TEST REPORT

Product Name:	Smart Projector
FCC ID:	2BHEK-V7
Trademark:	ICB
Model Number:	V7, V8, V6D, V610, SR500H, SR500C, SR450H, SR450C, SR400H, SR400C, SR350H, SR350C, SR300H, SR300C
Prepared For:	Dongguan Topsky Electronics Co., Ltd
Address:	No.6-201, Luyi 1st Road, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong Province, China
Manufacturer:	Dongguan Topsky Electronics Co., Ltd
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Prepared By:	Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
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Sample Received Date:	Jun. 04, 2024
Sample tested Date:	Jun. 04, 2024 to Jun. 24, 2024
Issue Date:	Jun. 24, 2024
Report No.:	CTB240624028RF
Test Standards	FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 KDB 789033 V02r01
Test Results	PASS
Remark:	This is WIFI-5GHz band radio test report.

Compiled by:	Reviewed by:	Approved by:
Zhou Kui	Arron Liu	Bin Mei / Director

Note: If there is any objection to the inspection results in this report, please submit a written report to the company within 15 days from the date of receiving the report. The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp. This result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. Without written approval of Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. this report can't be reproduced except in full. The tested sample(s) and the sample information are provided by the client. "*" indicates the testing items were fulfilled by subcontracted lab. "#" indicates the items are not in CNAS accreditation scope.

TABLE OF CONTENT

(NOTE: N/A MEANS NOT APPLICABLE)

1. VERSION

Report No.	Issue Date	Description	Approved
CTB240624028RF	Jun. 24, 2024	Original	Valid

2. TEST SUMMARY

The Product has been tested according to the following specifications:

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)(9)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
Radiated Spurious emissions	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Band edge	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Emission Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(e)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Power Spectral Density	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Frequency stability	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (g)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Operation in the absence of information to the transmit	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (c)	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E	PASS
Antenna Requirement	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.203	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS

Remark:
Test according to ANSI C63.4-2014 & ANSI C63.10-2013.

3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

No.	Item	Uncertainty
1	Occupancy bandwidth	U=±54.3Hz
2	Adjacent channel power	U=±1.3dB
3	Conducted Adjacent channel power	U=±1.38dB
4	Conducted output power Above 1G	U=±1.0dB
5	Conducted output power below 1G	U=±0.9dB
6	Power Spectral Density , Conduction	U=±1.0dB
7	Conduction spurious emissions	U=±2.8dB
8	Out of band emission	U=±54Hz
9	3m camber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	U=±4.3dB
10	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	U=±4.5dB
11	humidity uncertainty	U=±5.3%
12	Temperature uncertainty	U=±0.59℃
13	Supply volyages	U=±3%
14	Time	U=±5%
15	Conducted Emission (150KHz-30MHz)	3.2 dB
16	3m camber Radiated spurious emission(9KHz-30MHz)	4.8dB
17	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	3.4dB

4. PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TEST SETUP

4.1 Product Information

Model(s):	V7, V8, V6D, V610, SR500H, SR500C, SR450H, SR450C, SR400H, SR400C, SR350H, SR350C, SR300H, SR300C
Model Description:	All the model are the same circuit and RF module, only different for model name.Test sample model: V7
Wi-Fi Specification:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax
Hardware Version:	Z097_352v5_pv50
Software Version:	20240522.133539
Operation Frequency:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax(20M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 4 channel IEEE 802.11n/ac/ax(40M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 2 channel IEEE 802.11ac/ax(80M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 1 channel IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax(20M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 5 channel IEEE 802.11n/ac/ax(40M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 2 channel IEEE 802.11ac/ax(80M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 1 channel
Max. RF output power:	WiFi (5G): 6.83dBm
Type of Modulation:	WiFi: OFDM
Antenna installation:	FPC antenna
Antenna Gain:	WiFi (5.2G):2.53dBi WiFi (5.8G):1.0dBi
Ratings:	Input:100-240V~50/60Hz 2.0A Max Output: 19.0V⎓7.89A 149.91W

4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

4.3 Support Equipment

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

4.4 Channel List

For 802.11a/n/ac/ax(20M) Operation in the 5180MHz ~5240 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180MHz	44	5220MHz
40	5200MHz	48	5240MHz
For 802.11a/n/ac/ax(20M) Operation in the 5745MHz ~5825 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745MHz	161	5805MHz
153	5765MHz	165	5825MHz
157	5785MHz	NA	NA

For 802.11n/ac/ax(40M) Operation in the 5190MHz ~5230 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190MHz	46	5230MHz
For 802.11n/ac/ax(40M) Operation in the 5755MHz ~5795 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
151	5755MHz	159	5795MHz

For 802.11ac/ax(80M) Operation in the 5210 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
42	5210MHz	NA	NA
For 802.11ac/ax(80M) Operation in the 5775 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	NA	NA
155	5775MHz	NA	NA

NOTE: Dutycycle>98%.

Test mode	rate
802.11a	54M
802.11n	500M
802.11/ac/ax	500M

4.5 Test Mode

All test mode(s) and condition(s) mentioned were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full tests, the worst data were recorded and reported.

Test Mode	Tx/Rx	RF Channel		
		Low(L)	Middle(M)	High(H)
802.11a/n/ac/ax(20M)	5180MHz ~5240 MHz	Channel 36	Channel 40	Channel 48
		5180MHz	5200MHz	5240MHz
802.11n/ac/ax(40M)		Channel 38	N/A	Channel 46
		5190MHz	N/A	5230MHz
802.11ac/ax(80M)		N/A	Channel 42	N/A
		N/A	5210MHz	N/A
802.11a/n/ac/ax(20M)	5745MHz ~5825MHz	Channel 149	Channel 157	Channel 165
		5745MHz	5785MHz	5825MHz
802.11n/ac/ax(40M)		Channel 151	N/A	Channel 159
		5755MHz	N/A	5795MHz
802.11ac/ax(80M)		N/A	Channel 155	N/A
		N/A	5775MHz	N/A

4.6 Test Environment

Humidity(%):	54
Atmospheric Pressure(kPa):	101
Normal Voltage(AC):	120V
Normal Temperature(℃):NT	23
Low Temperature(℃):LT	0
High Temperature(℃):HT	40

5. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED

5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1&2F., Building A, No. 26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

5.2 Test Instrument Used

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Calibrated until
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090073	A.14.16	2024.07.05
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120032	/	2024.07.05
3	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120034	/	2024.07.05
4	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	V3.5.80	2024.07.05
5	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51289897	A.14.16	2024.07.05
6	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50140365	A.01.60	2024.07.05
7	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47420195	A.01.87	2024.07.05
8	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	B.19.07 （E1962B ）	2024.07.06
9	2.4 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF2400-2483.5MS-1154	20181015001	/	2024.07.05
10	5 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF5150-5850MS-1155	20181015001	/	2024.07.06
11	Filter	Xingbo	XBLBQ-DZA120	190821-1-1	/	2024.07.06
12	BT&WI-FI Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8000	Ver. 2.0.0.0	/	/
13	Rohde & Schwarz SFU Broadcast Test System	R&S	SFU	101017	/	2024.10.30
14	Temperature humidity chamber	Hongjing	TH-80CH	DG-15174	/	2024.07.05
15	234G Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8200	Ver. 2.0.0.0	/	/
16	966 chamber	C.R.T.	966	/	/	2024.08.11
17	Receiver	R&S	ESPI	100362	RF_ATTEN_7（104489/003）	2024.07.05
18	Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02747	/	2024.07.05
19	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	/	2024.07.05
20	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	00869	/	2024.07.08

21	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	01911	/	2024.07.08
22	EMI test software	Fala	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE	/	/
23	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	1519B-224	/	2024.07.08
24	loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	GTS534	/	/
25	40G Horn antenna	A/H/System	SAS-574	588	/	2024.10.30
26	Amplifier	AEROFLEX	Aeroflex	097	/	2024.07.05
27	Power Metter	KEYSIGHT	N1912AP	N/A	A.05.00	2024.07.05

Continuous disturbance

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Calibrated until
1	LISN	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESH3-Z5	100318	/	2024.07.05
2	Pulse limiter	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESH3Z2	357881052	/	2024.07.05
3	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100428/003	V4.42.SP3	2024.07.05
4	Coaxial cable	ZDECL	Z302S-NJ-SM AJ-12M	18091905	/	2024.07.05
5	ISN	Schwarzbeck	NTFM8158	183	/	2024.07.05
6	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	B.19.07 （E1962B ）	2024.07.05
7	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	V3.5.80	2024.07.05
8	EZ-EMC	Frad	EMC-con3A1.1	/	/	/

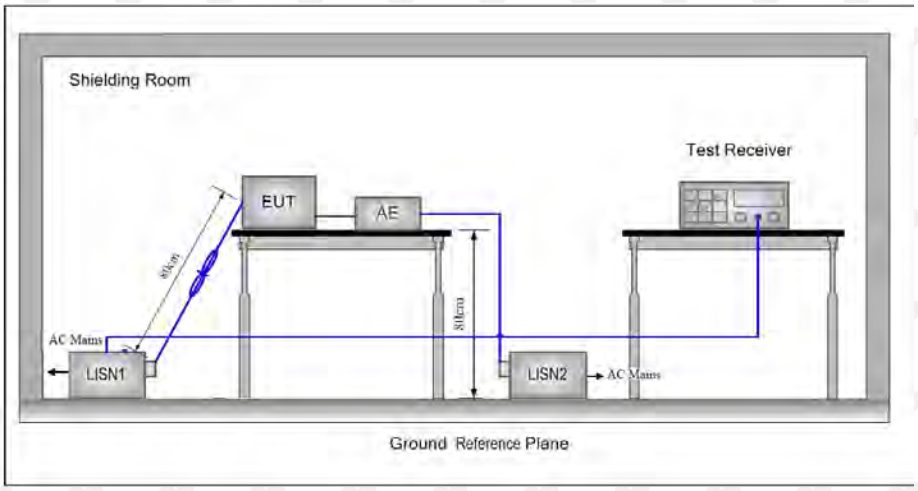
Radiated emission

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Calibrated until
1	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120 D	01911	/	2024.07.08
2	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	00869	/	2024.07.08
3	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	/	2024.07.05
4	Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02747	/	2024.07.05
5	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100428/003	V4.42.SP3	2024.07.05
6	Coaxial cable	ETS	RFC-SNS-100-N MS-80 NI	/	/	2024.07.05
7	Coaxial cable	ETS	RFC-SNS-100-N MS-20 NI	/	/	2024.07.05
8	Coaxial cable	ETS	RFC-SNS-100-S MS-20 NI	/	/	2024.07.05
9	Coaxial cable	ETS	RFC-NNS-100-NMS-300 NI	/	/	2024.07.05
10	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	B.19.07 （E1962B ）	2024.07.05
11	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	V3.5.80	2024.07.05

12	EZ-EMC	Frad	EMC-con3A1.1	/	/	/

6. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



6.2 Limit

Table 4 – AC power-line conducted emissions limits

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56[Note 1]	56 to 46[Note 1]
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30	60	50

Note 1: The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

6.3 Test procedure

1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.

2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a 50Ω/50µH + 5Ω linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.

3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane,

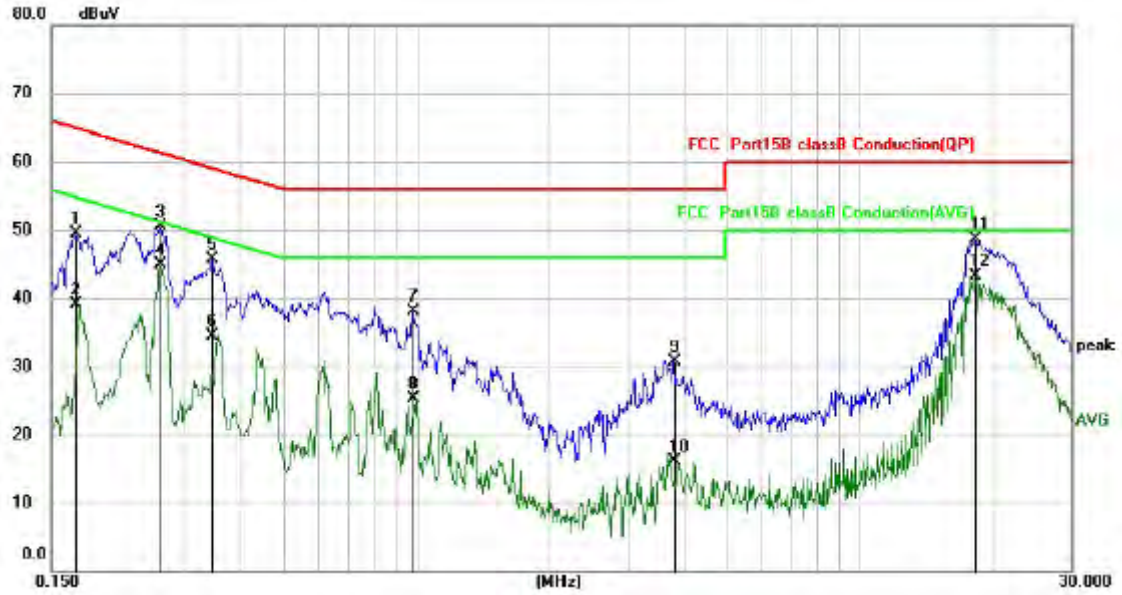
4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0,4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0,8 m from the boundary of the unit under

test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0,8 m from the LISN 2.

5) In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10 on conducted measurement.

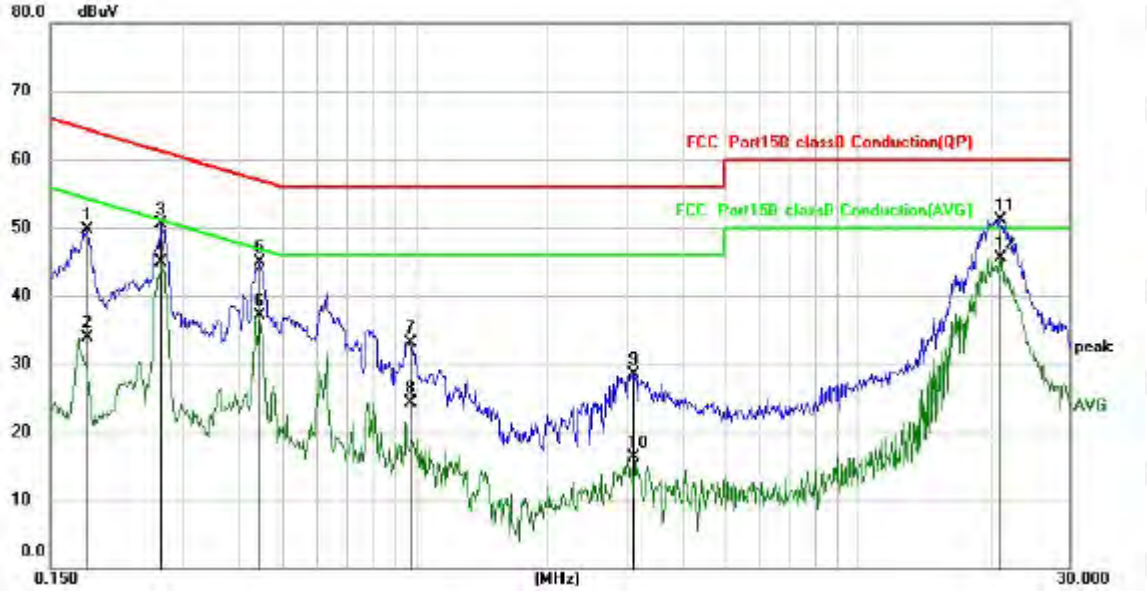
6.4 Test Result

Test Specification: Neutral



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1		0.1700	39.65	9.95	49.60	64.96	-15.36	QP
2		0.1700	29.16	9.95	39.11	54.96	-15.85	AVG
3		0.2644	40.45	9.96	50.41	61.29	-10.88	QP
4	*	0.2644	34.85	9.96	44.81	51.29	-6.48	AVG
5		0.3462	35.74	9.97	45.71	59.05	-13.34	QP
6		0.3462	24.63	9.97	34.60	49.05	-14.45	AVG
7		0.9818	28.18	10.01	38.19	56.00	-17.81	QP
8		0.9818	15.26	10.01	25.27	46.00	-20.73	AVG
9		3.8140	20.41	10.27	30.68	56.00	-25.32	QP
10		3.8140	5.76	10.27	16.03	46.00	-29.97	AVG
11		18.1579	37.95	10.79	48.74	60.00	-11.26	QP
12		18.1579	32.53	10.79	43.32	50.00	-6.68	AVG

Test Specification: Line



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1		0.1819	39.79	9.95	49.74	64.40	-14.66	QP
2		0.1819	23.93	9.95	33.88	54.40	-20.52	AVG
3		0.2671	40.58	9.96	50.54	61.21	-10.67	QP
4		0.2671	34.86	9.96	44.82	51.21	-6.39	AVG
5		0.4460	34.97	9.98	44.95	56.95	-12.00	QP
6		0.4460	27.07	9.98	37.05	46.95	-9.90	AVG
7		0.9737	23.17	10.01	33.18	56.00	-22.82	QP
8		0.9737	14.38	10.01	24.39	46.00	-21.61	AVG
9		3.1179	18.31	10.20	28.51	56.00	-27.49	QP
10		3.1179	6.13	10.20	16.33	46.00	-29.67	AVG
11		20.8140	40.32	10.85	51.17	60.00	-8.83	QP
12	*	20.8140	34.72	10.85	45.57	50.00	-4.43	AVG

Remark:
1. Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Limit – Level
2. All modes were tested at AC 120V and 240V, only the worst result of AC 120V 60Hz was reported.
3. All the test modes completed for test. Only the worst result of was reported.

7. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

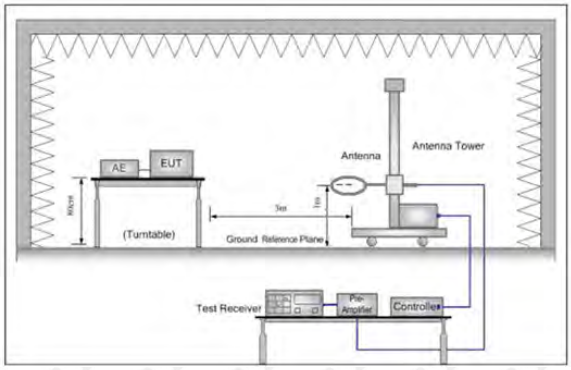


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

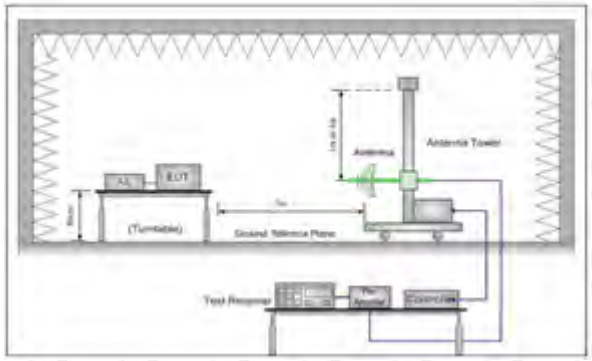


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

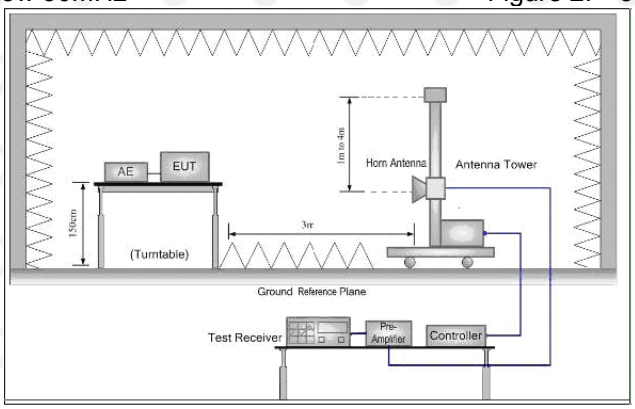


Figure 3. Above 1GHz

7.2 Limit

Spurious Emissions:

Frequency	Field strength (dBμV/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
0.009MHz-0.490MHz	20log 2400/F (kHz) + 80	Quasi-peak	3
0.490MHz-1.705MHz	20log 24000/F (kHz) + 40	Quasi-peak	3
1.705MHz-30MHz	20log 30 + 40	Quasi-peak	3
30MHz-88MHz	40.0	Quasi-peak	3
88MHz-216MHz	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
216MHz-960MHz	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
960MHz-1GHz	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
Above 1GHz	54.0	Average	3

Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.

