

# **TEST REPORT**

Report Reference No...... CTA24071600207

FCC ID ...... 2BH5J-D31U

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Date of issue...... July 30, 2024

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Applicant's name ...... Hong Kong Yushengchang Technology Co.,Limited

Unit 1801 18/ F office plus @Wan Chai No.303 Hennessy Road ,

Wanchai HK, China

Test specification .....

IEC 62209-2:2010; IEEE 1528:2013; FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093;

Jangtua xx00

CTATES

Standard ...... ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005; Reference FCC KDB 447498; KDB 248227;

KDB 616217; KDB 941225; KDB 865664

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Test item description...... 4G GPS tracker watch

Trade Mark ......

Manufacturer ....... Shenzhen Yushengchang Technology Co.,LTD

Model/Type reference...... D31U

Listed Models ...... D41

Result ..... PASS

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# TEST REPORT

Equipment under Test : 4G GPS tracker watch

Model /Type : D31U

Listed Models : D41

Applicant : Hong Kong Yushengchang Technology Co.,Limited

Address : Unit 1801 18/ F office plus @Wan Chai No.303 Hennessy Road,

Wanchai HK, China

Manufacturer : Shenzhen Yushengchang Technology Co.,LTD

Address : F6, Jinhai building, songgang Town, Bao'an Zone, Shenzhen, China

Test Result: PASS

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

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		GM CTA	

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## **Version**

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	CIA CIA		
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## 1 Statement of Compliance

#### <Highest SAR Summary>

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg & 4.0W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are as follows.

#### <Highest SAR Summary>

Test Result PASS		Highest Re	ported SAR	Simultaneous	
GSM850         0.454         0.230           PCS1900         0.415         0.180           WCDMA Band II         0.439         0.147           WCDMA Band V         0.161         0.198           LTE Band 2         0.439         0.221         Wrist-Worn:           LTE Band 5         0.112         0.088         1.066           LTE Band 7         0.980         0.175           WLAN2.4G         0.086         0.054           SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)         Next to mouth:1.60W/Kg         Wrist-Worn: 4W/Kg           Test Result	Frequency Band	Wrist-Worn SAR <sub>10g</sub>	Next to mouth SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Reported SAR	
PCS1900         0.415         0.180           WCDMA Band II         0.439         0.147           WCDMA Band V         0.161         0.198           LTE Band 2         0.439         0.221         Wrist-Worn:           LTE Band 5         0.112         0.088         1.066           LTE Band 7         0.980         0.175           WLAN2.4G         0.086         0.054    SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)  Next to mouth: 1.60W/Kg  Wrist-Worn: 4W/Kg		(W/Kg) (0mm)	(W/Kg) (10mm)	(W/Kg)	
WCDMA Band II         0.439         0.147         Next to mouth: 0.286           WCDMA Band V         0.161         0.198         Wrist-Worn: 1.066           LTE Band 2         0.439         0.221         Wrist-Worn: 1.066           LTE Band 5         0.112         0.088         1.066           LTE Band 7         0.980         0.175           WLAN2.4G         0.086         0.054           SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)         Next to mouth: 1.60W/Kg         Wrist-Worn: 4W/Kg           Test Result	GSM850	0.454	0.230		
WCDMA Band II         0.439         0.147           WCDMA Band V         0.161         0.198           LTE Band 2         0.439         0.221         Wrist-Worn:           LTE Band 5         0.112         0.088         1.066           LTE Band 7         0.980         0.175           WLAN2.4G         0.086         0.054           SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)         Next to mouth:1.60W/Kg         Wrist-Worn: 4W/Kg           Test Result	PCS1900	0.415	0.180	TESTIN	
WCDMA Band V         0.161         0.198           LTE Band 2         0.439         0.221         Wrist-Worn:           LTE Band 5         0.112         0.088         1.066           LTE Band 7         0.980         0.175           WLAN2.4G         0.086         0.054           SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)         Next to mouth:1.60W/Kg         Wrist-Worn: 4W/Kg           Test Result	WCDMA Band II	0.439	0.147	2 G V	
LTE Band 5 0.112 0.088 1.066  LTE Band 7 0.980 0.175  WLAN2.4G 0.086 0.054  SAR Test Limit (W/Kg) Next to mouth:1.60W/Kg Wrist-Worn: 4W/Kg  Test Result PASS	WCDMA Band V	0.161	0.198	0.200	
LTE Band 5         0.112         0.088         1.066           LTE Band 7         0.980         0.175           WLAN2.4G         0.086         0.054           SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)         Next to mouth:1.60W/Kg         Wrist-Worn: 4W/Kg           Test Result         PASS	LTE Band 2	0.439	0.221	Wrist-Worn:	
LTE Band 7         0.980         0.175           WLAN2.4G         0.086         0.054           SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)         Next to mouth:1.60W/Kg         Wrist-Worn: 4W/Kg           Test Result         PASS	LTE Band 5	0.112	0.088		
SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)  Next to mouth:1.60W/Kg  Wrist-Worn: 4W/Kg  PASS	LTE Band 7	0.980	0.175		
Test Result PASS	WLAN2.4G	0.086	0.054		
	SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)	Next to mouth:	1.60W/Kg Wrist-Worn: 4	W/Kg	
	Test Result	C	PASS		
			Con Co	(en	



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## **General Information**

#### 2.1 General Remarks

2.1 General Remarks				
Date of receipt of test sample		July 16, 2024		ESTING
Testing commenced on	:	July 23, 2024		CTATL
			THE PROPERTY OF	
Testing concluded on	:	July 26, 2024		

	Product Name:	4G GPS tracker watch
	Model/Type reference:	D31U
	Power supply:	DC 3.8V From battery and DC 5.0V From external circuit
	Testing sample ID:	CTA240716002-1# (Engineer sample) CTA240716002-2# (Normal sample)
	Hardware version:	C36SM#01
	Software version:	C36SM_HLT_A13M_OVERSEA_V1.0
LES	Tx Frequency:	SRD:     WIFI2.4G:2412~2462MHz GSM:     GSM850 TX: 824.2~848.8MHz     PCS1900 TX: 1850.2~1909.8MHz WCDMA:     Band 2: TX: 1852.4~1907.6MHz     Band 5: TX: 826.40~846.60MHz LTE:     FDD Band 2: TX: 1850~1910MHz     FDD Band 5: TX: 824~849MHz     FDD Band 7: TX: 2500~2570MHz
	Type of Modulation:	2.4G WIFI: BPSK, QPSK,16QAM,64QAM GSM: GMSK WCDMA: QPSK,16QAM LTE: QPSK,16QAM
	Category of device:	Portable device

#### Remark:

The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description. CTA TES CTATESTING



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#### 2.3 **Device Category and SAR Limits**

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

#### 2.4 **Applied Standard**

CTATES. The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093:2013)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005
- IEEE Std 1528:2013
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03



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#### 2.5 Test Facility

#### FCC-Registration No.: 517856 Designation Number: CN1318

Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

#### A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 6534.01

Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

#### ISED#: 27890 CAB identifier: CN0127

Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been listed by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.10 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010.

#### 2.6 Environment of Test Site

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

#### 2.7 Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests. For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.



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## Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### **SAR Definition**

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density CTATESTING (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{odv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

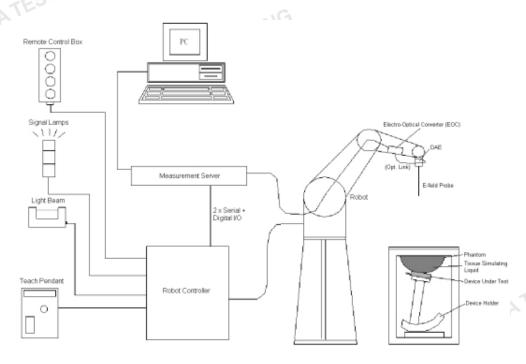
Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However, for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically CTATES: applied.



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## **SAR Measurement System**



**DASY System Configurations** 

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- CTATESTING A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
  - A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
  - A computer operating Windows XP
  - DASY software
  - Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming CTATE! lamps, etc.
  - The SAM twin phantom
  - A device holder
  - Tissue simulating liquid
  - Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

#### 4.1 **E-Field Probe**

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface

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detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### **E-Field Probe Specification** <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to
	organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe
	axis)
	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation
	normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 W/kg; Linearity: ± 0.2
	dB (noise: typically< 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole
	centers: 1 mm



#### **E-Field Probe Calibration**

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

#### **Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



**Photo of DAE** 

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#### 4.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controllersystem, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäublirobot series have many features that are important for our application: CTATES

- ➤ High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- > High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- > Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



**Photo of DASY5** 

# CTATESTING 4.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



**Photo of Server for DASY5** 

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#### 4.5 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm		
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters		CTATES
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet		
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	Photo of SAM Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	1
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis:400 mm	Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

#### 4.6 Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$ mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point

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(ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon$  = 3 and loss tangent  $\delta$  = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



**Device Holder** 

#### 4.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

#### Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [W/kg]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

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**Probe parameters:** - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>, a<sub>i0</sub>, a<sub>i1</sub>, a<sub>i2</sub>

Conversion factor ConvF<sub>i</sub>
 Diode compression point dcp<sub>i</sub>

**Device parameters:** - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

**Media parameters:** - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with  $V_i$ = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes: 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field Probes: 
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i,(i= x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub>= sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i= x, y, z),  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field Probes

ConvF= sensitivity enhancement in solution

a<sub>ii</sub>= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E<sub>i</sub>= electric field strength of channel iin V/m

H<sub>i</sub>= magnetic field strength of channel iin A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

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$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$
 fic absorption rate in W/kg ength in V/m

SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/kg with

E<sub>tot</sub>= total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density CTATESTING of the tissue simulating liquid.

