



FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

Product Name: Creator tablet

Trademark: ALINCPIUS

Model Name: LincStudioS1

Family Model: N/A

FCC ID: 2BCMY-TVE1327X

Report No.: S23100800101001

Prepared for

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

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Manufacturer's Name.....: Techvision Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd

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Shenzhen, China

Product description

Product name: Creator tablet

Trademark: 🗘 LincPlus

Model Name: LincStudioS1

Family Model...... N/A

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

Standards ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests...........: Oct. 28, 2023 ~ Nov. 03, 2023

Date of Issue Dec. 05, 2023

Test Result Pass

Prepared By: Jack Li Reviewed By: Aaron Cheng Approved By:







% % Revision History % %

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Dec. 05, 2023	Jack Li









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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
TRUNK LIMIT
1.6 W/kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT





1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for LincStudioS1 are as follows.

	Max Reported S	SAR Value(W/kg)	
	1-g Body		
Band	(Separation distance of 0mm)		
	ANT1	ANT2	
WLAN 2.4G	0.206	0.625	
WLAN 5.2G	0.412	0.919	
WLAN 5.8G	0.524	0.742	
Max Simultaneous	1	.443	
Tx(ANT1+ANT2)	1.443		

Note: This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information			
Product Name	Creator tablet		
Trade Name	LincPlus		
Model Name	LincStudioS1		
Family Model	N/A		
Model Difference	N/A		
FCC ID	2BCMY-TVE1327X		
Device Phase	Identical Prototype		
Exposure Category	General population / Uncontrolle	ed environment	
Antenna	FPC Antenna		
Battery	DC 11.4V,3450mAh		
HW Version	N/A		
SW Version	N/A		
Device Operating Configura	tions		
Supporting Mode(s)	WLAN 2.4G/5G, Bluetooth		
Test Modulation	WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Bluetoc	th(GFSK, π/4-DQPSk	(, 8DPSK)
Device Class	·		
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
Operating Frequency	WLAN 2.4G		
Range(s)	WLAN 5.2G	5180-	5240
	WLAN 5.8G	5745-	5825





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1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE Std 1528-2013

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR

KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets

1.5. Ambient Condition

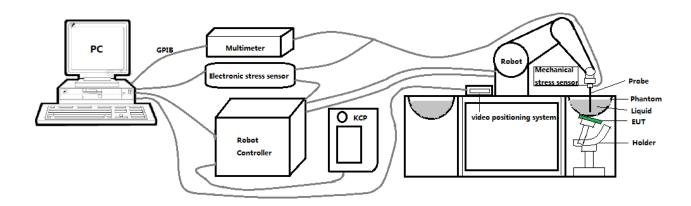
Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%





2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ±0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"



Certificate #4298.01

2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

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2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe 3423-EPGO-426 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

Probe linearity: ±0.06 dBAxial isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Hemispherical Isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

- Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ±0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.





2.4. SAM phantoms

Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



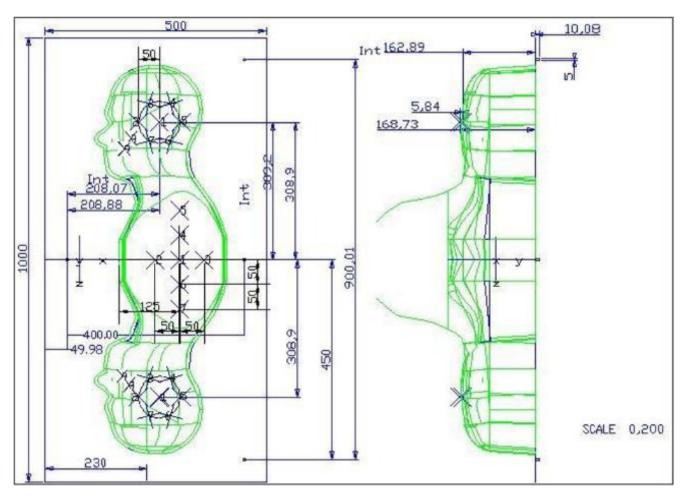
The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.





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2.4.1	١.	rec	nn	ıca	l Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



Serial Number	Left	Left Head(mm)		nt Head(mm)	Flat Part(mm)		
	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09	
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06	
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08	
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10	
SN 16/15 SAM119	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10	
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07	
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07	
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-	

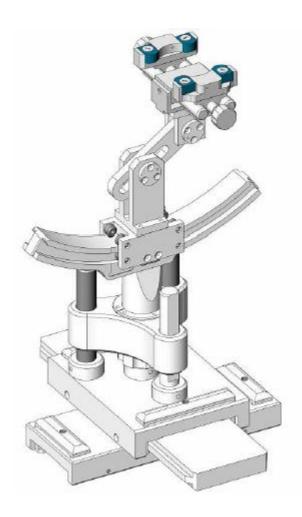
The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 µm.





2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent	
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005	





