EX3DV4 - SN:7769 September 10, 2023

#### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7769

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.96	10.96	10.96	0.31	0.80	±12.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.70	7.70	7.70	0.27	0.90	±12.0%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.35	5.35	5.35	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.40	1.80	±13.1%

C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity and the second of the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency and the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency and the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency and the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency and the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency and the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency and the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency and the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency and the convF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency and the convF assessed at 6 MHz

Certificate No: EX-7769\_ Sep10 Pa

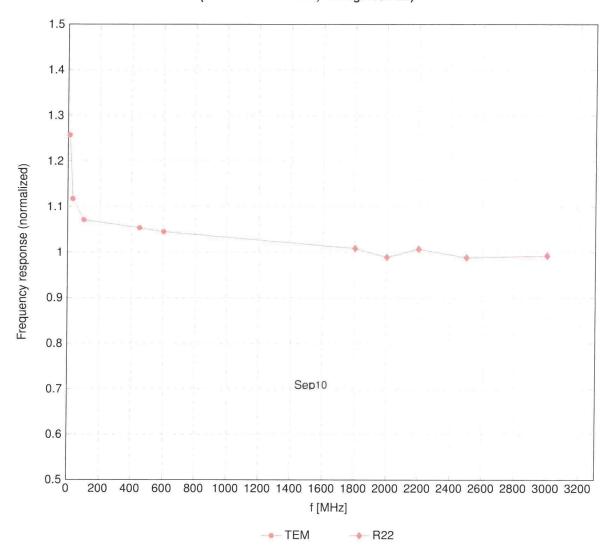
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4 - SN:7769 September 20, 2022

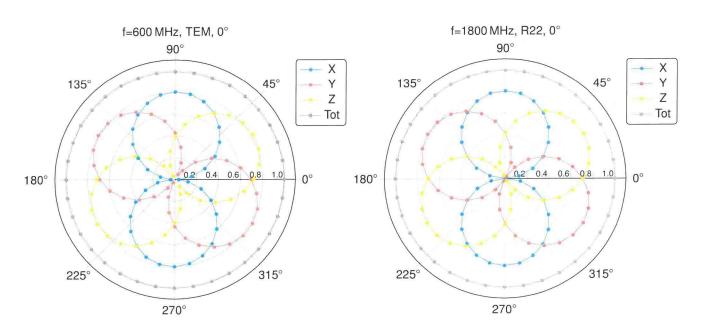
# Frequency Response of E-Field

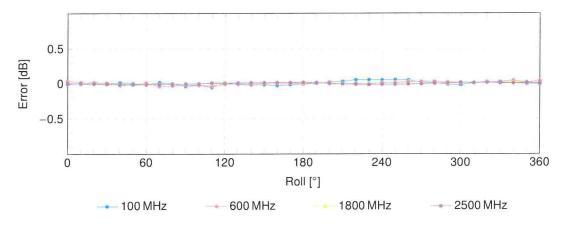
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$



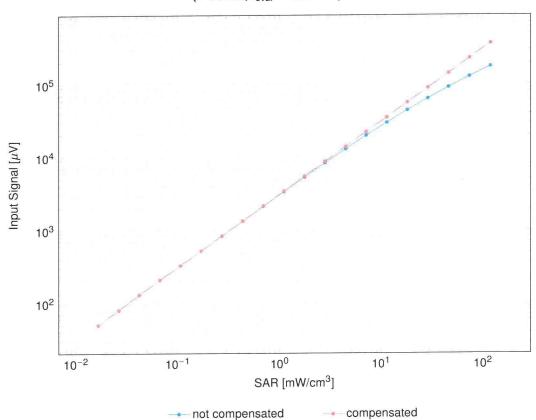


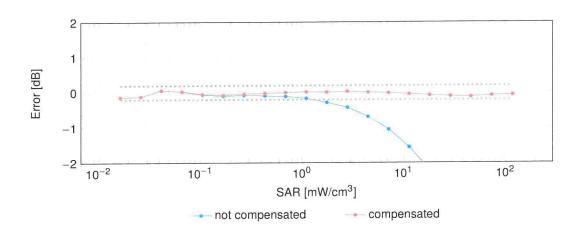
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

EX3DV4 - SN:7769 September 10, 2023

# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

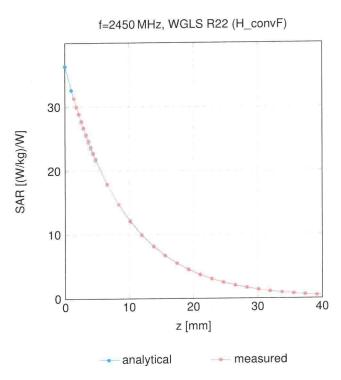
(TEM cell,  $f_{eval} = 1900\,\text{MHz})$ 