If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows:
(i) EIRP = ((E*d)^2) / 30
where:
• E is the field strength in V/m;
• d is the measurement distance in meters;
• EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in watts.
(ii) Working in dB units, the above equation is equivalent to:
EIRP[dBm] = E[dBμV/m] + 20 log(d[meters]) - 104.77
(iii) Or, if d is 3 meters:
EIRP[dBm] = E[dBμV/m] - 95.2

7.3 Test procedure

Below 1GHz test procedure as below:
a.The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
b.The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
c.The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
d.For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rota table table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
e.The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
f.If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
Above 1GHz test procedure as below:
g.Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber and change form table 0.8 meter to 1.5 meter(Above 18GHz the distance is 1 meter and table is 1.5 meter).
h.Test the EUT in the lowest channel ,the middle channel ,the Highest channel
j.Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

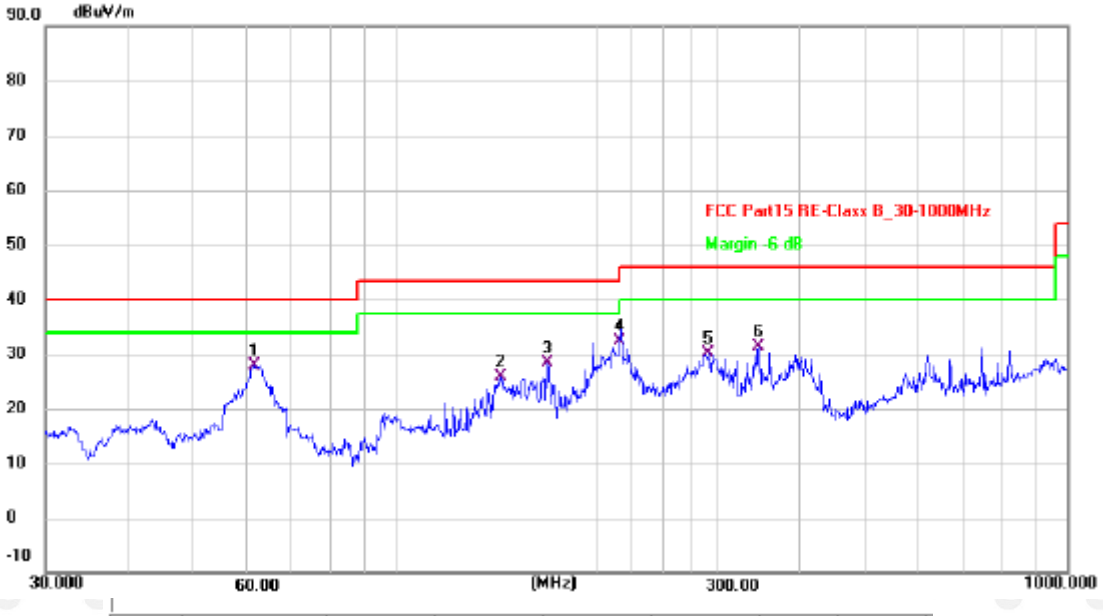
Receiver set:

Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30KHz	Quasi-peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	120 kHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average

1. The EUT was pretested with 3 orientations placed on the table for the radiated emission measurement –X, Y, and Z-plane. The X-plane results were found as the worst case and were shown in this report.

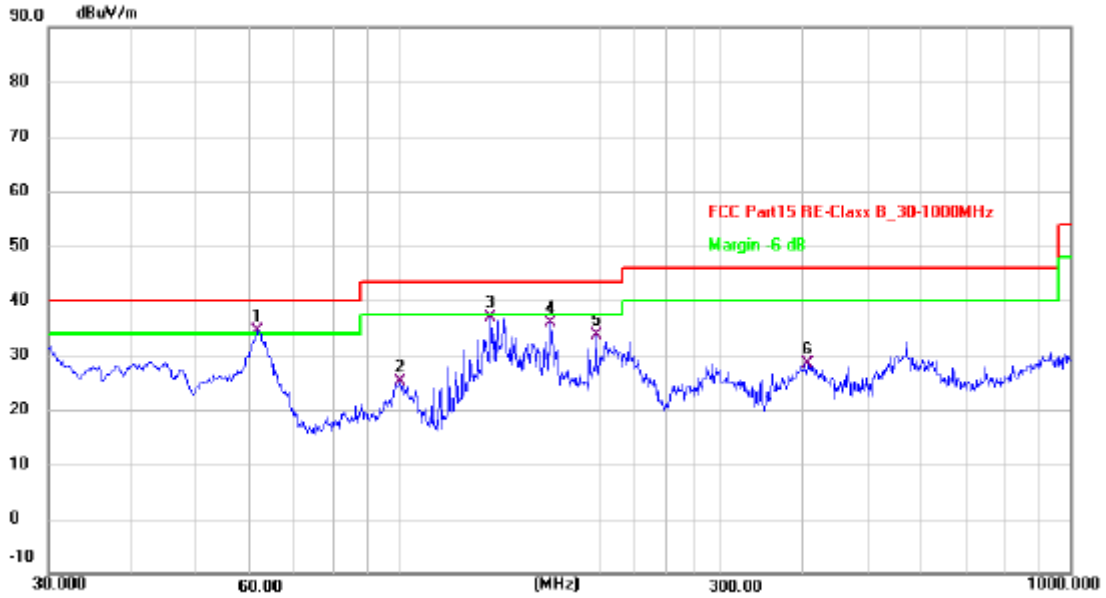
7.4 Test Result

30MHz-1GHzTest Results:
Modulation : 802.11a (the worst data)
Test Channel : 5180MHz
Antenna polarity: H



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	61.5617	43.68	-15.70	27.98	40.00	-12.02	QP
2	143.3260	39.17	-13.36	25.81	43.50	-17.69	QP
3	167.8241	41.87	-13.49	28.38	43.50	-15.12	QP
4 *	215.2677	48.51	-16.12	32.39	43.50	-11.11	QP
5	292.0582	43.55	-13.42	30.13	46.00	-15.87	QP
6	346.8091	43.56	-12.30	31.26	46.00	-14.74	QP

Antenna polarity: V



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1 *	61.5618	50.19	-15.70	34.49	40.00	-5.51	QP
2	100.2285	42.60	-17.52	25.08	43.50	-18.42	QP
3	136.9391	50.79	-14.01	36.78	43.50	-6.72	QP
4	167.8242	49.26	-13.49	35.77	43.50	-7.73	QP
5	196.5098	49.83	-16.32	33.51	43.50	-9.99	QP
6	406.0880	39.81	-11.31	28.50	46.00	-17.50	QP

Remark: Factor = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Measurement – Limit

1. The margin of 9K-30MH measurement exceeds 20dB, so the test chart is not included. Test Mode: 802.11a20 (the worst)

Radiated Spurious Emission (Above 1GHz):

Modulation : 802.11(a) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
Channel:5180MHz									
10360	41.85	16.39	58.24	74	-15.76	PK	1.56	108	H
10360	25.20	16.39	41.59	54	-12.41	AV	1.17	315	H
10360	40.27	16.39	56.66	74	-17.34	PK	1.29	321	V
10360	25.75	16.39	42.14	54	-11.86	AV	1.54	311	V
Channel:5240MHz									
10480	41.85	16.11	57.96	74	-16.04	PK	1.02	320	H
10480	26.10	16.11	42.21	54	-11.79	AV	1.60	328	H
10480	40.84	16.11	56.95	74	-17.05	PK	1.13	116	V
10480	27.68	16.11	43.79	54	-10.21	AV	1.06	152	V
Channel:5745MHz									
11490	40.22	17.46	57.68	74	-16.32	PK	1.69	88	H
11490	27.81	17.46	45.27	54	-8.73	AV	1.71	161	H
11490	39.74	17.46	57.20	74	-16.80	PK	1.70	18	V
11490	25.39	17.46	42.85	54	-11.15	AV	1.10	189	V
Channel:5825MHz									
11650	39.76	17.57	57.33	74	-16.67	PK	1.10	61	H
11650	27.77	17.57	45.34	54	-8.66	AV	1.00	99	H
11650	41.72	17.57	59.29	74	-14.71	PK	1.58	116	V
11650	25.74	17.57	43.31	54	-10.69	AV	1.84	86	V

Modulation : 802.11(n40) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
Channel:5190MHz									
10380	39.00	16.34	55.34	74	-18.66	PK	1.69	267	H
10380	27.61	16.34	43.95	54	-10.05	AV	1.35	244	H
10380	39.76	16.34	56.10	74	-17.90	PK	1.24	22	V
10380	26.67	16.34	43.01	54	-10.99	AV	1.53	110	V
Channel:5230MHz									
10460	39.21	16.15	55.36	74	-18.64	PK	1.26	78	H
10460	25.29	16.15	41.44	54	-12.56	AV	1.56	153	H
10460	40.45	16.15	56.60	74	-17.40	PK	1.36	304	V
10460	26.24	16.15	42.39	54	-11.61	AV	1.01	77	V
Channel:5755MHz									
11510	40.55	17.49	58.04	74	-15.96	PK	1.16	67	H
11510	26.84	17.49	44.33	54	-9.67	AV	1.72	2	H
11510	39.49	17.49	56.98	74	-17.02	PK	1.64	172	V
11510	25.02	17.49	42.51	54	-11.49	AV	1.42	287	V
Channel:5795MHz									
11590	39.57	17.52	57.09	74	-17.23	PK	1.11	182	H
11590	26.19	17.52	43.71	54	-16.91	AV	1.14	200	H
11590	41.99	17.52	59.51	74	-14.49	PK	1.76	25	V
11590	26.15	17.52	43.67	54	-10.33	AV	1.48	290	V

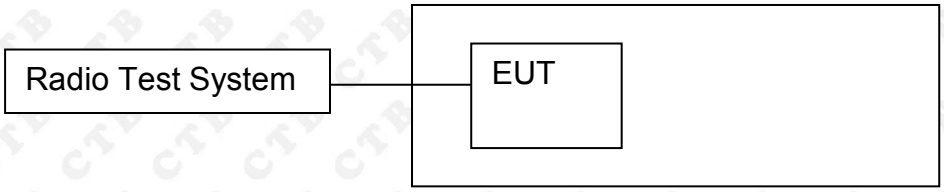
Modulation : 802.11(VH80) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
Channel:5210MHz									
10420	40.52	16.25	56.77	74	-17.23	PK	1.55	38	H
10420	27.97	16.25	44.22	54	-9.78	AV	1.67	43	H
10420	41.75	16.25	58.00	74	-16.00	PK	1.83	81	V
10420	27.97	16.25	44.22	54	-9.78	AV	1.55	46	V
Channel:5775MHz									
11550	39.72	17.50	57.22	74	-16.78	PK	1.16	338	H
11550	26.70	17.50	44.20	54	-9.80	AV	1.10	318	H
11550	39.90	17.50	57.40	74	-16.60	PK	1.24	107	V
11550	26.48	17.50	43.98	54	-10.02	AV	1.56	31	V

Remark:
1.Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin = Emission level - Limits
2.The EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.
3.Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

8. BAND EDGE

8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



8.2 Limit

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
(6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

8.3 Test procedure

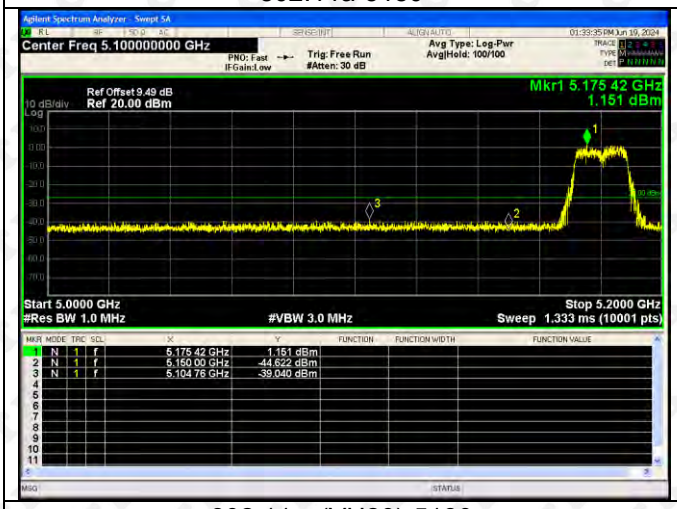
1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

8.4 Test Result

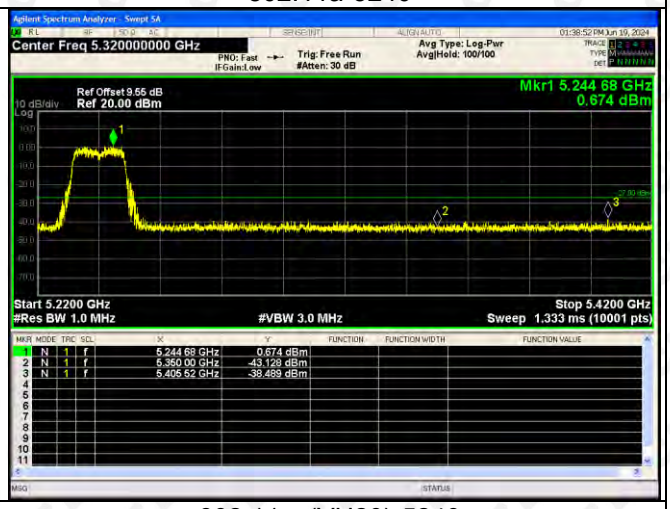
Test Graph

5180-5240MHz

802.11a-5180



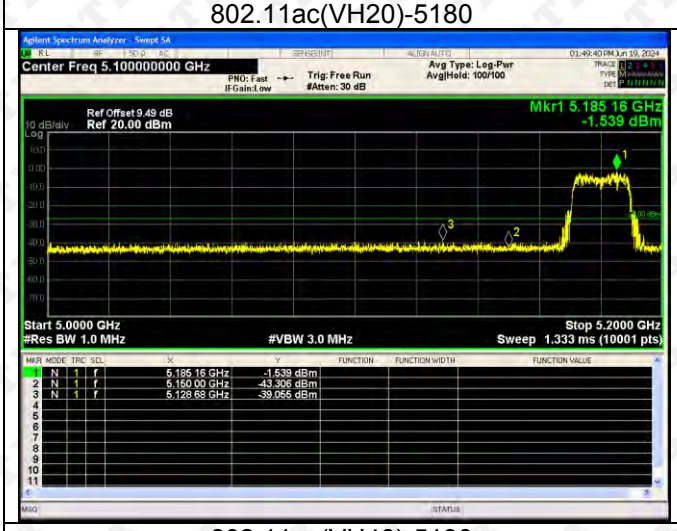
802.11a-5240



802.11ac(VH20)-5180

802.11ac(VH20)-5240

802.11ac(VH40)-5190



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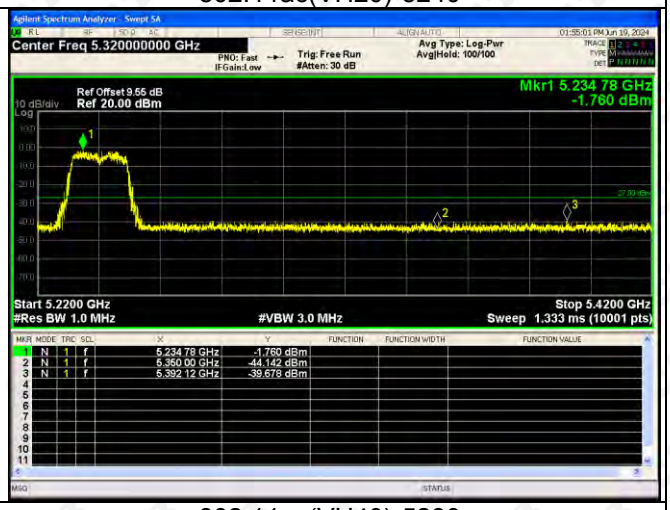

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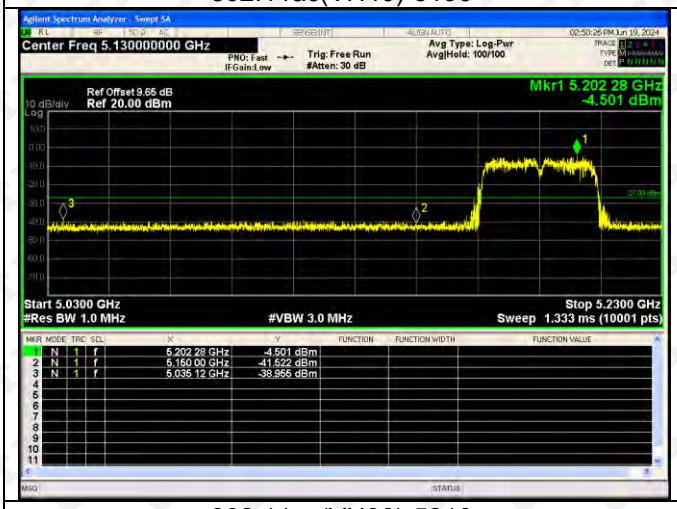

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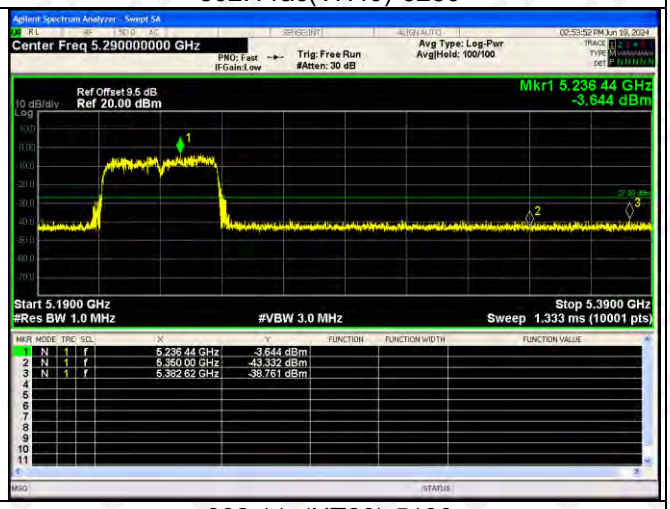

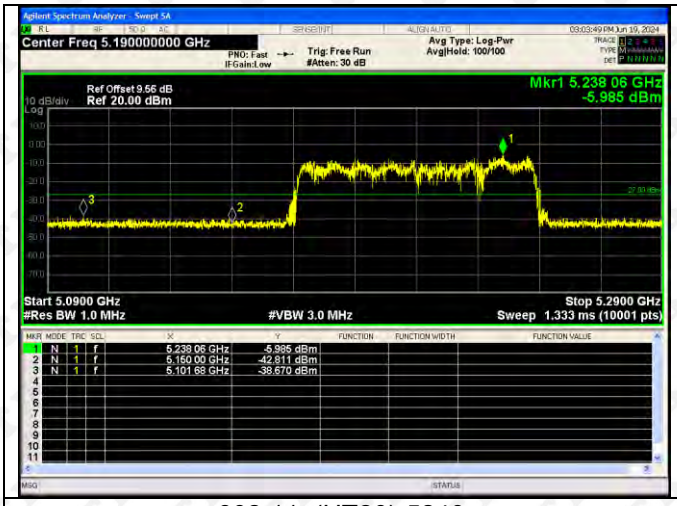

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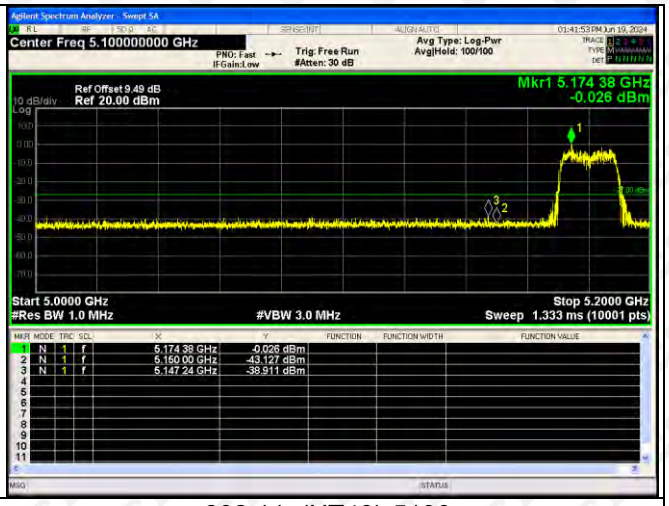