2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked 🛛

Manufacturer			Name of			Calib	ration
MVG		Manufacturer		Type/Model	Serial Number	Last	Due
MVG E FIELD PROBE SSE2 3423-EPGO-426 2023 2024 MVG 750 MHz Dipole SID750 SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355 Mar. 01, 2024 Feb. 28, 2021 2024 MVG 835 MHz Dipole SID835 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 MVG 900 MHz Dipole SID900 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 MVG 1800 MHz Dipole SID1800 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1800 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 1690-349 2021 2024 MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1900 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 1690-349 2021 2024 MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 1690-350 2021 2024 MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 28, 2021 2024 MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 28, 2021 2024 MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 26, 2021 2024			Equipment			Cal.	Date
MVG		MVC	E EIEI D DDODE	CCEO	2422 EDCO 426	Sep. 18,	Sep. 17,
□ MVG 750 MHz Dipole SID750 0G750-355 2021 2024 □ MVG 835 MHz Dipole SID835 SN 03/15 DIP OG835-347 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 900 MHz Dipole SID900 SN 03/15 DIP OG900-348 2021 2024 □ MVG 1800 MHz Dipole SID1800 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1900 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2600-351 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 26300-358 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 26450-352 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 26600-356 2021 2024		WVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSEZ	3423-EPGO-420	2023	2024
MVG		MVC	750 MHz Dipolo	CIDZEO	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG 835 MHz Dipole SID835 0G835-347 2021 2024 □ MVG 900 MHz Dipole SID900 SN 03/15 DIP OG900-348 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 1800 MHz Dipole SID1800 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 1G800-349 2021 2024 □ MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1900 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 2G450-352 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 </td <td></td> <td>WVG</td> <td>750 MHZ Dipole</td> <td>310730</td> <td>0G750-355</td> <td>2021</td> <td>2024</td>		WVG	750 MHZ Dipole	310730	0G750-355	2021	2024
□ MVG 900 MHz Dipole SID900 SN 03/15 DIP OG900-348 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 2024 □ MVG 1800 MHz Dipole SID1800 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 16800-349 2021 2024 □ MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1900 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 16900-350 2021 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SID2000 SID200-350 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 26000-351 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SID2300 SID2300 SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2600-358 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SID2450 SID2450 SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 26450-352 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SID		MVC	925 MHz Dipolo	CIDOSE	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG 900 MHz Dipole SID900 0G900-348 2021 2024 □ MVG 1800 MHz SID1800 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1900 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 1G900-350 2021 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2G900-351 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2G900-358 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2G450-352 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2G600-356 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2G600-356 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG SUB3500 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2022 2025		WVG	033 WI 12 DIPOIE	310033	0G835-347	2021	2024
MVG		MVC	000 MHz Dipolo	SIDOOO	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG Dipole SID1800 1G800-349 2021 2024 □ MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1900 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 1G900-350 2021 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 09/12 DIP Oct. 15, Oct. 14, 36500-360 2021 2024 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG SWG5500 SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N,A AMPLISAR 28/14 003 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N,A AMPLISAR 28/14		WVG	900 WHZ Dipole	310900	0G900-348	2021	2024
Dipole	-	MVC	1800 MHz	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG Dipole SID1900 1G900-350 2021 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Agroup Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP Agroup Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Agroup Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP Agroup Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 03/15 DIP Agroup Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 09/12 DIP Agroup Oct. 15, Oct. 14, 2024 2022 2025 □ MVG SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR □ KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter Support 2000 <td></td> <td>WVG</td> <td>Dipole</td> <td>1000 סוט</td> <td>1G800-349</td> <td>2021</td> <td>2024</td>		WVG	Dipole	1000 סוט	1G800-349	2021	2024
Dipole 1G900-350 2021 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP 2G000-351 Mar. 01, 2024 Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP 2G300-358 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 2G600-356 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 3G500-360 2022 2025 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2025 2025 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit Measurement Measurement Kit Measurement Measurement Kit Measurement Measurement Kit Measurement Measurement Measurement Measurement Measurement		MVC	1900 MHz	SID1000	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG Dipole SID2000 2G000-351 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP AGG Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP AGG Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP AGG Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 09/12 DIP Oct. 15, Oct. 14, 3G500-360 2022 2025 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR □ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 □ R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2023 <td></td> <td>WVG</td> <td>Dipole</td> <td>1900 טופ</td> <td>1G900-350</td> <td>2021</td> <td>2024</td>		WVG	Dipole	1900 טופ	1G900-350	2021	2024
□ Dipole 2G000-351 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP 2G300-358 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP 3G450-352 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 2G600-356 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 3G500-360 2022 2025 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG SUG4500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 2024 □ MVG SVWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 2024 □ MVG SVWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 2024 □ MVG SVWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 2024 □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR □ R&S		MVC	2000 MHz	SIDSOOO	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG Dipole SID2300 2G300-358 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 09/12 DIP Oct. 15, Oct. 14, 2024 2024 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2025 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR □ KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR □ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, May 28, 2024 □ R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2024		WVG	Dipole	3102000	2G000-351	2021	2024
□ Dipole 2G300-358 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 09/12 DIP Oct. 15, Oct. 14, 3G500-360 2022 2025 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR □ KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR □ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 □ R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2024		MVC	2300 MHz		SN 03/16 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
MVG Dipole SID2450 2G450-352 2021 2024 MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 09/12 DIP 3G500-360 Oct. 15, Oct. 14, 2022 Oct. 14, 2022 MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, May 29, May 28, May 28, May 28, May 28, May 29, May 28, May 28, May		Dipole	Dipole	3102300	2G300-358	2021	2024
Dipole 2G450-352 2021 2024		MVC	2450 MHz	SIDO4E0	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG Dipole SID2600 2G600-356 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 09/12 DIP 3G500-360 Oct. 15, Oct. 14, 2022 2025 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR □ KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR □ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 □ R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28,		WVG	Dipole	SID2450	2G450-352	2021	2024
□ Dipole 2G600-356 2021 2024 □ MVG 3500 MHz Dipole SID3500 SN 09/12 DIP Got. 15, Oct. 14, Oct.]	MVC	2600 MHz	SIDSEOU	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG Dipole SID3500 3G500-360 2022 2025 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR □ KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR □ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, May 28, 2024 □ R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2024		IVIVG	Dipole	3102000	2G600-356	2021	2024
Dipole 3G500-360 2022 2025 MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 MVG Liquid measurement Kit measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, May 28,		MVC	3500 MHz	CIDSEOO	SN 09/12 DIP	Oct. 15,	Oct. 14,
		WVG	Dipole	3103300	3G500-360	2022	2025
Dipole20212024✓MVGLiquid measurement KitSCLMPSN 21/15 OCPG 72NCRNCR✓MVGPower AmplifierN.AAMPLISAR_28/14_003NCRNCR✓KEITHLEYMillivoltmeter20004072790NCRNCR✓R&SUniversal radio communication testerCMU200117858May 29, 		MVC	5000 MHz	SMCEEOO	CN 12/14 W/CA 22	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
MVGMVGSCLMPSN 21/15 OCPG 72NCRNCR✓MVGPower AmplifierN.AAMPLISAR_28/14_003NCRNCR✓KEITHLEYMillivoltmeter20004072790NCRNCR✓R&SUniversal radio communication testerCMU200117858May 29, 2023May 28, 2023✓R&SWideband radioCMW500103917May 29, May 28, May 28, 2024		WVG	Dipole	3000	3N 13/14 WGA 33	2021	2024
MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR ✓ KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, 2023 2024 R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2023		MVC	Liquid	SCIMD	01104/45 0050 70	NOD	NOD
☑ KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR ☐ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, 2023 May 28, 2023 ☐ R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, May 28, May 28,		WVG	measurement Kit	SCLIVIE	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
☐ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, 2023 May 28, 2024 ☐ R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2024	\boxtimes	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
□ R&S communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, 2023 May 28, 2024 □ R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2024	\boxtimes	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
CMU200 117858 2023 2024 tester Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28,			Universal radio			Max 22	Maria
tester R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28,		☐ R&S	communication	CMU200	117858		-
$ \Box $			tester			2023	2024
		P&S	Wideband radio		400047	May 29,	May 28,
		L. R&S	communication	CIVIVV500	103917	2023	2024





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tester Network May 29, May 28, \boxtimes HP 8753D 3410J01136 2023 2024 Analyzer MXG Vector May 29, May 28, \boxtimes Agilent N5182A MY47070317 Signal Generator 2023 2024 May 29, May 28, \boxtimes Agilent Power meter E4419B MY45102538 2023 2024 May 29, May 28, \boxtimes Agilent Power sensor E9301A MY41495644 2023 2024 May 29, May 28, \boxtimes Agilent Power sensor E9301A US39212148 2023 2024 Directional Jul. 04, Jul. 03, \boxtimes MCLI/USA CB11-20 0D2L51502 Coupler 2023 2024 Mar. 27, Mar. 26, \boxtimes N/A N/A Thermometer LES-085 2023 2026 \boxtimes MVG **SAM Phantom NCR** SSM2 SN 16/15 SAM119 **NCR** \boxtimes MVG **SMPPD** Device Holder SN 16/15 MSH100 NCR **NCR** Shenzhen Tianxu Human \boxtimes Communication Head 2450 Head 2450 NCR NCR Simulating Liquid Technology Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Tianxu Human Communication \boxtimes Head 5200 Head 5200 **NCR** NCR Simulating Liquid Technology Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Tianxu Human \boxtimes Communication Head 5800 Head 5800 **NCR** NCR Simulating Liquid Technology Co., Ltd.





3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.





Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 *30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm $3-4$ GHz: \leq 12 mm $4-6$ GHz: \leq 10 mm		
Maximum area scan sp	atial resolu	ntion: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
surface	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.





3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.





4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23
Ingredients (% of weight)					Body ⁻	Tissue				
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	50.30	50.30	50.30	69.91	69.91	71.88	71.88	71.88	79.54	79.54
NaCl	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	49.10	49.10	49.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.99	9.99	19.97	19.97	19.97	11.24	11.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.97	19.97	7.99	7.99	7.99	9.22	9.22

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.









4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ±5% of the target values.

