

Product Model: Deco BE25-Outdoor

Manufacturer: TP-LINK CORPORATION PTE. LTD.

Test Date: 2024.6.7

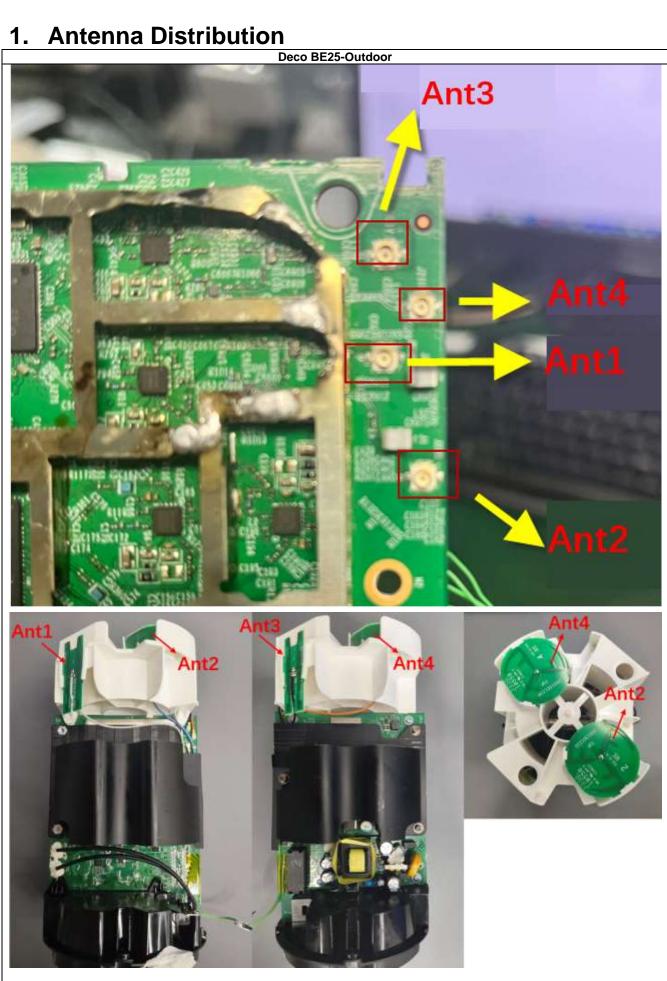
Tested By: Xuan Shan Xuan Shan

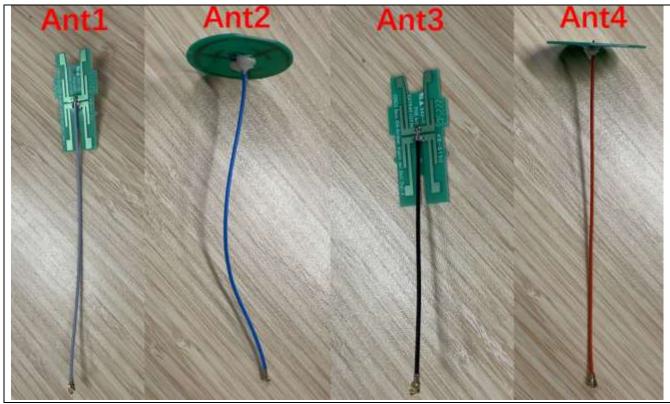
TP-LINK CORPORATION PTE. LTD.

7 Temasek Boulevard #29-03 Suntec Tower One, Singapore 038987

# Index

1.	Ant	tenna Distribution	. 3
2.	Ele	ectrical Characteristics	4
3.	Gai	in and Radiation Pattern	6
3.1	1 N	Measurement Procedure	6
3.2	2 7	Test Setup	7
3.3	3 5	S Parameter Test Data	8
3.4	4 /	Antenna Gain	9
	3.4.	1 Peak Gain	.9
	3.4.	2 Horizontal plane Gain	10
3.5	5 <i>f</i>	Antenna Radiation Pattern	10
3.6	6 <i>F</i>	Antenna Radiation Pattern (above 30° elevation)	11





