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10/17/2023

Synergen Technology Labs  
Sunil Konda  
3131 McKinney Ave., Ste. 602  
Dallas, TX 75204  
USA

Dear Sunil Konda,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Halsa Smart Hub as tested to the requirements of FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-247 Issue 3 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of Eurofins MET Labs. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,  
EUROFINS MET LABS

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Nancy LaBrecque".

Nancy LaBrecque  
Documentation Department

Reference: WIRA109927 – FCC15C

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## 2.4GHz WiFi Test Report

for the

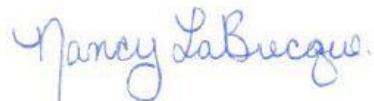
Halsa Smart Hub

### Tested under

FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-247 Issue 3  
For Intentional Radiators



Bryan Taylor, Wireless Team Lead  
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Nancy LaBrecque  
Documentation Department

**Engineering Statement:** The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Part 15.247 under normal use and maintenance.



Matthew Hinojosa  
EMC Manager, Austin Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

## Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	10/17/2023	Initial Issue.

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## List of Terms and Abbreviations

<b>AC</b>	Alternating Current
<b>ACF</b>	Antenna Correction Factor
<b>Cal</b>	Calibration
<i>d</i>	Measurement Distance
<b>dB</b>	Decibels
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>A</b>	Decibels above one <b>microamp</b>
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>V</b>	Decibels above one <b>microvolt</b>
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>A/m</b>	Decibels above one <b>microamp per meter</b>
<b>dB<sub>μ</sub>V/m</b>	Decibels above one <b>microvolt per meter</b>
<b>DC</b>	Direct Current
<b>E</b>	Electric Field
<b>DSL</b>	Digital Subscriber Line
<b>ESD</b>	Electrostatic Discharge
<b>EUT</b>	Equipment Under Test
<i>f</i>	Frequency
<b>FCC</b>	Federal Communications Commission
<b>GRP</b>	Ground Reference Plane
<b>H</b>	Magnetic Field
<b>HCP</b>	Horizontal Coupling Plane
<b>Hz</b>	Hertz
<b>IEC</b>	International Electrotechnical Commission
<b>kHz</b>	kilohertz
<b>kPa</b>	kilopascal
<b>kV</b>	kilovolt
<b>LISN</b>	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
<b>MHz</b>	Megahertz
<b>μH</b>	<b>microhenry</b>
<b>μ</b>	<b>microfarad</b>
<b>μs</b>	<b>microseconds</b>
<b>NEBS</b>	Network Equipment-Building System
<b>PRF</b>	Pulse Repetition Frequency
<b>RF</b>	Radio Frequency
<b>RMS</b>	Root-Mean-Square
<b>TWT</b>	Traveling Wave Tube
<b>V/m</b>	<b>Volts per meter</b>
<b>VCP</b>	Vertical Coupling Plane

## I. Executive Summary

## A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Halsa Smart Hub, with the requirements of FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-247 Issue 3. Synergen Technology Labs should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the Halsa Smart Hub, has been **permanently** discontinued.

## B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-247 Issue 3, in accordance with Synergen Technology Labs purchase order number 20092601. All tests were conducted using measurement procedures ANSI C63.4-2014 and ANSI C63.10-2013.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-247 Issue 2: 2017; RSS-GEN Issue 5: 2018	Description	Compliance
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	---	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-GEN(8.8)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 (5.2)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
---	RSS-GEN(6.7)	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	RSS-247(5.4)	Peak Power Output	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	RSS-247(5.2)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	RSS-GEN (6.13), (8.9), & (8.10)	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RSS-247(5.5)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary

## II. Equipment Configuration

## A. Overview

Eurofins MET Labs was contracted by Synergen Technology Labs to perform testing on the Halsa Smart Hub, under Synergen Technology Labs's purchase order number 20092601.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Halsa Smart Hub.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

<b>Model(s) Tested:</b>	Halsa Smart Hub	
<b>Model(s) Covered:</b>	Halsa Smart Hub	
<b>EUT Specifications:</b>	Primary Power: 5VDC via 120VAC USB Wall Adapter	
	<b>Type of Modulations:</b>	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n (20MHz Channels), 802.11 (40MHz Channels)
	<b>Equipment Code:</b>	DTS
	<b>Peak RF Output Power:</b>	12.6dBm
	<b>EUT Frequency Ranges:</b>	2412-2462 MHz
	<b>Antenna Gain (declared by Synergen Technology Labs)</b>	3.5dBi
	<b>Analysis:</b> The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.	
<b>Environmental Test Conditions:</b>	Temperature: 15-35° C	
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%	
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar	
<b>Evaluated by:</b>	Bryan Taylor	
<b>Test Date(s):</b>	6/13/2023 through 7/14/2023	

**Table 2. EUT Summary Table**

## B. References

<b>CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C</b>	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
<b>RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017</b>	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
<b>RSS-GEN, Issue 5, March 2019</b>	General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus
<b>ANSI C63.4:2014</b>	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
<b>ISO/IEC 17025:2017</b>	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
<b>ANSI C63.10-2013</b>	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

**Table 3. References**

### C. Test Site

All testing was performed at Eurofins MET Labs, 13501 McCallen Pass, Austin, TX 78753. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

### D. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Method	Typical Expanded Uncertainty	K	Confidence Level
<b>RF Frequencies</b>	$\pm 4.52$ Hz	2	95%
<b>RF Power Conducted Emissions</b>	$\pm 2.97$ dB	2	95%
<b>RF Power Radiated Emissions</b>	$\pm 2.95$ dB	2	95%

**Table 4. Uncertainty Calculations Summary**

### E. Description of Test Sample

Halsa Smart Hub device is the central point of the communication. Halsa Smart Hub handles and maintains the connection in between the Halsa Smart Sensor device via BLE and, with router via Wi-Fi. It is the point which make the local alerts based on the processed data. Halsa Smart Hub is always powered with connected power. This also acts as the charging dock for the Halsa Smart Sensor device. Halsa Smart hub contains the following features &middot; Customizable Night Light; Customizable and Intelligent Sound Machine and Music; Touch sensor; Touch sensitive Quick Control for Presets; Audio Monitor &middot; Two way communication from the App; Alexa/Google home integration &middot; Environmental sensor for humidity and temperature; Easy snap on charging for the wearable &middot; Vitals out of range Alarms/Alerts; Bluetooth low energy, Wi-Fi 2.4GHz &middot; Connected power through USB wall adapter; Input: AC110-240V 50-60Hz 0.6A; Max Output: DC 5.0V-3.0A



**Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration**

## F. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. The laptop computer was used to send test commands to force the transmitters to operate in the appropriate test mode.

## G. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	Customer Supplied Calibration Data
Power Adapter	DongguanXie Yang Electronics Co. LTD.	XY-0029	None

**Table 5. Support Equipment**

## H. Ports and Cabling Information

Port Name	Qty	Length as tested (m)	Shielded? (Y/N)	Termination Box ID & Port Name
DC Power	1	1m	Yes	USB Wall Adapter

**Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information**

## I. Mode of Operation

The support laptop provided a direct means of controlling transmitter parameters. Unless otherwise stated or shown, all tests were performed at worst-case modulation and data rates on the following channels.

Transmit Band	Operating Mode	Worst Case Transmission Bandwidth	Channel Numbers Tested	Channel Frequencies Tested
2400 – 2483.5MHz	802.11b	20MHz	1 / 6 / 11	2412MHz / 2437MHz / 2462MHz
	802.11g	20MHz	1 / 6 / 11	2412MHz / 2437MHz / 2462MHz
	802.11n	20MHz	1 / 6 / 11	2412MHz / 2437MHz / 2462MHz
	802.11n (40)	40MHz	3 / 6 / 9	2422MHz / 2437MHz / 2452MHz

**Table 7. Test Channels Utilized**

## J. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

A spectrum analyzer was used to confirm proper transmitter operation.

## K. Modifications

### a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

### b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

## L. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Synergen Technology Labs upon completion of testing.

### III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.203 Antenna Requirement

**Test Requirement:**

**§ 15.203:** An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

**Results:** The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The TX antenna is not accessible by the end user.

**Test Engineer(s):** Bryan Taylor

**Test Date(s):** 6/28/2023

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** **§ 15.207 (a):** For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

**Table 8. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)**

**Test Procedure:** The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50  $\Omega$ /50  $\mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with *ANSI C63.4-2014 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz"*. The measurements were performed using a 50  $\Omega$ /50  $\mu$ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMI receiver. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with this requirement.

**Test Engineer(s):** An Dang

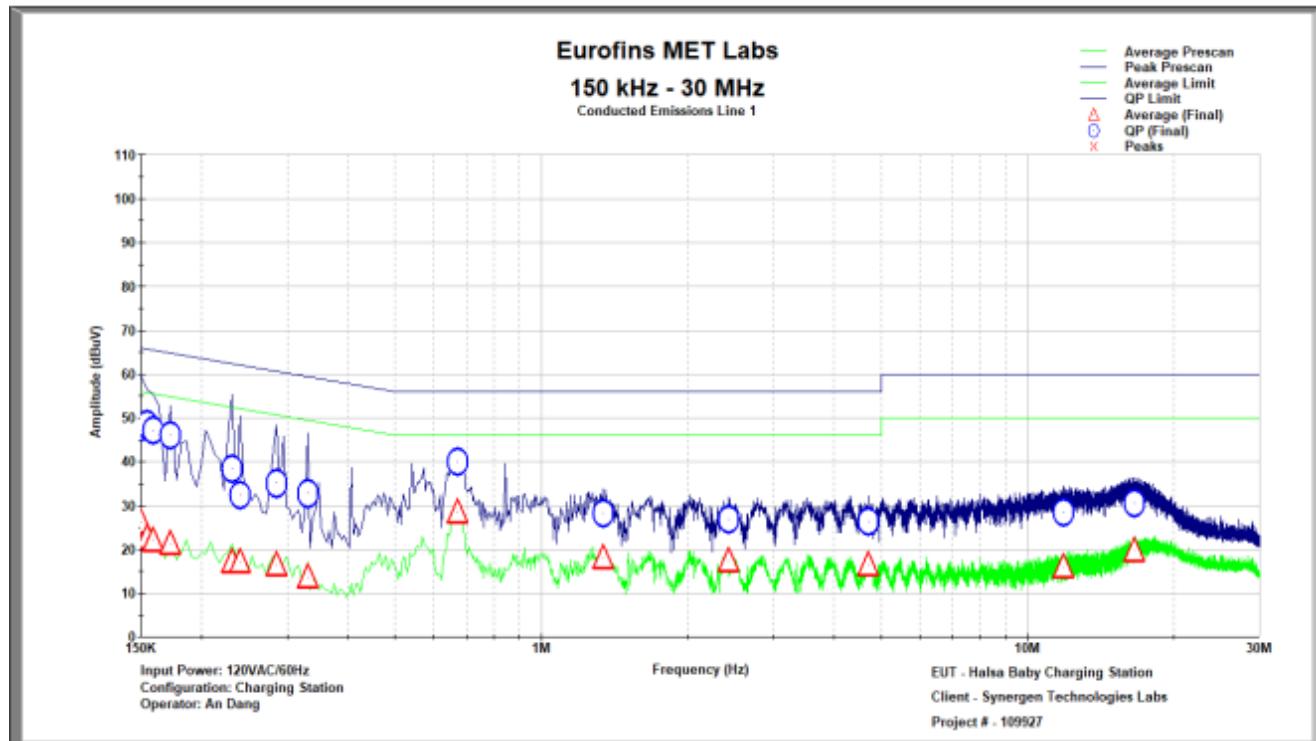
**Test Date(s):** 6/13/2023

### 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Measurement Location		Measurement	Limit	Result
Bonding measurement from LISN ground to ground plane		0.81	< 2.5 mΩ	Pass

Freq (MHz)	QP (dB $\mu$ V)	QP Lim (dB $\mu$ V)	QP Margin (dB)	Avg (dB $\mu$ V)	Avg Lim (dB $\mu$ V)	Avg Margin (dB)	Result
0.150	47.887	66.00	18.113	26.129	56.00	29.871	Pass
0.155	48.597	65.87	17.275	22.600	55.87	33.272	Pass
0.159	47.241	65.74	18.502	21.910	55.74	33.833	Pass
0.173	46.019	65.36	19.338	21.420	55.36	33.937	Pass
0.231	38.445	63.69	25.241	17.152	53.69	36.534	Pass
0.240	32.414	63.43	31.014	17.233	53.43	36.195	Pass
0.285	35.217	62.14	26.925	16.426	52.14	35.717	Pass
0.330	32.863	60.86	27.994	13.621	50.86	37.236	Pass
0.672	40.106	56.00	15.894	28.534	46.00	17.466	Pass
1.338	28.145	56.00	27.855	18.078	46.00	27.922	Pass
2.432	26.929	56.00	29.071	17.332	46.00	28.668	Pass
4.701	26.354	56.00	29.646	16.330	46.00	29.670	Pass
11.850	28.439	60.00	31.561	16.012	50.00	33.988	Pass
16.533	30.643	60.00	29.357	19.724	50.00	30.276	Pass

**Table 9. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase, Test Results**



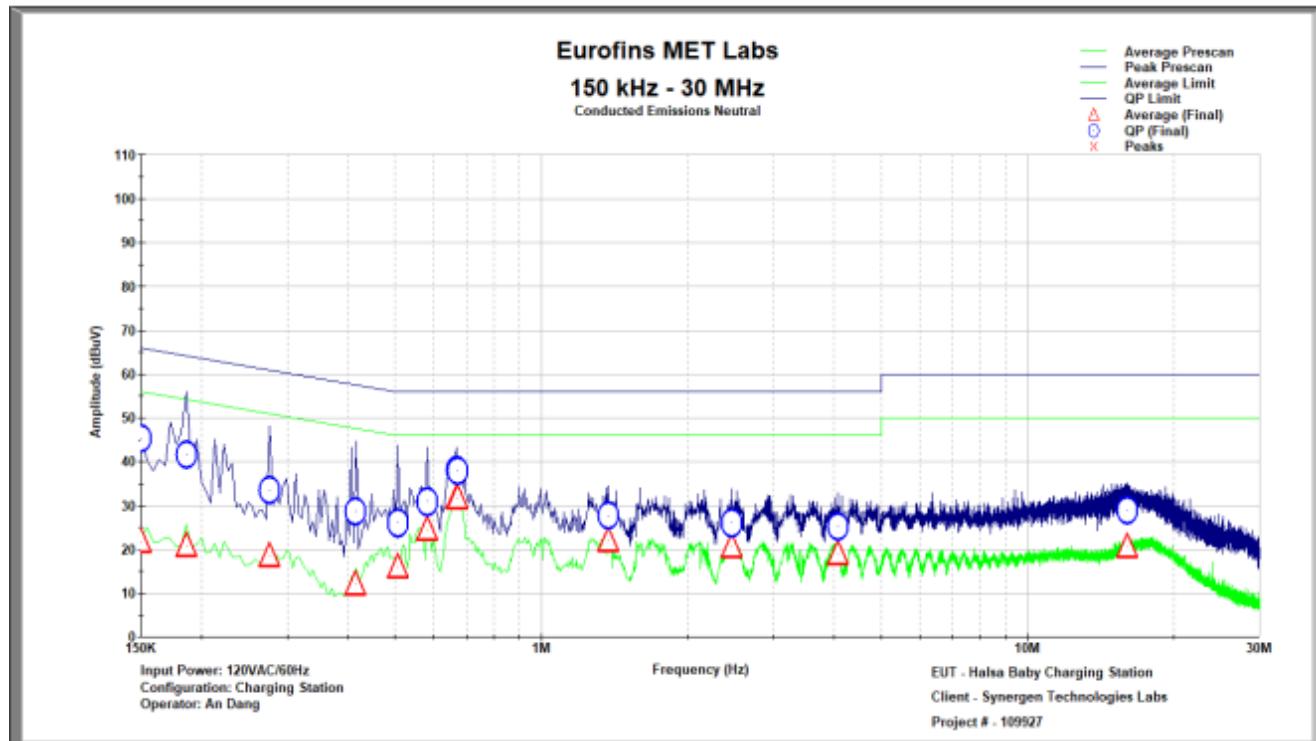
**Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase**

### 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Measurement Location			Measurement	Limit	Result
Bonding measurement from LISN ground to ground plane			0.81	< 2.5 mΩ	Pass

Freq (MHz)	QP (dB $\mu$ V)	QP Lim (dB $\mu$ V)	QP Margin (dB)	Avg (dB $\mu$ V)	Avg Lim (dB $\mu$ V)	Avg Margin (dB)	Result
0.150	45.341	66.00	20.659	21.836	56.00	34.164	Pass
0.186	41.625	64.97	23.347	20.731	54.97	34.241	Pass
0.276	33.524	62.40	28.876	18.508	52.40	33.892	Pass
0.415	28.677	58.43	29.751	11.982	48.43	36.447	Pass
0.506	26.113	56.00	29.887	15.940	46.00	30.060	Pass
0.582	31.124	56.00	24.876	24.516	46.00	21.484	Pass
0.668	38.121	56.00	17.879	31.637	46.00	14.363	Pass
0.672	37.958	56.00	18.042	31.704	46.00	14.296	Pass
1.370	27.670	56.00	28.330	22.072	46.00	23.928	Pass
2.459	26.173	56.00	29.827	20.625	46.00	25.375	Pass
4.076	25.229	56.00	30.771	18.963	46.00	27.037	Pass
15.989	28.835	60.00	31.165	20.596	50.00	29.404	Pass

Table 10. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Test Results



Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB Bandwidth

**Test Requirements:** **§ 15.247(a)(2):** Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, and the VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.

**Test Results** The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

**Test Engineer(s):** Bryan Taylor

**Test Date(s):** 6/28/2023

## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### RSS-GEN (6.7)

### 99% Bandwidth

**Test Requirements:** The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, and the VBW > RBW. The 99% Bandwidth was measured and recorded.