T:	Measured	Target T	issue	Measure	d Tissue	I described		
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	εr	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date	
Head 2450	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	38.73	1.80	21.7 °C	Oct. 28, 2023	
Head 5200	5200	36.00 (34.20~37.80)	4.66 (4.43~4.89)	35.66	4.53	21.5 °C	Nov. 01, 2023	
Head 5800	5800	35.30 (33.54~37.07)	5.27 (5.01~5.53)	35.03	5.10	21.3 °C	Nov. 03, 2023	

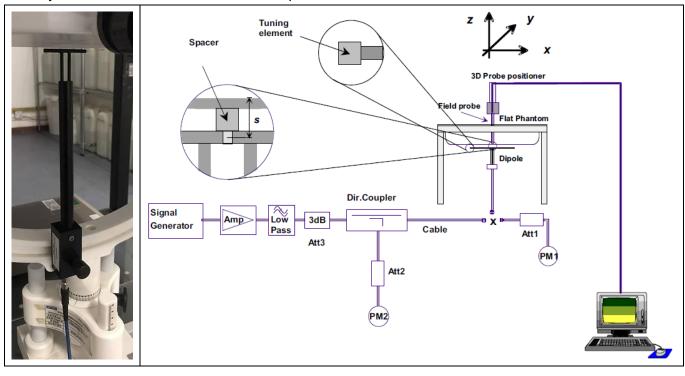
NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.



4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:







4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of ±10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

	Target SA	Target SAR (1W)						
System	(±10°	(Normalized to 1W)		Liquid	Delta (%)		Test	
Verification	1-g (W/Kg)	1-a 10-a		Temp.	1-g (±10%)	10-g (±10%)	Date	
2450MHz	53.69 (48.33~59.05)	23.94 (21.55~26.33)	53.10	23.49	21.7 °C	-1.10%	-0.25%	Oct. 28, 2023
5200MHz	162.34 (146.11~178.57)	55.42 (49.88~60.96)	169.86	59.93	21.5 °C	4.63%	8.14%	Nov. 01, 2023
5800MHz	178.89 (161.01~196.77)	59.32 (53.39~65.25)	166.93	54.36	21.3 °C	-6.69%	-8.36%	Nov. 03, 2023





5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.





6. RF Exposure Positions

1.3. Tablet host platform exposure conditions

Refer to KDB616217 D04, when the modular approach is used, transmitters and modules must be initially tested for standalone operations in generic host conditions according to the following minimum test separation distance and antenna installation requirements for incorporation in the tablet platform. The separation distance required for incorporation in qualified hosts is described in KDB 447498; item 5) of section 4.1 and item 1) of section 5.2.2 etc.

- \leq 5 mm between the antenna and user for both back surface and edge exposure conditions
- the antennas used by the host must have been tested for equipment approval or qualify for SAR test exclusion
- the antenna polarization, physical orientation, rotation and installation configurations used by the host must have been tested for compliance or qualify for test exclusion
- when the SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 applies, a test separation distance of 5 mm is required to determine test exclusion for the tablet platform

The antennas embedded in tablets are typically ≤ 5 mm from the outer housing. The required antenna to user test separation distance is a "not to exceed test" distance required to apply the modular approach. Instead of the typical zero gap tablet edge test requirement between the edge of a tablet and the user, when an antenna has been tested at ≤ 5 mm according to the modular approach it can be incorporated into tablets with at least twice the tested distance from the outer housing of the tablet edge; otherwise, the tablet edge zero gap test requirement applies. When the dedicated host approach is applied, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom.





7. RF Output Power

7.1. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power

7.1.1. Output Power Results Of WLAN

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)ANT1	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)ANT2	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)MIMO
	1	2412	15.50	15.22	17.00	16.58		
802.11b	6	2437	15.50	15.17	16.00	15.77		
	11	2462	15.50	15.12	16.00	15.71		
	1	2412	15.00	14.48	16.00	15.74		
802.11g	6	2437	15.00	14.56	16.00	15.18		
	11	2462	15.00	14.27	16.00	14.51		
802.11n	1	2412	15.00	14.34	16.00	15.61	14.00	13.38
HT20	6	2437	15.00	14.51	15.50	15.09	13.00	12.75
11120	11	2462	15.00	14.28	16.00	14.40	13.00	12.68
802.11n	3	2422	12.00	11.81	13.00	12.65	14.00	13.26
HT40	6	2437	15.00	14.94	16.00	15.50	13.00	12.96
11140	9	2452	14.50	13.52	16.00	14.84	13.00	13.00
	1	2412	14.50	14.17	16.00	15.50	14.00	13.11
ax20	6	2437	14.50	14.38	15.00	14.96	13.00	12.45
	11	2462	15.00	14.00	15.50	14.29	13.00	12.53
	3	2422	15.00	11.53	15.50	12.41	13.00	12.94
ax40	6	2437	15.00	14.67	15.50	15.23	13.00	12.72
	9	2452	13.50	13.28	15.00	14.77	13.00	12.65

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 2.4G.

	1							
		Frequency	Tune-up	Output	Tune-up	Output	Tune-up	Output
Mode	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	Power	•	Power	•	Power
				(dBm)ANT1	(dBm)	(dBm)ANT2	(dBm)	(dBm)MIMO
	36	5180	12.00	11.56	11.50	11.13		
802.11a	40	5200	12.00	11.82	11.50	11.16		
	48	5240	12.00	11.87	11.50	11.03		
802.11n	36	5180	12.00	11.53	11.50	11.22	13.50	12.76
HT20	40	5200	12.00	11.84	12.00	11.46	13.50	12.98
11120	48	5240	12.50	11.83	12.00	11.32	13.50	12.93
802.11n	38	5190	12.50	11.92	12.00	11.53	13.50	12.94
HT40	46	5230	12.50	12.17	12.00	11.59	13.50	13.11
802.11ac	36	5180	12.00	11.47	11.50	11.13	13.50	12.68





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VHT20	40	5200	12.00	11.68	12.00	11.38	13.50	12.99
	48	5240	12.50	11.87	12.00	11.29	13.50	12.91
802.11ac	38	5190	12.50	11.85	12.00	11.54	13.50	12.94
VHT40	46	5230	12.50	12.22	12.00	11.73	13.50	13.08
802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	12.50	12.29	12.00	11.86	13.50	13.28
	36	5180	12.00	11.43	11.50	11.02	13.50	12.46
ax20	40	5200	12.00	11.72	11.50	11.25	13.50	12.71
	48	5240	12.00	11.76	11.50	11.09	13.50	12.75
ax40	38	5190	12.50	11.59	12.00	11.36	13.50	12.57
dX40	46	5230	12.50	11.92	12.00	11.24	13.50	12.83
ax80	42	5210	12.50	12.01	12.00	11.56	13.50	13.04

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 5.2G.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)ANT1	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)ANT2	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)MIMO
	149	5745	12.00	11.52	12.00	11.13		
802.11a	157	5785	12.00	11.78	12.00	11.25		
	165	5825	12.00	11.89	12.00	11.52		
802.11n	149	5745	12.00	11.57	11.50	11.07	13.50	12.66
	157	5785	12.00	11.82	11.50	11.11	13.50	12.81
HT20	165	5825	12.00	11.84	11.50	11.48	13.50	13.05
802.11n	151	5755	12.00	11.78	11.50	11.15	13.50	12.85
HT40	159	5795	12.00	11.89	11.50	11.46	13.50	13.10
000 1100	149	5745	12.00	11.52	12.00	11.12	13.50	12.64
802.11ac VHT20	157	5785	12.00	11.66	12.00	11.14	13.50	12.76
VH120	165	5825	12.00	11.90	12.00	11.58	13.50	13.03
802.11ac	151	5755	12.50	11.75	12.00	11.20	13.50	12.79
VHT40	159	5795	12.50	11.87	12.00	11.48	13.50	13.10
802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	12.50	12.03	12.00	11.65	13.50	13.02
	149	5745	12.00	11.51	11.50	11.03	13.50	12.46
ax20	157	5785	12.00	11.65	11.50	11.07	13.50	12.54
	165	5825	12.00	11.66	11.50	11.47	13.50	12.76
0 × 40	151	5755	12.00	11.63	11.50	11.01	13.50	12.55
ax40	159	5795	12.00	11.71	11.50	11.28	13.50	12.75
ax80	155	5775	12.00	11.82	11.50	11.34	13.50	12.77

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 5.8G.





