



# TEST REPORT

Product Name: Wireless Microphone  
FCC ID: 2BF4G-K6  
Trademark: N/A  
Model Number: K6, R9  
Prepared For: Shenzhen Lanyue Electronic Technology Co., Ltd  
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Sample Received Date: Mar. 28, 2024  
Sample tested Date: Mar. 28, 2024 to Apr. 07, 2024  
Issue Date: Apr. 07, 2024  
Report No.: CTB240407008RFX  
Test Standards: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247  
ANSI C63.10:2013  
Test Results: PASS  
Remark: This is Bluetooth radio test report.

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Approved by:



Bin Mei / Director

Note: If there is any objection to the inspection results in this report, please submit a written report to the company within 15 days from the date of receiving the report. The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp. This result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. Without written approval of Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. this report can't be reproduced except in full. The tested sample(s) and the sample information are provided by the client. "\*" indicates the testing items were fulfilled by subcontracted lab. "#" indicates the items are not in CNAS accreditation scope.

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*(Note: N/A means not applicable)*

**1. VERSION**

Report No.	Issue Date	Description	Approved
CTB240407008RFX	Apr. 07, 2024	Original	Valid

## 2. TEST SUMMARY

The Product has been tested according to the following specifications:

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
<b>AC Power Line Conducted Emission</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
<b>Radiated Spurious emissions</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
<b>Band edge and RF Conducted Spurious Emissions</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247(d)/15.205(a)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
<b>Conducted Peak Output Power</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (b)(1)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
<b>20dB Occupied Bandwidth</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
<b>Carrier Frequencies Separation</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
<b>Hopping Channel Number</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (b)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
<b>Dwell Time</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
<b>Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247(a)&TCB Exclusion List (7 July 2002)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
<b>Antenna Requirement</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.203/15.247 (b)	/	PASS
<b>RF Exposure Evaluation</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 (i)/1.1310/2.1093	KDB447498D01v06	PASS

Remark:

Test according to ANSI C63.10-2013.



### 3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Item	Uncertainty
Occupancy bandwidth	54.3kHz
Conducted output power Above 1G	0.9dB
Conducted output power below 1G	0.9dB
Power Spectral Density , Conduction	0.9dB
Conduction spurious emissions	2.0dB
Out of band emission	2.0dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(9KHz-30MHz)	4.8dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	4.6dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	5.1dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	3.4dB
humidity uncertainty	5.5%
Temperature uncertainty	0.63°C
frequency	1×10 <sup>-7</sup>
Conducted Emission (150KHz-30MHz)	3.2 dB
Radiated Emission(30MHz ~ 1000MHz)	4.8 dB
Radiated Emission(1GHz ~6GHz)	4.9 dB

#### 4. PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TEST SETUP

##### 4.1 Product Information

Model(s): K6, R9

Model Description: All the model are the same circuit and RF module, only different for model name. Test sample model: K6

Bluetooth Version: Bluetooth V5.3

Hardware Version: XY-V8/K6-RX-TC-V3  
XY-K6-TX-V1

Software Version: 1T2\_wireless\_mic\_sdk-v1.4.3\_73D\_RX  
1T2\_wireless\_mic\_sdk-v1.4.3\_73D\_TX

Operation Frequency: Bluetooth: 2402-2480MHz

Max. RF output power: Bluetooth: 3.239dBm

Type of Modulation: Bluetooth: GFSK,  $\pi/4$  DQPSK

Antenna installation: Bluetooth: Ceramic antenna

Antenna Gain: Bluetooth: 2.67dBi

Ratings: DC 5V charging from adapter  
Battery DC 3.7V

##### 4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

##### 4.3 Support Equipment

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note
1	Adapter	JIYIN	JY-05100C	/	/
2	I-Phone	Apple	12Pro	/	/

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

#### 4.4 Channel List

CH	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	1	2403	2	2404	3	2405
4	2406	5	2407	6	2408	7	2409
8	2410	9	2411	10	2412	11	2413
12	2414	13	2415	14	2416	15	2417
16	2418	17	2419	18	2420	19	2421
20	2422	21	2423	22	2424	23	2425
24	2426	25	2427	26	2428	27	2429
28	2430	29	2431	30	2432	31	2433
32	2434	33	2435	34	2436	35	2437
36	2438	37	2439	38	2440	39	2441
40	2442	41	2443	42	2444	43	2445
44	2446	45	2447	46	2448	47	2449
48	2450	49	2451	50	2452	51	2453
52	2454	53	2455	54	2456	55	2457
56	2458	57	2459	58	2460	59	2461
60	2462	61	2463	62	2464	63	2465
64	2466	65	2467	66	2468	67	2469
68	2470	69	2471	70	2472	71	2473
72	2474	73	2475	74	2476	75	2477
76	2478	77	2479	78	2480	79	/

#### 4.5 Test Mode

All test mode(s) and condition(s) mentioned were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full tests, the worst data were recorded and reported.

Test mode	Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
Transmitting (GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK)	2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz
Receiving (GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK)	2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz

#### 4.6 Test Environment

Humidity(%):	54
Atmospheric Pressure(kPa):	101
Normal Voltage(DC):	3.7V
Normal Temperature(°C)	23
Low Temperature(°C)	0
High Temperature(°C)	40



## 5. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED

### 5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1&2F., Building A, No. 26, Xinh Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

### 5.2 Test Instrument Used

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Calibrated until
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090073	A.14.16	2024.07.05
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120032	/	2024.07.05
3	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120034	/	2024.07.05
4	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	V3.5.80	2024.07.05
5	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51289897	A.14.16	2024.07.05
6	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50140365	A.01.60	2024.07.05
7	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47420195	A.01.87	2024.07.05
8	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	B.19.07 (E1962B)	2024.07.06
9	2.4 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF2400-24 83.5MS-1154	20181015001	/	2024.07.05
10	5 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF5150-58 50MS-1155	20181015001	/	2024.07.06
11	Filter	Xingbo	XBLBQ-DZA 120	190821-1-1	/	2024.07.06
12	BT&WI-FI Automatic test software	Microwave	MTS8000	Ver. 2.0.0.0	/	/
13	Rohde & Schwarz SFU Broadcast Test System	R&S	SFU	101017	/	2024.10.30
14	Temperature humidity chamber	Hongjing	TH-80CH	DG-15174	/	2024.07.05
15	234G Automatic test software	Microwave	MTS8200	Ver. 2.0.0.0	/	/
16	966 chamber	C.R.T.	966	/	/	2024.08.11
17	Receiver	R&S	ESPI	100362	RF_ATTEN_7 (104489/003)	2024.07.05
18	Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02747	/	2024.07.05
19	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	/	2024.07.05
20	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	00869	/	2024.07.08
21	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	01911	/	2024.07.08

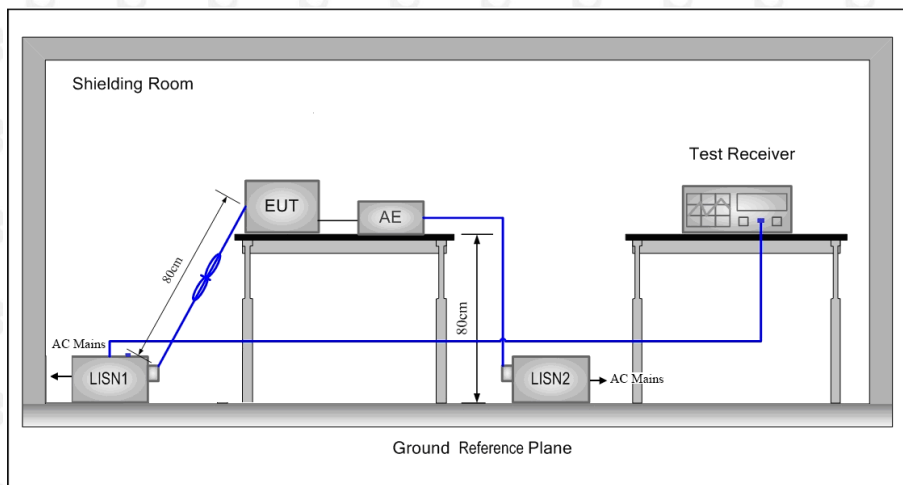
22	EMI test software	Fala	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE	/	/
23	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	1519B-224	/	2024.07.08
24	loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	GTS534	/	/
25	40G Horn antenna	A/H/System	SAS-574	588	/	2024.10.30
26	Amplifier	AEROFLEX	Aeroflex	097	/	2024.07.05

Continuous disturbance						
No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Calibrated until
1	LISN	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESH3-Z5	100318	/	2024.07.05
2	Pulse limiter	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESH3Z2	357881052	/	2024.07.05
3	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100428/003	V4.42.SP3	2024.07.05
4	Coaxial cable	ZDECL	Z302S-NJ-SM AJ-12M	18091905	/	2024.07.05
5	ISN	Schwarzbeck	NTFM8158	183	/	2024.07.05
6	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	B.19.07 (E1962B)	2024.07.05
7	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	V3.5.80	2024.07.05
8	EZ-EMC	Frad	EMC-con3A1.1	/	/	/

Radiated emission						
No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Calibrated until
1	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120 D	01911	/	2024.07.08
2	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	00869	/	2024.07.08
3	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	/	2024.07.05
4	Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02747	/	2024.07.05
5	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100428/003	V4.42.SP3	2024.07.05
6	Coaxial cable	ETS	RFC-SNS-100-N MS-80 NI	/	/	2024.07.05
7	Coaxial cable	ETS	RFC-SNS-100-N MS-20 NI	/	/	2024.07.05
8	Coaxial cable	ETS	RFC-SNS-100-S MS-20 NI	/	/	2024.07.05
9	Coaxial cable	ETS	RFC-NNS-100- NMS-300 NI	/	/	2024.07.05
10	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	B.19.07 (E1962B)	2024.07.05
11	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	V3.5.80	2024.07.05
12	EZ-EMC	Frad	EMC-con3A1.1	/	/	/

## 6. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

### 6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 6.2 Limit

**Table 4 – AC power-line conducted emissions limits**

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 <sup>Note 1</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>Note 1</sup>
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