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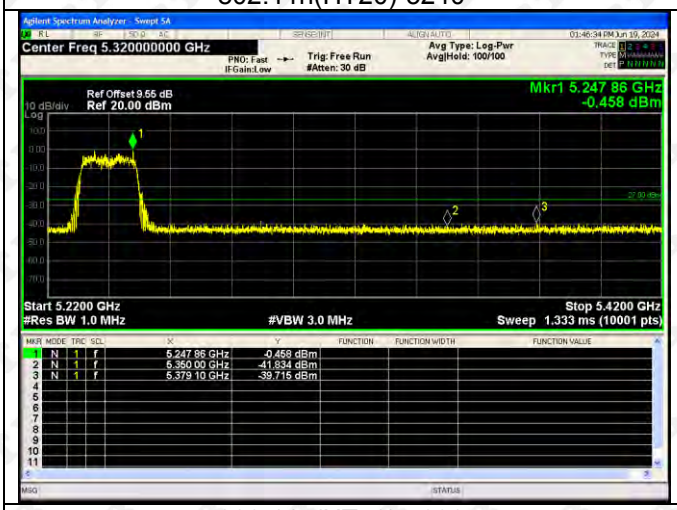
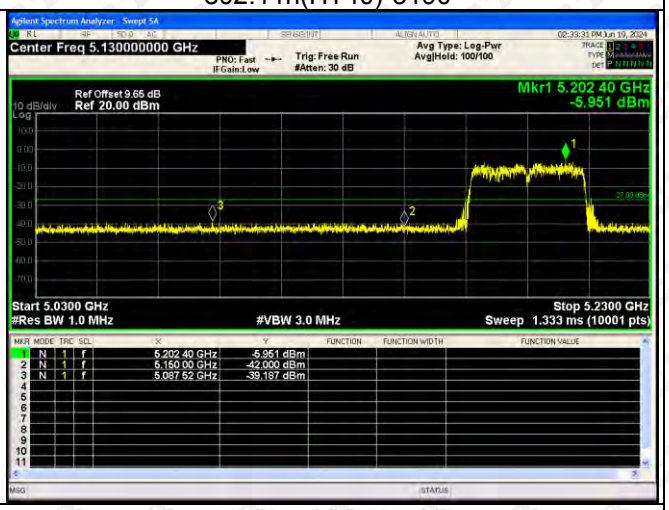


802.11n(HT40)-5230



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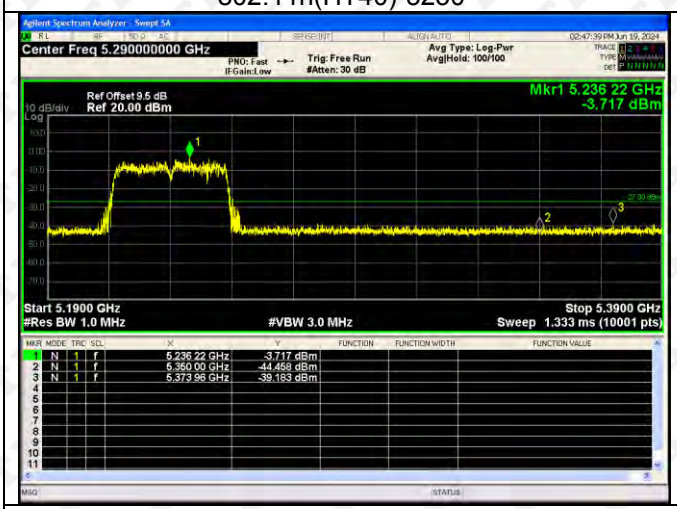
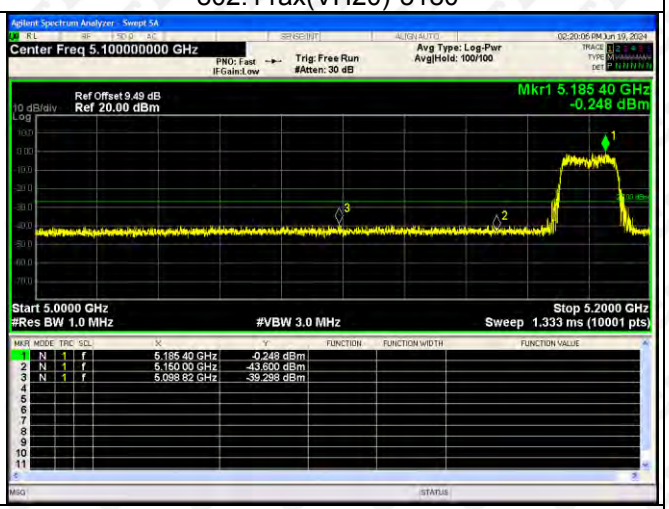
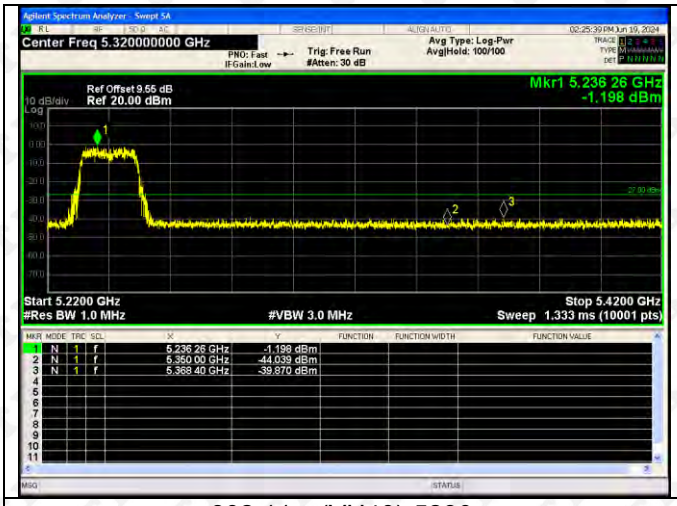


802.11ax(VH20)-5240



802.11ax(VH40)-5190



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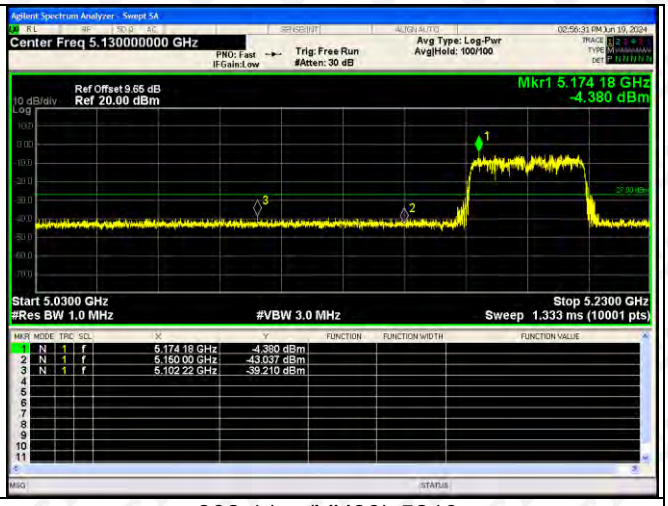
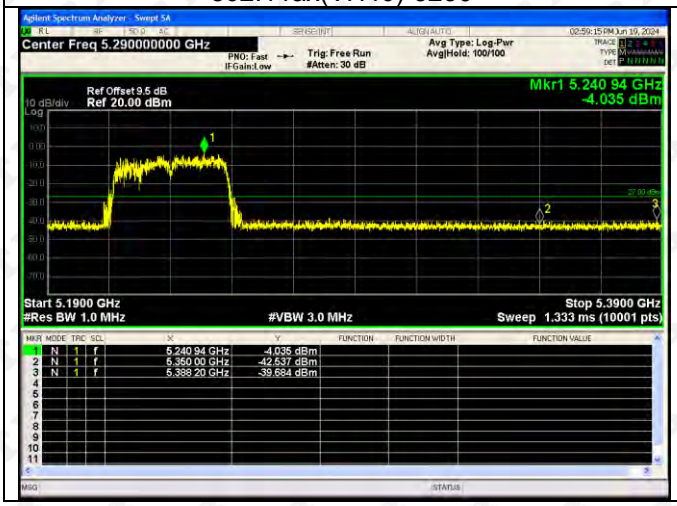
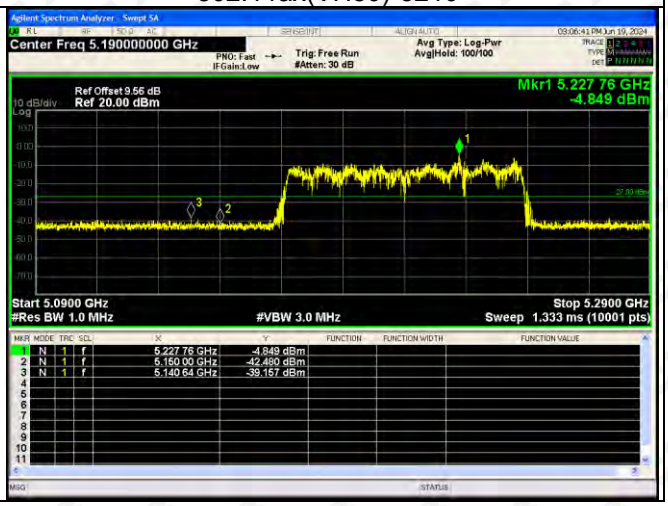
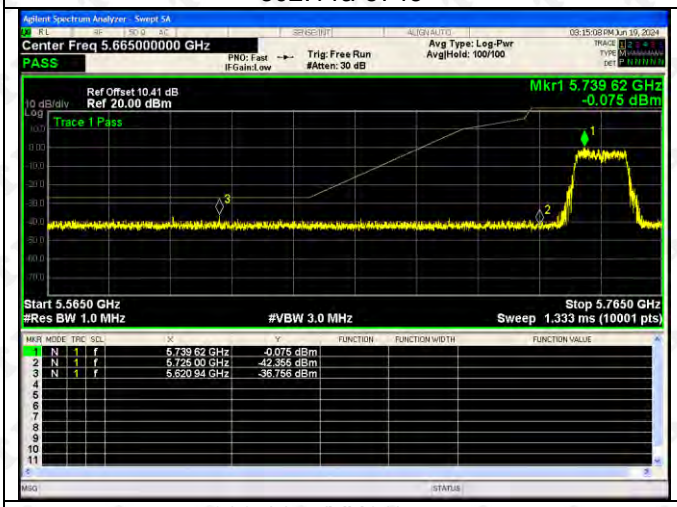
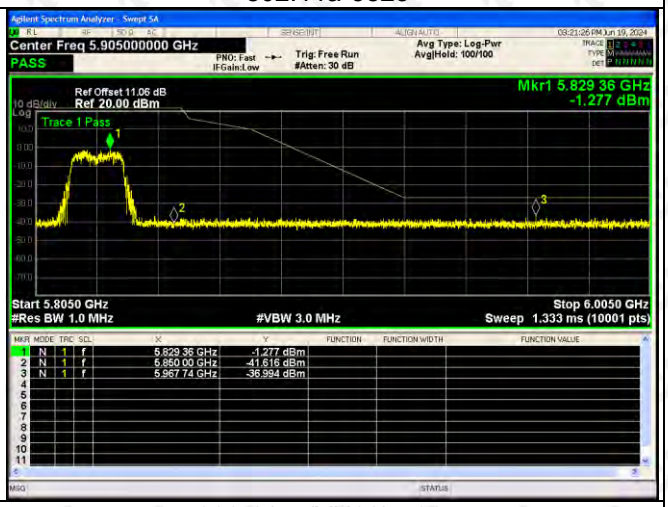


802.11ax(VH80)-5210





5745-5825MHz

802.11a-5745	802.11a-5825
	
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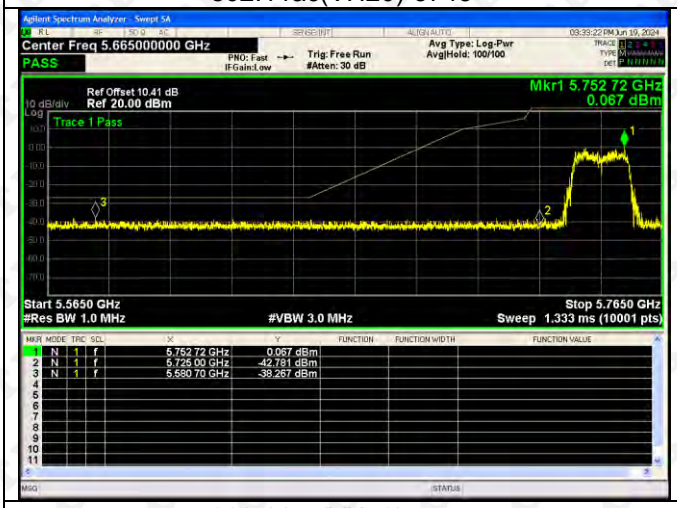
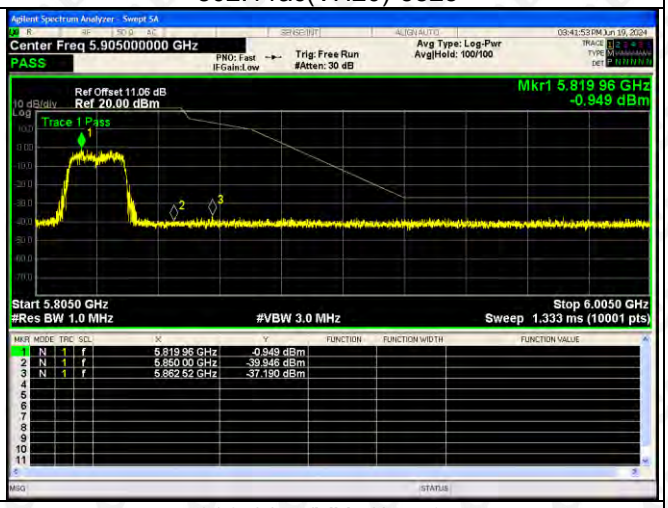
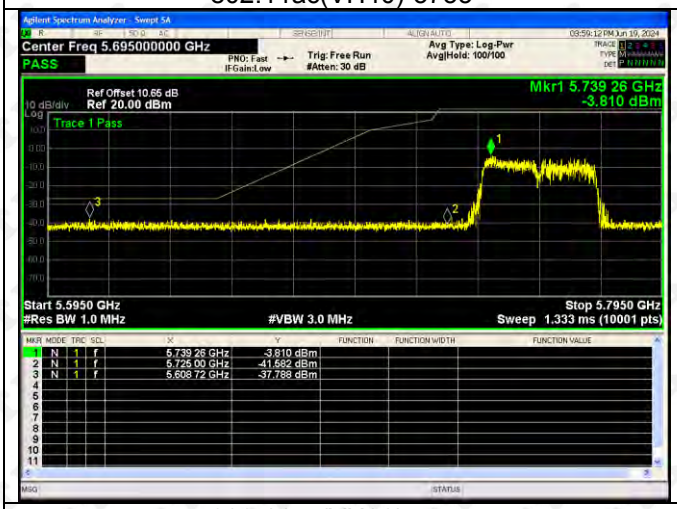
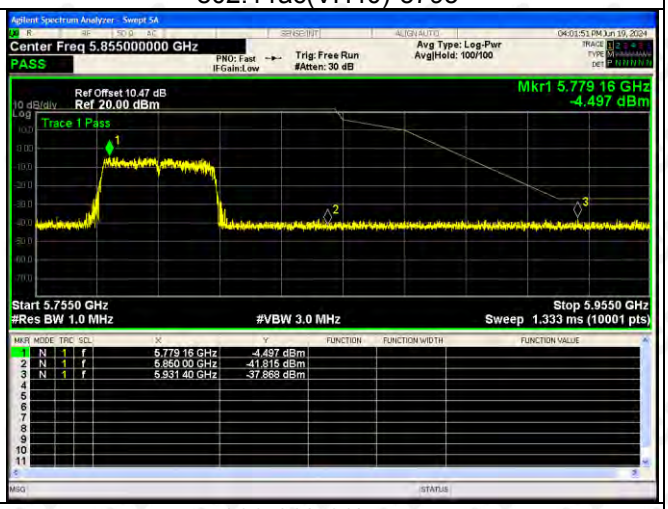
	
802.11ac(VH40)-5755	802.11ac(VH40)-5795
	
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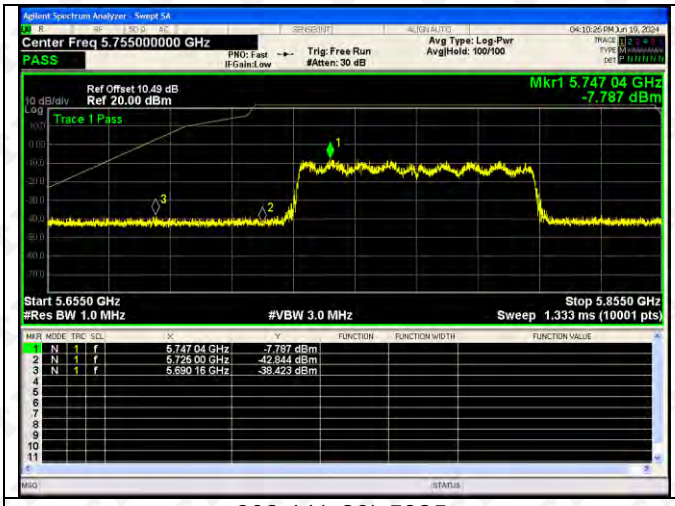
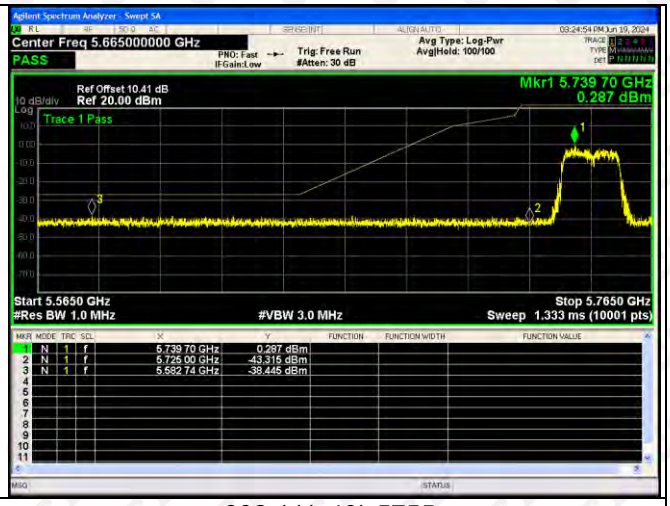
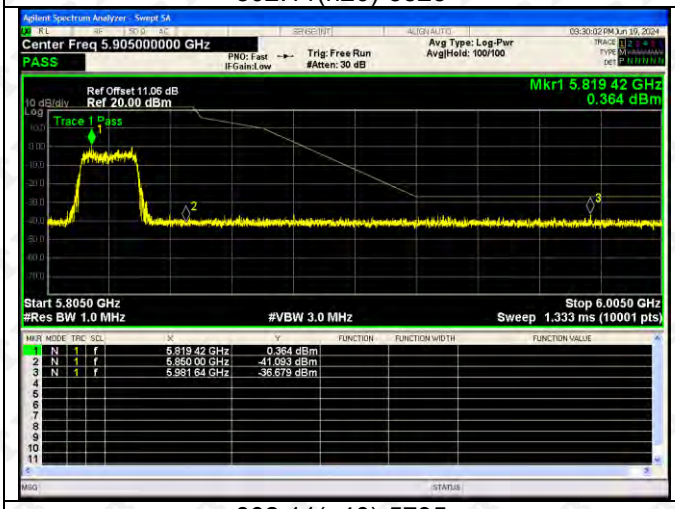


