

# Test report

**REP016526**

Date of issue: September 27, 2023

Applicant:

**Faro S.p.A. Via Faro 15 20876 Ornago MB – Italy**

Product:

**Remote Control for room lamps quipped with radio transmitter 315 MHz**

Model:

**MOD. 540050**

FCC ID:

**2BC9L-540050**

Specifications:

◆ **FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C, §15.231**

Periodic operation in the band 40.66-40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz.

◆ **RSS-210, Issue 10, December 2019 + Amendment (April 2020), Annex A.1**

Momentarily operated devices

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Doc. n. TRF001; Rev. 0; Date: 2020-11-30

#### Test location

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Province	(MB) – Italy
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Country	Italy
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Toll free	--
Website	www.nemko.com
Site number	FCC: 682159; IC: 9109A (10 m semi anechoic chamber)

Tested by	Genci Tepelena Wireless/EMC Specialist
Reviewed by	Oscar Frau Senior /EMC Specialist
Date	September 27, 2023
Signature of reviewer	

#### Limits of responsibility

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contain in this report are within Nemko Canada's ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

#### Copyright notification

# Table of contents

<b>Table of contents</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Section 1. Report summary</b>	<b>4</b>
1.1 Applicant and manufacturer info	4
1.2 Test specifications	4
1.3 Test methods	4
1.4 Statement of compliance	4
1.5 Applicability	4
1.6 Test report revision history	4
<b>Section 2. Summary of test results</b>	<b>5</b>
2.1 FCC Part 15 Subpart C test results	5
2.2 IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5 test results	5
2.3 IC RSS-210, Issue 10 test results	5
<b>Section 3. Equipment under test (EUT) details</b>	<b>6</b>
3.1 Sample information	6
3.2 EUT information	6
3.3 Technical information	6
3.4 Product description and theory of operation	6
3.5 EUT setup diagram	6
3.6 EUT sub assemblies	7
<b>Section 4. Engineering considerations</b>	<b>8</b>
4.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT	8
4.2 Technical judgment	8
4.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures	8
<b>Section 5. Test conditions</b>	<b>9</b>
5.1 Atmospheric conditions	9
5.2 Power supply range	9
<b>Section 6. Measurement uncertainty</b>	<b>10</b>
6.1 Uncertainty of measurement	10
<b>Section 7. Test equipment</b>	<b>11</b>
7.1 Test equipment list	11
<b>Section 8. Testing data</b>	<b>13</b>
8.1 FCC 15.31(m) and RSS-Gen 6.9 Number of frequencies	13
8.2 FCC 15.203 and RSS-Gen, section 6.8 Antenna requirement	14
8.3 FCC 15.231(a) and RSS-210 A.1.1 Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation	15
8.4 FCC 15.231(b) and RSS-210 A.1.2 Field strength of emissions	18
8.5 FCC 15.231(c) and RSS-210 A.1.3 Emission bandwidth of momentary signals	25
<b>Section 9. Block diagrams of test set-ups</b>	<b>28</b>
9.1 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies below 1 GHz	28
9.2 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies above 1 GHz	28

## Section 1. Report summary

### 1.1 Applicant and manufacturer info

	Manufacturer:	ISED applicant:	FCC applicant:
Company name	Faro S.p.A	Faro S.p.A	Faro S.p.A
Address	Via Faro 15	Via Faro 15	Via Faro 15
City	Ornago	Ornago	Ornago
Province/State	Monza e Brianza	Monza e Brianza	Monza e Brianza
Postal/Zip code	20876	20876	20876
Country	Italy	Italy	Italy

### 1.2 Test specifications

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C, Clause 15.231	Periodic operation in the band 40.66–40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz
RSS-210, Issue 10, December 2019 + Amendment (April 2020), Annex A.1	Momentarily operated devices

### 1.3 Test methods

ANSI C63.10 v 2013	American National Standard for Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unsilenced Wireless Devices
RSS-Gen, Issue 5, April 2018 + Amendment 1 (March 2019) + Amendment 2 (February 2021)	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

### 1.4 Statement of compliance

Testing was performed against all relevant requirements of the test standard. Results obtained indicate that the product under test does not comply in full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

See "Summary of test results" for full details.

### 1.5 Applicability

Due to a nature of the equipment under test some parts of the standards could not be fulfilled and required special authorization from the government authorities. It is up to manufacturer to obtain permission to operate in the frequency range and with the field strength of fundamental as tested and reported in this document.

### 1.6 Test report revision history

Revision #	Details of changes made to test report
TRF	Original report issued

## Section 2. Summary of test results

### 2.1 FCC Part 15 Subpart C test results

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.207(a)	Conducted limits	Not applicable
§15.203	Antenna requirement	Pass <sup>2</sup>
§15.231(a)	Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation	Pass
§15.231(b)	Field strength of emissions	Pass
§15.231(c)	Emission bandwidth	Pass
§15.231(d)	Requirements for devices operating within 40.66–40.70 MHz band	Not applicable
§15.231(e)	Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation	Not applicable

Notes: <sup>1</sup> Measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85 % and 115 % of the nominal rated supply voltage. No noticeable output power variation was observed

<sup>2</sup> The Antennas are located within the enclosure of EUT and not user accessible.

### 2.2 IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5 test results

Part	Test description	Verdict
7.3	Receiver radiated emission limits	Not applicable
7.4	Receiver conducted emission limits	Not applicable
6.9	Operating bands and selection of test frequencies	Pass
8.8	AC power line conducted emissions limits	Not applicable

Notes: <sup>1</sup> According to sections 5.2 and 5.3 of RSS-Gen, Issue 5 the EUT does not have a stand-alone receiver neither scanner receiver, therefore exempt from receiver requirements.