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#### 5 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Environment	Type/Model	Carial Number	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	484	Aug. 25,2023	Aug. 24,2026	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d002	Aug. 25,2023	Aug. 24,2026	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	745	Aug. 28,2023	Aug. 27,2026	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1073	Feb. 17,2023	Feb. 16,2026	
Rohde &	UNIVERSAL RADIO	CMW500	1201.0002K50-	Nov.05, 2023	Nov.04, 2024	
Schwarz	COMMUNICATION TESTER	CIVIVVSOU	104209-JC	NOV.05, 2025	NOV.04, 2024	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	428	Aug.30,2023	Aug.29,2024	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7624	Sep. 06,2023	Sep. 05,2024	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46317418	Oct.25, 2023	Oct.24, 2024	
SPEAG	DAK	DAK-3.5	1226	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD000P40CD	1802	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI Phantom	QDOVA004AA	2058	NCR	NCR	
AR	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1118004	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Power Meter	N1914A	MY50001102	Oct.25, 2023	Oct.24, 2024	
Agilent	Power Sensor	N8481H	MY51240001	Oct.25, 2023	Oct.24, 2024	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	N9020A	MY51170037	Oct.25, 2023	Oct.24, 2024	
Agilent	Signal Generation	N5182A	MY48180656	Oct.25, 2023	Oct.24, 2024	
Worken	Directional Coupler	0110A05601O-10	COM5BNW1A2	Oct.25, 2023	Oct.24, 2024	

#### Note:

- 1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix D of this report.
- 2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- 4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.
- 5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it



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## 6 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown as followed:



Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(εr)
(1411 12)	(70)	(70)	(70)	For Hea		(70)	(0)	(61)
					V-17133			
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800,1900,200	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	3 0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Boo	dy			
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800,1900,200	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	65.5	0	0	0	0	31.5	2.16	52.5
CTATEST			CTATEST					



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The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

	Measured	Target	Tissue		Measure	d Tissue		Liannial		
	Frequency (MHz)	εr	σ	εr	Dev. (%)	σ	Dev. (%)	Liquid Temp.	Test Data	
	835	41.5	0.90	41.359	-0.34%	0.872	-3.09%	22.8	07/23/2024	
	1900	40.0	1.40	41.044	2.61%	1.377	-1.67%	22.6	07/24/2024	-69
	2450	39.2	1.80	37.675	-3.89%	1.736	-3.54%	22.5	07/26/2024	CTATES
	2600	39.0	1.96	38.388	-1.57%	1.997	1.90%	22.8	07/25/2024	
ATES	, , ,		TESTIN	G		1	1	1	1	1



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## 7 System Verification Procedures

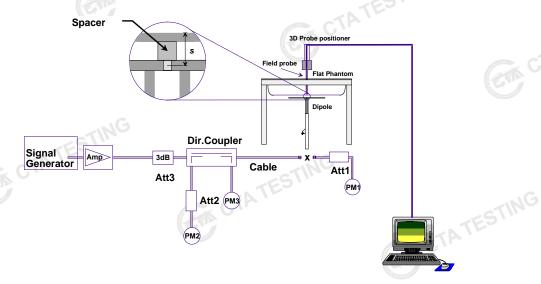
Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

#### Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

#### System Setup

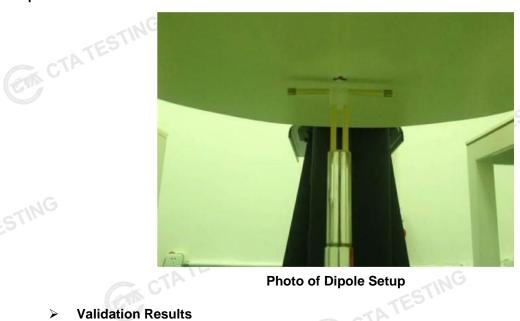
In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



**System Setup for System Evaluation** 

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**Photo of Dipole Setup** 

#### **Validation Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table below shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. It indicates that the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

	TING						
Date	Frequency (MHz)	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR1g (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	
07/23/2024	835	250	9.68	2.37	9.48	-2.02%	
07/24/2024	1900	250	40.1	9.95	39.80	-0.78%	TES
07/26/2024	2450	250	52.7	12.71	50.84	-3.53%	CAL
07/25/2024	2600	250	56.8	14.68	58.72	3.41%	

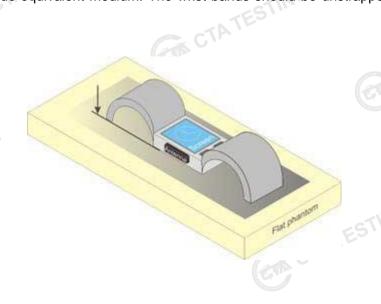
-0	07/25/2024	2600	250	56.8	14.68	58.72	3.41%
CTATES			-NG				
	Date	Frequency (MHz)	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR 10g (W/kg)	Measured SAR10g (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
	07/23/2024	835	250	6.24	1.56	6.24	0.18%
G	07/24/2024	1900	250	20.8	5.07	20.28	-2.54%
G	07/26/2024	2450	250	24.5	5.94	23.76	-2.96%
	07/25/2024	2600	250	25.5	6.17	24.68	-3.25%
	OTTA TE	5	CTATE CTATE	STING	CTI	TESTING	

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## 8 EUT Testing Position

#### 8.1 Front-of-face and Limbs

Transmitters that are built-in within a wrist watch or similar wrist-worn devices typically operate in speaker mode for voice communication, with the device worn on the wrist and positioned next to the mouth. Next to the mouth exposure requires 1-g SAR and the wrist-worn condition requires 10-g extremity SAR. The 10-g extremity and 1-g SAR test exclusions may be applied to the wrist and face exposure conditions. When SAR evaluation is required, next to the mouth use is evaluated with the front of the device positioned at 10 mm from a flat phantom filled with head tissue-equivalent medium. The wrist bands should be strapped together to represent normal use conditions. SAR for wrist exposure is evaluated with the back of the device positioned in direct contact against a flat phantom filled with body tissue-equivalent medium. The wrist bands should be unstrapped and touching the phantom.



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#### **Measurement Procedures** 9

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the middle channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% duty factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as setup photos demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR transmitting at the middle channel for all applicable exposure positions.
- (g) Identify the exposure position and device configuration resulting the highest SAR
- (h) Measure SAR at the lowest and highest channels at the worst exposure position and device configuration if applicable.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average CTATE! SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

#### 9.2 **Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller

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than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### 9.3 **Area Scan Procedures**

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area},\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding device with at least one
Zoom Scan Procedures	(CO)	CTCT

#### **Zoom Scan Procedures**

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label. Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 CTATES! GHz.



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			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr		measurement point ors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the r			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan sp	patial reso	lution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orientat above, the measurement rescorresponding x or y dimen at least one measurement po	ion, is smaller than the colution must be ≤ the sion of the test device with	CTA
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	3
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}$ : $\leq 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoo}$	<sub>om</sub> (n-1) mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
1528-2013 for de	etails.		al incidence to the tissue mediant the area scan based 1-g S.		TA



When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}, \leq 8 \text{ mm}, \leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz. CTATES

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#### 9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

#### 9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



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#### 10 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

#### 10.1 Conducted Power

#### <GSM Conducted power>

·		TATES				Tilla	
Band GSM850	В	urst Averag	je Power (dE	Bm)	Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)
TX Channel	Tune-up	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	limit (dBm)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.6
GSM	33.00	32.50	31.96	32.36	23.47	22.93	23.33
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.00	32.03	31.84	32.24	23.00	22.81	23.21
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	30.00	29.12	29.83	28.95	23.10	23.81	22.93
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	28.00	27.29	26.86	27.17	23.03	22.60	22.91
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	27.00	26.24	26.73	26.52	23.23	23.72	23.51
Band PCS1900	В	urst Averag	je Power (dE	Bm)	Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)
TX Channel	Tune-up	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	limit (dBm)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM	31.00	30.00	30.77	30.61	20.97	21.74	21.58
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.00	30.57	29.70	30.08	21.54	20.67	21.05
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	28.00	27.80	27.48	27.65	21.78	21.46	21.63
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	26.00	25.32	25.51	24.76	21.06	21.25	20.50
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	25.00	24.32	23.81	24.38	21.31	20.80	21.37

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3.01 dB

#### Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction
- 2. For Data mode SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in corresponding TX slots due to its highest frame-average power.



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#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings is illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration. CTATES
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements. b.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters were set according to each
  - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121 ii.
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK) ٧.
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 Χ.
  - Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .
- For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Note 2: Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\triangle_{ACK}$  and  $\triangle_{NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$  , and  $\triangle_{CQI}$  = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .
- CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- CTA ESTING For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is Note 4: achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$

Setup Configuration

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#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.

- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - Set the Gain Factors (β<sub>c</sub> and β<sub>d</sub>) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific CTATES sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power
  - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
  - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βε	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

 $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$  . Note 1:

CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 14/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to Note 5: TS25,306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6:  $\beta_{\text{ed}}$  can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value. CTATES

Setup Configuration CTA TESTING



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#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

	WCDMA		Band I	l (dBm)			Band \	/ (dBm)	
(.	TX Channel	Tune-up	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up	4132	4183	4233
	Frequency (MHz)	limit (dBm)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	limit (dBm)	826.4	836.6	846.6
	RMC 12.2Kbps	24.00	22.99	23.21	23.30	24.00	23.00	22.71	22.81
	RMC AMR	24.00	22.87	22.59	23.03	24.00	22.93	22.71	22.24
	HSDPA Subtest-1	23.00	22.21	22.80	22.18	23.00	21.93	22.43	21.76
	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.00	21.83	21.26	20.91	22.00	21.70	21.66	21.26
CTATES	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.00	21.18	21.72	20.92	22.00	21.62	20.76	21.49
	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.00	20.18	20.60	20.11	21.00	20.80	19.74	19.86
	HSUPA Subtest-1	23.00	21.89	22.37	21.70	23.00	22.74	22.49	22.17
	HSUPA Subtest-2	22.00	20.85	20.75	20.76	22.00	21.38	20.98	20.74
	HSUPA Subtest-3	22.00	20.79	21.59	21.80	22.00	21.78	21.84	20.76
	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.00	19.88	20.80	20.53	21.00	19.71	20.53	19.89
Ca	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	20.57	20.23	20.18	21.00	19.82	20.74	20.56

#### **General Note**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01 v02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR as primary mode. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.
- It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.