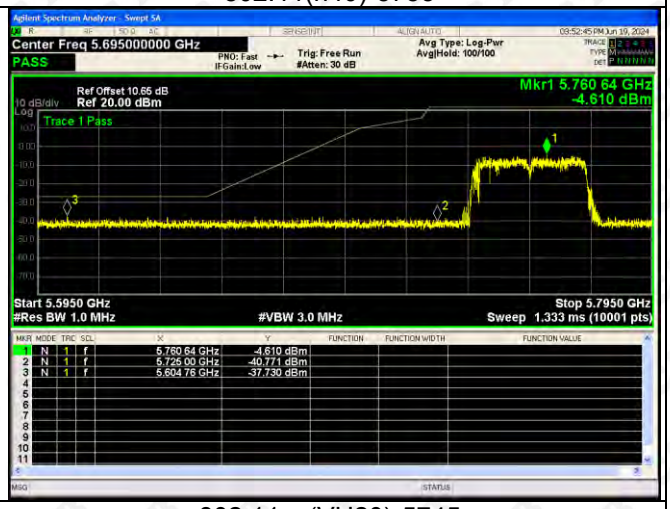
802.11(n20)-5825



802.11(n40)-5755



802.11(n40)-5795



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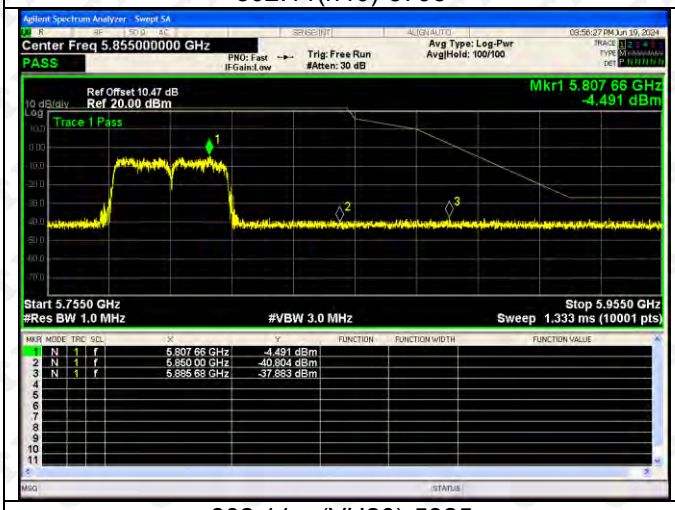

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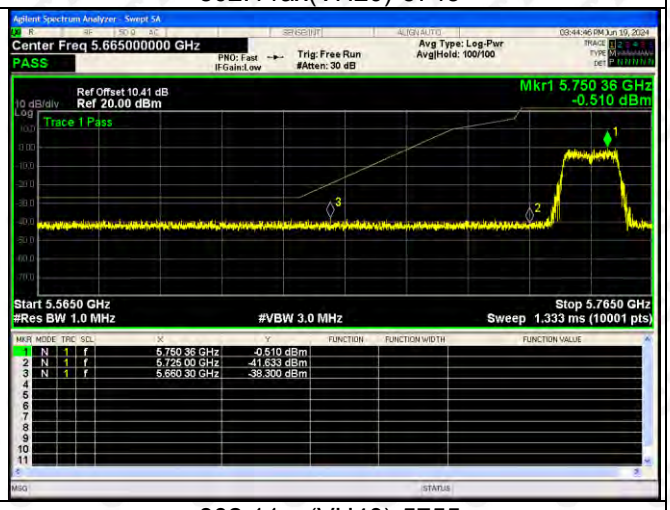

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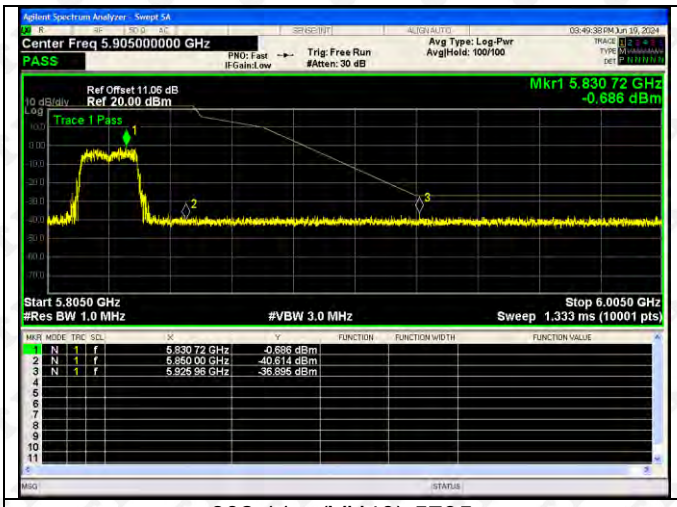

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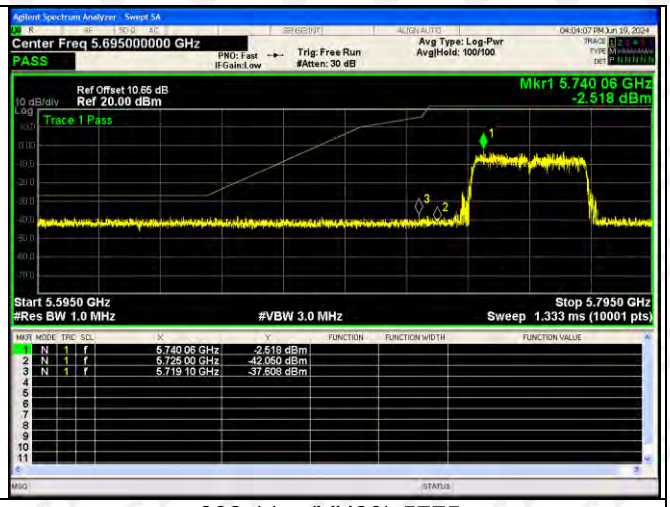

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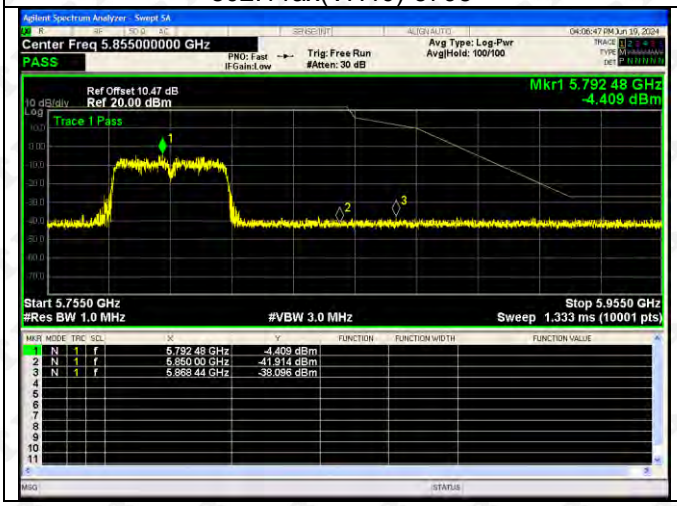
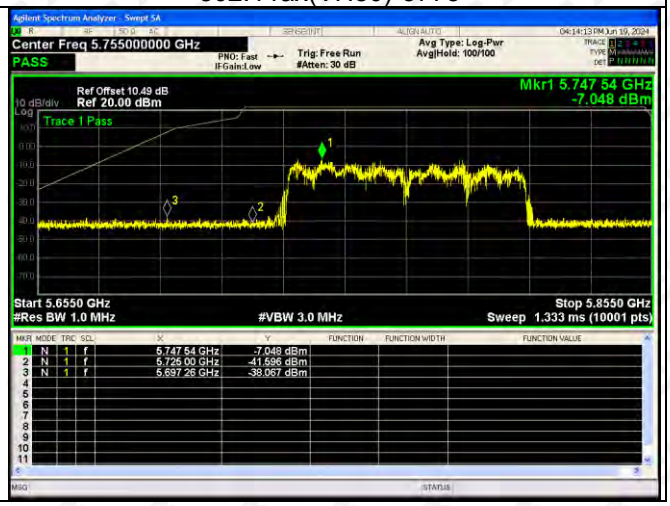
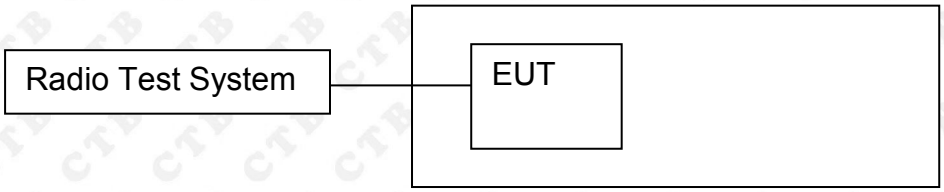




9. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



9.2 Limit

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p.
at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition,the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(4) The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.
(5) The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band are made over a reference bandwidth of 500 kHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

(h) Transmit Power Control (TPC) and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS).
(1) Transmit power control (TPC). U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band and the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW.

9.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

(i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.

(ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.

(iii) Set VBW ≥ 3 MHz.

(iv) Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is ≤ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

(v) Sweep time = auto.

(vi) Detector = power averaging (rms), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.

(vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98%, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to “free run.”

(viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.

(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument’s band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the spectrum.

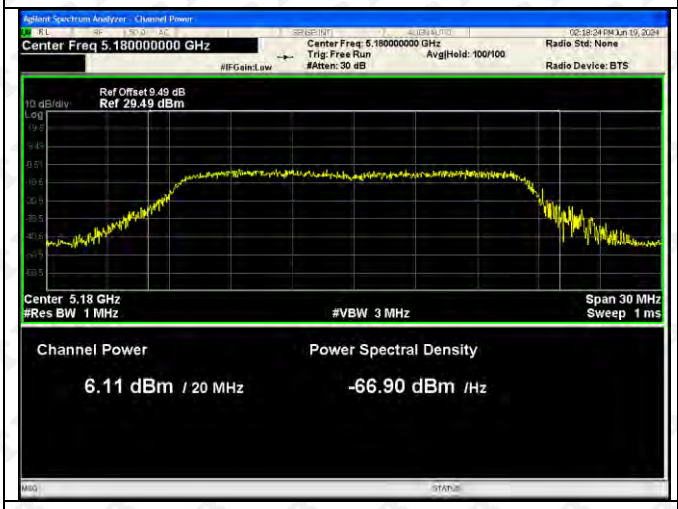
9.4 Test Result

Test mode1	Test Channel (MHz)	Output Power dBm	Limit dBm
802.11a20	5180	6.114	23.98
	5200	6.461	23.98
	5240	6.83	23.98
802.11ac20	5180	6.466	23.98
	5200	6.685	23.98
	5240	6.18	23.98
802.11ac40	5190	5.115	23.98
	5230	5.874	23.98
802.11ac80	5210	4.929	23.98
802.11n(HT20)	5180	5.444	23.98
	5200	6.052	23.98
	5240	5.662	23.98
802.11n(HT40)	5190	5.297	23.98
	5230	5.284	23.98
802.11ax20	5180	6.449	23.98
	5200	6.381	23.98
	5240	6.601	23.98
802.11ax40	5190	5.119	23.98
	5230	5.222	23.98
802.11ax80	5210	4.297	23.98

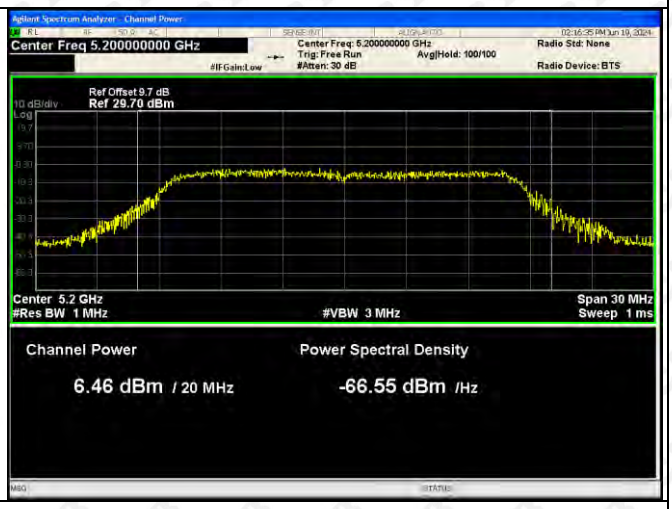
Test mode1	Test Channel (MHz)	Output Power dBm	Limit dBm
802.11a20	5745	6.578	30
	5785	6.351	30
	5825	6.272	30
802.11ac20	5745	6.55	30
	5785	6.553	30
	5825	6.197	30
802.11ac40	5755	5.846	30
	5795	5.845	30
802.11ac80	5775	4.471	30
802.11n(HT20)	5745	6.487	30
	5785	6.741	30
	5825	6.182	30
802.11n(HT40)	5755	5.355	30
	5795	5.407	30
802.11ax20	5745	6.458	30
	5785	6.35	30
	5825	6.451	30
802.11ax40	5755	6.461	30
	5795	4.919	30
802.11ax80	5775	3.987	30

