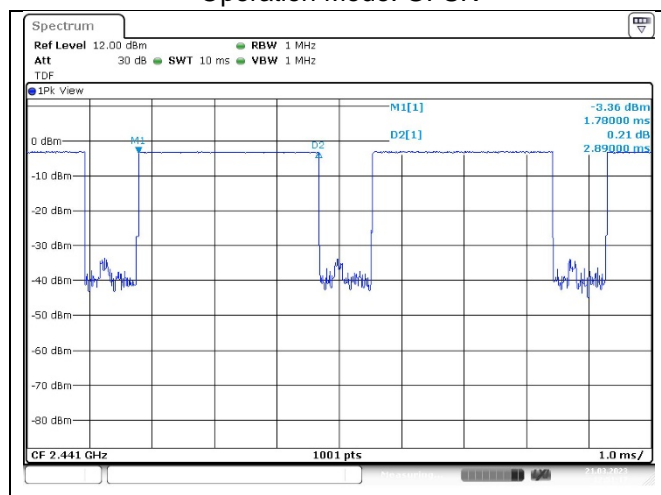
Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec

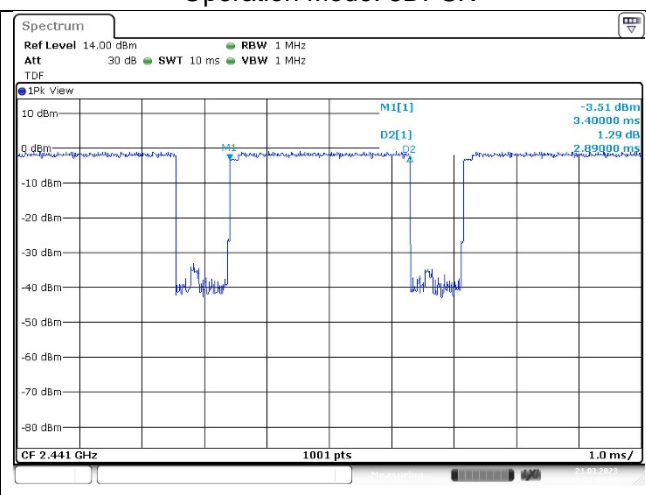
In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $2.89 \times \{(1\ 600 \div 6) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 308.27\ \text{ms}$

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK



Operation Mode: 8DPSK



- Variant model

Operation Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	2.88	307.20	400
8DPSK	2 441	2.88	307.20	400

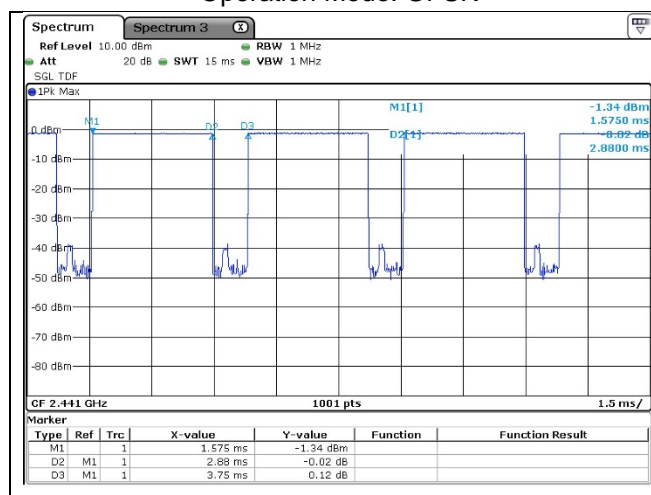
Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec

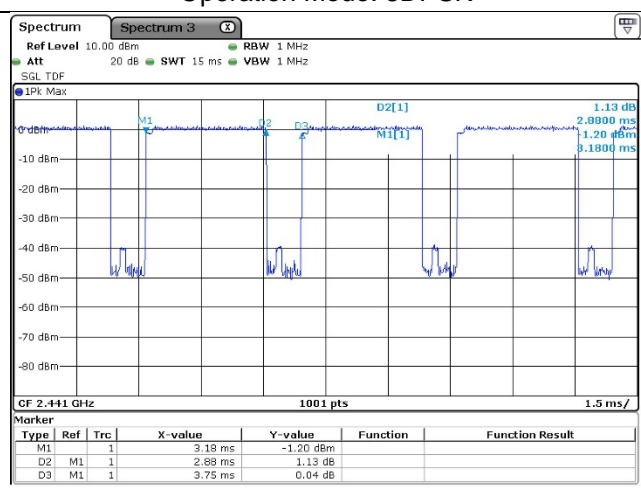
In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $2.88 \times \{(1\ 600 \div 6) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 307.20\ \text{ms}$

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK



Operation Mode: 8DPSK



7.4.4. Packet Type: DH1, 3DH1 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

- Basic model

Operation Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	0.38	60.80	400
8DPSK	2 441	0.39	62.40	400

Remark;