Report No.: CTA24071600207

#### <LTE Conducted Power>

				LT	E Band 2			
В	w				Cha	nnel/Frequency(N	1Hz)	Tune-up limit
(MF		Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18700	18900	19100	(dBm)
	,				1860	1880	1900	,
20	0	QPSK	1	0	23.42	23.18	23.13	
20	0	QPSK	1	49	23.00	23.86	23.48	24.00
20	0	QPSK	1	99	23.51	23.11	23.25	
20	0	QPSK	50	0	22.21	22.35	22.07	William Co.
20	0	QPSK	50	24	22.14	22.01	22.06	23.00
20	0	QPSK	50	50	22.23	22.24	22.26	
20	0	QPSK	100	0	22.21	22.06	22.18	23.00
20	0	16QAM	1	0	22.25	22.28	22.35	
20	0	16QAM	1	49	22.40	22.38	22.11	23.00
20	0	16QAM	1	99	22.10	22.38	22.03	TATES
20	0	16QAM	50	0	21.28	21.31	21.53	V-
20	0	16QAM	50	24	21.35	21.38	21.33	22.00
20	0	16QAM	50	50	21.16	21.27	21.26	
20	0	16QAM	100	0	21.31	21.49	21.41	22.00
BW	W				Cha	nnel/Frequency(N	1Hz)	Tune-up limit
(MF	Hz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18675	18900	19125	(dBm)
,	,				1857.5	1880	1902.5	
1:	5	QPSK	1	0	23.80	23.16	23.20	
1	5	QPSK	1	37	23.34	23.80	23.75	24.00
1	5	QPSK	1	74	23.25	23.81	23.27	To the
1:	5	QPSK	36	0	22.44	22.17	22.17	To would
1:	5	QPSK	36	20	22.28	22.21	22.36	23.00
1:	5	QPSK	36	39	22.39	22.40	22.30	
1	5	QPSK	75	0	22.26	22.16	22.23	23.00
1	5	16QAM	1	0	22.25	22.34	22.41	
1:	5	16QAM	1	37	22.30	22.32	22.29	23.00
1:	5	16QAM	1	74	22.44	22.34	22.04	TES !"
4	5	16QAM	36	0	21.55	21.53	21.28	\P
13	5	16QAM	36	20	21.29	21.28	21.35	22.00
1:			36	39	21.35	21.47	21.25	
		16QAM	00					

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BW				Cha	nnel/Frequency(	MHz)	Tuno un limit
(MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)
(171112)				1855	1880	1905	(автт)
10	QPSK	1	0	23.71	23.25	23.27	
10	QPSK	1	25	23.93	23.27	23.90	24.00
10	QPSK	1	49	23.58	23.11	23.28	
10	QPSK	25	0	22.23	22.19	22.08	
10	QPSK	25	12	22.12	22.27	22.25	23.00
10	QPSK	25	25	22.45	22.34	22.43	
10	QPSK	50	0	22.04	22.10	22.16	23.00
10 10 10	16QAM	1	0	22.29	22.10	22.28	
10	16QAM	1	25	22.25	22.10	22.32	23.00
10	16QAM	1	49	22.18	22.41	22.14	
10	16QAM	25	0	21.30	21.51	21.42	CTIN
10	16QAM	25	12	21.49	21.23	21.18	22.00
10	16QAM	25	25	21.44	21.26	21.21	
10	16QAM	50	0	21.50	21.23	21.38	22.00
BW				Cha	innel/Frequency(	MHz)	Tune-up limit
(MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18625	18900	19175	(dBm)
				1852.5	1880	1907.5	,
5	QPSK	1	0	23.92	23.65	23.78	
5	QPSK	1	12	23.27	23.44	23.41	24.00
5	QPSK	1	24	23.41	23.93	23.72	
5	QPSK	12	0	22.08	22.24	22.28	
5	QPSK	12	7	22.45	22.17	22.34	23.00
5	QPSK	12	13	22.08	22.26	22.42	
5	QPSK	25	0	22.30	22.26	22.27	23.00
5 5	16QAM	1	0	22.22	22.44	22.30	
5	16QAM	1	12	22.10	22.36	22.27	23.00
5	16QAM	1	24	22.24	22.34	22.18	
5	16QAM	12	0	21.23	21.36	21.24	TIN
5	16QAM	12	7	21.54	21.18	21.17	22.00
-	400414	12	13	21.21	21.24	21.20	
5	16QAM	'-					

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BW				Cha	nnel/Frequency(N	ИHz)	Tune-up limit
(MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18615	18900	19185	(dBm)
(=)				1851.5	1880	1908.5	(42)
3	QPSK	1	0	23.20	23.20	23.59	
3	QPSK	1	8	23.61	23.62	23.29	24.00
3	QPSK	1	14	23.94	23.60	23.35	
3	QPSK	8	0	22.38	22.09	22.24	23.00
3	QPSK	8	4	22.12	22.13	22.21	
3	QPSK	8	7	22.28	22.05	22.35	00.00
3 3	QPSK	15	0	22.45	22.23	22.30	23.00
3	16QAM	1	0	22.36	22.16	22.08	
3	16QAM	1	8	22.25	22.07	22.38	23.00
3	16QAM	1	14	22.41	22.41	22.30	
3	16QAM	8	0	21.23	21.20	21.53	GTIN
3	16QAM	8	4	21.16	21.27	21.29	22.00
3	16QAM	8	7	21.37	21.21	21.54	
3	16QAM	15	0	21.32	21.55	21.54	22.00
BW				Cha	nnel/Frequency(N	ИНz)	Tune-up limit
(MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18607	18900	19193	(dBm)
				1850.7	1880	1909.3	
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.61	23.65	23.48	
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.14	23.30	23.63	24.00
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.17	23.28	23.81	
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.01	22.30	22.35	
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.18	22.41	22.02	23.00
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.04	22.25	22.35	TO THE REAL PROPERTY.
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.43	22.44	22.23	23.00
				22.43	22.44	22.20	
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.23	22.44	22.24	
1.4							23.00
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.23	22.25	22.24	23.00
1.4	16QAM 16QAM	1	0 3	22.23 22.19	22.25 22.21	22.24 <b>22.27</b>	23.00
1.4	16QAM 16QAM 16QAM	1 1 1	0 3 5	22.23 22.19 22.10	22.25 22.21 22.09	22.24 22.27 22.17	23.00
1.4 1.4 1.4	16QAM 16QAM 16QAM 16QAM	1 1 1 3	0 3 5 0	22.23 22.19 22.10 21.24	22.25 22.21 22.09 21.46	22.24 22.27 22.17 21.24	STIN

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			L	TE Band 5			
BW				Cha	Tune-up limit		
(MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20450	20525	20600	(dBm)
				829	836.5	844	
10	QPSK	1	0	23.45	23.33	23.18	
10	QPSK	1	25	23.54	23.49	23.50	24.00
10	QPSK	1	49	23.03	23.71	23.00	
10	QPSK	25	0	22.18	22.30	22.43	(FIN
10	QPSK	25	12	22.24	22.29	22.29	23.00
10	QPSK	25	25	22.31	22.44	22.42	
10	QPSK	50	0	22.19	22.14	22.38	23.00
10	16QAM	1	0	22.29	22.33	22.08	
10	16QAM	1	25	22.30	22.19	22.08	23.00
10	16QAM	1	49	22.41	22.28	22.20	GTIN
10	16QAM	25	0	21.23	21.30	21.35	TATES
10	16QAM	25	12	21.49	21.21	21.16	22.00
10	16QAM	25	25	21.31	21.31	21.47	
10	16QAM	50	0	21.52	21.30	21.43	22.00
BW	Madulation	DD 0:	DD 055 /	Cha	Tune-up limit		
(MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20425	20525	20625	(dBm)
				826.5	836.5	846.5	
5	QPSK	1	0	23.39	23.55	23.84	
5	QPSK	1	12	23.04	23.18	23.54	24.00
5	QPSK	1	24	23.33	23.48	23.09	
5	QPSK	12	0	22.12	22.43	22.19	100
5	QPSK	12	7	22.13	22.32	22.01	23.00
5	QPSK	12	13	22.16	22.03	22.30	
5	QPSK	25	0	22.01	22.21	22.03	23.00
5	16QAM	1	0	22.32	22.27	22.44	
5	16QAM	1	12	22.29	22.32	22.37	23.00
5	16QAM	1	24	22.04	22.32	22.11	TIN
5	16QAM	12	0	21.17	21.55	21.30	TATES!
5	16QAM	12	7	21.28	21.21	21.42	22.00
5	16QAM	12	13	21.43	21.18	21.32	
5	16QAM	25	0	21.27	21.21	21.43	22.00
	TOGAN			-ING			
			CTATE	31"		TESTING	

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BW		RB Size	RB Offset	Cha	MHz)	T	
(MHz)	Modulation			20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit (dBm)
(1711 12)				825.5	836.5	844	
3	QPSK	1	0	23.08	23.90	23.70	24.00
3	QPSK	1	8	23.61	23.63	23.58	
3	QPSK	1	14	23.06	23.53	23.01	
3	QPSK	8	0	22.35	22.19	22.17	
3	QPSK	8	4	22.31	22.42	22.20	23.00
3	QPSK	8	7	22.42	22.02	22.09	
3 3	QPSK	15	0	22.14	22.06	22.06	23.00
3	16QAM	1	0	22.40	22.42	22.42	
3	16QAM	1	8	22.34	22.11	22.44	23.00
3	16QAM	1	14	22.36	22.37	22.38	
3	16QAM	8	0	21.28	21.32	21.30	22.00
3	16QAM	8	4	21.36	21.16	21.35	
3	16QAM	8	7	21.41	21.28	21.42	
3	16QAM	15	0	21.17	21.25	21.47	22.00
BW	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Tune-up limit
(MHz)				20407	20525	20643	(dBm)
(				824.7	836.5	848.3	
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.08	23.00	23.28	
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.56	23.29	23.67	24.00
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.27	23.66	23.02	
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.11	22.26	22.02	23.00
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.09	22.29	22.31	
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.31	22.22	22.04	
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.31	22.25	22.44	23.00
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.35	22.01	22.24	
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.24	22.42	22.03	23.00
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.21	22.02	22.40	
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.33	21.21	21.25	22.00
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.51	21.43	21.28	
	16QAM	3	3	21.55	21.53	21.47	
1.4				21.25	21.36	21.29	22.00