**Note 1:** The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

\* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

### 6.3 Test procedure

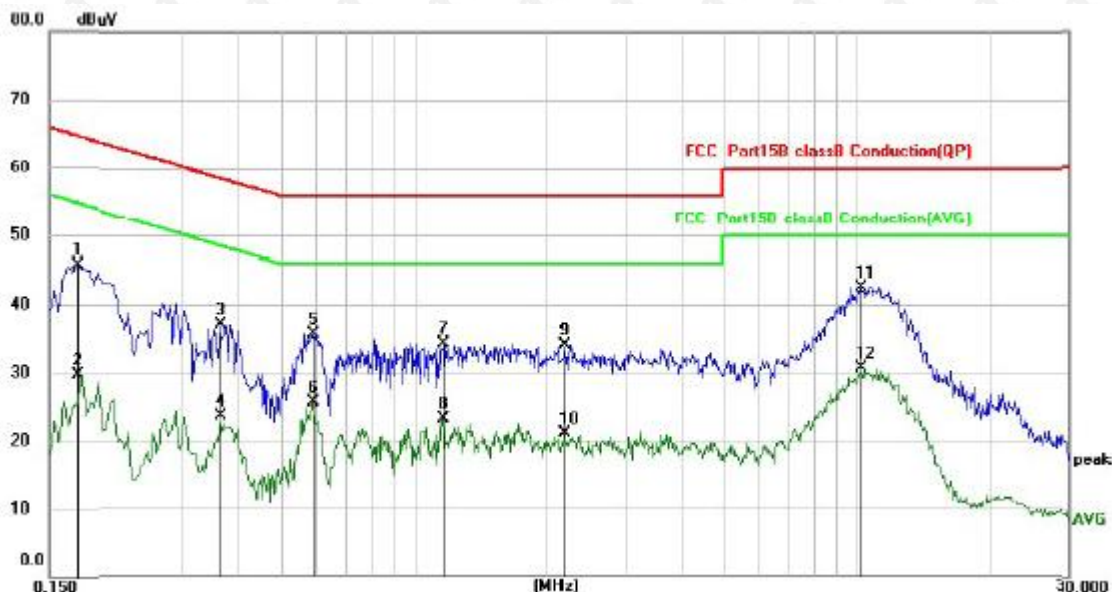
- 1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.
- 2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a 50 $\Omega$ /50 $\mu$ H + 5 $\Omega$  linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.
- 3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane,
- 4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0,4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0,8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0,8 m from the LISN 2.



- 5) In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10 on conducted measurement.
- 6) All modes were tested at AC 120V and 240V, only the worst result of AC 120V 60Hz was reported.
- 7) If a EUT received DC power from the USB Port of Notebook PC, the PC's adapter received AC120V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.

## 6.4 Test Result

L: Worst case-GFSK(low channel)

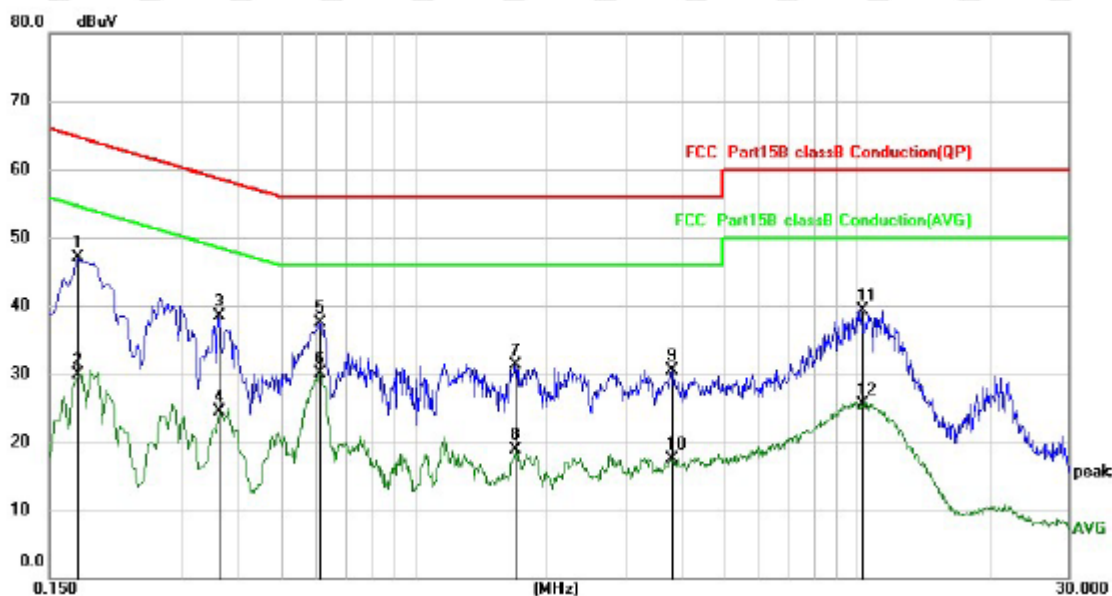


No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector
1		0.1740	35.79	9.95	45.74	64.77	-19.03	QP
2		0.1740	19.73	9.95	29.68	54.77	-25.09	AVG
3		0.3660	27.12	9.97	37.09	58.59	-21.50	QP
4		0.3660	13.82	9.97	23.79	48.59	-24.80	AVG
5		0.5899	25.80	10.00	35.80	56.00	-20.20	QP
6		0.5899	15.62	10.00	25.62	46.00	-20.38	AVG
7		1.1620	24.27	10.02	34.29	56.00	-21.71	QP
8		1.1620	13.27	10.02	23.29	46.00	-22.71	AVG
9		2.1860	24.05	10.11	34.16	56.00	-21.84	QP
10		2.1860	10.91	10.11	21.02	46.00	-24.98	AVG
11	*	10.1580	32.00	10.58	42.58	60.00	-17.42	QP
12		10.1580	20.09	10.58	30.67	50.00	-19.33	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Measurement – Limit  
 Measurement=Reading level+correct facto

N: Worst case-GFSK(low channel)



No. Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measurement dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector
1	0.1740	37.08	9.95	47.03	64.77	-17.74	QP
2	0.1740	19.95	9.95	29.90	54.77	-24.87	AVG
3	0.3620	28.45	9.97	38.42	58.68	-20.26	QP
4	0.3620	14.62	9.97	24.59	48.68	-24.09	AVG
5	0.6140	27.44	10.01	37.45	56.00	-18.55	QP
6 *	0.6140	20.00	10.01	30.01	46.00	-15.99	AVG
7	1.6940	21.15	10.07	31.22	56.00	-24.78	QP
8	1.6940	8.93	10.07	19.00	46.00	-27.00	AVG
9	3.8020	20.22	10.26	30.48	56.00	-25.52	QP
10	3.8020	7.32	10.26	17.58	46.00	-28.42	AVG
11	10.2620	28.78	10.59	39.37	60.00	-20.63	QP
12	10.2620	14.86	10.59	25.45	50.00	-24.55	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Measurement – Limit  
 Measurement=Reading level+correct facto



## 7. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION

### 7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

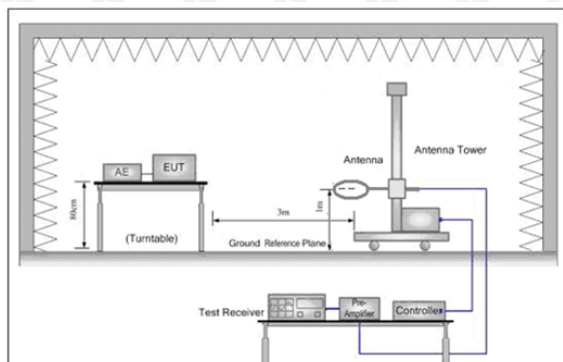


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

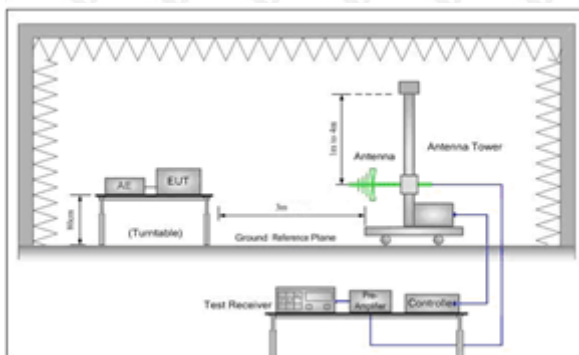


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

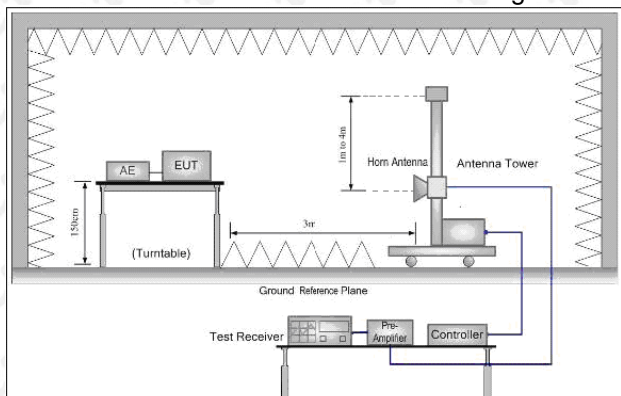


Figure 3. Above 1GHz

### 7.2 Limit

Spurious Emissions:

Frequency	Field strength (microvolt/meter)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m )	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
0.009MHz-0.490MHz	2400/F(kHz)	-	-	300
0.490MHz-1.705MHz	24000/F(kHz)	-	-	30
1.705MHz-30MHz	30	-	-	30
30MHz-88MHz	100	40.0	Quasi-peak	3
88MHz-216MHz	150	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
216MHz-960MHz	200	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
960MHz-1GHz	500	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
Above 1GHz	500	54.0	Average	3

Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.