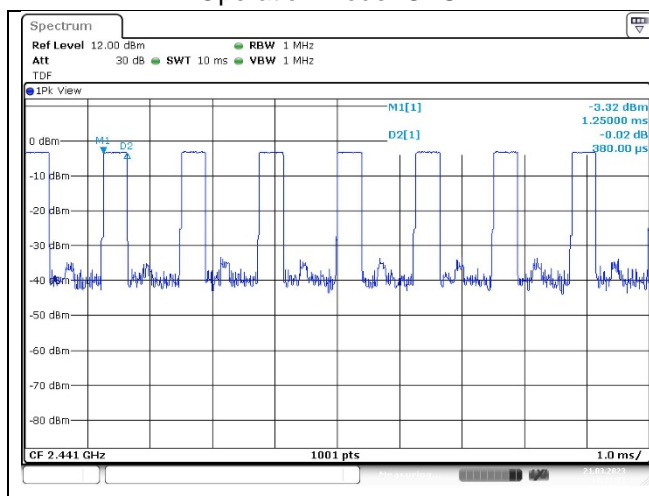
Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec

In case of GFSK: $0.38 \times \{(800 \div 2) / 20\} \times 8 = 60.80$ ms

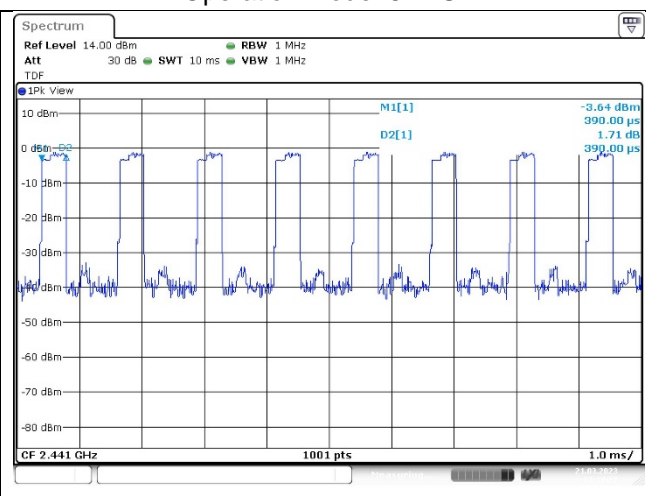
In case of 8DPSK: $0.39 \times \{(800 \div 2) / 20\} \times 8 = 62.40$ ms

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK



Operation Mode: 8DPSK



- Varian model

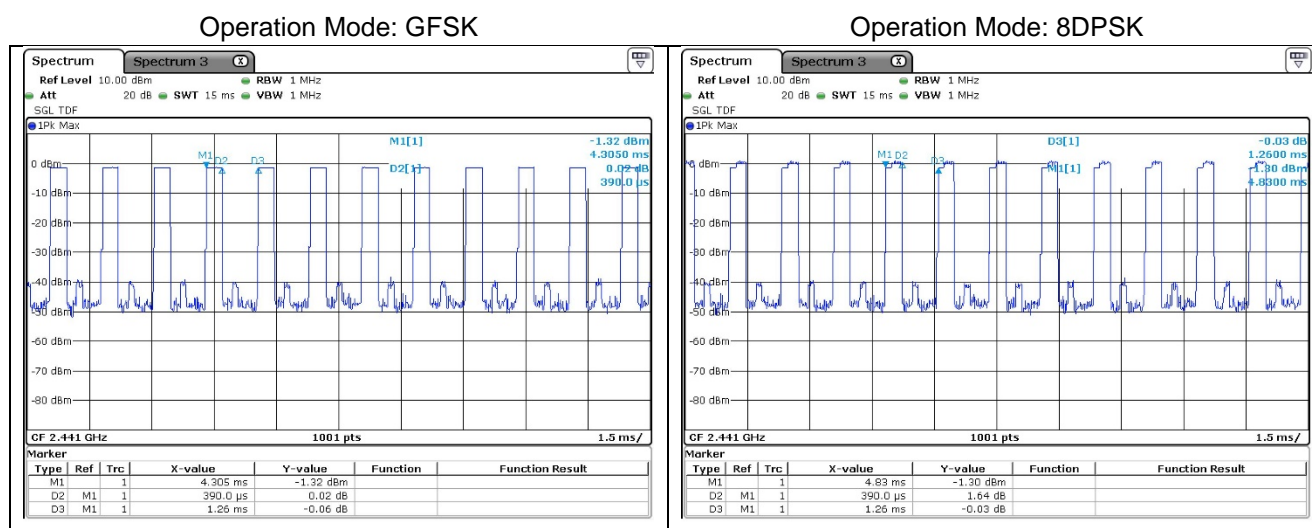
Operation Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	0.39	62.40	400
8DPSK	2 441	0.39	62.40	400

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec

In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $0.39 \times \{(800 \div 2) / 20\} \times 8 = 62.40$ ms

