



Test Report

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Verified code: 927971

Report No.: E202409184352-1 Customer: Huizhou Foryou General Electronics Co., Ltd. No.2 District A, Foryou Industry Park, No. 1 North Shangxia Road, Dongjiang Hi tech Address: Industry Park, 516005 Huizhou city, Guangdong Province, China(PROC) Intelligent cabin controller Sample Name: Sample Model: HS7024 **Receive Sample** Sep.18,2024 Date: Sep.22,2024 ~ Sep.26,2024 Test Date: FCC CFR Title 47Part 2, Reference FCC CFR Title 47Part 22 Subpart H, Document: FCC CFR Title 47Part24 Subpart E, FCC CFR Title 47Part 27 Subpart C Test Result: Pass Prepared by: Reviewed by: Approved by: Zhao Zetian Zhao Zetian Wen Wenwen Peng Huarui GRG METROLOGY & TEST GROUP CO., LTD. Issued Date: 2024-10-21 GRG METROLOGY & TEST GROUP CO., LTD. Address: No.163, Pingyun Road, West of Huangpu Avenue, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China (+86) 400-602-0999 FAX: (+86) 020-38698685 Web: http://www.grgtest.com Tel:





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REPORT ISSUED HISTORY

Report Version1.0	Report No. E202409184352-1	Description Original Issue	Compile Date 2024-10-15
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1. TEST RESULT SUMMARY

1.1 TEST STANDARDS

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	FCC CFR Title 47Part 2 Section 2.1047, 21049	Frequency Allocations And Radio Treaty Mattres; General Rules And Regulations
2	FCC CFR Title 47Part 22 Subpart H	Cellular Radiotelephone Service
3	FCC CFR Title 47Part 24 Subpart E	Broadband PCS
4	FCC CFR Title 47Part 27 Subpart C	Technical Standards

1.2 TEST RESULT

GSM850 &UMTS Band 5				
Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Result	
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	\$2.1046, \$22.913(a)(5)	EIRP ≤11.5 W	PASS	
Peak-Average Ratio	\$22.913(d)	Limit≤13 dB	PASS	
Modulation Characteristics	\$2.1047	Digital modulation	PASS	
Bandwidth	\$2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	PASS	
Band Edges Compliance	\$2.1051, \$22.917(b)(1)	Refer to section 9.1	PASS	
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	\$2.1051, \$22.917(a)	≤-13 dBm/1MHz	PASS	
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	\$2.1053, \$22.917(a)	≤-13 dBm/1MHz.	PASS	
Frequency Stability	\$2.1055, \$22.355	≤ ±2.5ppm.	PASS	

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GSM1900&UMTS Band2				
Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Result	
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	\$2.1046, \$24.232(c)	EIRP $\leq 2 W$	PASS	
Peak-Average Ratio	§24.232(d)	Limit≤13 dB	PASS	
Modulation Characteristics	\$2.1047	Digital modulation	PASS	
Bandwidth	\$2.1049	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	PASS	
Band Edges Compliance	\$2.1051, \$24.238(a)(b)	Refer to section 9.1	PASS	
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	\$2.1051, \$24.238(a)(b)	\leq -13 dBm/1MHz	PASS	
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	\$2.1053, \$24.238(a)	\leq -13 dBm/1MHz.	PASS	
Frequency Stability	\$2.1055, \$24.235	Stay within the authorized bands of operation	PASS	

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UMTS Band4				
Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Result	
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	\$2.1046, \$27.50(d)(4)	EIRP ≤1 W	PASS	
Peak-Average Ratio	§27.50(d)(5)	Limit≤13 dB	PASS	
Modulation Characteristics	\$2.1047	Digital modulation	PASS	
Bandwidth	\$2.1049 \$27.53(h)(3)(i)	OBW: No limit. EBW: No limit.	PASS	
Band Edges Compliance	\$2.1051, \$27.53(h)(1) \$27.53(h)(3)(i)	Refer to section 9.1	PASS	
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §27.53(h)(1)	\leq -13 dBm/1MHz	PASS	
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	\$2.1053, \$27.53(h)(1)	≤ -13 dBm/1MHz.	PASS	
Frequency Stability	\$2.1055, \$27.54	Stay within the authorized bands of operation	PASS	

