<b>D</b> NGHAN		Project N	No.: ZHT-240119018 Page 1 c
Report Number	FCC TEST FCC ID:2E	BEET-C9	5
Date of Test			
Date of issue	: Jan. 30, 2024	B	
Testing Laboratory	:: Guangdong Zho	nghan Testing Technolog	y Co., Ltd.
Address		ng 1, Yibaolai Industrial Par 'an District, Shenzhen, Gua	
Applicant's name	: Shenzhen Oukai	Automotive Technology	Co., Ltd
Address		ea Tree Industrial Zone, Xia y, Xixiang Street, Bao'an Di	
Manufacturer's name	:: 208, Building B, T		aweiyuan New Villag
Test specification:			(d.
Standard	KDB789033 D02	oart E 15.407 General U-NII Test Procedu Multiple Transmitter Output	
Test procedure	:: ANSI C63.10:201	3	
Non-standard test method		B	ð
This device described above ha test (EUT) is in compliance with identified in the report. This report shall not be reproduce be altered or revised by ZHT, per Product name	the IC requirements. An ced except in full, withou ersonal only, and shall be	nd it is applicable only to the It the written approval of Z⊢	e tested sample IT, this document m
Trademark			
Model/Type reference		6. EC04. EC05. EC06. EC	08
Model Difference			1
	( 1)		

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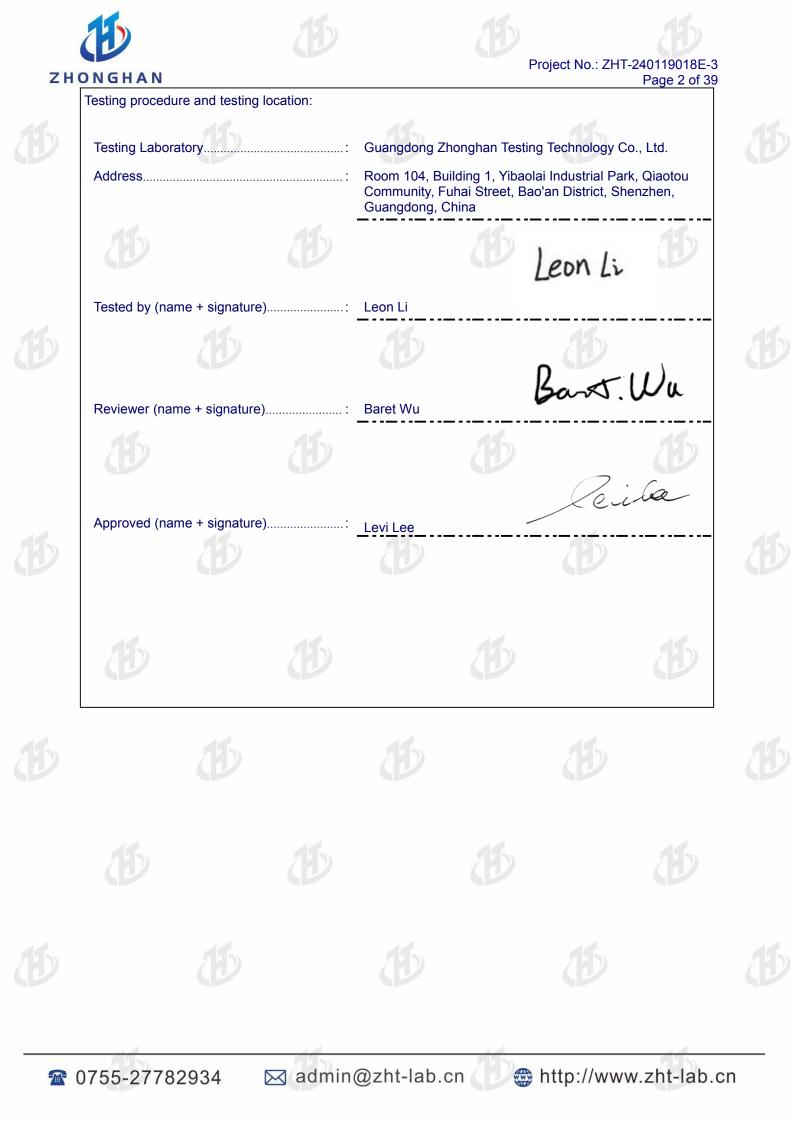






Table of Contonto

	Table of Contents		Page
1. VERSION			5
2.SUMMARY OF TEST RESU	ILTS		6
2.1 TEST FACILITY	5:5 5:	5	
2.2 MEASUREMENT UNC	ERTAINTY		7
3. GENERAL INFORMATION			8
3.1 GENERAL DESCRIPT	ION OF EUT		
3.3 BLOCK DIGRAM SHO	WING THE CONFIGURATION OF S	SYSTEM TESTED	
	PPORT UNITS(CONDUCTED MOD		
	OR ALL TEST ITEMS		
	ON MEASUREMENT		
	ON MEASUREMENT ONDUCTED EMISSION Limits		
	JRE		
	OM TEST STANDARD		
4.1.5 EUT OPERATING	G CONDITIONS		15
4.1.6 TEST RESULTS			
4.2 RADIATED EMISSION	MEASUREMENT		18
4.2.1 APPLICABLE ST	TANDARD		18
	E LIMIT		-
Contraction of the second s	STRUMENTS		and the second se
	RATION		
4.2.5 TEST PROCEDU	JRE		
	ITY TEST		
	DURES / LIMIT		
	۲E		
	I STANDARD		-
	CONDITIONS		
			-
	DURES / LIMIT		
	CONDITIONS		
	UTPUT POWER	7.00	
7 1 PPI JED PROCEDURE	S / LIMIT		





