

FranklinWH Energy Storage Inc.

RF TEST REPORT

Report Type:

FCC Part 15.247 RF report

Model:

aGate X (may be followed by blank;
may be followed by A to Z; may be followed by 0 to 9;
may be followed by symbol.)

REPORT NUMBER:

240600353SHA-002

ISSUE DATE:

September 2, 2024

DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER:

TTRF15.247-01_V1 © 2018 Intertek



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Guangdong, China

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No. 1 Yadi South Road, Qiaotou Town , Dongguan City , Guangdong
Province , China.

FCC ID: 2BCMR-AGATEX20

SUMMARY:

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s) or Specification:

47CFR Part 15 (2023): Radio Frequency Devices (Subpart C)

ANSI C63.10 (2020): American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

PREPARED BY:**REVIEWED BY:**

Project Engineer
Sky Yang

Reviewer
Wakeyou Wang

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TEST REPORT

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Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
240600353SHA-002	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	September 2, 2024

Measurement result summary

TEST ITEM	FCC REFERENCE	RESULT
20 dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(1)	Pass
Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	Pass
Output power	15.247(b)(1)	Pass
Radiated Emissions	15.205 & 15.209	Pass
Conducted Spurious Emissions & Band Edge	15.247(d)	Pass
Power line conducted emission	15.207	Pass
Number of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Pass
Dwell time	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Pass
Occupied bandwidth	-	Tested
Antenna requirement	15.203	Pass

Notes: 1: NA =Not Applicable

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product name:	aGate
Type/Model:	aGate X (may be followed by blank; may be followed by A to Z; may be followed by 0 to 9; may be followed by symbol.)
Description of EUT:	The EUT is an Energy storage control system which supports 2.4G, 5G Wi-Fi (802.11b/g/n/a/ac mode), BT and LTE function. LTE function uses a certified module, the FCC ID is XMR201909EC25AFX.
Rating:	120/208VAC ; 120V/240VAC 120/208VAC is 3-wire form 3-phase, 4-wire network.
Category of EUT:	Class B
EUT type:	<input type="checkbox"/> Table top <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Floor standing
Sample received date:	June 27, 2024
Date of test:	July 11, 2024 to September 2, 2024

Note:

All models are same except for model name, different names represent different sales regions.

1.2 Technical Specification

Frequency Band:	2400MHz ~ 2483.5MHz
Support Standards:	Bluetooth BR+EDR
Modulation Technique:	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum(FHSS)
Type of Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Channel Number:	79 (0 - 78)
Data Rate:	1Mbps
Channel Separation:	1 MHz
Antenna:	PCB Antenna, 5.9dBi

1.3 Frequency Hopping System Requirement

Test Requirement: Section 15.247 (a)(1), (g), (h) requirement:

The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

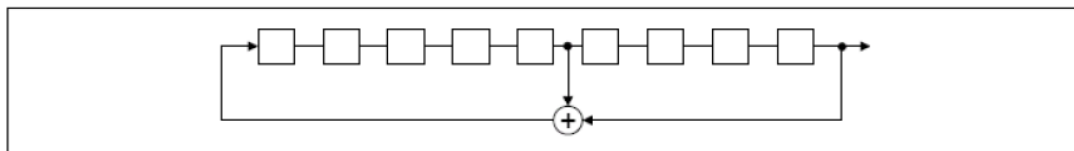
The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hop sets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

Compliance for section 15.247(a)(1)

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES;

i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

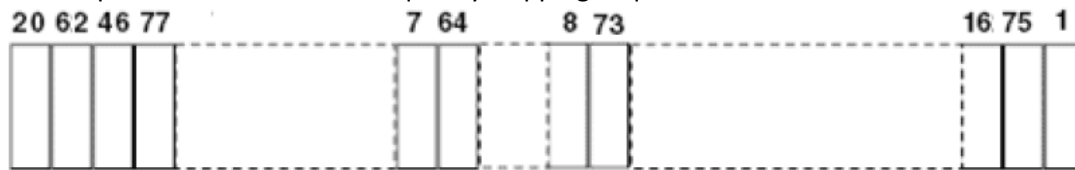
- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 511$ bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

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An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, Bluetooth receivers are designed to have input and IF bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of any Bluetooth transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Compliance for section 15.247(g)

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system transmits the packet with the pseudorandom hopping frequency with a continuous data and the short burst transmission from the Bluetooth system is also transmitted under the frequency hopping system with the pseudorandom hopping frequency system.

Compliance for section 15.247(h)

According to Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system incorporates with an adaptive system to detect other user within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently to avoid hopping on the occupied channels.

According to the Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system is designed not have the ability to coordinate with other FHSS System in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitter.

1.4 Description of Test Facility

Name:	Intertek Testing Services (Shanghai FTZ) Co., Ltd.
Address:	Building 86, No. 1198 Qinzhou Road(North), Shanghai 200233, P.R. China
Telephone:	86 21 61278200
Telefax:	86 21 54262353

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by these organizations:	CNAS Accreditation Lab Registration No. CNAS L21189
	FCC Accredited Lab Designation Number: CN0175
	IC Registration Lab Registration code No.: 2042B-1
	VCCI Registration Lab Registration No.: R-14243, G-10845, C-14723, T-12252
	A2LA Accreditation Lab Certificate Number: 3309.02

All tests were sub-contracted.

Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd.

Address: Unit D/E of 9/F and 16/F, Block A, Building 6, Baoneng Science and Technology Park, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China 518109

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 282 0888

Fax: +86 (0) 755 2823 0886

TEST REPORT

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd.**CNAS-Lab Code: L9069**

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated once a year or in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable under the ISO/IEC/EN 17025 to international or national standards. Equipment has been calibrated by accredited calibration laboratories.

IC-Registration No.: 21600-1

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 21600-1.

A2LA-Lab Certificate No.: 4312.01

Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd. has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

FCC Accredited Lab.

Designation Number: CN1194

Test Firm Registration Number: 259480

2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 Standards or specification

47CFR Part 15 (2023)

ANSI C63.10 (2020)

2.2 Mode of operation during the test

While testing the transmitter mode of the EUT, the internal modulation is applied.

All the functions of the host device except the BT module were set on stand-by mode.

The test setting software is offered by the manufactory. The pre-scan for the conducted power with all rates in each modulation and bands was used, and the worst case was found and used in all test cases.

The worst-case modulation configuration:

Worst Modulation Used for Conformance Testing			
Bluetooth Mode	Data Rate	Packet Type	Worst Mode
GFSK	BR-1Mbps	DH1,DH3,DH5	BR-1Mbps DH5 EDR-2Mbps 2DH5 EDR-3Mbps 3DH5
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	EDR-2Mbps	2DH1,2DH3,2DH5	
8DPSK	EDR-3Mbps	3DH1,3DH3,3DH5	
Note: The BR-1Mbps DH5 mode was chosen for radiation emission bellow 1GHz and Conducted emission testing as representative in this report.			

