



# FCC PART 15.231 TEST REPORT

On Behalf of

**Chengdu Moon Jia Technology Co., Ltd**

No.50, Group 7, Huanghe Village, Huaiyuan Town, Chongzhou City, Sichuan Province,  
China

**FCC ID: 2BEMG-BTX-SERIES**

**Model: BTX2, BTX3**

July 26, 2024

<b>This Report Concerns:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Report	<b>Equipment Type:</b> Wireless transmitter
<b>Test Engineer:</b> <u>LBi Li/ LBi Li</u>	
<b>Report Number:</b> <u>QCT24GR-1849E-01</u>	
<b>Test Date:</b> <u>July 16, 2024 ~ July 26, 2024</u>	
<b>Reviewed By:</b> <u>Gordon Tan/ Gordon Tan</u>	
<b>Approved By:</b> <u>Kendy Wang / Kendy Wang</u>	
<b>Prepared By:</b> Shenzhen QC Testing Laboratory Co., Ltd. East of 1/F., Building E, Xinghong Science Park, No.111, Shuiku Road, Fenghuanggang, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China <b>Tel:</b> 0755-23008269 <b>Fax:</b> 0755-23726780	





# Table of Contents

<b>1. GENERAL INFORMATION .....</b>	<b>4</b>
1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT) .....	4
1.2 System Test Configuration .....	4
1.3 Test Facility .....	5
1.4 Measurement Uncertainty .....	5
<b>2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>3. LIST OF TEST AND MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS .....</b>	<b>7</b>
3.1 Radiated Emission Test .....	7
3.2 RF Conducted test .....	7
<b>4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>5. RADIATED EMISSION METHOD .....</b>	<b>9</b>
5.1 Applicable Standard .....	9
5.2 Limit .....	9
5.3 Receiver setup .....	10
5.4 Test setup .....	10
5.5 Test Procedure .....	11
5.6 Test Data .....	11
<b>6. 20DB OCCUPY BANDWIDTH .....</b>	<b>15</b>
6.1 Applicable Standard .....	15
6.2 Limit .....	15
6.3 Test setup .....	15
6.4 Test Data .....	15
<b>7. DWELL TIME .....</b>	<b>17</b>
7.1 Applicable Standard .....	17
7.2 Limit .....	17
7.3 Test setup .....	17
7.4 Test Data .....	17
<b>8. DUTY CYCLE .....</b>	<b>18</b>
8.1 Applicable Standard .....	18
8.2 Limit .....	18
8.3 Test setup .....	18
8.4 Test Procedure .....	18
8.5 Test Data .....	18



## Revision History of This Test Report



## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Description	Wireless transmitter
Model No.	BTX2, BTX3
Model Difference:	All models in each series have similar construction with the same diagram circuit and PCB layout, but difference is the temperature and humidity sensors. All tests were conducted on the models (BTX2) and the test result was passed.
Tested Model	BTX2
Sample(s) Status	Engineer sample
Operation Frequency:	433.92 MHz
Channel numbers:	1
Modulation type:	ASK
Antenna Type:	Spring Antenna
Antenna gain <sup>*1</sup> :	0dBi
Power supply:	DC 3V
Trade Mark:	N/A
Applicant	Chengdu Moon Jia Technology Co., Ltd
Address	No.50, Group 7, Huanghe Village, Huaiyuan Town, Chongzhou City, Sichuan Province, China
Manufacturer	Chengdu Moon Jia Technology Co., Ltd
Address	No.50, Group 7, Huanghe Village, Huaiyuan Town, Chongzhou City, Sichuan Province, China
Sample No.	Y24G1849E01YN

Note: \*1This information provided by Manufacturer, SZ QC Lab is not responsible for the accuracy of this information.

### 1.2 System Test Configuration

#### 1.2.1 Support Equipment

N/A

#### 1.2.2 Test mode and voltage

Transmitting mode: Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting.

Test voltage: DC 3V



### 1.3 Test Facility

Test Firm: Shenzhen QC Testing Laboratory Co., Ltd.

The testing quality ability of our laboratory meet with "Quality Law of People's Republic of China" Clause 19. The testing quality system of our laboratory meets with ISO/IEC-17025 requirements. This approval result is accepted by MRA of APLAC.

Our test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS – Registration No.: L8464

The EMC Laboratory has been accredited by CNAS, and in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General Requirements for testing Laboratories.

A2LA Certificate Number: 6759.01

The EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA, and in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General Requirements for testing Laboratories.

FCC Registration Number: 561109

The EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications commission.

IC Registration Number: 29628

CAB identifier: CN0141

The EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (IC) Industry Canada.