### 2.3 IC RSS-210, Issue 10 test results

Part	Test description	Verdict
A.1.1	Types of momentary signals	Pass
A.1.2	Field strength of emissions	Pass
A.1.3	Bandwidth of momentary signals	Pass
A.1.4	Reduced Field Strengths	Not applicable

## Section 3. Equipment under test (EUT) details

### 3.1 Sample information

Receipt date	September 15, 2023
Nemko sample ID number	PRJ00395360001

### 3.2 EUT information

Product name	Remote Control for room lamps quipped with radio transmitter 315 MHz
Model and Brand	MOD. 540050
Serial number	PRJ00395360001 assigned by Nemko

### 3.3 Technical information

Applicant IC company number	--
IC UPN number	--
All used IC test site(s) Reg. number	IC: 9109A (10 m semi anechoic chamber)
RSS number and Issue number	RSS-210, Issue 10, December 2019 + Amendment (April 2020), Annex A.1
Frequency band	(TX) 315 MHz
Frequency Min (MHz)	315 MHz
Frequency Max (MHz)	315 MHz
RF power Max (W)	N/A
Field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m @ 3 m)	70.46 dB $\mu$ V/m (average)
20dB BW (kHz)	10.80
Measured BW (kHz) (99 %)	34.69
Calculated BW (kHz), as per TRC-43	--
Type of modulation	FSK
Emission classification (F1D, G1D, D1D)	39K7F1D
Transmitter spurious (dB $\mu$ V/m @ 3 m)	44.48 (@ 630 MHz)
Power requirements	12 Vdc
Antenna information	integral

### 3.4 Product description and theory of operation

Remote Control for room lamps quipped with radio transmitter operating at 315 MHz in ASK/OOK modulation.  
It has been designed for the programmable lamps.

### 3.5 EUT setup diagram

Figure 3.5-1: EUT overview



3.6 EUT sub assemblies

Table 3.6-1: EUT sub assemblies

Description	Brand name	Model/Part number	Serial number
--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--

## Section 4. Engineering considerations

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### 4.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT

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There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

### 4.2 Technical judgment

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Due to a nature of the equipment under test some parts of the standards could not be fulfilled and required special authorization from the government authorities. It is up to manufacturer to obtain permission to operate in the frequency range and with the field strength of fundamental as tested and reported in this document.

EUT was tested as proposed in specially developed test plan for this project.

### 4.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

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No deviations were made from laboratory procedures.



## Section 5. Test conditions

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### 5.1 Atmospheric conditions

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Temperature	15–30 °C
Relative humidity	20–75 %
Air pressure	860–1060 mbar

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

### 5.2 Power supply range

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The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages  $\pm 5\%$ , for which the equipment was designed.

## Section 6. Measurement uncertainty

### 6.1 Uncertainty of measurement

Measurement uncertainty budgets for the tests are detailed below. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of  $K = 2$  with 95% certainty.

**Table 6.1-1: Measurement uncertainty**

EUT	Type	Test	Range	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Transmitter	Conducted	Frequency error	0.001 MHz ÷ 40 GHz	0.08 ppm	(1)
		Carrier power RF Output Power	0.009 MHz ÷ 30 MHz	1.1 dB	(1)
			30 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1.5 dB	(1)
			18 MHz ÷ 40 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
			40 MHz ÷ 140 GHz	5.0 dB	(1)
		Adjacent channel power	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1.4 dB	(1)
		Conducted spurious emissions	0.009 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
			18 GHz ÷ 40 GHz	4.2 dB	(1)
			40 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
		Intermodulation attenuation	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.2 dB	(1)
		Attack time – frequency behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.0 ms	(1)
		Attack time – power behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.5 ms	(1)
		Release time – frequency behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.0 ms	(1)
		Release time – power behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.5 ms	(1)
		Transient behaviour of the transmitter – Transient frequency behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	0.2 kHz	(1)
		Transient behaviour of the transmitter – Power level slope	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	9%	(1)
		Frequency deviation - Maximum permissible frequency deviation	0.001 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1.3%	(1)
		Frequency deviation - Response of the transmitter to modulation frequencies above 3 kHz	0.001 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	0.5 dB	(1)
		Dwell time	-	3%	(1)
		Hopping Frequency Separation	0.01 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1%	(1)
		Occupied Channel Bandwidth	0.01 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2%	(1)
		Modulation Bandwidth	0.01 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2%	(1)
Receiver	Radiated	Radiated spurious emissions	0.009 MHz ÷ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
			26.5 GHz ÷ 66 GHz	8.0 dB	(1)
			66 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	10 dB	(1)
			10 kHz ÷ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
		Effective radiated power transmitter	26.5 GHz ÷ 66 GHz	8.0 dB	(1)
			66 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	10 dB	(1)
	Radiated	Radiated spurious emissions	0.009 MHz ÷ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
			26.5 GHz ÷ 66 GHz	8.0 dB	(1)
			66 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	10 dB	(1)
		Sensitivity measurement	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
Receiver	Conducted	Conducted spurious emissions	0.009 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
			18 GHz ÷ 40 GHz	4.2 dB	(1)
			40 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)

NOTES:  
 (1) The reported expanded uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k = 2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95 %

## Section 7. Test equipment

### 7.1 Test equipment list

**Table 7.1-1: Equipment list**

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Identifier	Cal Date	Due Date
EMI Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESW44	101620	2023-08	2024-08
EMI Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU8	100202	2022-09	2023-09
Antenna Trilog 25MHz - 8GHz	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB9162	9162-025	2021-07	2024-07
Antenna Trilog 25-2000 MHz	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB9168	9168-242	2021-06	2024-06
Antenna 1 - 18 GHz	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	STLP9148	STLP 9148-152	2021-09	2024-09
Antenna 1 - 18 GHz	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	STLP9148	STPL 9148-123	2021-06	2024-06
Double Ridge Horn Antenna	RFSpin	DRH40	061106A40	2023-04	2026-04
Broadband Bench Top Amplifier	Sage	STB-1834034030-KFKF-L1	18490-01	2023-05	2024-05
Broadband Amplifier	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBV9718C	00121	2023-03	2024-03
Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBV9718	BBV9718-137	2023-04	2024-04
Semi-anechoic chamber	Nemko S.p.a.	10m semi-anechoic chamber	530	2021-09	2023-09
Common Mode Absorption Device	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	CMAD1614	00041	2023-05	2024-05
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	881 362/006	2023-03	2024-03
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	872 460/041	2022-09	2023-09
V-network	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z5	840 731/004	2022-09	2023-09
Oscilloscope	Agilent	54846A	MY40000254	2022-11	2024-11
Multimeter	Rohde & Schwarz	HMC8012	101577		
Barometer	Castle	GBP 3300	072015	2023-04	2024-04
Data logger con diagnosi in campo	Testo	175-H2	20012380/305	2022-12	2024-12



Data logger con diagnosi in campo	Testo	175-H2	38203337/703	2022-12	2024-12
Attenuator	Aeroflex / Weinschel	2	CC8577	2023-07	2024-07

## Section 8. Testing data

### 8.1 FCC 15.31(m) and RSS-Gen 6.9 Number of frequencies

#### 8.1.1 Definitions and limits

**FCC:**

Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table.