7.3 Test procedure

**Below 1GHz test procedure as below:**

- a.The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b.The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c.The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d.For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rota table table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e.The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f.If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

**Above 1GHz test procedure as below:**

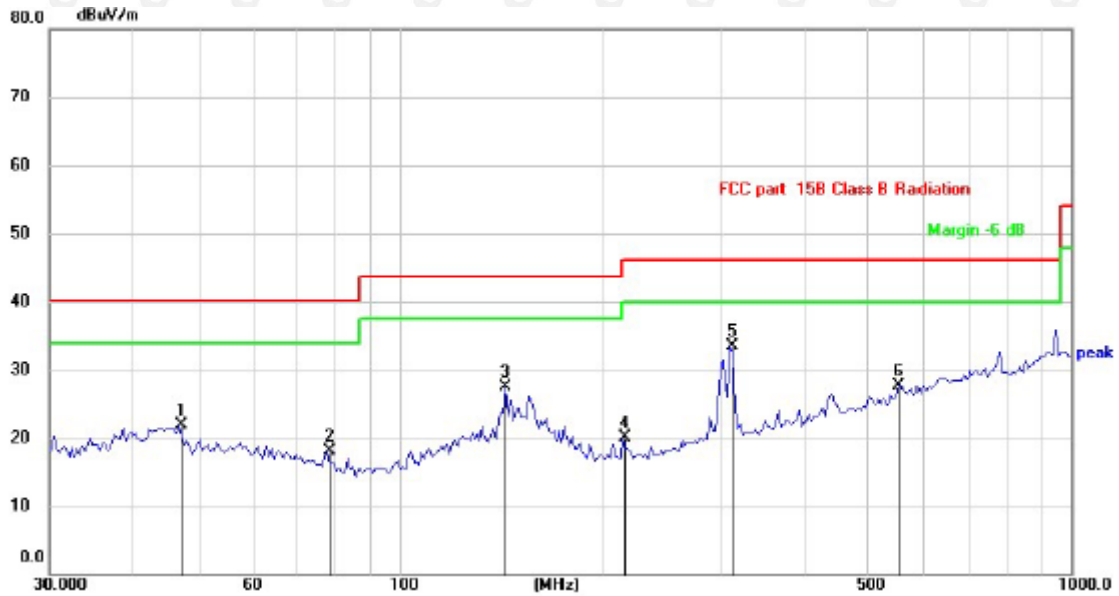
- g.Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber and change form table 0.8 meter to 1.5 meter( Above 18GHz the distance is 1 meter and table is 1.5 meter).
- h.Test the EUT in the lowest channel ,the middle channel ,the Highest channel
- j.Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.
- j. Full battery is used during test

Receiver set:

Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30KHz	Quasi-peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	120 kHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average

7.4 Test Result

Below 1GHz Test Results:  
 Antenna polarity: H  
 Worst case-GFSK(low channel)

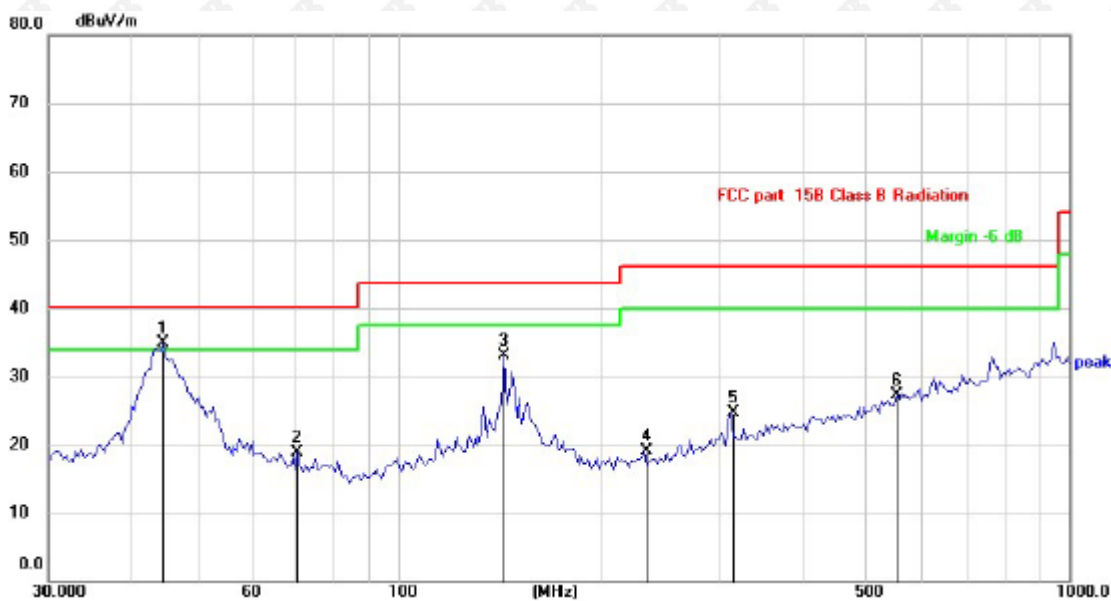


No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dB/m	Over dB	Detector
1		46.9125	27.88	-6.06	21.82	40.00	-18.18	QP
2		78.0020	26.99	-8.87	18.12	40.00	-21.88	QP
3		144.0819	31.48	-3.89	27.59	43.50	-15.91	QP
4		215.6456	27.31	-7.29	20.02	43.50	-23.48	QP
5	*	311.6326	37.96	-4.44	33.52	46.00	-12.48	QP
6		555.7990	26.26	1.49	27.75	46.00	-18.25	QP

Remark: Factor = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Measurement- Limit  
 Measurement=Reading level+correct facto



Antenna polarity: V  
Worst case-GFSK(low channel)



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dB/m	Over dB	Detector
1	*	44.5087	40.58	-5.61	34.97	40.00	-5.03	QP
2		70.8315	27.12	-8.14	18.98	40.00	-21.02	QP
3		144.0819	37.08	-3.89	33.19	43.50	-10.31	QP
4		233.3487	26.12	-7.09	19.03	46.00	-26.97	QP
5		314.3765	29.11	-4.37	24.74	46.00	-21.26	QP
6		555.7990	25.77	1.49	27.26	46.00	-18.74	QP

Remark: Factor = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Measurement– Limit  
Measurement=Reading level+correct facto

Above 1 GHz Test Results:

CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Reading Result	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4804	56.44	-3.65	52.79	74.00	-21.21	peak
4804	50.58	-3.65	46.93	54.00	-7.07	AVG
7206	60.91	-0.95	59.96	74.00	-14.04	peak
7206	40.05	-0.95	39.10	54.00	-14.90	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin = Emission level - Limits

Vertical:

Frequency	Reading Result	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4804	58.43	-3.65	54.78	74.00	-19.22	peak
4804	50.46	-3.65	46.81	54.00	-7.19	AVG
7206	60.47	-0.95	59.52	74.00	-14.48	peak
7206	42.05	-0.95	41.10	54.00	-12.90	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin = Emission level - Limits

CH Middle (2441MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Reading Result	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V)	(dB)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB)	
4882.00	60.02	-3.54	56.48	74.00	-17.52	peak
4882.00	48.24	-3.54	44.70	54.00	-9.30	AVG
7323.00	55.69	-0.81	54.88	74.00	-19.12	peak
7323.00	44.51	-0.81	43.70	54.00	-10.30	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin = Emission level - Limits

Vertical:

Frequency	Reading Result	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V)	(dB)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB)	
4882.00	58.51	-3.54	54.97	74.00	-19.03	peak
4882.00	49.26	-3.54	45.72	54.00	-8.28	AVG
7323.00	59.08	-0.81	58.27	74.00	-15.73	peak
7323.00	43.49	-0.81	42.68	54.00	-11.32	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin = Emission level - Limits



CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Reading Result	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4960	58.00	-3.43	54.57	74.00	-19.43	peak
4960	49.09	-3.44	45.65	54.00	-8.35	AVG
7440	58.80	-0.77	58.03	74.00	-15.97	peak
7440	42.08	-0.77	41.31	54.00	-12.69	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin = Emission level - Limits

Vertical:

Frequency	Reading Result	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4960	59.39	-3.43	55.96	74.00	-18.04	peak
4960	47.37	-3.44	43.93	54.00	-10.07	AVG
7440	58.78	-0.77	58.01	74.00	-15.99	peak
7440	40.43	-0.77	39.66	54.00	-14.34	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin = Emission level - Limits

The test range is 9K ~10 times the main wave, and other spurious below the limit of 20dB will not be reflected in the report

**Restricted bands around fundamental frequency (Radiated)**

hopping

Operation Mode: TX CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case-GFSK)

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2310.00	58.03	-5.81	52.22	74.00	-21.78	peak
2310.00	/	-5.81	/	54.00	/	AVG
2390.00	54.83	-5.84	48.99	74.00	-25.01	peak
2390.00	/	-5.84	/	54.00	/	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2310.00	56.16	-5.81	50.35	74.00	-23.65	peak
2310.00	/	-5.81	/	54.00	/	AVG
2390.00	56.94	-5.84	51.10	74.00	-22.90	peak
2390.00	/	-5.84	/	54.00	/	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

When the peak value is smaller than the AVG limit, AVG is not reflected.

Operation Mode: TX CH High (2480MHz)  
Horizontal (Worst case-GFSK)

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2483.50	55.38	-5.81	49.57	74.00	-24.43	peak
2483.50	/	-5.81	/	54.00	/	AVG
2500.00	54.35	-6.06	48.29	74.00	-25.71	peak
2500.00	/	-6.06	/	54.00	/	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2483.50	57.39	-5.81	51.58	74.00	-22.42	peak
2483.50	/	-5.81	/	54.00	/	AVG
2500.00	54.66	-6.06	48.60	74.00	-25.40	peak
2500.00	/	-6.06	/	54.00	/	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

When the peak value is smaller than the AVG limit, AVG is not reflected.



NO hopping

Operation Mode: TX CH Low (2402MHz)  
Horizontal (Worst case-GFSK)

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2310.00	54.18	-5.81	48.37	74.00	-25.63	peak
2310.00	/	-5.81	/	54.00	/	AVG
2390.00	53.55	-5.84	47.71	74.00	-26.29	peak
2390.00	/	-5.84	/	54.00	/	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2310.00	56.11	-5.81	50.30	74.00	-23.70	peak
2310.00	/	-5.81	/	54.00	/	AVG
2390.00	54.65	-5.84	48.81	74.00	-25.19	peak
2390.00	/	-5.84	/	54.00	/	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

When the peak value is smaller than the AVG limit, AVG is not reflected.

Operation Mode: TX CH High (2480MHz)  
Horizontal (Worst case-GFSK)

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2483.50	55.94	-5.81	50.13	74.00	-23.87	peak
2483.50	/	-5.81	/	54.00	/	AVG
2500.00	53.67	-6.06	47.61	74.00	-26.39	peak
2500.00	/	-6.06	/	54.00	/	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

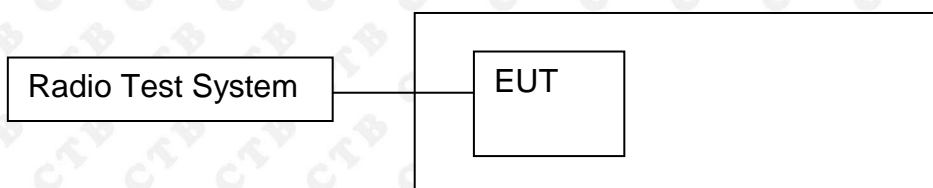
Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2483.50	55.79	-5.81	49.98	74.00	-24.02	peak
2483.50	/	-5.81	/	54.00	/	AVG
2500.00	53.96	-6.06	47.90	74.00	-26.10	peak
2500.00	/	-6.06	/	54.00	/	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

When the peak value is smaller than the AVG limit, AVG is not reflected.