5180-5240MHz-Power

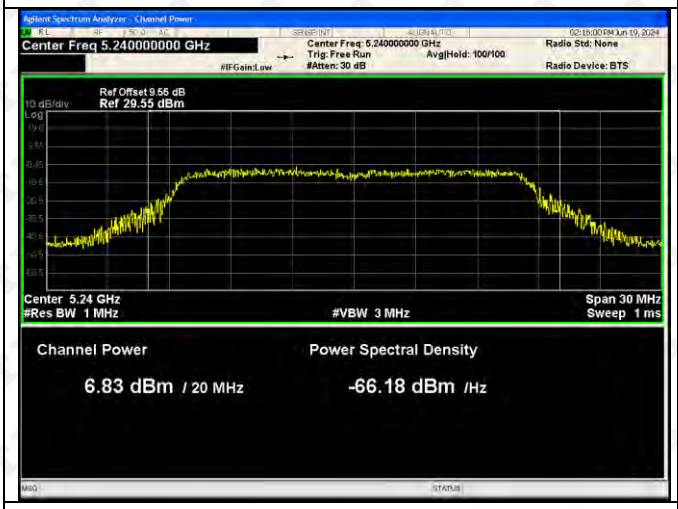
802.11a-5180



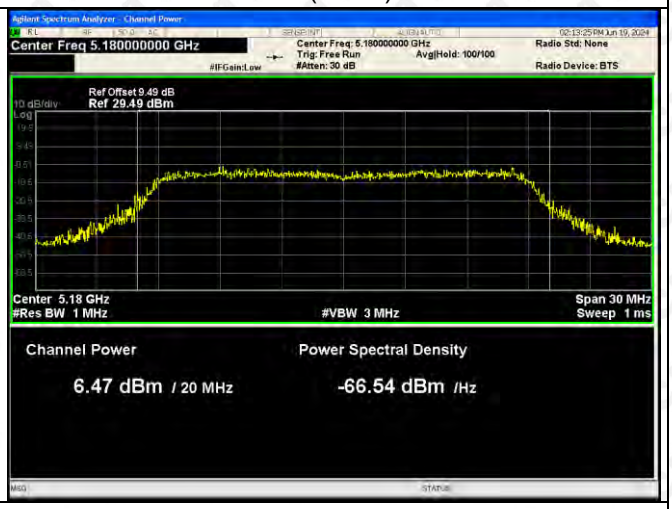
802.11a-5200



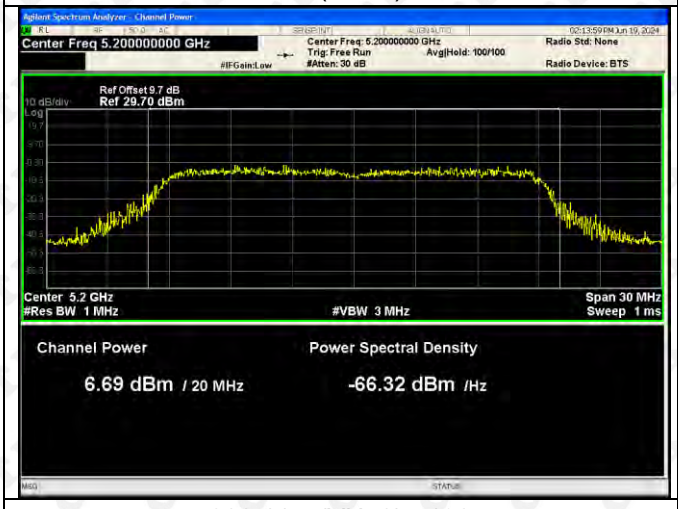
802.11a-5240



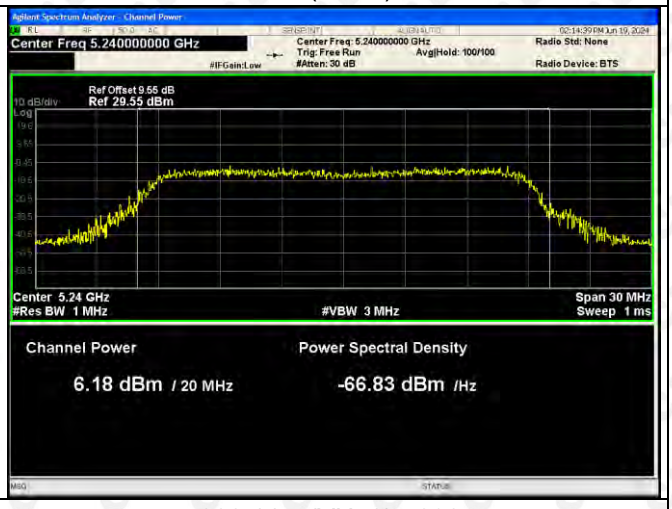
802.11ac(VH20)-5180



802.11ac(VH20)-5200

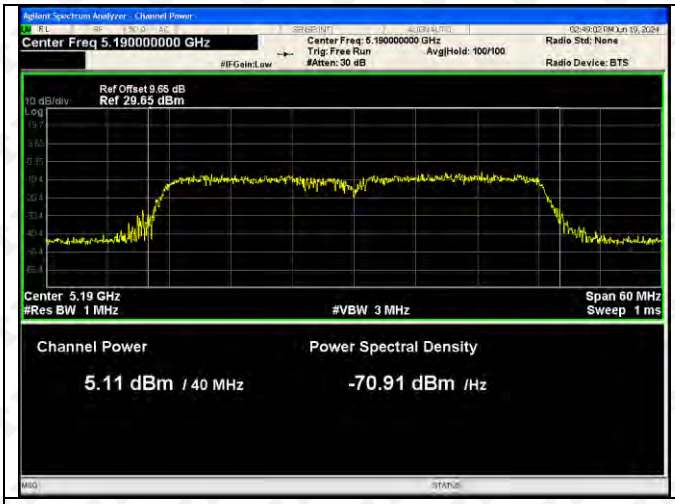


802.11ac(VH20)-5240

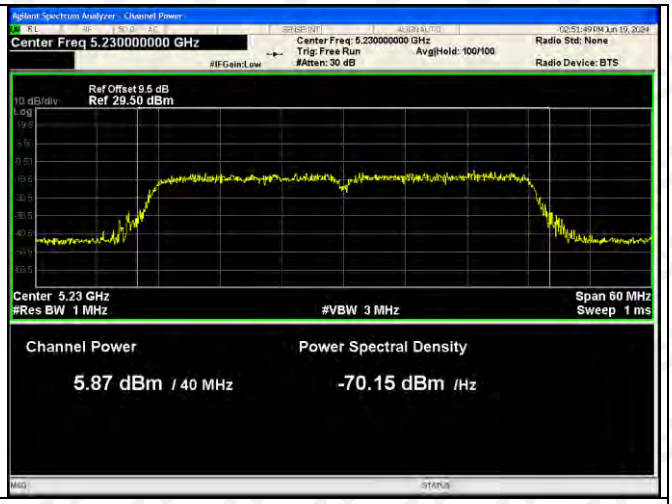


802.11ac(VH40)-5190

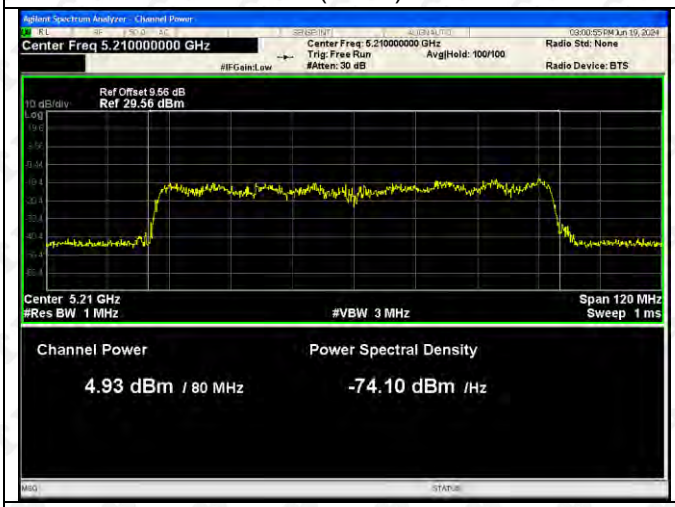
802.11ac(VH40)-5230



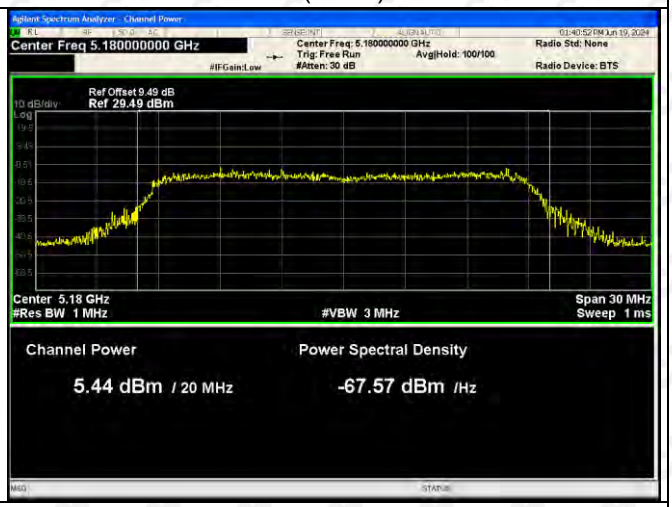
802.11ac(VH80)-5210



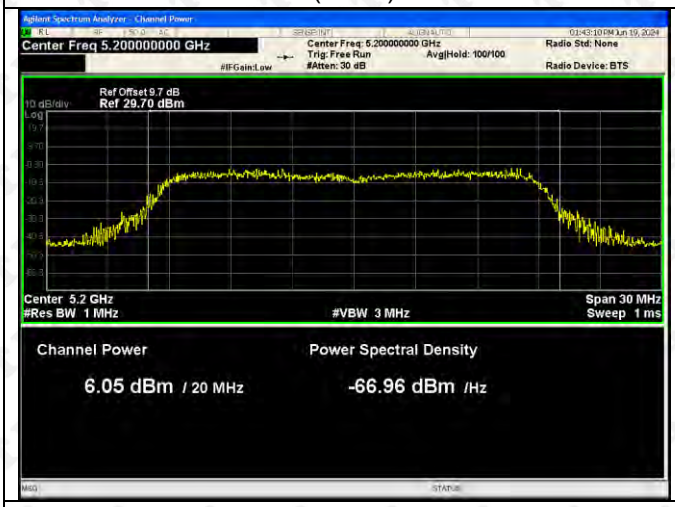
802.11n(HT20)-5180



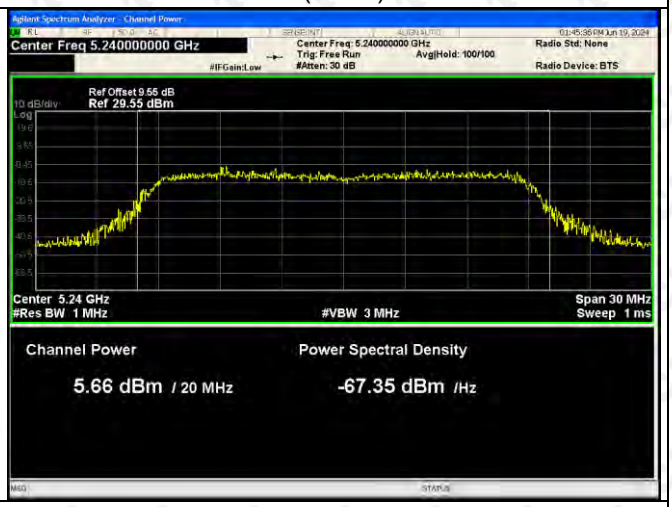
802.11n(HT20)-5200



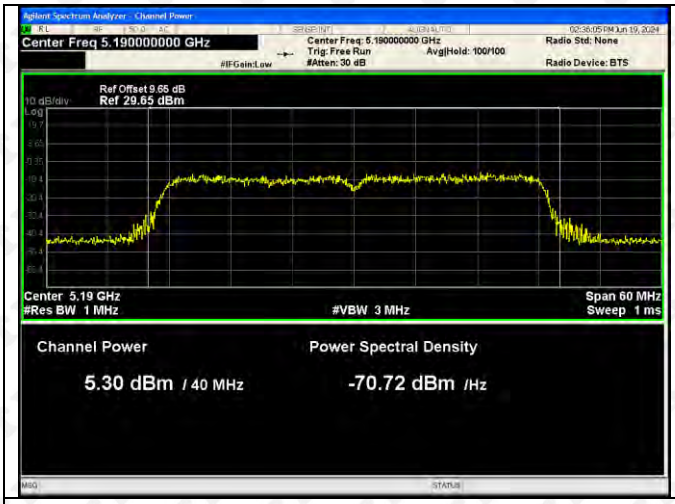
802.11n(HT20)-5240



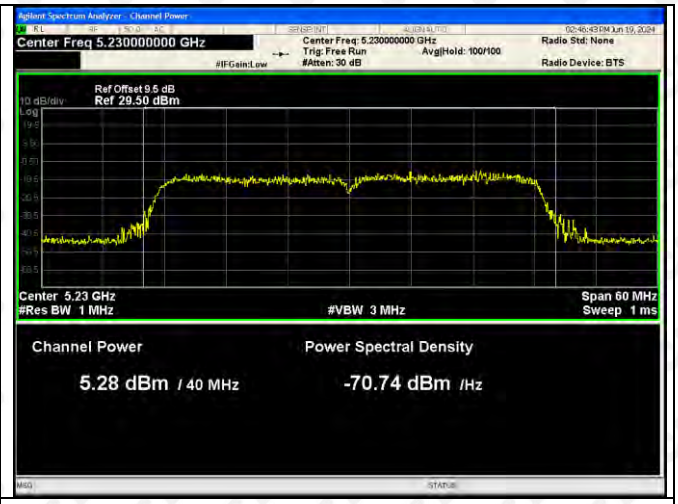
802.11n(HT40)-5190



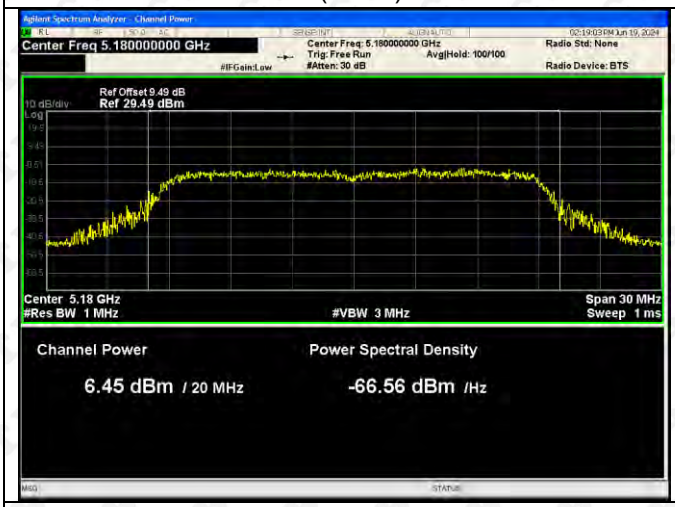
802.11n(HT40)-5230



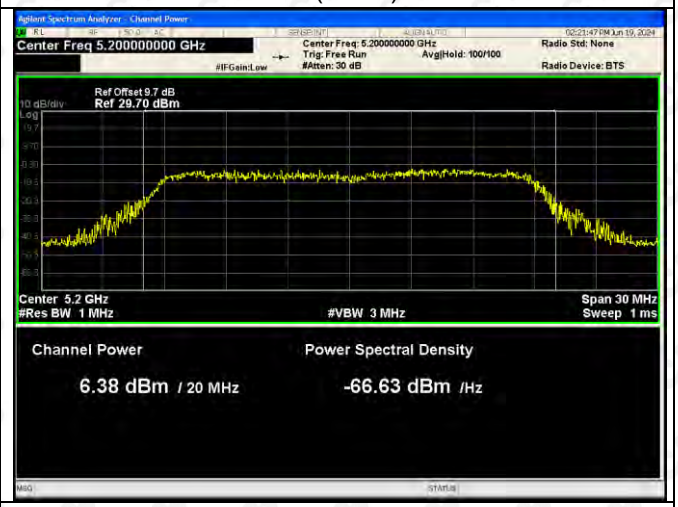
802.11ax(VH20)-5180



802.11ax(VH20)-5200



802.11ax(VH20)-5240



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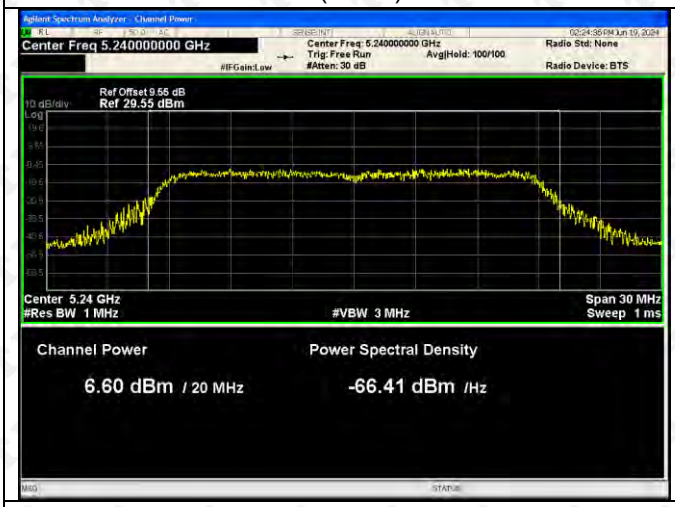
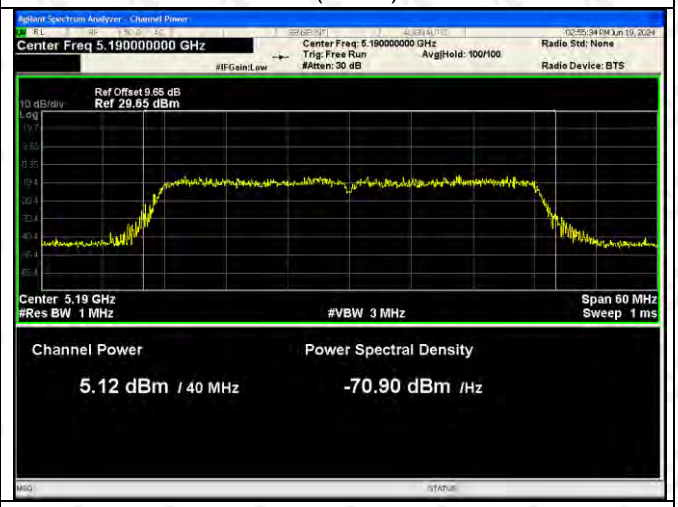
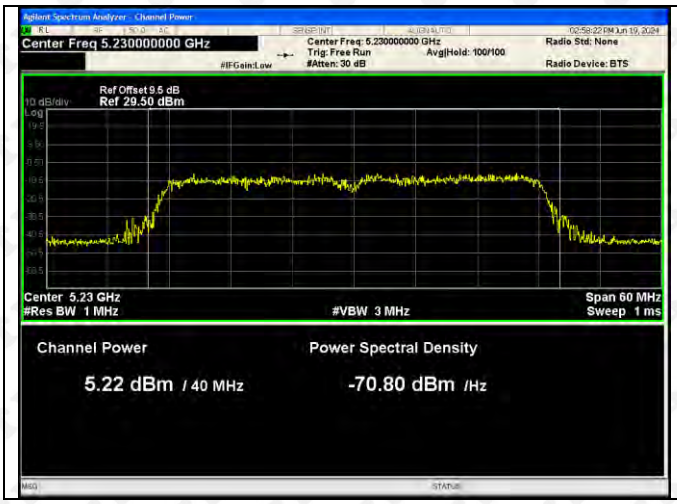
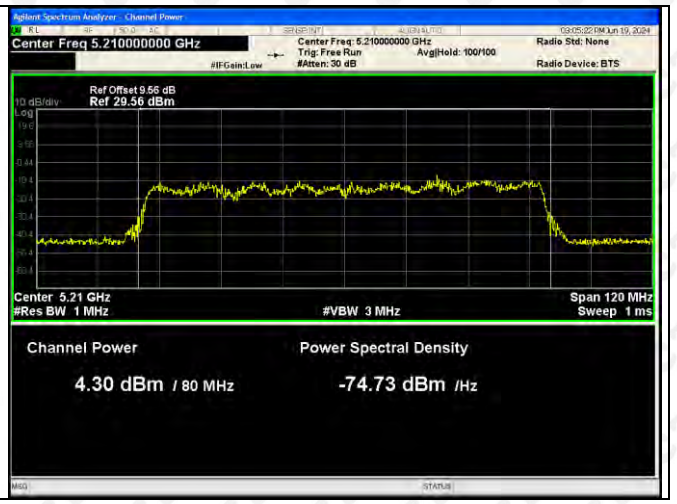


802.11ax(VH40)-5230



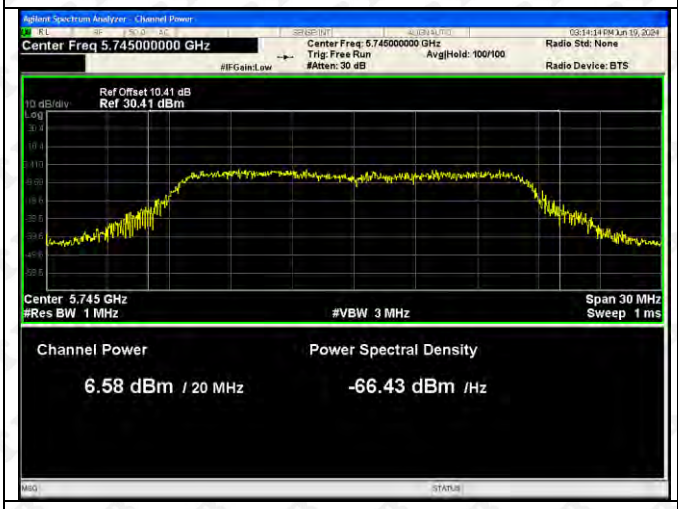
802.11ax(VH80)-5210


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Channel Power
Center Freq 5.230000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.230000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.5 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 29.50 dBm
Center 5.23 GHz
#Res BW 1 MHz
#VBW 3 MHz
Span 60 MHz
Sweep 1 ms
Channel Power
5.22 dBm / 40 MHz
Power Spectral Density
-70.80 dBm /Hz

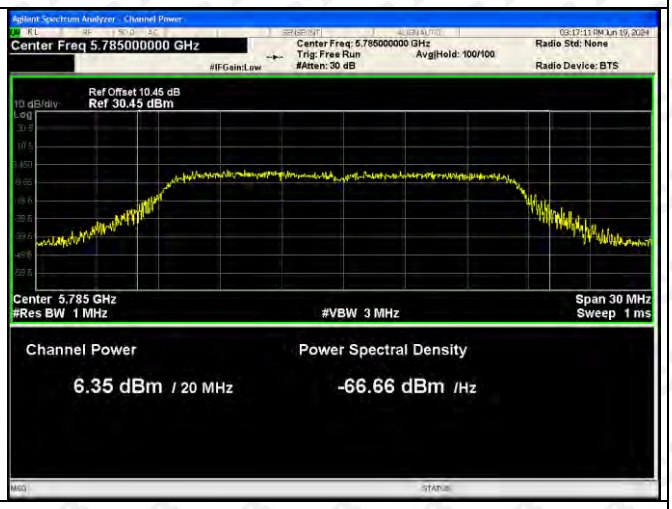

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Channel Power
Center Freq 5.210000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.210000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.56 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 29.56 dBm
Center 5.21 GHz
#Res BW 1 MHz
#VBW 3 MHz
Span 120 MHz
Sweep 1 ms
Channel Power
4.30 dBm / 80 MHz
Power Spectral Density
-74.73 dBm /Hz

