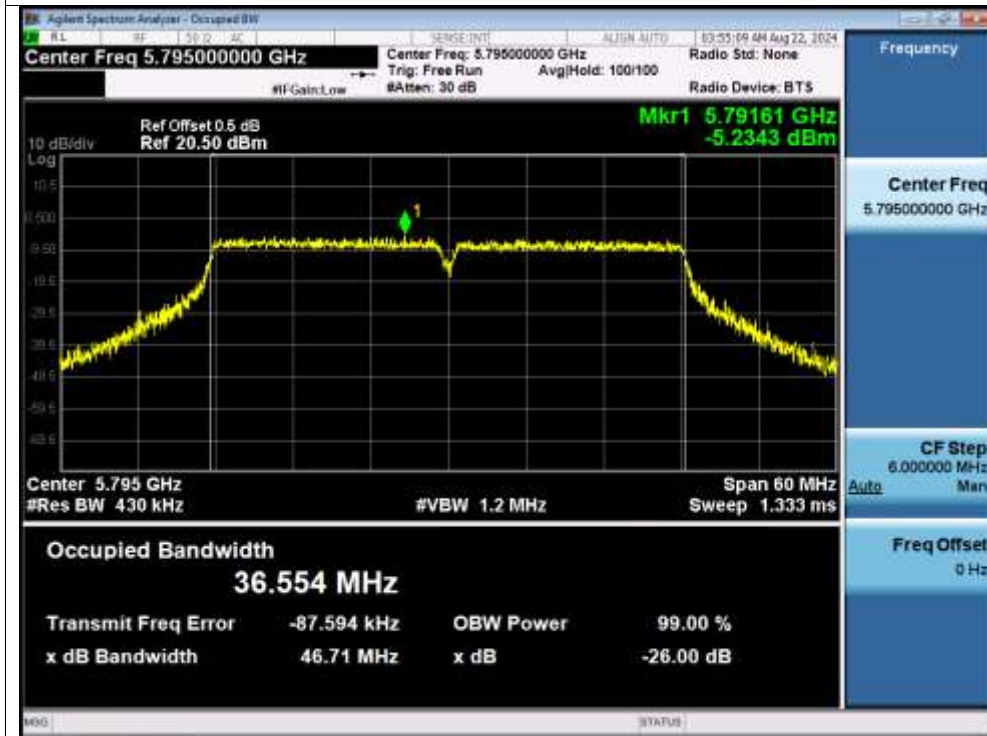
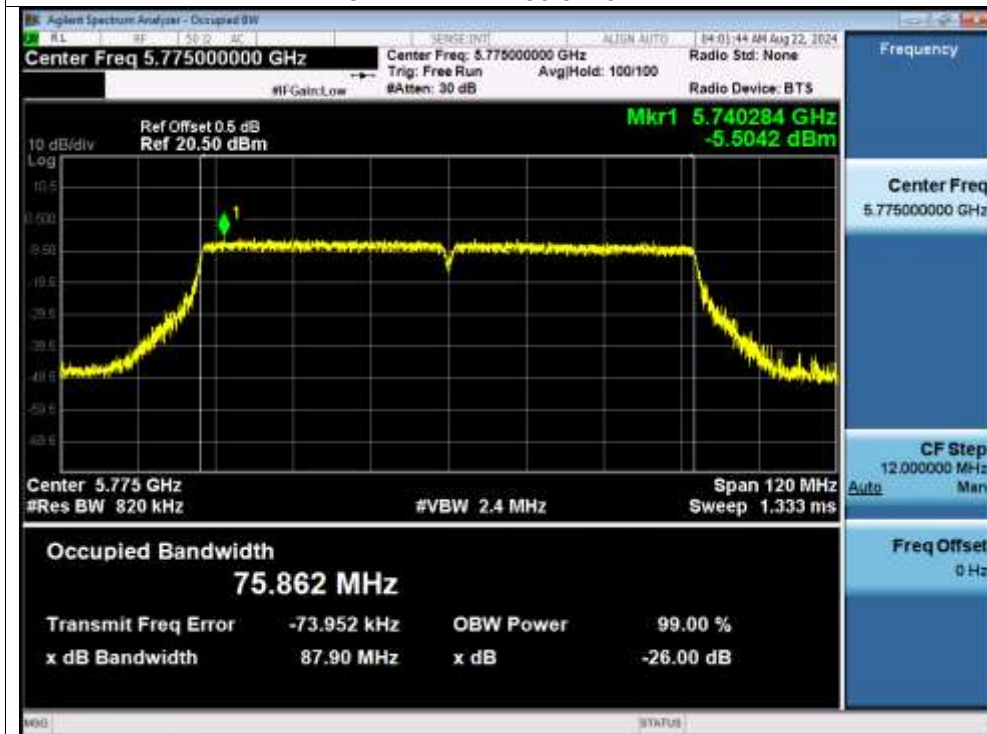