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			1.7	E Band 7			
			LI				
BW	Modulation	RR Size	RR Offset		innel/Frequency(N		Tune-up limit
(MHz)	Modulation	ND OIZC	TO Oliset				(dBm)
20	QPSK	1	49	23.68	23.48	23.52	24.00
20	QPSK	1	99	23.75	23.63	23.35	
20	QPSK	50	0	22.38	22.10	22.27	A Vand Tild
20	QPSK	50	24	22.31	22.32	22.23	23.00
20	QPSK	50	50	22.42	22.17	22.06	
20	QPSK	100	0	22.20	22.32	22.37	23.00
20	16QAM	1	0	22.01	22.31	22.32	
20	16QAM	1	49	22.08	22.01	22.07	23.00
20	16QAM	1	99	22.17	22.21	22.30	TATES
20	16QAM	50	0	21.40	21.35	21.51	
20	16QAM	50	24	21.20	21.17	21.35	22.00
20	16QAM	50	50	21.21	21.54	21.50	
20	16QAM	100	0	21.44	21.21	21.24	22.00
R\W				Cha	nnel/Frequency(N	MHz)	Tune-up limit
BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20825	21100	21375	(dBm)
(1711 12)			-	2507.5	2535	2562.5	_ (dbiii)
15	QPSK	1	0	23.42	23.42	23.44	
15	QI OIL						_
15	QPSK	1	37	23.55	23.33	23.61	24.00
		1	37 74	23.55 <b>23.96</b>	23.33 23.25	23.61 23.39	24.00
15 15	QPSK	1			23.25		24.00
15 15	QPSK QPSK QPSK		74 0	<b>23.96</b> 22.08	23.25 22.08	23.39 22.25	
15 15	QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK	1 36	74 0 20	23.96 22.08 22.35	23.25 22.08 22.21	23.39 22.25 22.08	24.00
15 15 15 15 15	QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK	1 36 36 36	74 0 20 39	23.96 22.08 22.35 22.03	23.25 22.08 22.21 22.24	23.39 22.25 22.08 22.43	23.00
15 15 15 15 15 15	QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK	1 36 36 36 75	74 0 20 39 0	23.96 22.08 22.35 22.03 22.45	23.25 22.08 22.21 22.24 22.09	23.39 22.25 22.08 <b>22.43</b> 22.11	
15 15 15 15 15 15 15	QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK 16QAM	1 36 36 36 75 1	74 0 20 39 0	23.96 22.08 22.35 22.03 22.45 22.08	23.25 22.08 22.21 22.24 22.09 22.01	23.39 22.25 22.08 22.43 22.11 22.45	23.00
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK 16QAM	1 36 36 36 75 1	74 0 20 39 0 0 37	23.96 22.08 22.35 22.03 22.45 22.08 22.32	23.25 22.08 22.21 22.24 22.09 22.01 22.33	23.39 22.25 22.08 22.43 22.41 22.45 22.43	23.00
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK 16QAM 16QAM	1 36 36 36 75 1 1	74 0 20 39 0 0 37 74	23.96 22.08 22.35 22.03 22.45 22.08 22.32 22.13	23.25 22.08 22.21 22.24 22.09 22.01 22.33 22.28	23.39 22.25 22.08 22.43 22.11 22.45 22.43 22.23	23.00
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK 16QAM 16QAM 16QAM	1 36 36 36 75 1 1 1 36	74 0 20 39 0 0 37 74	23.96 22.08 22.35 22.03 22.45 22.08 22.32 22.13 21.37	23.25 22.08 22.21 22.24 22.09 22.01 22.33 22.28 21.22	23.39 22.25 22.08 22.43 22.41 22.45 22.43 22.23 21.54	23.00
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK 16QAM 16QAM	1 36 36 36 75 1 1	74 0 20 39 0 0 37 74	23.96 22.08 22.35 22.03 22.45 22.08 22.32 22.13	23.25 22.08 22.21 22.24 22.09 22.01 22.33 22.28	23.39 22.25 22.08 22.43 22.11 22.45 22.43 22.23	23.00
	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	(MHz)         Modulation           20         QPSK           20         16QAM           20         16QAM	(MHz)         Modulation         RB Size           20         QPSK         1           20         QPSK         1           20         QPSK         1           20         QPSK         50           20         QPSK         50           20         QPSK         50           20         QPSK         100           20         16QAM         1           20         16QAM         1           20         16QAM         50           20         16QAM         50           20         16QAM         50           20         16QAM         50           20         16QAM         100    BW  Modulation  RB Size	(MHz)     Modulation     RB Size     RB Offset       20     QPSK     1     0       20     QPSK     1     49       20     QPSK     1     99       20     QPSK     50     0       20     QPSK     50     24       20     QPSK     50     50       20     QPSK     100     0       20     16QAM     1     0       20     16QAM     1     49       20     16QAM     1     99       20     16QAM     50     0       20     16QAM     50     24       20     16QAM     50     50       20     16QAM     50     50       20     16QAM     50     50       20     16QAM     50     50       20     16QAM     100     0	(MHz)         Modulation         RB Size         RB Offset         20850           20         QPSK         1         0         23.37           20         QPSK         1         49         23.68           20         QPSK         1         99         23.75           20         QPSK         50         0         22.38           20         QPSK         50         24         22.31           20         QPSK         50         50         22.42           20         QPSK         50         50         22.42           20         QPSK         100         0         22.20           20         16QAM         1         0         22.01           20         16QAM         1         49         22.08           20         16QAM         1         49         22.17           20         16QAM         50         0         21.40           20         16QAM         50         24         21.20           20         16QAM         50         50         21.21           20         16QAM         50         50         21.21           20         1	(MHz)         Modulation         RB Size         RB Offset         20850         21100           20         QPSK         1         0         23.37         23.57           20         QPSK         1         49         23.68         23.48           20         QPSK         1         99         23.75         23.63           20         QPSK         50         0         22.38         22.10           20         QPSK         50         24         22.31         22.32           20         QPSK         50         50         22.42         22.17           20         QPSK         100         0         22.20         22.32           20         16QAM         1         0         22.01         22.31           20         16QAM         1         49         22.02         22.32           20         16QAM         1         49         22.08         22.01           20         16QAM         1         99         22.17         22.21           20         16QAM         50         0         21.40         21.35           20         16QAM         50         24         21.20	(MHz)         Modulation         RB Size         RB Offset         20850         21100         21350           20         QPSK         1         0         23.37         23.57         23.71           20         QPSK         1         49         23.68         23.48         23.52           20         QPSK         1         99         23.75         23.63         23.35           20         QPSK         50         0         22.38         22.10         22.27           20         QPSK         50         24         22.31         22.32         22.23           20         QPSK         50         50         22.42         22.17         22.06           20         QPSK         100         0         22.20         22.32         22.37           20         16QAM         1         0         22.01         22.31         22.32           20         16QAM         1         49         22.08         22.01         22.32           20         16QAM         1         99         22.17         22.21         22.30           20         16QAM         50         0         21.40         21.35         21.51

	BW				Cha	nnel/Frequency(f	MHz)	Tune-up limit
	(MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20800	21100	21400	(dBm)
1	, ,				2505	2535	2565	` ,
	10	QPSK	1	0	23.06	23.31	23.28	
	10	QPSK	1	25	23.91	23.39	23.75	24.00
	10	QPSK	1	49	23.32	23.88	23.52	
	10	QPSK	25	0	22.08	22.33	22.11	
	10	QPSK	25	12	22.05	22.19	22.19	23.00
	10	QPSK	25	25	22.27	22.21	22.38	
TES	10	QPSK	50	0	22.02	22.31	22.07	23.00
	10	16QAM	1	0	22.10	22.10	22.36	
	10	16QAM	1	25	22.05	22.06	22.45	23.00
Ī	10	16QAM	1	49	22.13	22.41	22.15	
	10	16QAM	25	0	21.36	21.26	21.21	CTIN
Ī	10	16QAM	25	12	21.18	21.46	21.35	22.00
	10	16QAM	25	25	21.15	21.34	21.35	
Ī	10	16QAM	50	0	21.51	21.20	21.47	22.00
	BW				Cha	nnel/Frequency(I	MHz)	Tune-up limit
	(MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20775	21100	21425	(dBm)
	, ,				2502.5	2535	2567.5	
	5	QPSK	1	0	23.36	23.68	23.20	
	5	QPSK	1	12	23.72	23.93	23.93	24.00
	5	QPSK	1	24	23.37	23.10	23.75	
Ī	5	QPSK	12	0	22.44	22.40	22.44	
	5	QPSK	12	7	22.35	22.15	22.12	23.00
	5	QPSK	12	13	22.30	22.22	22.30	
-C	5	QPSK	25	0	22.22	00.00	22.17	23.00
15		Qi Oit		U	22.39	22.08	22.11	
TE	5	16QAM	1	0	22.39	22.08	22.30	
TEY	5							23.00
TEY		16QAM	1	0	22.36	22.27	22.30	
TEG	5	16QAM 16QAM	1	0 12	22.36 22.24	22.27 22.27	22.30 22.03	
TES	5 5	16QAM 16QAM 16QAM	1 1 1	0 12 24	22.36 22.24 22.06	22.27 22.27 22.11	22.30 22.03 22.37	
TE	5 5 5	16QAM 16QAM 16QAM 16QAM	1 1 1 12	0 12 24 0	22.36 22.24 22.06 21.41	22.27 22.27 22.11 21.44	22.30 22.03 22.37 21.38	23.00

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<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output power PK (dBm)	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	
	1	2412	14.48	12.97	13.0	
802.11b	6	2437	12.27	10.69	11.0	
	11	2462	11.48	9.89	10.0	
	1	2412	13.38	9.95	10.0	
802.11g	6	2437	11.97	8.37	9.0	TES
-	11	2462	11.00	7.54	8.0	TATE
	1	2412	13.34	9.51	10.0	CAL
802.11n(HT20)	6	2437	11.77	8.09	9.0	
	11	2462	11.13	7.57	8.0	

CTATES CTATESTING

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#### 10.2 SAR Test Exclusion and Estimated SAR

#### **SAR Test Exclusion Considerations**

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:

- a) [Threshold at 50mm)+(test separation distance-50mm)\*(f(MHz)/150)]mW, at 100MHz to 1500MHz
- b) [Threshold at 50mm)+(test separation distance-50mm)\*10]mW at > 1500MHz and ≤ 6GHz

#### **Estimated SAR**

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;

• (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [ √ f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

• 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm

The below table, exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance was according to SAR-based Exemption – §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B).