**Test Results** The 99% Bandwidth determined from the plots on the following pages.

**Test Engineer(s):** Bryan Taylor

**Test Date(s):** 6/28/2023

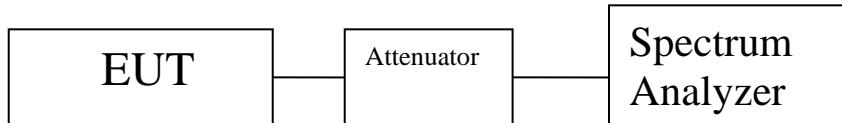
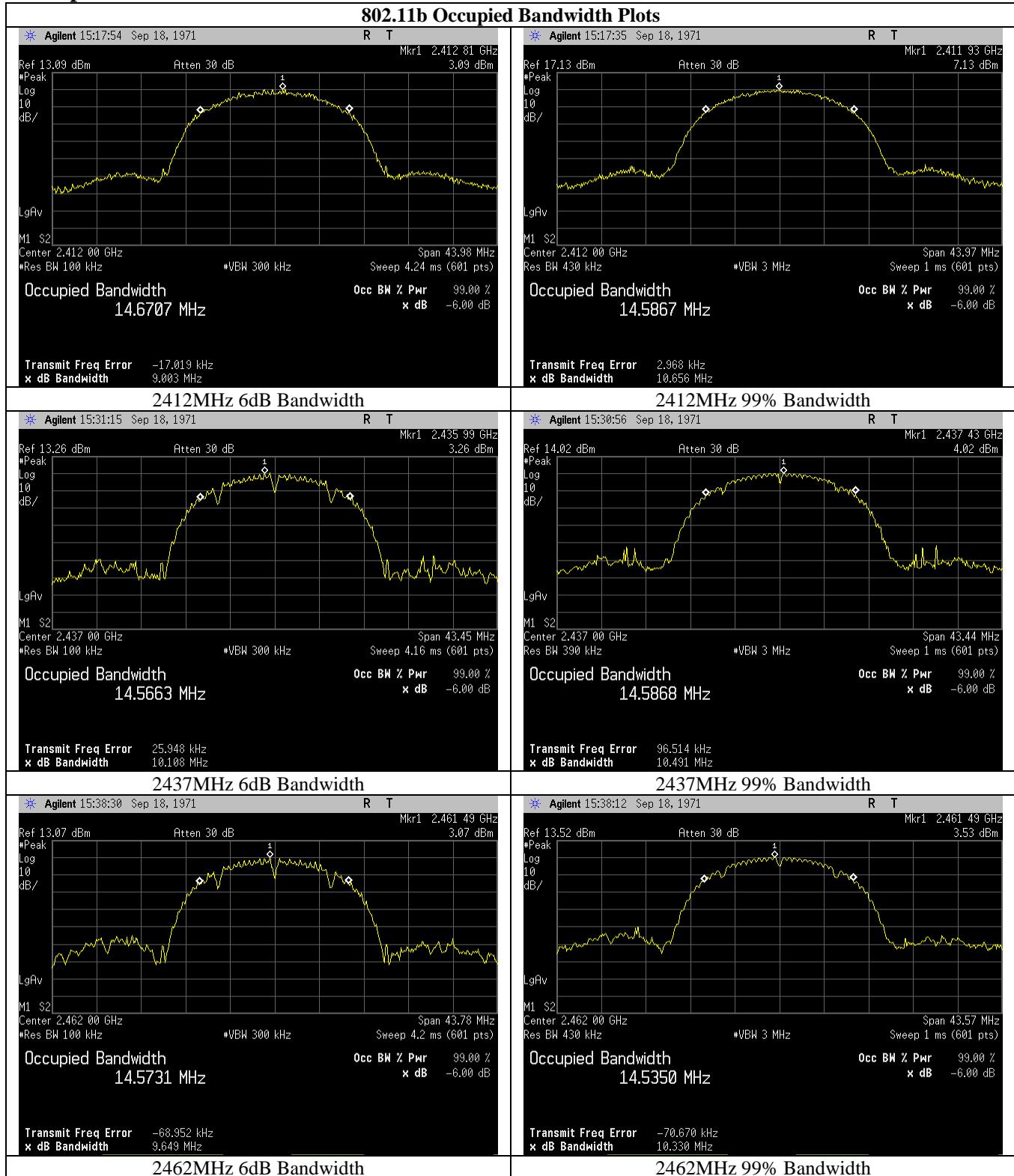


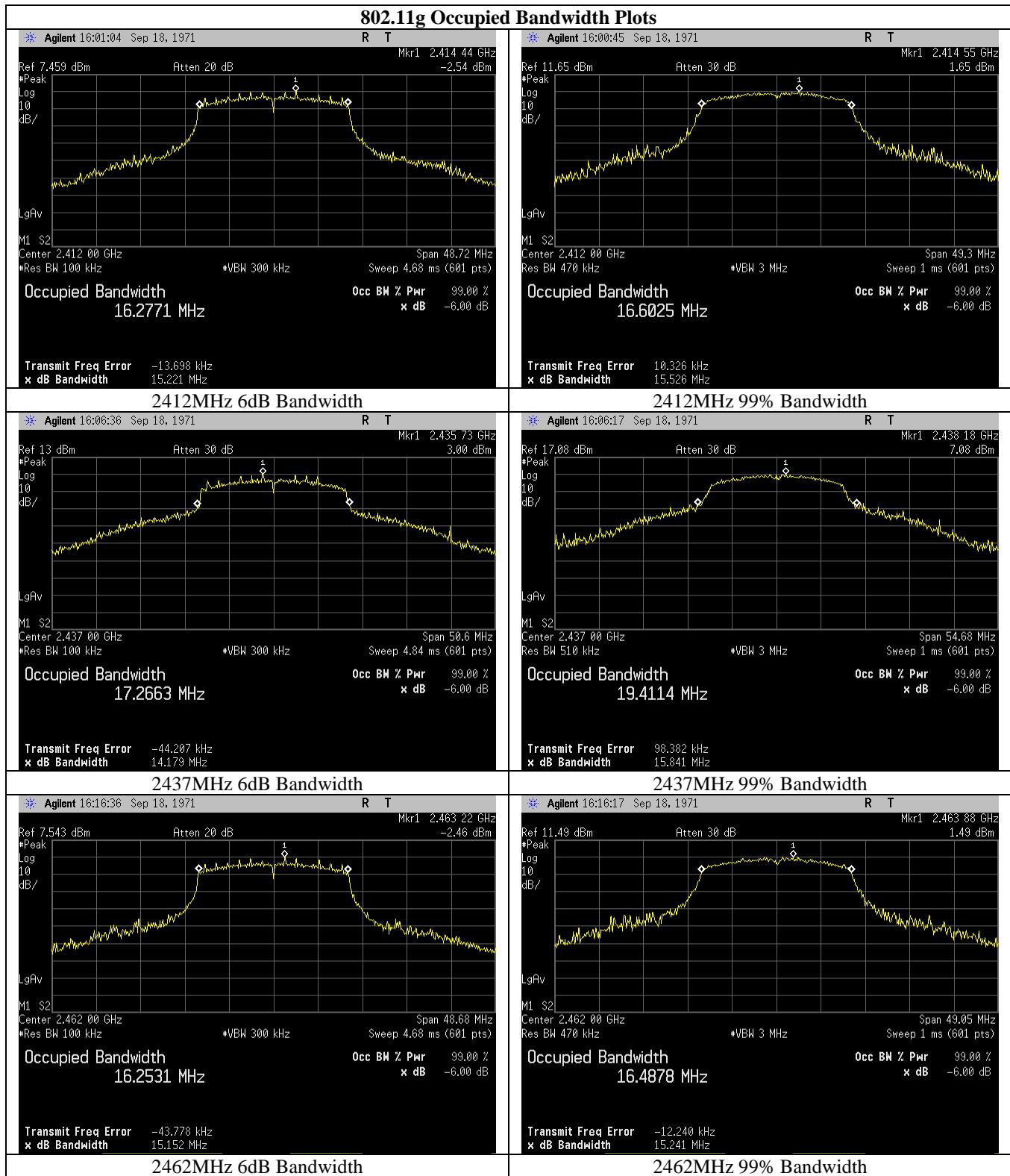
Figure 2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

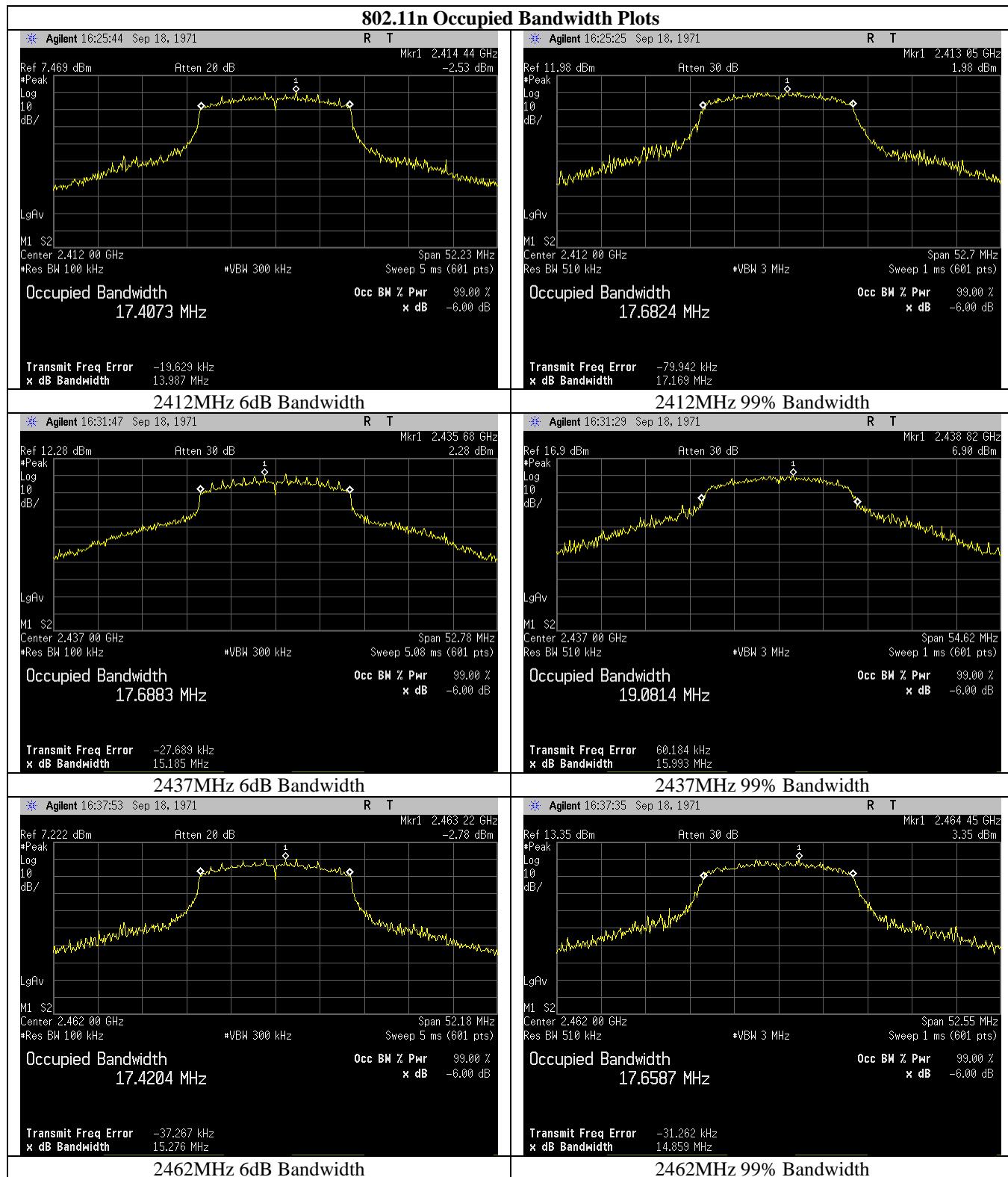
Channel and Mode	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
WIFI_Low Ch_2412MHz_20MHz BW_b-mode	9.003	14.587
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_20MHz BW_b-mode	10.108	14.587
WIFI_High Ch_2462MHz_20MHz BW_b-mode	9.649	14.535
WIFI_Low Ch_2412MHz_20MHz BW_g-mode	15.221	16.602
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_20MHz BW_g-mode	14.179	19.411
WIFI_High Ch_2462MHz_20MHz BW_g-mode	15.152	16.488
WIFI_Low Ch_2412MHz_20MHz BW_n-mode	13.987	17.682
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_20MHz BW_n-mode	15.185	19.081
WIFI_High Ch_2462MHz_20MHz BW_n-mode	15.276	17.659
WIFI_Low Ch_2422MHz_40MHz BW_n-mode	35.184	36.002
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_40MHz BW_n-mode	33.962	39.792
WIFI_High Ch_2452MHz_40MHz BW_n-mode	35.340	35.881

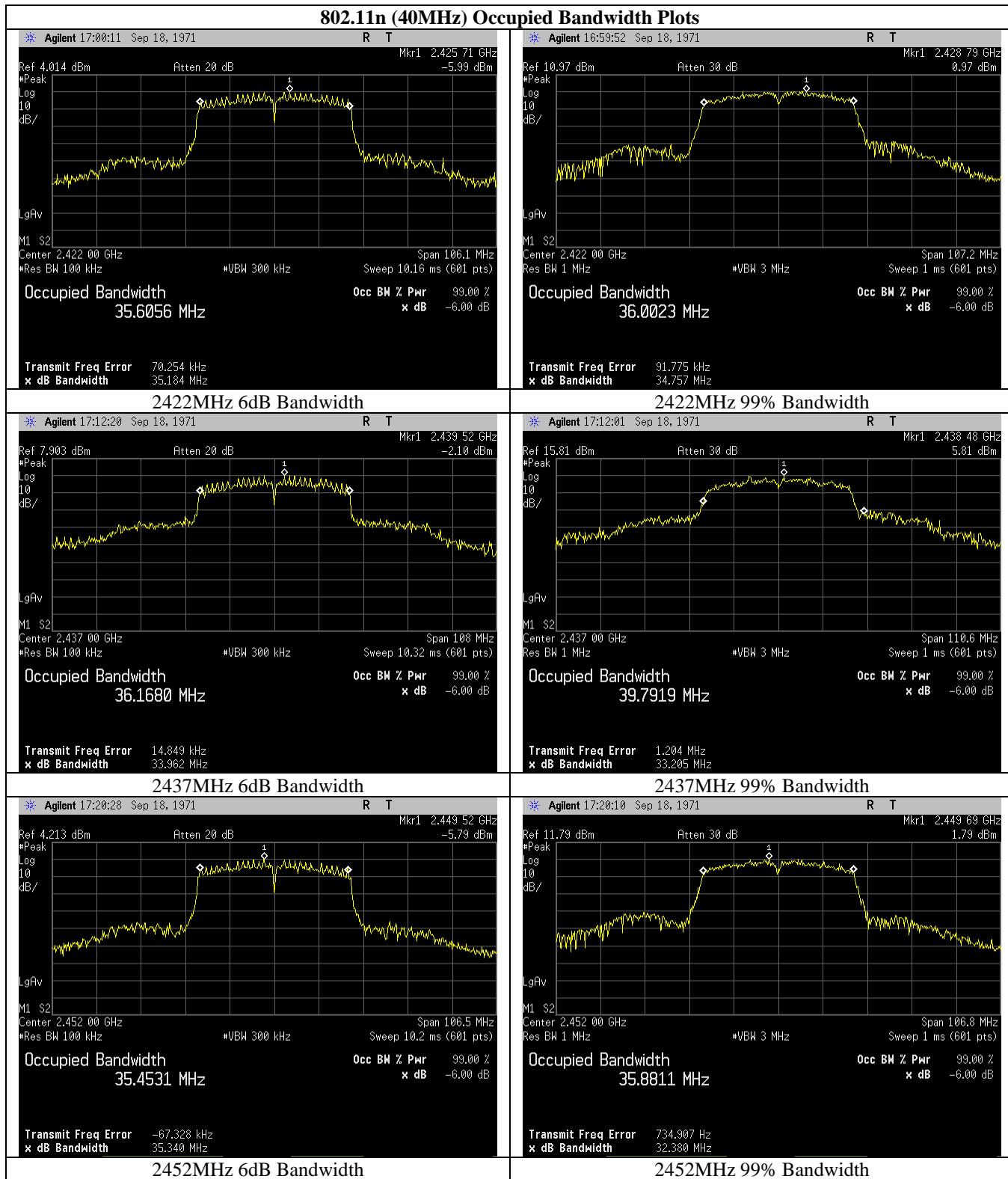
Table 11. 99% and 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

## Occupied Bandwidth Test Results









## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(b) Conducted Output Power

**Test Requirements:** **§15.247(b):** The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400-2483.5	1.000
5725- 5850	1.000

**Table 12. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)**

**§15.247(c):** if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 12, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omni-directional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The analyzer reference level was offset by cable loss connecting to the test sample. The peak power was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of **§15.247(b)**.