# 2. Electrical Characteristics

Ant1				
Frequency	Frequency 2400 ~ 2500&5150~5850MHz			
Impedance	50Ohm			
Antenna Type	Dipole			
Antenna Gain	3.20dBi@2400~2500MHz			
	3.60dBi@5150~5250MHz			
	3.60dBi@5250~5350MHz			
	3.60dBi@5470~5725MHz			
3.60dBi@5725~5850MHz				
Radiation pattern Omni-Directional				
P/N 3101505348				

Ant2				
Frequency 2400 ~2500MHz				
Impedance 500hm				
Antenna Type Alford				
Antenna Gain 2.70dBi@2400~2500MHz				
Radiation pattern Omni-Directional				
<b>P/N</b> 3101506351				

Ant3					
Frequency	<b>Frequency</b> 2400 ~ 2500&5150~5850MHz				
Impedance	Impedance 500hm				
Antenna Type Dipole					
Antenna Gain 2.60dBi@2400~2500MHz					
	3.60dBi@5150~5250MHz				
3.60dBi@5250~5350MHz					

	3.60dBi@5470~5725MHz 3.60dBi@5725~5850MHz
Radiation pattern	Omni-Directional
P/N	3101505349

Ant4				
Frequency 2400 ~2500MHz				
Impedance 500hm				
Antenna Type	Alford			
Antenna Gain 2.60dBi@2400~2500MHz				
Radiation pattern	Omni-Directional			
<b>P/N</b> 3101506352				

# 3. Gain and Radiation Pattern

#### 3.1 Measurement Procedure

This measurement experiment adopted an antenna near-field measurement system, and the diagram of the measurement system was shown in Figure 3-1. The excitation signal was generated by the Keysight E5071C (300kHz-20GHz). Under the control of the central computer, the probe rotated in the  $\theta$  direction, and the EUT rotated in the  $\phi$  direction with the turntable. The probe sampling frame received and collected signals in the near-field range of the EUT. The software system which was controlled by the central computer completed the processing, output and display of the test data.

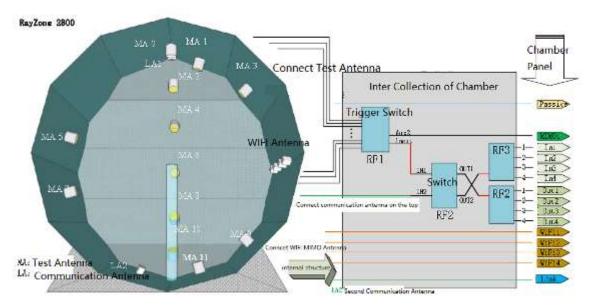


Figure 3-1

The test site was a full anechoic chamber with a size of 3.0m×3.1m×2.97m, which was built by GTS Rayzone2800. All six surfaces of the anechoic chamber were pasted with absorbing materials. And the chamber was calibrated by the authoritative third-party lab every year. The antenna anechoic chamber measurement system adopted a 13-probe multi-probe system. The probe antennas were evenly distributed on the spherical surface surrounding the EUT, and theirs operating frequency was 600MHz~8.5GHz.

During the measurement, the probe antennas were rotated in the  $\theta$  direction under the control of the probe holder to sample the near-field data at the  $\theta$  angle. At the same time, the EUT rotated with the turntable in the  $\phi$  direction to sample the near field data at the  $\phi$  angle. The sampling accuracy was 15°. The system diagram was shown in Figure 3-2. From the sampling results, the EUT's near-field test data of  $\theta$  component and total component could be obtained.