**ISED:**

Except where otherwise specified, measurements shall be performed for each frequency band of operation for which the radio apparatus is to be certified, with the device operating at the frequencies in each band of operation shown in table below. The frequencies selected for measurements shall be reported in the test report.

**Table 8.1-1: Frequency Range of Operation**

Frequency range over which the device operates (in each band)	Number of test frequencies required	Location of measurement frequency inside the operating frequency range
1 MHz or less	1	Center (middle of the band)
1–10 MHz	2	1 near high end, 1 near low end
Greater than 10 MHz	3	1 near high end, 1 near center and 1 near low end

Note: “near” means as close as possible to or at the centre / low end / high end of the frequency range over which the device operates.

#### 8.1.2 Test date

Start date September 27, 2023

#### 8.1.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

#### 8.1.4 Test data

**Table 8.1-2: Test channels selection**

Start of Frequency range, MHz	End of Frequency range, MHz	Frequency range bandwidth, MHz	Low channel, MHz	Mid channel, MHz	High channel, MHz
315	315	--	--	--	--

## 8.2 FCC 15.203 and RSS-Gen, section 6.8 Antenna requirement

### 8.2.1 Definitions and limits

**FCC:**

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

**ISED:**

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any type of antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report.

### 8.2.2 Test date

Start date September 27, 2023

### 8.2.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

### 8.2.4 Test data

Must the EUT be professionally installed? ☒ YES ☐ NO  
Does the EUT have detachable antenna(s)? ☐ YES ☒ NO  
If detachable, is the antenna connector(s) non-standard? ☐ YES ☐ NO ☒ N/A



## 8.3 FCC 15.231(a) and RSS-210 A.1.1 Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation

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### 8.3.1 Definitions and limits

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**FCC:**

- (a) The provisions of this section are restricted to periodic operation within the band 40.66–40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz. Except as shown in paragraph (e) of this section, the intentional radiator is restricted to the transmission of a control signal such as those used with alarm systems, door openers, remote switches, etc. Continuous transmissions, voice, video and the radio control of toys are not permitted. Data is permitted to be sent with a control signal. The following conditions shall be met to comply with the provisions for this periodic operation:
  - (1) A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released.
  - (2) A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation.
  - (3) Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not permitted. However, polling or supervision transmissions, including data, to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are allowed if the total duration of transmissions does not exceed more than two seconds per hour for each transmitter. There is no limit on the number of individual transmissions, provided the total transmission time does not exceed two seconds per hour.
  - (4) Intentional radiators which are employed for radio control purposes during emergencies involving fire, security, and safety of life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the pendency of the alarm condition.
  - (5) Transmission of set-up information for security systems may exceed the transmission duration limits in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section, provided such transmissions are under the control of a professional installer and do not exceed ten seconds after a manually operated switch is released or a transmitter is activated automatically. Such set-up information may include data.

**ISED:**

Devices shall comply with the following for momentary operation:

- (a) A manually operated transmitter shall be equipped with a push-to-operate switch and be under manual control at all times during transmission. When released, the transmitter shall cease transmission within no more than 5 seconds of being released.
- (b) A transmitter that has been activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds of activation.
- (c) Periodic transmissions at regular, predetermined intervals are not permitted, except as specified in Section A.1.4. However, polling or supervision transmissions that determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are permitted, provided the total duration of transmission does not exceed 2 seconds per hour for each transmitter.
- (d) Intentional radiators used for radio control during emergencies involving fire, security of goods (e.g. burglar alarms), and safety-of-life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the interval of the alarm condition.

### 8.3.2 Test summary

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Test date	September 27, 2023
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### 8.3.3 Observations, settings and special notes

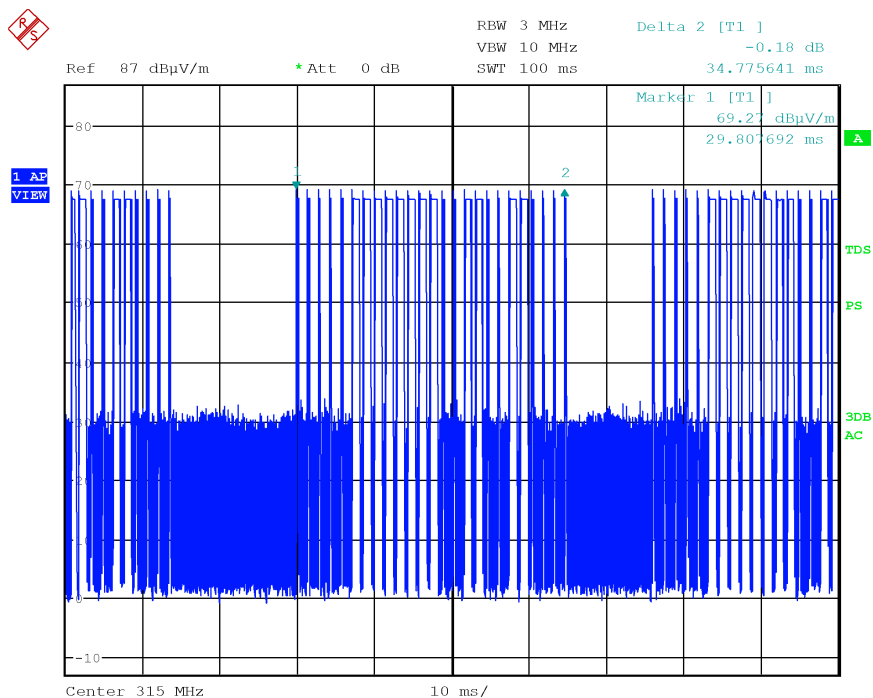
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The timing details were declared and provided by the manufacturer.