Test software			
Test software Version	EmsDevTools.exe		
Test Channel	2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz

Radiated test mode: EUT transmitted signal with BT antenna;

Conducted test mode: EUT transmitted signal from BT RF port connected to SPA directly;

2.3 Test software list

Test Items	Manufacturer	Version
Conducted emission	EMC-CON	3A1.1
Radiated emission	Audix	9.160323

2.4 Test peripherals list

Item No.	Name	Band and Model	Description
1	Notebook	DELL, Latitude 3400	NA
2	DELL	DELL, MS111	NA

2.5 Test environment condition:

Test items	Temperature	Humidity
20 dB Bandwidth	24.1°C	48.6% RH
Output power		
Carrier Frequency Separation		
Number of Hopping Frequencies		
Dwell time		
Occupied bandwidth		
Conducted Spurious Emissions & Band Edge		
Power line conducted emission	24.4°C	49.6% RH
Radiated Emissions	24.8°C	54.1% RH

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2.6 Instrument list

Conducted Emission					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Receiver	R&S	ESR7	1316.3003K07-101181-K3	26-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pulse Limiter	R&S	ESH3-Z2	0357.8810.54	26-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LISN	R&S	ESH2-Z5	860014/024	26-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LISN	ETS-Lindgren	3816/2SH	00201088	26-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Test Software	EZ-EMC	EZ-CON	Software Version: EMC-CON 3A1.1	
Radiated Emission					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3m SAC	ETS-LINDGREN	3m	Euroshiedpn-CT001270-1317	10-Nov-2026
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Receiver	R&S	ESIB26	100114	26-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EXA Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY51440197	28-Mar-2025
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Loop Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	6502	00202525	29-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Broadband Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3142E	00201566	29-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	6dB Attenuator	Talent	RA6A5-N-18	18103001	29-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Preamplifier	HP	8447F	2805A02960	30-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Band Rejection Filter (2400MHz~2500MHz)	Micro-Tronics	BRM50702	G248	26-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (Pre-amplifier)	ETS-LINDGREN	3117-PA	00201541	31-Mar-2025
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pre-amplifier	ETS-Lindgren	00118385	00201874	31-Mar-2025
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (Pre-amplifier)	ETS-LINDGREN	3116C-PA	00202652	29-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pre-amplifier	ETS-Lindgren	00118384	00202652	29-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Multi device Controller	ETS-LINDGREN	7006-001	00160105	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Test Software	Audix	e3	Software Version: 9.160323	
RF test					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EXA Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51286807	26-Oct-2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MY55430035	26-Oct-2024

2.7 Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Test item	Measurement uncertainty
Maximum peak output power	$\pm 0.68\text{dB}$
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands below 1GHz	$\pm 4.90\text{dB}$
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands above 1GHz	$\pm 4.80\text{dB}$
Emission outside the frequency band	$\pm 4.80\text{dB}$
Power line conducted emission	$\pm 2.7\text{dB}$

3 20dB bandwidth

Test result: Pass

3.1 Limit

☐ Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

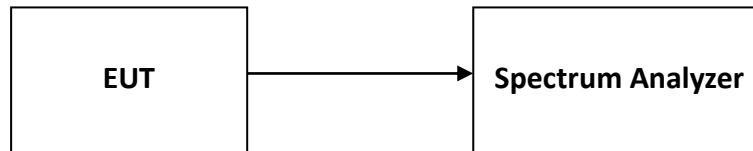
☒ Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

3.2 Measurement Procedure

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level.
- d) Steps a) through c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- e) The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target “-xx dB down” requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value.
- f) Set detection mode to peak and trace mode to max hold.
- g) Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier or modulated signal, as applicable. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).
- h) Determine the “-xx dB down amplitude” using $[(\text{reference value}) - xx]$. Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.
- i) If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j).
- j) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). If a marker is below this “-xx dB down amplitude” value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.

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- k) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

3.3 Test Configuration**3.4 Test Results of 20dB bandwidth**

Please refer to Appendix .

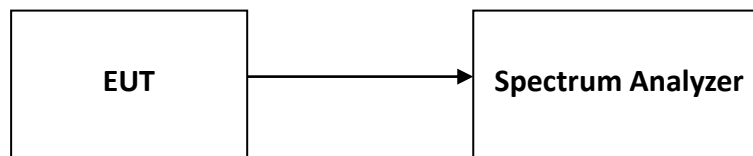
4 Carrier Frequency Separation

Test result: Pass

4.1 Limit

- ☐ Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.
- ☒ Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

4.2 Test Configuration



4.3 Test Procedure and test setup

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
- RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW) \geq RBW.
- Sweep: Auto.
- Detector function: Peak.
- Trace: Max hold.
- Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

4.4 Test Results of Carrier Frequency Separation

Please refer to Appendix .

5 Output power

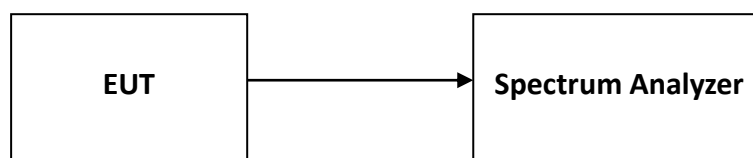
Test result: Pass

5.1 Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. (The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W)

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

5.2 Test Configuration



5.3 Measurement Procedure

This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:

- a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - 1) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
 - 2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
 - 3) VBW \geq RBW.
 - 4) Sweep: Auto.
 - 5) Detector function: Peak.
 - 6) Trace: Max hold.
- b) Allow trace to stabilize.
- c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.
- e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

5.4 Test Results of Output Power

Please refer to Appendix .

6 Radiated Emissions

Test result: Pass

6.1 Limit

The radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified showed as below:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

6.2 Measurement Procedure

For Radiated emission below 30MHz:

- The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- Both X and Y axes of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

NOTE:

- The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.