## 8. BAND EDGE AND RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### 8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 8.2 Limit

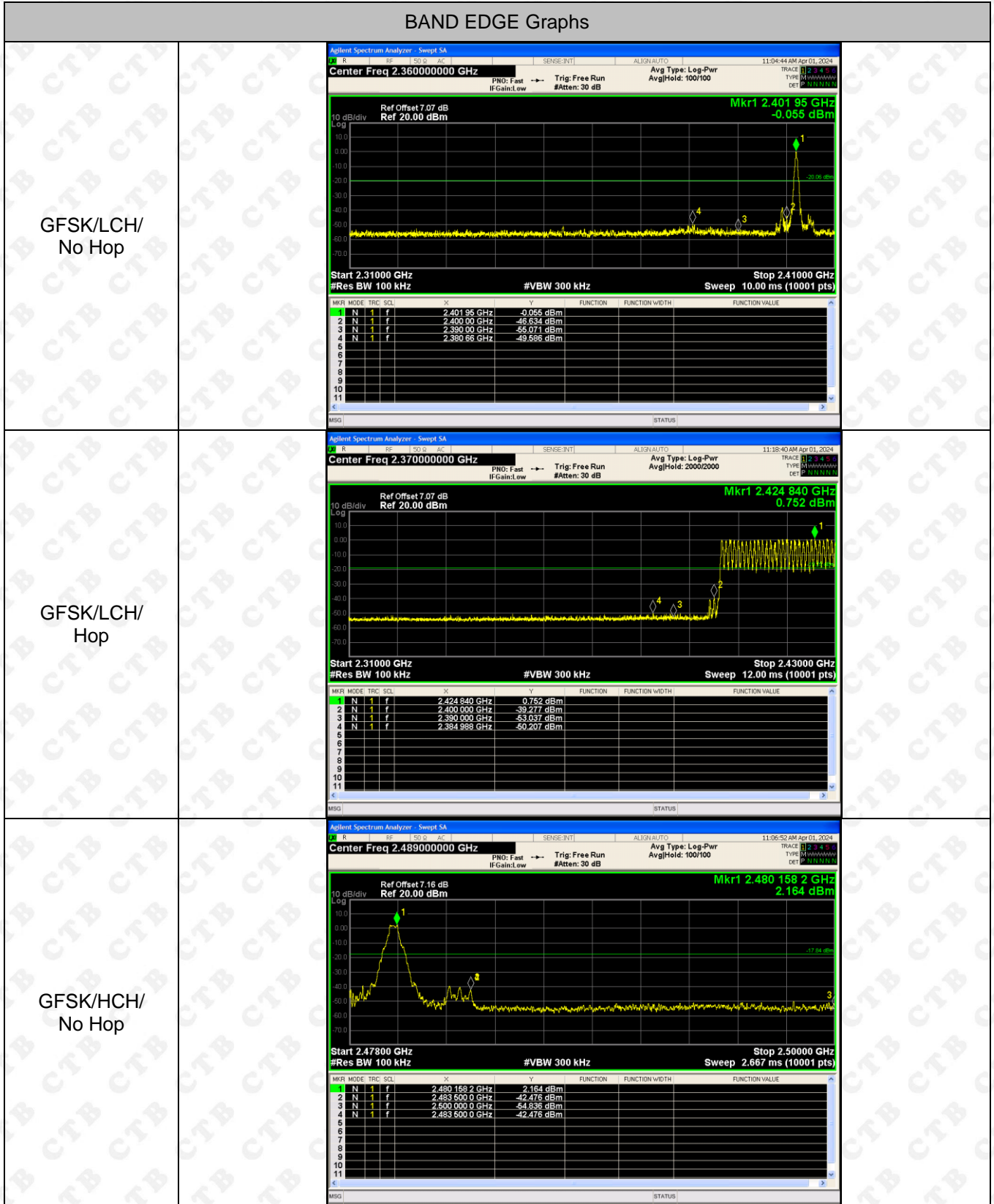
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

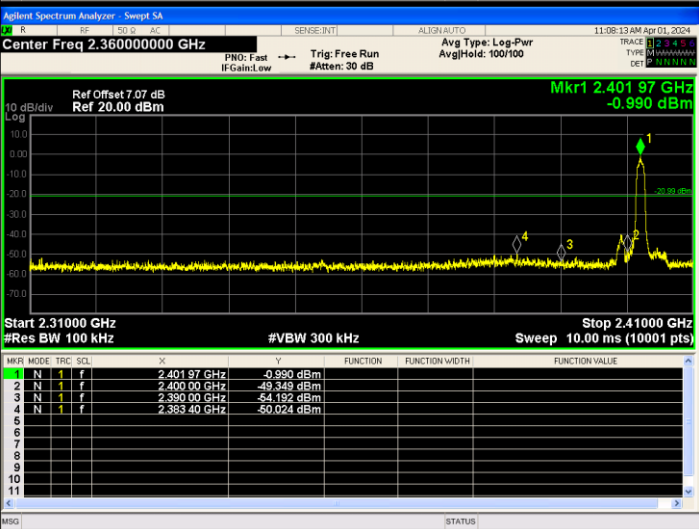
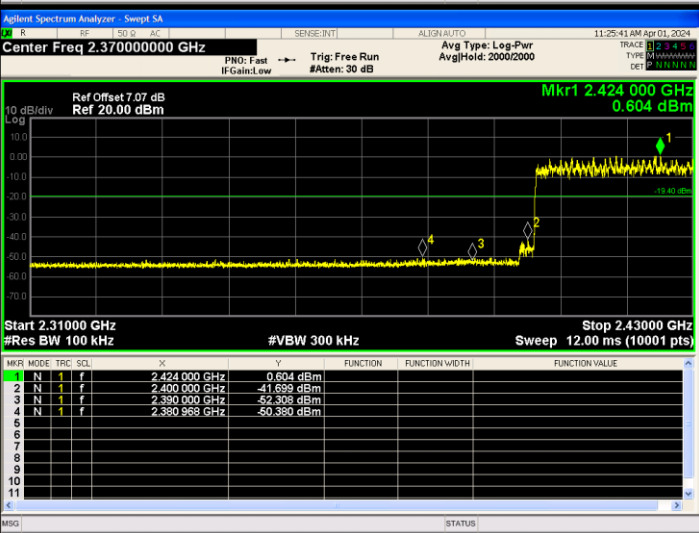
### 8.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;
2. Set the spectrum analyzer:  
Below 30MHz:  
RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = auto  
Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold  
Above 30MHz:  
RBW = 100KHz, VBW = 300KHz, Sweep = auto  
Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold



## 8.4 Test Result



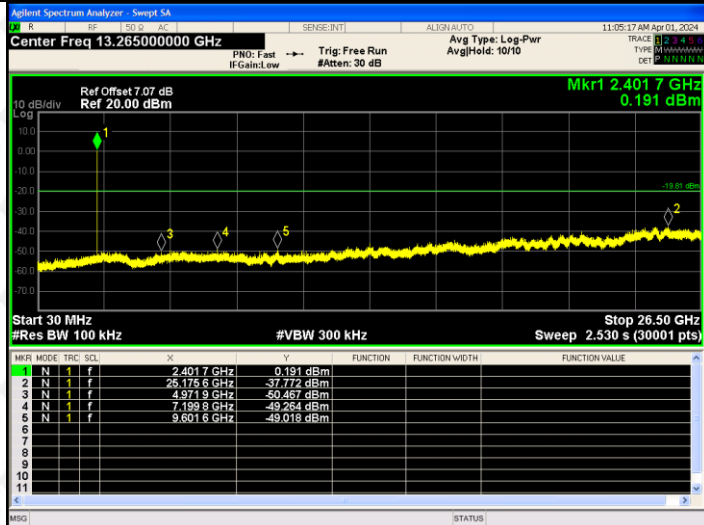
<p>GFSK/HCH/ Hop</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="582 548 1284 705"> <thead> <tr> <th>MKR</th> <th>MODE</th> <th>TRC</th> <th>SQ</th> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>FUNCTION</th> <th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th> <th>FUNCTION VALUE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.462 843 75 GHz</td> <td>2.419 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.483 500 00 GHz</td> <td>-45.723 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.600 000 00 GHz</td> <td>-49.976 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.483 518 75 GHz</td> <td>-46.847 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	MKR	MODE	TRC	SQ	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	N	1	f	2.462 843 75 GHz	2.419 dBm				2	N	1	f	2.483 500 00 GHz	-45.723 dBm				3	N	1	f	2.600 000 00 GHz	-49.976 dBm				4	N	1	f	2.483 518 75 GHz	-46.847 dBm			
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<p><math>\pi/4</math>DQPSK/LCH/ No Hop</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="582 1086 1284 1243"> <thead> <tr> <th>MKR</th> <th>MODE</th> <th>TRC</th> <th>SQ</th> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>FUNCTION</th> <th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th> <th>FUNCTION VALUE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.401 97 GHz</td> <td>-0.990 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.400 00 GHz</td> <td>-49.349 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.390 00 GHz</td> <td>-54.192 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.383 40 GHz</td> <td>-50.024 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	MKR	MODE	TRC	SQ	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	N	1	f	2.401 97 GHz	-0.990 dBm				2	N	1	f	2.400 00 GHz	-49.349 dBm				3	N	1	f	2.390 00 GHz	-54.192 dBm				4	N	1	f	2.383 40 GHz	-50.024 dBm			
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<p><math>\pi/4</math>DQPSK/LCH/ Hop</p>	 <table border="1" data-bbox="582 1612 1284 1769"> <thead> <tr> <th>MKR</th> <th>MODE</th> <th>TRC</th> <th>SQ</th> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>FUNCTION</th> <th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th> <th>FUNCTION VALUE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.424 000 GHz</td> <td>0.604 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.400 000 GHz</td> <td>-41.699 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.390 000 GHz</td> <td>-52.308 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.380 958 GHz</td> <td>-50.350 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	MKR	MODE	TRC	SQ	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	N	1	f	2.424 000 GHz	0.604 dBm				2	N	1	f	2.400 000 GHz	-41.699 dBm				3	N	1	f	2.390 000 GHz	-52.308 dBm				4	N	1	f	2.380 958 GHz	-50.350 dBm			
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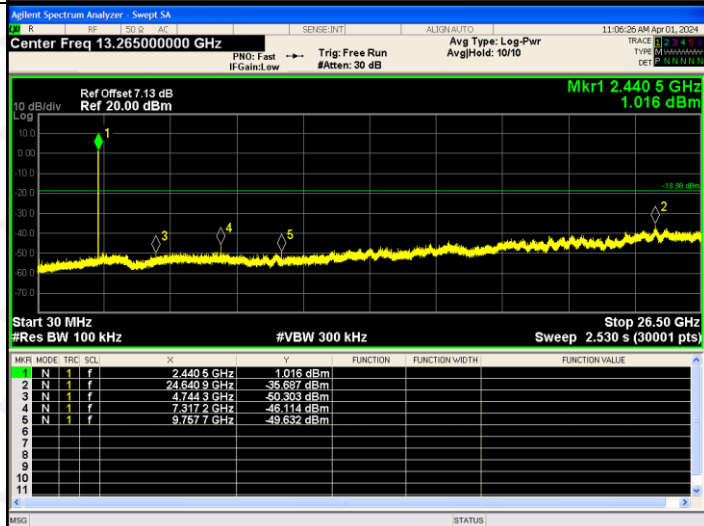


## RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Graphs

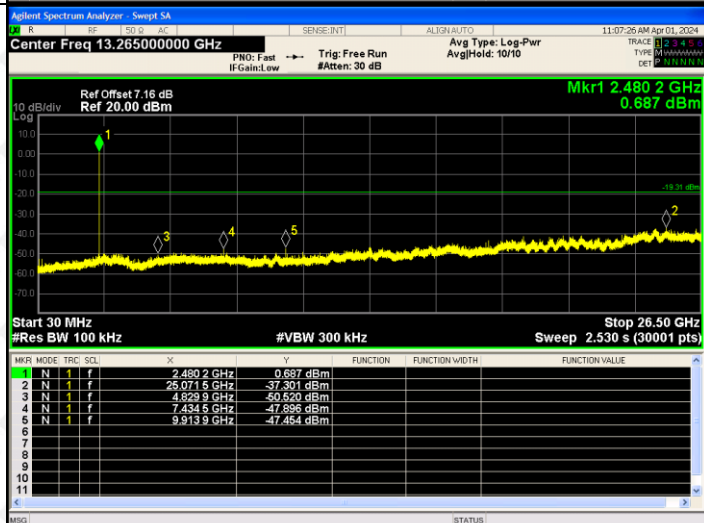
GFSK/LCH

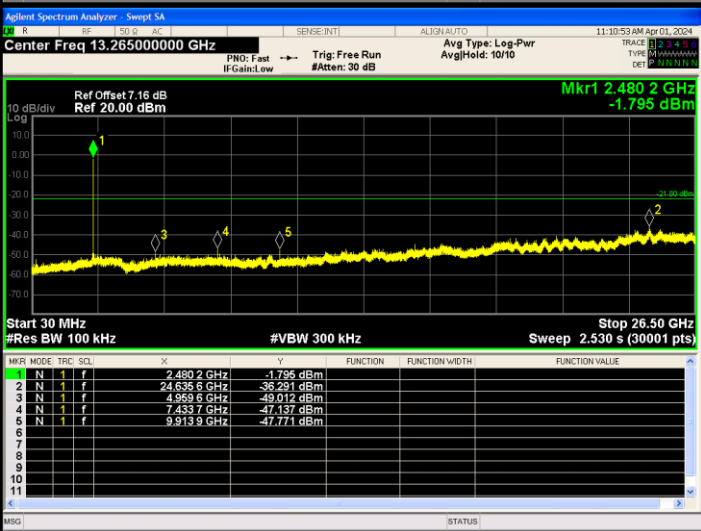


GFSK/MCH



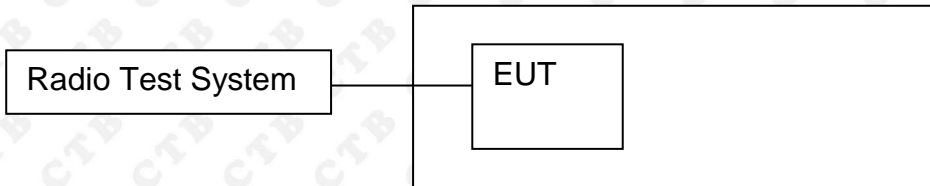
GFSK/HCH



<p><math>\pi/4</math>DQPSK /LCH</p>	 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>MWR</th> <th>MODE</th> <th>TRIG</th> <th>SQ1</th> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>FUNCTION</th> <th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th> <th>FUNCTION VALUE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.4017 GHz</td> <td>-4.143 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>24.6639 GHz</td> <td>-36.626 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>4.7920 GHz</td> <td>-49.933 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>9.6016 GHz</td> <td>-48.398 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	MWR	MODE	TRIG	SQ1	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	N	1	f	2.4017 GHz	-4.143 dBm				2	N	1	f	24.6639 GHz	-36.626 dBm				3	N	1	f	4.7920 GHz	-49.933 dBm				4	N	1	f	9.6016 GHz	-48.398 dBm												
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<p><math>\pi/4</math>DQPSK/MCH</p>	 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>MWR</th> <th>MODE</th> <th>TRIG</th> <th>SQ1</th> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>FUNCTION</th> <th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th> <th>FUNCTION VALUE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>2.4405 GHz</td> <td>-2.235 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>24.6568 GHz</td> <td>-36.502 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>5.0178 GHz</td> <td>-51.024 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>7.3172 GHz</td> <td>-47.193 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>N</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>9.7577 GHz</td> <td>-49.794 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	MWR	MODE	TRIG	SQ1	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	N	1	f	2.4405 GHz	-2.235 dBm				2	N	1	f	24.6568 GHz	-36.502 dBm				3	N	1	f	5.0178 GHz	-51.024 dBm				4	N	1	f	7.3172 GHz	-47.193 dBm				5	N	1	f	9.7577 GHz	-49.794 dBm			
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## 9. COUDUCTED PEAK OUTPUT POWER

### 9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 9.2 Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

### 9.3 Test procedure

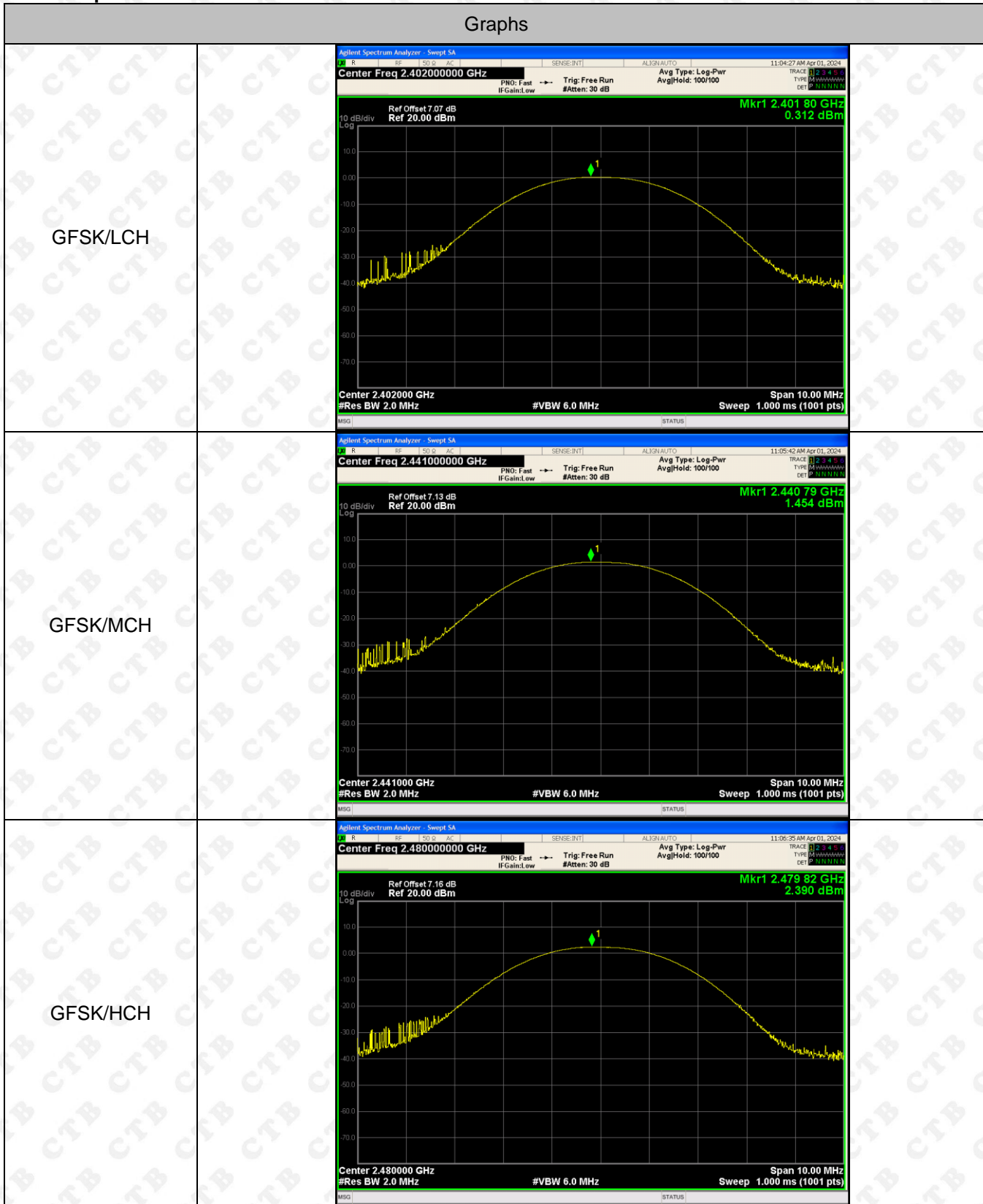
1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 2MHz. VBW = 6MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak.
3. Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, middle and highest channel individually. Record the max value.