æ	Table of Contents		Page
7.2 TEST PROCEDURE			31
7.3 DEVIATION FROM STAND	ARD		
7.4 TEST SETUP			
7.5 EUT OPERATION CONDIT	ONS	(11)	32
7.6 TEST RESULTS			
8.OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS			
8.1 APPLICABLE STANDARD			
8.2 TEST PROCEDURE	(12)		
8.3 DEVIATION FROM STAND	ARD		
8.4 TEST SETUP			
8.5 EUT OPERATION CONDIT	ONS		
8.6 TEST RESULTS	5		
9.SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EN	ISSIONS		
9.1 CONFORMANCE LIMIT			
9.3 TEST SETUP			
9.4 TEST PROCEDURE			
9.5 TEST RESULTS			
10.ANTENNA REQUIREMENT			
11. TEST SETUP PHOTO			
12. EUT CONSTRUCTIONAL DET	AILS		







# 1. VERSION

II VERGIOIT				
Report No.	Version	Description	Approved	
ZHT-240119018E-3	Rev.01	Initial issue of report	Jan. 30, 2024	
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Test procedures according to the technical standards:

Standard Section	Test Item	Judgment	Remark
15.209(a), 15.407 (b)(1) 15.407 (b)(4)	Spurious Radiated Emissions	PASS	
15.207	Conducted Emission	PASS	
15.407 (a)(12)	26 dB and 99% Emission Bandwidth	PASS	
15.407(e)	6 dB bandwidth	PASS	
15.407 (a)(1) 15.407 (a)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	PASS	
2.1051, 15.407(b)(1) 15.407(b)(4)	Band Edge	PASS	B
15.407 (a)(1) 15.407 (a)(3)	Power Spectral Density	PASS	
2.1051, 15.407(b)	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	PASS	
15.203	15.203 Antenna Requirement		
15.407(g)	Frequency Stability Measurement	PASS	

NOTE:

(1)" N/A" denotes test is not applicable in this Test Report

(2) The product meets the requirements of 15.407 (C) standard

Operation in the absence of information to the transmit:

While the EUT is not transmitting any information, the EUT can automatically discontinue transmission and become standby mode for power saving. The EUT can detect the controlling signal of ASK message transmitting from remote device and verify whether it shall resend or discontinue transmission. (manufacturer declare )

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### 2.1 TEST FACILITY

Guangdong Zhonghan Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

Add. : Room 104, Building 1, Yibaolai Industrial Park, Qiaotou Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

C Registered No.: 29832 CAB identifier: CN0143

### 2.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The reported uncertainty of measurement y  $\pm$ U, where expended uncertainty U is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of k=2, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95%.

No.	Item	Uncertainty
1	3m camber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	U=4.3dB
2	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	U=4.5dB
3	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	U=3.34dB
4	Conducted Adjacent channel power	U=1.38dB
5	All emissions radiated(9k-30MHz)	U=4.68dB
6	Conducted output power uncertainty Above 1G	U=1.576dB
7	Conducted output power uncertainty below 1G	U=1.28dB
8	humidity uncertainty	U=5.3%
9	Temperature uncertainty	<b>U=0.59</b> ℃
10	Radiated disturbance(30MHz- 1000MHz)	U=4.8dB
11	Radiated disturbance(1GHz- 6GHz)	U=4.9dB
12	Radiated disturbance(1GHz- 18GHz)	U=5.0dB
13	Occupied Bandwidth	U=4.96dB
14	RF Power Density	U=0.77dB

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# 3.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

	Product Name:	Car Ai Box	
	Test Model No.:	C9	
1		IEEE 802.11 WLAN Mode Supported	<ul> <li>⊠ 802.11a/n (20MHz channel bandwidth)</li> <li>⊠ 802.11n (40MHz channel bandwidth)</li> <li>□ 802.11ac(80MHz channel bandwidth)</li> </ul>
		Data Rate	802.11a: 6,9,12,18,24,36,48,54Mbps; 802.11n(HT20/HT40):MCS0-MCS7;
		Modulation	OFDM with BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM for 802.11a/n/ac;
	Product Description	Operating Frequency Range	<ul> <li>☐ 5180-5240MHz for 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac20;</li> <li>5190-5230MHz for 802.11n(HT40)/ac40;</li> <li>5210MHz for 802.11 ac80;</li> <li>☑ 5745-5825 MHz for802.11a/n(HT20)/ac20;</li> <li>5755-5795 MHz for 802.11a/n(HT40)/ac40;</li> <li>5775MHz for 802.11 ac80;</li> </ul>
a		Number of Channels	□ 4 channels for 802.11a/n20/ac20 in the 5180-5240MHz band ; 2 channels for 802.11 n40/ac40 in the 5190-5230 MHz band ; 1 channels for 802.11 ac80 in the 5210MHz band ; $\boxed{5}$ 5 channels for 802.11a/n20/ac20 in the 5745-5825MHz band ;
		Ċ	2 channels for 802.11 n40/ac40 in the 5755-5795 MHz band ; 1 channels for 802.11 ac80 in the 5775MHz band ;
	Channel List	Please refer to the	Note 2.
	Antenna Type and	DCD Antonno 2.00	
	Antenna gain:	PCB Antenna, 2.90	
	Worst Case:	5.8G WIFI 802.11a	
	Power supply:	Input: DC 5V, 1A	
	SWITCHING POWER	1	
	Sample Number:	240119018E-1#	
	Noto:		

# Note:

For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User's Manual.







C	Channel	Frequenc y (MHz)	Channel	Frequenc y (MHz)	Channel	Frequenc y (MHz)	Channel	Frequenc y (MHz)
	36	5180	44	5220	40	5200	48	5240
			802 11r	n /ac(40MHz)	Frequency	Channel		
0	Channel	Frequenc y (MHz)	Channel	Frequenc y (MHz)	Channel	Frequenc y (MHz)	Channel	Frequenc y (MHz)
	30	5190						
		802	.11ac(80MH	z) Frequenc	y Channel		3	
		Channel		F	requency (N	1Hz)		
Ð	)	42	Ð		5210	B		





## 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

#### Transmitting mode Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode

Remark: During the test, the dutycycle >98%, the test voltage was tuned from 85% to 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage, and found that the worst case was under the nominal rated supply condition. So the report just shows that condition's data.