- Test plots



7.4.5. Packet Type: DH3, 3DH3 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

- Basic model

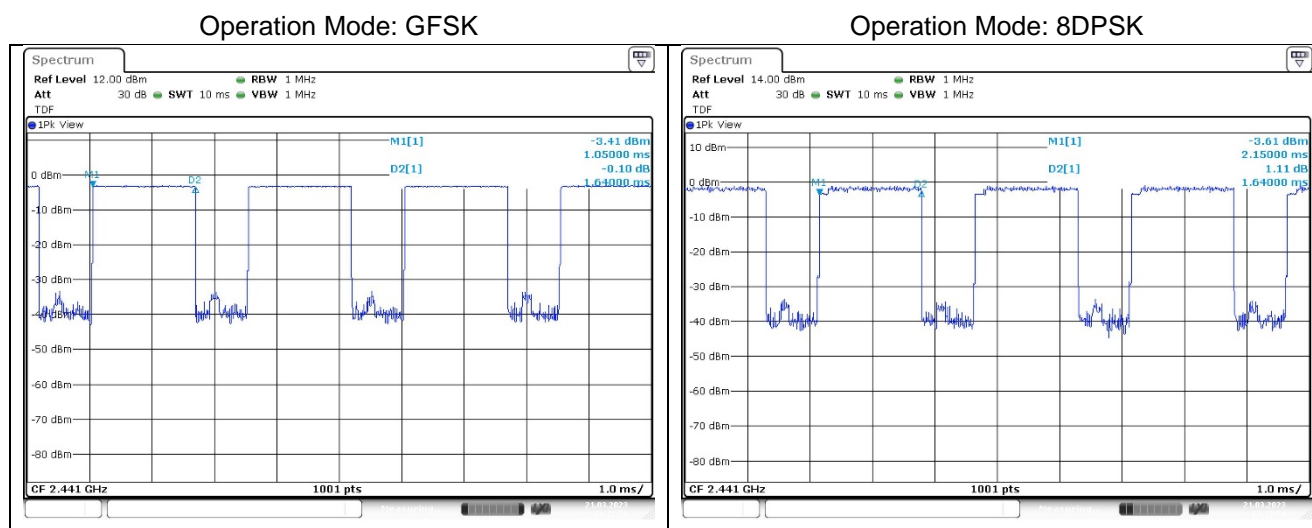
Operation Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	1.64	131.20	400
8DPSK	2 441	1.64	131.20	400

Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec

In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $1.64 \times \{(800 \div 4) \div 20\} \times 8 = 131.20 \text{ ms}$

- Test plots



- Variant model

Operation Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	1.64	131.20	400
8DPSK	2 441	1.65	132.00	400

Remark;

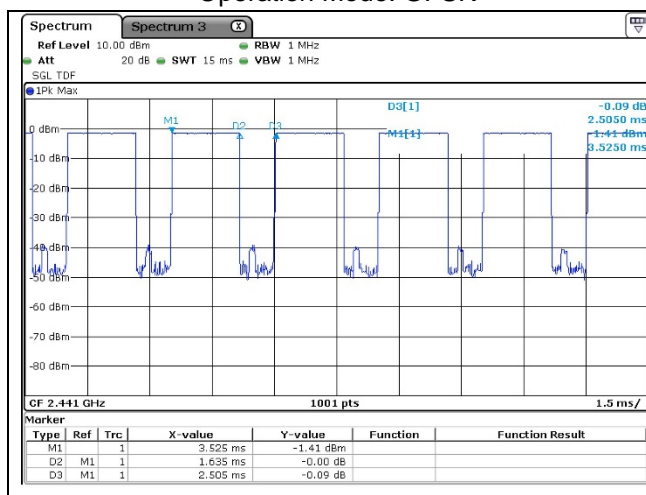
Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec

In case of GFSK: $1.64 \times \{(800 \div 4) / 20\} \times 8 = 131.20 \text{ ms}$

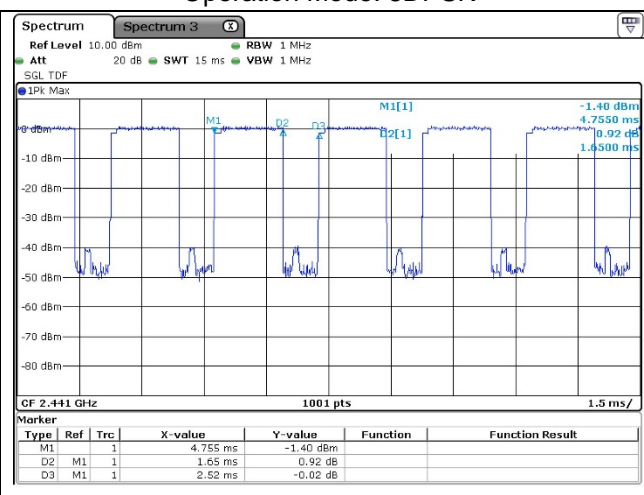
In case of 8DPSK: $1.65 \times \{(800 \div 4) / 20\} \times 8 = 132.00 \text{ ms}$

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK



Operation Mode: 8DPSK



7.4.6. Packet Type: DH5, 3DH5 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

- Basic model

Operation Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	2.89	154.13	400
8DPSK	2 441	2.89	154.13	400