TEST REPORT**For Radiated emission above 30MHz:**

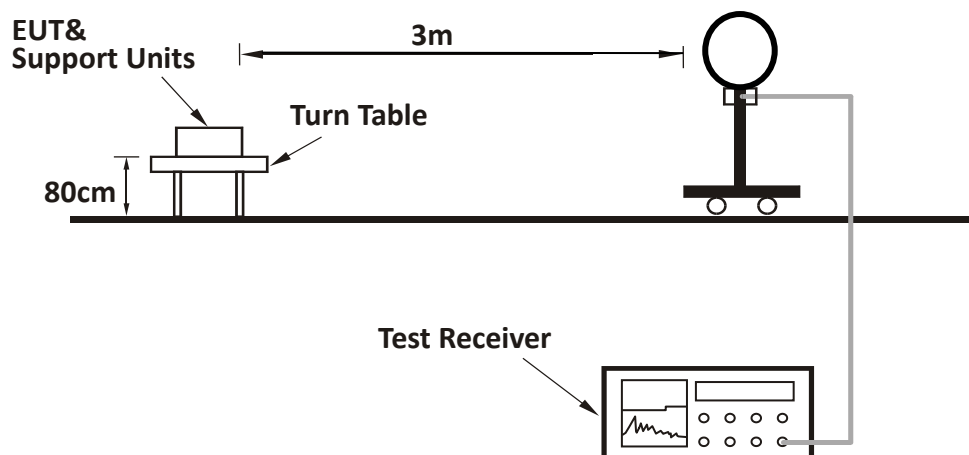
- a) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for 30MHz ~ 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c) The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e) The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- f) The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Note:

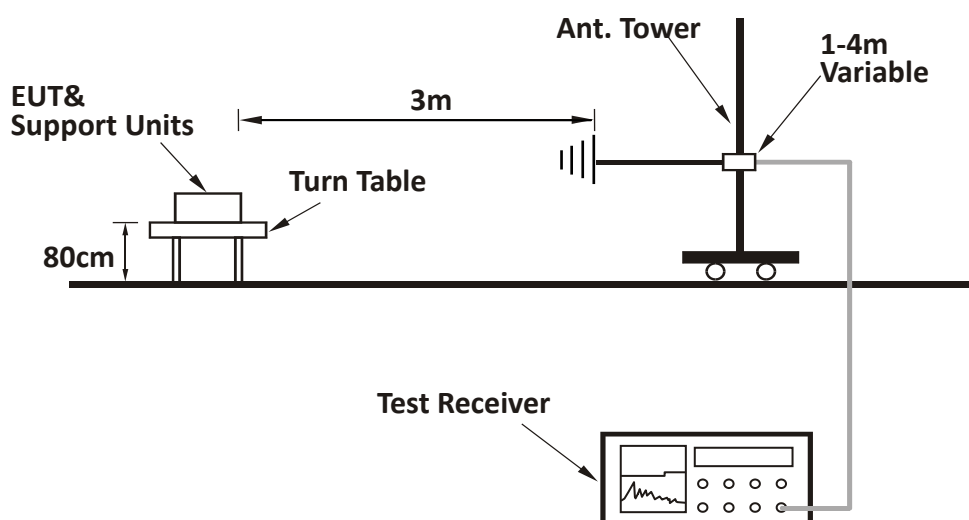
- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is $\geq 1/T$ (Duty cycle < 98%) or 3 x RBW (Duty cycle \geq 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported

6.3 Test Configuration

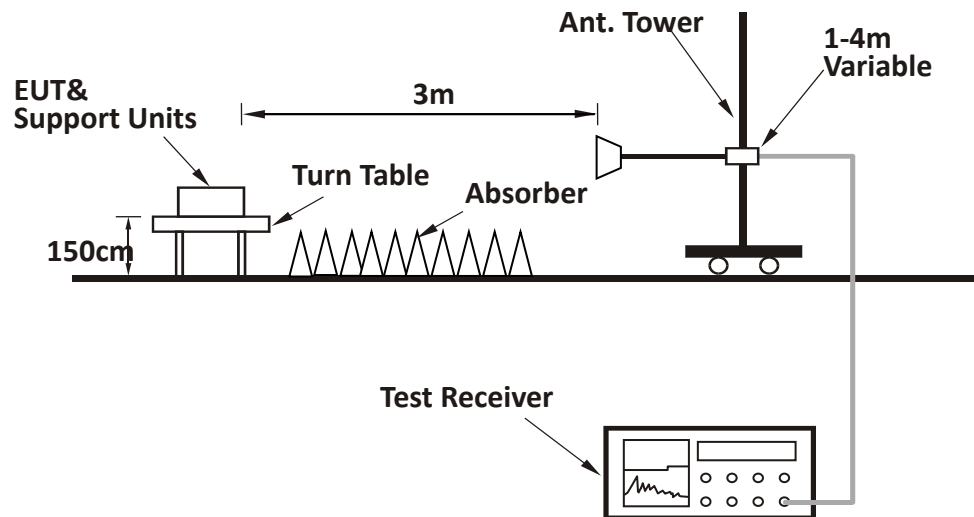
For Radiated emission below 30MHz:



For Radiated emission 30MHz to 1GHz:



For Radiated emission above 1GHz:

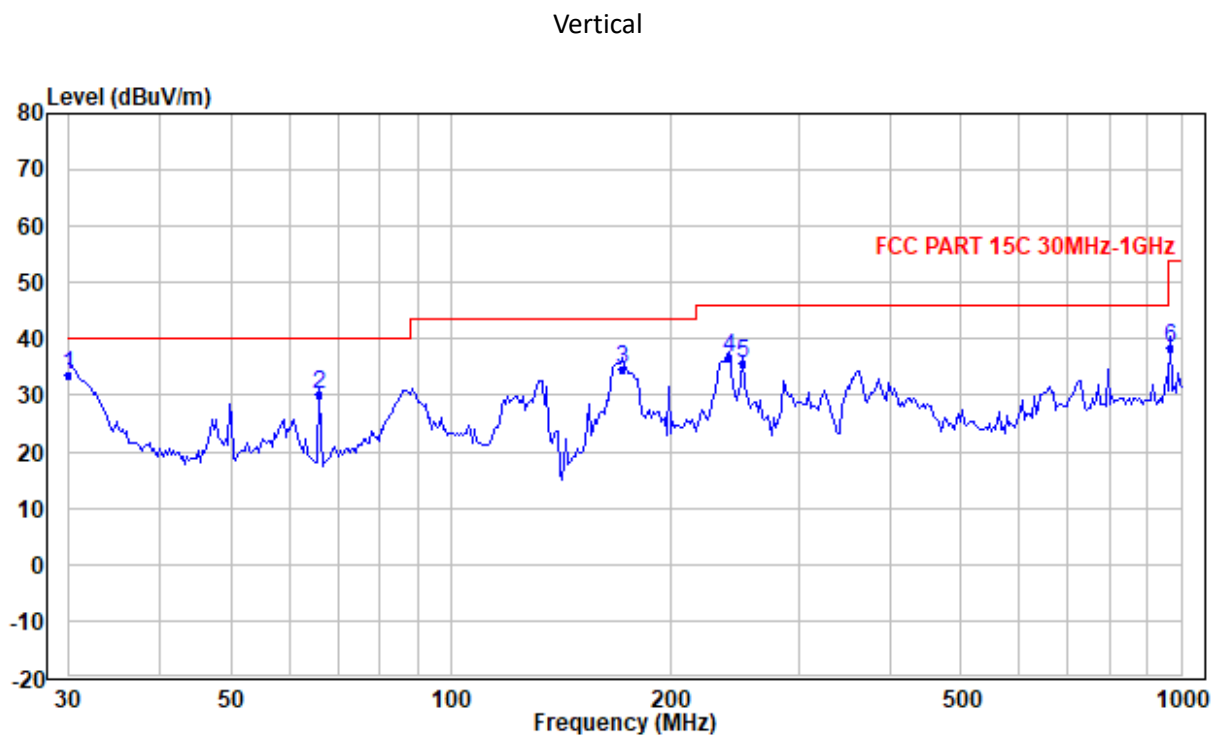
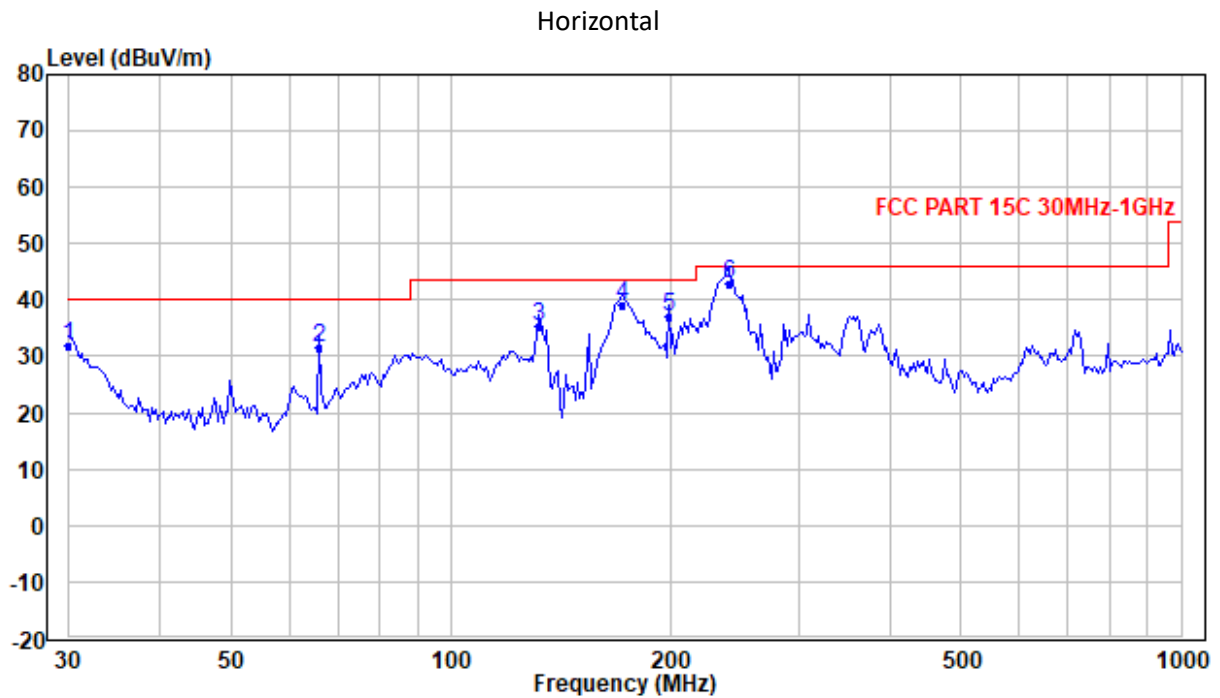


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6.4 Test Results of Radiated Emissions

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

The worst waveform from 30MHz to 1000MHz is listed as below:



TEST REPORT

Test data 30MHz~1GHz:

Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
H	30.000	40.00	31.72	8.28	QP
	65.907	40.00	31.69	8.31	QP
	132.149	43.50	35.33	8.17	QP
	171.389	43.50	38.97	4.53	QP
	198.642	43.50	37.13	6.37	QP
	240.144	46.00	42.78	3.22	QP
V	30.000	40.00	33.72	6.28	QP
	65.907	40.00	30.25	9.75	QP
	171.389	43.50	34.63	8.87	QP
	240.144	46.00	36.81	9.19	QP
	250.486	46.00	35.82	10.18	QP
	965.474	54.00	38.44	15.56	QP
	30.000	40.00	33.72	6.28	QP

- Remark: 1. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (+ Amplifier, for higher than 1GHz), the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.
2. Measured Level = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
3. Margin = Limit - Level

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,
Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10.00dBuV,
Limit = 40.00dBuV/m.
Then Correct Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 – 32.00 = 0.20dB/m;
Level = 10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m;
Margin = 40.00dBuV/m - 10.20dBuV/m = 29.80dB.

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Test result of 1GHz to 25GHz:

GFSK (DH5) Modulation:

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	4804	36.11	-2.08	34.03	54.00	19.97	Average	Horizontal
2	4804	47.65	-2.08	45.57	74.00	28.43	Peak	Horizontal
3	7206	33.92	1.30	35.22	54.00	18.78	Average	Horizontal
4	7206	45.85	1.30	47.15	74.00	26.85	Peak	Horizontal
5	4804	36.10	-2.08	34.02	54.00	19.98	Average	Vertical
6	4804	47.11	-2.08	45.03	74.00	28.97	Peak	Vertical
7	7206	33.85	1.30	35.15	54.00	18.85	Average	Vertical
8	7206	45.78	1.30	47.08	74.00	26.92	Peak	Vertical

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	4882	35.82	-2.05	33.77	54.00	20.23	Average	Horizontal
2	4882	47.77	-2.05	45.72	74.00	28.28	Peak	Horizontal
3	7323	34.31	1.31	35.62	54.00	18.38	Average	Horizontal
4	7323	45.84	1.31	47.15	74.00	26.85	Peak	Horizontal
5	4882	36.04	-2.05	33.99	54.00	20.01	Average	Vertical
6	4882	46.89	-2.05	44.84	74.00	29.16	Peak	Vertical
7	7323	34.22	1.31	35.53	54.00	18.47	Average	Vertical
8	7323	47.01	1.31	48.32	74.00	25.68	Peak	Vertical

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	4960	36.46	-2.02	34.44	54.00	19.56	Average	Horizontal
2	4960	48.42	-2.02	46.40	74.00	27.60	Peak	Horizontal
3	7440	34.04	1.32	35.36	54.00	18.64	Average	Horizontal
4	7440	45.74	1.32	47.06	74.00	26.94	Peak	Horizontal
5	4960	36.72	-2.02	34.70	54.00	19.30	Average	Vertical
6	4960	49.31	-2.02	47.29	74.00	26.71	Peak	Vertical
7	7440	34.07	1.32	35.39	54.00	18.61	Average	Vertical
8	7440	45.98	1.32	47.30	74.00	26.70	Peak	Vertical

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (+ Amplifier, for higher than 1GHz), the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

2. Measured Level = Original Receiver Reading + Correction Factor

3. Margin = Limit - Level

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10.00dBuV,

Limit = 40.00dBuV/m.