### 1.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	$\pm 1.42 \times 10^{-4}\%$
RF output power, conducted	$\pm 1.06\text{dB}$
Power Spectral Density, conducted	$\pm 1.06\text{dB}$
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	$\pm 2.51\text{dB}$
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	$\pm 1.80\text{dB}$
Radiated Spurious Emission test (9kHz-30MHz)	$\pm 2.66\text{dB}$
Radiated Spurious Emission test (30MHz-1000MHz)	$\pm 4.04\text{dB}$
Radiated Spurious Emission test (1000MHz-18000MHz)	$\pm 4.70 \text{ dB}$
Radiated Spurious Emission test (18GHz-40GHz)	$\pm 4.80\text{dB}$
Temperature	$\pm 0.8^\circ\text{C}$
Humidity	$\pm 3.2\%$
DC and low frequency voltages	$\pm 0.1\%$
Time	$\pm 5\%$
Duty cycle	$\pm 5\%$

Note: This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2



## 2. Summary of Test Results

Test Item	Section	Result
Antenna Requirement	15.203	Pass
Conduction Emission	15.207	N/A
Field strength of the Fundamental Signal	15.231 (b)	Pass
Spurious Emissions	15.231 (b)/15.209	Pass
20dB Bandwidth	15.231 (c)	Pass
Dwell Time	15.231 (a)(1)	Pass
Duty Cycle	15.231	Pass

**Note:**

1. Pass: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.
2. Test according to ANSI C63.10:2013
- 3.. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by Shenzhen QC Testing Laboratory Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.



### 3. List of Test and Measurement Instruments

#### 3.1 Radiated Emission Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal.Due
1.	Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV 40	101458	2024.03.14	2025.03.13
2.	Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	2133	2024.07.21	2026.07.20
3.	Logarithmic compound broadband Antenna	SCKWARZBECK	VULB9168	VULB9168-1-588	2023.04.01	2025.03.31
4.	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB 7	2277573376	2024.03.14	2025.03.13
5.	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI	101131	2024.03.14	2025.03.13
6.	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	02069	2023.04.01	2025.03.31
7.	Horn Antenna	COM-MW	ZLB7-18-40G -950	12221225	2023.01.12	2025.01.09
8.	Amplifier	R&S	BBV9721	9721-031	2024.03.14	2025.03.13
9.	Amplifier	HPX	BP-01G-18G	210902	2024.03.14	2025.03.13
10.	Pre-amplifier	COM-MW	DLAN-18000 -40000-02	10229104	2024.03.14	2025.03.13
11.	966 Chamber	ZhongYu Electron	9*6*6	/	2022.07.25	2025.07.24
Radiated Emission Measurement Software: EZ_EMC						

#### 3.2 RF Conducted test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal.Due
1.	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CW500	151583	2024.03.14	2025.03.13
2.	Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE& SCHWARZ	FSV 40	101458	2024.03.14	2025.03.13
3.	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50141563	2024.03.14	2025.03.13
4.	RF Automatic Test System	MW	MW100-RFCB/ MW100-PSB	MW2007004	2024.03.14	2025.03.13
RF Conducted Measurement Software: MTS 8310						



## 4. Antenna requirement

**Standard requirement:** FCC Part15 C Section 15.203

15.203 requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

**EUT Antenna:** The antenna is Spring Antenna, reference to the Internal Photos for details.



## 5. Radiated Emission Method

### 5.1 Applicable Standard

FCC Part15 C Section 15.231 (b)& Section 15.209

### 5.2 Limit

In addition to the provisions of Section 15.205, the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated under this Section shall not exceed the following:

Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength of Fundamental (microvolt/meter) at 3m	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions (microvolt/meter) at 3m
40.66~40.70	2250	225
70~130	1250	125
130~174	1250 to 3750(**)	125 to 375(**)
174~260	3750	375
260~470	3750 to 12500(**)	375 to 1250(**)
Above 470	12500	1250

\*\* Linear interpolations, the formulas for calculating the maximum permitted fundamental field strengths are as follows:

- (1) for the band 130~174 MHz, uV/m at 3 meters=  $56.81818(F)-6136.3636$ ;
- (2) for the band 260~470 MHz, uV/m at 3 meter=  $41.6667(F)-7083.3333$ .
- (3) The maximum permitted unwanted emissions level is 20 dB below the maximum permitted fundamental level. In addition field strength of any emissions which appear inside of the restriction band shall not exceed the general radiated emissions limits in FCC Part15.209.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

- (1) The tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- (2) For above 30MHz:  
Emission Level(dBuV/m)=20log Emission Level(uV/m)  
For 0.009~0.490MHz:

Emission Level(dBuV/m)=20log Emission Level(uV/m) +40log(300/3)

For 0.049~30MHz:

Emission Level(dBuV/m)=20log Emission Level(uV/m) +40log(30/3)

So the field strength of emission limits have been calculated in below table.