Pretest Mode	Description
Mode 1	802.11a / n 20/ CH149 / CH157 / CH16
Mode 2	802.11n 40/CH151/ CH159
Mode 3	Link Mode

Final Test Mode	Description	
Mode 4	Link Mode	

J	For Radiated Emission			
4	Final Test Mode	Description		
	Mode 1	802.11a / n 20/ CH149 / CH157 / CH16		
	Mode 2	802.11n 40/CH151/ CH159		

# Note:

(1) The measurements are performed at all Bit Rate of Transmitter, the worst data was reported.





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# 3.3 BLOCK DIGRAM SHOWING THE CONFIGURATION OF SYSTEM TESTED

Radiated Emission			
Adapter EUT			
Conducted Spurious       Adapter    EUT	æ		

### 3.4 DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS(CONDUCTED MODE)

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note
1	AC Adapter	Huawei	HW-050450C00	1	AE
C	2	C			C

Item	Shielded Type	Ferrite Core	Length	Note		
		15	×			
1				(1)		

## Note:

- (1) The support equipment was authorized by Declaration of Confirmation.
- (2) For detachable type I/O cable should be specified the length in cm in  $\[$  Length  $\]$  column.
- (3) The test software is the SecureCRTPortable.exe which can set the EUT into the individual test modes.

802.11a/802.11n(HT20)/802.11ac(HT20) Power set point:63 802.11n /ac(40MHz)Power set point:44 802.11ac(80MHz)Power set point:44





# 3.5 EQUIPMENTS LIST FOR ALL TEST ITEMS

# Radiation Test equipment



Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal.	Next Cal.
1	Receiver	R&S	ESCI	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
2	Loop antenna	EMCI	LAP600	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
3	Amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743 B	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
4	Amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9718 B	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
5	Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9162	May 17, 2023	May 16, 2024
6	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	May 17, 2023	May 16, 2024
7	Horn Antenna	A.H.SYSTEMS	SAS574	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
8	Amplifier	AEROFLEX	100KHz-40GHz	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
9	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
10	966 Anechoic Chamber	EMToni	9m6m6m	Nov. 25, 2021	Nov. 24, 2024
11	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
12	WIDBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	R&S	CMW500	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
13	Single Generator	Agilent	N5182A	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
14	Power Sensor	MWRFtest	MW100-RFCB	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
15	Audio analyzer	R&S	UPL	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
16	Single Generator	R&S	SMB100A	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
17	Power Amplifier Shielding Room	EMToni	2m3m3m	Nov. 25, 2021	Nov. 24, 2024







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Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal.	Next Cal.
Receiver	R&S	ESCI	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
LISN	R&S	ENV216	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
ISN CAT 6	Schwarzbeck	NTFM 8158	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
ISN CAT 5	Schwarzbeck	CAT5 8158	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
Capacitive Voltage Probe	Schwarzbeck	CVP 9222 C	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
Current Transformer Clamp	Schwarzbeck	SW 9605	May 12, 2023	May 11, 2024
CE Shielding Room	EMToni	9m4m3m	Nov. 25, 2021	Nov. 24, 2024



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# 4.1 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.207	
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013	
Test Frequency Range	150KHz to 30MHz	1
Receiver setup:	RBW=9KHz, VBW=30KHz, Sweep time=auto	C

## 4.1.1 POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION Limits

	Limit (	Standard				
FREQUENCY (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average	Standard			
0.15 -0.5	66 - 56 *	56 - 46 *	FCC			
0.50 -5.0	56.00	46.00	FCC			
5.0 -30.0	60.00	50.00	FCC			

Note:

(1) \*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

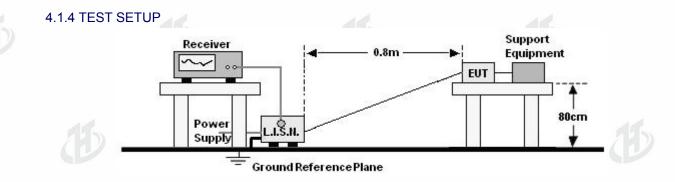
# 4.1.2 TEST PROCEDURE

- a. The EUT was placed 0.8 meters from the horizontal ground plane with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). All other support equipments powered from additional LISN(s). The LISN provide 50 Ohm/ 50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
- b. Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long.
- c. I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.
- d. LISN at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.
- e. For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related Item -EUT Test Photos.

# 4.1.3 DEVIATION FROM TEST STANDARD No deviation







# 4.1.5 EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

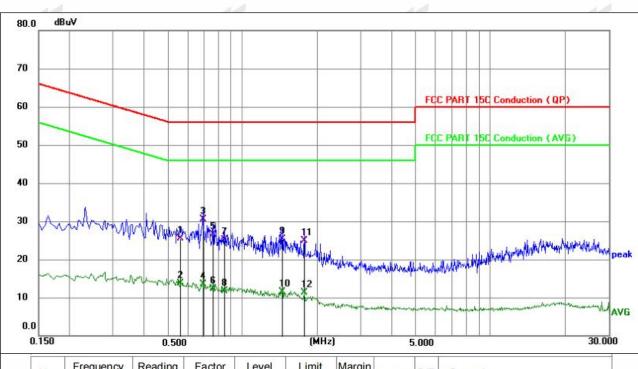
The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.