7.1.2. Output Power Results Of Bluetooth

22 522	Output Power (dBm)								
	Data Rates	Tune-up	Channel						
	Data Rates	(dBm)	0CH	39CH	78CH				
BR+EDR	1M	8.00	6.60	7.13	7.50				
	2M	6.00	4.87	5.28	5.24				
	3M	6.00	5.00	5.44	5.40				

	Channel	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)		
BLE	Channel	(dBm)	1M	2M	
	0CH	4.00	3.92	3.93	
	19CH	5.00	4.26	4.27	
	39CH	5.00	4.03	4.05	

NOTE: Power measurement results of Bluetooth

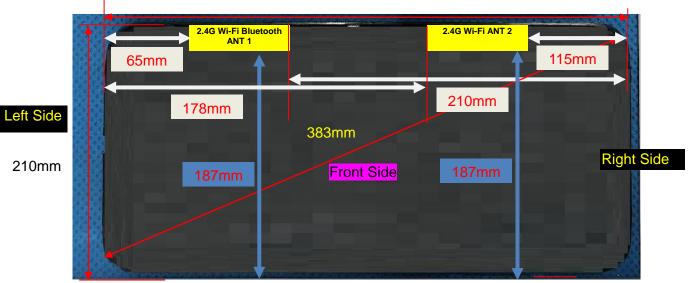




8. Antenna Location

Top Side

320mm



Bottom Side

Front View

Note: Since the confidentiality request of EUT, the antenna location example diagram see as above.

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge										
Antennas Front Side Back Side Left Side Right Side Top Side Bottom Side										
ANT 1	5	5	65	210	5	187				
ANT 2										

Note: When the minimum separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

	Positions for SAR tests								
Test separation distances ≤ \$	Test separation distances ≤ 50 mm								
E D 37	Tune-up Maximum pow	er of WLAN 2.4G ANT1							
Exposure Positions	15.50dBm								
	Antenna to user(mm)	5							
Front Side	SAR exclusion threshold	11.135							
	SAR testing required?	YES							
	Antenna to user(mm)	5							
Back Side	SAR exclusion threshold	11.135							
	SAR testing required?	YES							
	Antenna to user(mm)	5							
Top Side	SAR exclusion threshold	11.135							
	SAR testing required?	YES							





Exposure Positions		ver of WLAN 2.4G ANT2 DdBm
	Antenna to user(mm)	5
Front Side	SAR exclusion threshold	15.728
	SAR testing required?	YES
	Antenna to user(mm)	5
Back Side	SAR exclusion threshold	15.728
	SAR testing required?	YES
	Antenna to user(mm)	5
Top Side	SAR exclusion threshold	15.728
	SAR testing required?	YES

NOTE: Refer to section 4.3.1 of KDB 447498 D01.

	Positions for SAR tests						
Test separation distances > 50	mm						
Forestone Desilient	Tune-up Maximum pow	er of WLAN 2.4G ANT1					
Exposure Positions	11.50 dBm	35.48 mW					
	Antenna to user(mm)	65					
Left Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	246					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
	Antenna to user(mm)	210					
Right Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1696					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
	Antenna to user(mm)	187					
Bottom Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1466					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
Evanous Docitions	Tune-up Maximum power of WLAN 2.4G ANT2						
Exposure Positions	17.00 dBm	50.12 mW					
	Antenna to user(mm)	178					
Left Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1376					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
	Antenna to user(mm)	115					
Right Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	746					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
	Antenna to user(mm)	187					
Bottom Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1466					
	SAR testing required?	NO					

NOTE: Refer to section 4.3.1 of KDB 447498 D01.





9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f_(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Modo	P_{max}	P _{max}	Distance	f	Calculation	SAR Exclusion	SAR test
Mode	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(GHz)	Result	threshold	exclusion
Bluetooth	8.00	6.31	5	2.480	1.98	3	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}/x]$ W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	х	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Body	8.00	6.31	5	2.48	7.5	0.264

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth





10. SAR Results

10.1. SAR measurement results

10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

ANT1

Test Position	Test channel	Test		Value ⁄kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Data	Plot
of Body with 0mm	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date	PIOL
Front Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.193	0.076	-2.36	15.22	15.50	0.206	2023/10/28	5#
Back Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.142	0.058	0.20	15.22	15.50	0.151	2023/10/28	
Top Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.087	0.039	2.12	15.22	15.50	0.093	2023/10/28	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

ANT2

Test Position	Test	Test		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Data	Plot
of Body with 0mm	channel /Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	(±5%)	power (dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date	PIOL
Front Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.567	0.181	-1.27	16.58	17.00	0.625	2023/10/28	6#
Back Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.520	0.160	0.30	16.58	17.00	0.573	2023/10/28	
Top Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.421	0.138	2.11	16.58	17.00	0.464	2023/10/28	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.2G

ANT1

Test	Test			Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled		
Position of Body with	channel	Test Mode	(W)	(W/kg) D		power	power	SAR 1g	Date	Plot
0mm	/Freq.		1-g	10-g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/Kg)		
Front Side	42/5210	802.11ac VHT80	0.393	0.143	1.33	12.29	12.50	0.412	2023/11/01	1#
Back Side	42/5210	802.11ac VHT80	0.360	0.131	0.11	12.29	12.50	0.378	2023/11/01	
Top Side	42/5210	802.11ac VHT80	0.279	0.103	3.62	12.29	12.50	0.293	2023/11/01	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.2G

ANT2

71112		•								
Test Position of	Test	Toot Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR		Plot
		Test Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (±5%)	power (dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date	PIOL
Front Side	42/5210	802.11ac VHT80	0.890	0.256	-2.01	11.86	12.00	0.919	2023/11/01	4#
Back Side	42/5210	802.11ac VHT80	0.720	0.220	1.28	11.86	12.00	0.744	2023/11/01	





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Donort No - \$22100000101001

	Top Side	42/5210	802.11ac VHT80	0.610	0.171	3.25	11.86	12.00	0.630	2023/11/01	
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NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.2G

10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.8G

ANT1

Test Position of Body with Omm	Test	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Data	Plot
	channel /Freq.		1-g	10-g	Drift (±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date	FIOL
Front Side	155/5775	802.11ac VHT80	0.470	0.165	-1.96	12.03	12.50	0.524	2023/11/03	2#
Back Side	155/5775	802.11ac VHT80	0.412	0.130	0.25	12.03	12.50	0.459	2023/11/03	
Top Side	155/5775	802.11ac VHT80	0.354	0.100	2.03	12.03	12.50	0.394	2023/11/03	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.8G

ANT2

Test Position of Body with Omm	Test channel	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date	Plot
	/Freq.		1-g	10-g	(±5%)	power (dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)	Date	FIOL
Front Side	155/5775	802.11ac VHT80	0.685	0.208	1.84	11.65	12.00	0.742	2023/11/03	3#
Back Side	155/5775	802.11ac VHT80	0.623	0.174	0.36	11.65	12.00	0.675	2023/11/03	
Top Side	155/5775	802.11ac VHT80	0.553	0.130	0.13	11.65	12.00	0.599	2023/11/03	

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.8G

10.2. SAR Summation Scenario

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

- 1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
- 2) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan. If SPLSR \leq 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