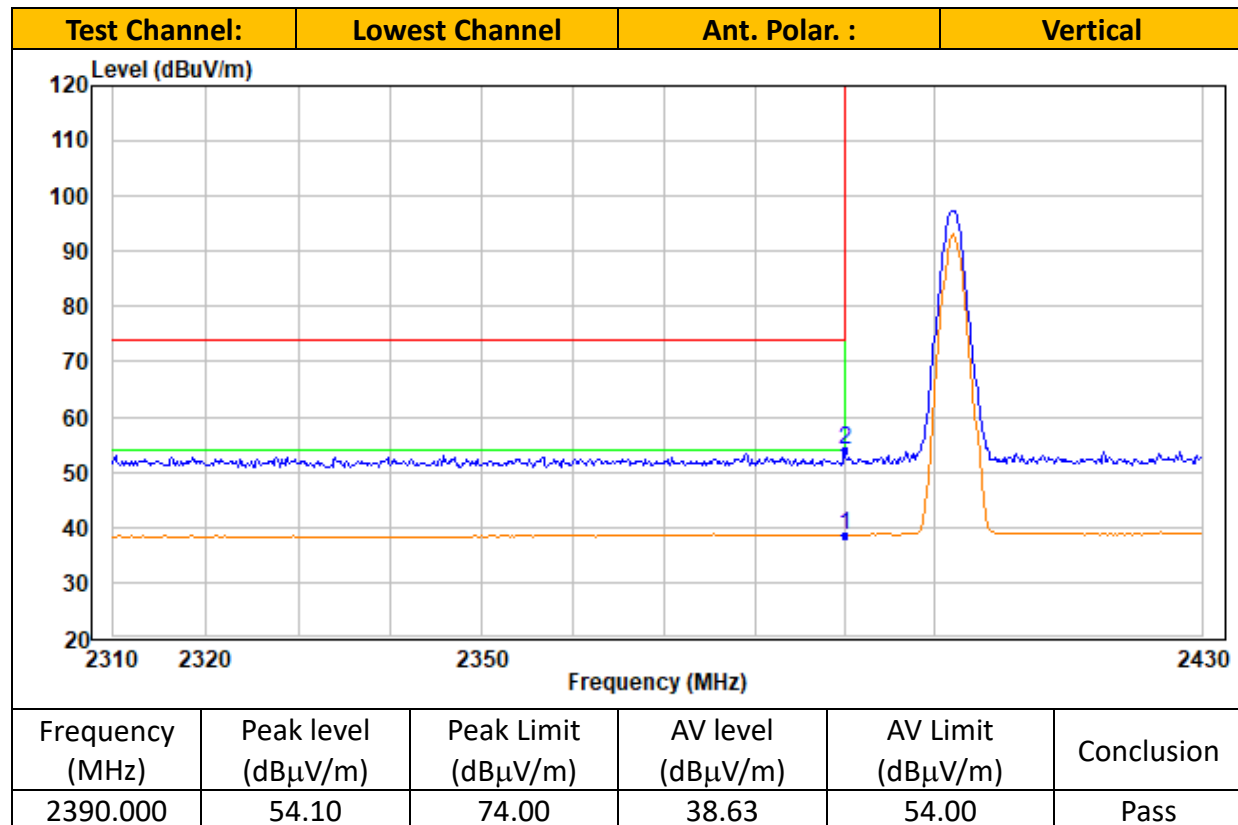
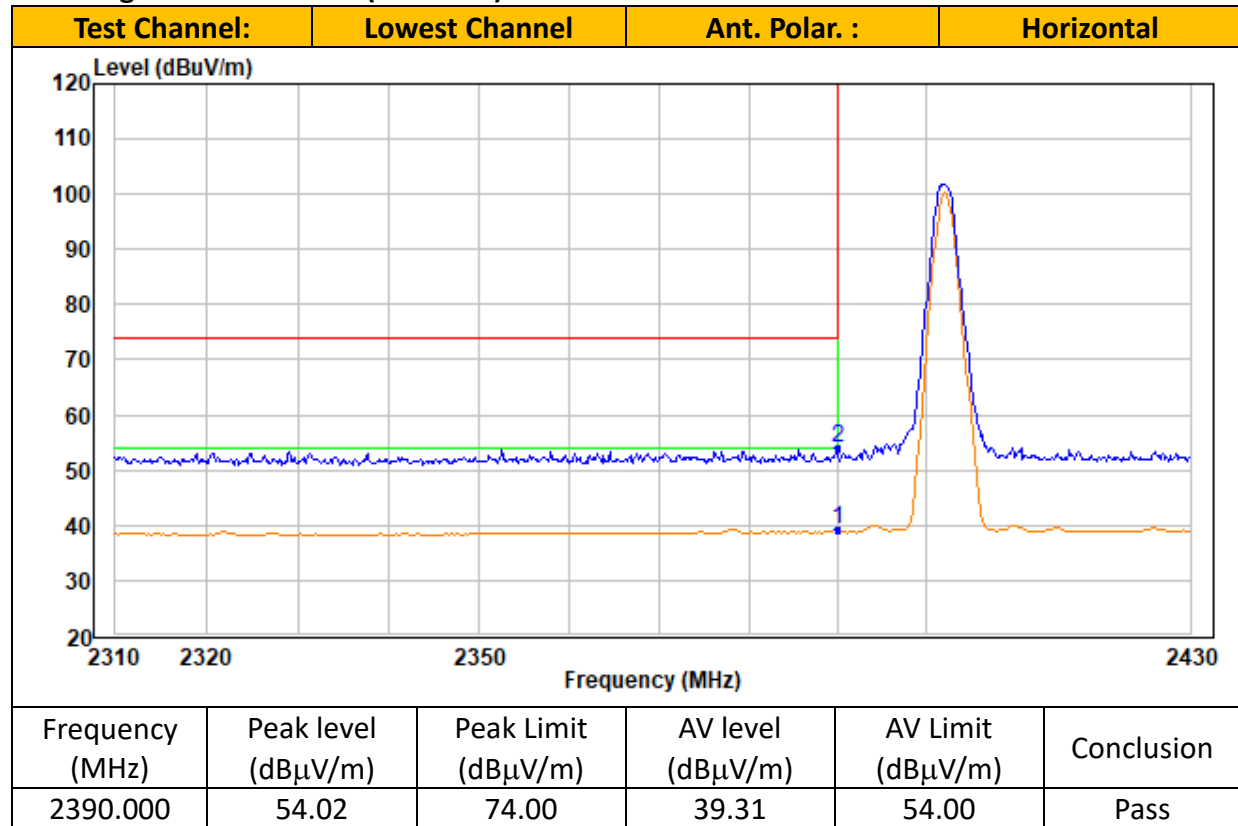
Then Correction Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 – 32.00 = 0.20dB/m;