## 9.4 Test Result

Mode	Channel.	Maximum Peak Output Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
EDR mode (GFSK)	LCH	0.312	20.97	PASS
	MCH	1.454	20.97	PASS
	HCH	2.39	20.97	PASS
EDR mode ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)	LCH	1.178	20.97	PASS
	MCH	2.292	20.97	PASS
	HCH	3.239	20.97	PASS

Test Graph:

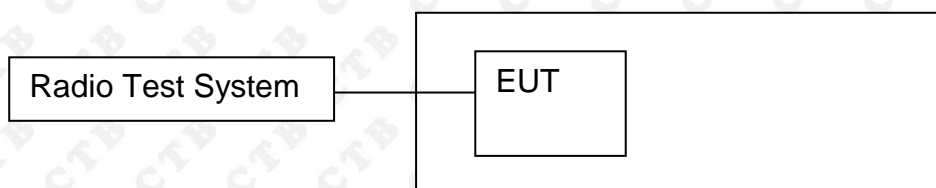


<p><math>\pi/4</math>DQPSK/LCH</p>	<p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA          Center Freq 2.40200000 GHz          Ref Offset 7.07 dB          Ref 20.00 dBm          Mkr1 2.40192 GHz          1.178 dBm          Center 2.402000 GHz          #Res BW 2.0 MHz          #VBW 6.0 MHz          Span 10.00 MHz          Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)</p>
<p><math>\pi/4</math>DQPSK/MCH</p>	<p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA          Center Freq 2.44100000 GHz          Ref Offset 7.13 dB          Ref 20.00 dBm          Mkr1 2.44092 GHz          2.292 dBm          Center 2.441000 GHz          #Res BW 2.0 MHz          #VBW 6.0 MHz          Span 10.00 MHz          Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)</p>
<p><math>\pi/4</math>DQPSK/HCH</p>	<p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA          Center Freq 2.48000000 GHz          Ref Offset 7.16 dB          Ref 20.00 dBm          Mkr1 2.47982 GHz          3.239 dBm          Center 2.480000 GHz          #Res BW 2.0 MHz          #VBW 6.0 MHz          Span 10.00 MHz          Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)</p>



## 10. 20DB OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

### 10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 10.2 Limit

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mw.

### 10.3 Test procedure

1. Rem1. Set RBW = 30 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 x RBW.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### 10.4 Test Result

Test Mode	Frequency	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
GFSK	Low channel	0.88	<b>PASS</b>
	Mid channel	0.86	<b>PASS</b>
	High channel	0.855	<b>PASS</b>
π/4DQPSK	Low channel	1.281	<b>PASS</b>
	Mid channel	1.33	<b>PASS</b>
	High channel	1.278	<b>PASS</b>

Note: All modes of operation were Pre-scan and the worst-case emissions are reported.

Test Graph:

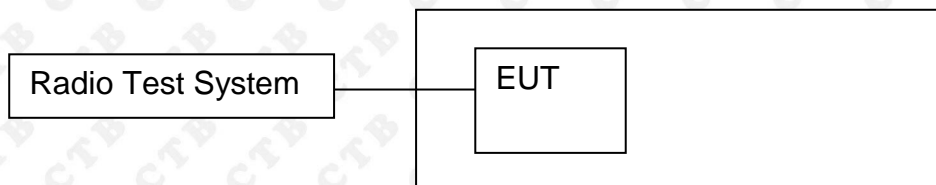
<p>GFSK Low channel</p>	
<p>GFSK Mid channel</p>	
<p>GFSK High channel</p>	

<p><math>\pi/4</math>-DQPSK Low channel</p>	<p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW Center Freq: 2.402000000 GHz #IF Gain: Low #Atten: 30 dB Ref Offset: 7.07 dB Ref: 27.07 dBm Mkr3 2.402633 GHz -21.346 dBm Center 2.402 GHz #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Span 3 MHz Sweep 3.2 ms Occupied Bandwidth 1.1901 MHz Total Power 6.37 dBm Transmit Freq Error -7.845 kHz OBW Power 99.00 % x dB Bandwidth 1.281 MHz x dB -20.00 dB</p>
<p><math>\pi/4</math>-DQPSK Mid channel</p>	<p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW Center Freq: 2.441000000 GHz #IF Gain: Low #Atten: 30 dB Ref Offset: 7.13 dB Ref: 27.13 dBm Mkr3 2.441656 GHz -23.550 dBm Center 2.441 GHz #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Span 3 MHz Sweep 3.2 ms Occupied Bandwidth 1.1956 MHz Total Power 6.99 dBm Transmit Freq Error -8.807 kHz OBW Power 99.00 % x dB Bandwidth 1.330 MHz x dB -20.00 dB</p>
<p><math>\pi/4</math>-DQPSK High channel</p>	<p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW Center Freq: 2.480000000 GHz #IF Gain: Low #Atten: 30 dB Ref Offset: 7.16 dB Ref: 27.16 dBm Mkr3 2.480628 GHz -18.821 dBm Center 2.48 GHz #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Span 3 MHz Sweep 3.2 ms Occupied Bandwidth 1.1815 MHz Total Power 8.41 dBm Transmit Freq Error -11.122 kHz OBW Power 99.00 % x dB Bandwidth 1.278 MHz x dB -20.00 dB</p>



## 11. CARRIER FREQUENCIES SEPARATION

### 11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 11.2 Limit

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125W.

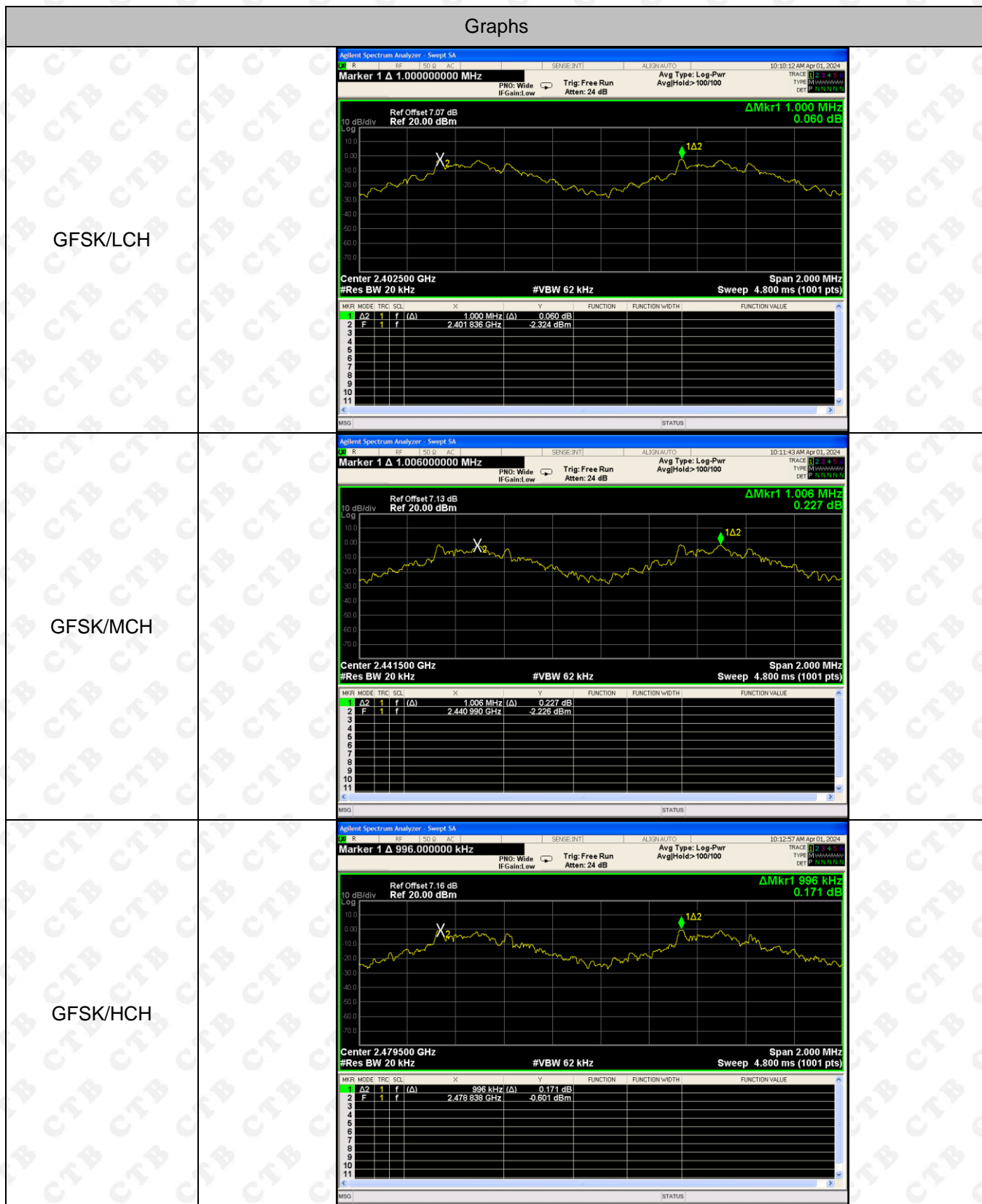
### 11.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 30kHz. VBW = 100kHz , Span = 2MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section Submit this plot.