### 8.3.4 Test data

- |    |   |   |  |
|----|---|---|--|
| 1) | The EUT is manually triggered?                                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES | <input type="checkbox"/> NO            |
| 2) | The EUT is activated automatically?                               | <input type="checkbox"/> YES            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO |
| 3) | The EUT is a periodic transmitter?                                | <input type="checkbox"/> YES            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO |
| 4) | The EUT's usage is for radio control purposes during emergencies? | <input type="checkbox"/> YES            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO |
| 5) | The EUT transmits set-up information?                             | <input type="checkbox"/> YES            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO |

§15.35(c) When the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission, and pulsed operation is employed; the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds.



$$\text{Pulse duration} = 34.78 / 24 = 1.45 \text{ ms}$$

$$\text{Tx on} = 1.45 \text{ ms} * 52 = 75.40 \text{ ms on 100 ms}$$

$$\text{Duty cycle correction factor for pulse duration} = 20 \times \log_{10} (75.40 / 100) = -2.45 \text{ dB}$$



Section 8

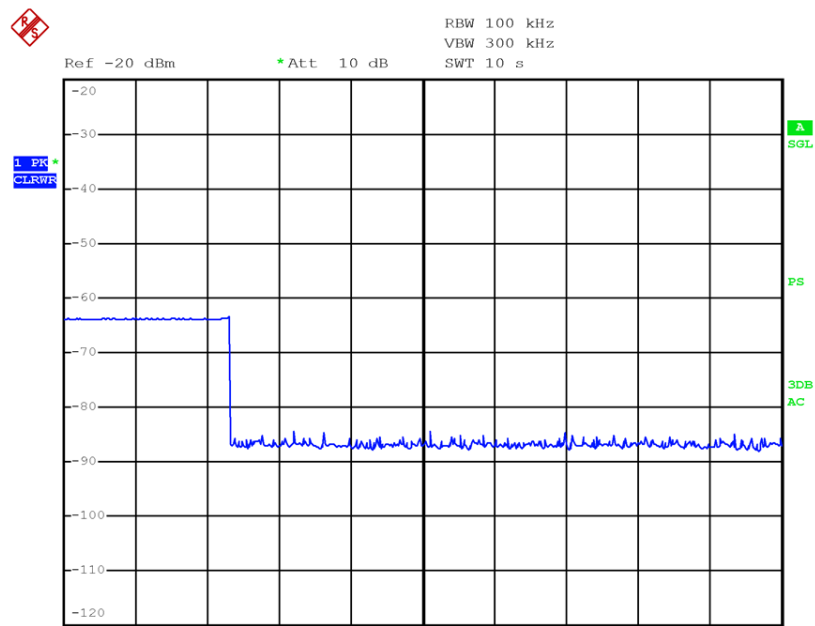
Test name

Specification

Testing data  
FCC 15.231(a) and RSS-210 A.1.1 Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation  
FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-210, Issue 10



A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released.



## 8.4 FCC 15.231(b) and RSS-210 A.1.2 Field strength of emissions

### 8.4.1 Definitions and limits

#### FCC:

- (b) In addition to the provisions of §15.205 the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated under this section shall not exceed the following table.
- 1) The field strength limits in the table are specified at a distance of 3 meters. The tighter limits apply at the band edges.
  - 2) Intentional radiators operating under the provisions of this section shall demonstrate compliance with the limits on the field strength of emissions, as shown in the above table, based on the average value of the measured emissions. As an alternative, compliance with the limits in the above table may be based on the use of measurement instrumentation with a CISPR quasi-peak detector. The specific method of measurement employed shall be specified in the application for equipment authorization. If average emission measurements are employed, the provisions in §15.35 for averaging pulsed emissions and for limiting peak emissions apply. Further, compliance with the provisions of §15.205 shall be demonstrated using the measurement instrumentation specified in that section.
  - 3) The limits on the field strength of the spurious emissions in the table below are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Spurious emissions shall be attenuated to the average (or, alternatively, CISPR quasi-peak) limits shown in this table or to the general limits shown in §15.209, whichever limit permits a higher field strength.

#### ISED:

- a. The field strength of emissions from momentarily operated intentional radiators shall not exceed the limits outlined in the table below, based on the average value of the measured emissions. The requirements of the Pulsed Operation section of RSS-Gen apply for averaging pulsed emissions and limiting peak emissions.  
Alternatively, compliance with the limits in the table below may be demonstrated using an International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR) quasi-peak detector.
- b. Unwanted emissions shall be 10 times below the fundamental emissions field strength limits in the table below or comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen, whichever is less stringent.
- c. The field strength limits shown in Table A are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Unwanted emissions shall be attenuated to the limits listed in RSS-Gen or to the limits shown in table below, whichever are less stringent.

**Table 8.4-1: Field strength limits**

Fundamental frequency (MHz)	Field strength of fundamental		Field strength of spurious emissions	
	( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	(dB $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	(dB $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )
40.66–40.70	2,250	67	225	47
70–130	1,250	61.9	125	41.9
130–174	1,250 to 3,750*	61.9 to 71.5*	125 to 375*	41.9 to 51.5*
174–260	3,750	71.5	375	51.5
260–470	3,750 to 12,500*	71.5 to 81.9*	375 to 1,250*	51.5 to 61.9*
Above 470	12,500	81.9	1,250	61.9

\* Linear interpolations

Note:

\* Linear interpolation with frequency F in MHz

**Table 8.4-2: FCC §15.209 and RSS-Gen – Radiated emission limits**

Frequency, MHz	Field strength of emissions		Measurement distance, m
	µV/m	dBµV/m	
0.009–0.490	2400/F	$67.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$	300
0.490–1.705	24000/F	$87.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$	30
1.705–30.0	30	29.5	30
30–88	100	40.0	3
88–216	150	43.5	3
216–960	200	46.0	3
above 960	500	54.0	3

Notes: In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

For frequencies above 1 GHz the limit on peak RF emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test

**Table 8.4-3: ISED restricted frequency bands**

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	12.57675–12.57725	399.9–410	7.25–7.75
0.495–0.505	13.36–13.41	608–614	8.025–8.5
2.1735–2.1905	16.42–16.423	960–1427	9.0–9.2
3.020–3.026	16.69475–16.69525	1435–1626.5	9.3–9.5
4.125–4.128	16.80425–16.80475	1645.5–1646.5	10.6–12.7
4.17725–4.17775	25.5–25.67	1660–1710	13.25–13.4
4.20725–4.20775	37.5–38.25	1718.8–1722.2	14.47–14.5
5.677–5.683	73–74.6	2200–2300	15.35–16.2
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	2310–2390	17.7–21.4
6.26775–6.26825	108–138	2483.5–2500	22.01–23.12
6.31175–6.31225	149.9–150.05	2655–2900	23.6–24.0
8.291–8.294	156.52475–156.52525	3260–3267	31.2–31.8
8.362–8.366	156.7–156.9	3332–3339	36.43–36.5
8.37625–8.38675	162.0125–167.17	3345.8–3358	
8.41425–8.41475	167.72–173.2	3500–4400	Above 38.6
12.29–12.293	240–285	4500–5150	
12.51975–12.52025	322–335.4	5350–5460	

Note: Certain frequency bands listed in Table 8.4-3 and above 38.6 GHz are designated for low-power licence-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to the devices are set out in this Standard

**Table 8.4-4: FCC restricted frequency bands**

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675	156.7–156.9	2690–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358	36.43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	Above 38.6
13.36–13.41			

## 8.4.2 Test summary

Test date                      September 27, 2023

## 8.4.3 Observations, settings and special notes

The spectrum was searched from 30 MHz to the 220 GHz.