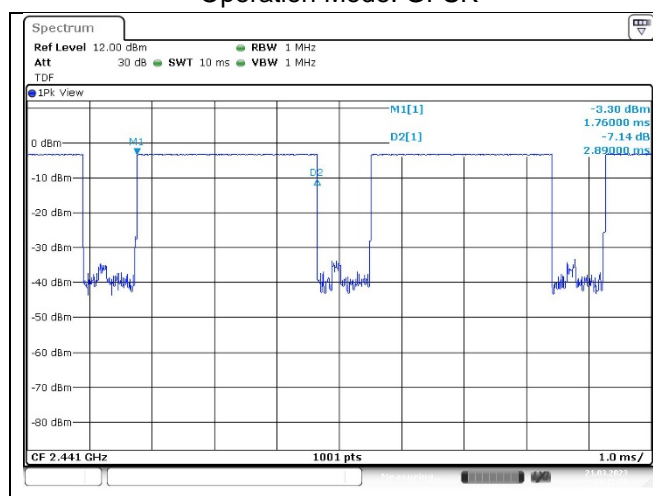
Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec

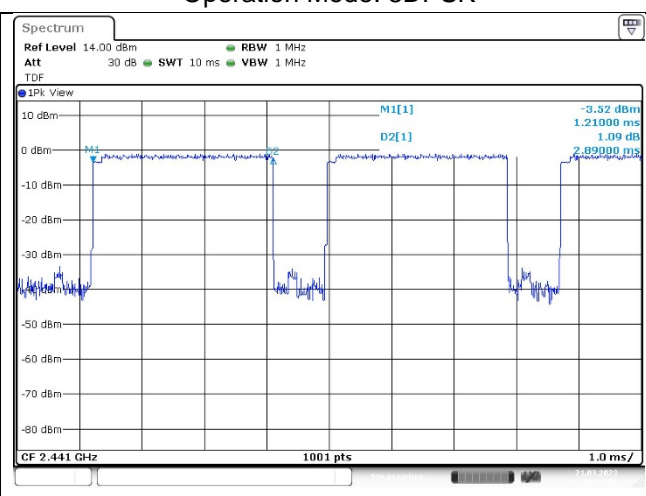
In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $2.89 \times \{(800 \div 6) \div 20\} \times 8 = 154.13 \text{ ms}$

- Test plots

Operation Mode: GFSK



Operation Mode: 8DPSK



- Variant model

Operation Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441	2.87	153.07	400
8DPSK	2 441	2.90	154.67	400

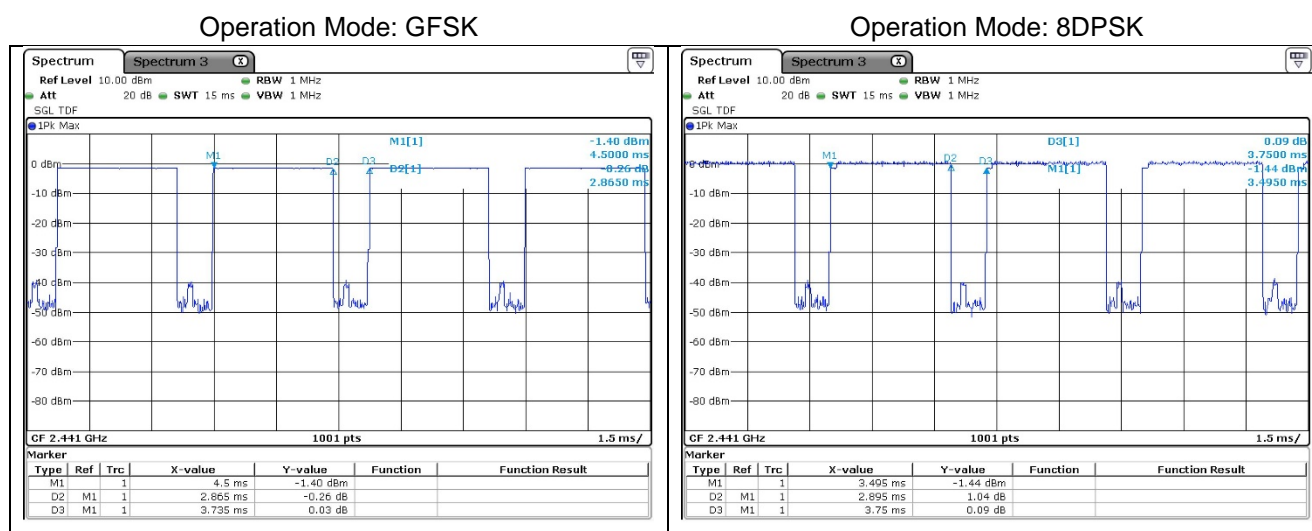
Remark;

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec

In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $2.87 \times \{(800 \div 6) / 20\} \times 8 = 153.07$ ms