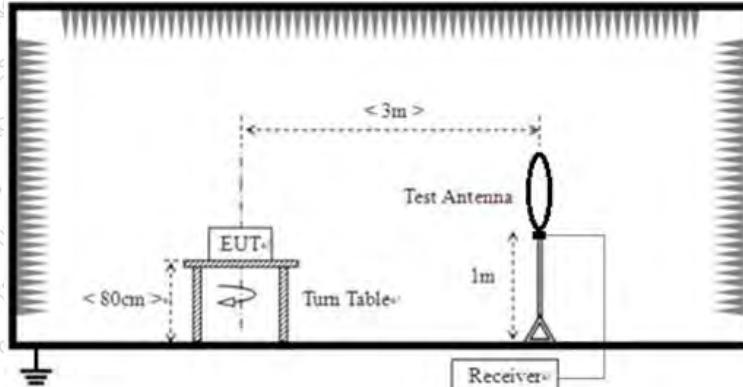
<b>Fundamental Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Field Strength of Fundamental (microvolt/meter) at 3m</b>
433.92 MHz	80.82 (Average)
433.92 MHz	100.82 (Peak)

### 5.3 Receiver setup

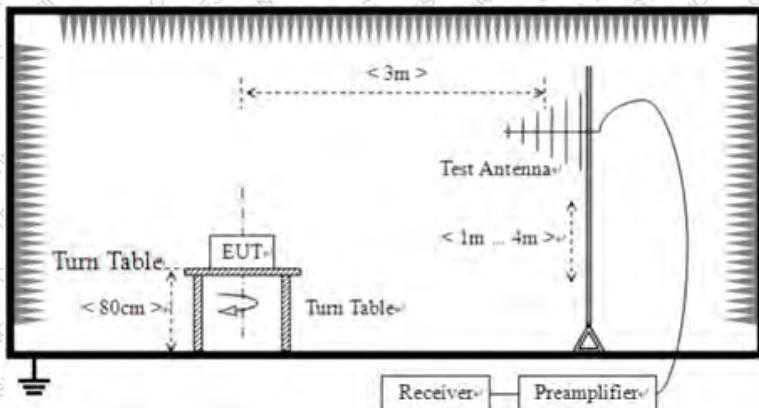
Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Value
9KHz-150KHz	Quasi-peak	200Hz	600Hz	Quasi-peak
150KHz-30MHz	Quasi-peak	9KHz	30KHz	Quasi-peak
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	100KHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average

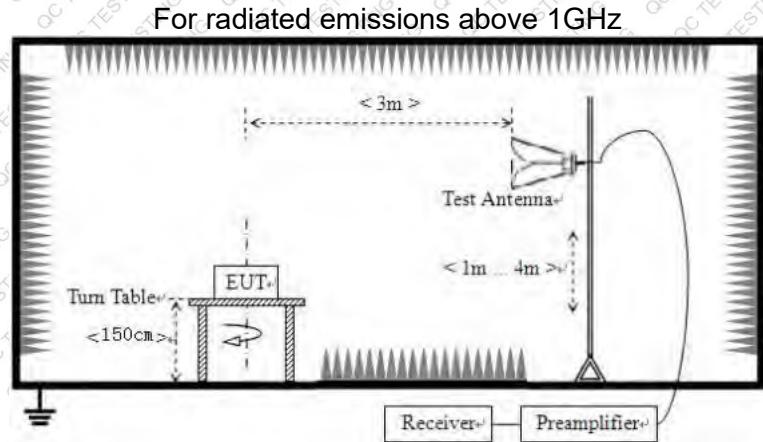
### 5.4 Test setup

For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz





## 5.5 Test Procedure

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table (0.8 meters for below 1GHz and 1.5 meters for above 1GHz) above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

## 5.6 Test Data

Temperature	26°C	Humidity	54%
ATM Pressure	101.1kPa	Antenna Gain	0dBi
Test by	LBi Li	Test result	PASS