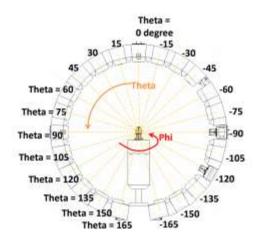


Figure 3-2

Before the measurement, calibrated the vector network analyzer, and then connected the input end of each antenna to the output end of the vector network analyzer, and evenly the antennas to be measured. Test Equipment listed below:

Equipments	Model	Manufacturer	S/N	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Chamber	Rayzone2800	GTS(General	MY5347043	12months	2025/01/15
Chamber		Test System)	5	12months	2025/01/15
Vector	E5071C	Keysight	MY46315238	24months	2026/03/13
Network Analyzer	E307 1C	Reysigni	W1140313230	241110111115	2020/03/13
GTS MaxSign100	V2.1	GTS(General	1	,	1
Software	V Z. I	Test System)	/	/	/

# 3.2 Test Setup

The test setup was shown in Figure 3-3, 3-4:



Figure 3-3

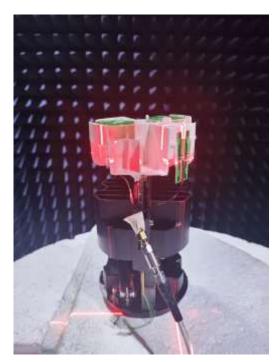
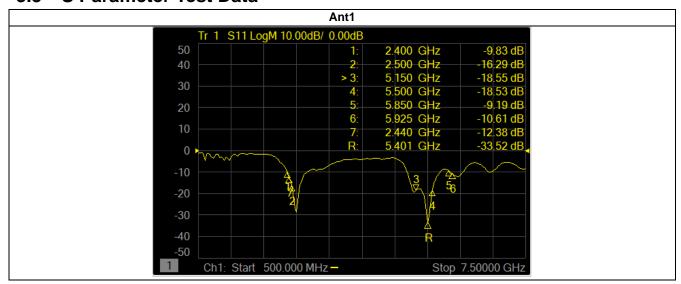
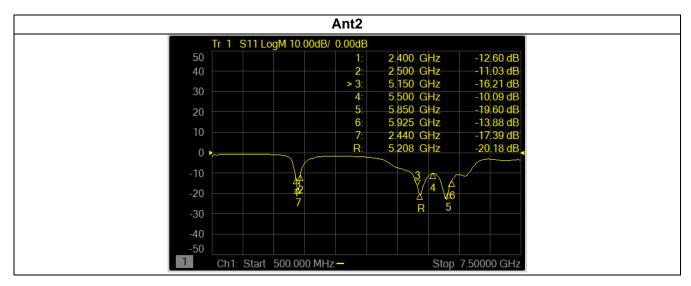
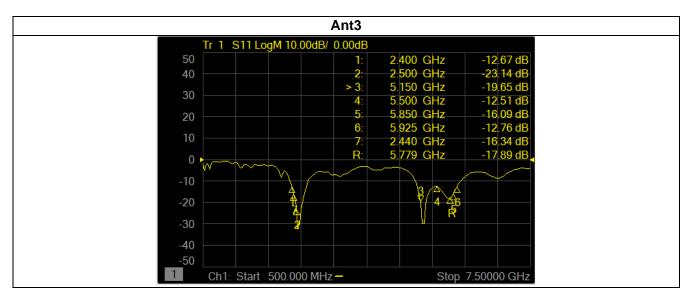