# Project No.: ZHT-240119018E-3 Page 16 of 39

Temperature:	<b>24.3</b> ℃	Relative Humidity :	50%	
Pressure:	101kPa	Phase :	L	
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz			



Remark	P/F	Detector	Margin (dB)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Reading (dBuV)	Frequency (MHz)	No.
	P	QP	-30.41	56.00	25.59	9.71	15.88	0.5639	1
	Р	AVG	-32.29	46.00	13.71	9.71	4.00	0.5639	2
	P	QP	-25.55	56.00	30.45	9.72	20.73	0.6900	3 *
	Ρ	AVG	-32.40	46.00	<mark>13.60</mark>	9.72	3.88	0.6900	4
	P	QP	-29.48	56.00	26.52	9.72	16.80	0.7620	5
	P	AVG	-33.70	46.00	12.30	9.72	2.58	0.7620	6
	P	QP	-30.96	56.00	25.04	9.73	15.31	0.8475	7
	P	AVG	-34.22	46.00	11.78	9.73	2.05	0.8475	8
	Ρ	QP	-30.65	56.00	25.35	9.76	15.59	1.4415	9
	P	AVG	-34.59	46.00	11.41	9.76	1.65	1.4415	10
	Р	QP	-31.09	56.00	24.91	9.76	15.15	1.7745	11
	P	AVG	-34.76	46.00	11.24	9.76	1.48	1.7745	12

### Notes:

1.An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.

2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission. 3.Mesurement Level = Reading level + Correct Factor

4. The test data shows only the worst case 802.11a mode (Low Channel: 5745MHz).



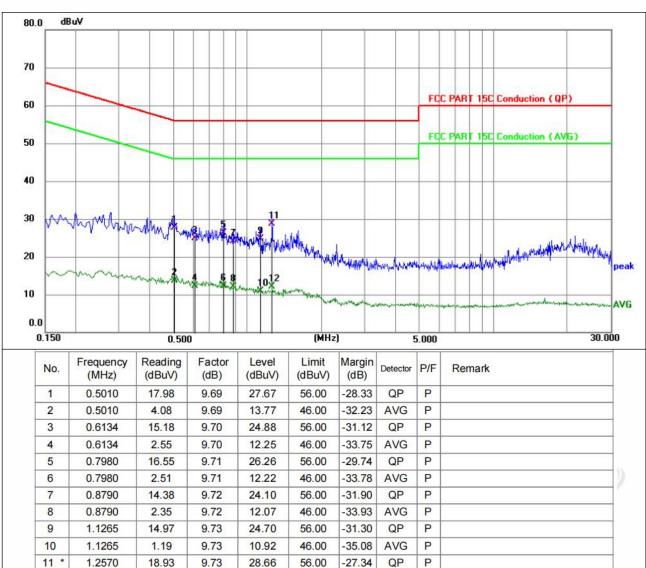






Project No.: ZHT-240119018E-3 Page 17 of 39

Temperature:	<b>24.3</b> ℃	Relative Humidity :	50%
Pressure:	101kPa	Phase :	N 5
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz		



# Notes:

12

1.2570

2.36

1.An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.

12.09

9.73

2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission 3.Mesurement Level = Reading level + Correct Factor

46.00

-33.91

P

AVG

4. The test data shows only the worst case 802.11a mode (Low Channel: 5745MHz)...



## 4.2.1 APPLICABLE STANDARD

According to FCC Part 15.407(d) and 15.209, RSS-247 6.2.1.2, RSS-Gen

### **4.2.2 CONFORMANCE LIMIT**

According to FCC Part 15.407(b)(7): radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)). According to FCC Part15.205. Restricted bands

o, Restricted Darius		
MHz	MHz	GHz
16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
322-335.4	3600-4400	(2)
	MHz 16.42-16.423 16.69475-16.69525 16.80425-16.80475 25.5-25.67 37.5-38.25 73-74.6 74.8-75.2 123-138 149.9-150.05 156.52475-156.52525 156.7-156.9 162.0125-167.17 167.72-173.2 240-285	MHzMHz16.42-16.423399.9-41016.69475-16.69525608-61416.80425-16.80475960-124025.5-25.671300-142737.5-38.251435-1626.573-74.61645.5-1646.574.8-75.21660-1710123-1382200-2300149.9-150.052310-2390156.52475-156.525252483.5-2500156.7-156.92690-2900162.0125-167.173260-3267167.72-173.23332-3339240-2853345.8-3358

20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Restricted Frequency(MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance		
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	300		
0.490~1.705	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	30		
1.705~30.0	30	29.5	30		
30-88	100	40	3		
88-216	150	43.5	3		
216-960	200	46	3		
Above 960	500	54	3		

### Limits of Radiated Emission Measurement(Above 1000MHz)

Frequency/(MHz)	Class B (dBuV/m) (at 3M)				
Frequency(MHz)	PEAK	AVERAGE			
Above 1000	74	54			

Remark :1. Emission level in dBuV/m=20 log (uV/m)

2. Measurement was performed at an antenna to the closed point of EUT distance of meters.

Distance extrapolation factor =40log(Specific distance/ test distance)( dB);

Limit line=Specific limits(dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