Radiated measurements were performed at a distance of 3 m. Where the distance was reduced to increase dynamic range appropriate distance correction factor was applied to the measurement results.

Average radiated emissions were obtained by subtracting duty cycle / correction factor from the peak measurement results.

Spectrum analyser settings for radiated measurements within restricted bands below 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

Spectrum analyser settings for peak radiated measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

## 8.4.4 Test data

Duty cycle/average factor calculations

§15.35(c) When the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission, and pulsed operation is employed; the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds.

$$\text{Duty cycle or average factor} = 20 \times \log_{10} \left( \frac{Tx_{100ms}}{100ms} \right)$$

$$\text{Duty cycle correction factor for pulse duration} = 20 \times \log_{10} (75.40 / 100) = -2.45 \text{ dB}$$

**Table 8.4-5:** Radiated field strength of fundamental measurement results

E.U.T in horizontal position

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Peak field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Duty cycle corr. (dB)	Avg field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Avg limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Avg margin (dB)
315	H	73.91	-2.45	70.46	74.4	-3.94
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Peak field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Duty cycle corr. (dB)	Avg field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Avg limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Avg margin (dB)
315	V	67.90	-2.45	64.45	74.4	-12.95
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Peak field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Duty cycle corr. (dB)	Avg field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Avg limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Avg margin (dB)
630	H	45.01	-2.45	41.65	54.4	-12.75
945	H	45.48	-2.45	--	54.4	--
1260	H	44.6	-2.45	--	54.4	--
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Peak field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Duty cycle corr. (dB)	Avg field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Avg limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Avg margin (dB)
630	V	58.28	-2.45	--	54.4	--
945	V	40.02	2.45	--	54.4	--
1260	V	--	2.45	--	54.4	--

The correction factor was calculated as follows:  $20 \times \log_{10} (75.40 / 100) = -2.45\text{dB}$

E.U.T in vertical position

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Peak field strength (dBμV/m)	Duty cycle corr. (dB)	Avg field strength (dBμV/m)	Avg limit (dBμV/m)	Avg margin (dB)
315	H	69.83	2.45	66.38	74.4	-13.00
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Peak field strength (dBμV/m)	Duty cycle corr. (dB)	Avg field strength (dBμV/m)	Avg limit (dBμV/m)	Avg margin (dB)
315	V	61.10	2.45	57.65	74.4	-21.73
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Peak field strength (dBμV/m)	Duty cycle corr. (dB)	Avg field strength (dBμV/m)	Avg limit (dBμV/m)	Avg margin (dB)
630	H	37.25	2.45	33.80	54.4	-25.58
945	H	32.68	2.45	29.23	54.4	-30.15
1260	H	--	2.45	--	54.4	--
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Peak field strength (dBμV/m)	Duty cycle corr. (dB)	Avg field strength (dBμV/m)	Avg limit (dBμV/m)	Avg margin (dB)
630	V	47.83	2.45	44.48	54.4	-15.00
954	V	34.90	2.45	31.45	54.4	-27.93
1260	V	--	2.45	--	54.4	--

The correction factor was calculated as follows:  $20 \times \log_{10} (75.40 / 100) = -2.45\text{dB}$

here is no limit for the fundamental at the tested frequencies in the specifications tested, therefore the final result is subject for special authorization.

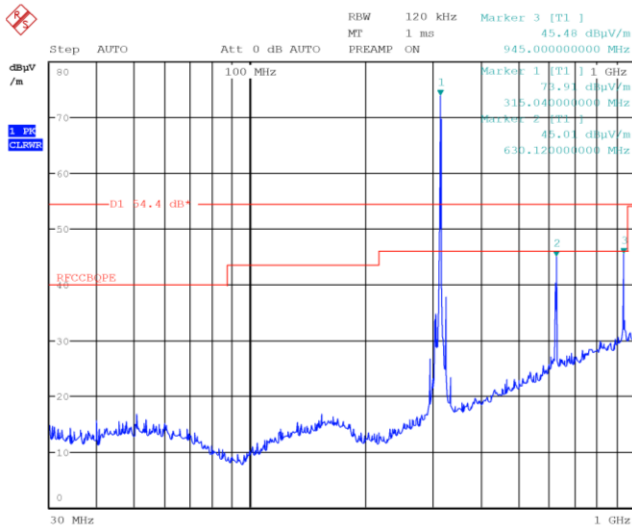


Figure 8.4-1: Horizontal polarization, Radiated spurious emissions below 1 GHz, E.U.T in horizontal position

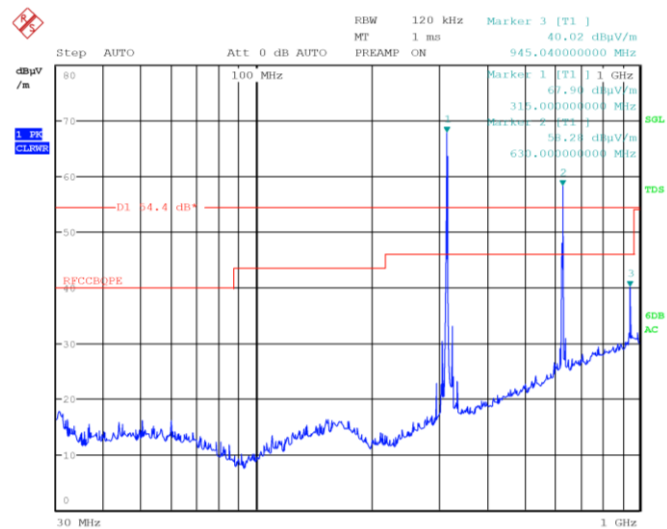


Figure 8.4-2: Vertical polarization, Radiated spurious emissions below 1 GHz, E.U.T in horizontal position