				Standa	alone SAR	Test Exclus	sion and Estim	ated SAR		
-59	Wireless	Frequency	O		Power	Distance	Calculation	SAR	Standalone	Estimated
CTATE	Interface	(MHz)	Configuration	With to	mW	(mm)	Result	Exclusion Thresholds	SAR Exclusion	SAR (W/Kg)
	WIFI 2.4G	2450	Wrist-worn	13	19.953	5	6.3	G 3	No	N/A
	WIFI 2.4G	2450	Next to Mouth	13	19.953	10	3.1	3	No	N/A

#### Remark:

- 1. Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;
- 2. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion
- when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW".



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#### 10.3 SAR Test Results Summary

#### **General Note:**

1 Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

- a) Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
- b) For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tuneup scaling factor
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3 Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.



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**SAR Results** 

#### SAR Values [GSM 850]

	Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq.	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	SAR(	sured W/kg) SAR <sub>10g</sub>	SAR(	led W/kg) SAR <sub>10g</sub>	
			Me	easured	/ Report	ed SAR ı	numbers-V	Vrist-worn	-distance	0mm				
	#1	GSM Voice	Back Side	128	824.2	32.50	33.00	1.122	0.05		0.405		0.454	
		GPRS 2TX slot	Back Side	190	836.6	29.83	30.00	1.040	0.07	-	0.358		0.372	3/12
		N. F. A.	Meas	sured / R	eported	SAR nui	mbers- Ne	xt to Mout	:h-distanc	e 10mm				
CTATE	#2	GSM Voice	Front Side	128	824.2	32.50	33.00	1.122	0.09	0.205		0.230		
1		GPRS 2TX slot	Front Side	190	836.6	29.83	30.00	1.040	-0.06	0.189		0.197		

#### SAR Values [PCS 1900]

					SAR Val	ues [PCS	1900]					
Plot	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq.	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scaling Factor	Power Drift		sured W/kg)		aled (W/kg)
NO.		Position		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(dB)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>
		Me	easured	/ Repor	ted SAR ı	numbers-V	Vrist-worn	-distance	0mm			
#3	GSM Voice	Back Side	661	1880.0	30.77	31.00	1.054	-0.03		0.394	-	0.415
	GPRS 2TX slot	Back Side	512	1850.2	27.80	28.00	1.047	0.11		0.325		0.340
		Meas	sured / F	Reported	SAR nu	mbers- Ne	xt to Mout	th-distanc	e 10mm			
#4	GSM Voice	Front Side	661	1880.0	30.77	31.00	1.054	0.03	0.171		0.180	
	GPRS 2TX slot	Front Side	512	1850.2	27.80	28.00	1.047	-0.008	0.165		0.173	

#### SAR Values [WCDMA Band II]

TATE		Mode	Test	Ch.	Freq.	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scaling	Power Drift		sured W/kg)		aled W/kg)
	No.		Position		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(dB)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10</sub>
			Me	easured	/ Report	ted SAR ı	numbers-V	Wrist-worn	-distance	0mm			
	#5	RMC 12.2K	Back Side	9538	1907.6	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.05		0.374		0.439
			Meas	sured / F	Reported	I SAR nui	mbers- Ne	xt to Mout	h-distanc	e 10mm	ı		
	#6	RMC 12.2K	Front Side	9538	1907.6	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.07	0.125		0.147	
		CTATES											
							TING						

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#### SAR Values [WCDMA Band V]

	Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq.	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	SAR(	w/kg)	SAR(	aled W/kg) SAR <sub>10g</sub>
			Me	easured	/ Report	ted SAR r	numbers-V	Vrist-worn	-distance	0mm			
	#7	RMC 12.2K	Back Side	4132	826.4	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.11	77-	0.128		0.161
			Meas	sured / R	Reported	I SAR nui	mbers- Ne	xt to Mout	h-distanc	e 10mm			
	#8	RMC 12.2K	Front Side	4132	826.4	23.00	24.00	1.259	-0.02	0.157		0.198	( TA
CTATES	TIM	SAR Values [LTE Band 2]											
	<b>.</b>				F	Average	Tune-Up	0 11	Power	Meas	sured	Sca	aled

### SAR Values [LTE Band 2]

Plot	Mode	Test	Ch.	Freq.	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scaling	Power Drift	Meas SAR(	ured W/kg)		aled W/kg)
No.		Position		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(dB)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>
		Me	easured	/ Report	ed SAR r	numbers-V	Vrist-worn	-distance	0mm			
#9	20MHz/1RB#49	Back Side	18900	1880	23.86	24.00	1.033	-0.08		0.425	(A-	0.439
	20MHz/50RB#0	Back Side	18900	1880	22.35	23.00	1.161	-0.05	-	0.365	-	0.424
		Meas	sured / R	eported	SAR nui	mbers- Ne	xt to Mout	h-distanc	e 10mm			
#10	20MHz/1RB#49	Front Side	18900	1880	23.86	24.00	1.033	-0.04	0.214	-	0.221	
	20MHz/50RB#0	Front Side	18900	1880	22.35	23.00	1.161	-0.09	0.177		0.206	

# SAR Values [LTE Band 5]

	Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq.	Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scaling Factor	Power Drift		sured W/kg)	Sca SAR(	aled W/kg)
	NO.		Position		(IVITIZ)	(dBm)	(dBm)	ractor	(dB)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>
			Mea	sured /	Report	ed SAR nu	ımbers-Wı	rist-worn	-distance	0mm			
CTATE	#11	10MHz/1RB#49	Back Side	20525	836.5	23.71	24.00	1.069	0.03		0.105		0.112
		10MHz/25RB#25	Back Side	20525	836.5	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.11	ı	0.095		0.108
			Measu	red / Re	ported	SAR num	bers- Next	to Mout	h-distanc	e 10mm			
	#12	10MHz/1RB#49	Front Side	20525	836.5	23.71	24.00	1.069	0.06	0.082		0.088	ST+NC
		10MHz/25RB#25	Front Side	20525	836.5	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.03	0.077	C	0.088	

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#### SAR Values [LTE Band 7]

Plot	Mode	Test	Ch.	Freq.	Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scaling	Power Drift		sured W/kg)		aled W/kg)
No.		Position		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(dB)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>
		Mea	sured /	Report	ed SAR nu	ımbers-W	rist-worn	-distance	0mm			
#13	20MHz/1RB#99	Back Side	20850	2510	23.75	24.00	1.059	-0.06	7.	0.925		0.980
	20MHz/50RB#50	Back Side	20850	2510	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.05		0.841		0.961
		Measu	ıred / Re	ported	SAR num	bers- Nex	t to Mout	h-distanc	e 10mm			
#14	20MHz/1RB#99	Front Side	20850	2510	23.75	24.00	1.059	-0.11	0.165		0.175	No wearing
# 1 <del>4</del>	20MHz/50RB#50	Front Side	20850	2510	22.42	23.00	1.143	0.07	0.147		0.168	

			155	,								
		110	711	9	SAR Valu	ues [WIFI	2.4.G]	NNG				
Plot	Mode	Test	Ch.	Freq.	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scaling	Power Drift		sured W/kg)		iled W/kg)
No.		Position		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(dB)	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10g</sub>	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	SAR <sub>10</sub>
		Me	asured /	Report	ed SAR r	numbers-V	Vrist-worn	-distance	0mm			
#15	802.11b	Back Side	01	2412	12.97	13.0	1.007	-0.05		0.085	ı	0.086
		Meas	ured / Re	eported	SAR nur	nbers- Ne	xt to Mout	h-distanc	e 10mm			
#16	802.11b	Front Side	01	2412	12.97	13.0	1.007	-0.07	0.054		0.054	
			E	C	(A)		e	CTI	TES	LING		

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#### 10.4 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps

  2) through 4) do not apply.
- When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated CTA measurements is > 1.20.

#### **SAR Measurement Variability**

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
CAN	1	1	1	NG	1	1	1	1
		CTA CTA				CTATES		

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#### 10.5 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KD B447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg. When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

Ratio=
$$\frac{(SAR_1+SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(peak location separation,mm)} < 0.04$$

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

No	No. Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Posi	tion
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Comigurations	Next to Mouth	Wrist-worn
1	WWAN (2/3/4G) + WLAN 2.4GHz	Yes	Yes

#### 10.5.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

#### Simultaneous transmission SAR for WLAN and GSM/WCDMA/LTE\_ Wrist-worn

	1	2	4.0		
	MAX. WWAN Reported	MAX. WLAN2.4G	1+2		
Exposure Position	SAR	Reported SAR	Summed 10g SAR	SPLSR	
	10g SAR	10g SAR	(W/kg)		
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(9)		
Front Side	0.980	0.086	1.066	N/A	
MAX. ΣSAR <sub>10g</sub> = <b>1.066</b> W/kg<	4 W/kg, so the Simultaneou	s transmission SAR with vo	olume scan are not red	quired.	TATES
Simultaneo	ous transmission SAR for	WLAN and GSM/WCDMA	/LTE_Next to Mouth	100 mm/s	•

#### Simultaneous transmission SAR for WLAN and GSM/WCDMA/LTE\_Next to Mouth

	Simultane	ous transmission SAR for	· WLAN and GSM/WCDMA	/LTE_Next to Mouth	CAN.
TE		1	2	4.2	
CIL		MAX. WWAN Reported	MAX. WLAN2.4G	1+2	
	Exposure Position	SAR	Reported SAR	Summed	SPLSR
		1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR (W/kg)	
		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(vv/kg)	
	Front Side	0.230	0.054	0.284	N/A

MAX. ΣSAR<sub>1g</sub> =0.284 W/kg<1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scan are not required.