Took Docition		Scaled	SAR _{MAX}	Σ 1-g SAR	CDI CD	Domonic	
rest Pos	Test Position		ANT1 ANT2		SPLSR	Remark	
	Front Side	0.524	0.919	1.443	N/A	N/A	
	Back Side	0.459	0.744	1.203	N/A	N/A	
	Left Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Body	Right Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Top Side	0.394	0.630	1.024	N/A	N/A	
	Bottom	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Side	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	





11. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR





12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

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MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 2450MHz	
MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - 5200MHz	
MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - 5800MHz	









MEASUREMENT 1

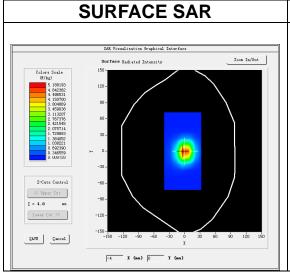
Date of measurement: 28/10/2023

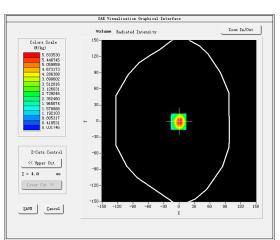
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2450</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.85</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

	
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.728633
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.215610
Conductivity (S/m)	1.798791
Variation (%)	-3.640000





VOLUME SAR

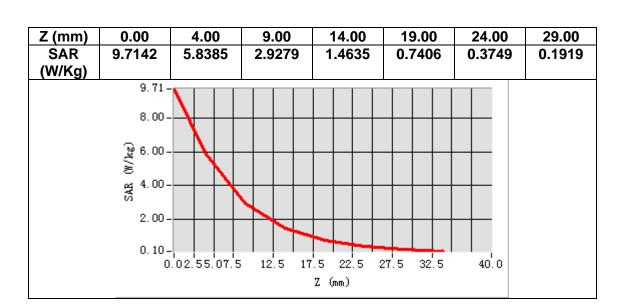
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-1.00

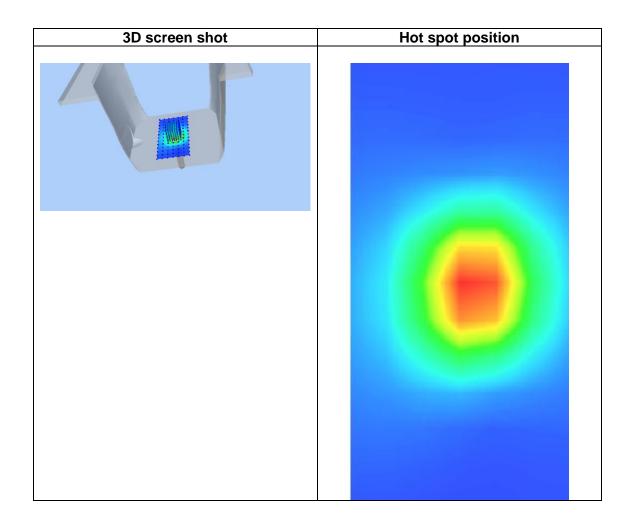
SAR Peak: 9.83 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.349231
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.310129













MEASUREMENT 2

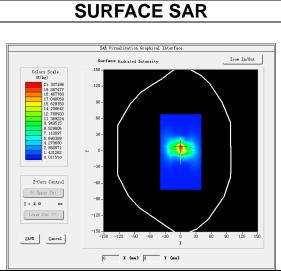
Date of measurement: 1/11/2023

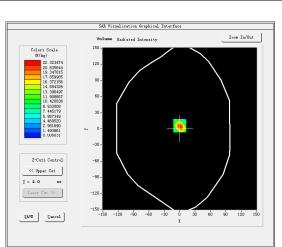
A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti =22 p 3 i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	<u>-</u>
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW5200</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.07</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.658553
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.695970
Conductivity (S/m)	4.534391
Variation (%)	-2.960000





VOLUME SAR

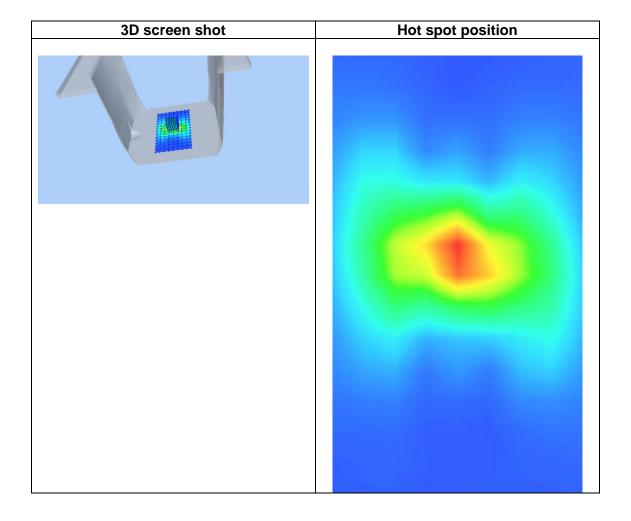
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 40.06 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.993168
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	16.986132





Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 0 0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 m) 37.8 22.3 11.3 5.66 2.82 1.40 0.71 0.36 0.18 0.10 0.05 0.03 SA 03 59 54 67 93 45 85 26 R 88 44 61 45 (W/ Kg) 37.84-30.00 25.00 20.00 꽃 15.00· 10.00 5.00 0.02-16 18 20 22 $Z \pmod{mm}$







MEASUREMENT 3

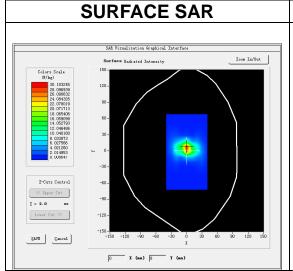
Date of measurement: 3/11/2023

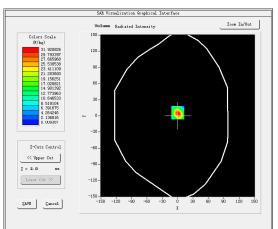
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW5800</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.04

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.029853
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.827948
Conductivity (S/m)	5.100117
Variation (%)	-2.800000



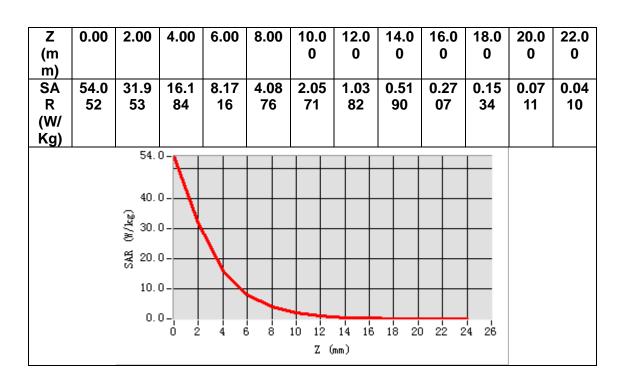


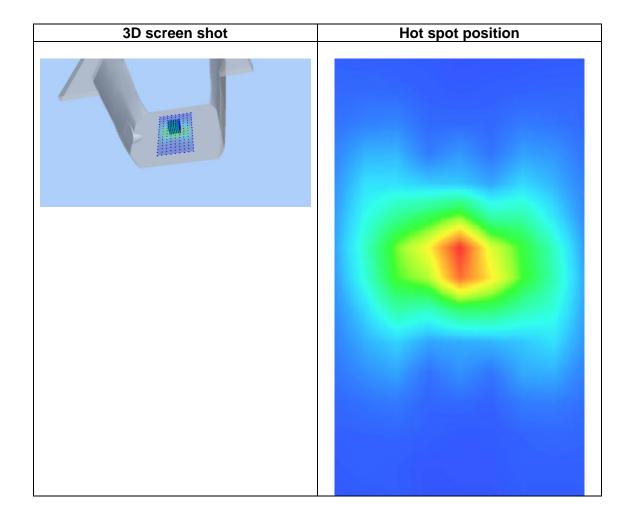
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 57.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.436255
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	16.693047











