

FCC ID:2BK9R-TR260**Portable device**

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHZ})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHZ})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is $<$ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

433.92MHz

Modulation	Channel Freq. (GHz)	Conducted power (dBm)	Conducted power (mW)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Result calculation	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
ASK	0.43392	-14.04	0.04	-14±1	-13.00	0.05	<5	0.00660	3.00	YES

Note: $\text{dbm} = \text{dbuv}/m - 95.2 - 2.15 = 84.31 - 95.2 - 2.15 = -13.04 \text{ dBm}$ (ERP), so the conduct peak power = $-13.04 - 1 = -14.04 \text{ dBm}$

Conclusion:

For the max result : $0.0066 \leq$ FCC Limit 3.0 for 1g SAR.