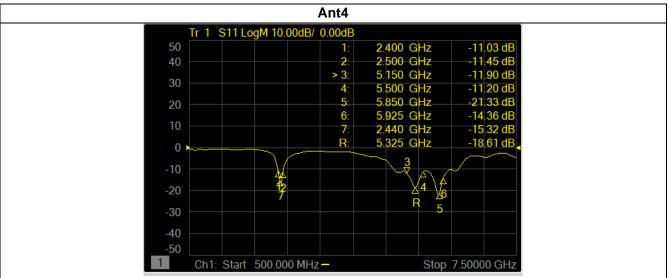
Figure 3-4

# 3.3 S Parameter Test Data









### 3.4 Antenna Gain

#### 3.4.1 Peak Gain

Frequency	2.45GHz 2400~2500MHz	5.2GHz 5150~5250MHz	5.3GHz 5250~5350MHz	<b>5.6GHz</b> 5470~5725MHz	5.8GHz 5725~5850MHz
Ant1 MaxGain(dBi)	3.20	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60
Ant2 MaxGain(dBi)	2.70	\	\	\	\
Ant3 MaxGain(dBi)	2.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60
Ant4 MaxGain(dBi)	2.60	\	\	\	\
Ant1 Polarization/ Φ (°) / θ (°)	Theta/-45/75	Theta/165/90	Theta/165/90	Theta/180/90	Theta/165/90
Ant2 Polarization/ Φ (°) / θ (°)	Phi/90/-75	\	\	\	\
Ant3 Polarization/	Theta/30/105	Theta/60/90	Theta/135/75	Theta/60/90	Theta/0/75

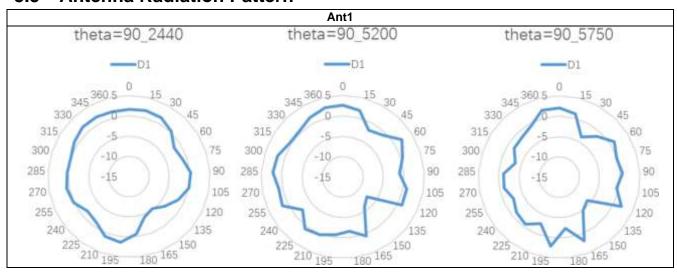
Φ (°)/θ (°)					
Ant4 Polarization/ Φ (°) / θ (°)	Phi/120/-75	\	\	\	\
Max Gain(dBi)	3.20	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60

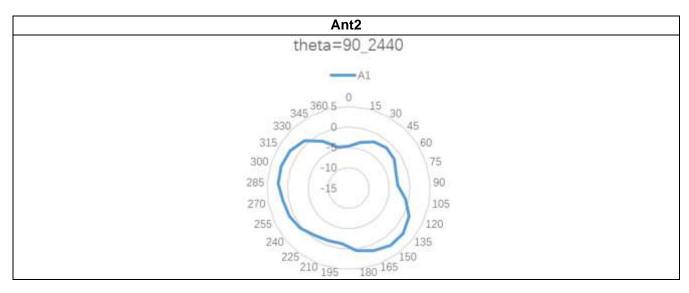
# 3.4.2 Horizontal plane Gain

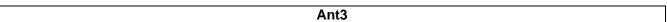
#### 3.4.2.1. 5150~5250MHz

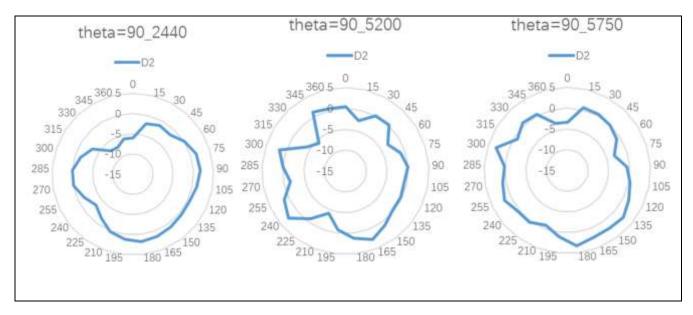
θ	>30°
Ant1 MaxGain(dBi)	-4.02
Ant3 MaxGain(dBi)	-4.00
Max Gain(dBi)	-4.00

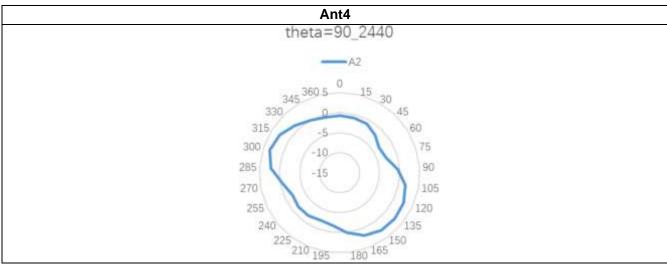
# 3.5 Antenna Radiation Pattern











# 3.6 Antenna Radiation Pattern (above 30° elevation)