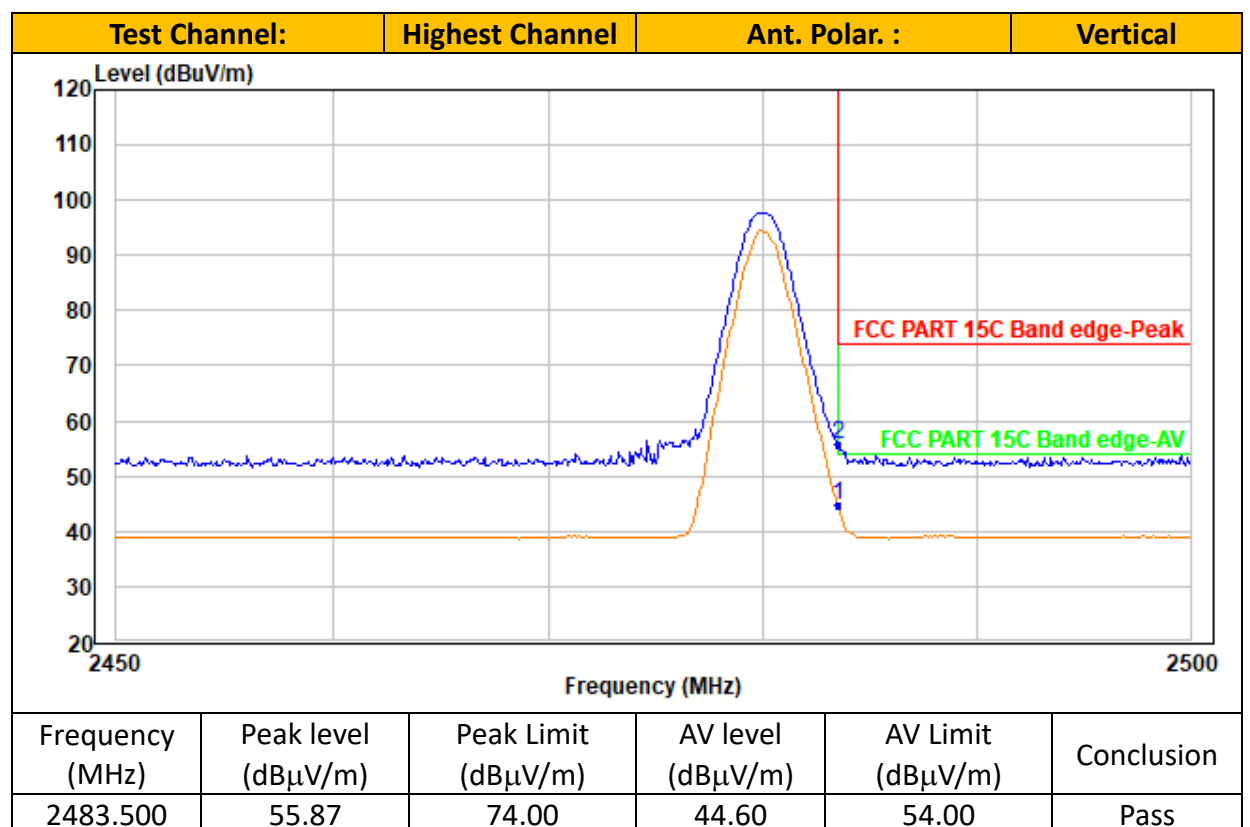
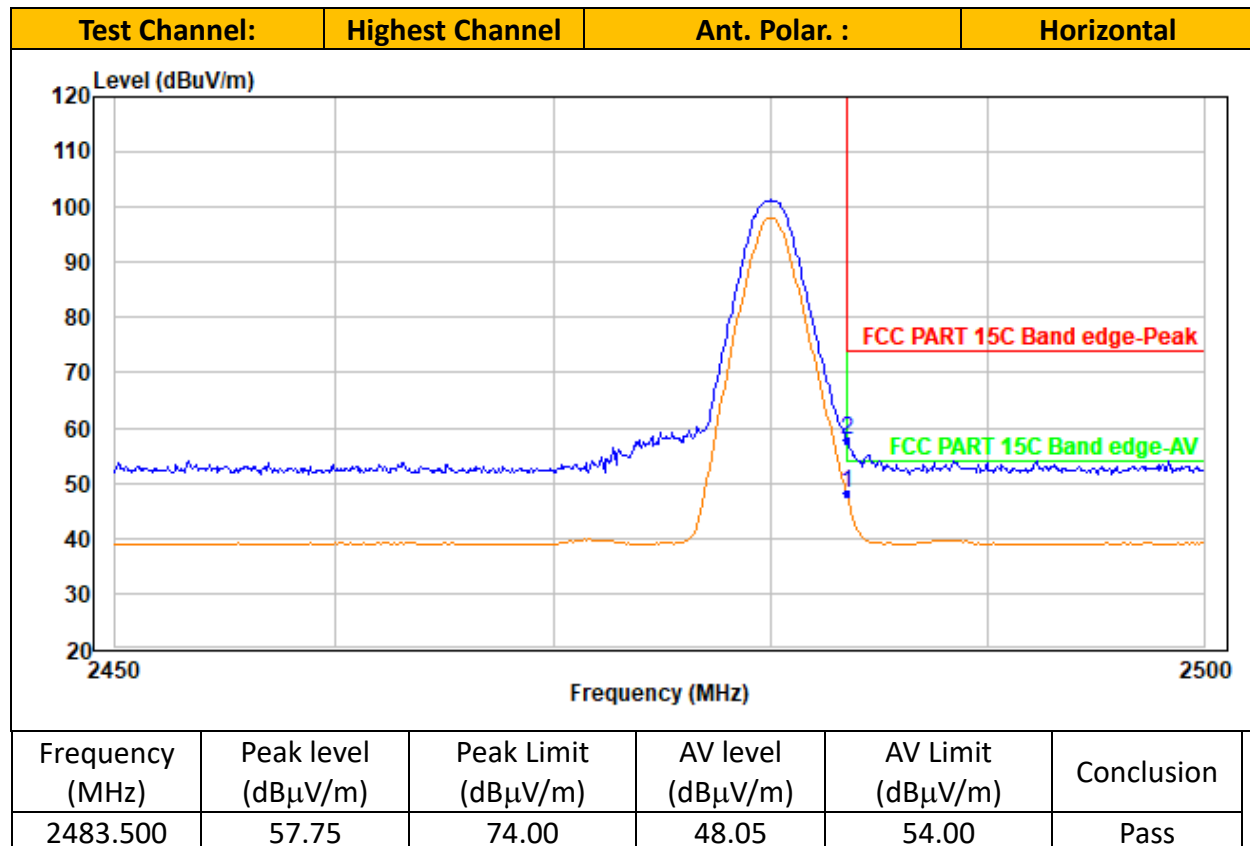
Level = 10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m;

Margin = 40.00dBuV/m - 10.20dBuV/m = 29.80dB.