13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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MEASUREMENT 1 WLAN 5.2G Body	
MEASUREMENT 2 WLAN 5.8G Body	
MEASUREMENT 3 WLAN 5.8G Body	
MEASUREMENT 4 WLAN 5.2G Body	
MEASUREMENT 5 WLAN 2.4G Body	
MEASUREMENT 6 WLAN 2.4G Body	









MEASUREMENT 1

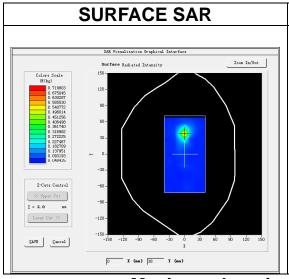
Date of measurement: 1/11/2023

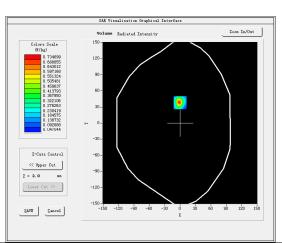
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
<u>Band</u>	IEEE 802.11ac U-NII
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11ac (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.07

B. SAR Measurement Results

tit mododi omonit itoodito	
Frequency (MHz)	5210.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.586458
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.676328
Conductivity (S/m)	4.537426
Variation (%)	1.330000





VOLUME SAR

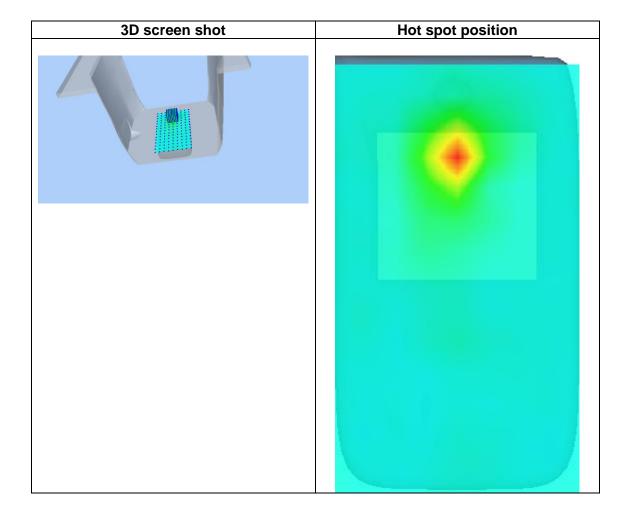
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=38.00 SAR Peak: 1.41 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.143368
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.393431





Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 0 0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 m) 1.28 0.73 0.33 0.16 0.10 0.07 0.06 0.06 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 SA 92 47 27 92 53 34 24 60 54 R 82 **73 77** (W/ Kg) 1.3-1.0-0.8-0.6 0.4 0.2-0.1-18 20 Z (mm)







MEASUREMENT 2

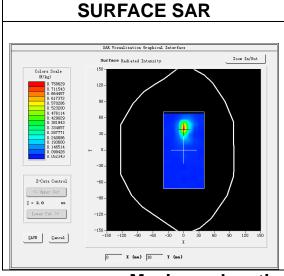
Date of measurement: 3/11/2023

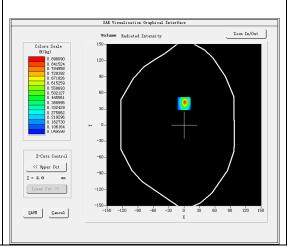
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	IEEE 802.11ac U-NII
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11ac (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.04

B. SAR Measurement Results

111 III 040 01 01 11 01 11 11 11 00 04 11 0	
Frequency (MHz)	5775.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.124874
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.847384
Conductivity (S/m)	5.084369
Variation (%)	-1.960000





VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=40.00 SAR Peak: 1.76 W/kg

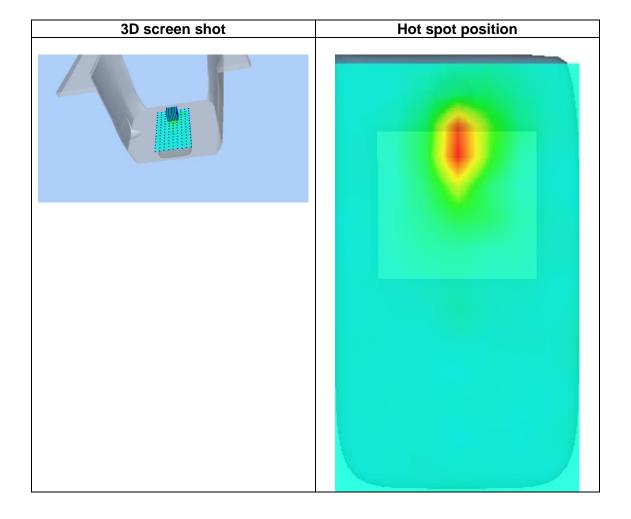
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.164596
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.469841





Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 m) 1.62 0.89 0.29 0.19 0.09 0.07 0.06 0.05 0.05 0.06 0.05 0.05 SA 42 81 58 68 **73** 95 89 19 73 21 R 37 69 (W/ Kg) 1.6-1.4 (Å) 1.0-(Å) 0.8-₩ 0.6-0.4-0.2-0.1-16 18 20 22 24

Z (mm)









MEASUREMENT 3

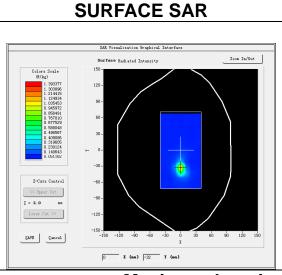
Date of measurement: 3/11/2023

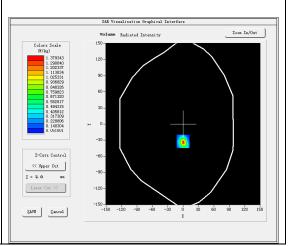
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11ac U-NII
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	IEEE802.11ac (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.04

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5775.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.124874
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.847384
Conductivity (S/m)	5.084369
Variation (%)	1.840000





VOLUME SAR

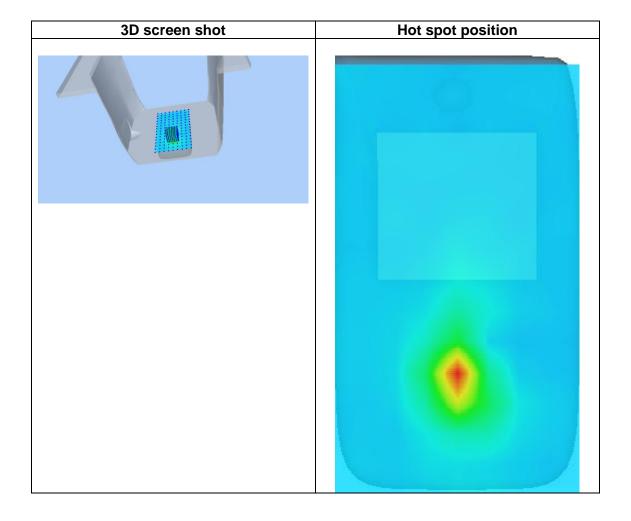
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-32.00 SAR Peak: 2.72 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.207511
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.684694





Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 0 0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 m) 2.49 1.37 0.56 0.25 0.13 0.09 0.07 0.06 0.05 0.06 0.06 0.06 SA 06 **27** 16 95 01 60 99 20 59 58 R 93 38 (W/ Kg) 2.5 2.0-(%) 1.5-(%) 뜻 1.0-0.5-0.1-16 18 20 22 24 10 12 14 Z (mm)