**Test Engineer(s):** Bryan Taylor

**Test Date(s):** 6/28/2023



Figure 3. Peak Power Output Test Setup

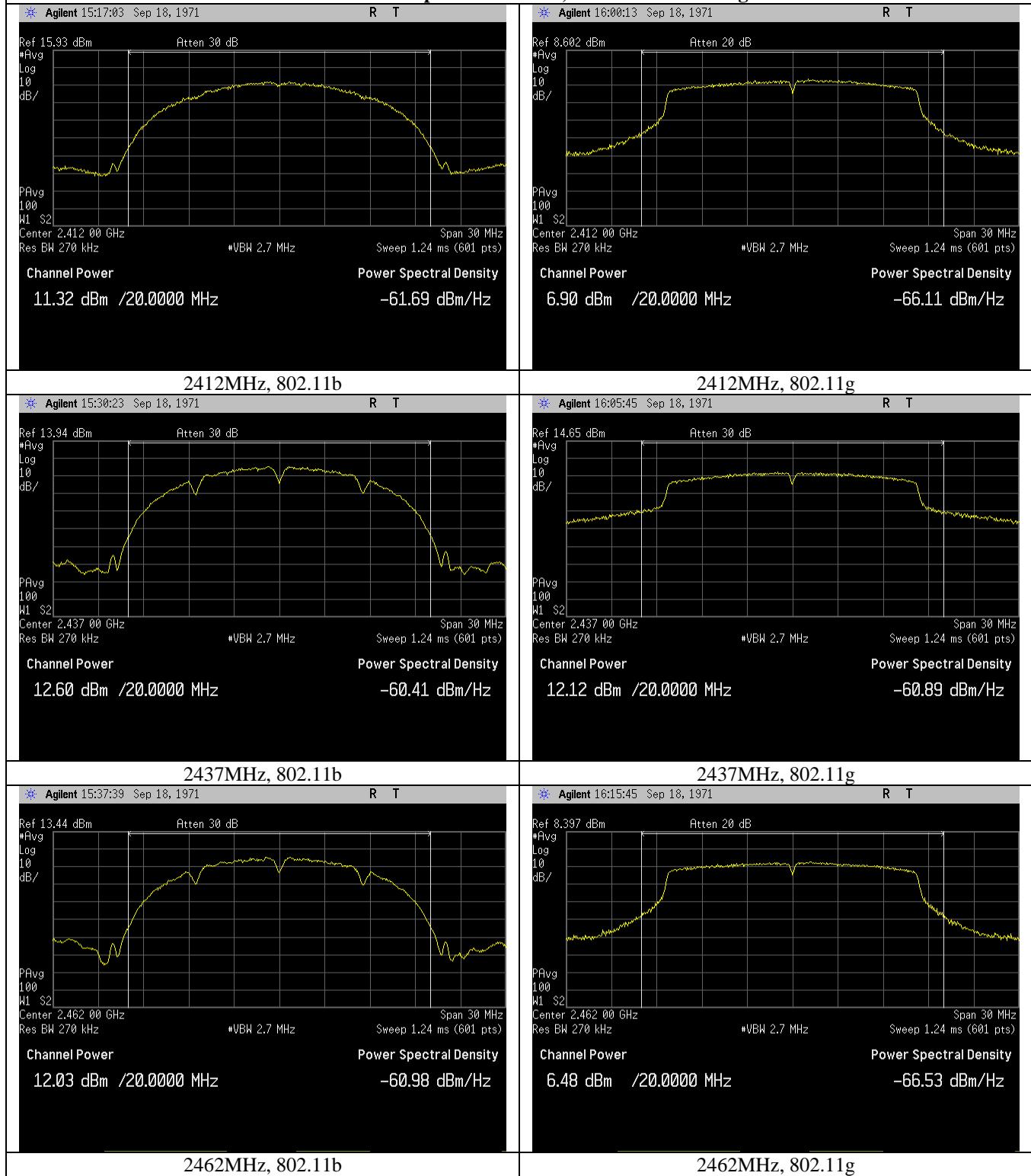
## Conducted Output Test Results

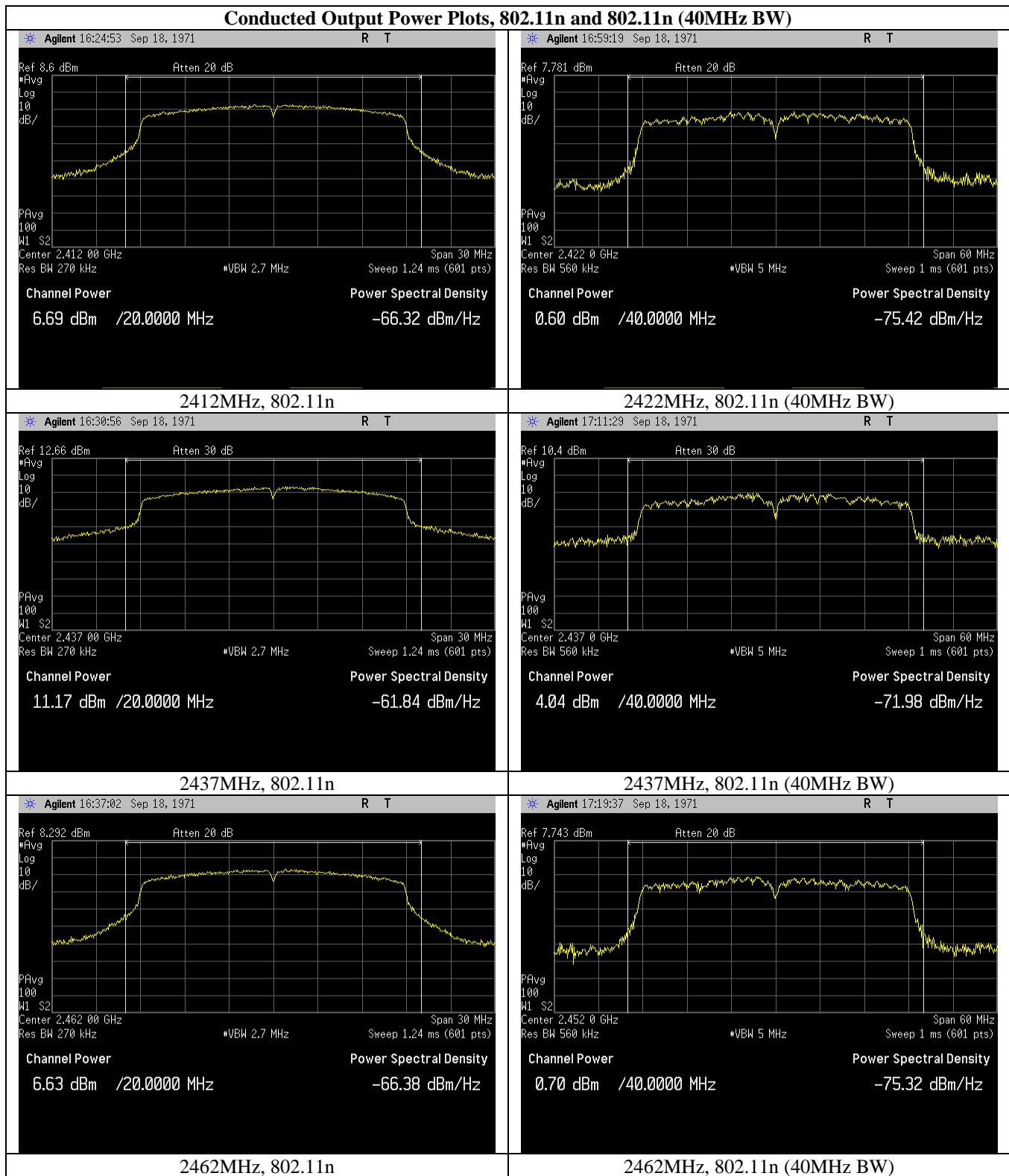
Channel and Mode	Conducted Power (mW)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
WIFI_Low Ch_2412MHz_20MHz BW_b-mode	13.56	11.32	30	18.68
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_20MHz BW_b-mode	18.20	12.60	30	17.40
WIFI_High Ch_2462MHz_20MHz BW_b-mode	15.94	12.03	30	17.97
WIFI_Low Ch_2412MHz_20MHz BW_g-mode	4.90	6.90	30	23.10
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_20MHz BW_g-mode	16.30	12.12	30	17.88
WIFI_High Ch_2462MHz_20MHz BW_g-mode	4.45	6.48	30	23.52
WIFI_Low Ch_2412MHz_20MHz BW_n-mode	4.67	6.69	30	23.31
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_20MHz BW_n-mode	13.08	11.17	30	18.83
WIFI_High Ch_2462MHz_20MHz BW_n-mode	4.61	6.63	30	23.37
WIFI_Low Ch_2422MHz_40MHz BW_n-mode	1.15	0.60	30	29.40
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_40MHz BW_n-mode	2.53	4.04	30	25.96
WIFI_High Ch_2452MHz_40MHz BW_n-mode	1.17	0.70	30	29.30

Table 13. Conducted Power Output, Test Results

## Peak Power Output Test Results

### Conducted Output Power Plots, 802.11b and 802.11g





## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

**Test Requirements:** **§15.247(e):** For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level. The RBW was set between 3kHz and 100 kHz. The VBW was set to 3x the RBW. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of **§ 15.247 (e)**.

The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

**Test Engineer:** Bryan Taylor

**Test Date:** 6/28/2023



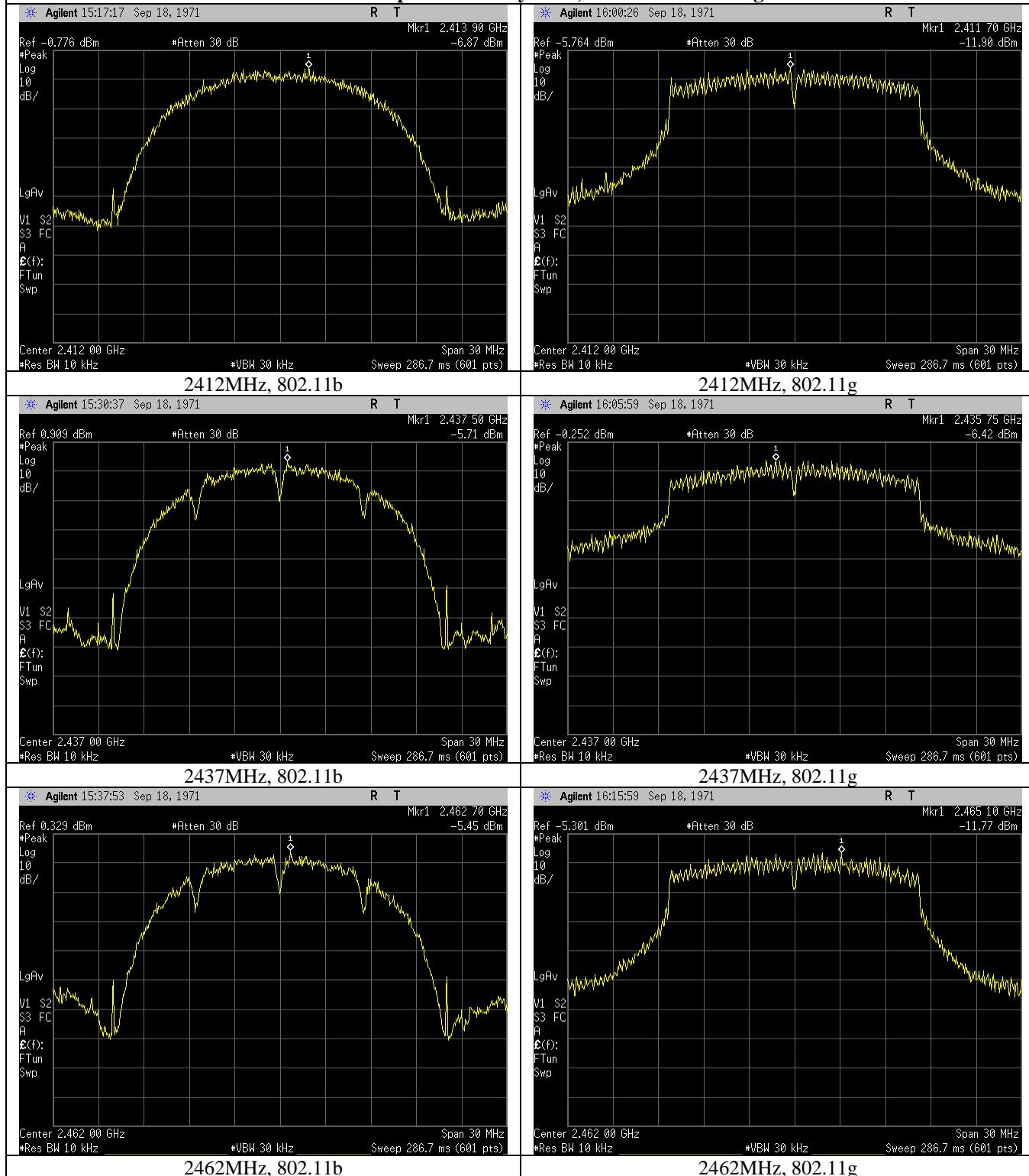
**Figure 4. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup**

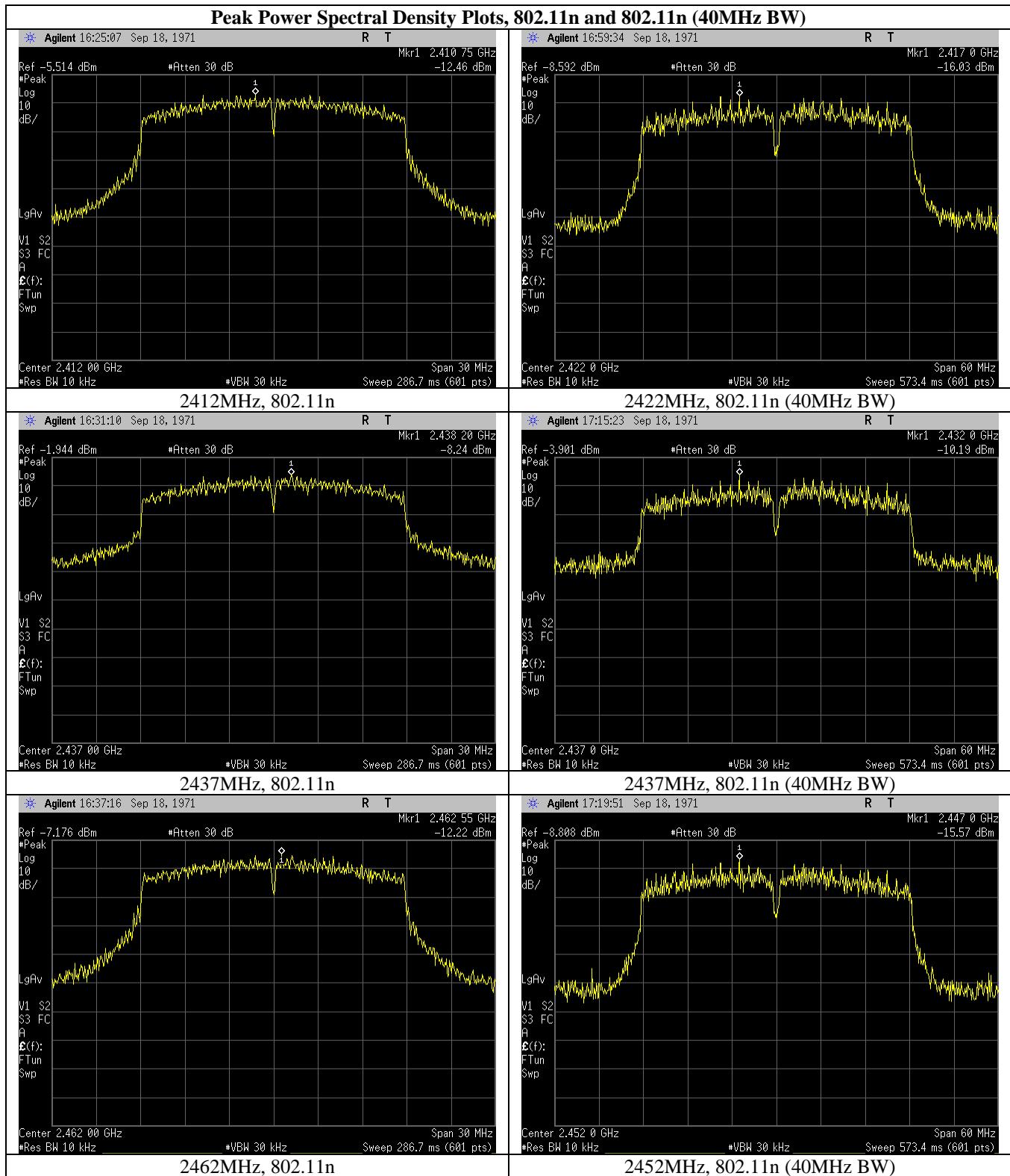
Channel and mode	Peak PSD (mW)	Peak PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin dB
WIFI_Low Ch_2412MHz_20MHz BW_b-mode	0.2057	-6.87	8	14.87
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_20MHz BW_b-mode	0.2686	-5.71	8	13.71
WIFI_High Ch_2462MHz_20MHz BW_b-mode	0.2852	-5.45	8	13.45
WIFI_Low Ch_2412MHz_20MHz BW_g-mode	0.0646	-11.89	8	19.89
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_20MHz BW_g-mode	0.2279	-6.42	8	14.42
WIFI_High Ch_2462MHz_20MHz BW_g-mode	0.0666	-11.77	8	19.77
WIFI_Low Ch_2412MHz_20MHz BW_n-mode	0.0567	-12.46	8	20.46
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_20MHz BW_n-mode	0.1500	-8.24	8	16.24
WIFI_High Ch_2462MHz_20MHz BW_n-mode	0.0600	-12.22	8	20.22
WIFI_Low Ch_2422MHz_40MHz BW_n-mode	0.0249	-16.04	8	24.04
WIFI_Mid Ch_2437MHz_40MHz BW_n-mode	0.0957	-10.19	8	18.19
WIFI_High Ch_2452MHz_40MHz BW_n-mode	0.0277	-15.57	8	23.57

**Table 14. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results**

## Peak Power Spectral Density

### Peak Power Spectral Density Plots, 802.11b and 802.11g





## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements

**Test Requirement:** **15.247(d)** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

**Test Procedure:** For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

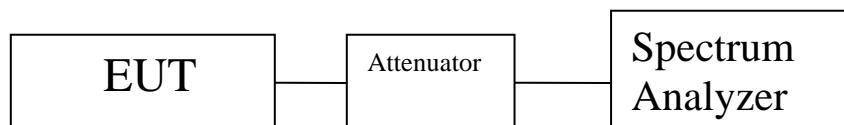
The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level. The RBW was set to 100 kHz. The VBW was set to 3x the RBW. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of **§15.247(d)**.