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Band Edge Measurements (Radiated)





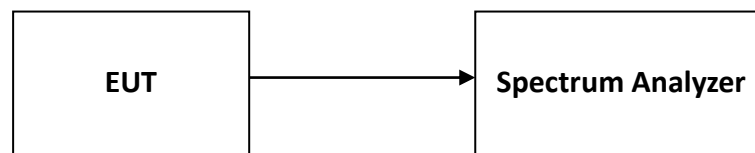
7 Conducted Spurious Emissions & Band Edge

Test result: Pass

7.1 Limit

In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

7.2 Test Configuration



7.3 Measurement Procedure

- a) Connect the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described in step e)
- b) Set the EUT to the lowest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the lowest frequency channel).
- c) Set the EUT to operate at maximum output power and 100% duty cycle, or equivalent "normal mode of operation" as specified in 6.10.3. of ANSI C63.10.
- d) If using the radiated method, then use the applicable procedure(s) of 6.4, 6.5, or 6.6 of ANSI C63.10, and orient the EUT and measurement antenna positions to produce the highest emission level.
- e) Perform the test as follows:
 - 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
 - 2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level.
 - 3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).
 - 4) Sweep time: Coupled.
 - 5) Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz
 - 6) Video bandwidth: 300 kHz
 - 7) Detector: Peak
 - 8) Trace: Max hold
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize. For the test with the hopping function turned ON, this can take several minutes to achieve a reasonable probability of intercepting any emissions due to oscillator overshoot.
- g) Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of

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the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, and then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.

- h) Repeat step c) through step e) for every applicable modulation.
- i) Set the EUT to the highest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the highest frequency channel) and repeat step c) through step d).
- j) The band-edge measurement shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

7.4 Test Results of Conducted Spurious Emissions & Band Edge

Please refer to Appendix

8 Power line conducted emission

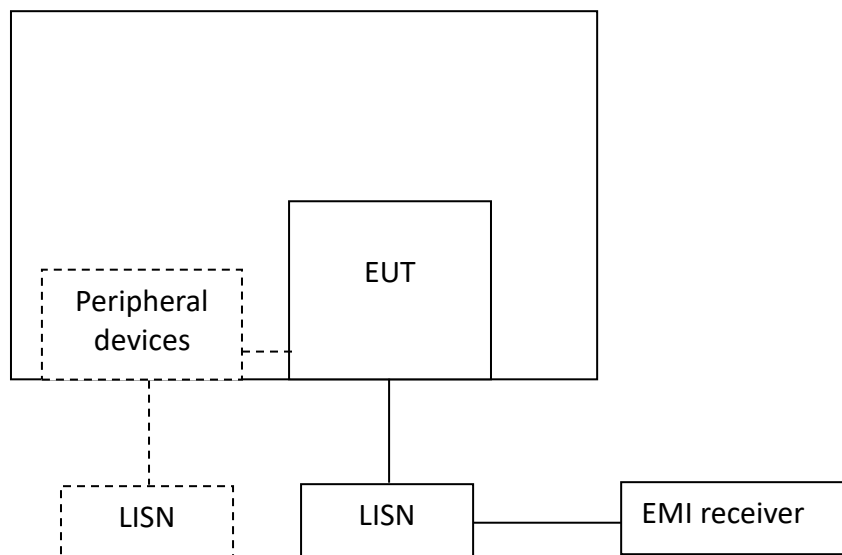
Test result: Pass

8.1 Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	QP	AV
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46 *
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

8.2 Test Configuration



8.3 Measurement Procedure

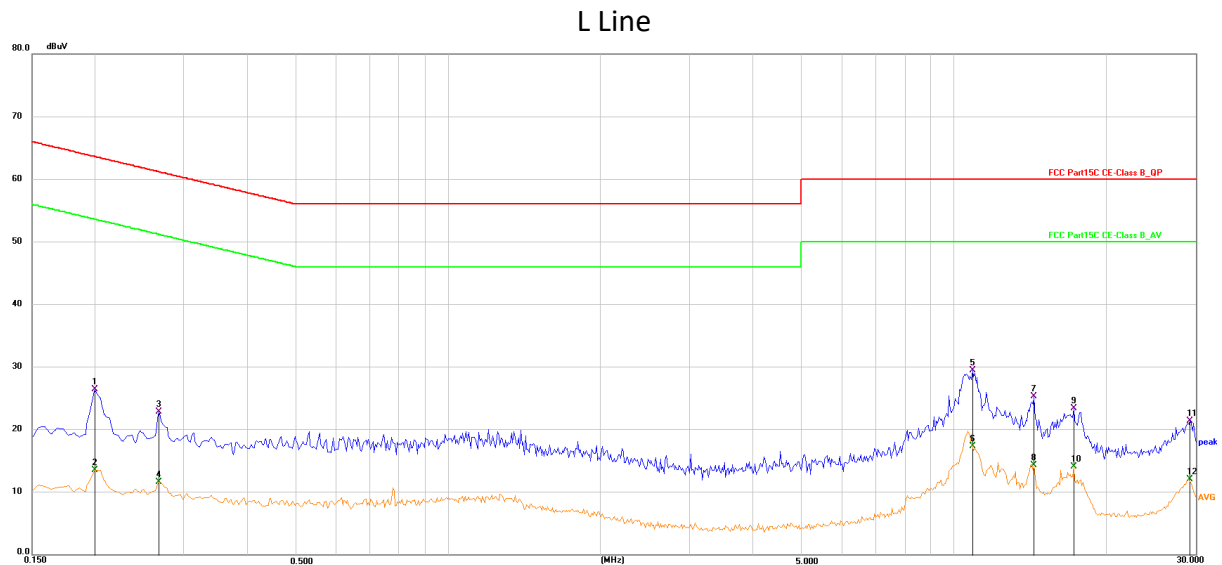
Measured levels of ac power-line conducted emission shall be the emission voltages from the voltage probe, where permitted, or across the 50 Ω LISN port (to which the EUT is connected), where permitted, terminated into a 50 Ω measuring instrument. All emission voltage and current measurements shall be made on each current-carrying conductor at the plug end of the EUT power cord by the use of mating plugs and receptacles on the LISN, if used. Equipment shall be tested with power cords that are normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer and that have electrical and shielding characteristics that are the same as those cords normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer. For those measurements using a LISN, the 50 Ω measuring port is terminated by a measuring instrument having 50 Ω input impedance. All other ports are terminated in 50 Ω loads.

