

RF Exposure Evaluation

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 and part 2.1091, Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition(s), listed below, is (are) satisfied.

Limits

The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500			f/1500	30
1500–100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

Friis transmission formula: $Pd = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

Where

Pd = power density in mW/cm², **Pout** = output power to antenna in mW;

G = gain of antenna in linear scale, **Pi** = 3.1416;

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

Test Procedure

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

	Modulation	Frequency MHz	Output power to antenna (dBm)	Target power W/tolerance (dBm)	Max Output power to antenna (dBm)	Max Output power to antenna (mW)	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Result
BLE	GFSK	2402	4.64	4±1	5	3.162	0.000571	1.0	PASS
		2440	4.11	4±1	5	3.162	0.000571	1.0	PASS
		2480	3.40	4±1	5	3.1622	0.000571	1.0	PASS

The BT Antenna gain is -0.42dBi

$$\text{EIRP} = E_{\text{Meas}} + 20\log(d_{\text{Meas}}) - 104.7$$

EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power, in dBm

E_{Meas} is the field strength of the emission at the measurement distance, in dB μ V/m

d_{Meas} is the measurement distance, in m

Here,

For 88.1-107.9MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dB μ V/m)	EIRP (dBm)	Max tune-up (mW)	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)
88.10	43.84	-51.36	0.00000731	0.0000000019	0.2

The FM Antenna gain is 1.08dBi

In the case of simultaneous launches for FM and BLE:

Calc. Thresholds : $0.000571/1 + 0.0000000019/0.2 = 0.0005710094 < 1$

So a SAR test is not required