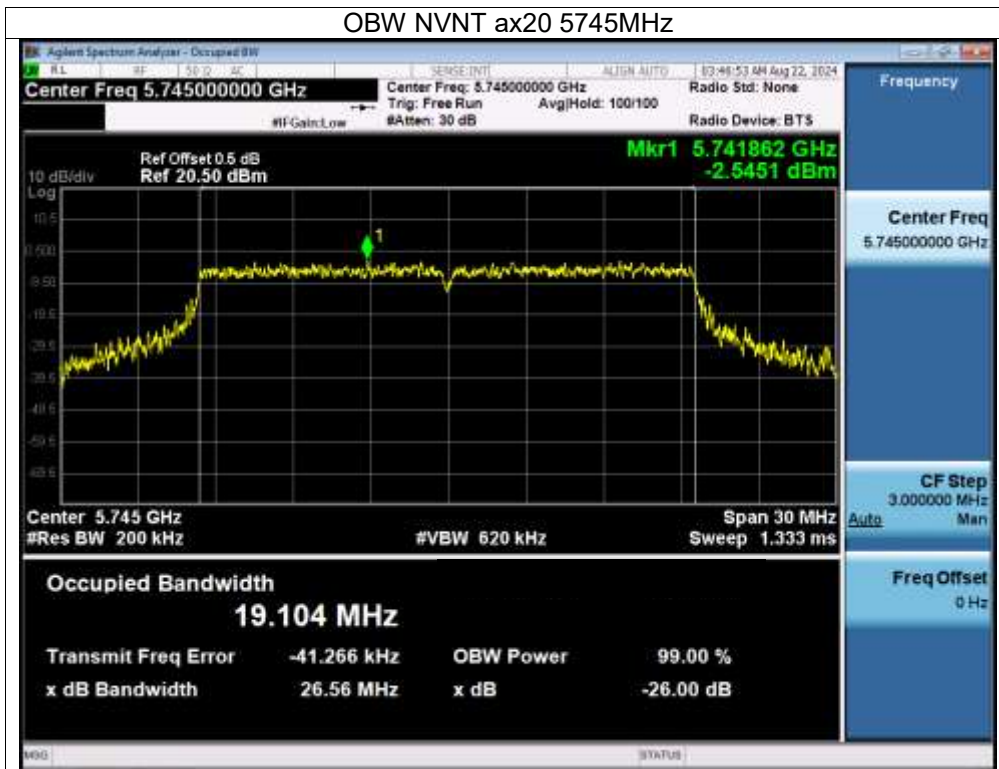
OBW NVNT ac40 5795MHz



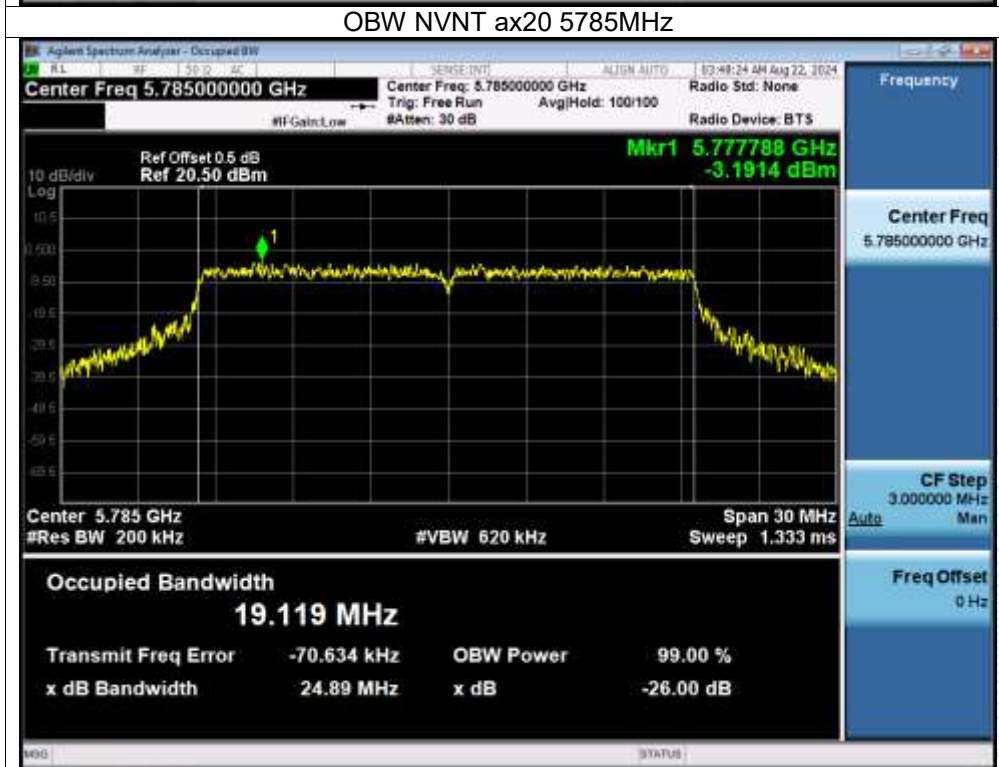
OBW NVNT ac80 5775MHz



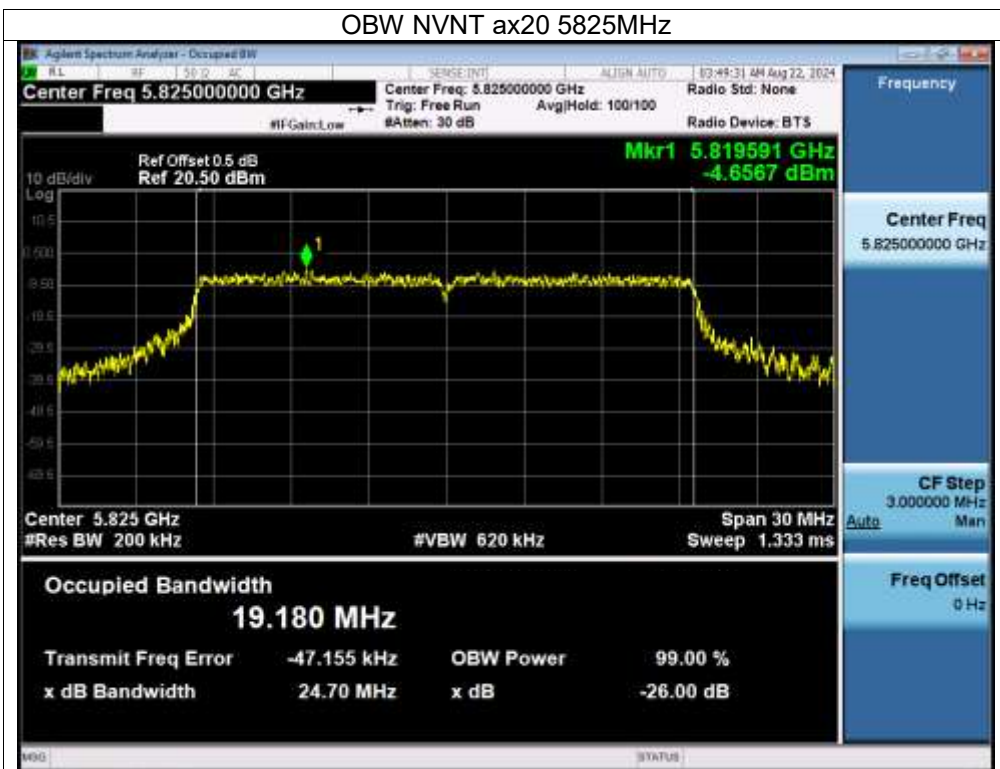
OBW NVNT ax20 5745MHz



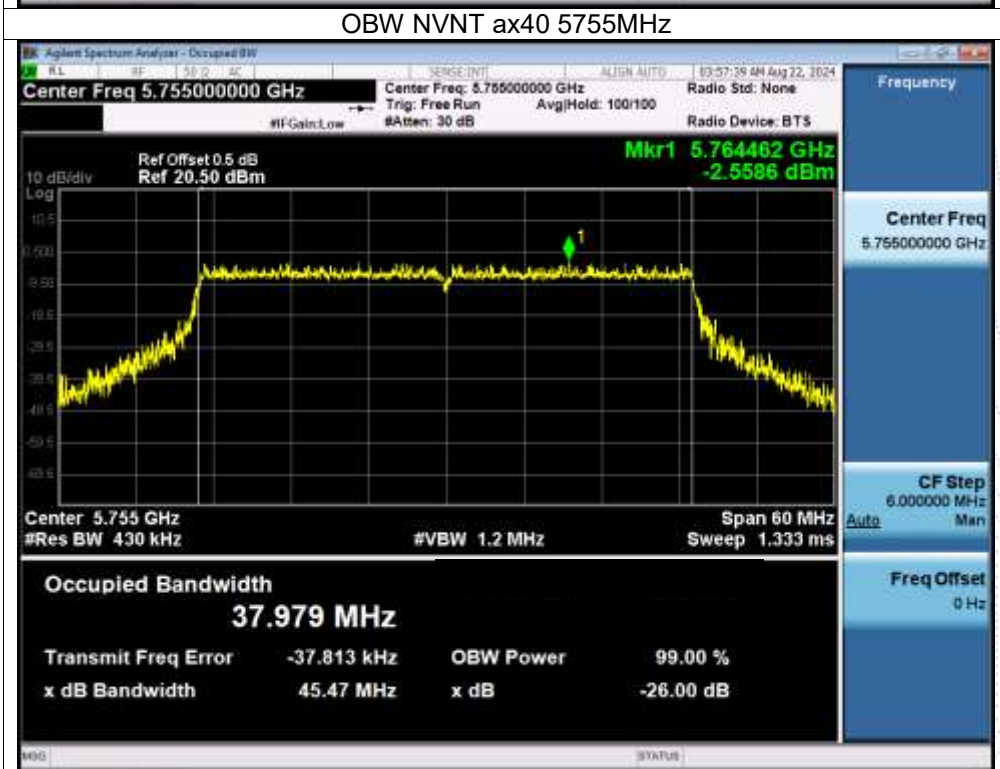
OBW NVNT ax20 5785MHz



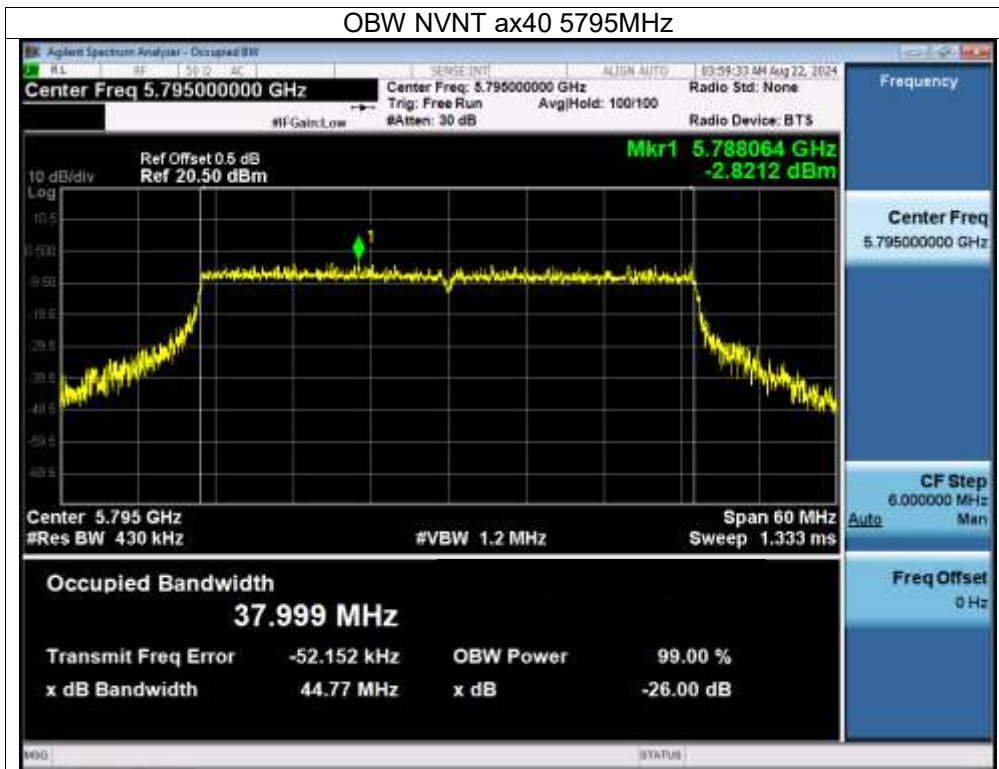
OBW NVNT ax20 5825MHz



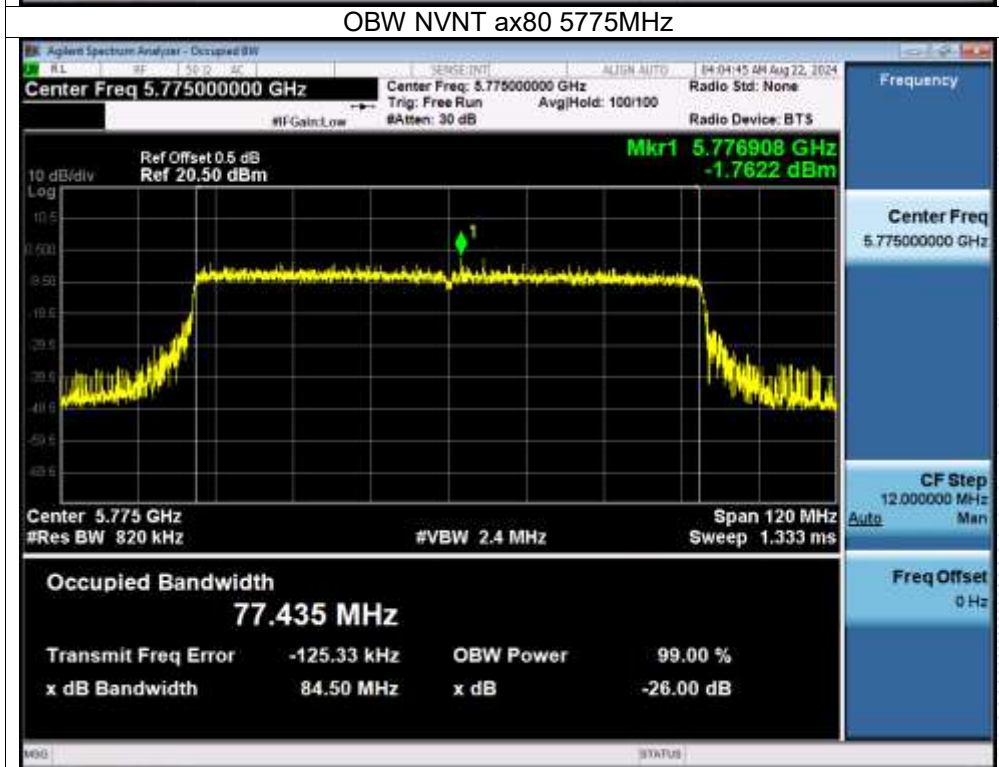
OBW NVNT ax40 5755MHz



OBW NVNT ax40 5795MHz



OBW NVNT ax80 5775MHz



10. Maximum Conducted Output Power

10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



10.2 Limit

According to FCC §15.407

The maximum conducted output power should not exceed:

Frequency Band(MHz)	Limit
5150~5250	250mW
5725~5850	1W

10.3 Test Procedure

Maximum conducted output power may be measured using a spectrum analyzer/EMI receiver or an RF power meter.