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the reference ground plane. The vertical conducting plane or wall of an RF-shielded (screened) room shall be located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. Floor-standing devices shall be placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material as described in ANSI C63.4. All other surfaces of tabletop or floor-standing EUTs shall be at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface, including the case or cases of one or more LISNs.

The bandwidth of the test receiver is set at 9 kHz.

8.4 Test Results of Power line conducted emission

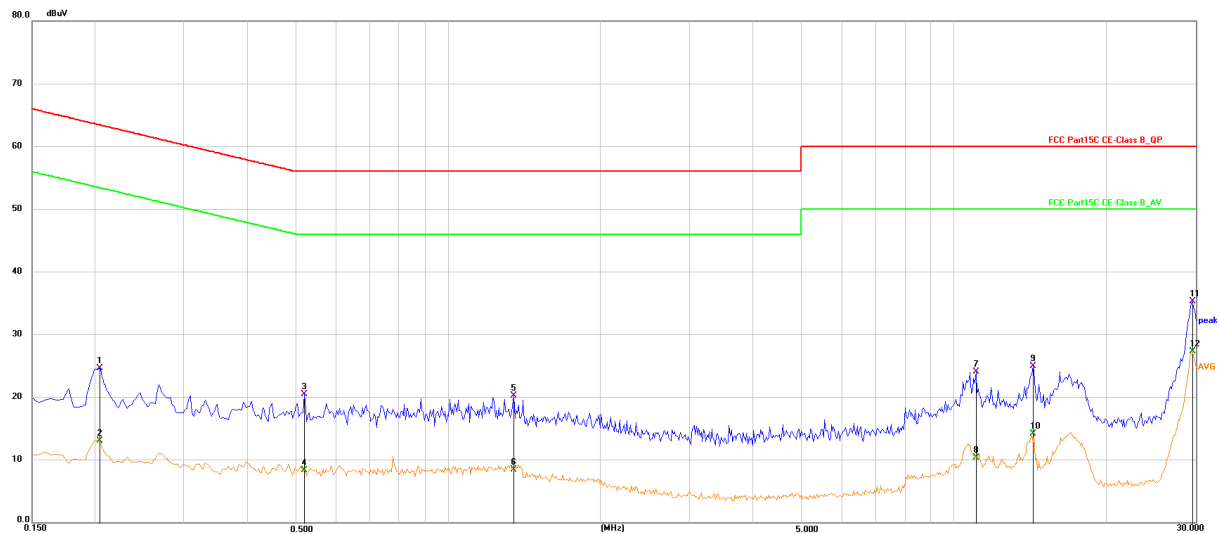
Test Curve:



Test Data:

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-peak			Average		
	Level dB(μV)	Limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)	Level dB(μV)	Limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)
0.1995	26.37	63.63	37.26	13.47	53.63	40.16
0.2670	22.85	61.21	38.36	11.57	51.21	39.64
10.8644	29.45	60.00	30.55	17.32	50.00	32.68
14.3655	25.28	60.00	34.72	14.34	50.00	35.66
17.2860	23.43	60.00	36.57	14.03	50.00	35.97
29.2244	21.43	60.00	38.57	12.11	50.00	37.89

N Line



Test Data:

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-peak			Average		
	Level dB(μV)	Limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)	Level dB(μV)	Limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)
0.2040	24.58	63.45	38.87	13.09	53.45	40.36
0.5190	20.52	56.00	35.48	8.38	46.00	37.62
1.3470	20.23	56.00	35.77	8.48	46.00	37.52
11.0670	24.06	60.00	35.94	10.39	50.00	39.61
14.3384	10.39	50.00	39.61	14.21	50.00	35.79
29.5800	35.27	60.00	24.73	27.33	50.00	22.67

Remark: 1. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss, the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

2. Level = Original Receiver Reading + Factor

3. Margin = Limit - Level

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,
Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10.00dBuV,
Limit = 40.00dBuV/m.
Then Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 – 32.00 = 0.20dB/m;
Level = 10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m;
Margin = 40.00dBuV/m - 10.20dBuV/m = 29.80dB.

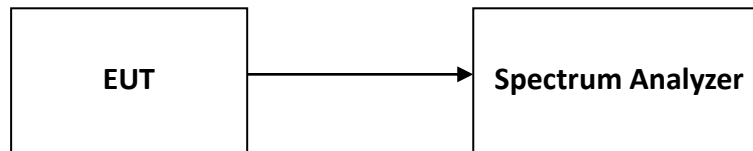
9 Number of Hopping Frequencies

Test result: Pass

9.1 Limit

Number of Hopping Frequencies in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

9.2 Test Configuration



9.3 Test procedure and test setup

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
- b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- c) VBW \geq RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

9.4 Test Results of Number of Hopping Frequencies

Please refer to Appendix

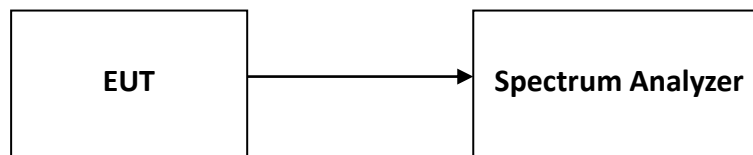
10 Dwell Time

Test result: Pass

10.1 Limit

The dwell time on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

10.2 Test Configuration



10.3 Test procedure and test setup

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
- Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
- Detector function: Peak.
- Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

$$(\text{Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements}) = (\text{number of hops on spectrum analyzer}) \times (\text{period specified in the requirements} / \text{analyzer sweep time})$$

The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number

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of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation.

The measured transmit time and time between hops shall be consistent with the values described in the operational description for the EUT.

10.4 Test Results of Dwell Time

Please refer to Appendix

11 Occupied Bandwidth

Test result: **Tested**

11.1 Limit

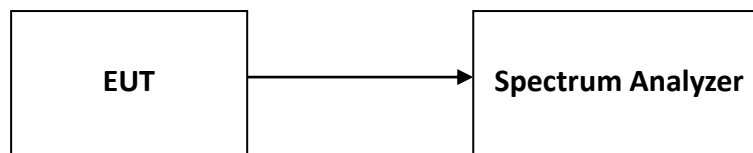
None

11.2 Measurement Procedure

The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately 3x RBW.

11.3 Test Configuration



11.4 The results of Occupied Bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix

12 Antenna requirement

Requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Result:

EUT uses permanently attached antenna to the intentional radiator, so it can comply with the provisions of this section.

Appendix A: Test results

Refer to Appendix A for test results.

***** END *****