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#### 11 Measurement Uncertainty

150	Source	Uncert. ai (%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	Stand.U ncert. ui (1g)	Stand.U ncert. ui (10g)	Veff	
1	Repeat	0.4	N	1	1	1	0. 4	0. 4	9	
			Instru	ıment			C 1			
2	Probe calibration	7	N	2	1		3.5	3.5	<b>∞</b>	CTP
3	Axial isotropy	4.7	R		0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	<b>∞</b>	
4	Hemispherical isotropy	9.4	R		0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	8	
5	Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8	
6	Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1E	5 <sup>7</sup> 1	2.7	2.7	∞	
7	Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	<b>∞</b>	
8	Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞	
9	Response time	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞	
10	Integration time	2.6	R	<del>_</del> √3	1	1	1.5	1.5	80	
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R		1	1	1.7	1.7	∞	
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	TR		1	1	1.7	1.7	8	
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	0.4	R	<del>_</del> 3	1	1	0.2	0.2	8	
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	<b>41</b>	1.7	1.7	8	
15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R		1	1	0.6	0.6	<b>∞</b>	
•	CTATES	STING			TE	STING	3			
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	2 Probe calibration 3 Axial isotropy 4 Hemispherical isotropy 5 Boundary effect 6 Linearity 7 Detection limits 8 Readout electronics 9 Response time 10 Integration time 11 Ambient noise 12 Ambient reflections 13 Probe positioner mech. restrictions 14 Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell 15 Max.SAR evaluation	2 Probe calibration 7 3 Axial isotropy 4.7 4 Hemispherical isotropy 9.4 5 Boundary effect 1.0 6 Linearity 4.7 7 Detection limits 1.0 8 Readout electronics 0.3 9 Response time 0.8 10 Integration time 2.6 11 Ambient noise 3.0 12 Ambient reflections 3.0 13 Probe positioner mech. restrictions Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	Probe calibration 7 N Axial isotropy 4.7 R Hemispherical isotropy 9.4 R Boundary effect 1.0 R Linearity 4.7 R Detection limits 1.0 R Readout electronics 0.3 N Response time 0.8 R Integration time 2.6 R Ambient noise 3.0 R Ambient reflections 3.0 R Probe positioner mech. restrictions Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell Max.SAR evaluation 1.0 R	Instrument2Probe calibration7N23Axial isotropy4.7R $\sqrt{3}$ 4Hemispherical isotropy9.4R $\sqrt{3}$ 5Boundary effect1.0R $\sqrt{3}$ 6Linearity4.7R $\sqrt{3}$ 7Detection limits1.0R $\sqrt{3}$ 8Readout electronics0.3N19Response time0.8R $\sqrt{3}$ 10Integration time2.6R $\sqrt{3}$ 11Ambient noise3.0R $\sqrt{3}$ 12Ambient reflections3.0R $\sqrt{3}$ 13Probe positioner mech. restrictions0.4R $\sqrt{3}$ 14Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell2.9R $\sqrt{3}$ 15Max.SAR evaluation1.0R $\sqrt{3}$	Repeat   Instrument   2   Probe calibration   7   N   2   1   3   Axial isotropy   4.7   R   $\sqrt{3}$   0.7   4   Hemispherical isotropy   9.4   R   $\sqrt{3}$   0.7   5   Boundary effect   1.0   R   $\sqrt{3}$   1   6   Linearity   4.7   R   $\sqrt{3}$   1   7   Detection limits   1.0   R   $\sqrt{3}$   1   8   Readout electronics   0.3   N   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	Instrument   2   Probe calibration   7   N   2   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	Instrument	Instrument   In	Instrument   In

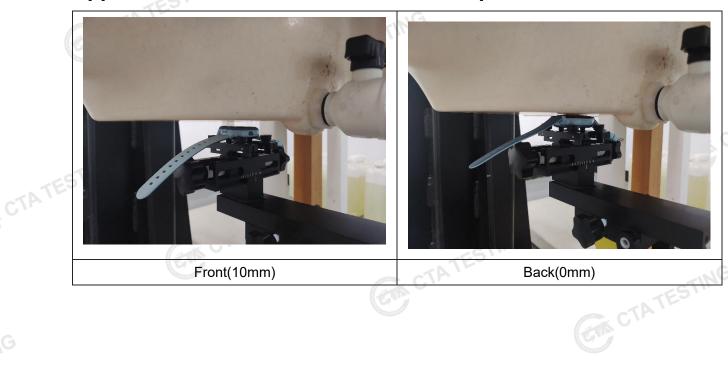


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			Test samp	ole rel	ated					
16	Device positioning	3.8	N	1	1	1	3.8	3.8	99	
17	Device holder	5.1	N	NP	1	1	5.1	5.1	5	
18	Drift of output power	5.0	R		1	1	2.9	2.9	8	
		CIP	Phantom a	I	et-up	I	TATE	51	l	
19	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	_ √3	1	11	2.3	2.3	8	TES
20	Liquid conductivity (target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8	CTATES
21	Liquid conductivity (meas)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.2	8	7
22	Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R		0.6	0.49	1.7	1.5	8	
23	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	8	
С	ombined standard		RSS	H	$=\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n}C_{i}}$	2 <sub>II</sub> 2	11.4%	11.3%	236	G
u	Expanded ncertainty(P=95%)	U =	ku 😽	N. C.	√, <b>K</b> =		22.8%	22.6%	TESTI	
								GIN CI		

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### Appendix A. EUT Photos and Test Setup Photos



TESTING

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Date: 07/23/2024

### Appendix B. Plots of SAR System Check

#### 835MHz System Check

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 484

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.872$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.359$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7624; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;

•Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;

•Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;

•DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.42 W/kg

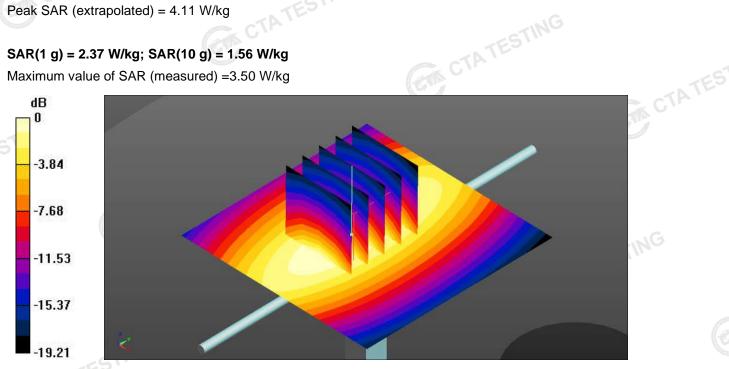
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 61.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.11 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =3.50 W/kg



0 dB = 3.50 W/kg

CTA TESTING System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

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1900MHz System Check Date: 07/24/2024

#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d002

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.377 \text{S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 41.044$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7624; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;

•Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;

•DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.2 W/kg

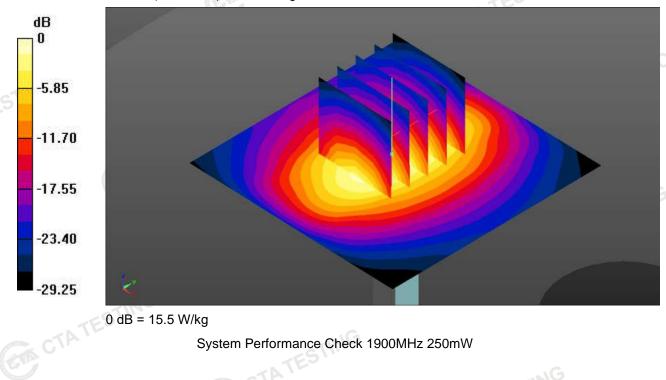
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.80 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 9.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.07 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 W/kg



System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW CTATESTING

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2450MHz System Check Date: 07/26/2024

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 745** 

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.736$  S/m;  $\epsilon r = 37.675$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7624; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;

DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.3 W/kg

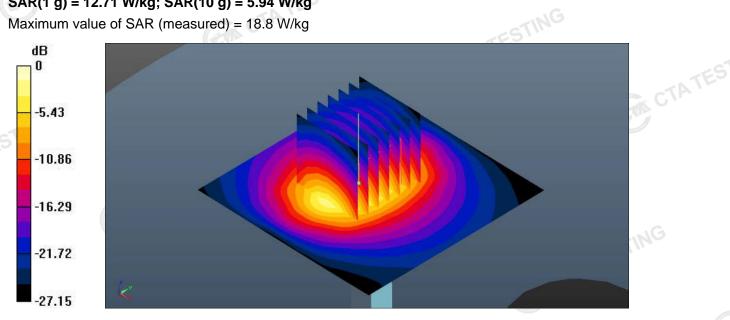
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.5 W/kg

### SAR(1 g) = 12.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.94 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg



. dB 0 dB = 18.8 W/kg

System Performance Check 2450MHz 250mW CTATES

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2600MHz System Check Date: 07/25/2024

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.997 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 38.388$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7624; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;

•Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;

•Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;

•DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (91x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.5 W/kg