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2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

2.1 APPLICANT

Name:	Huizhou Foryou General Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address:	No.2 District A, Foryou Industry Park, No. 1 North Shangxia Road, Dongjiang Hi tech Industry Park, 516005 Huizhou city, Guangdong Province, China(PROC)
(6./	

2.2 MANUFACTURER

Name:	Huizhou Foryou General Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address:	No.2 District A, Foryou Industry Park, No. 1 North Shangxia Road, Dongjiang Hi tech Industry Park, 516005 Huizhou city, Guangdong Province, China(PROC)
23 FACTORY	

2.3 FACTORY

Name:	Huizhou Foryou General Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address:	No.2 District A, Foryou Industry Park, No. 1 North Shangxia Road, Dongjiang Hi tech Industry Park, 516005 Huizhou city, Guangdong Province, China(PROC)

2.4 BASIC DESCRIPTION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

Equipment:	Intelligent cabin controller	
Model No.:	HS7024	(Sig)
Trade Mark:	ADAYO	
FCC ID:	2AEIN-HS7024	
Power Supply:	DC 12V	
Battery:	Ni-MH BATTERY AA1000mAh, LTT-HS7012A, LTT-AA	P1000X3 3.6V
Hardware Version:	B.0.1	
Software Version:	SWC.0007	
Antenna Type:	Internal antenna	
Antenna Gain:	GSM850: 2.37dBi GSM1900: 3.62Bi UMTS Band 2:3.62dBi UMTS Band 4:3.69dBi UMTS Band 5:2.37dBi	
Power Class:	GSM850: 4 GSM1900: 1 UMTS: 3	
Frequency range:	GSM850: Tx 824MHz~849MHz, Rx 869MHz ~ 894 MHz GSM1900: Tx 1850MHz~1910MHz, Rx 1930MHz ~ 1990 M UMTS Band 2: Tx 1850MHz~1910MHz, Rx 1930MHz ~ 19 UMTS Band 4: Tx 1710MHz~1755MHz, Rx 2110MHz ~ 21 UMTS Band 5: Tx 824MHz~849MHz, Rx 869MHz ~ 894 M	90 MHz 55 MHz
Bandwidth:	GSM850: 0.2MHz GSM1900: 0.2MHz UMTS Band 2: 5MHz UMTS Band 4: 5MHz UMTS Band 5: 5MHz	

Modulation:	GSM19 UMTS I UMTS I	0: GMSK,8PSK 00: GMSK,8PSK Band 2: QPSK Band 4: QPSK Band 5: QPSK			
Sample No.:	E20240	9184352-0001, E20240918435	2-0002		
IMEI:		9184352-0001:8658650301092 9184352-0002:8658650301093			
Temperature Range:	-40℃~7	∕5℃			
Voltage Range	9V~16V				
Sample Submitting Way :	\square Provided by clistomer \square Sampling				
Note:	solely or responsi informa 2. This E Low two technica version, Lowcon different	UT antenna gain is provided by n the basis of such data and/or bility for the authenticity and of tion and the validity of the resu CUT(Intelligent cabin controller oconfiguration. The two config lconstruction including circuit software, except the High con figuration without some functi cewhich are not affect the RF p ration of HS7024.	information. completeness ilts and/or co r) the model guration have diagram, PC figuration wi ons as below	We accept no of the above data nclusions. name HS7024 wit the same B LAYOUT, hard th full function but table. These	and h High, lware t the
	U	HS7024 Function	Configurat	ion	
			High	Low	
		4MIC port	Y	Ν	
(is)		DMS port	Y	N ć	
		Ethernet port	Y	Ν	
		Support PTZ camera port	Y	N	
\bigcirc		Integrated projection headlights port	Y	N	

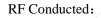
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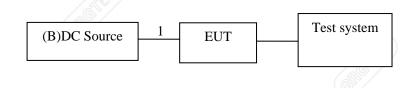
2.5 LOCAL SUPPORTIVE INSTRUMENTS