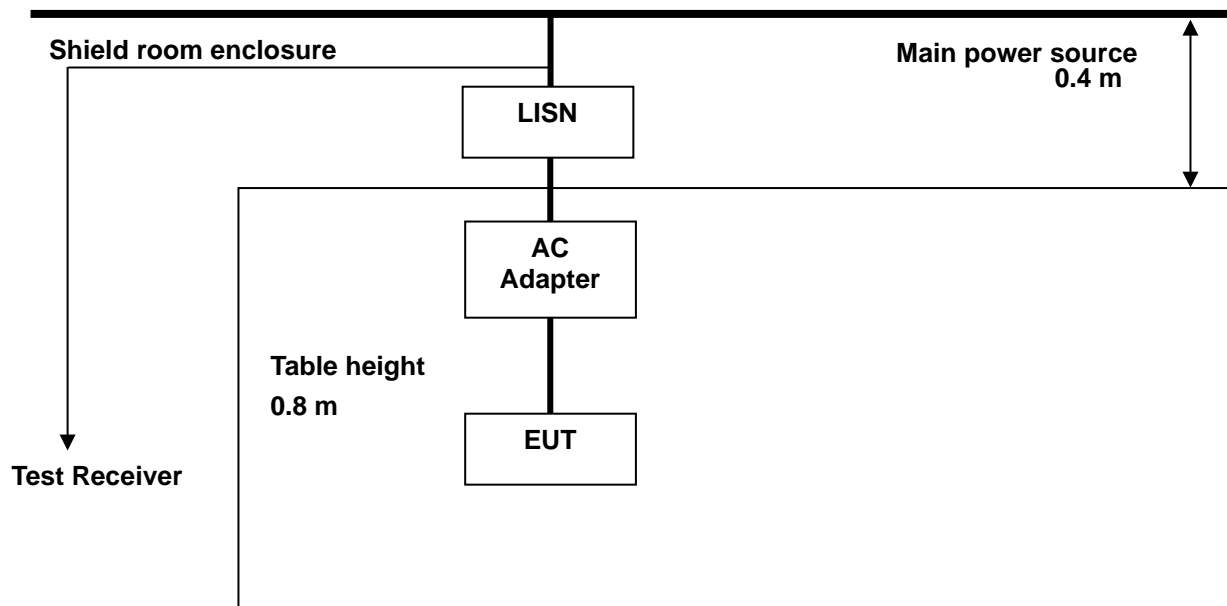
In case of GFSK and 8DPSK: $2.90 \times \{(800 \div 6) / 20\} \times 8 = 154.67$ ms

- Test plots



8. AC Power Line Conducted Emission

8.1. Test Setup



8.2. Limit

8.2.1 FCC

According to §15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H / 50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

8.2.2 IC

RSS-Gen Issue 5, 8.8, Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table 4, as measured using a 50 μ H / 50 Ω line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT.

For an EUT that connects to the AC power lines indirectly, through another device, the requirement for compliance with the limits in table 4 shall apply at the terminals of the AC power-line mains cable of a representative support device, while it provides power to the EUT. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges. The device used to power the EUT shall be representative of typical applications.

Table 4 - AC power-line conducted emissions limits

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average**
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Note 1: The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

For an EUT with a permanent or detachable antenna operating between 150 kHz and 30 MHz, the AC power-line conducted emissions must be measured using the following configurations:

- (a) Perform the AC power-line conducted emissions test with the antenna connected to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 outside the transmitter's fundamental emission band.
- (b) Retest with a dummy load instead of the antenna to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 within the transmitter's fundamental emission band. For a detachable antenna, remove the antenna and connect a suitable dummy load to the antenna connector. For a permanent antenna, remove the antenna and terminate the RF output with a dummy load or network that simulates the antenna in the fundamental frequency band.

8.3. Test Procedures

AC conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.10-2013

1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

8.4. Test Results

The following table shows the highest levels of conducted emissions on both phase of Hot and Neutral line.

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Frequency range : 0.15 MHz - 30 MHz
Measured Bandwidth : 9 kHz

- Basic model

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBμV)		LINE	LIMIT (dBμV)		MARGIN (dB)	
	Q-Peak	Average		Q-Peak	Average	Q-Peak	Average
0.17	48.01	47.70	H	64.96	54.96	16.95	7.26
0.34	33.80	32.76	H	59.20	49.20	25.40	16.44
7.22	22.18	16.29	H	60.00	50.00	37.82	33.71
14.75	32.46	29.23	H	60.00	50.00	27.54	20.77
19.38	30.35	24.72	H	60.00	50.00	29.65	25.28
24.67	32.86	22.83	H	60.00	50.00	27.14	26.17
0.17	48.95	48.88	N	64.96	54.96	16.01	6.08
0.34	35.15	34.53	N	59.20	49.20	24.05	14.67
1.55	21.12	11.58	N	56.00	46.00	34.88	34.42
3.59	23.14	18.34	N	56.00	46.00	32.86	27.66
6.28	35.44	29.69	N	60.00	50.00	24.56	20.31
19.36	29.30	22.81	N	60.00	50.00	30.70	27.19

Remark;

- Line (H): Hot, Line (N): Neutral.
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions were reported using **EDR / 3DH5 / Low channel.**
- The limit for Class B device(s) from 150 kHz to 30 MHz are specified in Section of the Title 47 CFR.
- Traces shown in plot were made by using a Quasi peak detector and average detector.
- Deviations to the Specifications: None.