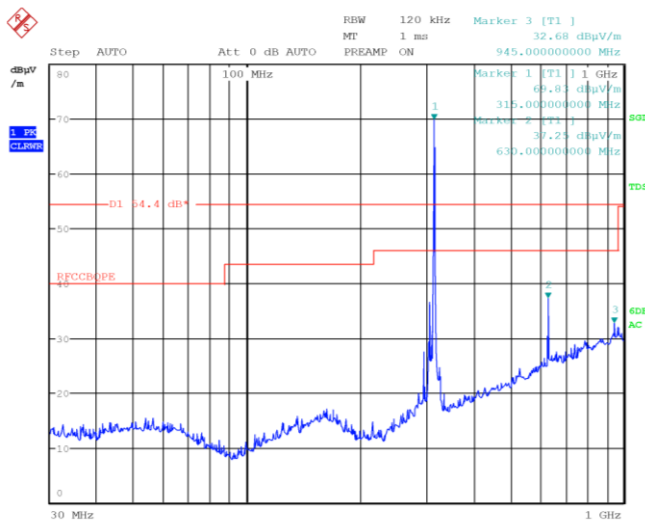


Figure 8.4-3: Horizontal polarization, Radiated spurious emissions below 1 GHz, E.U.T in vertical position

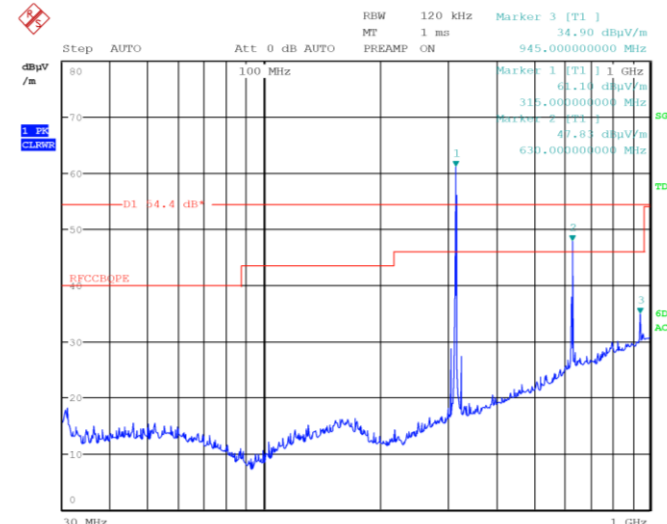


Figure 8.4-4: Vertical polarization, Radiated spurious emissions below 1 GHz, E.U.T in vertical position

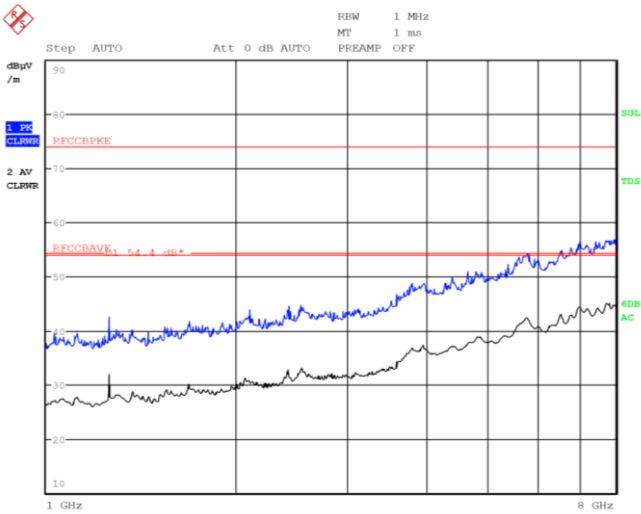


Figure 8.4-5: Horizontal polarization, Radiated spurious emissions above 1 GHz, E.U.T in horizontal position

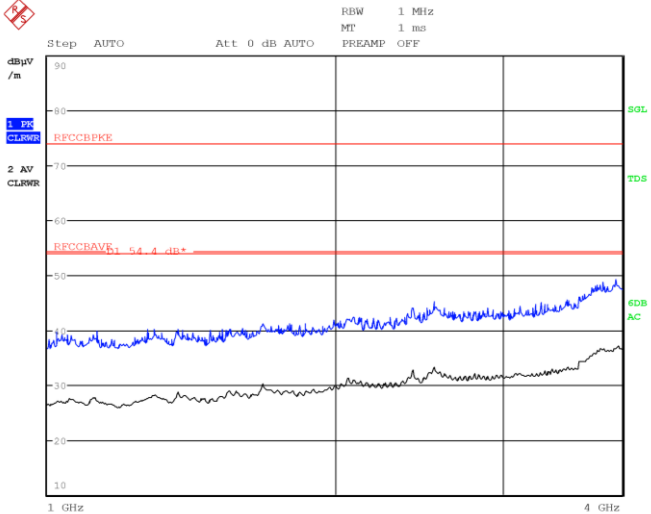


Figure 8.4-6: Vertical polarization, Radiated spurious emissions above 1 GHz, E.U.T in horizontal position

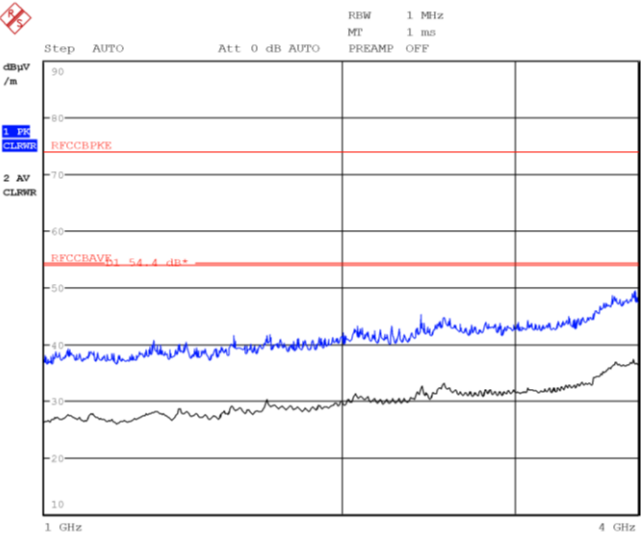


Figure 8.4-7: Horizontal polarization, Radiated spurious emissions above 1 GHz, E.U.T in vertical position