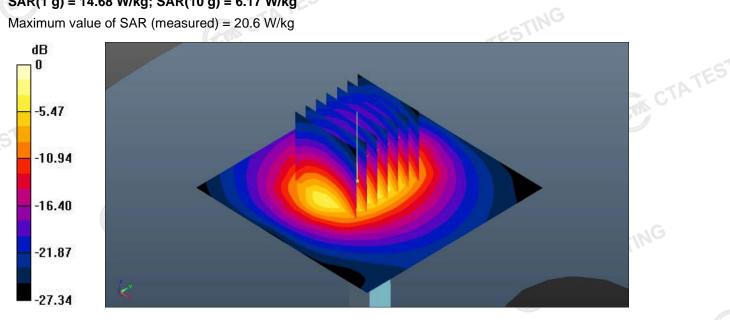
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

### SAR(1 g) = 14.68 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg



0 dB = 20.6 W/kgCTA TESTIN

System Performance Check 2600MHz 250mW CTATES

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### Appendix C. Plots of SAR Test Data

Date: 07/23/2024

#### GSM850\_GSM Voice\_Back side\_0mm\_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.858 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.675$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Right Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7624; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;

DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.11 W/kg

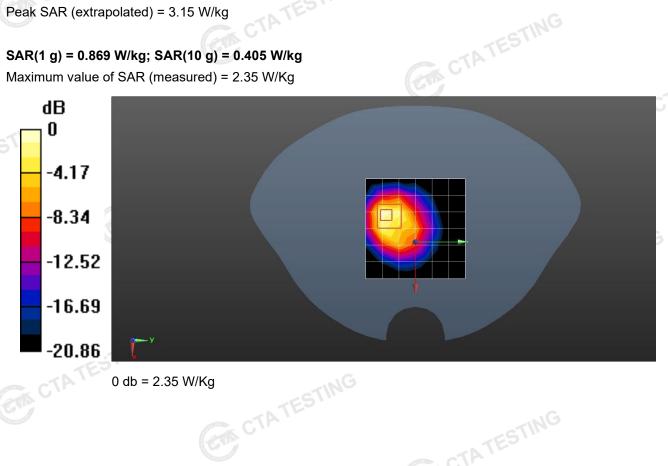
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.15 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.869 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.405 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.35 W/Kg



0 db = 2.35 W/Kg

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#2.

Date: 07/23/2024

#### GSM850\_GSM Voice\_Next-to-mouth \_10mm \_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.858 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.675$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Right Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7624; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.344 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.70 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.425 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.205 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.352 W/kg



0 db = 0.352 W/Kg

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#3.

Date: 07/24/2024

#### GSM1900\_GSM Voice\_Back side\_0mm\_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.411 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.335$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7624; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.64 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.95 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.804 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.394 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.31 W/Kg



0 db = 2.31 W/Kg

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#4.

Date: 07/24/2024

#### GSM1900\_GSM Voice\_ Next-to-mouth \_10mm \_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.411 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.335$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7624; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;

DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.312 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.395 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.171 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.321 W/Kg



0 db = 0.321 W/Kg

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#5.

Date: 07/24/2024

#### WCDMA II\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back side\_0mm\_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.432 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.711$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7624; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.11 W/kg

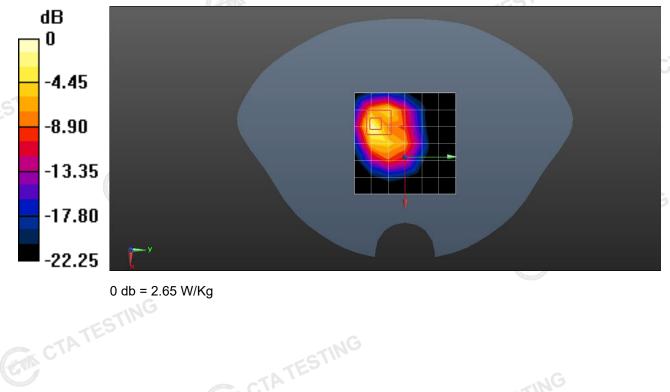
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.33 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) =0.841 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.374 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.65 W/Kg



0 db = 2.65 W/Kg

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#6.

Date: 07/24/2024

#### WCDMA II\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Next-to-mouth \_10mm\_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.432 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.711$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7624; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.251 W/kg

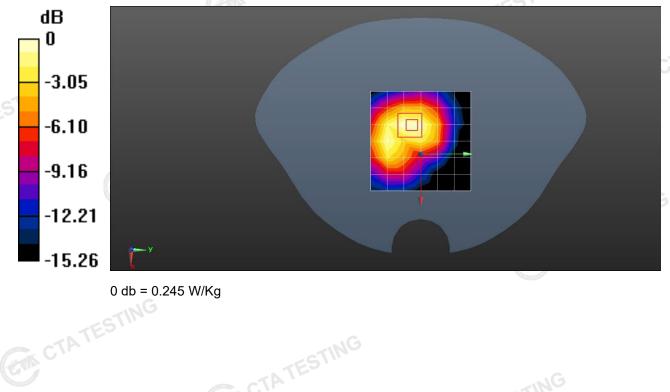
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.305 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) =0.125 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 W/Kg



0 db = 0.245 W/Kg

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**#7**.

Date: 07/23/2024

#### WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back side\_0mm\_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.885 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.539$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7624; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.687 W/kg

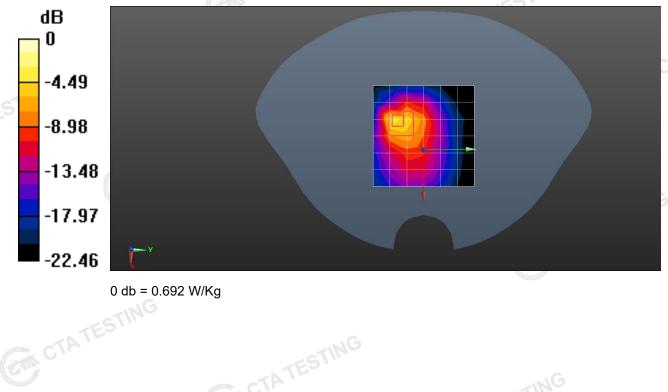
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.433 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.692 W/Kg



0 db = 0.692 W/Kg

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#8.

Date: 07/23/2024

#### WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Next-to-mouth \_10mm\_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.885 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.539$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7624; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.225 W/kg

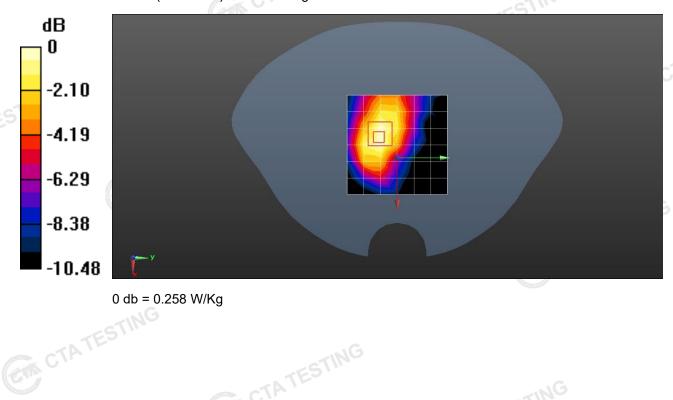
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.251 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.357 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.157 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 W/Kg



0 db = 0.258 W/Kg

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#9.

Date: 07/24/2024

#### LTE Band 2\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB#49\_Back side\_0mm\_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.374 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 38.880$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7624; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.56 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.35 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.968 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.425 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.62 W/Kg



0 db = 2.62 W/Kg

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#10.

Date: 07/24/2024

#### LTE Band 2\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB#49\_ Next-to-mouth \_10mm\_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.374 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 38.880$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7624; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;

DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.333 W/kg

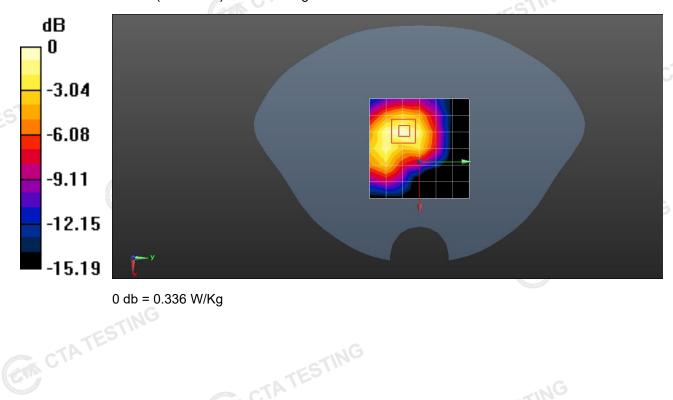
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.526 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.214 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.336 W/Kg



0 db = 0.336 W/Kg

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#11.

Date: 07/23/2024

#### LTE Band 5\_10M\_QPSK\_1RB#49\_Back side\_0mm\_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.895 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 41.242$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7624; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.256 W/kg

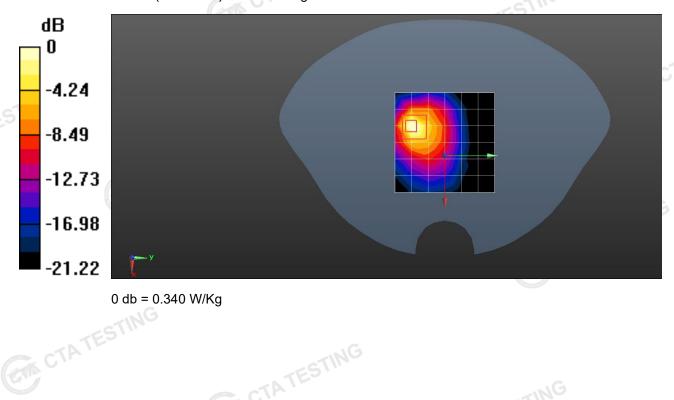
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.425 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.765 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.361 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.105 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 W/Kg



0 db = 0.340 W/Kg

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#12.