MEASUREMENT 4

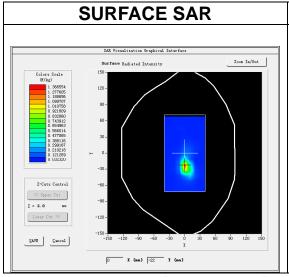
Date of measurement: 1/11/2023

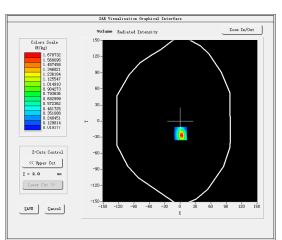
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
<u>Band</u>	IEEE 802.11ac U-NII
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11ac (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.07

B. SAR Measurement Results

tit mododi omonit itoodito	
Frequency (MHz)	5210.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.586458
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.676328
Conductivity (S/m)	4.537426
Variation (%)	-2.010000





VOLUME SAR

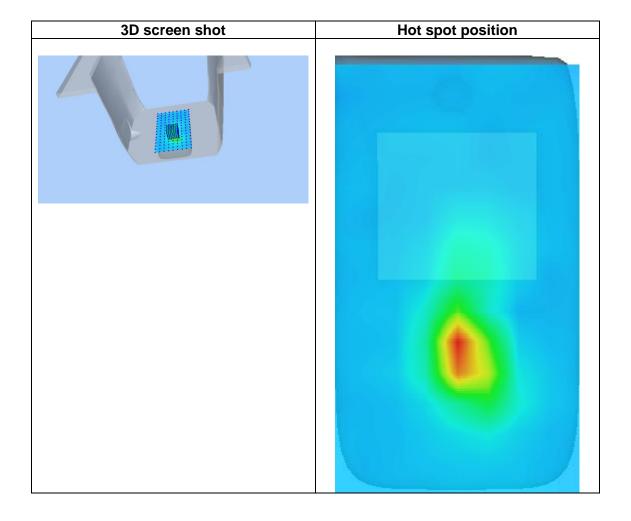
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-23.00 SAR Peak: 3.45 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.256066
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.890329





Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 0 0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 m) 3.09 1.67 0.33 0.33 0.10 0.09 0.05 0.05 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04 SA 98 50 **70** 43 48 13 49 **70 52** R 87 43 57 (W/ Kg) 3.1-2.5 (%) 2.0-(%) 1.5-₩ 1.0-0.5-0.0-18 20 22 Z (mm)





MEASUREMENT 5

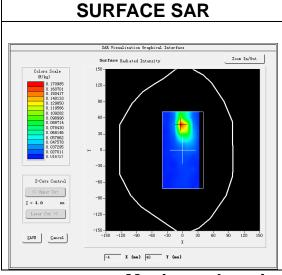
Date of measurement: 28/10/2023

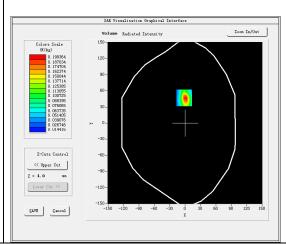
A. Experimental conditions.

- 11 = 21 O 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
<u>Band</u>	IEEE 802.11b ISM
<u>Channels</u>	Low
Signal	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.85</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

	
Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.825333
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.164810
Conductivity (S/m)	1.764085
Variation (%)	-2.360000





VOLUME SAR

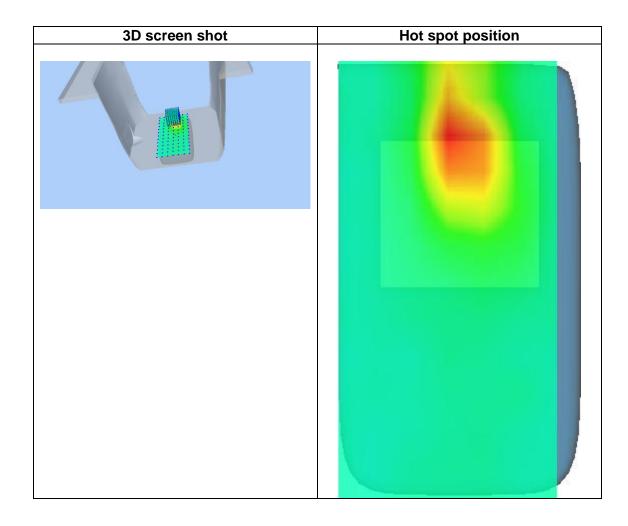
Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=47.00 SAR Peak: 0.43 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.076421
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.192811





Z (mm) 0.00 4.00 9.00 14.00 19.00 24.00 29.00 SAR 0.4584 0.1994 0.0495 0.0303 0.0222 0.0194 0.0190 (W/Kg) 0.5 0.4 0.1 0.0-22.5 27.5 32.5 17.5 40.0 0.02.55.07.5 12.5 Z (mm)







MEASUREMENT 6

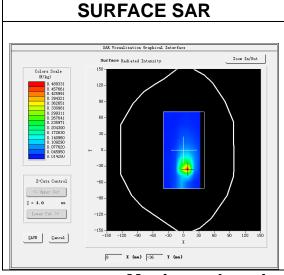
Date of measurement: 28/10/2023

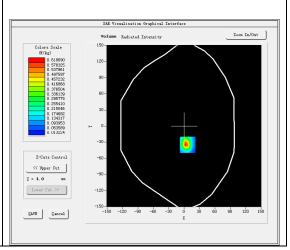
A. Experimental conditions.

<u> </u>		
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm	
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>	
Device Position	Body	
<u>Band</u>	IEEE 802.11b ISM	
<u>Channels</u>	Low	
Signal	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)	
ConvF	<u>2.85</u>	

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.825333	
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.164810	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.764085	
Variation (%)	-1.270000	





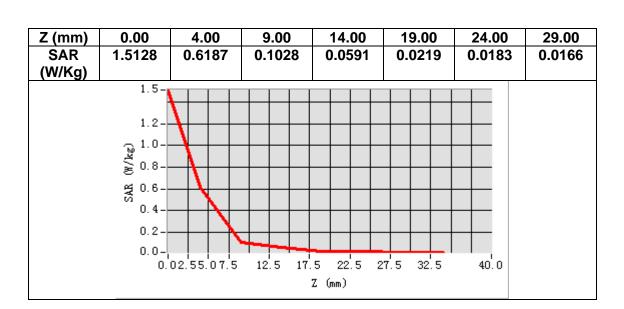
VOLUME SAR

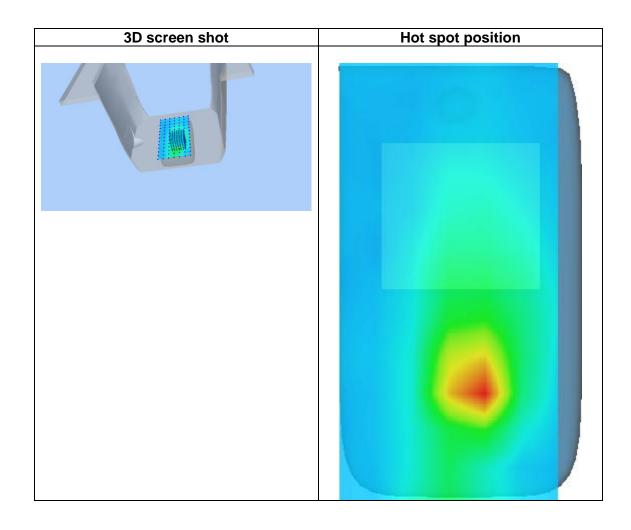
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-35.00 SAR Peak: 1.36 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.180892
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.566970













14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents
E Field Probe - 3423-EPGO-426
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352
5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 13/14 WGA 33
Extended Calibration Certificate







COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

Report No.: S23100800101001

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: 3423-EPGO-426

Calibrated at MVG
Z.I. de la pointe du diable
Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 09/18/2023



Accreditations #2-6789 Scope available on <u>www.cofrac.fr</u>

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).