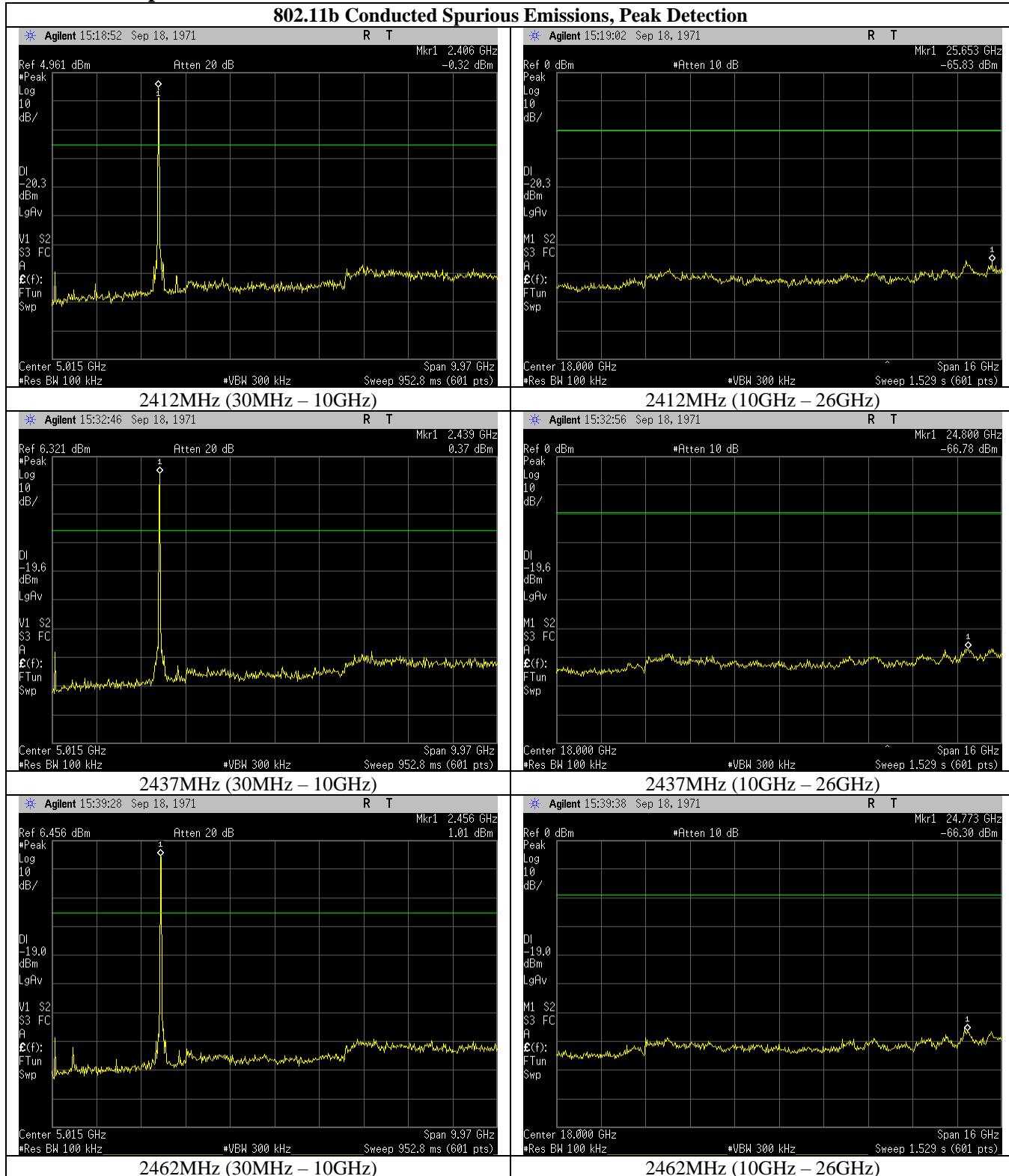
**Test Engineer(s):** Bryan Taylor

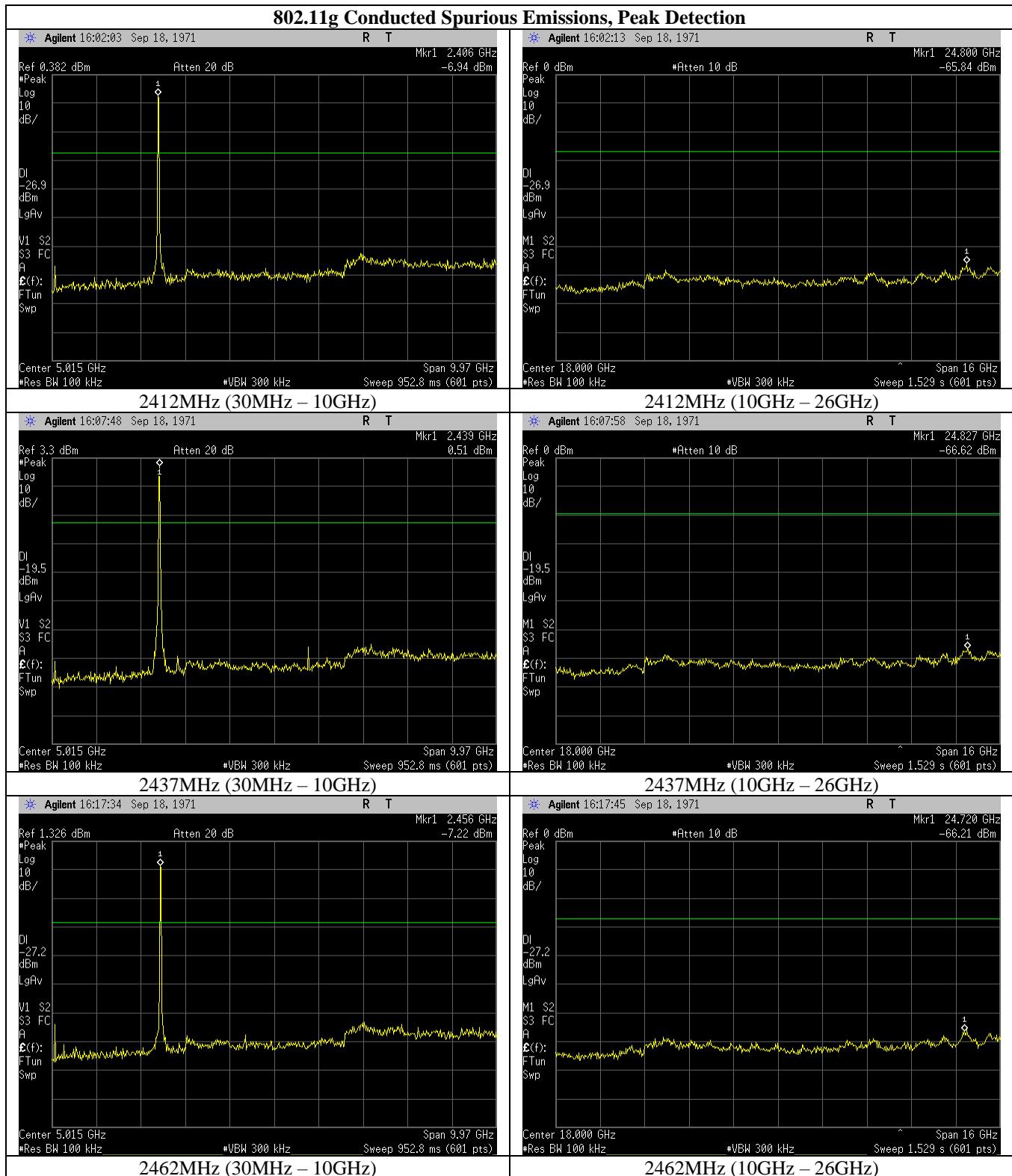
**Test Date(s):** 6/28/2023

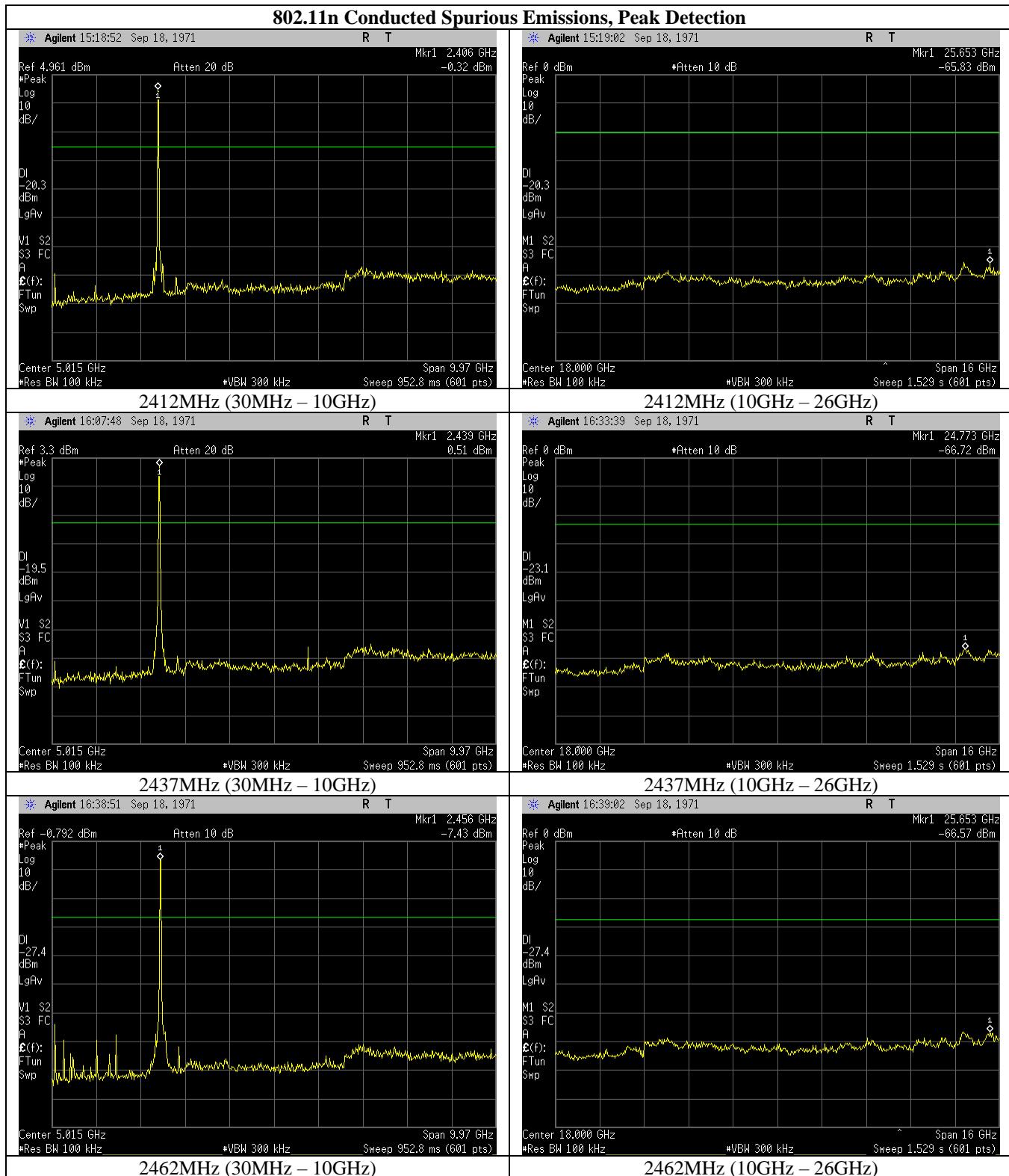


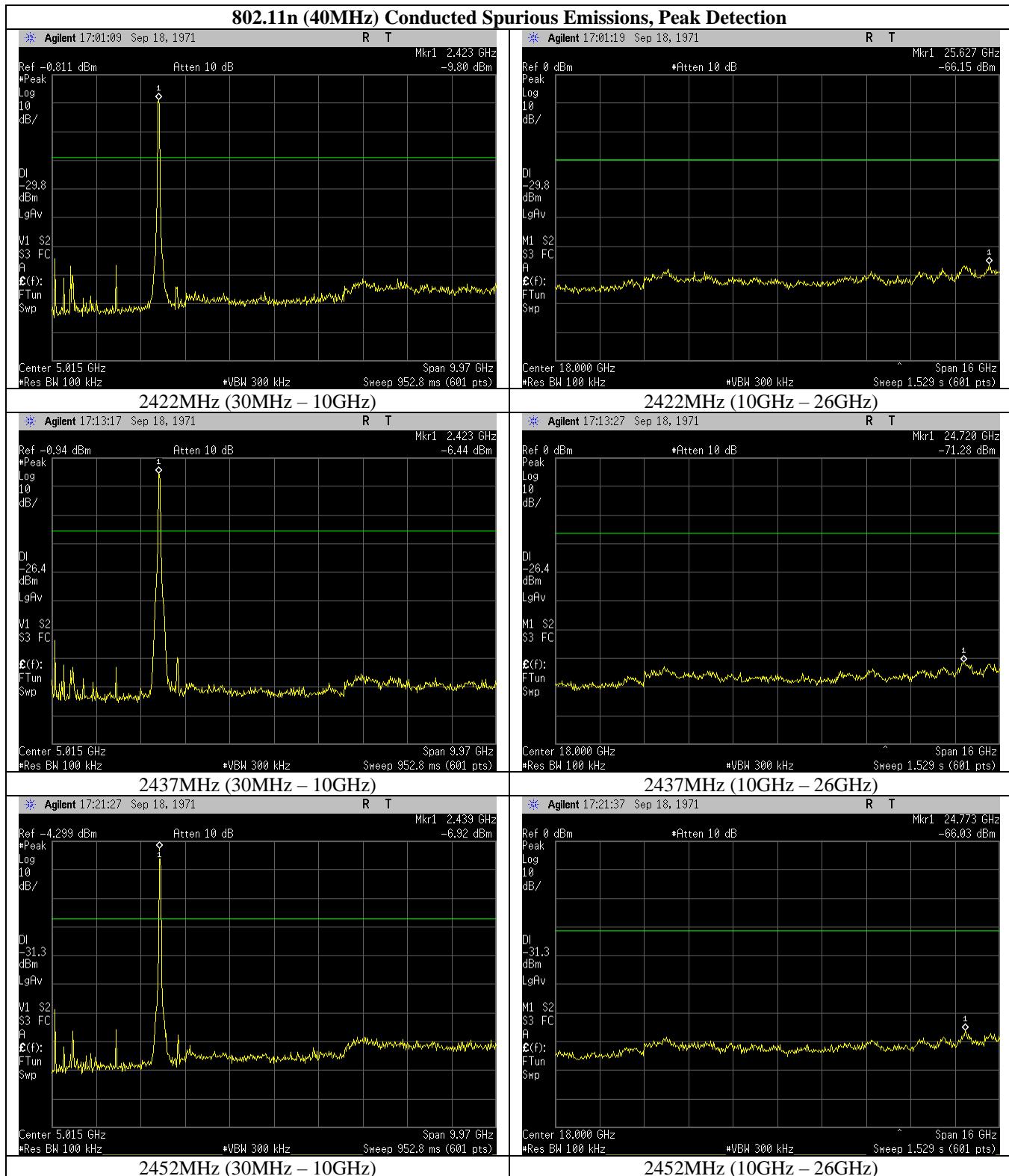
**Figure 5. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup**

## Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results









## Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

### § 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

**Test Requirements:** **§15.247(d); §15.205:** Emissions outside the frequency band.

**§15.247(d):** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

**§15.205(a):** Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110-----	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495–0.505-----	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905-----	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128-----	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775-----	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775-----	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218-----	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825-----	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225-----	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294-----	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366-----	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675-----	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475-----	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293-----	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025-----	240–285	3345.8–3358.36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725-----	322–335.4	3600–4400	( <sup>2</sup> )

**Table 15. Restricted Bands of Operation**

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

**Test Requirement(s):** **§ 15.209 (a):** Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 16.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a), Radiated Emission Limits (dB $\mu$ V) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

**Table 16. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)**

**Test Procedures:** The antenna-port methodology form ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 11.12.2 was utilized as an alternative to radiated emissions in the restricted bands.

The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level. For frequencies below 1GHz, the RBW was set to 100 kHz and the VBW was set to 3x the RBW. For frequencies above 1GHz the RBW was set to 1MHz and the VBW was set to 3x the RBW. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used. The maximum antenna gain was added to the measurement trace as was the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor as outlined in section 11.12.2 of ANSI C63.10. The resultant EIRP was then converted to an equivalent electric field strength which is shown on the graphical plots which follow. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

In order to assess the cabinet radiated spurious emissions, a radiated scan was performed with the antenna of proper impedance installed. The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes if multiple mounting orientations are supported. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.