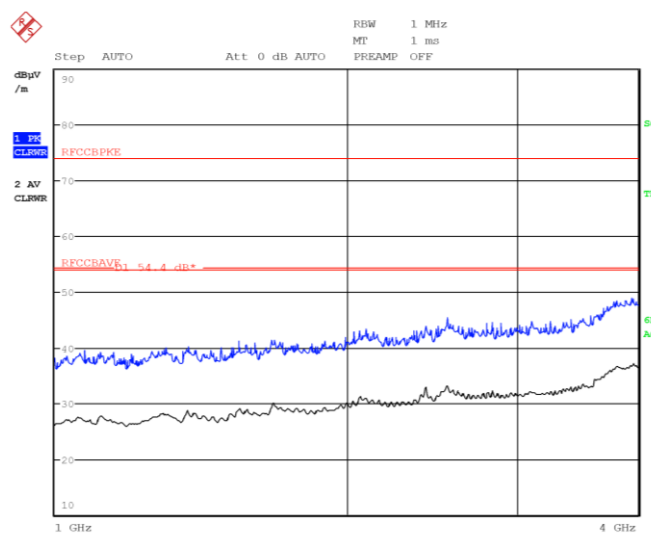


Figure 8.4-8: Vertical polarization, Radiated spurious emissions above 1 GHz, E.U.T in vertical position



## 8.5 FCC 15.231(c) and RSS-210 A.1.3 Emission bandwidth of momentary signals

### 8.5.1 Definitions and limits

**FCC:**

The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25 % of the center frequency for devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5 % of the center frequency. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20 dB down from the modulated carrier.

**ISED:**

The 99% bandwidth of momentarily operated devices shall be less or equal to 0.25% of the centre frequency for devices operating between 70 MHz and 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the 99% bandwidth shall be less or equal to 0.5% of the centre frequency.

### 8.5.2 Test summary

Test date: September 27, 2023

### 8.5.3 Observations, settings and special notes

Limit: 0.5 % of 315 GHz is 0.650 MHz

Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth	$\geq 1\%$ of emission bandwidth
Video bandwidth	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Frequency span	Wider than emission bandwidth
Detector mode	Peak

### 8.5.4 Test data

**Table 8.5-1: Occupied bandwidth measurement result**

Occupied bandwidth per frequency, MHz	Limit, MHz	Margin, MHz
0.03469	0.65000	0.61531

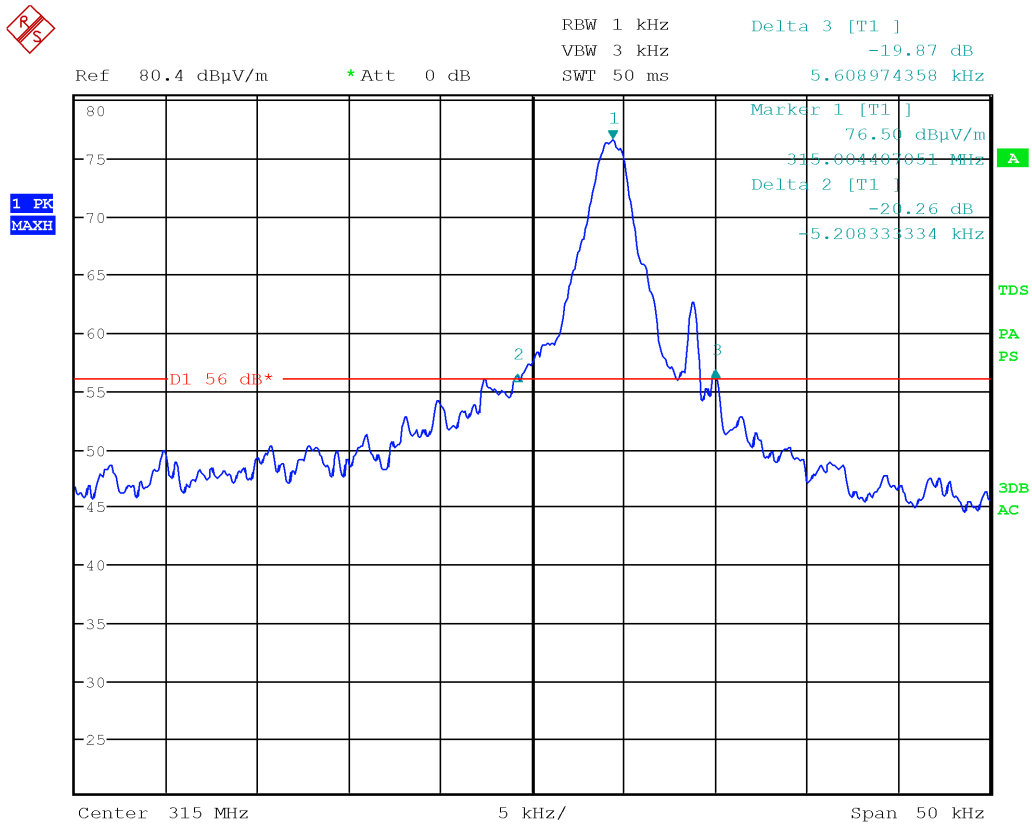
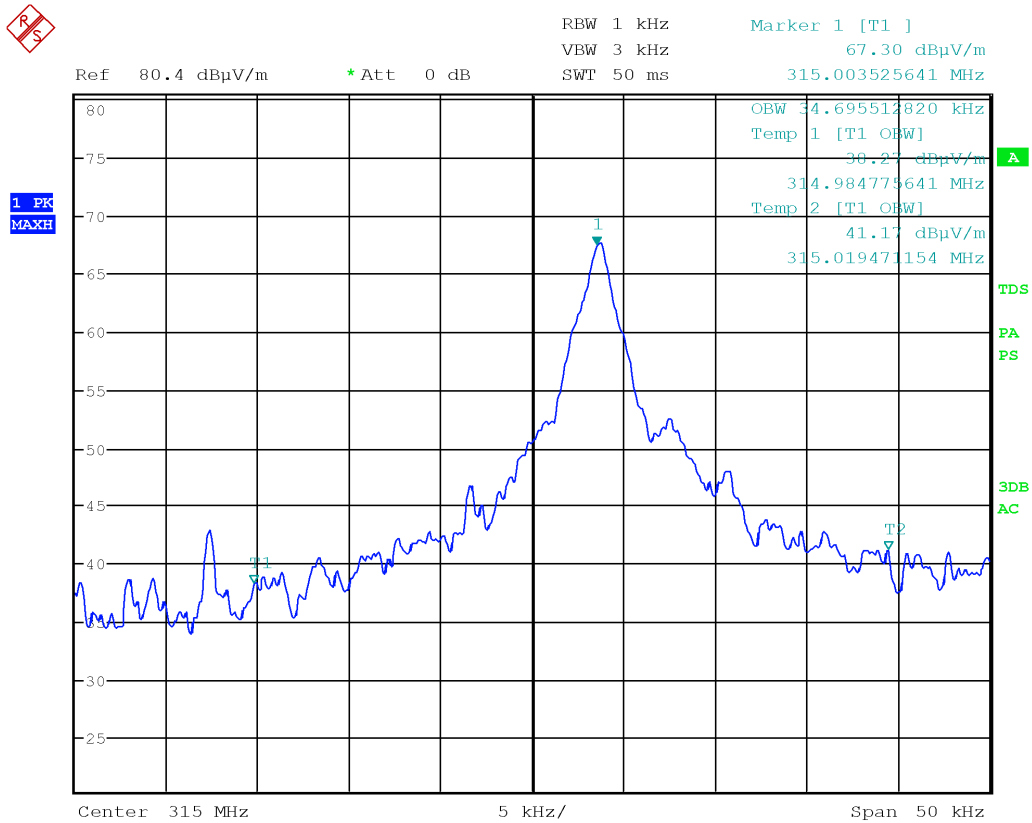