### **4.2.3 MEASURING INSTRUMENTS**

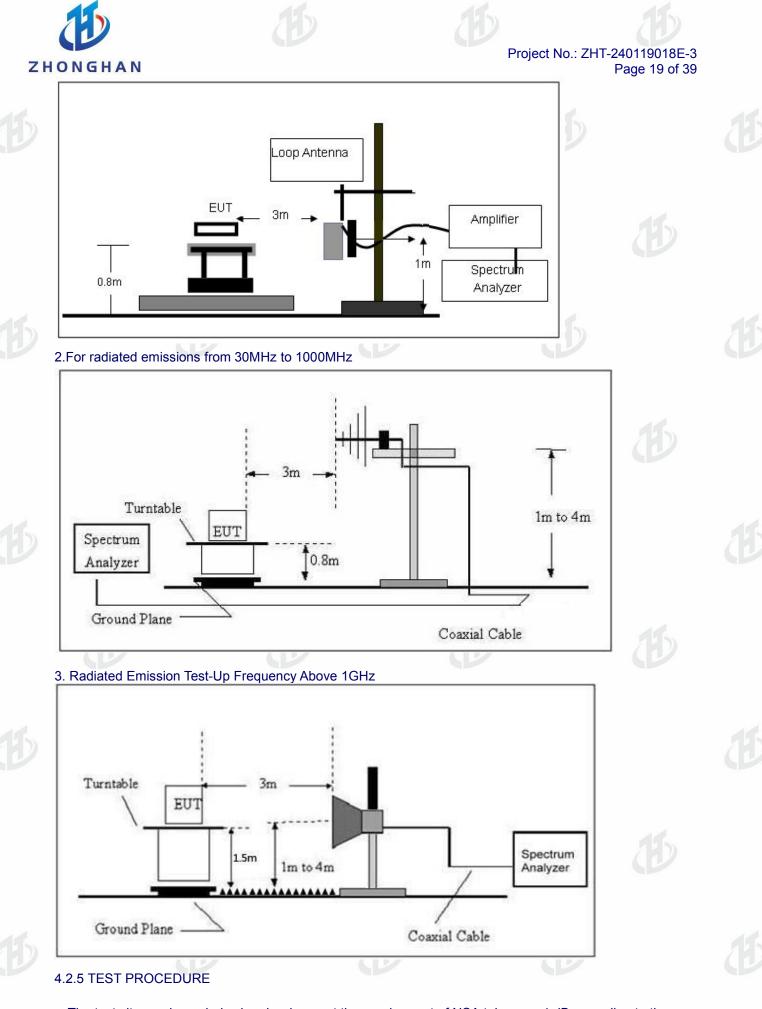
The Measuring equipment is listed in the section 6.3 of this test report.



# **4.2.4 TEST CONFIGURATION**

1.For radiated emissions below 30MHz





The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10-2013. The test distance is 3m.The setup is according to the requirements in



# Project No.: ZHT-240119018E-3 Page 20 of 39

# ZHONGHAN

Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

This test is required for any spurious emission that falls in a Restricted Band, as defined in Section 15.205. It must be performed with the highest gain of each type of antenna proposed for use with the EUT. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Spectrum Parameter	Setting			
Attenuation	Auto			
Start Frequency	1000 MHz			
Stop Frequency	10th carrier harmonic			
RB / VB (emission in restricted band)	1 MHz / 1 MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 10Hz for Average			

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB 9kHz for QP
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB 120kHz for QP

- The measuring distance of at 3 m shall be used for measurements at frequency up to 1GHz. For frequencies above 1GHz, any suitable measuring distance may be used.
- The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 m for below 1GHz and 1.5m for above 1GHz the b ground at a 3 meter. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- c. The height of the equipment or of the substitution antenna shall be 0.8 m for below 1GHz and 1.5m for above 1GHz; the height of the test antenna shall vary between 1 m to 4 m. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. The initial step in collecting conducted emission data is a spectrum analyzer peak detector mode pre-scanning the measurement frequency range. Significant peaks are then marked and then Quasi Peak detector mode re-measured.
- e. If the Peak Mode measured value compliance with and lower than Quasi Peak Mode Limit, the EUT shall be deemed to meet QP Limits and then no additional QP Mode measurement performed.
- For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related Item -EUT Test Photos. f.
  - Note:

Both horizontal and vertical antenna polarities were tested

and performed pretest to three orthogonal axis. The worst case emissions were reported

During the radiated emission test, the Spectrum Analyzer was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Band (MHz)	Function	Resolution bandwidth	Video Bandwidth		
30 to 1000	QP	120 kHz	300 kHz		
Abaua 4000	Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz		
Above 1000	Average	1 MHz	10 Hz		

Note: for the frequency ranges below 30 MHz, a narrower RBW is used for these ranges but the measured value should add a RBW correction factor (RBWCF) where RBWCF [dB] =10\*lg(100 [kHz]/narrower RBW [kHz])., the narrower RBW is 1 kHz and RBWCF is 20 dB for the frequency 9 kHz to 150 kHz, and the narrower RBW is 10 kHz and RBWCF is 10 dB for the frequency 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

# 4.2.6 TEST RESULT(Between 9KHz – 30MHz)

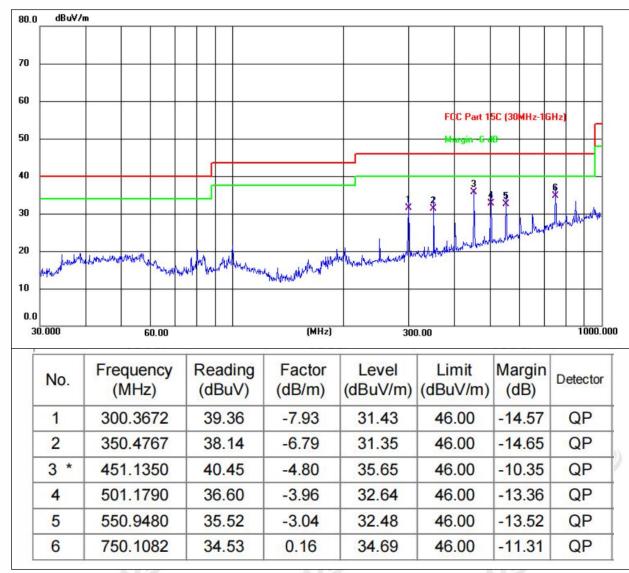
The emission from 9 kHz to 30MHz was pre-tested and found the result was 20dB lower than the limit, and according to 15.31(o) & RSS-Gen 6.13, the test result no need to reported.