### Measurement data:

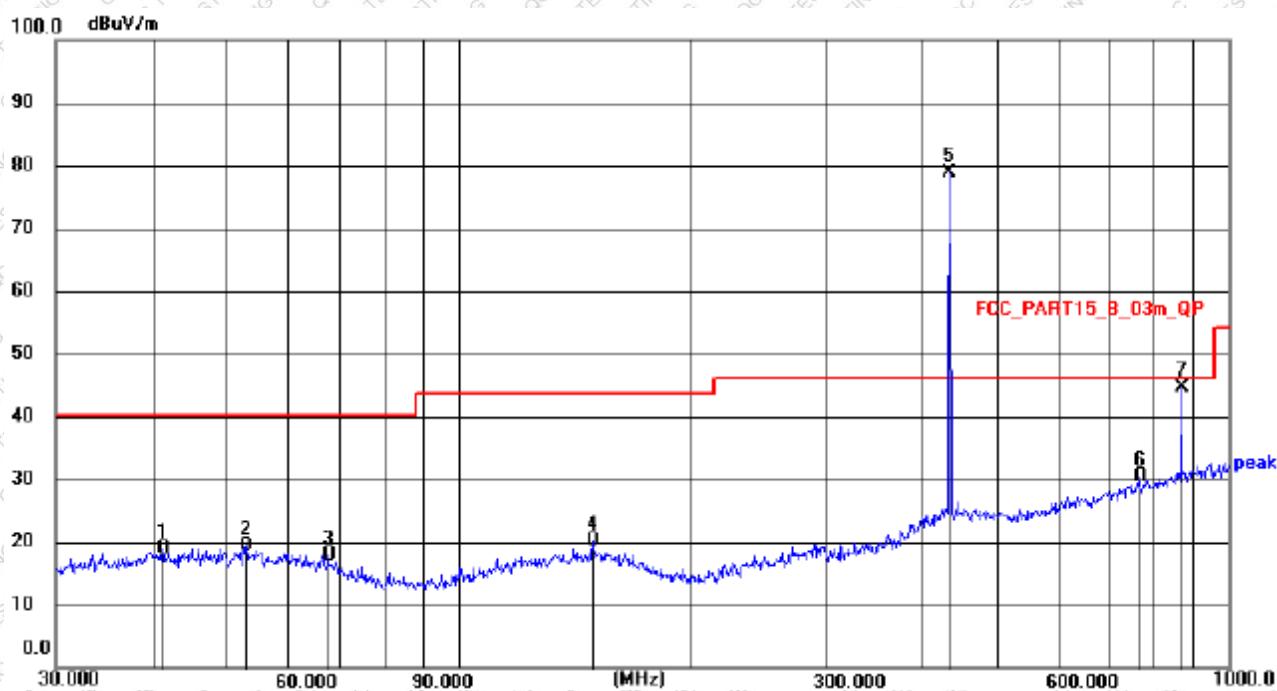
9 kHz ~ 30 MHz

1. The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.
2. Both models BTX2 and BTX3 were tested and worst case was found in BTX2, so only the test results for BTX2 were recorded.



Below 1GHz:

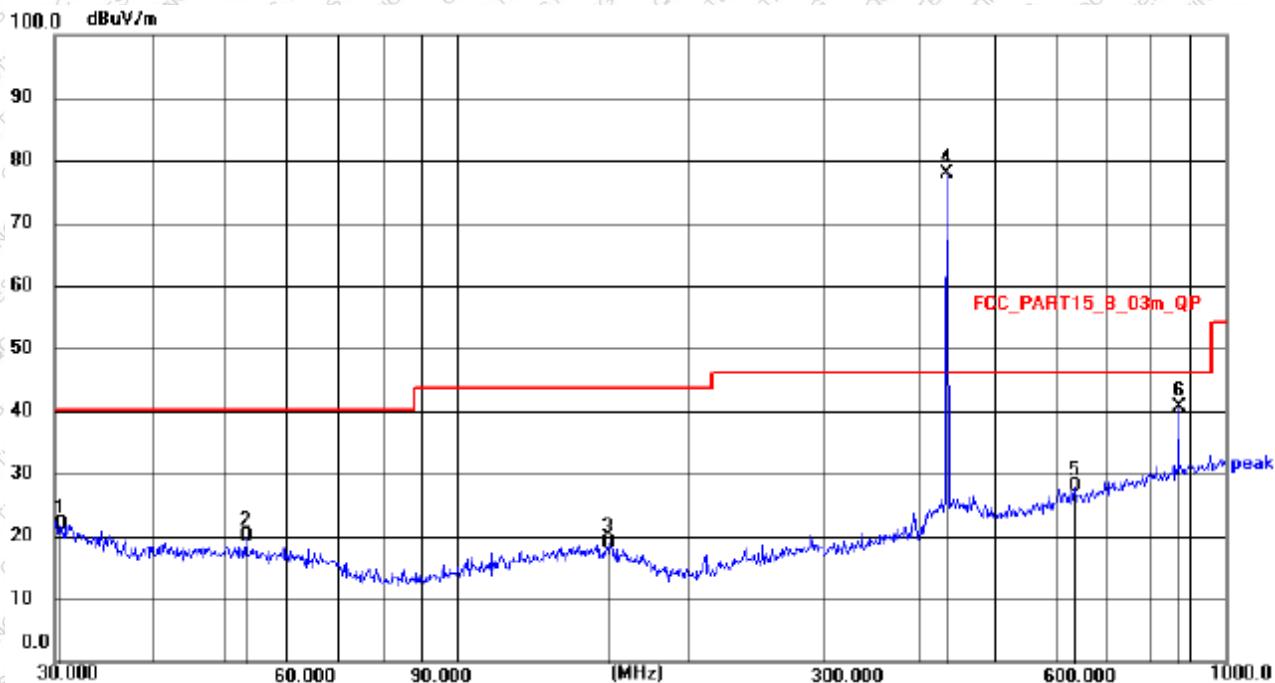
Horizontal



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	41.2764	4.21	14.77	18.98	40.00	21.02	QP
2	52.9453	5.05	14.41	19.46	40.00	20.54	QP
3	67.6751	5.27	12.71	17.98	40.00	22.02	QP
4	149.4857	5.62	14.55	20.17	43.50	23.33	QP
5 *	433.9200	60.39	18.57	78.96	100.82	21.86	peak
6	766.0570	6.32	23.96	30.28	46.00	15.72	QP
7	867.8540	18.83	25.89	44.72	80.82	36.10	peak



Vertical



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	30.5304	9.35	12.55	21.90	40.00	18.10	QP
2	53.1313	5.73	14.18	19.91	40.00	20.09	QP
3	157.0072	4.54	14.40	18.94	43.50	24.56	QP
4 *	433.9200	59.55	18.27	77.82	100.82	23.00	peak
5	636.1340	5.94	21.86	27.80	46.00	18.20	QP
6	867.8680	14.80	25.71	40.51	80.82	40.31	peak



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Factor Corr.	Average Factor	Result (dB $\mu$ V/m)		Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)		Margin (dB)		Polarization
				PEAK (dB)	(dB)	AV	PEAK	AV	PEAK	
867.8540	18.83	25.89	-4.70	40.02	44.72	60.82	80.82	20.80	36.10	Horizontal
867.8680	14.80	25.71	-4.70	35.81	40.51	60.82	80.82	25.01	40.31	Vertical

### Above 1G:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Factor Corr.	Average Factor	Result (dB $\mu$ V/m)		Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)		Margin (dB)		Polarization
				PEAK (dB)	(dB)	AV	PEAK	AV	PEAK	
1301.748	64.35	-14.91	-4.70	44.74	49.44	54	74	9.26	24.56	Horizontal
1735.692	59.36	-13.96	-4.70	40.70	45.40	60.82	80.82	20.12	35.42	
2169.583	59.58	-11.96	-4.70	42.92	47.62	60.82	80.82	17.90	33.20	
3037.412	56.11	-8.58	-4.70	42.83	47.53	60.82	80.82	17.99	33.29	
5893.452	51.05	-3.92	-4.70	42.43	47.13	60.82	80.82	18.39	33.69	
1301.750	63.33	-14.81	-4.70	43.82	48.52	54	74	10.18	25.48	
1735.684	59.73	-14.20	-4.70	40.83	45.53	60.82	80.82	19.99	35.29	
2169.596	59.39	-11.99	-4.70	42.70	47.40	60.82	80.82	18.12	33.42	
3037.408	55.86	-8.47	-4.70	42.69	47.39	60.82	80.82	18.13	33.43	
5893.452	52.17	-3.75	-4.70	43.72	48.42	60.82	80.82	17.10	32.40	

### Field Strength of The Fundamental Signal

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Factor Corr.	Average Factor	Result (dB $\mu$ V/m)		Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)		Margin (dB)		Polarization
				PEAK (dB)	(dB)	AV	PEAK	AV	PEAK	
433.92	60.39	18.57	-4.70	74.26	78.96	80.82	100.82	6.56	21.86	Horizontal
433.92	59.55	18.27	-4.70	73.12	77.82	80.82	100.82	7.70	23.00	Vertical

#### Remarks:

1. Level = Reading + Factor
2. Average value=Peak value + Duty cycle factor
3. If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

## 6. 20dB Occupy Bandwidth

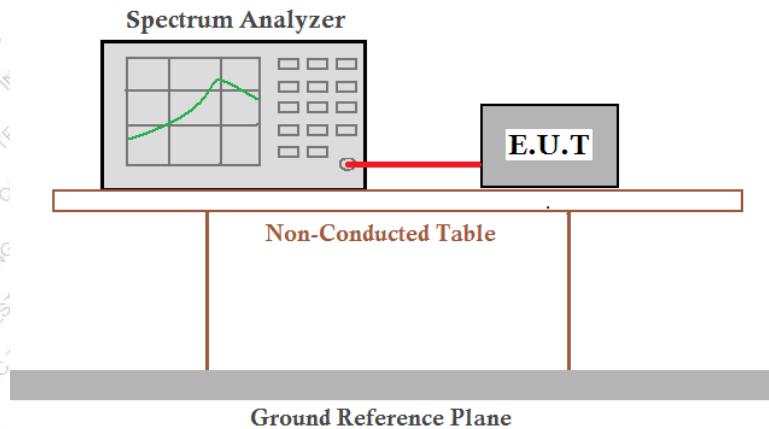
### 6.1 Applicable Standard

FCC Part15 C Section 15.231 (c)

### 6.2 Limit

The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25% of the center frequency for devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5% of the center frequency. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20 dB down from the modulated carrier.