1. Device Configuration

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level (see section II.B.).

a) The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 percent) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

b) If continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level with the transmit duration as long as possible and the duty cycle as high as possible.

2. Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA)

Measurement of maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer requires integrating the spectrum across a frequency span that encompasses, at a minimum, either the EBW or the 99-percent occupied bandwidth of the signal.¹ However, the EBW must be used to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with § 15.407(a).

a) The test method shall be selected as follows: (i) Method SA-1 or SA-1 Alternative (averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep) shall be applied if either of the following conditions can be satisfied:

- The EUT transmits continuously (or with a duty cycle ≥ 98 percent).
 - Sweep triggering or gating can be implemented in a way that the device transmits at the maximum power control level throughout the duration of each of the instrument sweeps to be averaged. This condition can generally be achieved by triggering the instrument's sweep if the duration of the sweep (with the analyzer configured as in Method SA-1, below) is equal to or shorter than the duration T of each transmission from the EUT and if those transmissions exhibit full power throughout their durations.
- (ii) Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative (averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) cannot be achieved and the transmissions exhibit a constant duty cycle during the measurement duration. Duty cycle will be considered to be constant if variations are less than ± 2 percent.

(iii) Method SA-3 (RMS detection with max hold) or SA-3 Alternative (reduced VBW with max hold) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) and (ii) cannot be achieved.

b) Method SA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep): (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.

(ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.

(iii) Set VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz.

(iv) Number of points in sweep $\geq$ 2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\leq$ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

(v) Sweep time = auto.

(vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.

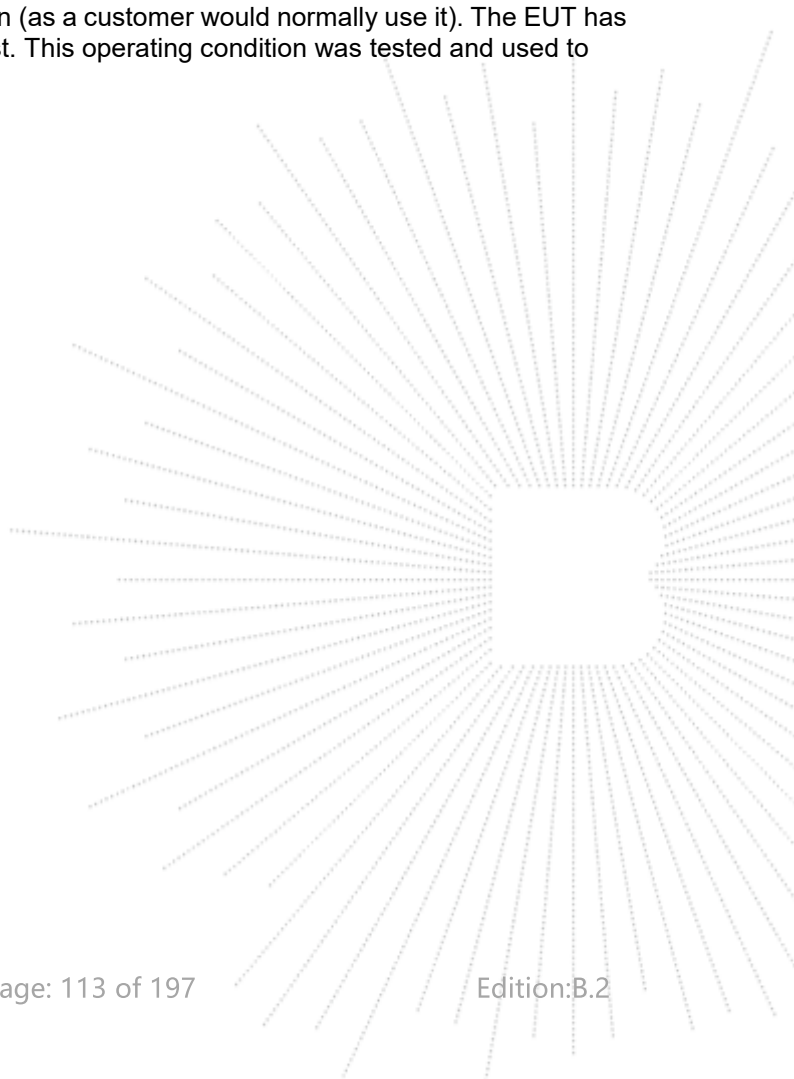
(vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98 percent, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle $\geq$ 98 percent, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".

(viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.

(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum

10.4 EUT Operating Conditions

The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.