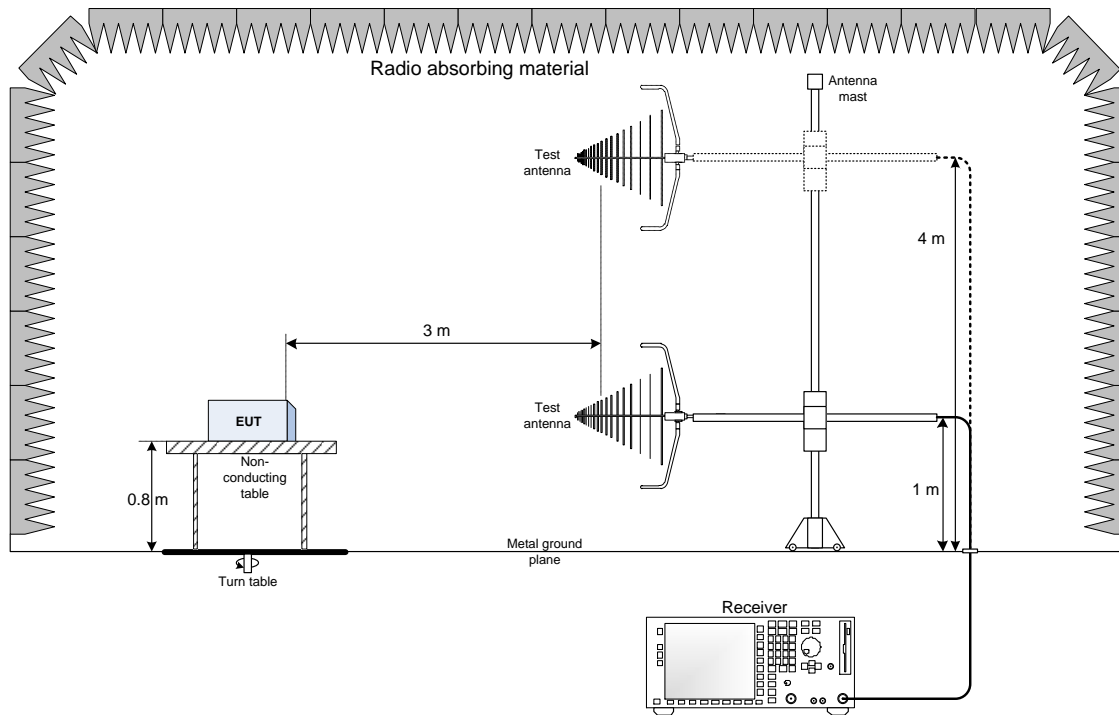
Figure 8.5-1: Occupied bandwidth 20 dB = 10.80 kHz



Occupied bandwidth 99% = 34.69 kHz

## Section 9. Block diagrams of test set-ups

### 9.1 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies below 1 GHz



### 9.2 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies above 1 GHz

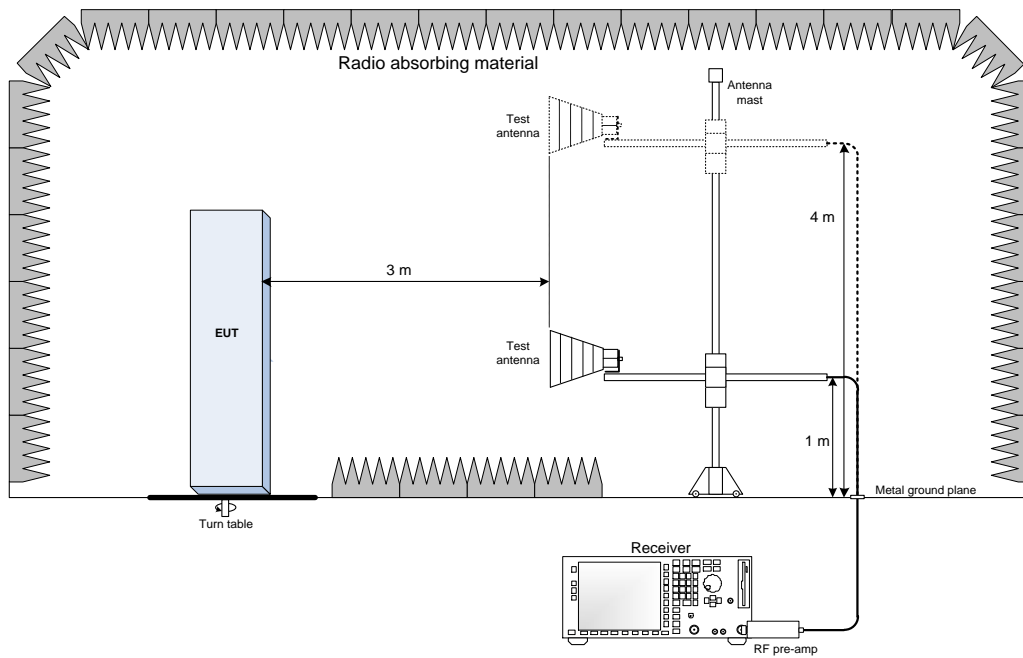


Photo of test setup