- Variant model

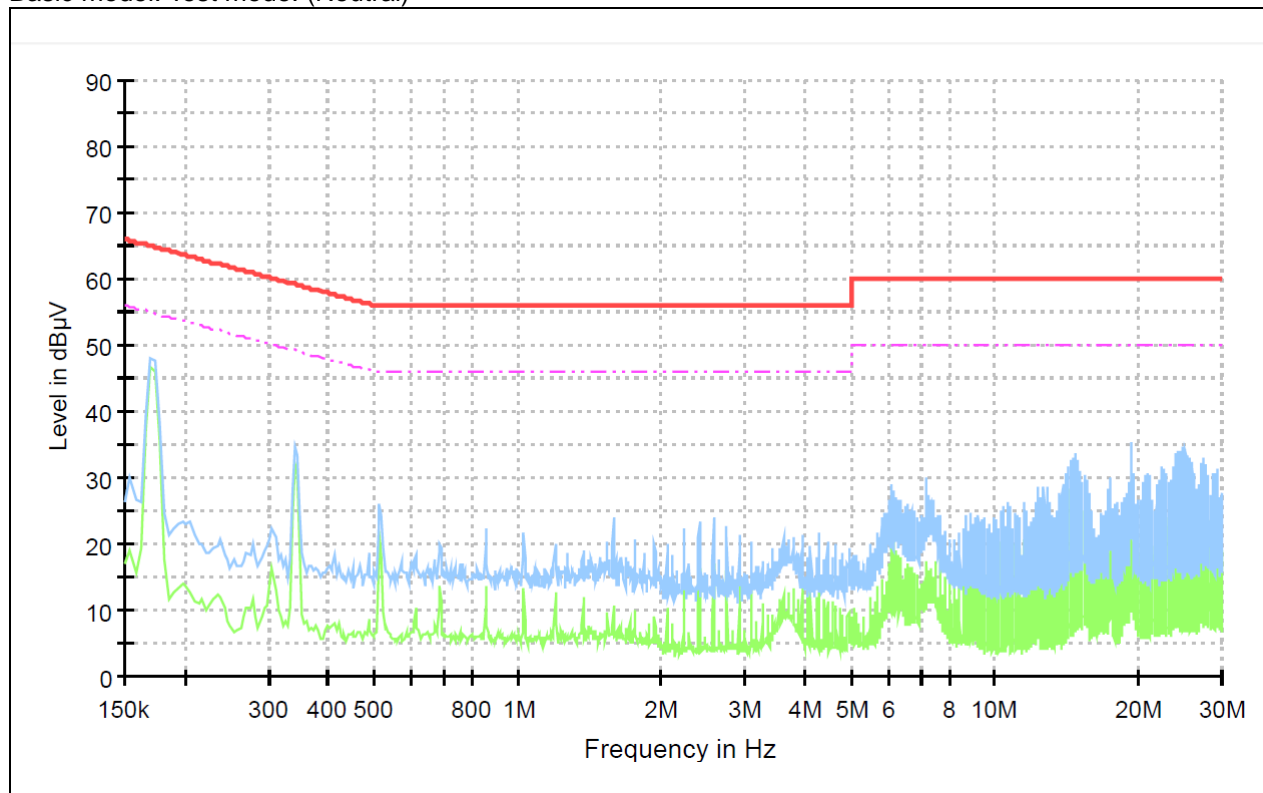
FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBμV)		LINE	LIMIT (dBμV)		MARGIN (dB)	
	Q-Peak	Average		Q-Peak	Average	Q-Peak	Average
0.17	28.98	22.52	H	64.96	54.96	35.98	32.44
0.45	20.21	13.78	H	56.88	46.88	36.67	33.10
1.40	25.82	14.78	H	56.00	46.00	30.18	31.22
2.13	17.43	8.02	H	56.00	46.00	38.57	37.98
24.00	16.72	12.78	H	60.00	50.00	43.28	37.22
28.67	12.84	8.07	H	60.00	50.00	47.16	41.93
0.16	29.51	23.49	N	65.46	55.46	35.95	31.97
0.20	23.77	12.97	N	63.61	53.61	39.84	40.64
0.45	16.62	10.03	N	56.88	46.88	40.26	36.85
1.44	22.91	12.85	N	56.00	46.00	33.09	33.15
2.21	13.25	6.08	N	56.00	46.00	42.75	39.92
9.37	11.14	6.29	N	60.00	50.00	48.86	43.71

Remark;