5745-5825MHz-Power

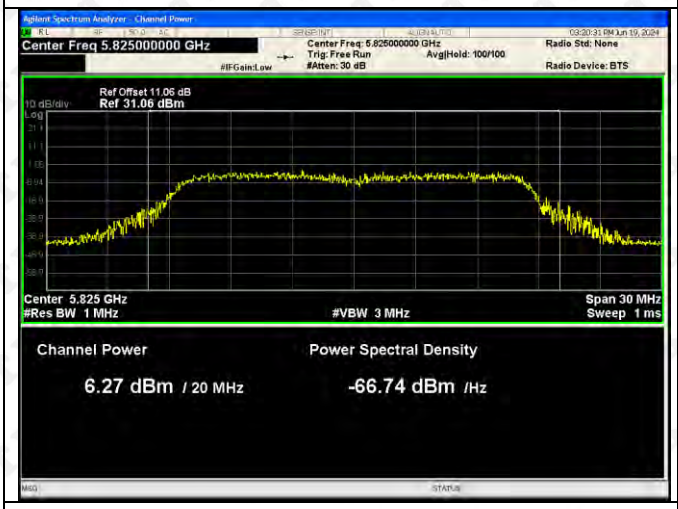
802.11a-5745



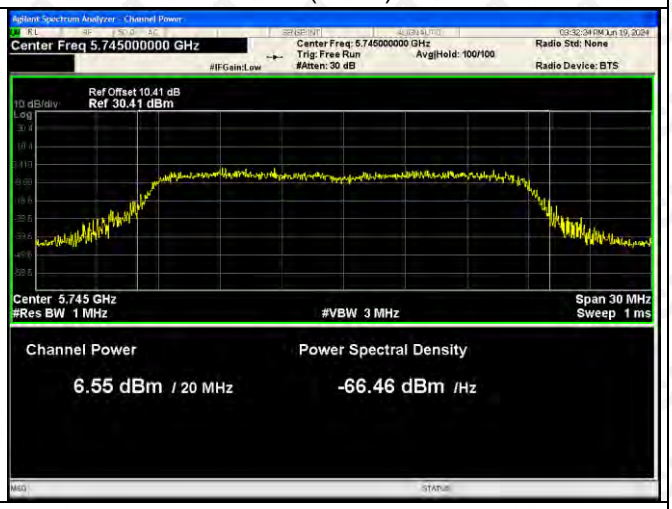
802.11a-5785



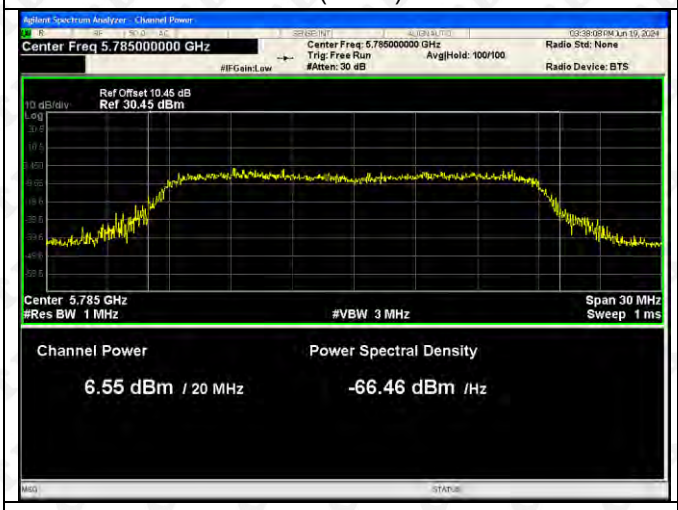
802.11a-5825



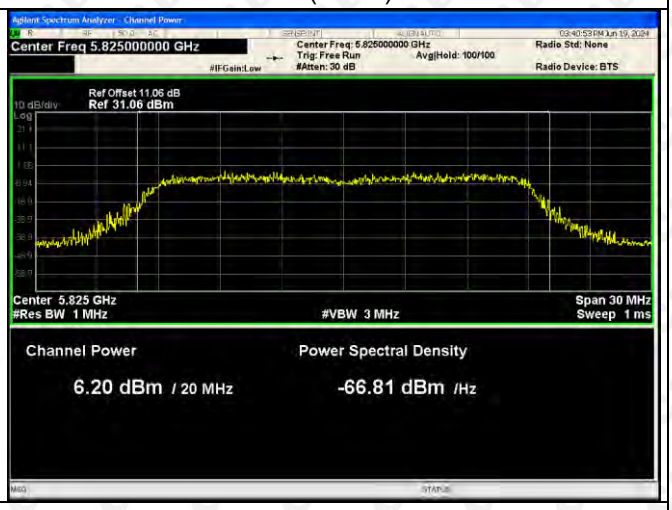
802.11ac(VH20)-5745



802.11ac(VH20)-5785

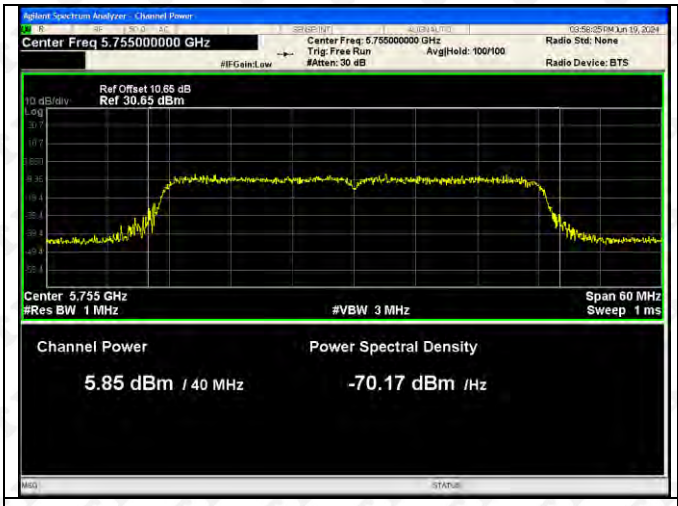


802.11ac(VH20)-5825

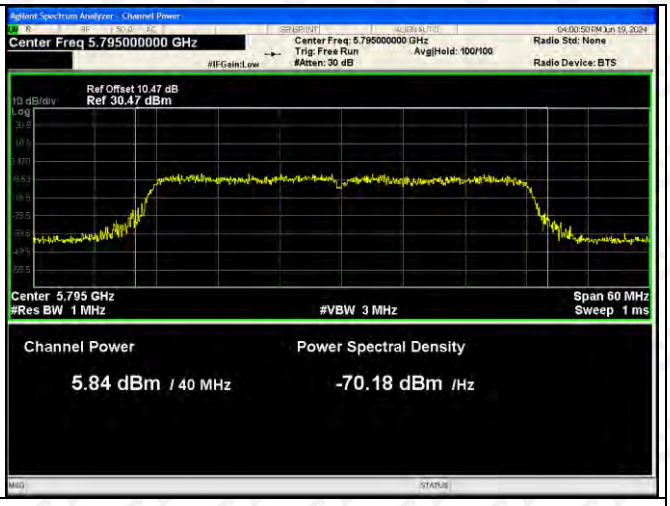


802.11ac(VH40)-5755

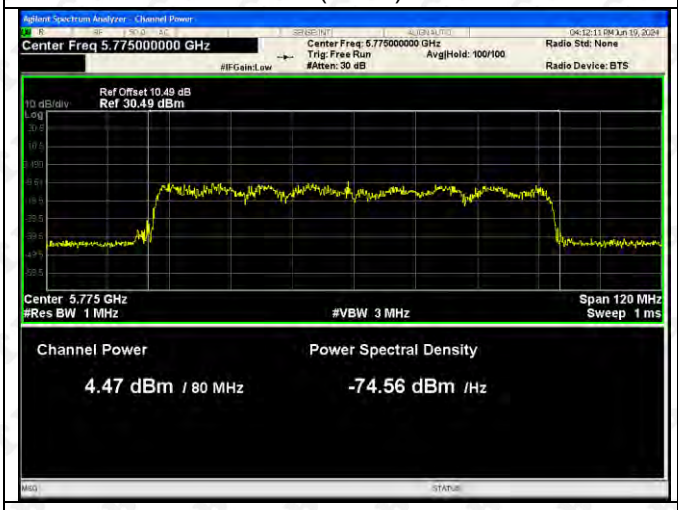
802.11ac(VH40)-5795



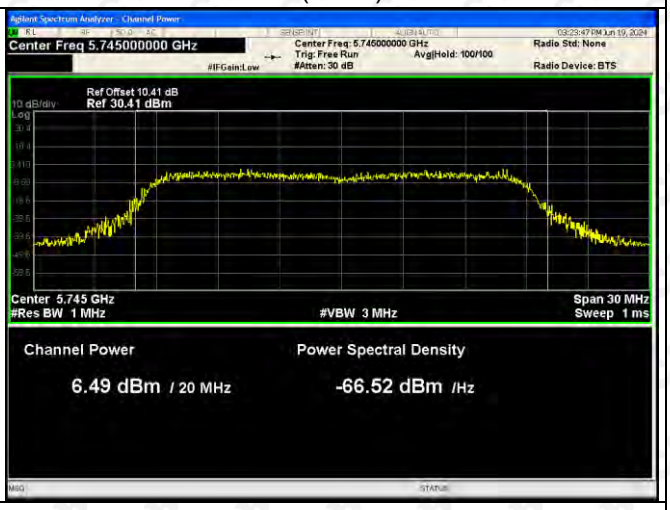
802.11ac(VH80)-5775



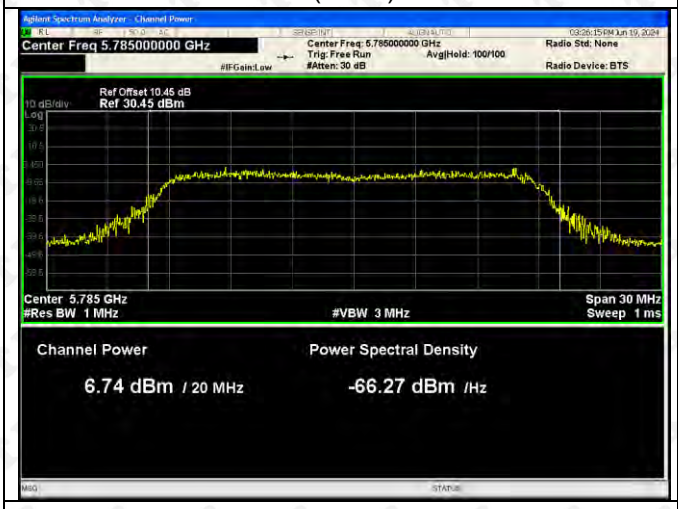
802.11n(HT20)-5745



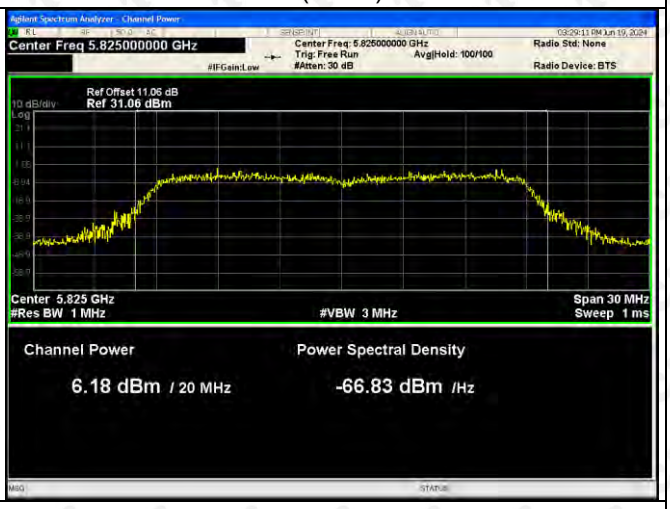
802.11n(HT20)-5785



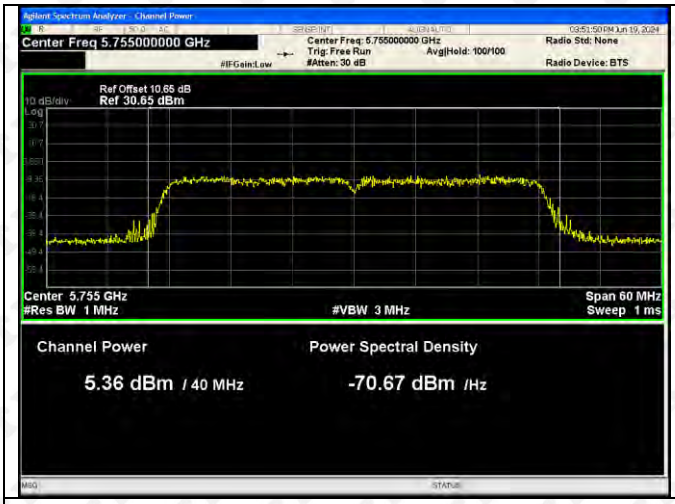
802.11n(HT20)-5825



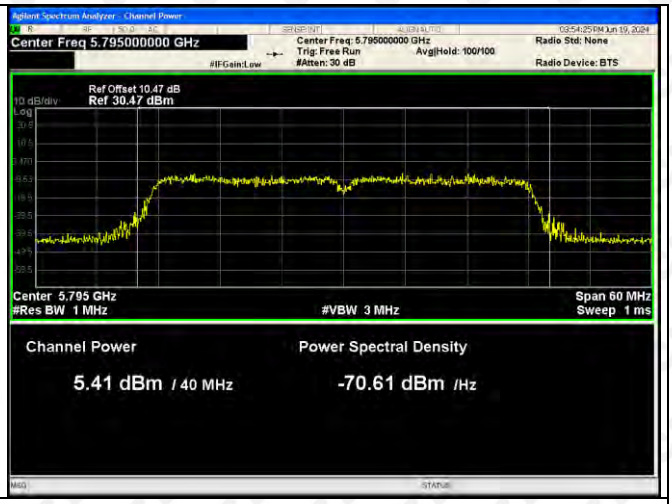
5802.11n(HT40)-5755



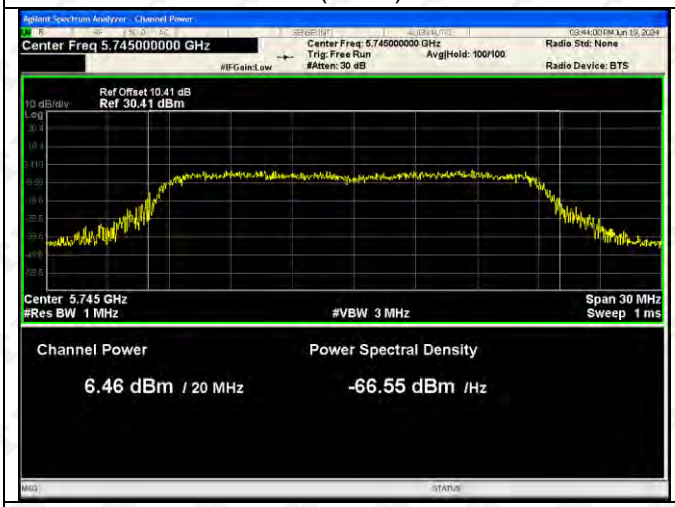
802.11n(HT40)-5795



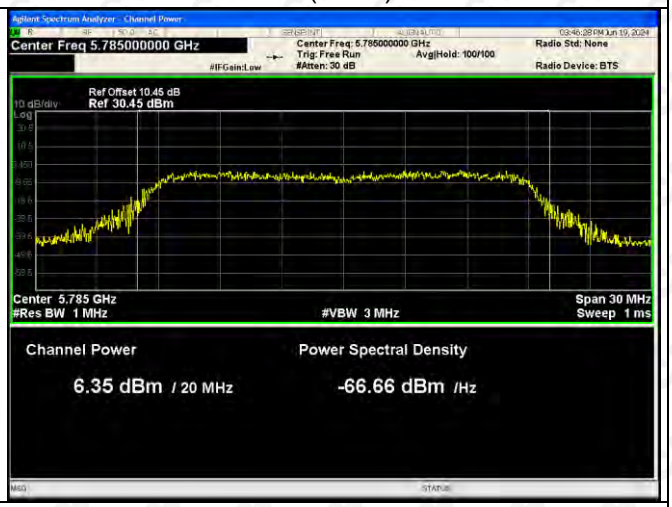
802.11ax(VH20)-5745



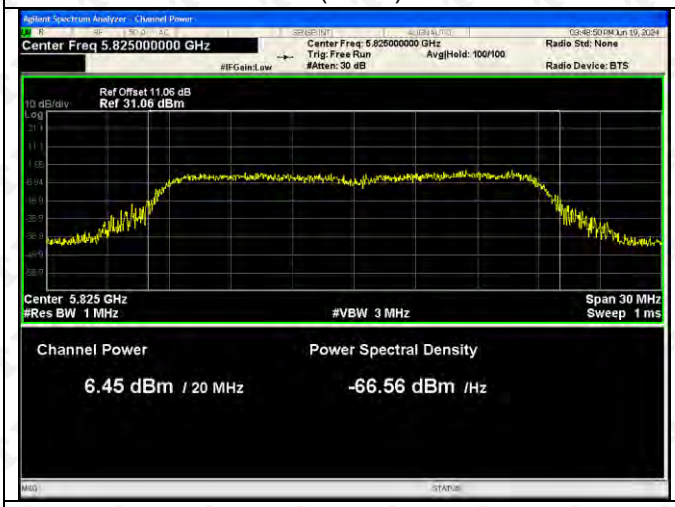
802.11ax(VH20)-5785



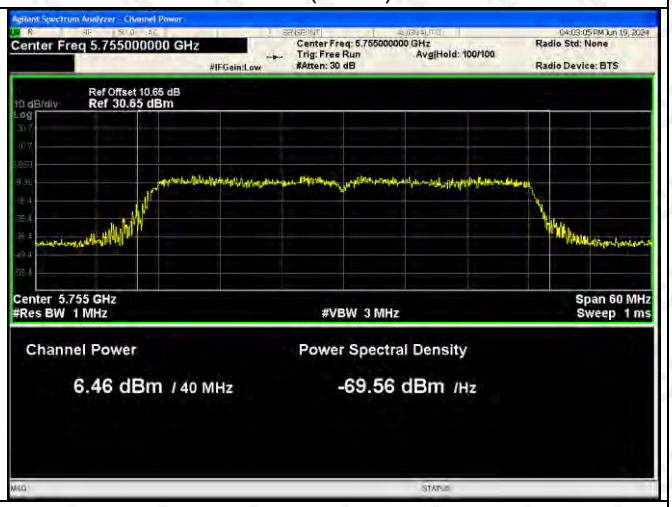
802.11ax(VH20)-5825



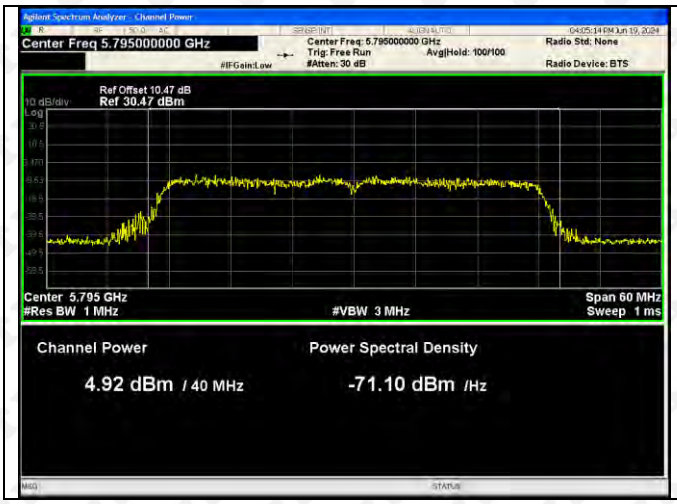
802.11ax(VH40)-5755

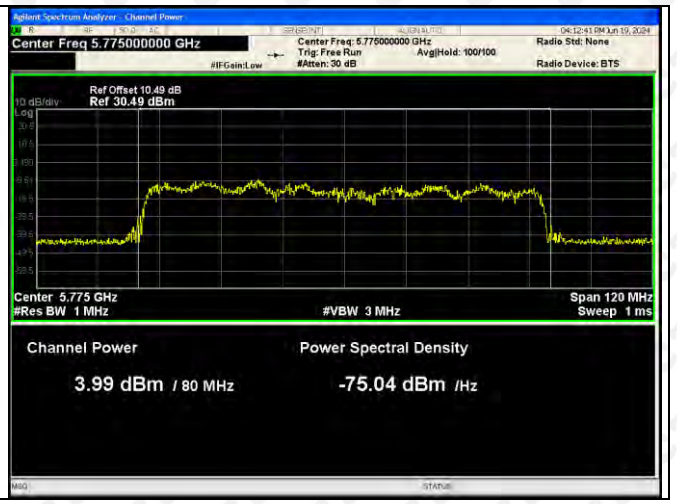


802.11ax(VH40)-5795



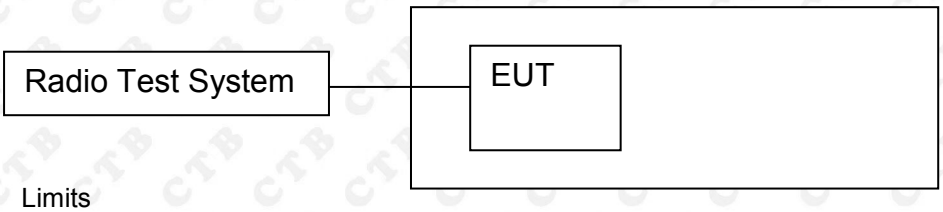
802.11ax(VH80)-5775


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Channel Power
Center Freq 5.795000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.795000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 10.47 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 30.47 dBm
Center 5.795 GHz
#Res BW 1 MHz
#VBW 3 MHz
Span 60 MHz
Sweep 1 ms
Channel Power
4.92 dBm / 40 MHz
Power Spectral Density
-71.10 dBm /Hz


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Channel Power
Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.775000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 10.49 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 30.49 dBm
Center 5.775 GHz
#Res BW 1 MHz
#VBW 3 MHz
Span 120 MHz
Sweep 1 ms
Channel Power
3.99 dBm / 80 MHz
Power Spectral Density
-75.04 dBm /Hz

10. EMISSION BANDWIDTH& OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



10.2 Limits

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
(e) Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

10.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

1. Emission Bandwidth (EBW)
a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
b) Set the VBW > RBW.
c) Detector = Peak.
d) Trace mode = max hold.
e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.
2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725−5.85 GHz
Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 kHz for the band 5.725−5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:
a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 * RBW.
c) Detector = Peak.

d) Trace mode = max hold.
e) Sweep = auto couple.
f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.
Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described in this section. For devices that use channel aggregation refer to III.A and III.C for determining emission bandwidth.

D. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99% occupied bandwidth is *required* only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99% occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to define the minimum frequency range over which the 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Page 4 spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with Section 15.407(a).
The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:
1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.

2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.

3. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW

4. Set VBW ≥ 3 * RBW

5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.

6. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).

7. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

10.4 Test Results

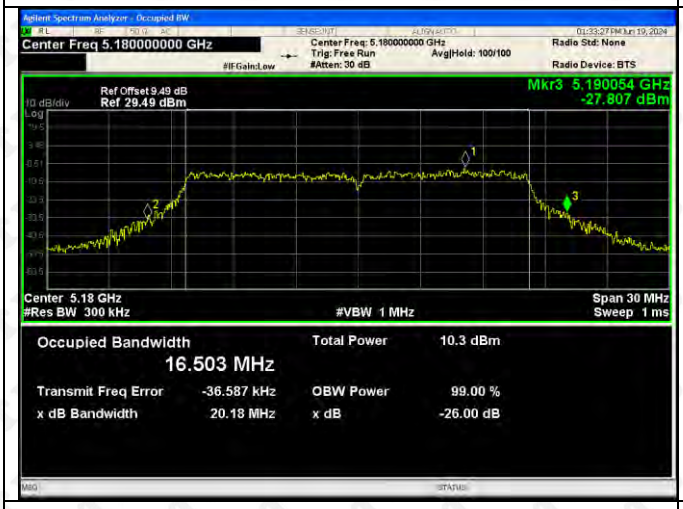
Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	5180	20.181
	5200	20.22
	5240	20.18
802.11ac20	5180	21.46
	5200	21.948
	5240	22.116
802.11ac40	5190	40.031
	5230	41.034
802.11ac80	5210	80.14
802.11n(HT20)	5180	20.839
	5200	20.961
	5240	20.664
802.11n(HT40)	5190	39.814
	5230	40.052
802.11ax20	5180	21.689
	5200	21.649
	5240	22.013
802.11ax40	5190	40.892
	5230	40.833
802.11ax80	5210	80.78

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	5745	16.225
	5785	16.422
	5825	16.138
802.11ac20	5745	17.526
	5785	17.114
	5825	16.987
802.11ac40	5755	36.244
	5795	35.359
802.11ac80	5775	72.868
802.11n(HT20)	5745	16.767
	5785	17.631
	5825	17.606
802.11n(HT40)	5755	35.593
	5795	35.523
802.11ax20	5745	17.085
	5785	17.609
	5825	17.227
802.11ax40	5755	35.666
	5795	35.359
802.11ax80	5775	75.224

Test Graph

5180-5240MHz

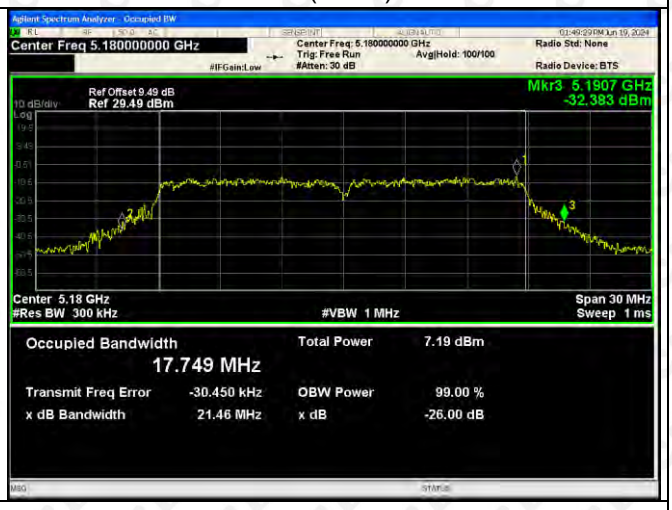
802.11a-5180



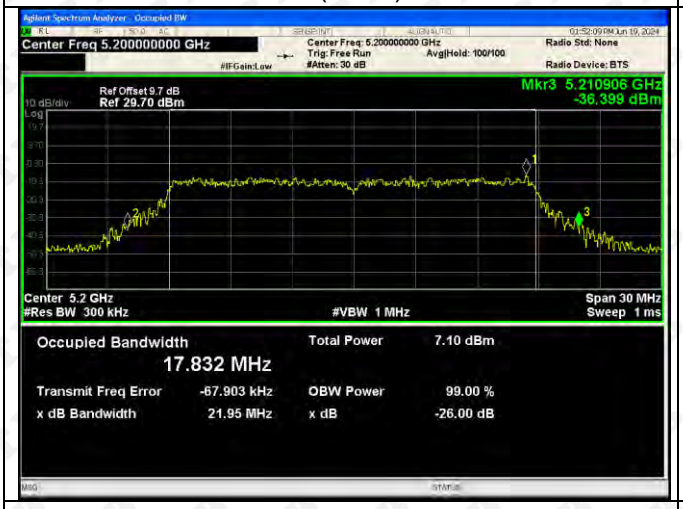
802.11a-5200

802.11a-5240

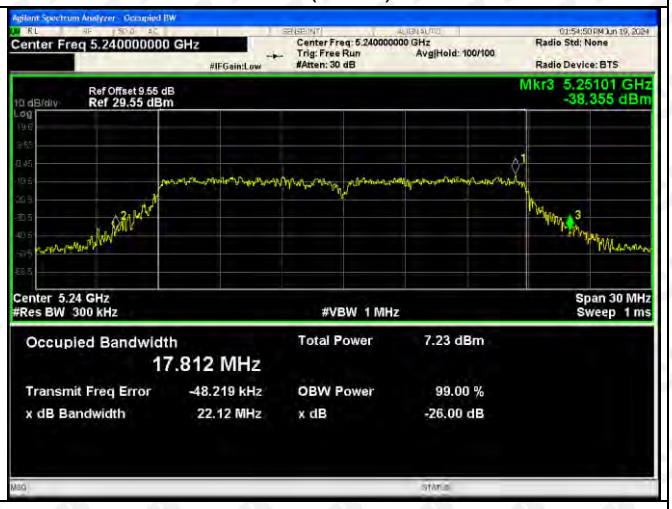
802.11ac(VH20)-5180



802.11ac(VH20)-5200



802.11ac(VH20)-5240



802.11ac(VH40)-5190

802.11ac(VH40)-5230

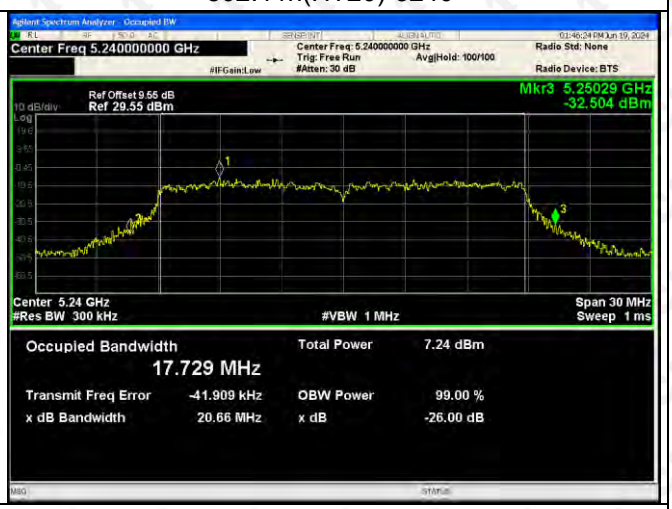
802.11ac(VH80)-5210

802.11n(HT20)-5180

802.11n(HT20)-5200

802.11n(HT20)-5240

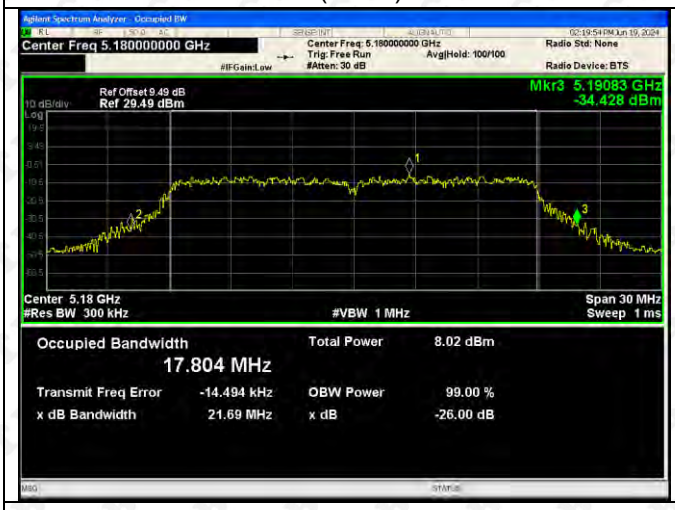
802.11n(HT40)-5190



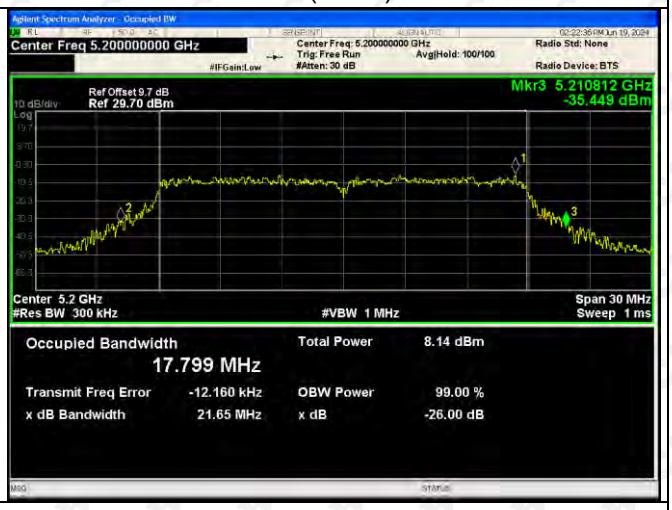
802.11n(HT40)-5230

802.11ax(VH20)-5180

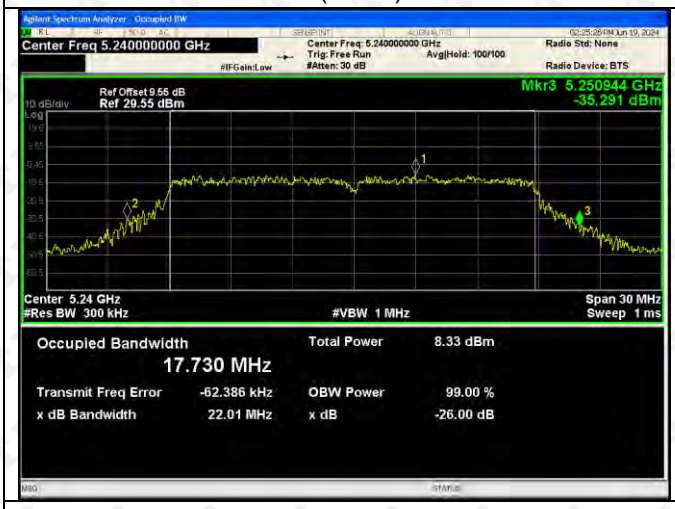
802.11ax(VH20)-5200



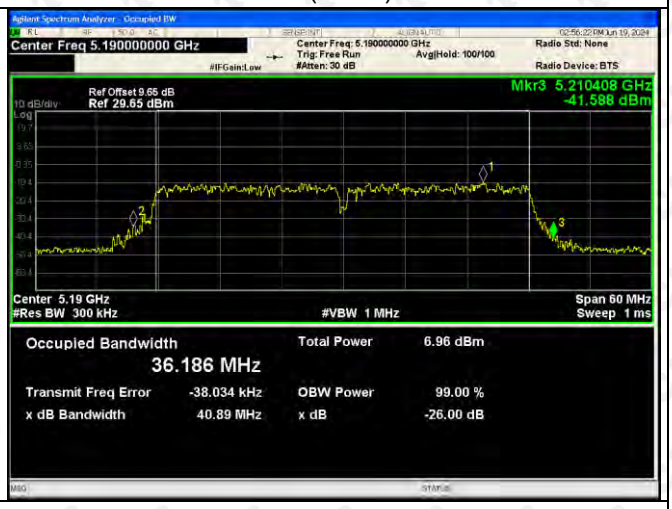
802.11ax(VH20)-5240



802.11ax(VH40)-5190



802.11ax(VH40)-5230



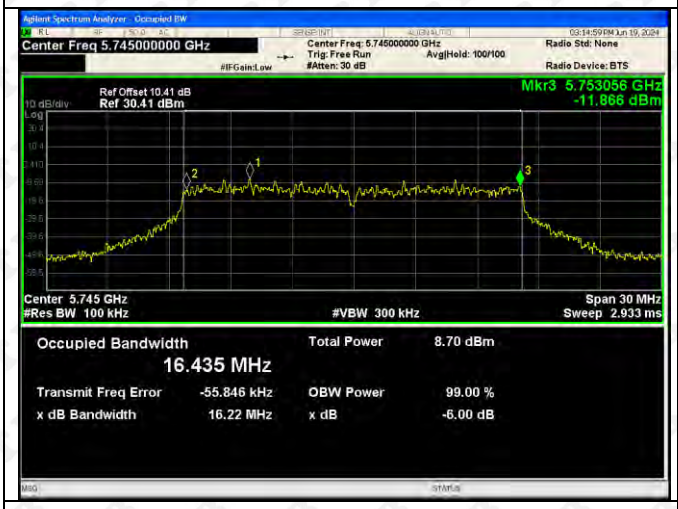
802.11ax(VH80)-5210


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW
Center Freq 5.230000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.230000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.5 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 29.50 dBm
Mkr3 5.250433 GHz
-36.577 dBm
Center 5.23 GHz
#Res BW 300 kHz
#VBW 1 MHz
Span 60 MHz
Sweep 1 ms
Occupied Bandwidth
36.062 MHz
Total Power 7.04 dBm
Transmit Freq Error 16.710 kHz
OBW Power 99.00 %
x dB Bandwidth 40.83 MHz
x dB -26.00 dB


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW
Center Freq 5.210000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.210000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.56 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 29.56 dBm
Mkr3 5.250602 GHz
-37.725 dBm
Center 5.21 GHz
#Res BW 300 kHz
#VBW 1 MHz
Span 120 MHz
Sweep 1.267 ms
Occupied Bandwidth
75.510 MHz
Total Power 6.47 dBm
Transmit Freq Error 211.56 kHz
OBW Power 99.00 %
x dB Bandwidth 80.78 MHz
x dB -26.00 dB