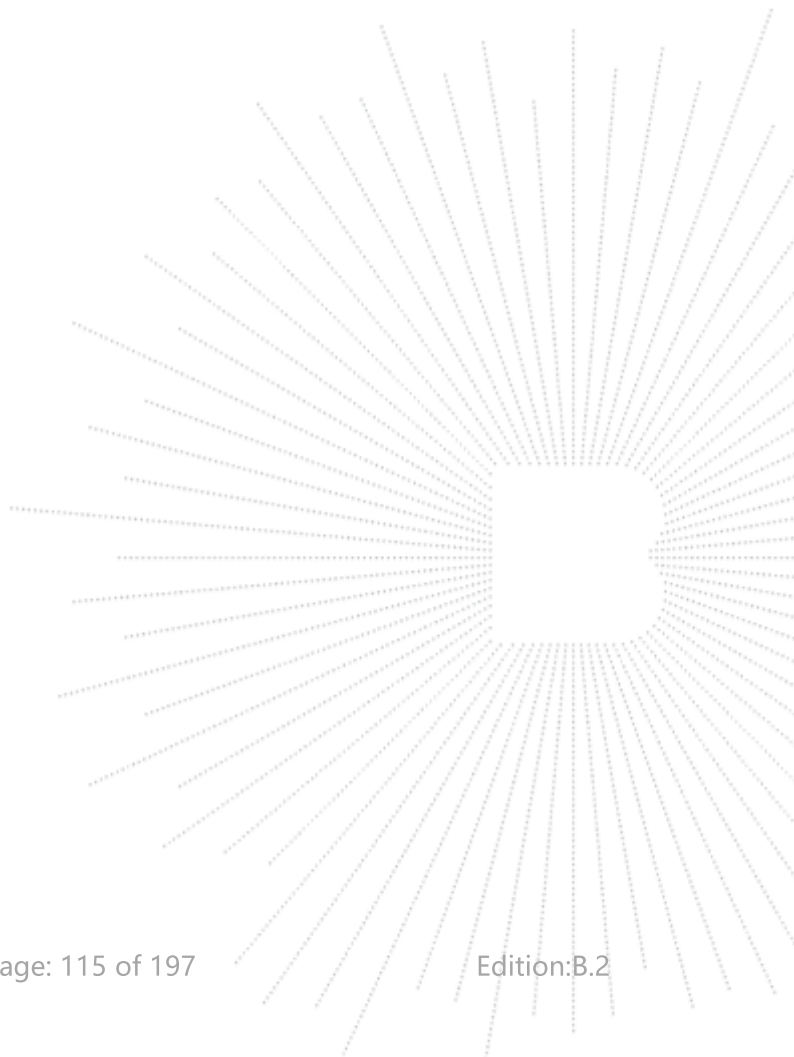


10.5 Test Result

Temperature:	26 °C	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101KPa	Test Voltage:	DC 5V
Test Mode:	(5180-5240MHz); (5745-5825MHz)		

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
NVNT	a	5180	11.09	24	Pass
NVNT	a	5200	11.53	24	Pass
NVNT	a	5240	10.95	24	Pass
NVNT	n20	5180	10.58	24	Pass
NVNT	n20	5200	10.62	24	Pass
NVNT	n20	5240	10.02	24	Pass
NVNT	n40	5190	8.5	24	Pass
NVNT	n40	5230	7.81	24	Pass
NVNT	ac20	5180	10.19	24	Pass
NVNT	ac20	5200	10.65	24	Pass
NVNT	ac20	5240	9.46	24	Pass
NVNT	ac40	5190	9.22	24	Pass
NVNT	ac40	5230	8.88	24	Pass
NVNT	ac80	5210	6.36	24	Pass
NVNT	ax20	5180	9.85	24	Pass
NVNT	ax20	5200	10.55	24	Pass
NVNT	ax20	5240	9.93	24	Pass
NVNT	ax40	5190	8.89	24	Pass
NVNT	ax40	5230	5.85	24	Pass
NVNT	ax80	5210	5.57	24	Pass

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
NVNT	a	5745	10.75	30	Pass
NVNT	a	5785	10.06	30	Pass
NVNT	a	5825	8.72	30	Pass
NVNT	n20	5745	9.7	30	Pass
NVNT	n20	5785	9	30	Pass
NVNT	n20	5825	7.71	30	Pass
NVNT	n40	5755	8.62	30	Pass
NVNT	n40	5795	7.61	30	Pass
NVNT	ac20	5745	9.8	30	Pass
NVNT	ac20	5785	9.3	30	Pass
NVNT	ac20	5825	7.54	30	Pass
NVNT	ac40	5755	8.68	30	Pass
NVNT	ac40	5795	7.54	30	Pass
NVNT	ac80	5775	6.46	30	Pass
NVNT	ax20	5745	9.59	30	Pass
NVNT	ax20	5785	9.07	30	Pass
NVNT	ax20	5825	7.56	30	Pass
NVNT	ax40	5755	8.49	30	Pass
NVNT	ax40	5795	7.56	30	Pass
NVNT	ax80	5775	6.35	30	Pass