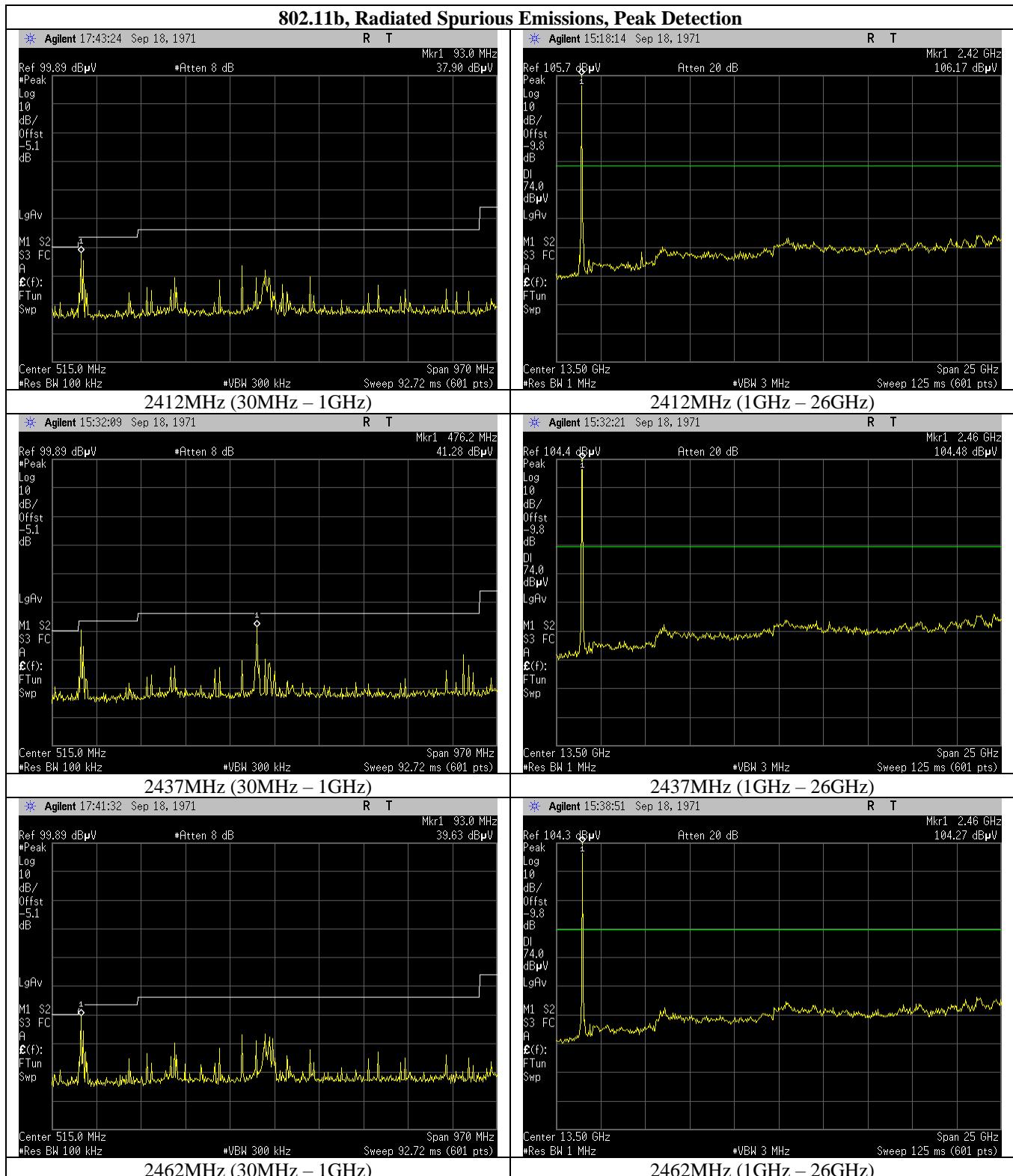
Radiated measurements below 30MHz were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber that has been correlated to an open area site.

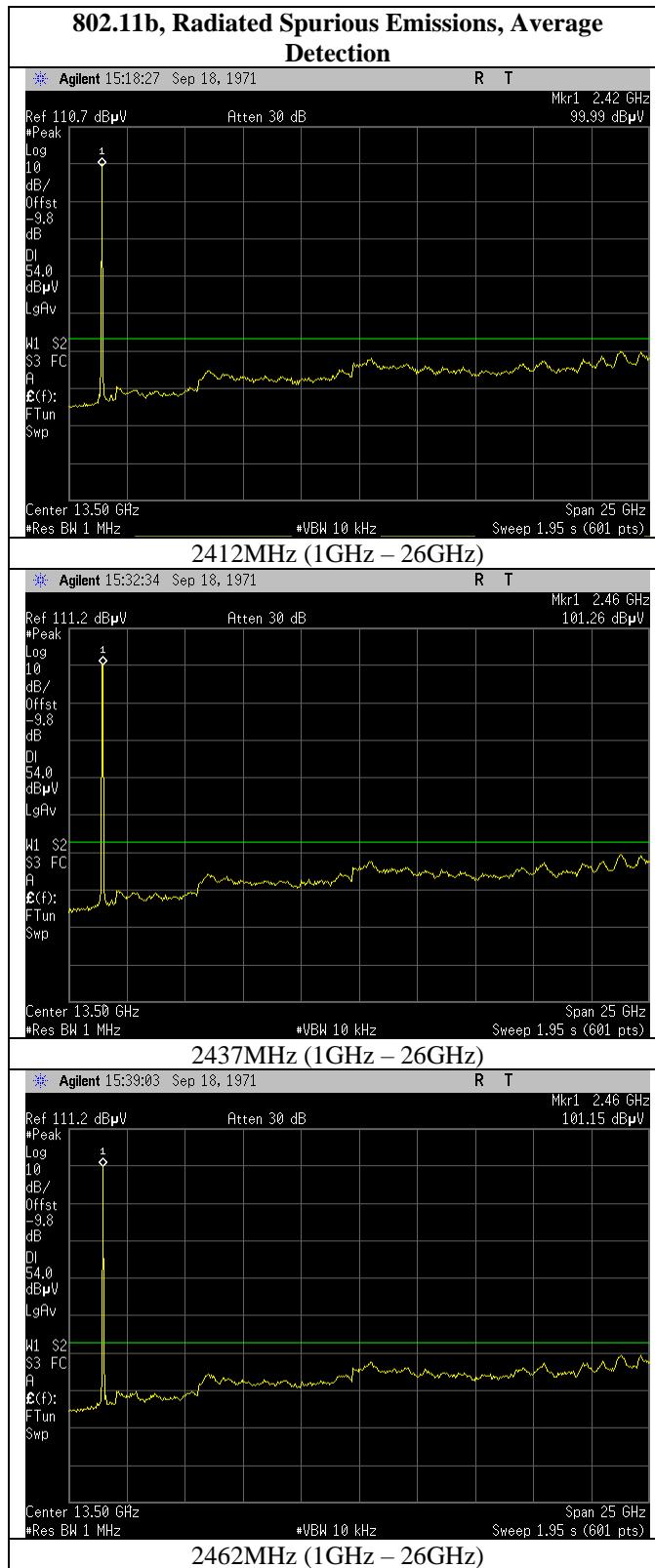
**Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of **§ 15.247(d)**.

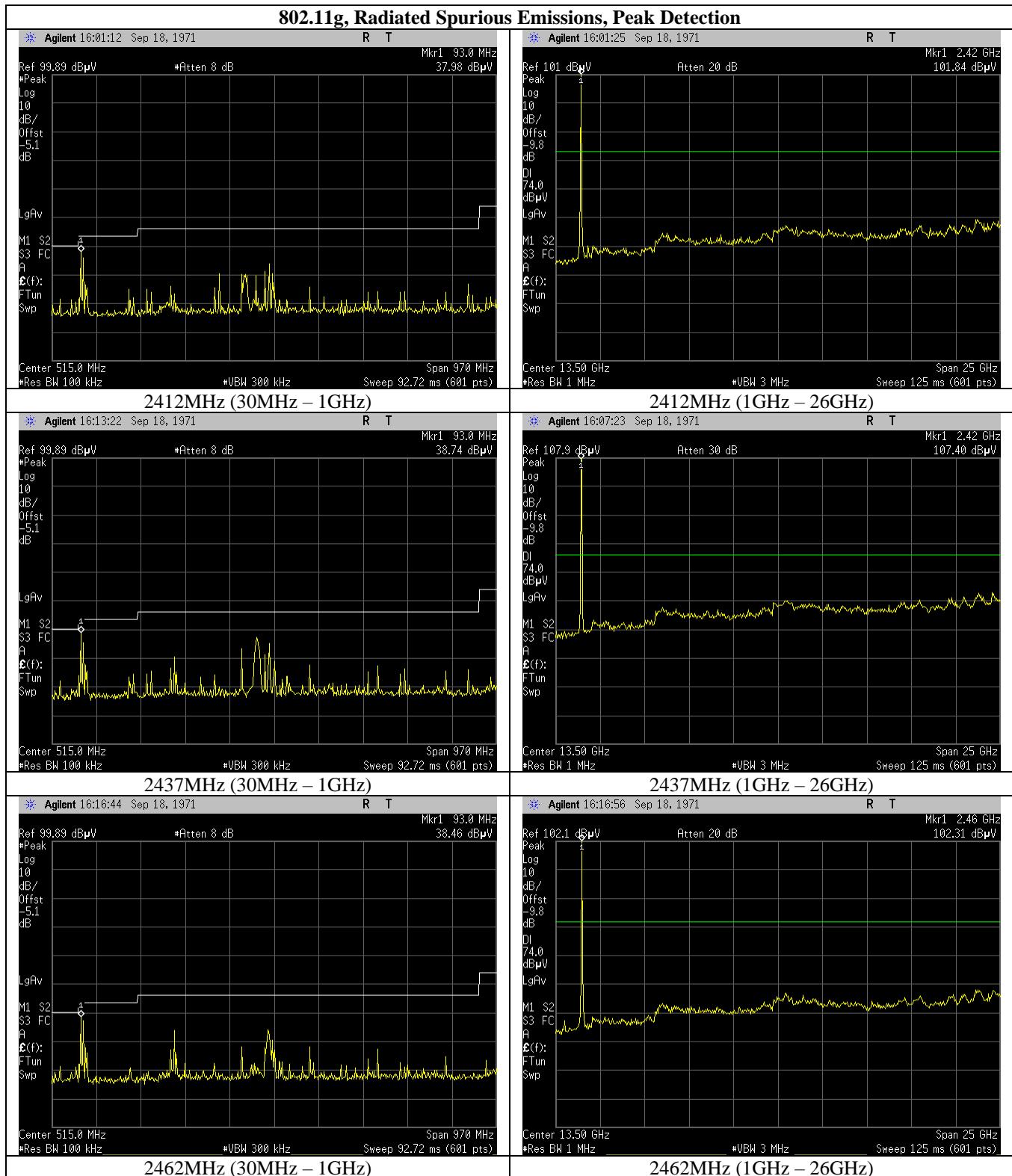
**Test Engineer(s):** Bryan Taylor, Sergio Gutierrez

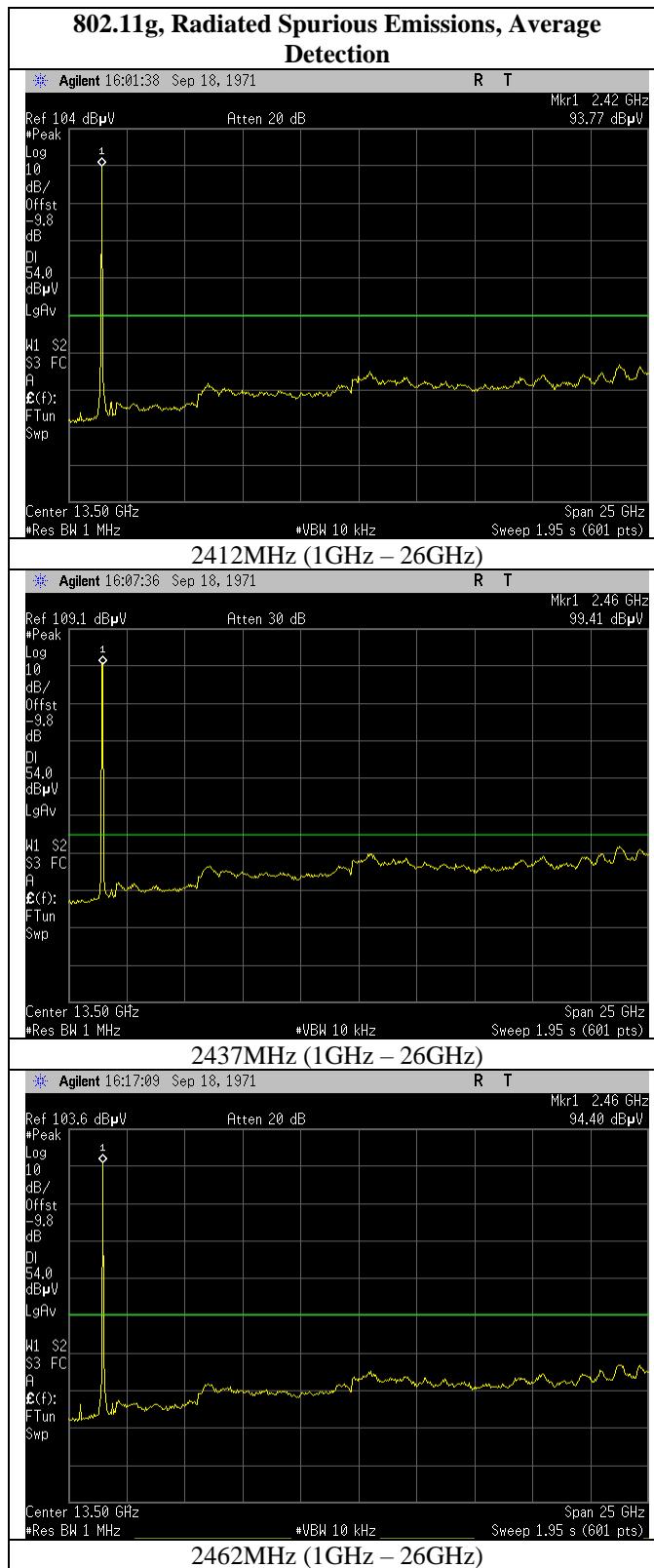
**Test Date(s):** 6/28/2023 – 7/14/2023

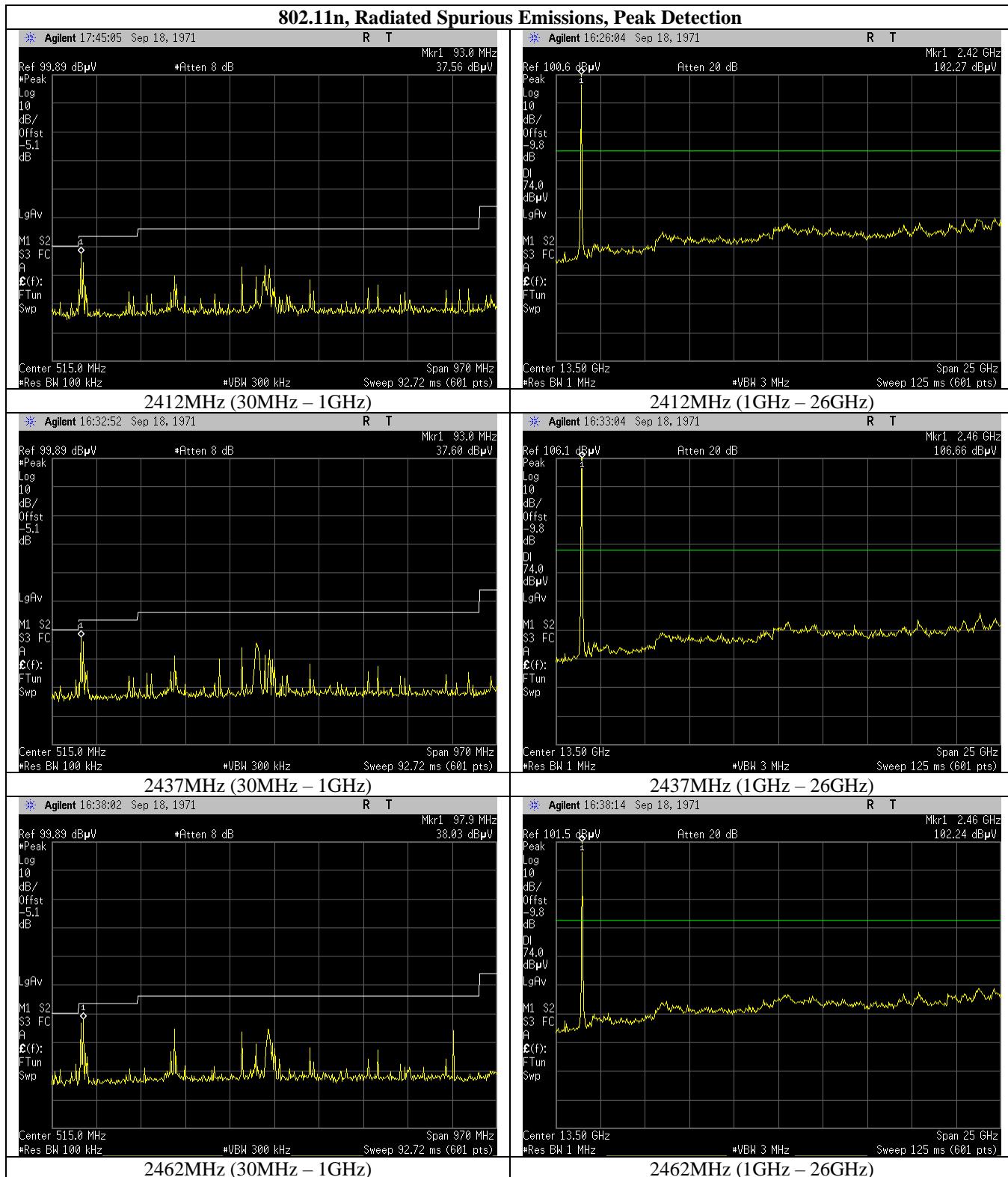
## Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results