Date: 07/23/2024

#### LTE Band 5\_10M\_QPSK\_1RB#49\_Next-to-mouth\_10mm\_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.895 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 41.242$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7624; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;

DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.105 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.236 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.082 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 W/Kg



0 db = 0.110 W/Kg

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#13.

Date: 07/25/2024

#### LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB#99\_Back side\_0mm\_Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2510.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.974 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 39.875$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7624; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.32 W/kg

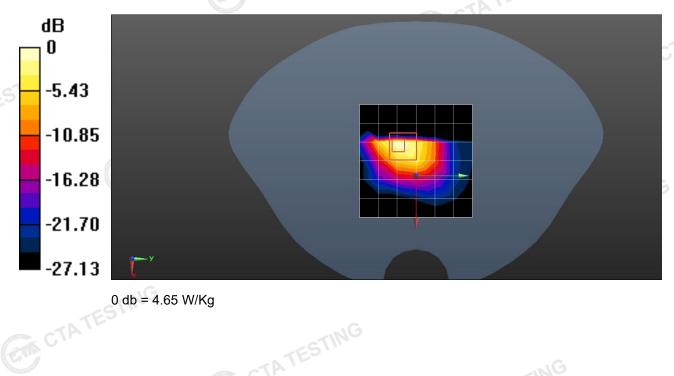
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.56 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 1.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.925 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =4.65 W/Kg



0 db = 4.65 W/KgCTA TESTING

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#14.

Date: 07/25/2024

#### LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB#99\_ Next-to-mouth \_10mm\_Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2510.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.974 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 39.875$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7624; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.659 W/kg

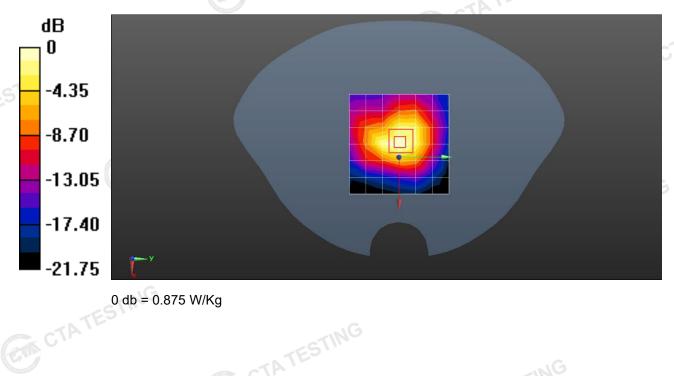
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.325 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.165 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =0.875 W/Kg



0 db = 0.875 W/KgCTA TESTING

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#15.

Date: 07/26/2024

#### WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Back side\_0mm\_Ch01

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2412.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.825 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.465$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7624; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;

DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.190 W/kg

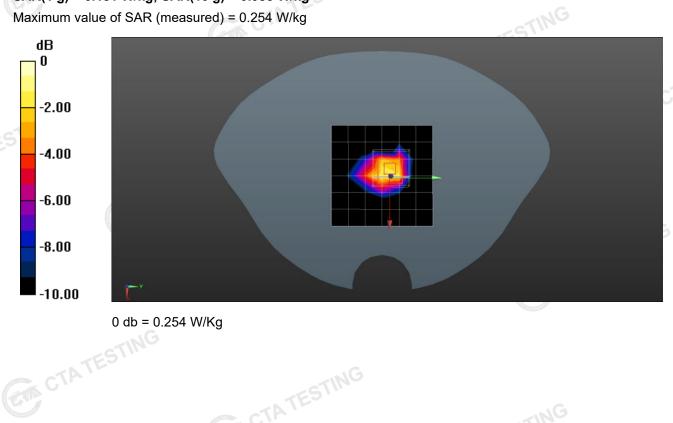
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.385 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.181 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.254 W/kg



0 db = 0.254 W/Kg

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#16.

Date: 07/26/2024

#### WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_ Next-to-mouth \_10mm \_Ch01

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2412.0 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.825 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.465$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7624; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2023;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn428; Calibrated: Aug.30,2023;
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974;
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.089 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.136 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.054 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.091 W/kg



0 db = 0.091 W/Kg

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### Appendix D. DASY System Calibration Certificate



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Certificate No: J23Z60222

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN: 7624

Calibration Procedure(s)

Client

FF-Z11-004-02

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: September 06, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID# C	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled	I Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00212)	Jan-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB		Jan-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	31-May-23(SPEAG, No.EX-3846_May23)	May-24
DAE4	SN 549	24-Jan-23(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Jan23)	Jan-24
DAE4	SN 1744	30-Aug-22(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1744_Aug22)	Aug-23
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05434)	Jun-24
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00104)	Jan-24
Reference 10dBAttenuator	BT0520	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04061)	May-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	BT0267	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04062)	May-25
OCP DAK-3.5	SN 1040	18-Jan-23(SPEAG, No.OCP-DAK3.5-1040_Jan	

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: September 12, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Φ rotation around probe axis Polarization Φ

Polarization θ  $\theta$  rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 $\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z^*$  frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z;VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7624

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
0.57	0.59	0.58	±10.0%
112.6	113.4		110.076
	0.57	0.57 0.59	0.57 0.59 0.58

### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> ( <i>k</i> =2)
0 CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	200.3	±4.7%	
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		212.4	1 /0
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		202.8	1

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7624

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. ( <i>k</i> =2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.58	10.58	10.58	0.20	1.06	±12.7%
835	41.5	0.90	10.19	10.19	10.19	0.19	1.20	
1750	40.1	1.37	8.66	8.66	8.66	0.13	1.13	±12.7%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.35	8.35	8.35	0.33	0.91	±12.7%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.27	8.27	8.27	0.33	1.08	±12.7%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.23	0.67	±12.7%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.63	0.66	±12.7%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.66	7.66	7.66	0.65	0.66	±12.7%
3500	37.9	2.91	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.34	1.00	±12.7%
3700	37.7	3.12	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.36		±13.9%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.85	6.85	0.01.00.00000		1.07	±13.9%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.78	6.78	6.85 6.78	0.30	1.50	±13.9%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.68	6.68		0.30	1.35	±13.9%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.61	6.61	6.68	0.30	1.45	±13.9%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.47	6.47	6.61	0.30	1.45	±13.9%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.37	6.37	6.47	0.40	1.30	±13.9%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.08		6.37	0.40	1.40	±13.9%
5250	35.9	4.71		6.08	6.08	0.40	1.40	±13.9%
5600	35.5		5.55	5.55	5.55	0.40	1.50	±13.9%
5750		5.07	4.96	4.96	4.96	0.35	1.70	$\pm$ 13.9%
5/50	35.4	5.22	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.35	1.80	$\pm$ 13.9%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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F At frequency up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

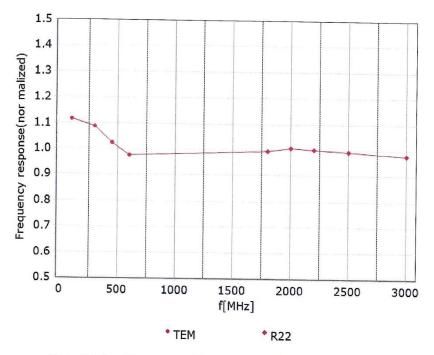
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# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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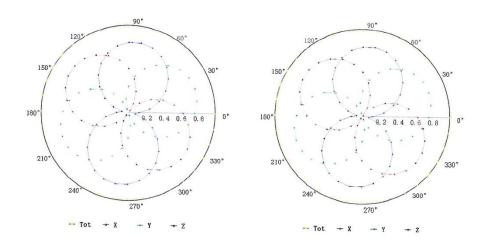


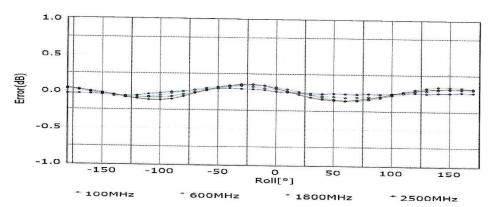
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### Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta$ =0°

### f=600 MHz, TEM

### f=1800 MHz, R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 1.2\%$  (k=2)

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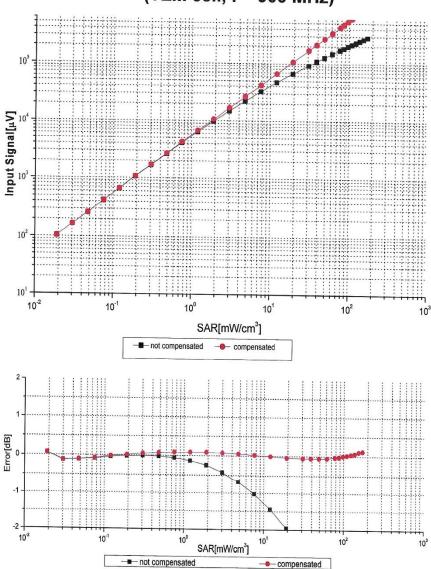
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### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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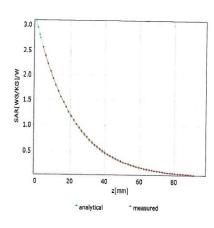


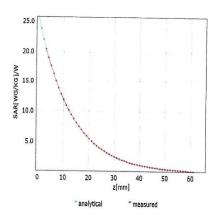
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### **Conversion Factor Assessment**

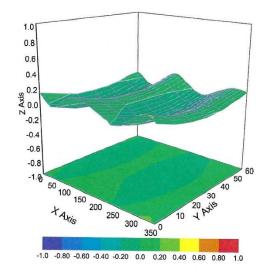
#### f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H\_convF)





## **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7624

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	151.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

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Certificate No: J23Z60391

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

DAE3 - SN: 428

Calibration Procedure(s)

Client :

FF-Z11-002-01 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date: August 30, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22\pm3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards ID # Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration

Process Calibrator 753 1971018 12-Jun-23 (CTTL, No.J23X05436) Jun-24

Calibrated by:

Name Fi

Function

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Approved by: Lin Hao

Yu Zongying

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Test Engineer
SAR Project Leader

Issued: September 06, 2023

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Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

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