Test Graphs

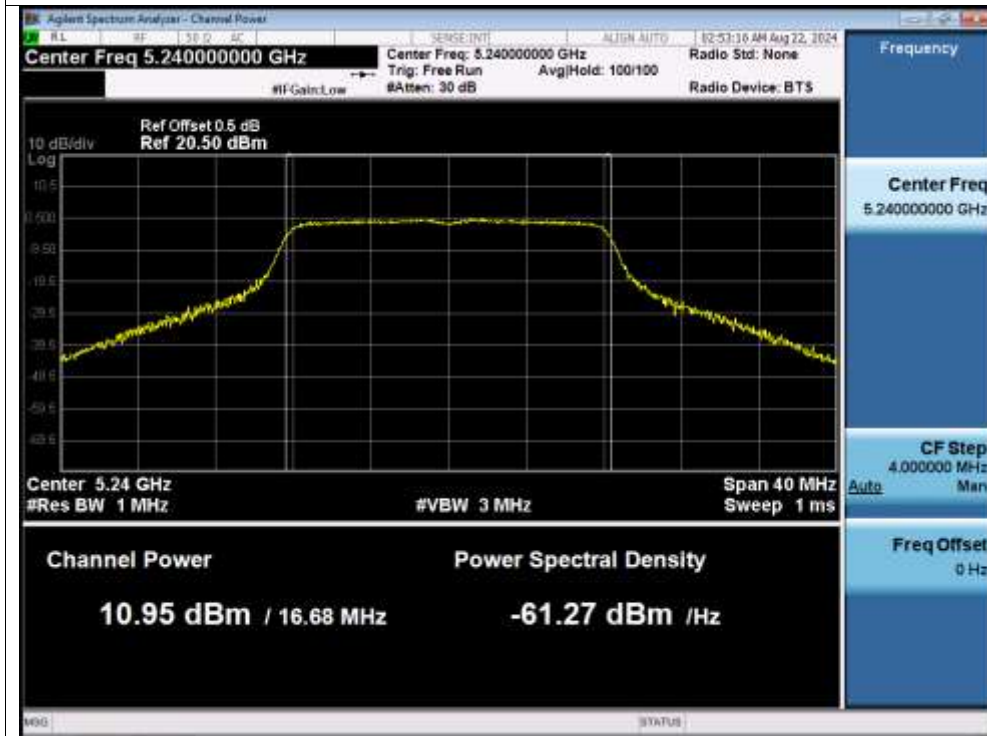
Power NVNT a 5180MHz



Power NVNT a 5200MHz



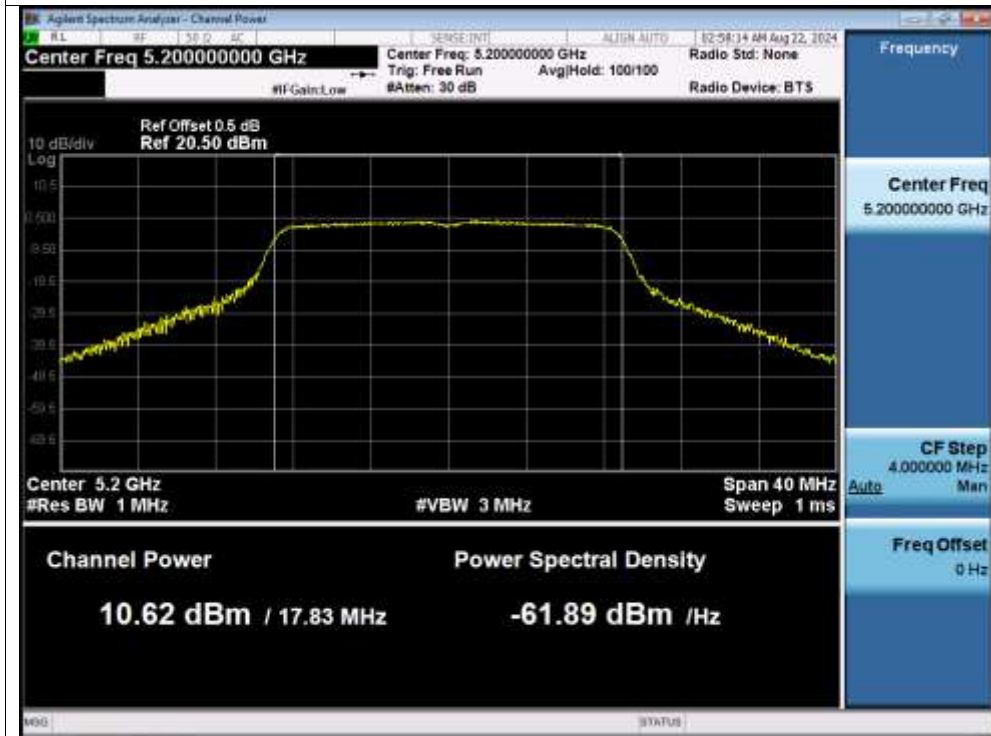
Power NVNT a 5240MHz



Power NVNT n20 5180MHz



Power NVNT n20 5200MHz



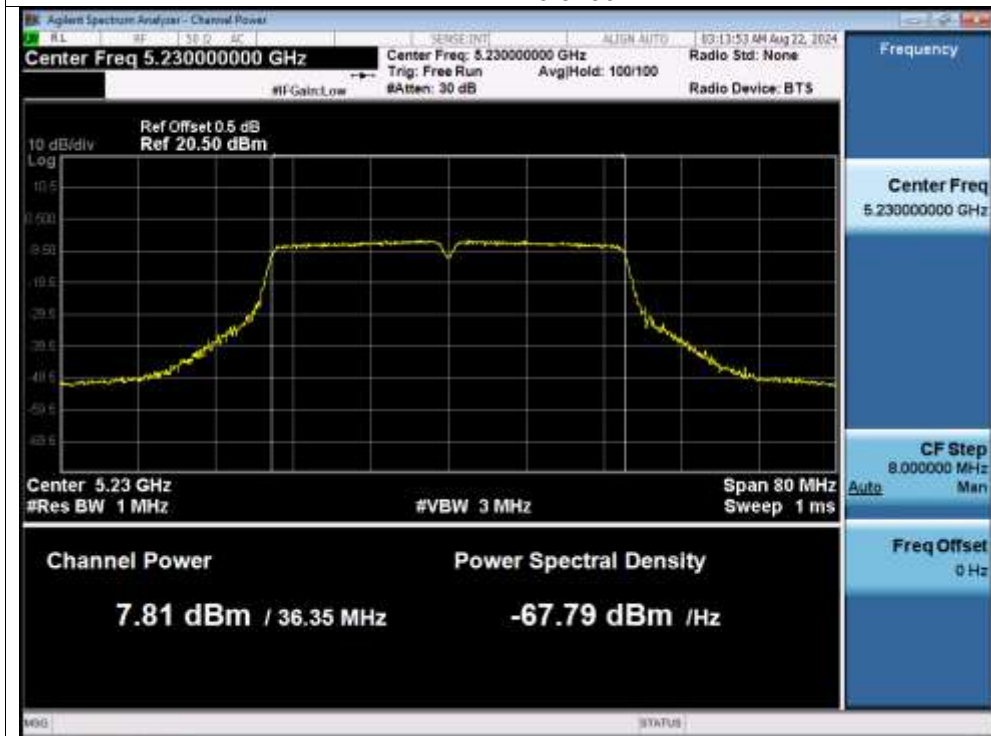
Power NVNT n20 5240MHz