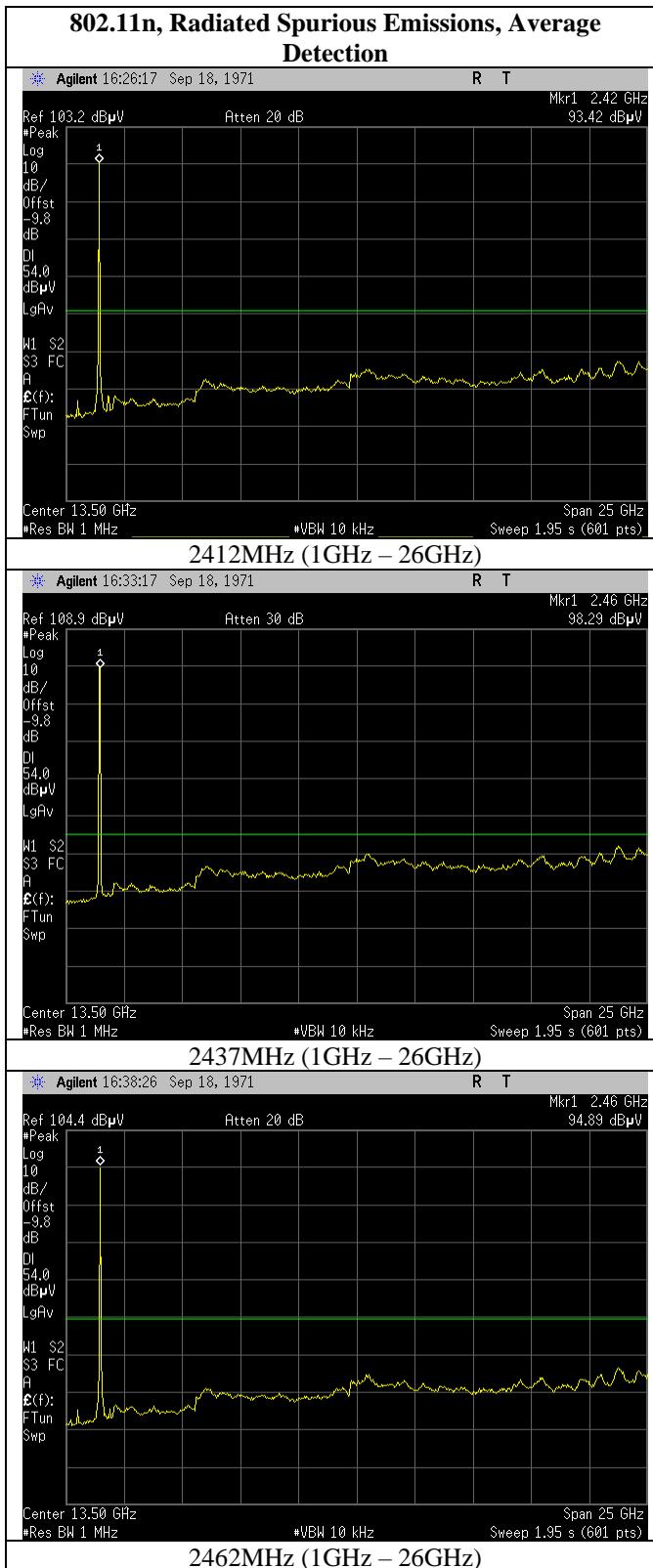


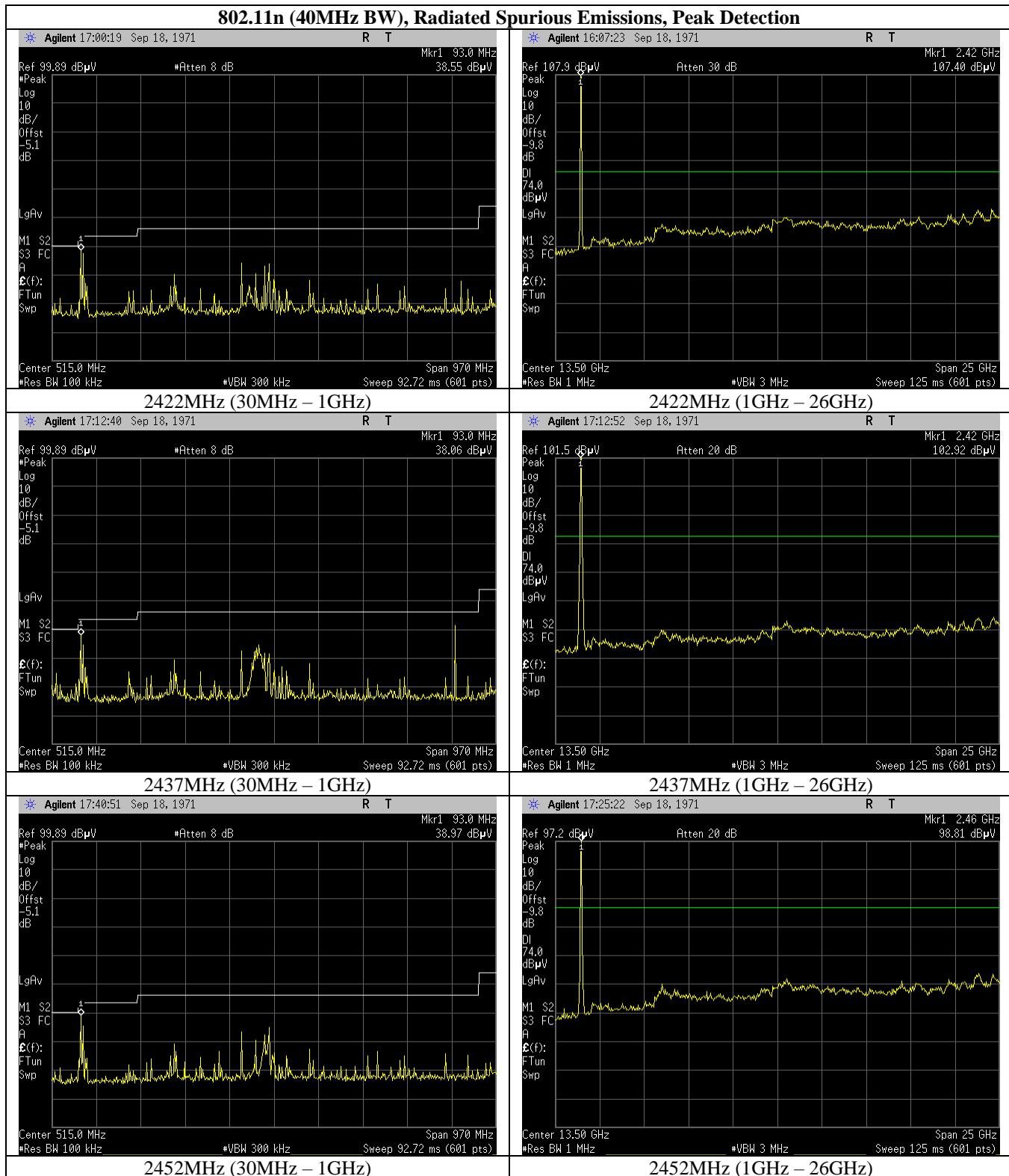


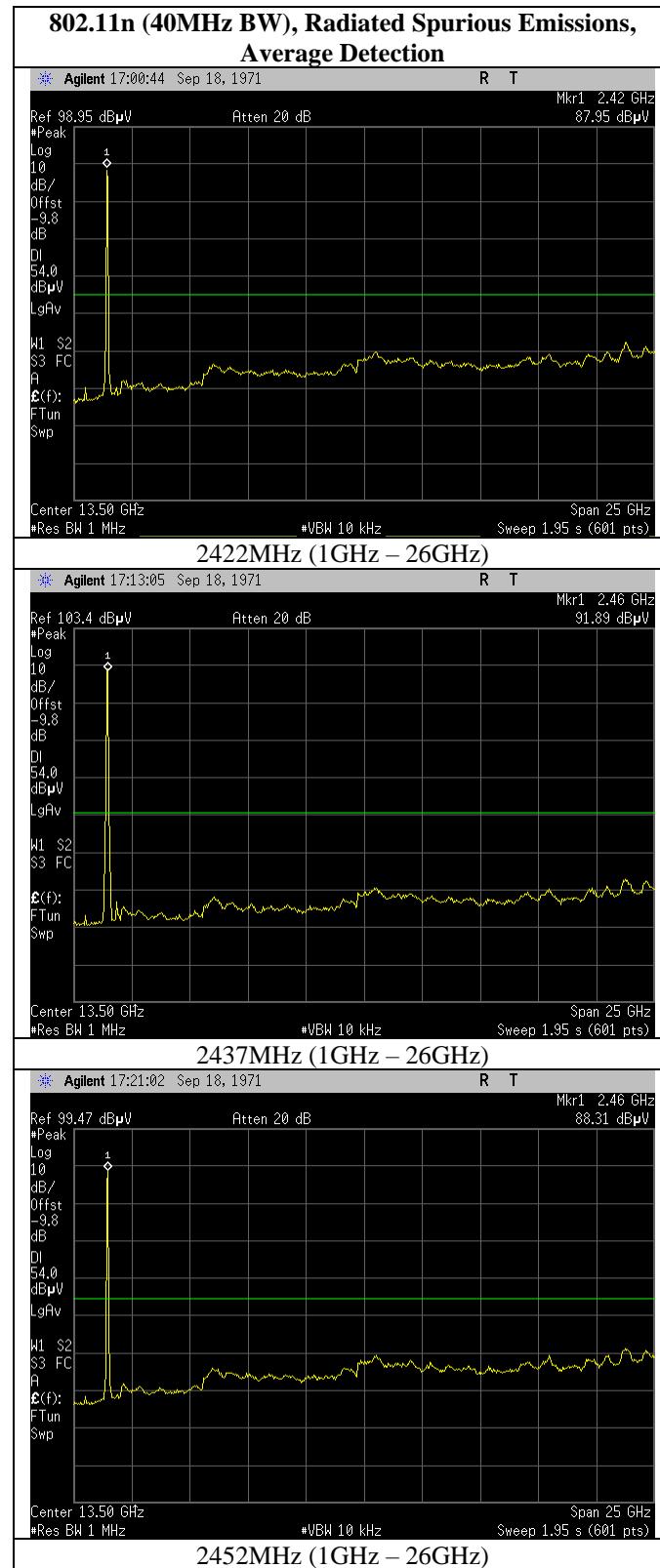


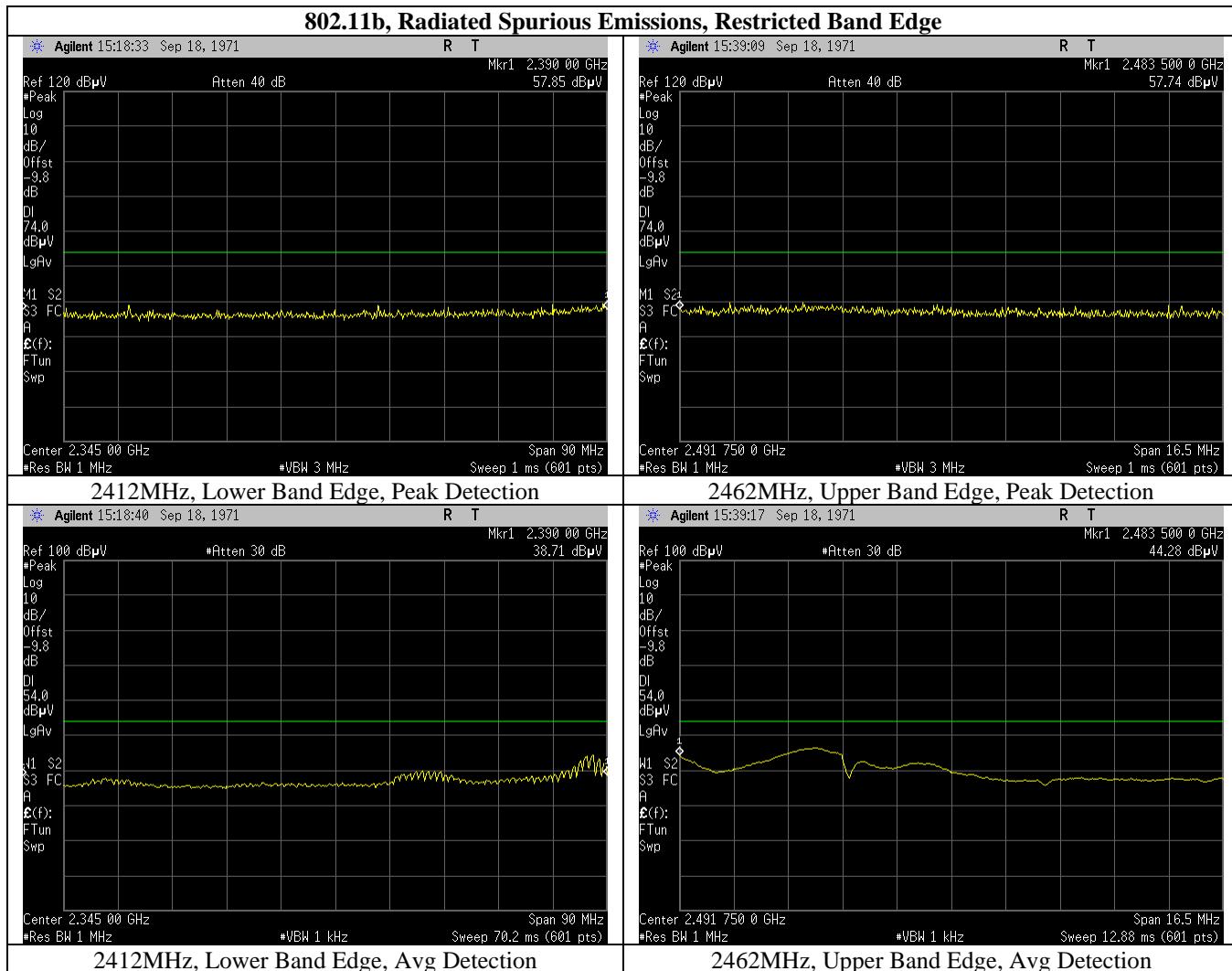




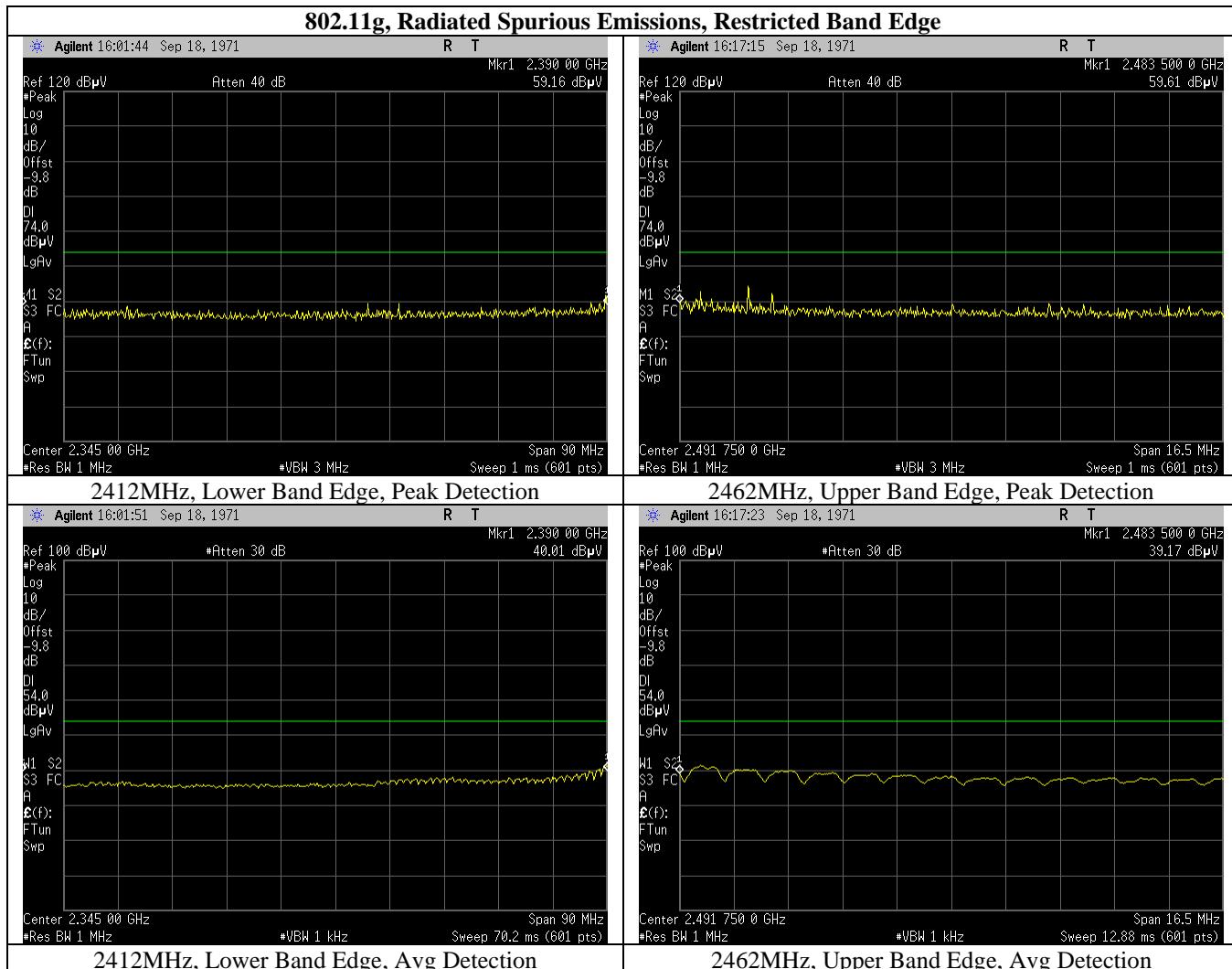




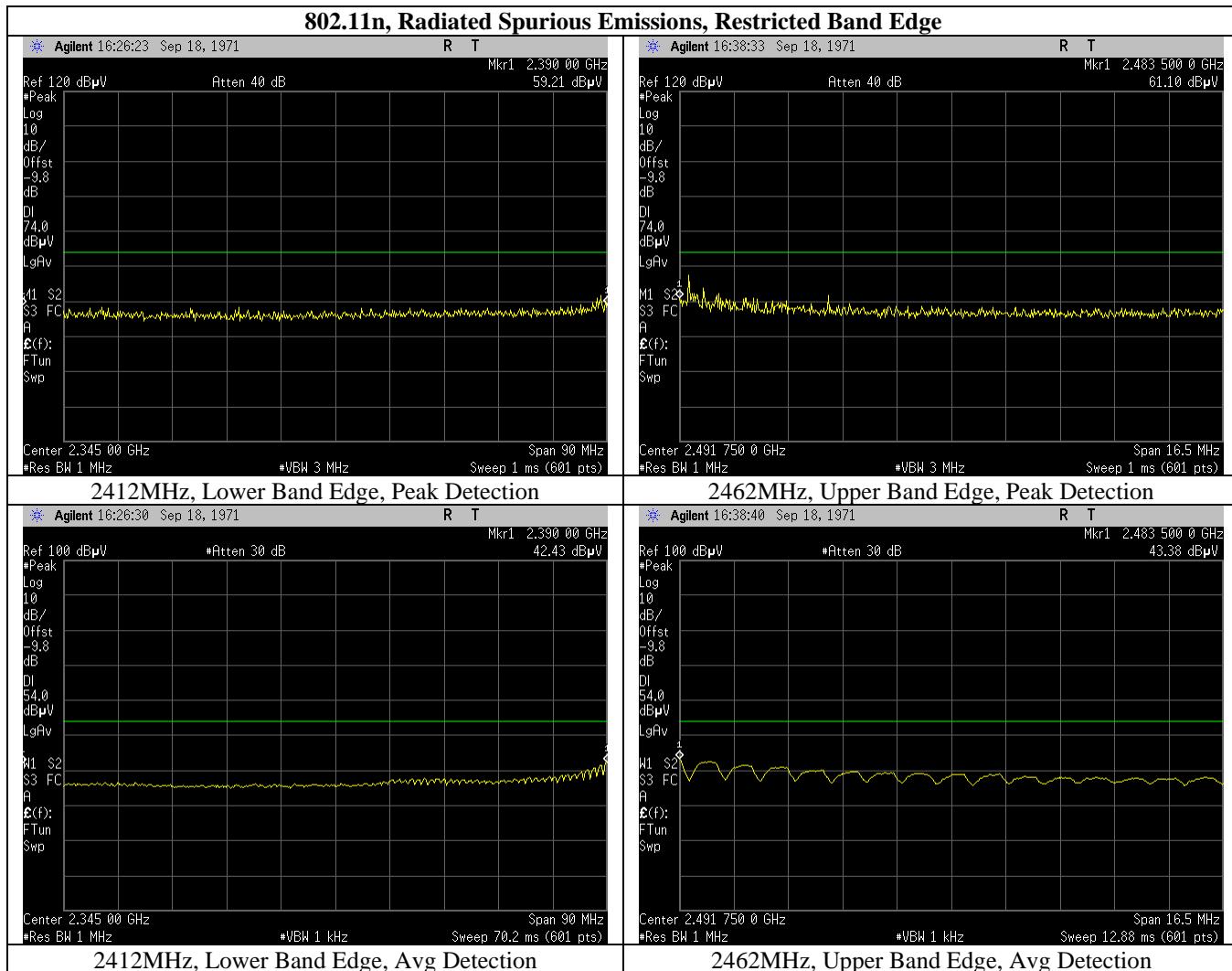




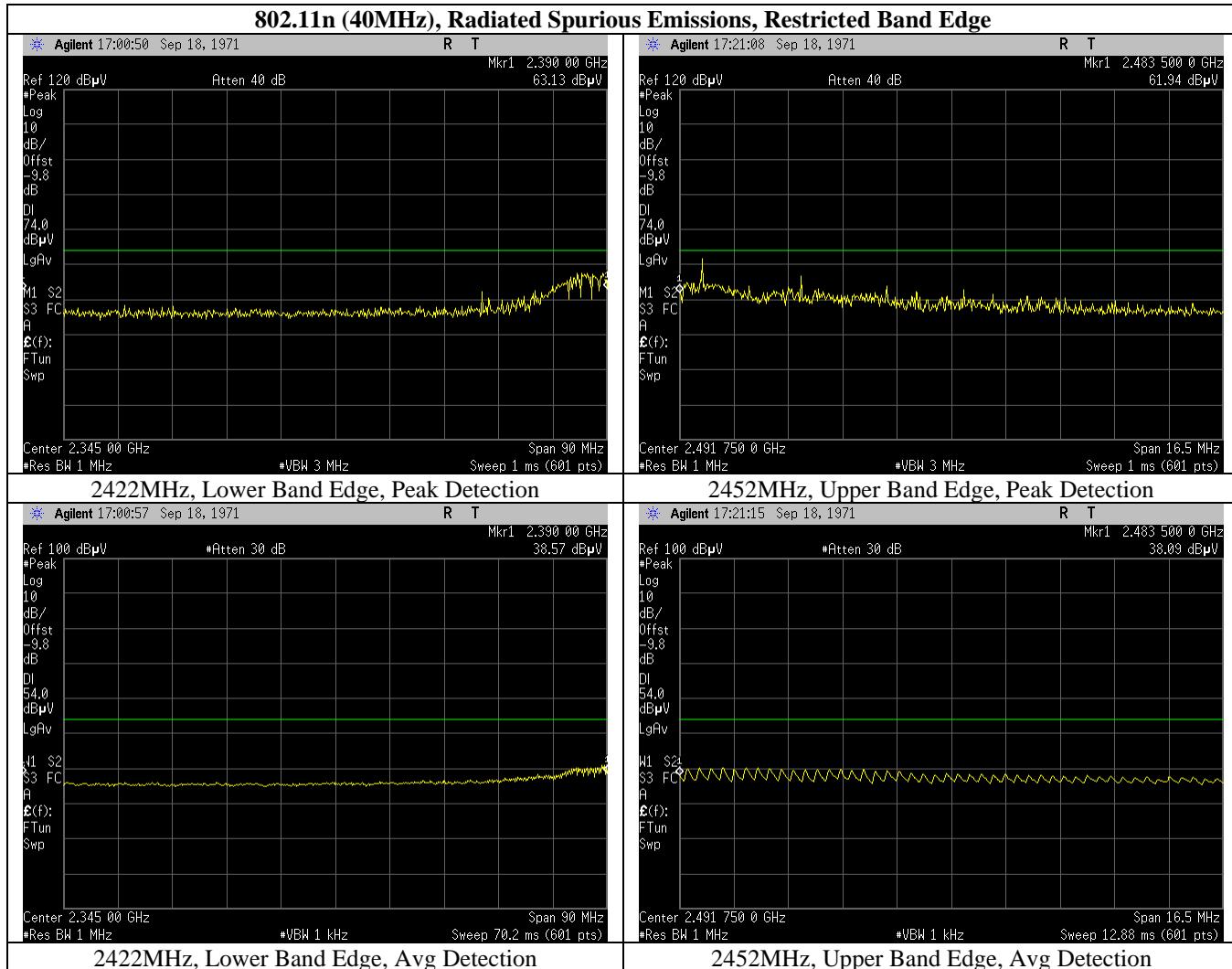
Frequency [MHz]	PK+ Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	PK+ Limit [dB $\mu$ V/m]	PK+ Margin [dB]	AVG Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	AVG Limit [dB $\mu$ V/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	Result
2390.0	57.85	74.00	16.15	38.71	54.00	15.29	Pass
2483.5	57.74	74.00	16.26	44.28	54.00	9.72	Pass



Frequency [MHz]	PK+ Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	PK+ Limit [dB $\mu$ V/m]	PK+ Margin [dB]	AVG Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	AVG Limit [dB $\mu$ V/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	Result
2390.0	59.16	74.00	14.84	40.01	54.00	13.99	Pass
2483.5	59.61	74.00	14.39	39.17	54.00	14.83	Pass



