# APPENDIX C - RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

## **Applicable Standard**

According to §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

#### **Measurement Result**

The max conducted power including tune-up tolerance is -1.0 dBm (0.79 mW). [(max. power of channel, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)][Vf(GHz)] =0.79/5\*( $\sqrt{2.480}$ )=0.3< 3.0

### Note:

1. This device maximum E-Field level is  $88.91 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$  at 3m, so the EIRP power is -6.29 dBm, Antenna Gain is -4.62 dBi Maximum Conduct Power is -1.67 dBm

#### Note

EIRP(dBm)=Field Strength of Fundamental(dBuV/m)-95.2 (dB), Maximum Conduct Power (dBm)= EIRP(dBm)- Antenna Gain(dBi)

Maximum Power declared by manufacturer.

Result: Compliant. The stand-alone SAR evaluation is not necessary.

**===== END OF REPORT =====**