No.	Name of equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial number	Note
А	Dc Source	LW	PS-305DM	180704439	
В	Dc Source	Keysight	E36231A	MY59001139	
С	Horn antenna	/	/		
D	Wideband radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	144611-nC	/

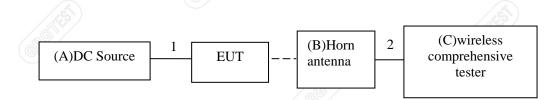
No.	Cable Type	Qty.	Shielded Type	Ferrite Core(Qty.)	Length
1	DC cable	1	No	0	0.8m
2	RF cable	1	Yes	0	5m

2.6 CONFIGURATION OF SYSTEM UNDER TEST





Field Strength of Spurious Radiation:



2.7 DESIGNATION OF EMISSION

Test Mode	Emission Designator
GSM850(GSM)	244KGXW
GSM850(GPRS)	246KGXW
GSM850(EDGE)	247KG7W
GSM1900(GSM)	245KGXW
GSM1900(GPRS)	247KGXW
GSM1900(EDGE)	248KG7W
WCDMA Band II	4M14F9W
WCDMA Band IV	4M14F9W
WCDMA Band V	4M13F9W
(87 /	(8)
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3. LABORATORY AND ACCREDITATIONS ANDMEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

3.1 LABORATORY

The tests & measurements refer to this report were performed by Shenzhen EMC Laboratory of GRG METROLOGY & TEST GROUP CO., LTD.

Add.:	No.1301 Guanguang Road Xinlan Community, Guanlan Street, Longhua Dist Shenzhen, 518110, People's Republic of China.						
P.C.:	518110						
Tel :	0755-61180008						
Fax:	0755-61180008						

3.2 ACCREDITATIONS

Canada

USA

Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following approval agencies according to GB/T 27025(ISO/IEC 17025:2017)

USA A2LA(Certificate #2861.01)

The measuring facility of laboratories has been authorized or registered by the following approval agencies.

ISED (Company Number: 24897, CAB identifier:CN0069)

FCC (Registration Number: 759402, Designation Number:CN1198)

Copies of granted accreditation certificates are available for downloading from our web site, <u>http://www.grgtest.com</u>

3.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2:

Measur	ement	Frequency	Uncertainty	
		30MHz~200MHz	4.6dB	
	Horizontal	200MHz~1000MHz	4.8dB	
		1GHz~18GHz	5.0dB	
	C [®]	18GHz~40GHz	5.2dB	
	Vertical	30MHz~200MHz	4.7dB	
Radiated Emission		200MHz~1000MHz	4.7dB	
		1GHz~18GHz	5.1dB	
		18GHz~40GHz	5.4dB	
	Coaxial	9kHz~30MHz	4.4dB	
	Coplanar	9kHz~30MHz	4.4dB	

Meas	urement	Uncertainty			
RF frequency		6.0×10 ⁻⁶ MHz			
RF power conducted		400MHz~3000MHz:0.55dB			
KF powe	er conducted	3000MHz~6000MHz:0.54dB			
		1.4 MHz:7.7kHz			
		3MHz:11kHz			
0 11		5MHz:15kHz			
Occupied ch	annel bandwidth	10MHz:25kHz			
		15MHz:35kHz			
		20MHz:45kHz			
		9kHz~3.6GHz:1.5dB			
T T (1		3.6GH~7.5GH: 1.5dB			
Unwanted em	ission, conducted	7.5GHz~13.6GHz: 2.6dB			
		13.6GHz~26GHz: 3.2dB			
	1.1				