Power NVNT n40 5190MHz



Power NVNT n40 5230MHz



Power NVNT ac20 5180MHz



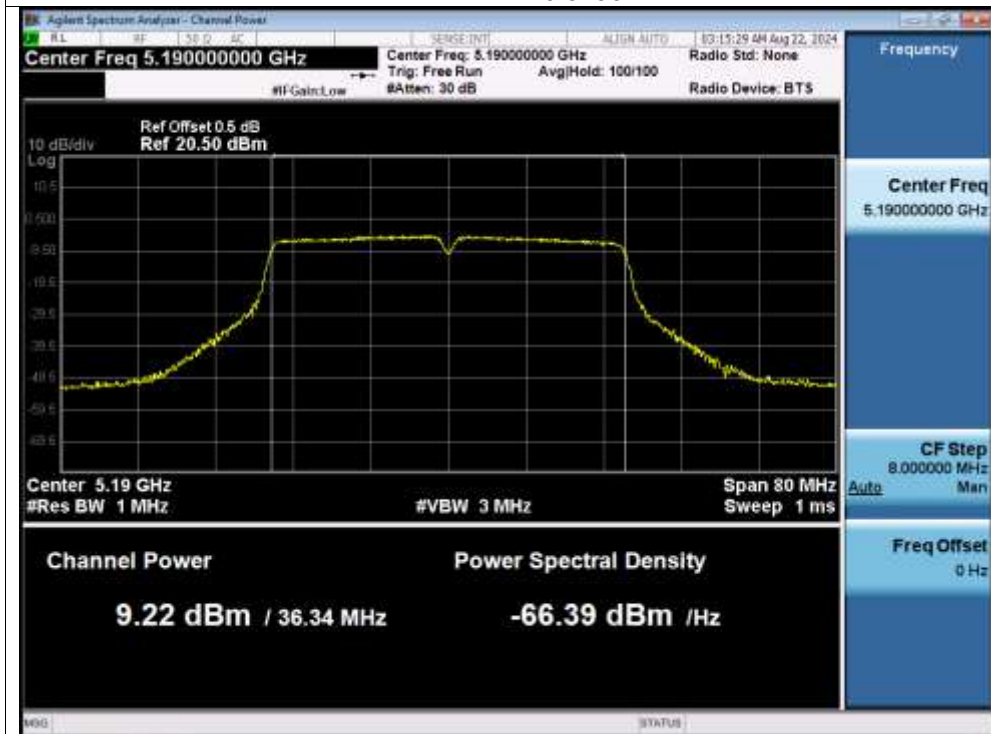
Power NVNT ac20 5200MHz



Power NVNT ac20 5240MHz



Power NVNT ac40 5190MHz



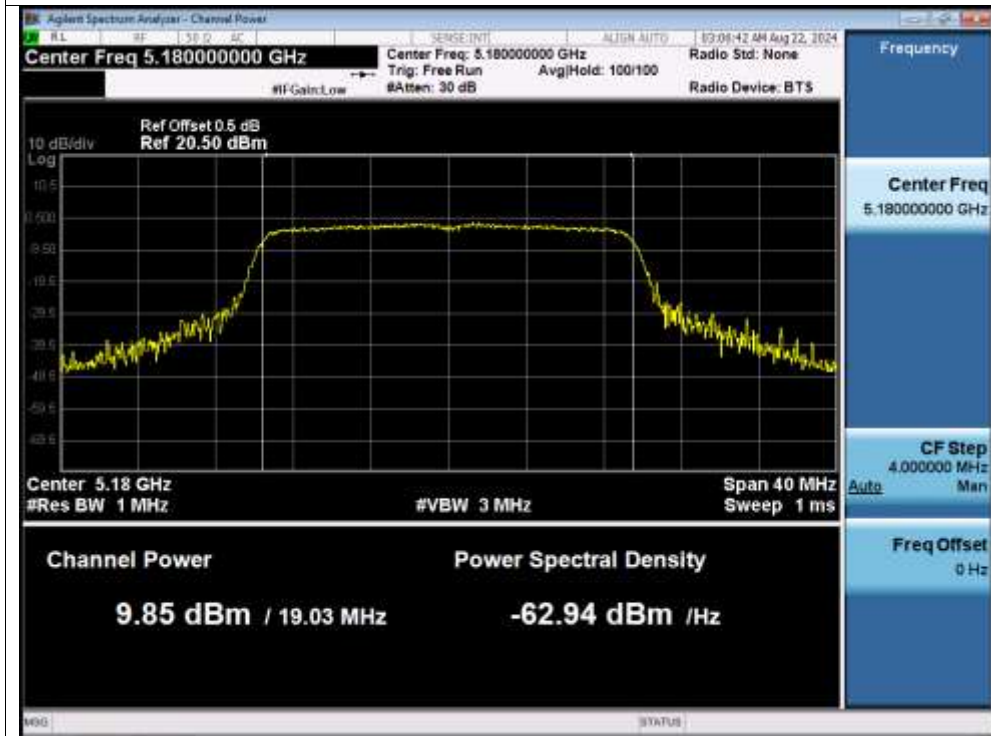
Power NVNT ac40 5230MHz