### 6.3 Test setup



### 6.4 Test Data

Temperature	23 °C	Humidity	52%
ATM Pressure	101.1kPa	Antenna Gain	0dBi
Test by	LBi Li	Test result	PASS

Please refer to following table and plots.

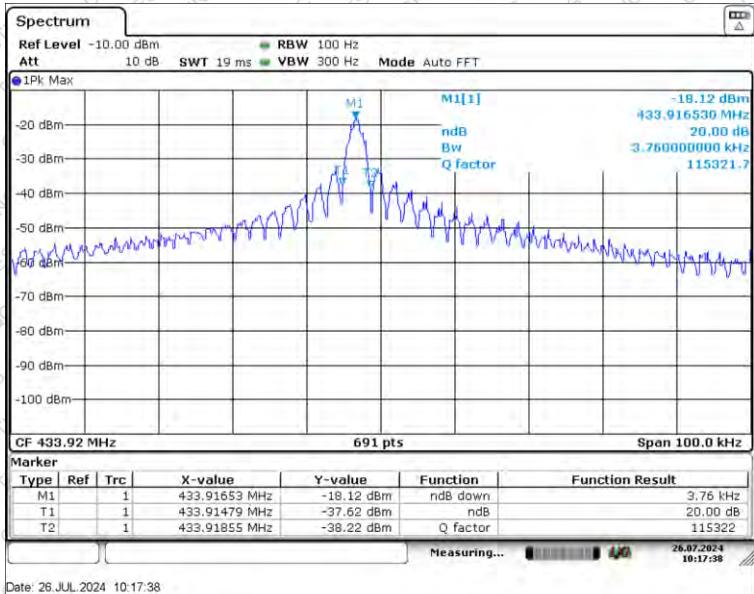


Test Frequency (MHz)	20dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
433.92	0.00376	1.085	Pass

Note: Limit= Fundamental frequency×0.25%

$$433.92 \times 0.25\% = 1.085 \text{ MHz}$$

Test plot as follows:



## 7. Dwell Time

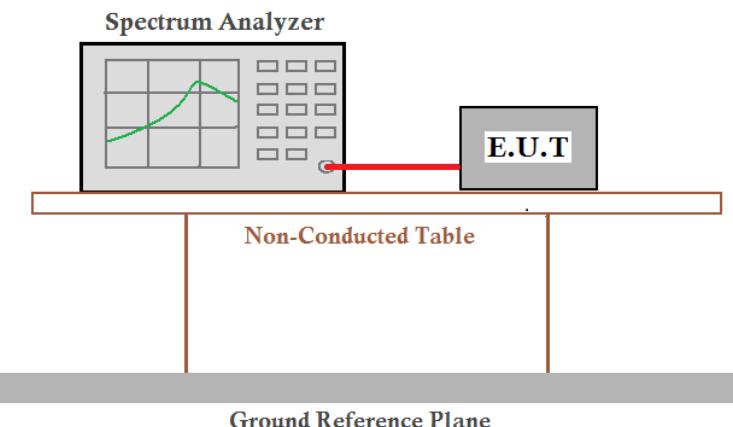
### 7.1 Applicable Standard

FCC Part15 C Section 15.231 (a)(1)

### 7.2 Limit

Not more than 5 seconds.