**25.2°**℃ Temperature: Relative Humidity: 50% Pressure: 1010kPa Polarization: Horizontal Test Voltage: AC 120V/60Hz







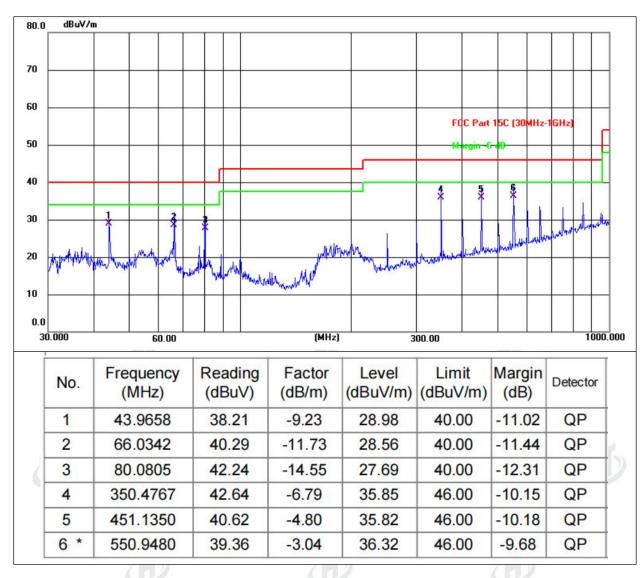


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Temperature:	<b>25.2℃</b>	Relative Humidity:	50%
Pressure:	1010kPa	Polarization:	Vertical
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz		



# Remarks:

1. Final Level = Receiver Read level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamplifier Factor

2. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.

3. All modes have been tested, The test data shows only the worst case 5.2G 802.11a mode





# Between1GHz - 40GHz

4. <b>2</b> °C	Relative Humidity:	54%
)10 hPa 1	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz
8G TX- 802.11a		
)	10 hPa	10 hPa   Test Voltage :

2	10			80	2.11a				$\mathbf{D}$
Polar	Frequency	Meter Reading	Pre-ampl ifier	Cable Loss	Antenna Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detect or
(H/V)	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/ m)	(dB)	Туре
			L	ow Chan	nel:5745MH	Z			
V	10360.00	57.53	30.55	5.77	24.66	57.41	74	-16.59	PK
V	10360.00	42.46	30.55	5.77	24.66	42.34	54	-11.66	AV
V	15540.00	59.55	30.33	6.32	24.55	60.09	74	-13.91	PK
V	15540.00	41.95	30.33	6.32	24.55	42.49	54	-11.51	AV
Н	10360.00	56.5	30.55	5.77	24.66	56.38	74	-17.62	PK
Н	10360.00	41.88	30.55	5.77	24.66	41.76	54	-12.24	AV
Н	15540.00	58.86	30.33	6.32	24.55	59.4	74	-14.6	PK
Н	15540.00	42	30.33	6.32	24.55	42.54	54	-11.46	AV
			Mi	ddle Cha	nnel:5785M	Hz			
V	10400.00	59.4	30.55	5.77	24.66	59.28	74	-14.72	PK
V	10400.00	41.18	30.55	5.77	24.66	41.06	54	-12.94	AV
V	15600.00	56.07	30.33	6.32	24.55	56.61	74	-17.39	PK
V	15600.00	44.85	30.33	6.32	24.55	45.39	54	-8.61	AV
Н	10400.00	57.4	30.55	5.77	24.66	57.28	74	-16.72	PK
Н	10400.00	43.76	30.55	5.77	24.66	43.64	54	-10.36	AV
Н	15600.00	57.46	30.33	6.32	24.55	58	74	-16	PK
Н	15600.00	41.87	30.33	6.32	24.55	42.41	54	-11.59	AV
			H	ligh Char	nel:5825MF	lz			11
V	10480.00	59.31	30.55	5.77	24.66	59.19	74	-14.81	PK
V	10480.00	41.64	30.55	5.77	24.66	41.52	54	-12.48	AV
V	15720.00	59.51	30.33	6.32	24.55	60.05	74	-13.95	PK
V	15720.00	42.63	30.33	6.32	24.55	43.17	54	-10.83	AV
Н	10480.00	58.71	30.55	5.77	24.66	58.59	74	-15.41	PK
Н	10480.00	41.72	30.55	5.77	24.66	41.6	54	-12.4	AV
Н	15720.00	56.52	30.33	6.32	24.55	57.06	74	-16.94	PK
Н	15720.00	41.36	30.33	6.32	24.55	41.9	54	-12.1	AV

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### RADIATED Band EMISSION MEASUREMENT

120			3			2		1 2 2 2			
	Polar (H/V)	Frequenc y (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBuV)	Pre- amplifier (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Emission level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV /m)	Margin( dB)	Dete ctor Type	Result
Low Channel 5745MHz											
	Н	5650	60.68	30.22	4.85	23.98	59.29	74.00	-14.71	PK	PASS
	H	5650	48.60	30.22	4.85	23.98	47.21	54.00	-6.79	AV	PASS
	H	5725	61.72	30.22	4.85	23.98	60.33	74.00	-13.67	PK	PASS
	Н	5725	46.05	30.22	4.85	23.98	44.66	54.00	-9.34	AV	PASS
	V	5650	60.23	30.22	4.85	23.98	58.84	74.00	-15.16	PK	PASS
	V	5650	47.37	30.22	4.85	23.98	45.98	54.00	-8.02	AV	PASS
	V	5725	62.77	30.22	4.85	23.98	61.38	74.00	-12.62	PK	PASS
802.11a	V	5725	47.61	30.22	4.85	23.98	46.22	54.00	-7.78	AV	PASS
002.11a	High Channel 5825MHz										
	Н	5850	59.42	30.22	4.85	23.98	58.03	74.00	-15.97	PK	PASS
	Н	5850	48.98	30.22	4.85	23.98	47.59	54.00	-6.41	AV	PASS
	Н	5916.4	60.38	30.22	4.85	23.98	58.99	74.00	-15.01	PK	PASS
	Н	5916.4	47.74	30.22	4.85	23.98	46.35	54.00	-7.65	AV	PASS
	V	5850	59.87	30.22	4.85	23.98	58.48	74.00	-15.52	PK	PASS
	$\langle \mathbf{V} \rangle$	5850	48.59	30.22	4.85	23.98	47.20	54.00	-6.80	AV	PASS
	V	5916.4	60.56	30.22	4.85	23.98	59.17	74.00	-14.83	PK	PASS
	V	5916.4	46.89	30.22	4.85	23.98	45.50	54.00	-8.50	AV	PASS