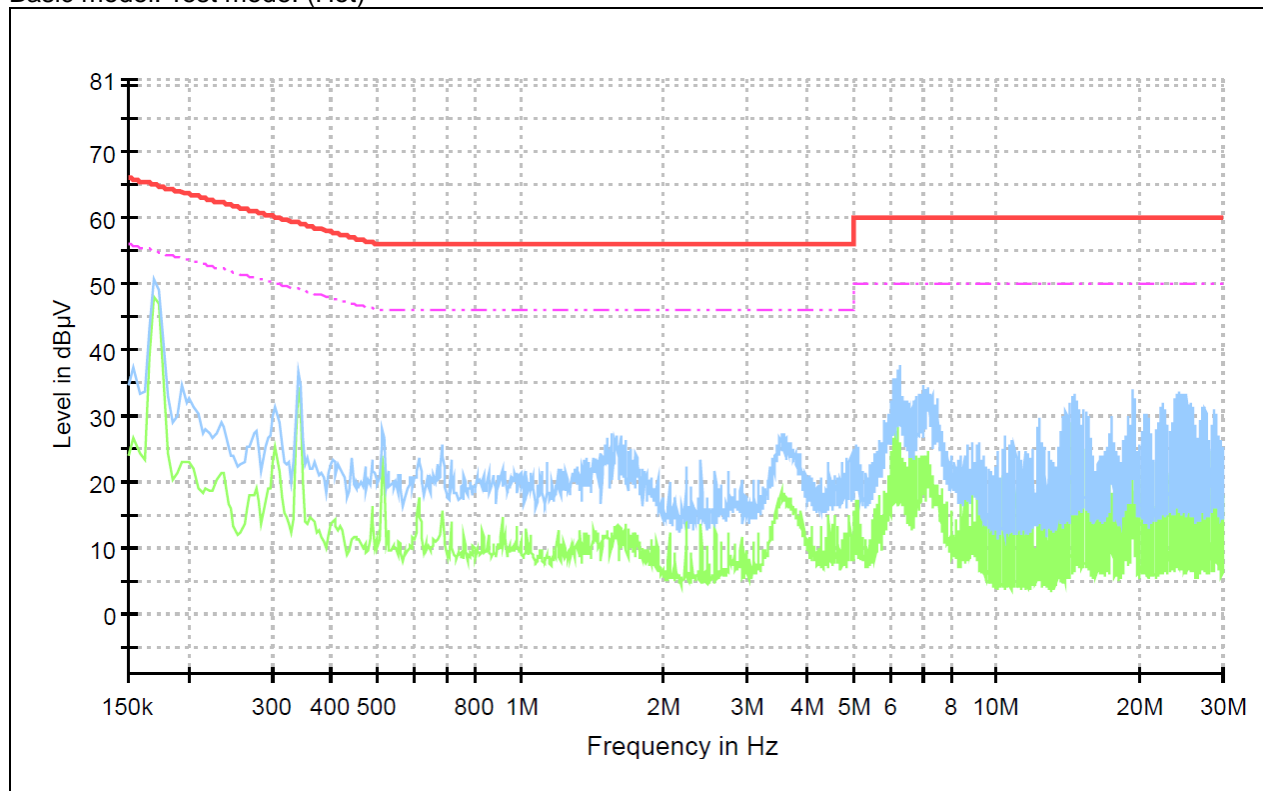
1. Line (H): Hot, Line (N): Neutral.
2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions were reported using **EDR / 3DH5 / Middle channel.**
3. The limit for Class B device(s) from 150 kHz to 30 MHz are specified in Section of the Title 47 CFR.
4. Traces shown in plot were made by using a Quasi peak detector and average detector.
5. Deviations to the Specifications: None.

- Test plots

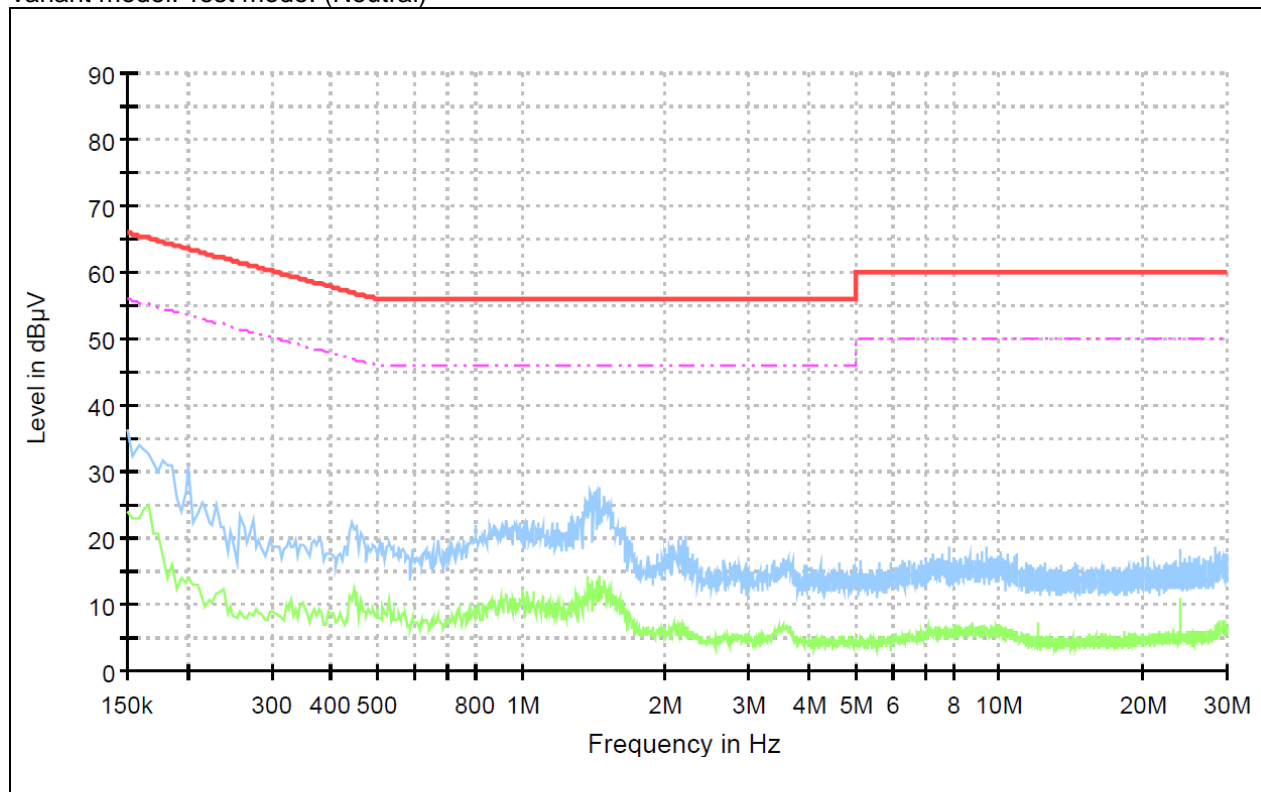
Basic model: Test mode: (Neutral)