### 7.3 Test setup

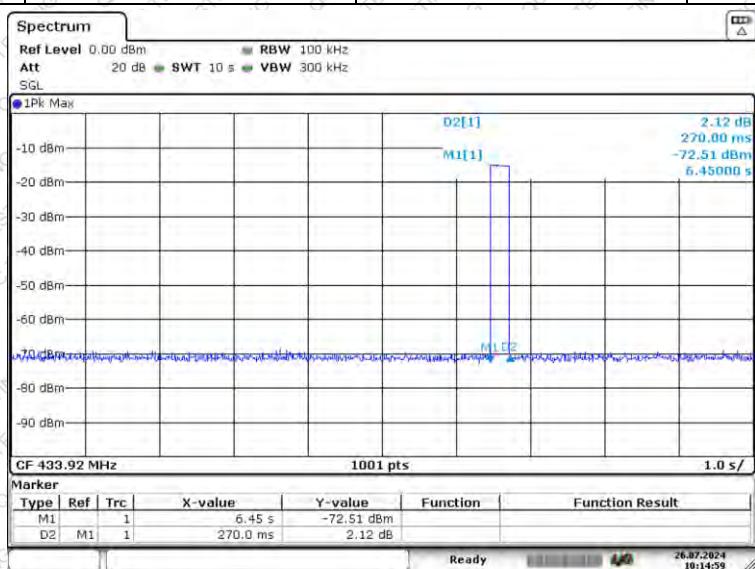


### 7.4 Test Data

Temperature	23 °C	Humidity	52%
ATM Pressure	101.1kPa	Antenna Gain	0dBi
Test by	LBi Li	Test result	PASS

Please refer to following table and plots.

Frequency (MHz)	Duration of each TX (second)	Limit (second)	Result
433.92	0.270	<5.0	Pass



## 8. Duty Cycle

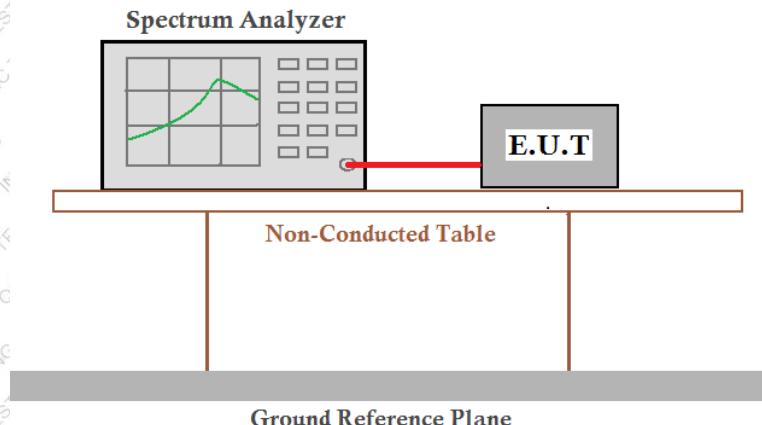
### 8.1 Applicable Standard

FCC Part15 C Section 15.231

### 8.2 Limit

No dedicated limit specified in the Rules.

### 8.3 Test setup



### 8.4 Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set centre frequency of spectrum analyzer=operating frequency.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW=100kHz, VBW=100KHz, Span=0Hz, Adjust Sweep=100ms to obtain the “worst-case” pulse on time
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured was complete.

### 8.5 Test Data

2	Temperature	23 °C	Humidity	52%
	ATM Pressure	101.1kPa	Antenna Gain	0dBi
	Test by	LBi Li	Test result	PASS

Please refer to following table and plots.

Calculate Formula: Duty cycle factor = $20 \log(\text{Duty cycle})$

Duty cycle=on time/0.1 seconds or period, whichever is less

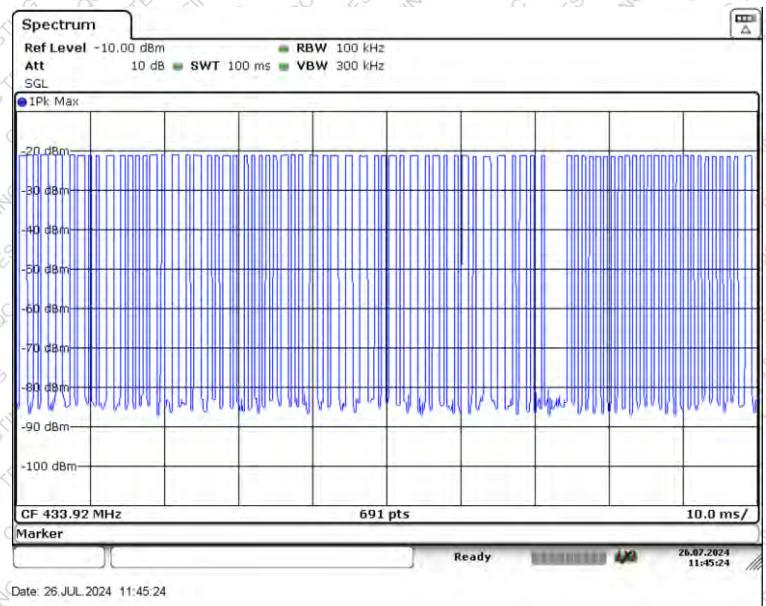
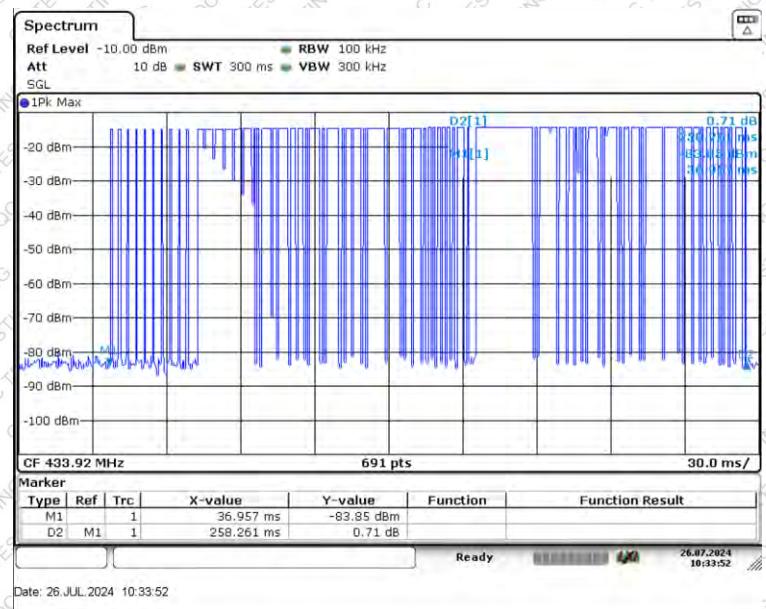
Test data:

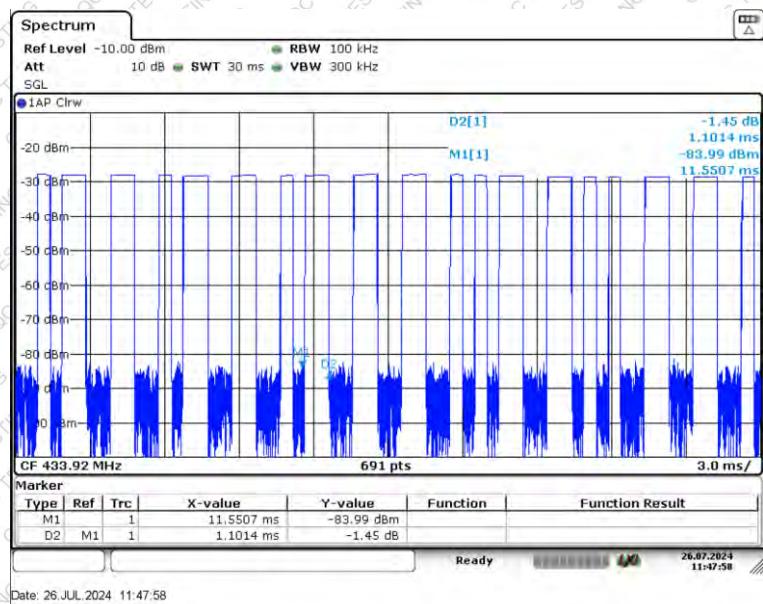
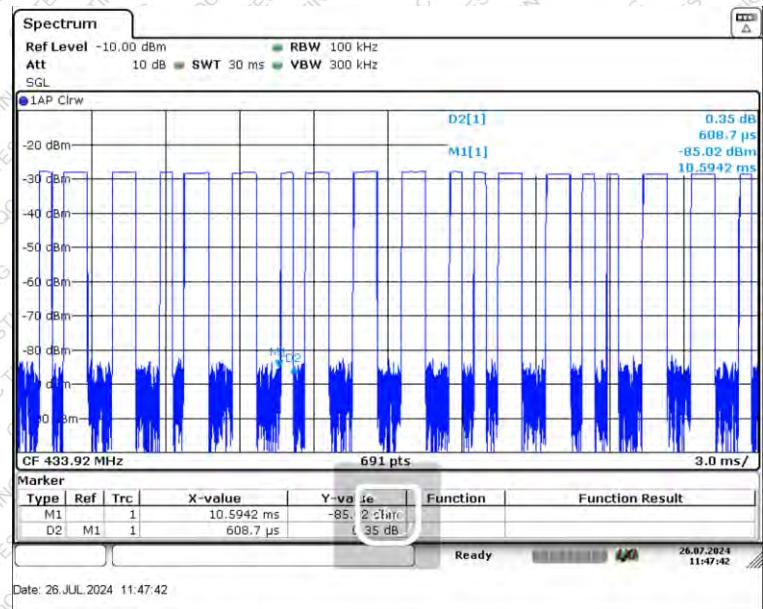
$T_{\text{on time}} = 23 \times 1.1014 + 54 \times 0.6087 = 58.202(\text{ms})$

$T_{\text{period}} = 100(\text{ms})$

$\text{Duty cycle} = 58.202/100 = 0.58202 = 58.202\%$

$\text{Duty cycle factor} = 20 \log(0.58202) = -4.70$





----- THE END OF TEST REPORT -----