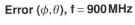


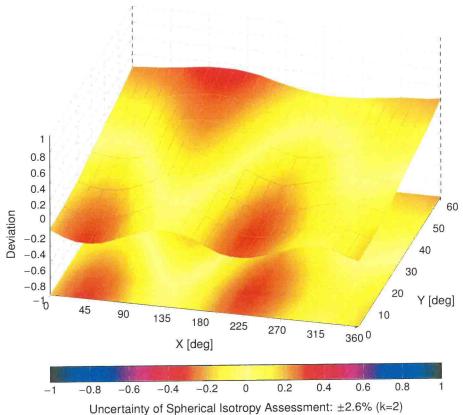
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**





# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client CTB Certificate No: D750V3-1088

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object D750V3 - SN:1088

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v11

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: September 19, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-22 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-22 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-22(No. 217-03101)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	31-Mar-22 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-23
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-22 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19)	Dec-22
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Dec-21(No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-16 (in house check Feb-21)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-17 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-17 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-17 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeffrey Katzman	Laboratory Technician	f. Esta
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
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Issued: September 27, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D750V3-1088 Page 1 of 6

# **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

## Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

## **Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D750V3-1088 Page 2 of 6

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
DAST VEISION	DASTS	V 32. 10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.4 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# **SAR** result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.51 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.53 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D750V3-1088 Page 3 of 6

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.1 Ω - 0.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.0 dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.036 ns
,	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
-	

Certificate No: D750V3-1088 Page 4 of 6

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 09.19.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1088

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2023

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2023

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

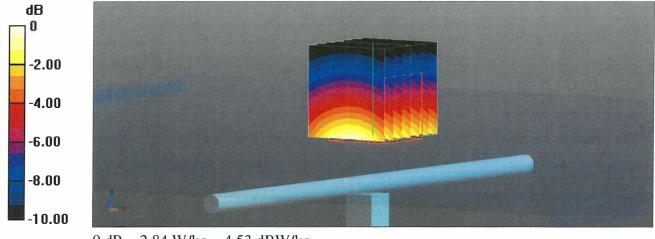
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.24 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 2.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 17 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.9%

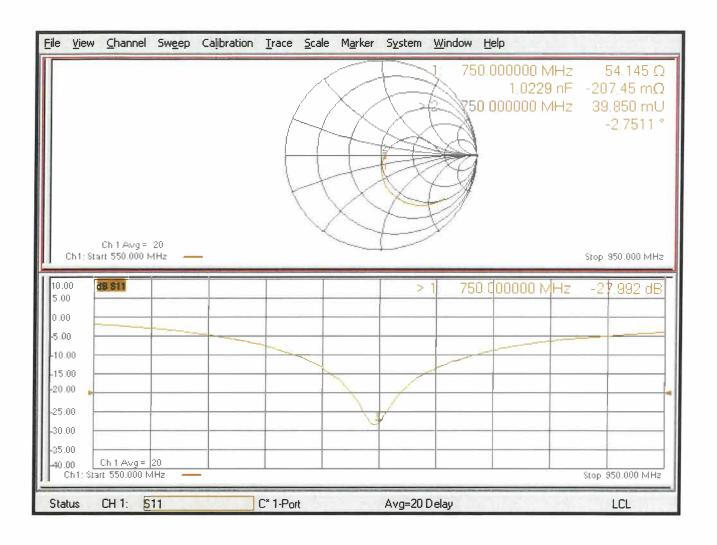
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.84 W/kg



0 dB = 2.84 W/kg = 4.53 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D750V3-1088 Page 5 of 6

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





In Collaboration with



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn



Client

E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com **CTB** 

Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079

**Certificate No:** 

Z23-60014

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2600V2 - SN: 1101

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

January 12, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-22(CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-23
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-22(CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7600	30-Nov-22(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421)	Nov-23
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-22(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-23
y			
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-22 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-23
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-22 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-23

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	是是
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	研步
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	26

Issued: January 15, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z23-60014

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) I EC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020

b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  - positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DAST System configuration, as far as	That given on page 1.	
DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.1 ± 6 %	1.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	57.3 W/kg ± 18.8 % ( <i>k</i> =2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.1 W/kg ± 18.7 % ( <i>k</i> =2)

Certificate No: Z23-60014 Page 3 of 6

#### Appendix(Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4Ω- 6.46jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.4dB	

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.065 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z23-60014 Page 4 of 6



#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1101

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.952$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7600; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 2022-11-30

Date: 01.12.2023

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2022-02-10
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Dipole Calibration**/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Certificate No: Z23-60014

Reference Value = 106.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

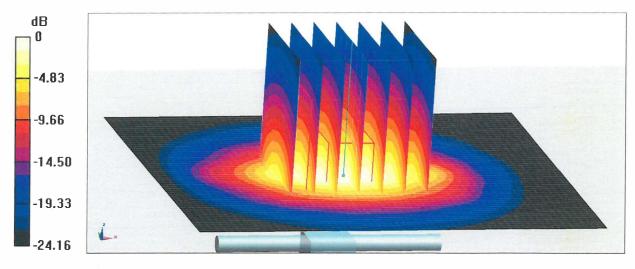
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.25 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 45.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.7 W/kg



0 dB = 24.7 W/kg = 13.93 dBW/kg



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