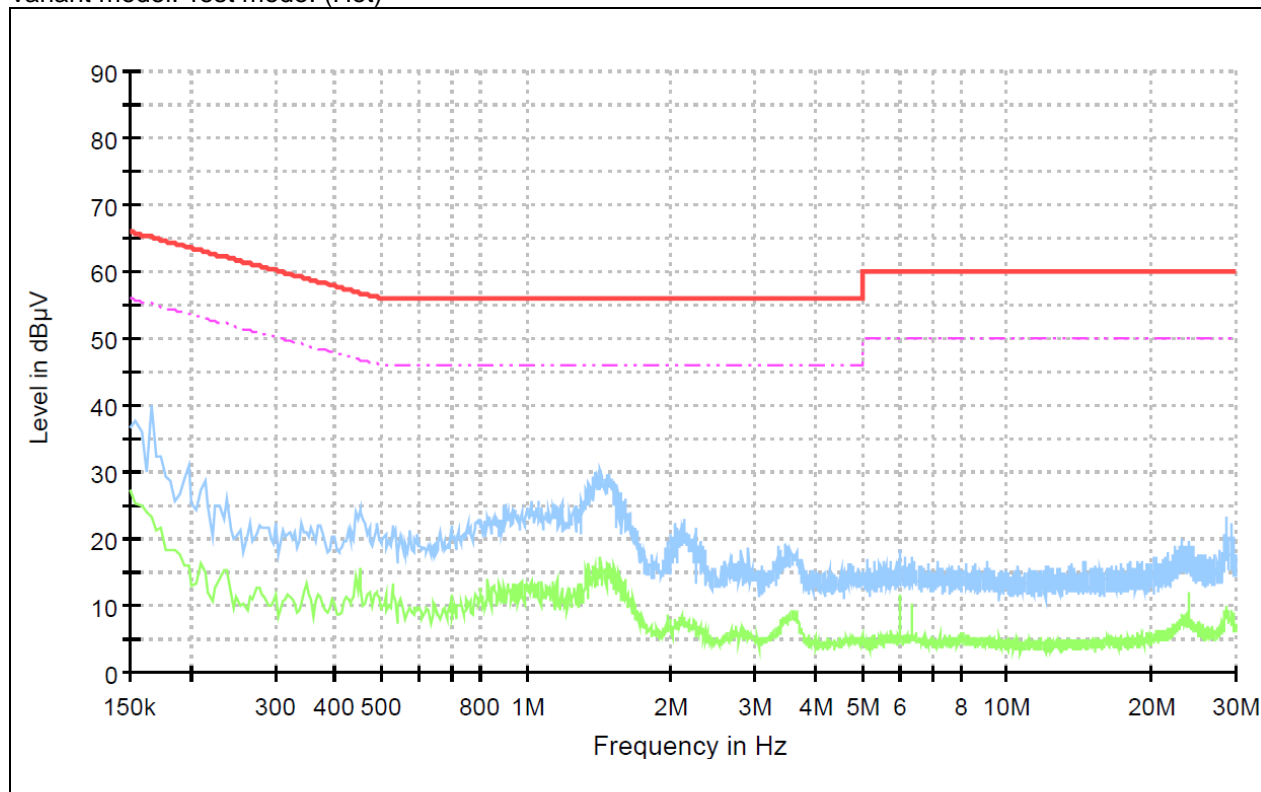
Basic model: Test mode: (Hot)



Variant model: Test mode: (Neutral)



Variant model: Test mode: (Hot)



9. Antenna Requirement

9.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.247(b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB i are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dB i.

9.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is Pattern antenna with gain of 2.28 dB i

- End of the Test Report -