This uncertainty represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

4. LIST OF USED TEST EQUIPMENT AT GRGT

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due	
Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010B	MY60680122	2025-03-01	
Wideband radioR&SCommunication TesterR		CMW500	108083	2025-04-10	
Temperature& humidity chamber			H12204211060-1	2024-12-14	
RF switch box	Tonscend	JS0806-1	20D8060250	1	
Dc Source	Keysight	E36231A MY59001139		2025-09-08	
Test SW	Tonscend	JS1120/3.1.46			
RSE system:	1				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due	
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1513-60	1513-60-56	2025-05-07	
Preamplifier	SHIRONG ELECTRONIC	DLNA-30M1G-G 40	20200928001	2025-01-30	
Bi-log Antenna Schwarzbeck		VULB9160	VULB9160-3402	2025-09-24	
Horn Antenna Schwarzbeck		BBHA 9120D	02143	2025-06-15	
Test Receiver	R&S	ESR26	101758	2025-09-10	
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY52221469	2025-04-19	
Board-Band	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA 9170-497	2025-08-24	
Amplifier	Tonscend	TAP01018048	AP20E8060075	2025-03-01	
Amplifier Tonscend		TAP184050	AP20E806071	2025-03-01	
Amplifier	SHIRONG ELECTRONIC	DLNA-1G18G-G 40	20200928005	2025-07-19	
Test S/W	Tonscend		JS36-RE/2.5.1.5		

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months.

5. EFFECTIVE (ISOTROPIC) RADIATED POWER OUTPUT DATA

5.1 LIMIT

According to FCC section22.913 (a)(5)the ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 watts.

According to FCC section24.232 (c)the mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP. According to FCC section27.50 (d) (4) mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band and mobile and portable stations operating in the 1695-1710 MHz and 1755-1780 MHz bands are limited to 1 watt EIRP.

5.2 TEST PROCEDURES

Measurement Procedure: FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01

- 1. Connect the test system to the UE antenna connector.
- 2. A call is set up according to the Generic call setup procedure.
- 3. Set and send continuously up power control commands to the UE, until the UE output power shall be maximum level.
- 4. Read the conducted power in the base station.

Remark:

a: For getting the EIRP (Efficient Isotropic Radiated Power) in substitution method, the following formula should be taken to calculate it,

EIRP [dBm] = Conducted output power [dBm] + Gain [dBi]

ERP [dBm] = Conducted output power [dBm] +Gain [dBi]-2.15dB

P [dBm]=10lg(p/1mw)

5.3 TEST SETUP



5.4 TEST RESULTS

Please refer to ANNEX A of the E202409184352-1 document for this test data.

6. PEAK-TO-AVERAGE RATIO

6.1 LIMIT

According to FCC section 22.913(d), 24.232(d), 27.50 (d)(5), the peak to average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13dB.

6.2 TEST PROCEDURES

Measurement Procedure: FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01 Section 5.7.1

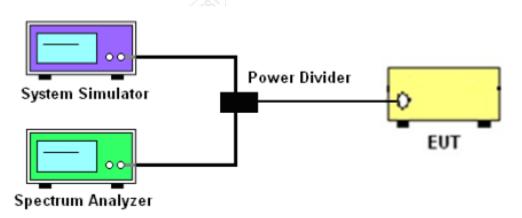
A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT. For WWAN signals, the spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level.

Test Settings

- 1. The signal analyzer's CCDF measurement profile is enabled
- 2. Frequency = carrier center frequency
- 3. Measurement BW>Emission bandwidth of signal
- 4. The signal analyzer was set to collect one million samples to generate the CCDF curve

5. The measurement interval was set depending on the type of signal analyzed. For continuous signals (>98% duty cycle), the measurement interval was set to 1ms. For burst transmissions, the spectrum analyzer is set to use an internal "RF Burst" trigger that is synced with an incoming pulse and the measurement interval is set to less than the duration of the "on time" of one burst to ensure that energy is only captured during a time in which the transmitter is operating at maximum power

6.3 TEST SETUP



6.4 TEST RESULTS

Please refer to ANNEX B of the E202409184352-1 document for this test data.

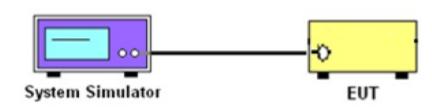
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7. MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST PROCEDURES

The devices may employ any type of modulation techniques. The type of modulation used must be reported.