Frequency [MHz]	PK+ Level [dBμV/m]	PK+ Limit [dBμV/m]	PK+ Margin [dB]	AVG Level [dBμV/m]	AVG Limit [dBμV/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	Result
2390.0	59.21	74.00	<b>14.79</b>	42.43	54.00	<b>11.57</b>	<b>Pass</b>
2483.5	61.10	74.00	<b>12.9</b>	43.38	54.00	<b>10.62</b>	<b>Pass</b>



Frequency [MHz]	PK+ Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	PK+ Limit [dB $\mu$ V/m]	PK+ Margin [dB]	AVG Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	AVG Limit [dB $\mu$ V/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	Result
2390.0	63.13	74.00	10.87	38.57	54.00	15.43	Pass
2483.5	61.94	74.00	12.06	38.09	54.00	15.91	Pass

### Worst Case Cabinet Spurious Emissions

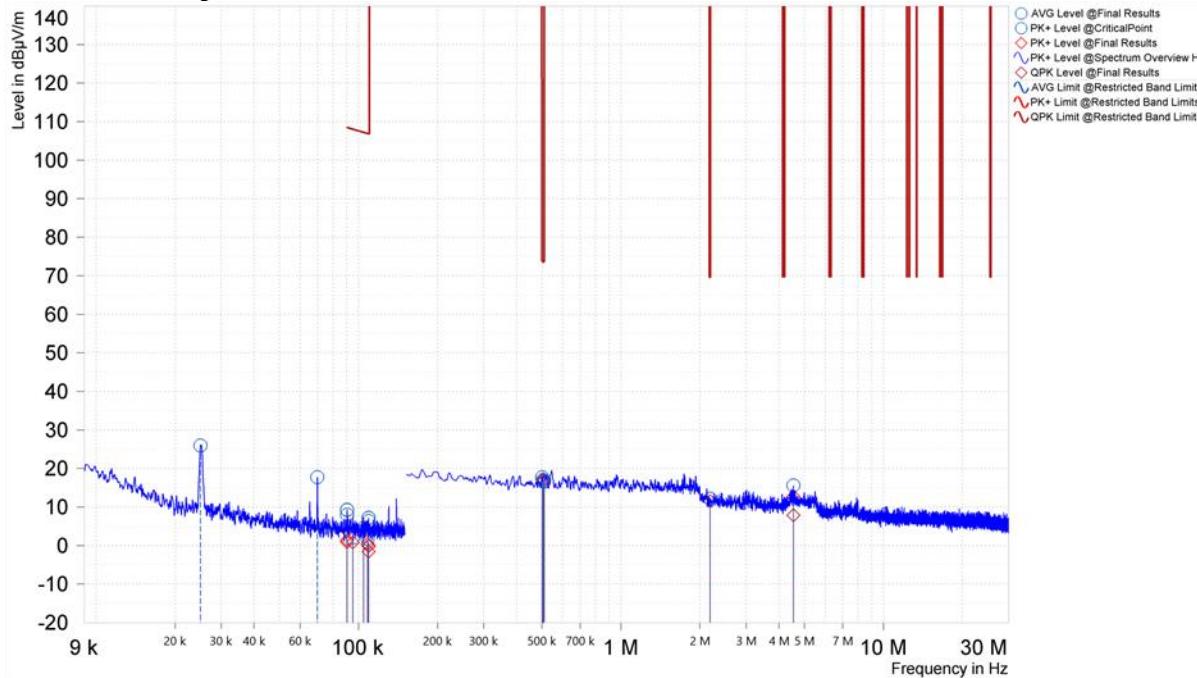


Figure 6. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 9kHz – 30MHz, Coplanar Loop

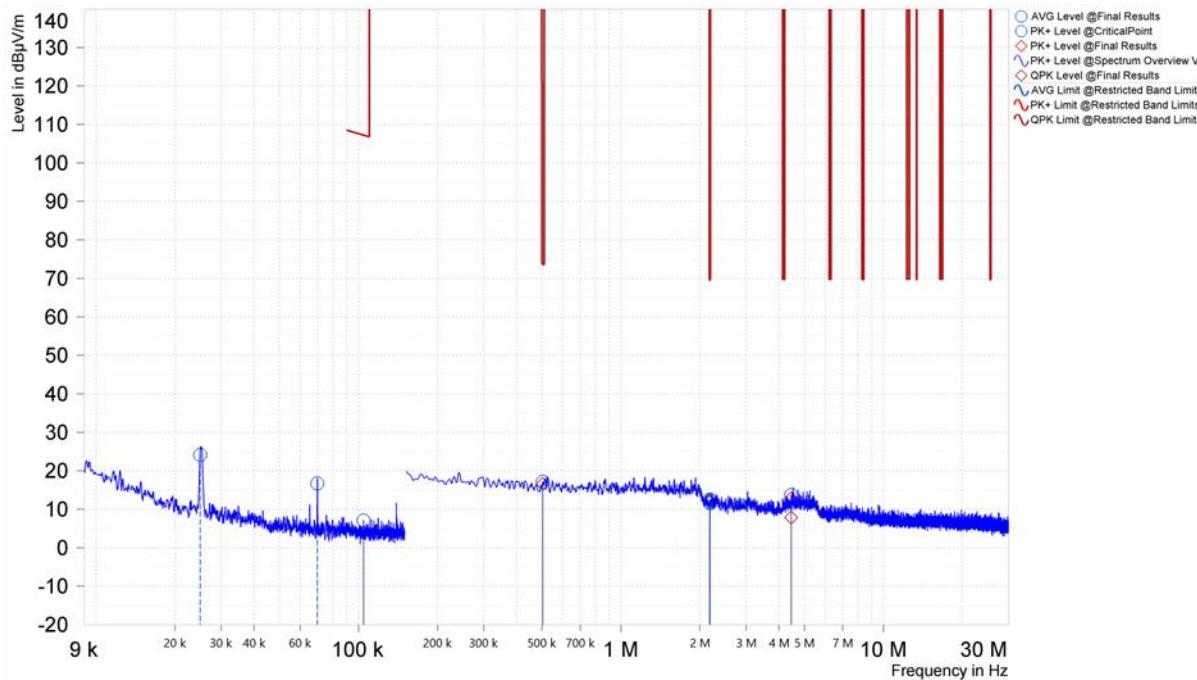
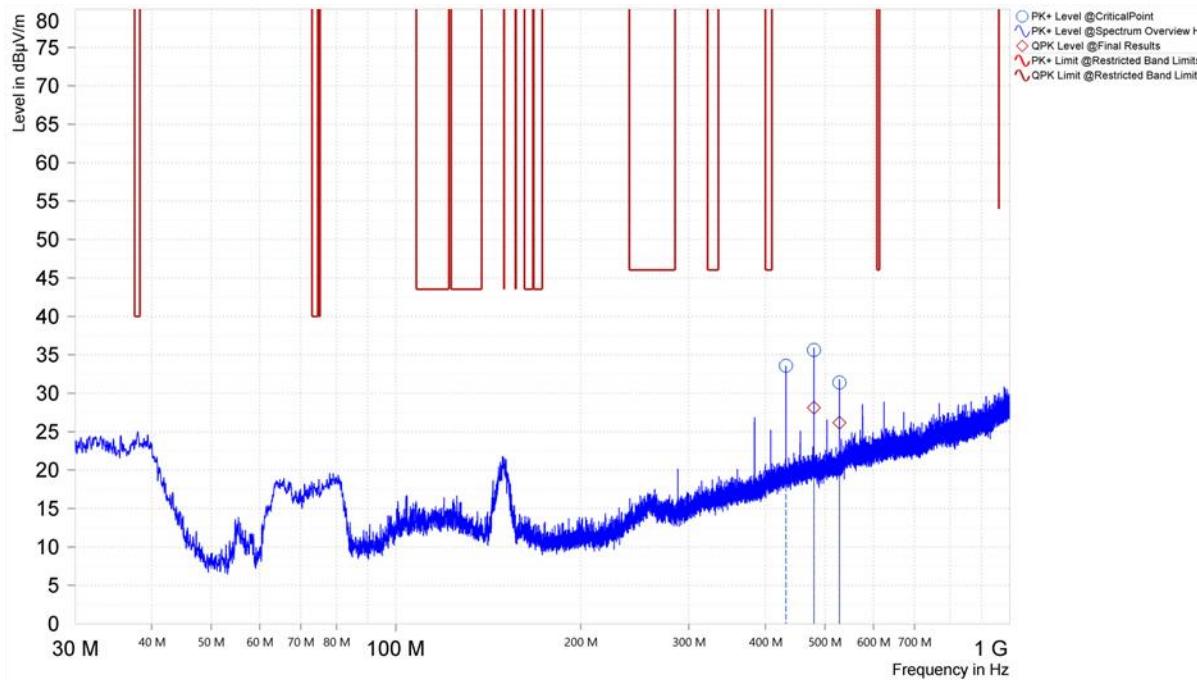
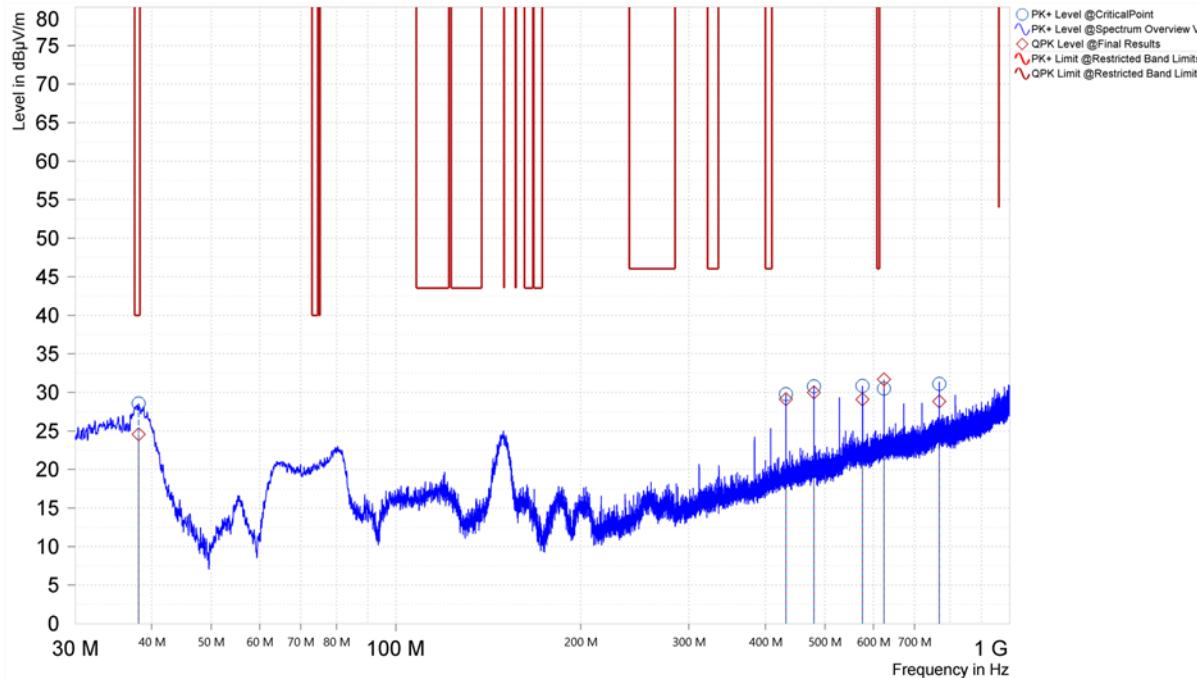