### Remark:

1. Emission Level = Meter Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier, Margin= Emission Level - Limit

2. If peak below the average limit, the average emission was no test.

3. The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

4. All modes have been tested, The worst mode is 802.11a, only the worst data is recorded.

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### **5.POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST**

# Project No.: ZHT-240119018E-3 Page 25 of 39

# 5.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT

According to FCC §15.407(a), RSS-247 6.2.1.1

Power limits:

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or 1.76 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement transmitter power control (TPC) in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW. For other devices, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

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Project No.: ZHT-240119018E-3 Page 26 of 39

For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in § 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or <500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 KHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- a) Set RBW  $\geq$  1/T, where T is defined in section II.B.I.a).
- b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10log(500kHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 500 KHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10log(1MHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 KHz for the sections 5.c) and 5.d) above, since RBW=100 KHZ is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

### 5.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

5.4 TEST SETUP

EUT	SPECTRUM
	ANALYZER

### 5.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.1 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

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Temperature :	<b>24.2</b> ℃		Relativ	e Humidity:	53%	
Pressure :	1010 hi	Pa	Test Vo	oltage :	AC 120V/60Hz	
Test Mode:	ТХ					
5.8G(5745-5825	MHz): Please	refer to the Ap	pendix B.5 for 5	G WIFI RF T	est Data.	



# 6. 26DB & 6DB & 99% EMISSION BANDWIDTH

Project No.: ZHT-240119018E-3 Page 28 of 39

# 6.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT

The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum bandwidth 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500KHz. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

- 6.2 TEST PROCEDURE
- a) Set RBW = 100KHz.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.

e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99 %) power bandwidth:

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.

- 2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- 3. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW
- 4. Set VBW ≥ 3 · RBW

5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.6. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).

7. If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.



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# 6.3 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

# 6.4 TEST RESULTS

Temperature :		<b>24.2℃</b>	Relative Humidity:	53%		
Pressure :		1010 hPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz		
Test Mode :		TX				
-26dB Bandwidth 5.8G(	5745-5825 MHz):	Please refer to the Appendix B.3 for 5G WIFI RF Test Data.				
99% Bandwidth 5.8G(	5745-5825 MHz):	Please refer to the Appendix B.4 for 5G WIFI RF Test Data.				





### **7.MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER**



### 7.1 PPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT





# According to FCC §15.407,

The maximum conduced output power should not exceed:

Frequency Band(MHz)	Limit
5150~5250	250mW
5725~5850	1W

### RSS-247 6.2.1.1, RSS-247 6.2.4.1

Frequency Band(MHz)	Limit
5150~5250	200mW
5725~5850	1W

### Frequency band 5150-5250 MHz

According to RSS-247 section 6.2.1.1: For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or 1.76 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement transmitter power control (TPC) in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.

For other devices, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

Frequency band 5250-5350 MHz

According to RSS-247 section 6.2.2.1: For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or 1.76 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW. Devices, other than devices installed in vehicles, shall comply with the following:

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or 11 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band;

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or 17 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.

### Frequency bands 5470-5600 MHz and 5650-5725 MHz

According to RSS-247 section 6.2.3.1: The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or 11 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or 17 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.

Frequency bands 5725-5850 MHz

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The output power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the output power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed point-to point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipointsystems, omnidirectional applications and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information.



The EUT was directly connected to the Power meter

1. Device Configuration

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level (see section II.B.).

a) The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 percent) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

b) If continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level with the transmit duration as long as possible and the duty cycle as high as possible.

Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA)

Measurement of maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer requires integrating the spectrum across a frequency span that encompasses, at a minimum, either the EBW or the 99-percent occupied bandwidth of the signal.1 However, the EBW must be used to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with § 15.407(a).

a) The test method shall be selected as follows: (i) Method SA-1 or SA-1 Alternative (averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep) shall be applied if either of the following conditions can be satisfied:

• The EUT transmits continuously (or with a duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent).

· Sweep triggering or gating can be implemented in a way that the device transmits at the maximum power control level throughout the duration of each of the instrument sweeps to be averaged. This condition can generally be achieved by triggering the instrument's sweep if the duration of the sweep (with the analyzer configured as in Method SA-1, below) is equal to or shorter than the duration T of each transmission from the EUT and if those transmissions exhibit full power throughout their durations.

(ii) Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative (averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) cannot be achieved and the transmissions exhibit a constant duty cycle during the measurement duration. Duty cycle will be considered to be constant if variations are less than ± 2 percent.

(iii) Method SA-3 (RMS detection with max hold) or SA-3 Alternative (reduced VBW with max hold) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) and (ii) cannot be achieved.

b) Method SA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep): (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.

(ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.

(iii) Set VBW  $\geq$  3 MHz.

(iv) Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

(v) Sweep time = auto.

(vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.

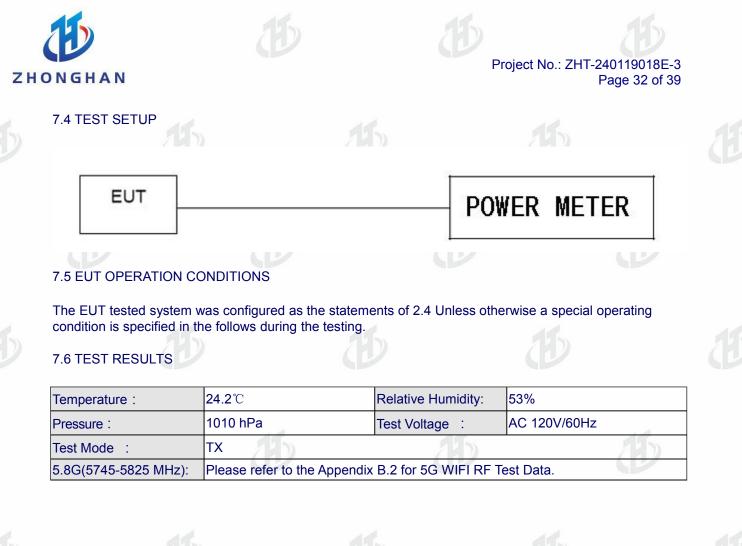
(vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98 percent, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".

(viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.

(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum

7.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.



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### 8.OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

# **8.1 APPLICABLE STANDARD**

According to FCC §15.407(b), RSS-247 6.2.1.2, RSS-247 6.2.4.2

Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

(2)Devices operating in the band 5725-5850 MHz shall have e.i.r.p. of unwanted emissions comply with the following:

a) 27 dBm/MHz at frequencies from the band edges decreasing linearly to 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges;

b) 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges;

c) 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at

75 MHz above or below the band edges; and

d) -27 dBm/MHz at frequencies more than 75 MHz above or below the band edges.

According to RSS-247 section 6.2.1.2: For transmitters with operating frequencies in the band 5150-5250 MHz, all emissions outside the band 5150-5350 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. Any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250-5350 MHz shall be attenuated below the channel power by at least 26 dB, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth), above 5250 MHz. The 26 dB bandwidth may fall into the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall comply with all requirements in the band 5250-5350 MHz including implementing dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and TPC, on the portion of the emission that resides in the 5250- 5350 MHz band.



8.2 TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal froman external generator.
- Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect
- its antennaterminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency withinits operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graphwith marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

## 8.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

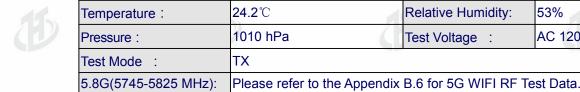
8.4 TEST SETUP



# 8.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 2.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

### 8.6 TEST RESULTS



53%

AC 120V/60Hz



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## 9.SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

9.1 CONFORMANCE LIMIT

### Refer to 15.407(b):

Except as shown in paragraph 15.407(b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissionsoutside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.

Refer to RSS-247/6.2.1.2:

For transmitters with operating frequencies in the band 5150-5250 MHz, all emissions outside the band 5150-5350 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. Any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250-5350 MHz shall be attenuated below the channel power by at least 26 dB, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth), above 5250 MHz. The 26 dB bandwidth may fall into the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall comply with all requirements in the band 5250-5350 MHz including implementing dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and TPC, on the portion of the emission that resides in the 5250-5350 MHz band.

Devices operating in the band 5725-5850 MHz shall have e.i.r.p. of unwanted emissions comply with the following:

a) 27 dBm/MHz at frequencies from the band edges decreasing linearly to 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges;

b) 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges;

c) 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at  $^{25}$  MHz at  $^{25}$ 

75 MHz above or below the band edges; and

d) -27 dBm/MHz at frequencies more than 75 MHz above or below the band edges.

### 9.2 Measuring Instruments

The Measuring equipment is listed in the section 6.3 of this test report.

# 9.3 TEST SETUP

EUT	SPECTRUM
	ANALYZER

### 9.4 TEST PROCEDURE

The Spurious RF conducted emissions compliance of RF radiated emission should be measured by following the guidance in ANSI C63.10-2013 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization etc. Set RBW=100kHz and VBW= 300KHz to measure the peak field strength, and measure frequency range from 30MHz to 1GHz.Set RBW=1MHz and VBW= 3MHz to measure the peak field strength, and measure frequency range from 1GHz to 40GHz.







# 9.5 TEST RESULTS

		5	150
Temperature :	<b>24.2</b> ℃	Relative Humidity:	53%
Pressure :	1010 hPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Mode :	ТХ		
5.8G(5745-5825 MHz):	Please refer to the Appendix	B.7 for 5G WIFI RF Te	est Data.

Remark1: The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic or 40G of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and bandedge measurement data.

Remark2: 27G to 40G is the background, so it does not show the data.





# Project No.: ZHT-240119018E-3 Page 37 of 39

## **10.FREQUENCY STABILITY MEASUREMENT**

### 10.1 LIMIT

Manufactures of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

The transmitter center frequency tolerance shall be  $\pm$  20 ppm maximum for the 5 GHz band (IEEE

802.11n specification).

# **10.2 TEST PROCEDURES**

- 1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
- 2. EUT have transmitted absence of modulation signal and fixed channelize.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer span to view the entire absence of modulation emissions bandwidth.
- 4. Set RBW = 10 kHz, VBW = 30 kHz with peak detector and maxhold settings.
- 5. The test extreme voltage is to change the primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value

6.Extreme temperature is -20°C~60°C. 10.3 TEST SETUP LAYOUT



# **10.4 EUT OPERATION DURING TEST**

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously un-modulation transmitting mode.

# 10.5 TEST RESULTS

		20	
Temperature :	<b>24.2℃</b>	Relative Humidity:	53%
Pressure :	1010 hPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Mode : TX			
5.8G(5745-5825 MHz): Please refer to the Appendix B.8 for 5G WIFI RF Test Data.			



# **10.ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

# Project No.: ZHT-240119018E-3 Page 38 of 39

### Standard requirement:

FCC Part15 C Section 15.203, RSS-247 6.8

#### 15.203 requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The applicant for equipment certification, as per RSP-100, must provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the licence-exempt transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. Licence-exempt transmitters that have received equipment certification may operate with different types of antennas. However, it is not permissible to exceed the maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) limits specified in the applicable standard (RSS) for the licence-exempt apparatus. Testing shall be performed using the highest gain antenna of each combination of licence-exempt transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level.9 When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer.

#### EUT Antenna:

The antenna is PCB Antenna, the best case gain of the antenna is 2.90dBi, reference to the appendix II for details





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