7.2 TEST SETUP



7.3 TEST RESULTS

Please refer to ANNEX C of the E202409184352-1 document for this test data.

8. BANDWIDTH

8.1 LIMIT

According to FCC section 2.1049, OBW and EBW no limit.

8.2 TEST PROCEDURES

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured. The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable, attenuator and Spectrum analyser, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The tests were performed at three frequencies (low channel, middle channel and high channel). The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1 percent of the selected span as is possible without being below 1 percent. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used since a peak or, peak hold, may produce a wider bandwidth than actual. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 percent of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.

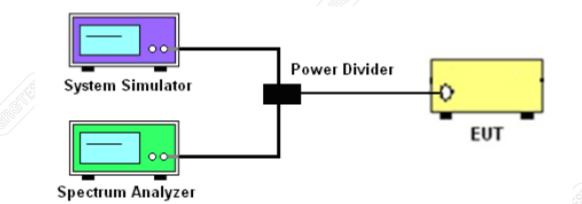
Test Settings

1. The signal analyzer's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 99% occupied bandwidth and the 26dB bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.

- 2. RBW=1-5% of the expected OBW
- 3. VBW≥3×RBW
- 4. Detector = Peak
- 5. Trace mode = max hold
- 6. Sweep = auto couple
- 7. The trace was allowed to stabilize

8. If necessary, steps 2-7 were repeated after changing the RBW such that it would be within 1-5% of the 99% occupied bandwidth observed in Step 7

8.3 TEST SETUP



8.4 TEST RESULTS

Please refer to ANNEX D of the E202409184352-1 document for this test data.

9. BAND EDGES COMPLIANCE

9.1 LIMIT

According to FCC section 22.917(b)(1), 24.238(a)(b), 27.53(h)(1)(3)(i), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43+10\log(P)$ dB.

9.2 TEST PROCEDURES

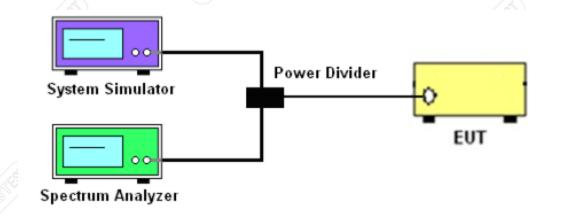
Measurement Procedure: FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01 Section 6

The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable, attenuator and Spectrum analyser, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The tests were performed at two frequencies (low channel and high channel).in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of 100kHz or 1% of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The EUT emission bandwidth is measured as the width of the signal between two points, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter power. The video bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at thrice the resolution bandwidth. Detector Mode was set to peak or peak hold power.

Test Settings

- 1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
- 2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
- 3. $RBW \ge 1\%$ of the emission bandwidth
- 4. VBW \geq 3 × RBW
- 5. Detector = RMS
- 6. Number of sweep points $\geq 2 \times \text{Span/RBW}$
- 7. Trace mode = trace average for continuous emissions, max hold for pulse emissions
- 8. Sweep time = auto couple
- 9. The trace was allowed to stabilize

9.3 TEST SETUP



9.4 EST RESULTS

Please refer to ANNEX E of the E202409184352-1 document for this test data.

10. SPURIOUS EMISSION AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

10.1 LIMIT

According to FCC section 22.917(a), 24.238(a)(b), 27.53(h)(1), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43+10\log(P)$ dB.

10.2 TEST PROCEDURES

Measurement Procedure: FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01

The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable, attenuator and Spectrum analyzer, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The tests were performed at three frequencies (low channel and high channel). The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Test Settings

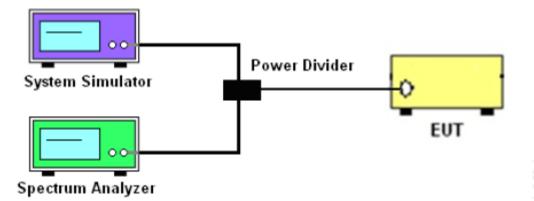
1. Start frequency was set to 30MHz and stop frequency was set to at least 10*the fundamental frequency (separated into at least two plots per channel)

- 2. Detector=RMS
- 3. Trace mode = trace average for continuous emissions, max hold for pulse emissions
- 4. Sweep time = auto couple
- 5. The trace was allowed to stabilize
- 6. Please see test notes below for RBW and VBW settings

Remark:

The disturbance below 30MHz was very low, and the above harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the worst case data had been displayed.