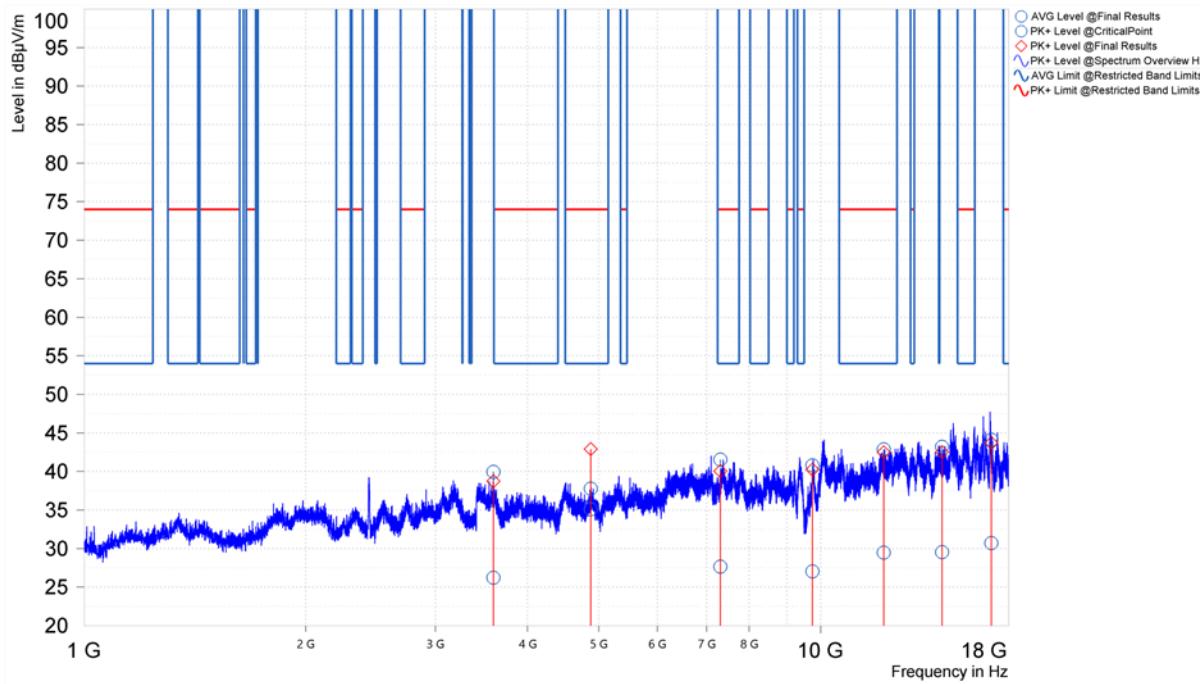
Figure 7. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 9kHz – 30MHz, Coaxial Loop



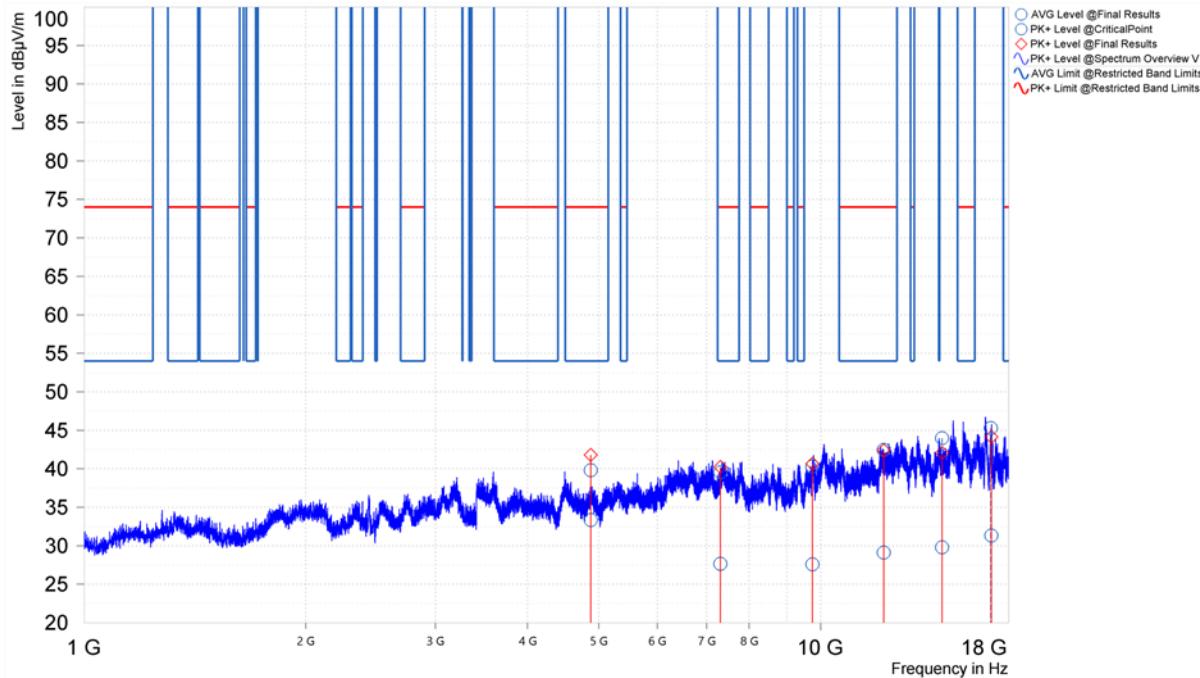
**Figure 8. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 30MHz – 1GHz, Horizontal Polarity**



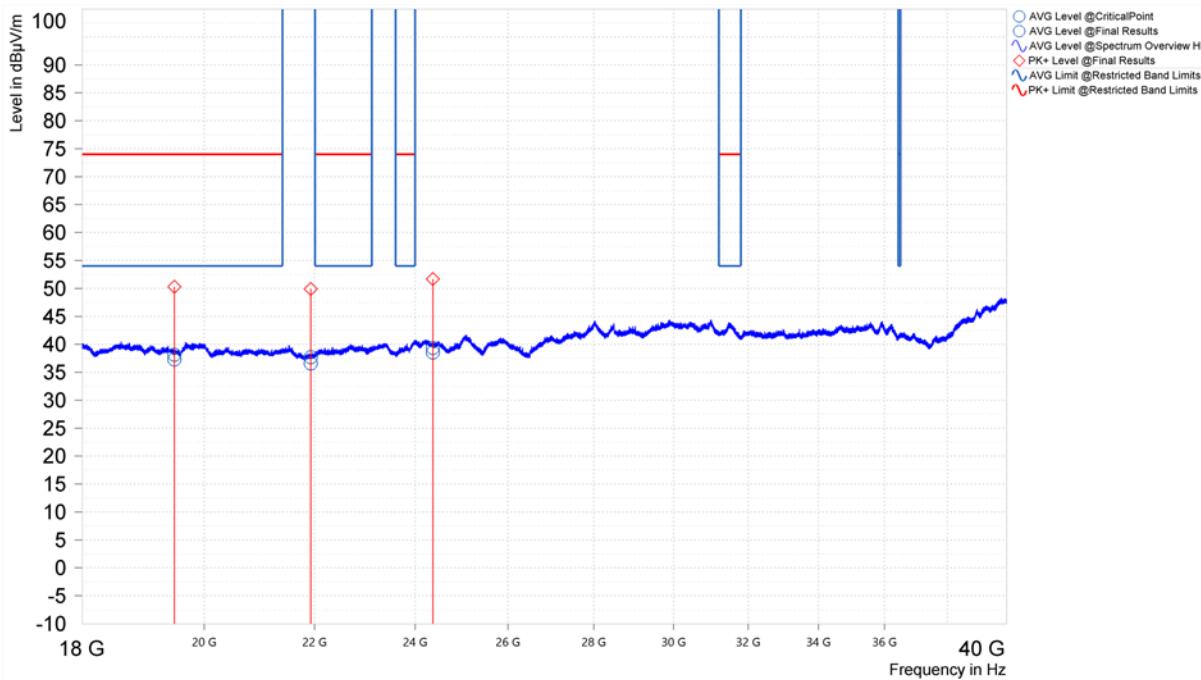
**Figure 9. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 30MHz – 1GHz, Vertical Polarity**



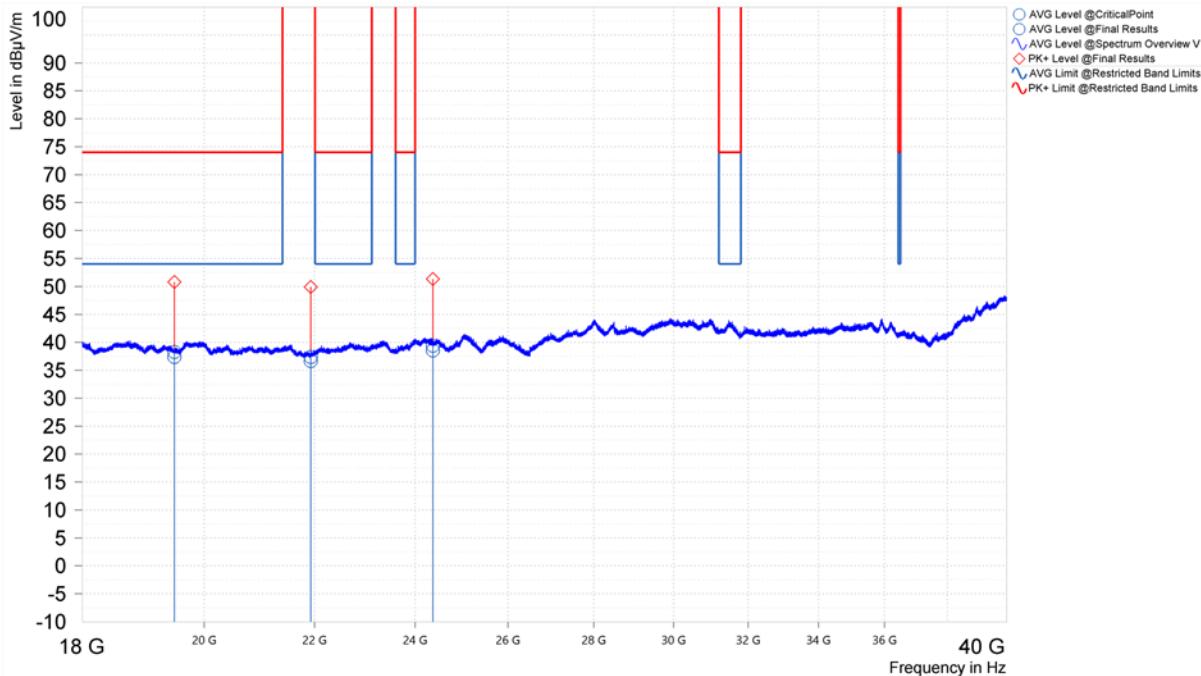
**Figure 10. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 1GHz – 18GHz, Horizontal Polarity**



**Figure 11. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 1GHz – 18GHz, Vertical Polarity**



**Figure 12. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 18GHz – 40GHz, Horizontal Polarity**



**Figure 13. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 18GHz – 40GHz, Vertical Polarity**

Frequency [MHz]	PK+ Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	PK+ Limit [dB $\mu$ V/m]	PK+ Margin [dB]	Correction [dB]	Polarization	Azimuth [deg]	Antenna Height [m]	Meas. BW [kHz]	Result
0.090	3.73	108.48	104.75	11.93	H	159	1	0.200	Pass
0.090	0.86	108.48	107.61	11.92	H	0	1	0.200	Pass
0.091	1.41	108.47	107.06	11.92	H	23	1	0.200	Pass
0.095	0.80	108.05	107.24	11.69	H	172	1	0.200	Pass
0.105	4.04	107.22	103.18	11.50	V	249	1	0.200	Pass
0.105	3.46	107.22	103.76	11.50	H	235	1	0.200	Pass
0.108	0.43	106.92	106.49	11.55	H	278	1	0.200	Pass
0.109	-1.59	106.85	108.44	11.56	H	270	1	0.200	Pass
0.109	-0.16	106.84	107.01	11.56	H	215	1	0.200	Pass
0.109	-0.03	106.84	106.87	11.56	H	0	1	0.200	Pass
0.501	17.00	73.69	56.69	11.41	H	101	1	9.000	Pass
0.503	16.58	73.65	57.07	11.43	V	47	1	9.000	Pass
0.506	17.19	73.62	56.42	11.45	H	108	1	9.000	Pass
0.508	16.85	73.58	56.73	11.47	H	157	1	9.000	Pass
0.510	16.85	73.54	56.69	11.49	H	127	1	9.000	Pass
2.175	12.30	69.54	57.24	11.84	V	229	1	9.000	Pass
2.182	12.30	69.54	57.24	11.84	V	60	1	9.000	Pass
2.184	12.11	69.54	57.43	11.84	V	0	1	9.000	Pass
2.186	12.32	69.54	57.22	11.83	V	0	1	9.000	Pass
2.189	11.48	69.54	58.06	11.83	H	354	1	9.000	Pass

Table 17. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 9kHz – 30MHz

Frequency [MHz]	QPK Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	QPK Limit [dB $\mu$ V/m]	QPK Margin [dB]	Correction [dB]	Polarization	Azimuth [deg]	Antenna Height [m]	Meas. BW [kHz]	Result
38.070	24.57	40.00	15.43	-6.68	V	300	1.71	120.000	Pass

Table 18. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency [MHz]	PK+ Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	PK+ Limit [dB $\mu$ V/m]	PK+ Margin [dB]	AVG Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	AVG Limit [dB $\mu$ V/m]	AVG Margin [dB]	Correction [dB]	Polarization	Azimuth [deg]	Antenna Height [m]	Result
4,874.000	42.90	74.00	31.10	35.10	54.00	18.90	-3.45	H	169	1.46	Pass
4,874.000	41.81	74.00	32.19	33.35	54.00	20.65	-3.45	V	346	3.64	Pass
7,311.000	40.04	74.00	33.96	27.63	54.00	26.37	-2.84	H	158	3.5	Pass
7,311.000	40.23	74.00	33.77	27.65	54.00	26.35	-2.84	V	10	3.44	Pass
12,185.000	42.47	74.00	31.53	29.45	54.00	24.55	-1.80	H	149	1.42	Pass
12,185.000	42.39	74.00	31.61	29.11	54.00	24.89	-1.80	V	55	3.57	Pass
19,496.000	50.29	74.00	23.71	37.28	54.00	16.72	12.32	H	133	3.6	Pass
19,496.010	50.80	74.00	23.20	37.38	54.00	16.62	12.32	V	50	2.24	Pass

Table 19. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 1GHz – 40GHz

## IV. Test Equipment

## Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2017.

MET Asset #	Description	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4771	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	E4446A	4/25/2022	10/26/2023
1A1083	Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	10/14/2022	10/14/2023
1A1176	Active Loop Antenna (9KHz-30MHz)	ETS-Lindgren	6502	7/13/2023	7/13/2024
1A1050	Bilog Antenna (30MHz – 1GHz)	Schaffner	CBL 6112D	1/24/2023	1/24/2024
1A1183	Horn Antenna (1GHz – 18GHz)	ETS Lindgren	3117	1/4/2023	1/4/2024
1A1161	Horn Antenna (18GHz – 40GHz)	ETS Lindgren	3116C	7/15/2022	7/15/2023
1A1065	EMI Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	8/4/2022	8/4/2023
1A1087	Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3Z2	6/24/2022	06/24/2023
1A1122	LISN	Teseq	NNB 51	9/19/2022	9/19/2023
1A1123	LISN	Teseq	NNB 51	12/20/2022	12/20/2023
1A1149	DC Milliohm Meter	GW Instek	GOM-802	9/20/2022	9/20/2023
1A1099	Generator	Com-Power	CGO-51000	See Note	
1A1088	Preamplifier	Rohde & Schwarz	TS-PR1	See Note	
1A1044	Generator	Com-Power	CG-520	See Note	
1A1073	Multi Device Controller	ETS	2090	See Note	
1A1074	System Controller	Panasonic	WV-CU101	See Note	
1A1080	Multi-Device	ETS	2090	See Note	
1A1180	Preamplifier	Miteq	AMF-7D-01001800-22-10P	See Note	

**Table 20. Test Equipment List**

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

## End of Report