

FCC RF Exposure

EUT Description: CarPlay Box

ModelNo.:AB008、AB001、AB002、AB003、AB004、AB005、AB006、AB007、AB009、AB010、AB011、AB012、AB013、AB014、AB015、AB016、AB017、AB018、AB019、AB020、AB021、AB022、AB023、AB024、AB025、AB026、AB027、AB028、AB029、AB030

FCC ID: 2BFZK-AB008

Equipment type: mobile device

Test procedures according to the technical standards: KDB 447498 D01 V06 and FCC 2.1091.

1. Limits

The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500			f/1500	30
1500–100,000			1.0	30

F = frequency in MHz

Formula: $Pd = (Pout * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

Where :

Pd = power density in mW/cm²,

Pout = output power to antenna in mW;

G = gain of antenna in linear scale,

$\pi = 3.14$;

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

2. Test Procedure

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

3. Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

WIFI

	Output power (dBm/ mW)	Antenna Gain(dBi)	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Result
U-NII 1 802.11a	18.51/70.96	2.62	0.02582	1.0	Pass
U-NII 1 802.11n(HT20)	16.99/50.00	2.62	0.01819	1.0	Pass
U-NII 1 802.11n(HT40)	17.18/52.24	2.62	0.01901	1.0	Pass
U-NII 1 802.11ac(HT20)	16.17/41.40	2.62	0.01506	1.0	Pass
U-NII 1 802.11ac(HT40)	14.69/29.44	2.62	0.01071	1.0	Pass
U-NII 1 802.11ac(HT80)	14.30/26.92	2.62	0.00979	1.0	Pass
U-NII 3 802.11a	15.94/39.26	2.62	0.01428	1.0	Pass
U-NII 3 802.11n(HT20)	13.57/22.75	2.62	0.00828	1.0	Pass
U-NII 3 802.11n(HT40)	13.86/24.32	2.62	0.00885	1.0	Pass
U-NII 3 802.11ac(HT20)	13.59/22.86	2.62	0.00832	1.0	Pass
U-NII 3 802.11ac(HT40)	10.94/12.42	2.62	0.00452	1.0	Pass
U-NII 3 802.11ac(HT80)	10.50/11.22	2.62	0.00408	1.0	Pass

$$EIRP = E_{Meas} + 20 \log(d_{meas}) - 104.7$$

EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power,

E_{Meas} in dBm is the field strength of the emission at the measurement distance, in dB u V/m

d_{meas} is the measurement distance, in m

BT

Field strength(dBuV/m)	EIRP(dBm)	Max tune-up(mW)	Antenna Gain(dBi)	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Result
92.70	-2.4576	0.5679	2.78	0.00021	1.0	Pass
91.34	-3.8176	0.4152	2.78	0.00016	1.0	Pass
93.96	-1.1976	0.7590	2.78	0.00029	1.0	Pass

$$BT+WIFI: 0.00029 + 0.02582 = 0.02611 < 1$$

Conclusion: No SAR is required