### 11.4 Test Result

Mode	Channel.	Carrier Frequency Separation [MHz]	Limit(2/3 of the 20dB bandwidth MHz)	Verdict
GFSK	LCH	1.000	0.587	PASS
GFSK	MCH	1.006	0.573	PASS
GFSK	HCH	0.996	0.570	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	LCH	1.004	0.854	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	MCH	0.994	0.887	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	HCH	1.007	0.852	PASS

## Test Graph

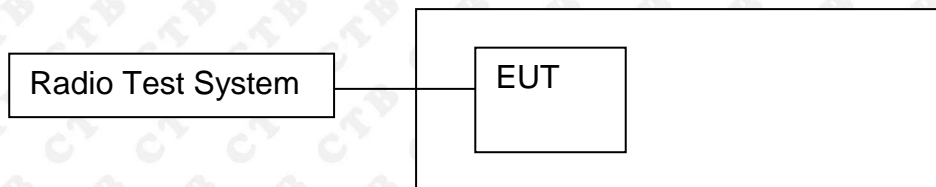


<p style="text-align: center;">π/4DQPSK/LCH</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>MKR</th> <th>MODE</th> <th>TRC</th> <th>SOL</th> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>FUNCTION</th> <th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th> <th>FUNCTION VALUE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>ΔZ</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td>(Δ)</td> <td>1.004 MHz (Δ)</td> <td>-0.150 dB</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>F</td> <td>1</td> <td>f</td> <td></td> <td>2.401 988 GHz</td> <td>-3.667 dBm</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	MKR	MODE	TRC	SOL	X	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	ΔZ	1	f	(Δ)	1.004 MHz (Δ)	-0.150 dB			2	F	1	f		2.401 988 GHz	-3.667 dBm		
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2	F	1	f		2.478 987 GHz	-1.201 dBm																						



## 12. HOPPING CHANNEL NUMBER

### 12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



### 12.2 Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

### 12.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100kHz. VBW = 300kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer: Start Frequency = 2.4GHz, Stop Frequency = 2.4835GHz. Sweep=auto;

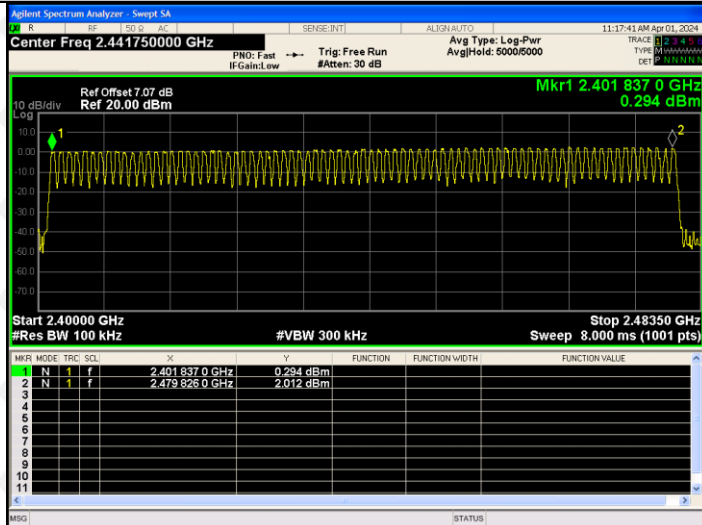
### 12.4 Test Result

Mode	Channel.	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Verdict
GFSK	Hop	79	$\geq 15$	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Hop	79	$\geq 15$	PASS

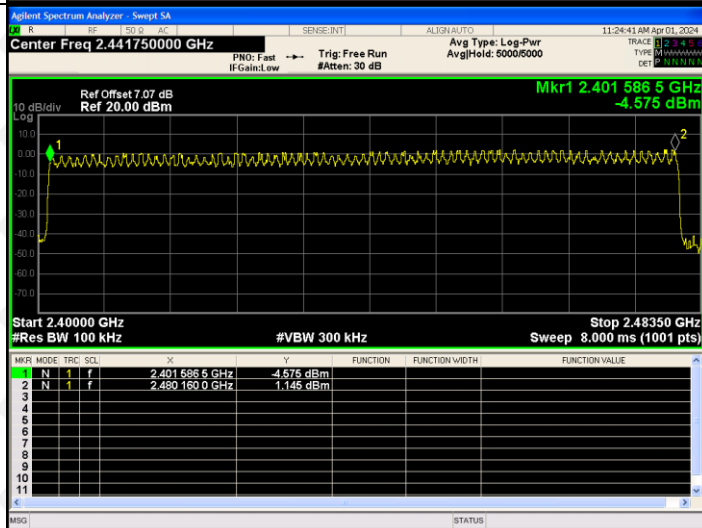
## Test Graph

### Graphs

GFSK/Hop

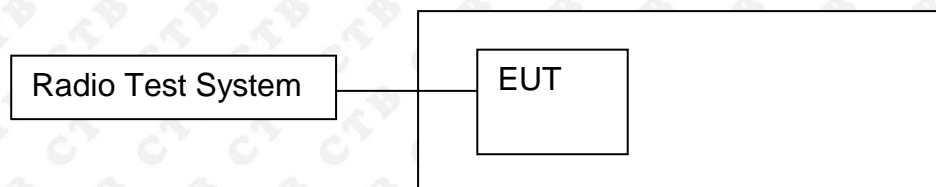


$\pi/4$ DQPSK/Hop



### 13. DWELL TIME

#### 13.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



#### 13.2 Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

#### 13.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. Centred on a hopping channel;
3. Set RBW = 1MHz and VBW = 3MHz. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Set the EUT for DH5, DH3 and DH1 packet transmitting.
4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g.. data rate. modulation format. etc.). repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s).



## 13.4 Test Result

Worst case-GFSK:

Mode	Packet	Channel	Pulse Time (ms)	Total Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Verdict
GFSK	DH1	LCH	0.382	122.24	400	PASS
	DH1	MCH	0.382	122.24	400	PASS
	DH1	HCH	0.383	122.56	400	PASS
	DH3	LCH	1.644	263.04	400	PASS
	DH3	MCH	1.644	263.04	400	PASS
	DH3	HCH	1.644	263.04	400	PASS
	DH5	LCH	2.887	307.947	400	PASS
	DH5	MCH	2.888	308.053	400	PASS
	DH5	HCH	2.887	307.947	400	PASS

Remark: DH5 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 / 6 hops per second in each channel (5 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX).

DH3 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 / 4 hops per second in each channel (3 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX).

DH1 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 / 2 hops per second in each channel (1 time slot RX, 1 time slot TX). So, the Dwell Time can be calculated as follows:

DH5:  $1600/79/6 \times 0.4 \times 79 \times (\text{MkrDelta})/1000$

DH3:  $1600/79/4 \times 0.4 \times 79 \times (\text{MkrDelta})/1000$

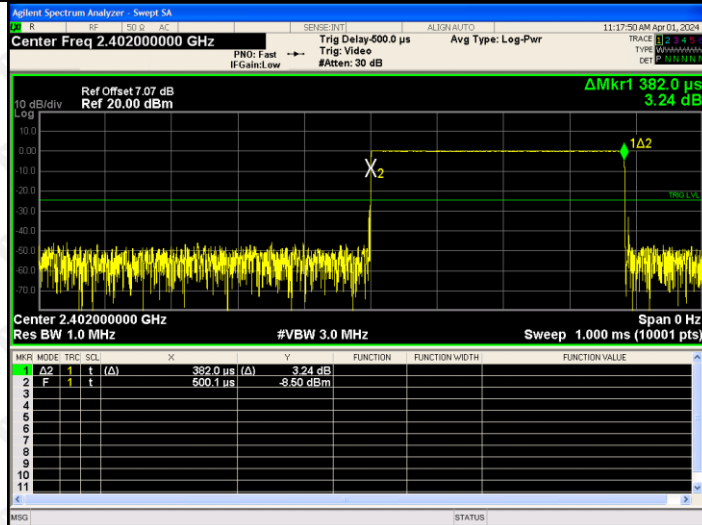
DH1:  $1600/79/2 \times 0.4 \times 79 \times (\text{MkrDelta})/1000$

Remark: Mkr Delta is once pulse time.