10.3 TEST SETUP



10.4 TEST RESULTS

Please refer to ANNEX F of the E202409184352-1 document for this test data.

11. FREQUENCY STABILITY

11.1 LIMIT

According to FCC section 22.355, frequency stability of the transmission may not exceed ± 2.5 ppm. According to FCC section 24.235, section 27.54, the frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation.

11.2 **TEST PROCEDURES**

Measurement Procedure: FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01 Section 9

Frequency stability over variations in temperature

1. The EUT was set up in the thermal chamber and connected with the base station.

2. With power off, temperature was decreased to $-30 \,^{\circ}$ C and EUT was stabilized before testing. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was recorded within one minute.

3. With power off, the temperature was rised in -30 $^{\circ}$ C step up to 50 $^{\circ}$ C. The EUT was stabilizes at each step for at least half an hour at. Power was applied the maximum frequency change was recorded within one minute. **Frequency stability when varying supply voltage**

1. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at 20±5 °C and connected with the system simulator.

2. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

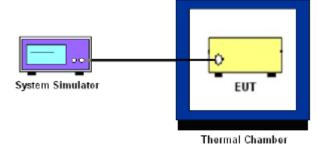
3. For hand carried battery powered equipment, reduce the primary AC or DC supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

4. Whether the transmitter carrier frequency signal of GSM850 and WCDMA band5 is within +2.5ppm; Other bands test whether FL and FH of 99% OBW are within the authorized bands of operation.

Test Settings

N/A

11.3 TEST SETUP



11.4 TEST RESULTS

Please refer to ANNEX G of the E202409184352-1 document for this test data.

12. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

12.1 LIMIT

According to FCC section 22.917(a), 24.238(a), 27.53(h)(1), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43+10\log(P)$ dB.

12.2 TEST PROCEDURES

Measurement Procedure: FCC KDB 971168 D01 V03r01 Section 7

Below 1GHz test procedure as below:

1). The EUT was powered ON and placed on a 80cm high table in the chamber. The antenna of the transmitter was extended to its maximum length.

2). The disturbance of the transmitter was maximized on the test receiver display by raising and lowering from 1m to 4m (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) the receive antenna and by rotating through 360 ° the turntable. After the fundamental emission was maximized, a field strength measurement was made.

3). Steps 1) and 2) were performed with the EUT and the receive antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization.

4). The transmitter was then removed and replaced with another antenna. The center of the antenna was approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter.

5). A signal at the disturbance was fed to the substitution antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With both the substitution and the receive antennas horizontally polarized, the receive antenna was raised and lowered to obtain a maximum reading at the test receiver. The level of the signal generator was adjusted until the measured field strength level in step 2) is obtained for this set of conditions.

6). The output power into the substitution antenna was then measured.

7). Steps 5) and 6) were repeated with both antennas polarized.

8) Calculate power in dBm by the following formula:

ERP(dBm) = Pg(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBd) Where:

Pd is the dipole equivalent power, Pg is the generator output into the substitution antenna, and the antenna gain is the gain of the substitute antenna used relative to either a half-wave dipole (dBd) or an isotropic source (dBi). The substitute level is equal to Pg [dBm] – cable loss [dB]. The calculated Pd levels are then compared to the absolute spurious emission limit of -13dBm which is equivalent to the required minimum attenuation of $43 + 10\log 10$ (Power [Watts]).

Above 1GHz test procedure as below:

1.Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic

Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber

2.Calculate power in dBm by the following formula:

EIRP(dBm) = Pg(dBm) - cable loss (dB) + antenna gain (dBi)

EIRP=ERP+2.15dB

Where:

Pg is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.

3. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel the Highest channel

4. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning. And found the X axis positioning which it is worse case, Only the test worst case mode is recorded in the report.

5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete

Test Settings

1. Start frequency was set to 30MHz and stop frequency was set to at least 10*the fundamental frequency (separated into at least two plots per channel)

2.RBW=100kHz for emission below 1GHz and 1MHz for emission above 1GHz.

3.Number of sweep point≥2*span/RBW

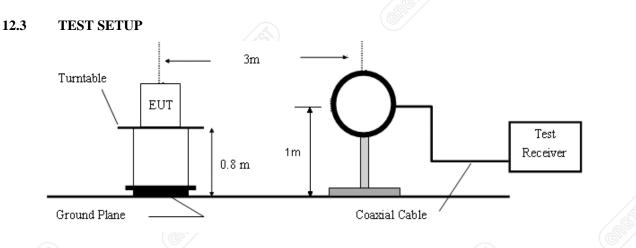
4. Detector=RMS

5. Trace mode = trace average for continuous emissions, max hold for pulse emissions

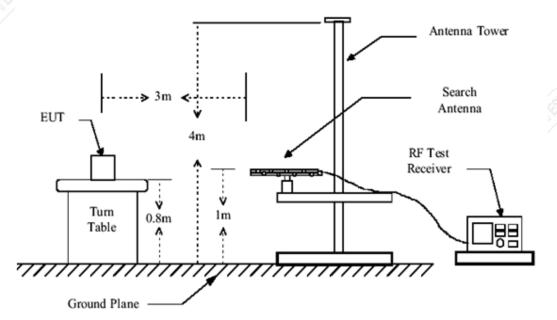
6. The trace was allowed to stabilize

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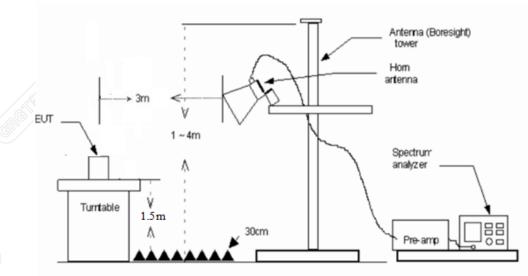


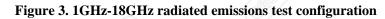












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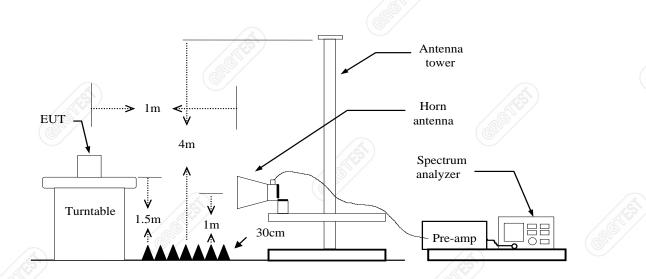


Figure 4. Above 18GHz radiated emissions test configuration

12.4 DATA SAMPLE

NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Reading [dBm]	Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	Factor [dB]	Detector	Polarity	
Х	XXXX	-66.69	-77.73	-25.00	52.73	-11.04	RMS	Horizontal	
Frequ	iency (MH	z)	= Emissi	ion freque	ency in MH	Z			
Ant.F	Pol. (H/V)		= Anten	na polariz	ation				
Read	ing (dBm)		= Uncor	rected An	alyzer / Re	ceiver read	ling		
Resul	Result (dBm) = Reading (dBm) + Correction Factor (dBm)								
Limit (dBm) = Limit stated in standard									
Margin (dB)			= Remar	= Remark Result (dBm) – Limit (dBm)					
Peak = Peak Reading									
RMS			= RMS l	Reading					
AVG			= Avera	ge Readin	ıg				

12.5 TEST RESULTS

Please refer to ANNEX H of the E202409184352-1 document for this test data.

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13. TEST PHOTO

Please refer to the attached document E202409184352-test setup photo.

14. PHOTOGRAPH OF THE EUT

Please refer to the attached document E202409184352-EUT photo.

----- End of Report ------