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Report No.: S23100800101001



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

-	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by:	Cyrille ONNEE	Measurement Responsible	9/18/2023	3
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	9/18/2023	Ja
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	9/19/2023	Yann TOUTANN

Signature Yann numérique de Yann Toutain ID Toutain ID Date: 2023.09.19 09:08:14 +02'00'

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK
	TESTING
	TECHNOLOGY
	CO., LTD.

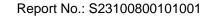
Name	Date	Modifications
Cyrille ONNEE	9/18/2023	Initial release
		5.2

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	3423-EPGO-426	
Product Condition (new / used)	New	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-7.5GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.261 MΩ	
5	Dipole 2: R2=0.213 MΩ	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.233 MΩ	

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their effect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore-mentioned standards.

3.1 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards for frequency range 600-7500MHz and using the calorimeter cell method (transfer method) as outlined in the standards for frequency 150-450 MHz.



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3.2 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.3 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.4 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{\rm be}$ + $d_{\rm steo}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} [\%] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\mathrm{step}}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\mathrm{be}}/(\delta P)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \; \mathrm{mm}$$

where

SAR_{uncertainty} is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

dbe is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 Δ_{step} is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

 δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

△SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit, 2%).







COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

Report No.: S23100800101001

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with a SAR probe calibration using the waveguide or calorimetric cell technique depending on the frequency.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-11% for the frequency range 150-450MHz.

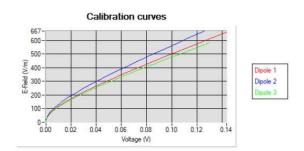
The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-14% for the frequency range 600-7500MHz.

CALIBRATION RESULTS

Ambient condition	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

CALIBRATION IN AIR 5.1

The following curve represents the measurement in waveguide of the voltage picked up by the probe toward the E-field generated inside the waveguide.



From this curve, the sensitivity in air is calculated using the below formula.

$$E^{2} = \sum_{i=1}^{3} \frac{V_{i} (1 + \frac{V_{i}}{DCP_{i}})}{Norm_{i}}$$

where

Vi=voltage readings on the 3 channels of the probe

DCPi=diode compression point given below for the 3 channels of the probe

Normi=dipole sensitivity given below for the 3 channels of the probe

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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Normx dipole 1 (μ V/(V/m) ²)		
0.78	0.62	0.85

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
105	108	107

5.2 CALIBRATION IN LIQUID

The calorimeter cell or the waveguide is used to determine the calibration in liquid using the formula below.

$$ConvF = \frac{E_{liquid}^2}{E_{air}^2}$$

The E-field in the liquid is determined from the SAR measurement according to the below formula.

$$E_{liquid}^2 = \frac{\rho \, SAR}{\sigma}$$

where

σ=the conductivity of the liquid ρ=the volumetric density of the liquid

SAR=the SAR measured from the formula that depends on the setup used. The SAR formulas are given below

For the calorimeter cell (150-450 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = c \frac{dT}{dt}$$

where

c=the specific heat for the liquid

dT/dt=the temperature rises over the time

For the waveguide setup (600-75000 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = \frac{4P_W}{ab\delta}e^{\frac{-2Z}{\delta}}$$

where

a=the larger cross-sectional of the waveguide b=the smaller cross-sectional of the waveguide δ=the skin depth for the liquid in the waveguide

Pw=the power delivered to the liquid

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

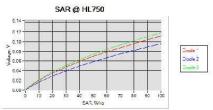
Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

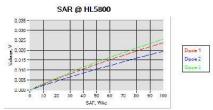
Report No.: S23100800101001

The below table summarize the ConvF for the calibrated liquid. The curves give examples for the measured SAR depending on the voltage in some liquid.

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz*)	ConvF
HL750	750	2.37
HL850	835	2.32
HL900	900	2.23
HL1800	1800	2.45
HL1900	1900	2.63
HL2000	2000	2.83
HL2300	2300	2.81
HL2450	2450	2.85
HL2600	2600	2.65
HL3300	3300	2.21
HL3500	3500	2.20
HL3700	3700	2.11
HL3900	3900	2.40
HL4200	4200	2.40
HL4600	4600	2.33
HL4900	4900	2.37
HL5200	5200	2.07
HL5400	5400	2.11
HL5600	5600	2.20
HL5800	5800	2.04

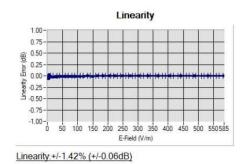
(*) Frequency validity is +/-50MHz below 600MHz, +/-100MHz from 600MHz to 6GHz and +/-700MHz above 6GHz

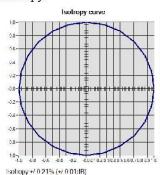




VERIFICATION RESULTS

The figures below represent the measured linearity and axial isotropy for this probe. The probe specification is +/-0.2 dB for linearity and +/-0.15 dB for axial isotropy.





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Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE COMOSAR Probe vL

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2019	10/2023
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2022	07/2025
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024
Power Meter	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2022	10/2025
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Fluoroptic Thermometer	LumaSense Luxtron 812	94264	09/2022	09/2025
Coaxial cell	MVG	SN 32/16 COAXCELL_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG2_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G600_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.23.BES.A

Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG14_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_7G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).





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Report No.: S23100800101001



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
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	•		•	2021.03.0

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Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING Distribution: TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme LE GALL	3/1/2021	Initial release







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INTRODUCTION 1

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

DEVICE UNDER TEST 2

D	evice Under Test	
Device Type COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer MVG		
Model SID2450		
Serial Number SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352		
Product Condition (new / used) Used		

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

GENERAL INFORMATION 3.1

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole







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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS</u>

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
0 - 300	0.20 mm
300 - 450	0.44 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
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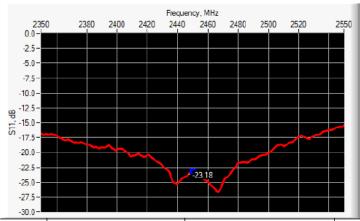


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1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-23.18	-20	56.3 Ω - 2.9 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm h mm		m	d r	nm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	-	30.4 ±1 %.	-	3.6 ±1 %.	-

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2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 41.9 sigma: 1.88
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	24502450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_{r}')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	

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2100	39.8 ±10 %		1.49 ±10 %	
2300	39.5 ±10 %		1.67 ±10 %	
2450	39.2 ±10 %	41.9	1.80 ±10 %	1.88
2600	39.0 ±10 %		1.96 ±10 %	
3000	38.5 ±10 %		2.40 ±10 %	
3500	37.9 ±10 %		2.91 ±10 %	

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W) 10 g SAR ((W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	53.69 (5.37)	24	23.94 (2.39)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





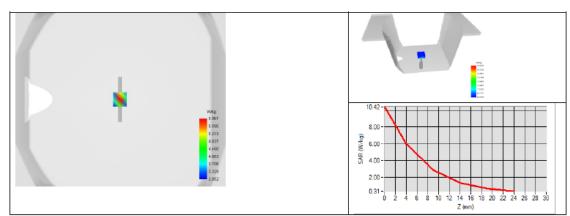
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LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022	
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022	
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022	
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023	
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023	





SAR Reference Waveguide Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

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SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE

> FREQUENCY: 5000-6000 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 13/14 WGA33

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference waveguide calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).





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SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

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Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain
	•	•		Mode d'empla 2021.03.0

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Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING Distribution: TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release







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