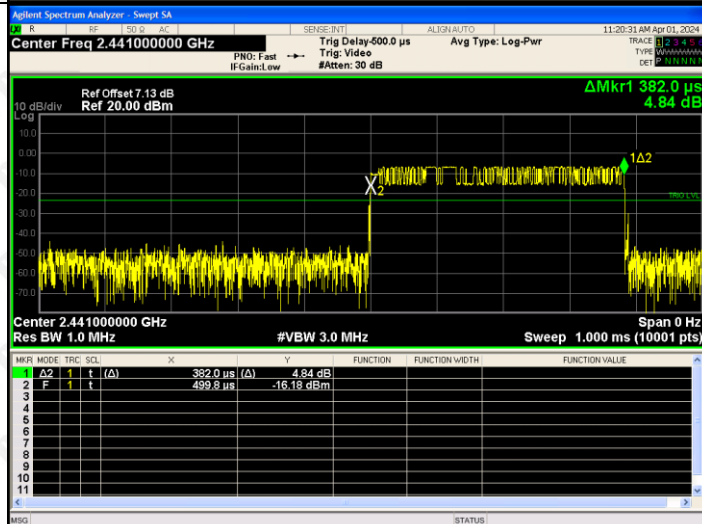
## Test Graph

### Graphs

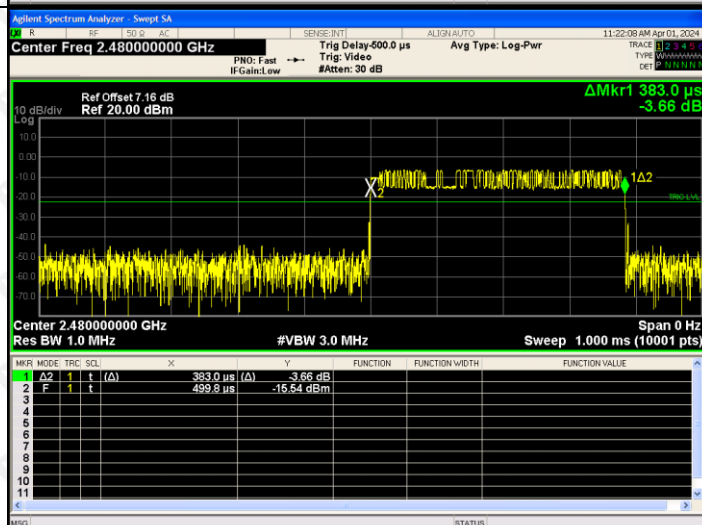
GFSK\_DH1/LCH

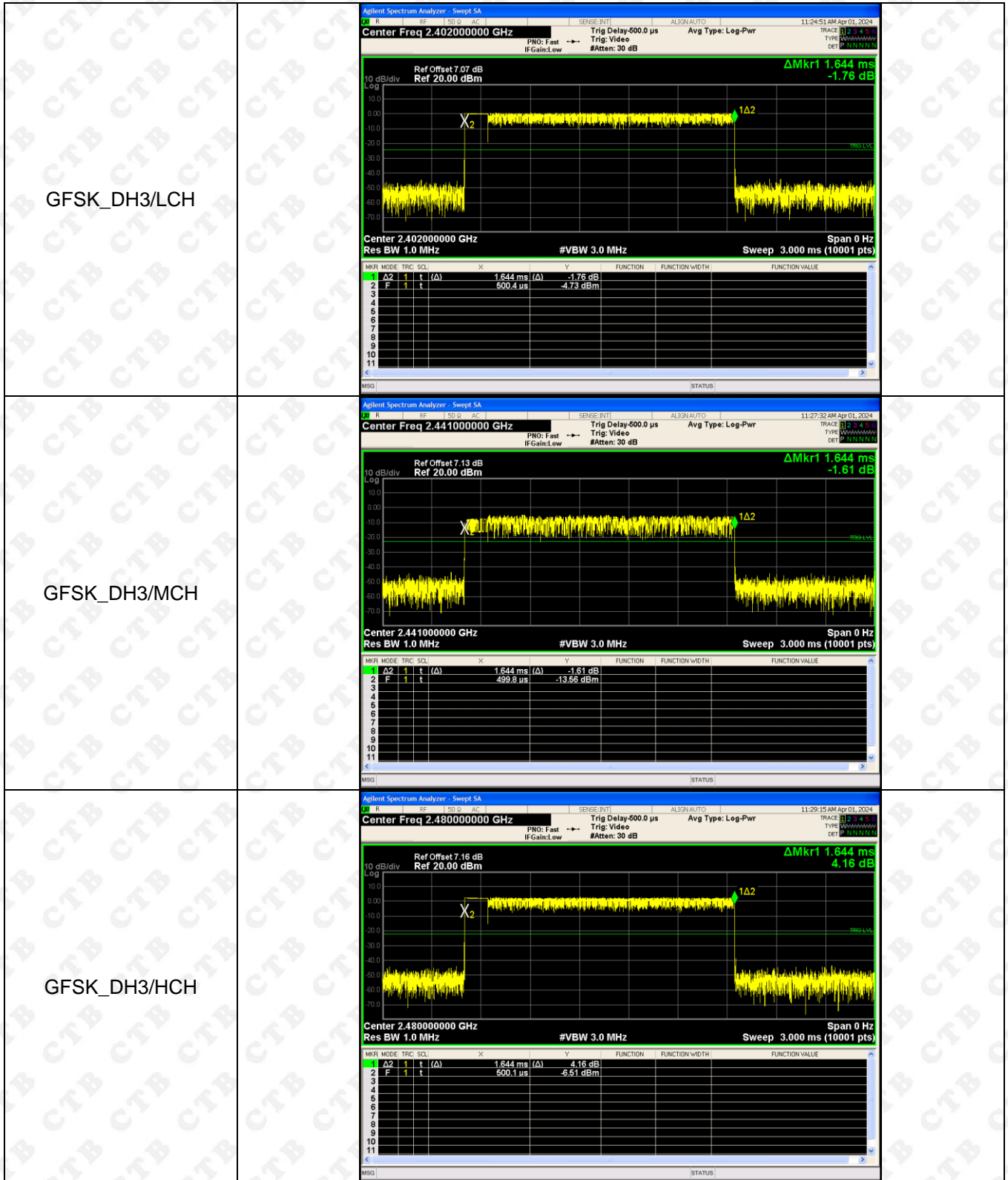


GFSK\_DH1/MCH

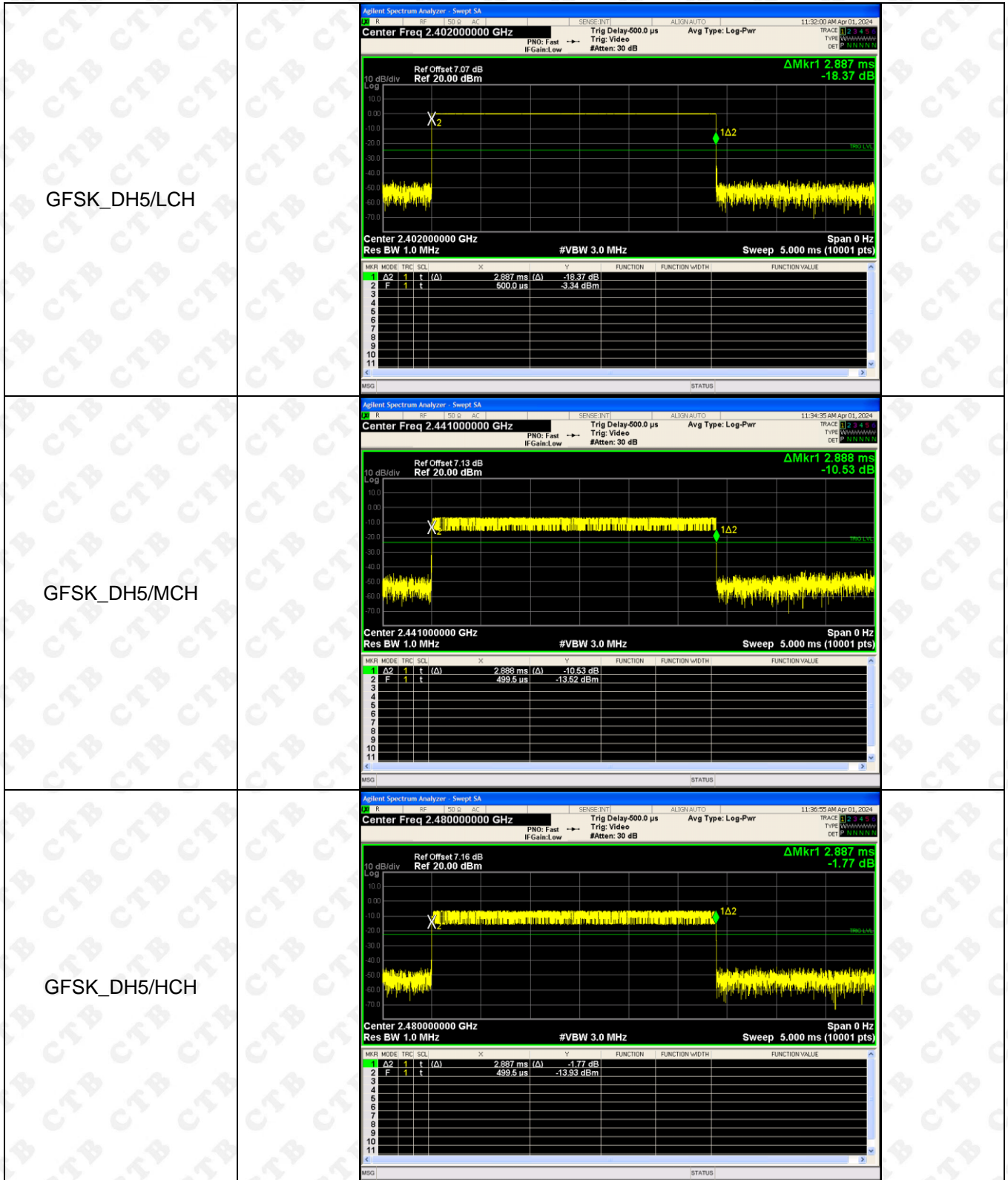


GFSK\_DH1/HCH









### 14. PSEUDORANDOM FREQUENCY

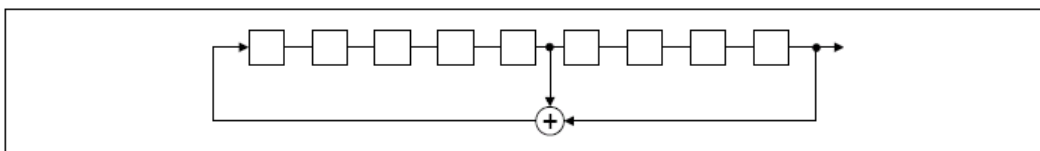
#### 14.1 Limit

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

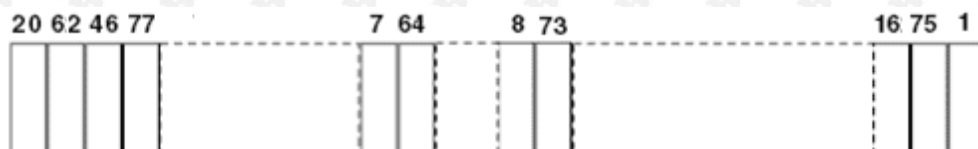
#### 14.2 Test procedure

The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:  $2^9 - 1 = 511$  bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their Corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 14.3 Test Result

The device does not have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.



**15. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT****15.203 requirement:**

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

**15.247(b) (4) requirement:**

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

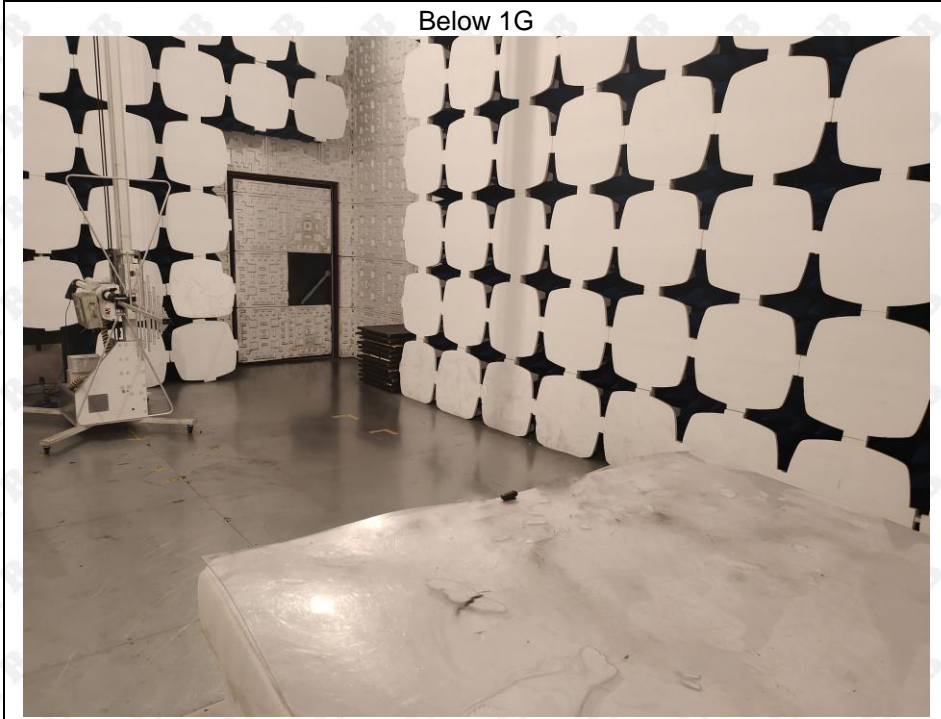
**EUT Antenna:**

The antenna is ceramic antenna. The best case gain of the antenna is 2.67dBi.

**16. EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**

## Radiated Emission

Below 1G



Above 1G





## Conducted emissions



\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*