5745-5825MHz

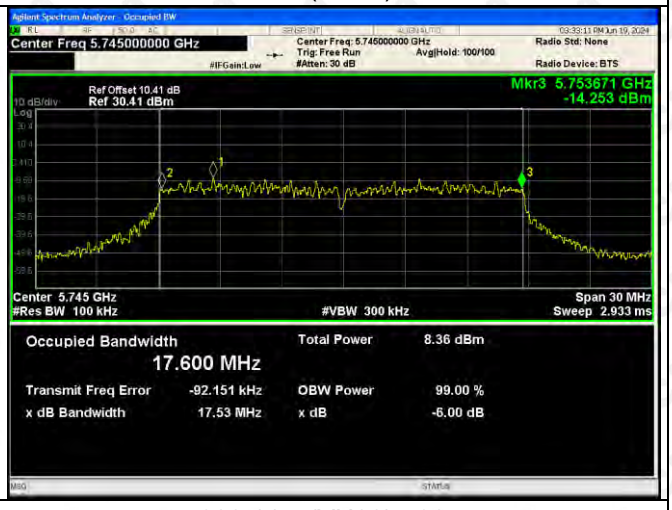
802.11a-5745



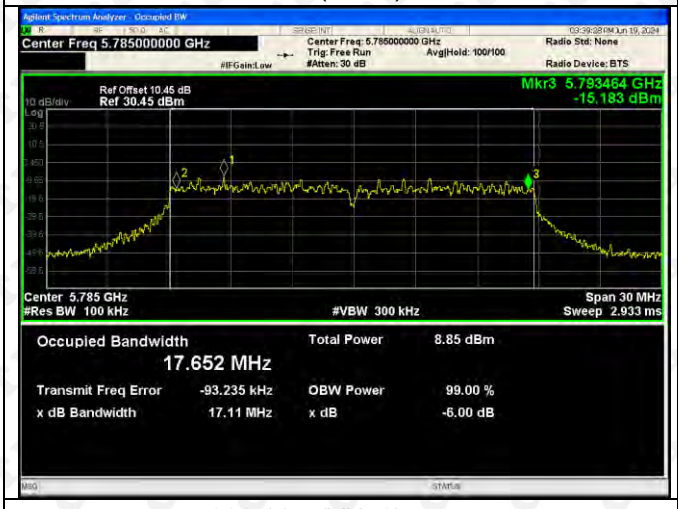
802.11a-5785

802.11a-5825

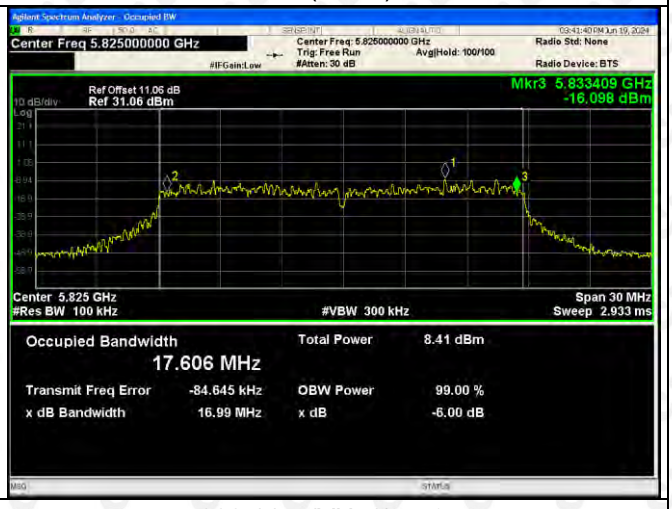
802.11ac(VH20)-5745



802.11ac(VH20)-5785



802.11ac(VH20)-5825

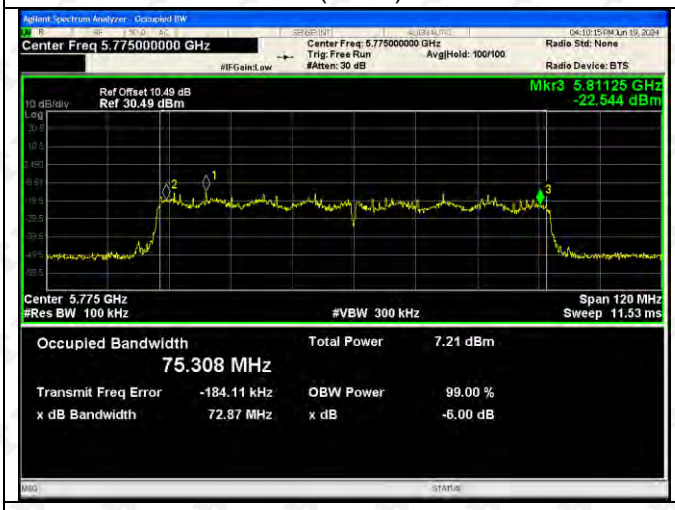


802.11ac(VH40)-5755

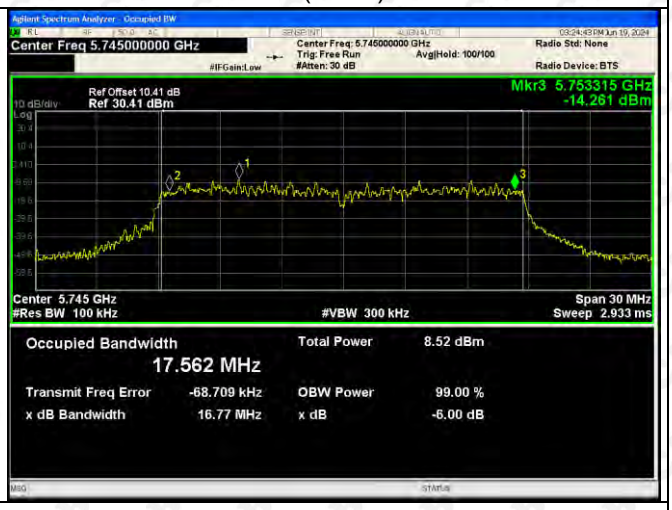
802.11ac(VH40)-5795

802.11ac(VH80)-5775

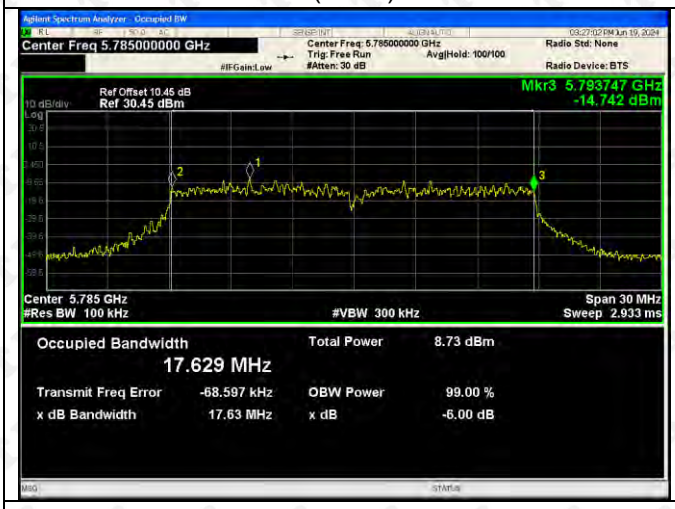
802.11n(HT20)-5745



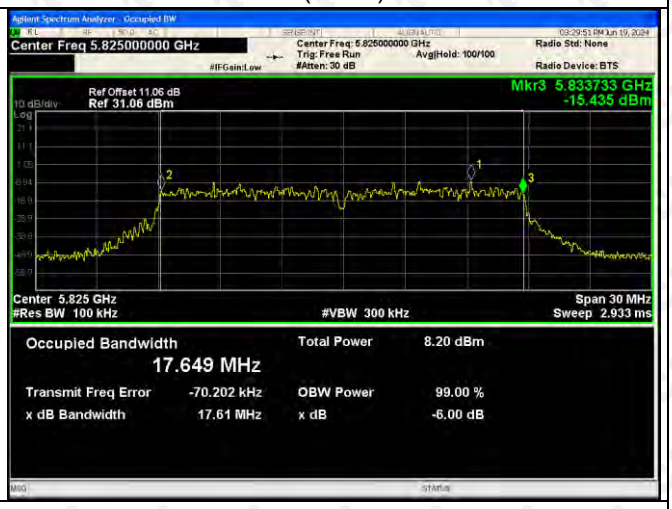
802.11n(HT20)-5785



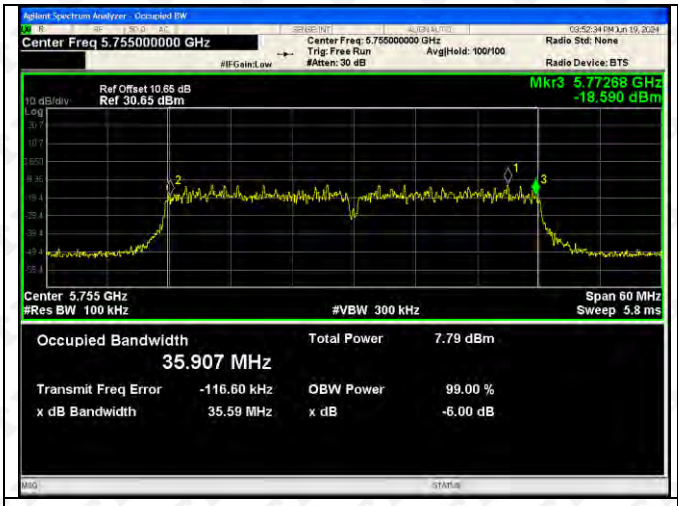
802.11n(HT20)-5825



5802.11n(HT40)-5755

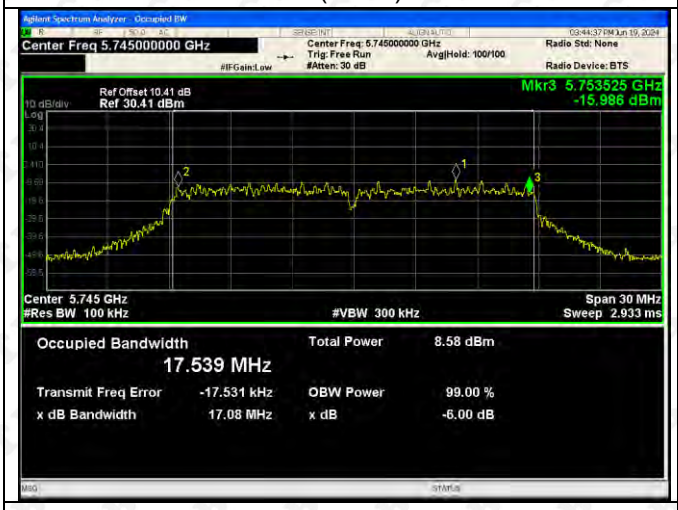


802.11n(HT40)-5795

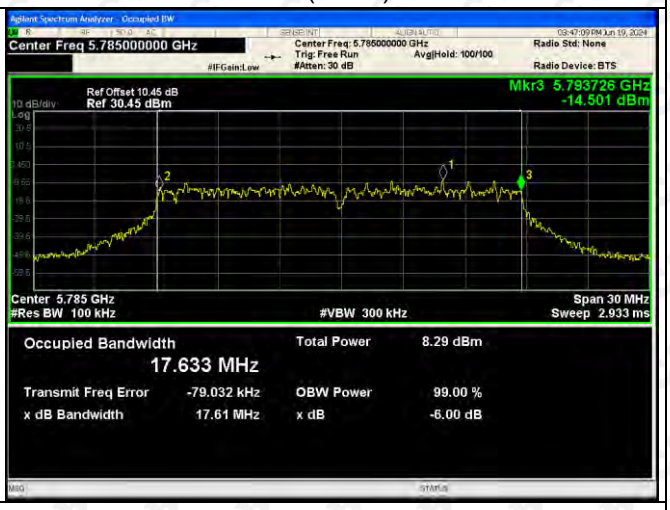


802.11ax(VH20)-5745

802.11ax(VH20)-5785

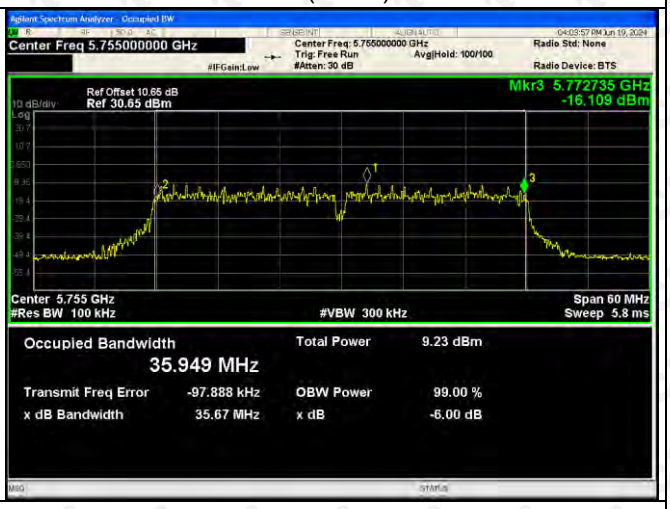


802.11ax(VH20)-5825

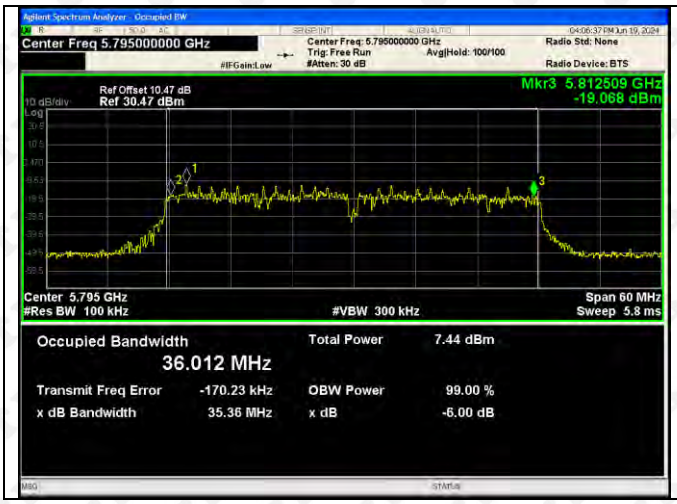


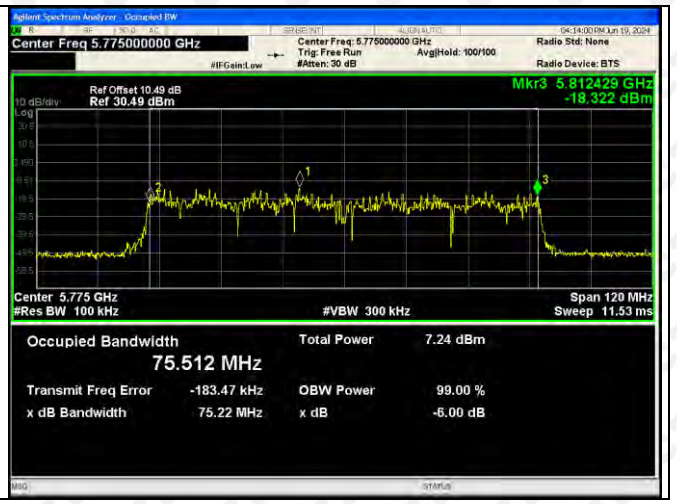
802.11ax(VH40)-5755

802.11ax(VH40)-5795



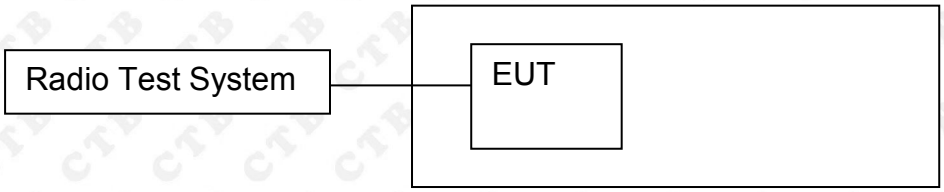
802.11ax(VH80)-5775


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW
Center Freq 5.795000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.795000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 10.47 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 30.47 dBm
Mkr3 5.812509 GHz
-19.068 dBm
Center 5.795 GHz
#Res BW 100 kHz
#VBW 300 kHz
Span 60 MHz
Sweep 5.8 ms
Occupied Bandwidth
36.012 MHz
Total Power 7.44 dBm
Transmit Freq Error -170.23 kHz
OBW Power 99.00 %
x dB Bandwidth 35.36 MHz
x dB -6.00 dB


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW
Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.775000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 10.49 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 30.49 dBm
Mkr3 5.812429 GHz
-18.322 dBm
Center 5.775 GHz
#Res BW 100 kHz
#VBW 300 kHz
Span 120 MHz
Sweep 11.53 ms
Occupied Bandwidth
75.512 MHz
Total Power 7.24 dBm
Transmit Freq Error -183.47 kHz
OBW Power 99.00 %
x dB Bandwidth 75.22 MHz
x dB -6.00 dB

11. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



11.2 Limit

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

11.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

For devices operating in the bands 5.15−5.25 GHz, 5.25−5.35 GHz, and 5.47−5.725 GHz, the preceding procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in Section 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725−5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, “provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth” to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:
a) Set RBW ≥ 1/*T*, where *T* is defined in II.B.I.a).

b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10 log (500 kHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set

during measurement.

d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10 log (1MHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.
Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the II.F.5.c) and II.F.5.d), since RBW=100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

11.4 Test Result

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	PSD [dBm/MHz]	Limit [dBm/MHz]	Result
802.11a	5180	-12.87	11	Pass
	5200	-13.74	11	Pass
	5240	-14.077	11	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5180	-16.431	11	Pass
	5200	-16.379	11	Pass
	5240	-15.791	11	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5190	-19.893	11	Pass
	5230	-19.393	11	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5210	-21.226	11	Pass
802.11n(HT20)	5180	-15.429	11	Pass
	5200	-16.13	11	Pass
	5240	-16.176	11	Pass
802.11n(HT40)	5190	-20.585	11	Pass
	5230	-19.999	11	Pass
802.11ax(VH20)	5180	-15.067	11	Pass
	5200	-15.403	11	Pass
	5240	-14.595	11	Pass
802.11ax(VH40)	5190	-20.03	11	Pass
	5230	-20.696	11	Pass
802.11ax(VH80)	5210	-24.116	11	Pass

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	PSD [dBm/500kHz]	Limit [dBm/MHz]	Result
802.11a	5745	-15.991	30	Pass
	5785	-16.211	30	Pass
	5825	-17.57	30	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5745	-16.693	30	Pass
	5785	-16.883	30	Pass
	5825	-17.864	30	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5755	-21.336	30	Pass
	5795	-20.935	30	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5775	-23.43	30	Pass
802.11n(HT20)	5745	-17.755	30	Pass
	5785	-17.239	30	Pass
	5825	-17.903	30	Pass
802.11n(HT40)	5755	-21.587	30	Pass
	5795	-21.393	30	Pass
802.11ax(VH20)	5745	-17.454	30	Pass
	5785	-18.237	30	Pass
	5825	-17.716	30	Pass
802.11ax(VH40)	5755	-21.939	30	Pass
	5795	-22.942	30	Pass
802.11ax(VH80)	5775	-26.441	30	Pass

5180-5230MHz

802.11a-5180	802.11a-5200
	
802.11a-5240	802.11ac(VH20)-5180
	
802.11ac(VH20)-5200	802.11ac(VH20)-5240
	
802.11ac(VH40)-5190	802.11ac(VH40)-5230

802.11ac(VH80)-5210

802.11n(HT20)-5180

802.11n(HT20)-5200

802.11n(HT20)-5240

802.11n(HT40)-5190

802.11n(HT40)-5230

802.11ax(VH20)-5180

802.11ax(VH20)-5200

802.11ax(VH20)-5240

802.11ax(VH40)-5190

802.11ax(VH40)-5230

802.11ax(VH80)-5210


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Center Freq 5.230000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
#Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: RMS
Avg|Hold: 100/100
Ref Offset 9.5 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 20.00 dBm
Log
Mkr1 5.232 34 GHz
-20.696 dBm
Center 5.23000 GHz
#Res BW 1.0 MHz
#VBW 3.0 MHz*
Span 60.00 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Center Freq 5.210000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
#Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: RMS
Avg|Hold: 100/100
Ref Offset 9.56 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 20.00 dBm
Log
Mkr1 5.235 80 GHz
-24.116 dBm
Center 5.21000 GHz
#Res BW 1.0 MHz
#VBW 3.0 MHz*
Span 120.0 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)

5745-5825MHz

802.11a-5745	802.11a-5785
	
802.11a-5825	802.11ac(VH20)-5745
	
802.11ac(VH20)-5785	802.11ac(VH20)-5825
	
802.11ac(VH40)-5755	802.11ac(VH40)-5795

802.11ac(VH80)-5775

802.11n(HT20)-5745

802.11n(HT20)-5785

802.11n(HT20)-5825

5802.11n(HT40)-5755

802.11n(HT40)-5795

802.11ax(VH20)-5745

802.11ax(VH20)-5785

802.11ax(VH20)-5825

802.11ax(VH40)-5755

802.11ax(VH40)-5795

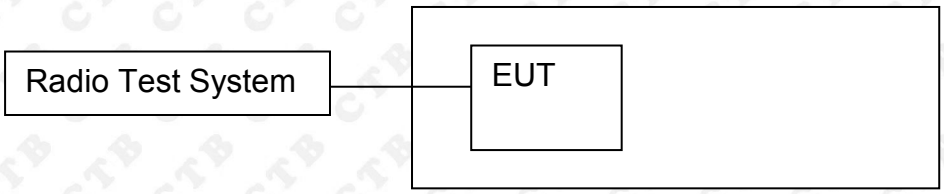
802.11ax(VH80)-5775


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Center Freq 5.795000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
#Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: RMS
Avg|Hold: 100/100
Ref Offset 10.47 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 20.00 dBm
Mkr1 5.779 82 GHz
-22.942 dBm
Center 5.79500 GHz
#Res BW 510 kHz
#VBW 1.5 MHz*
Span 60.00 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
#Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: RMS
Avg|Hold: 100/100
Ref Offset 10.49 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 20.00 dBm
Mkr1 5.748 84 GHz
-26.441 dBm
Center 5.77500 GHz
#Res BW 510 kHz
#VBW 1.5 MHz*
Span 120.0 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)

12. FREQUENCY STABILITY

12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



12.2 Limit

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

12.3 Test procedure

1. The EUT was placed inside temperature chamber and powered and powered by nominal DC voltage.

2. Set EUT as normal operation.

3. Turn the EUT on and couple its output to spectrum.

4. Turn the EUT off and set the chamber to the highest temperature specified.

5. Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize, turn the EUT and measure the operating frequency.

6. Repeat step with the temperature chamber set to the lowest temperature.

12.4 Test Result

Pass

13. OPERATION IN THE ABSENCE OF INFORMATION TO THE TRANSMIT

13.1 Requirement

15.407(c) requirement:
The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. These provisions are not intended to preclude the transmission of control or signal ling information or the use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals. Applicants shall include in their application for equipment authorization a description of how this requirement is met.

13.2 Test Results

Operation in the absence of information to the transmit:

While the EUT is not transmitting any information, the EUT can automatically discontinue transmission and become standby mode for power saving. The EUT can detect the controlling signal of WLAN message transmitting from remote device and verify whether it shall reconnect. (manufacturer declare)

14. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

15.203 requirement:
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

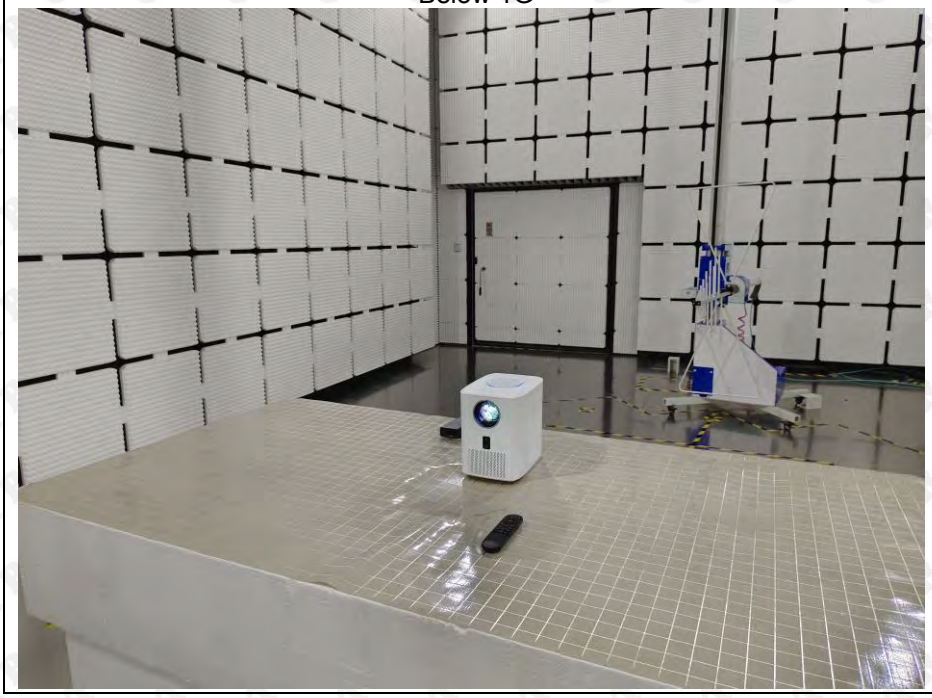
EUT Antenna:

The antenna is internal antenna and no consideration of replacement. The best case gain of the antenna is WiFi (5.2G):2.53dBi, WiFi (5.8G):1.0dBi.

15. EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

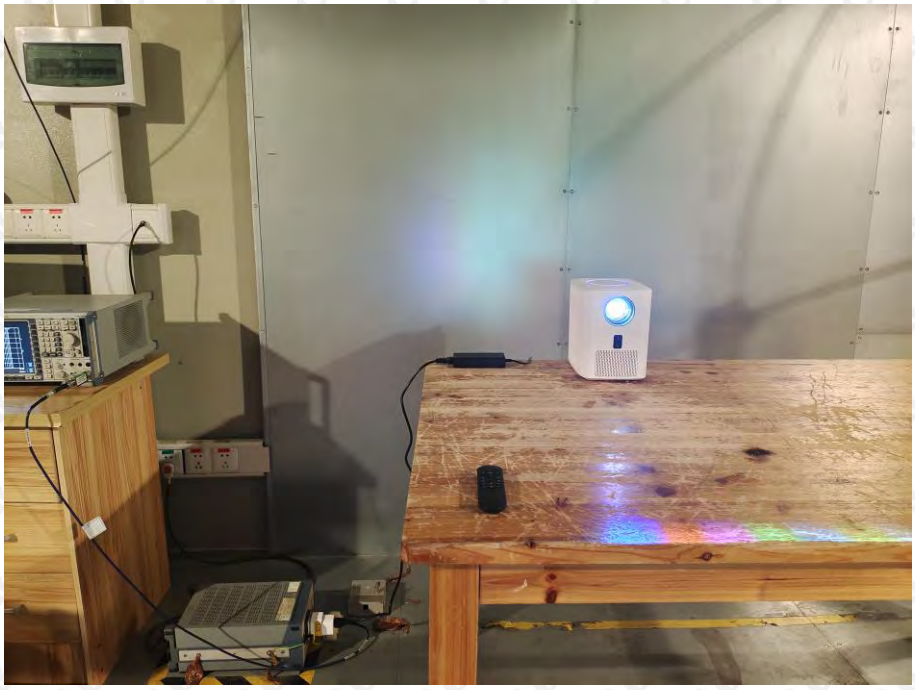
Radiated Emission

Below 1G



Above 1G

Conducted Emission



※※※※※ **END OF REPORT** ※※※※※