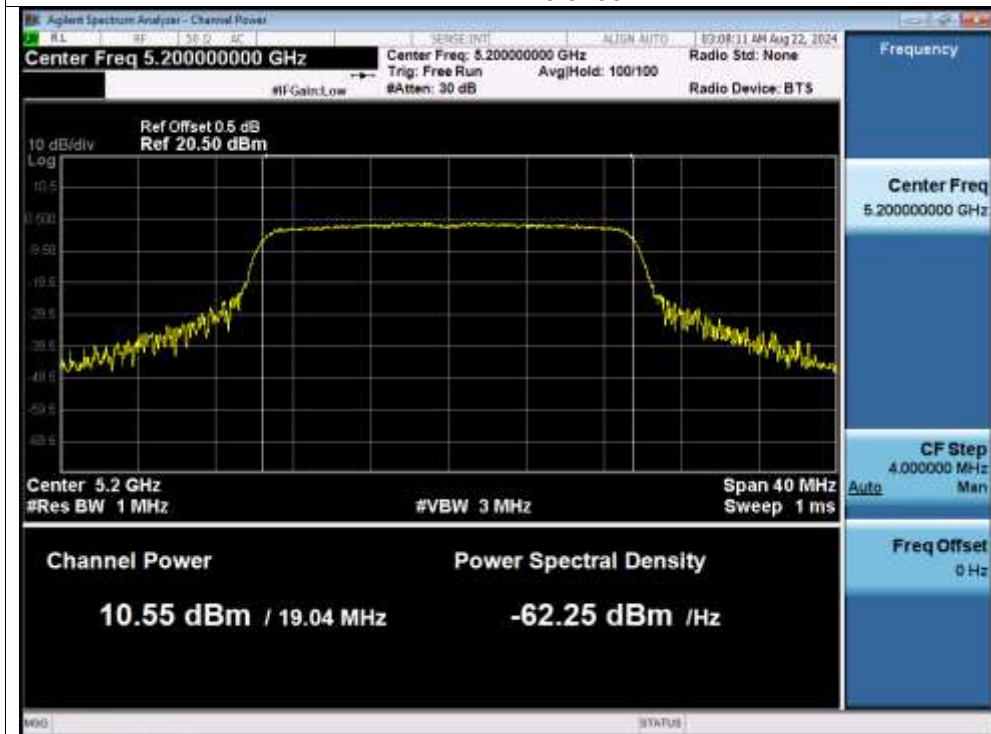
Power NVNT ac80 5210MHz



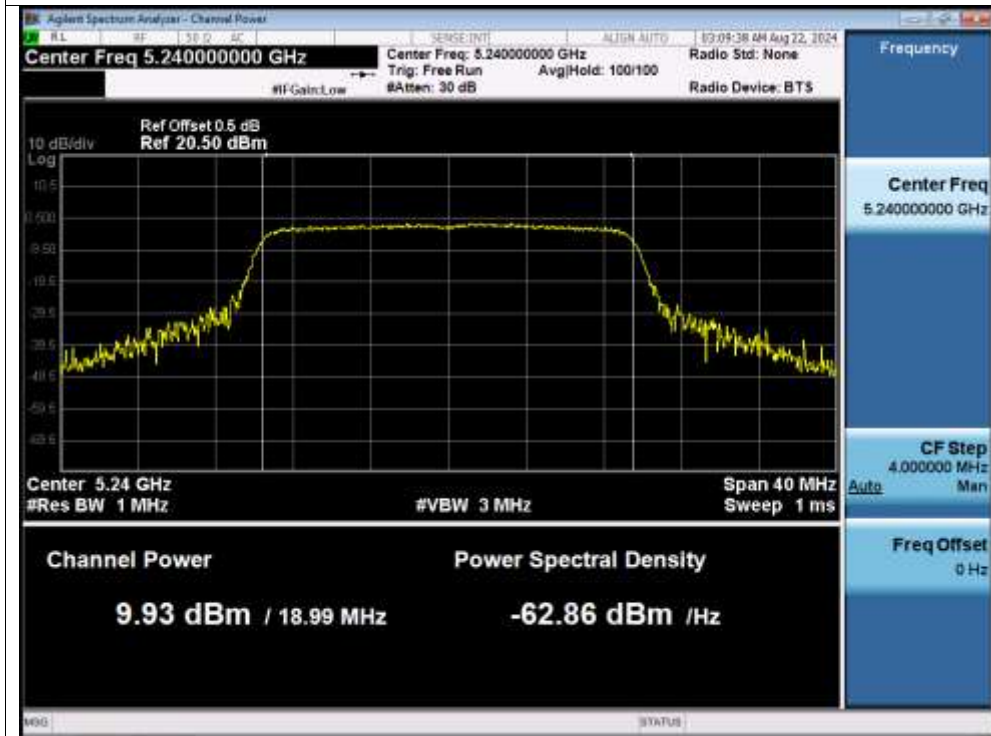
Power NVNT ax20 5180MHz



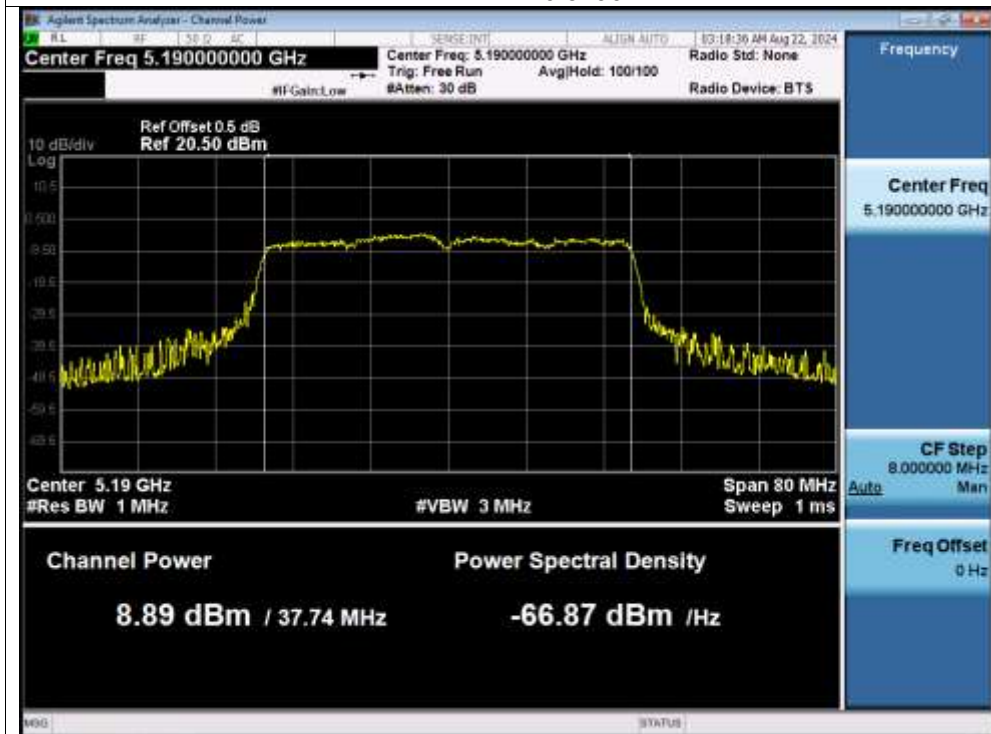
Power NVNT ax20 5200MHz



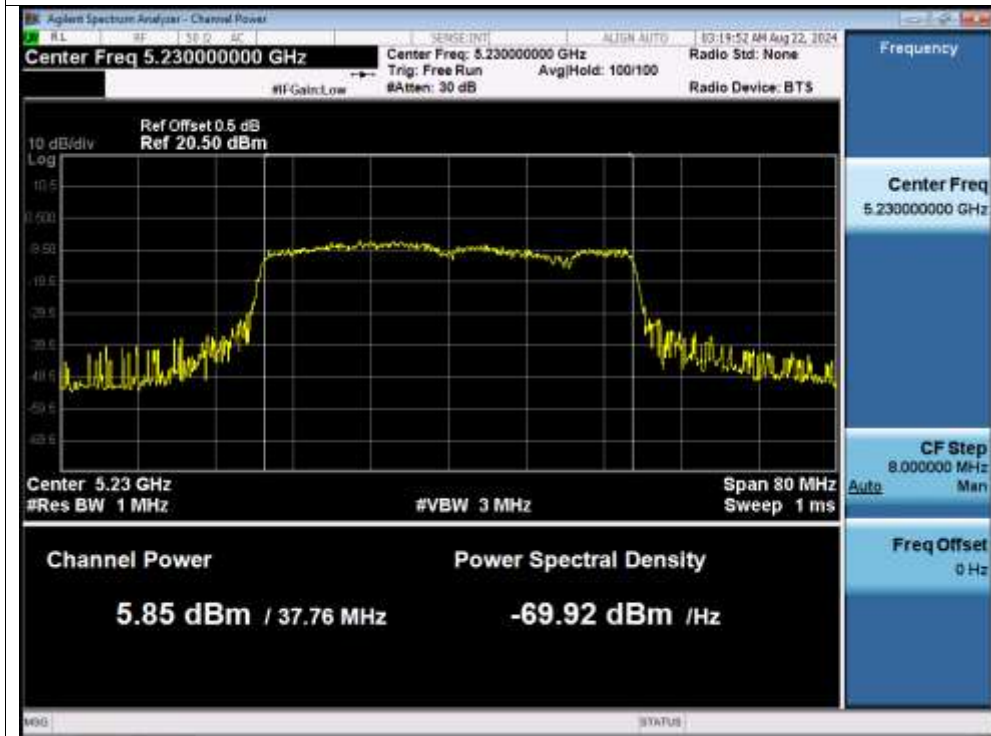
Power NVNT ax20 5240MHz



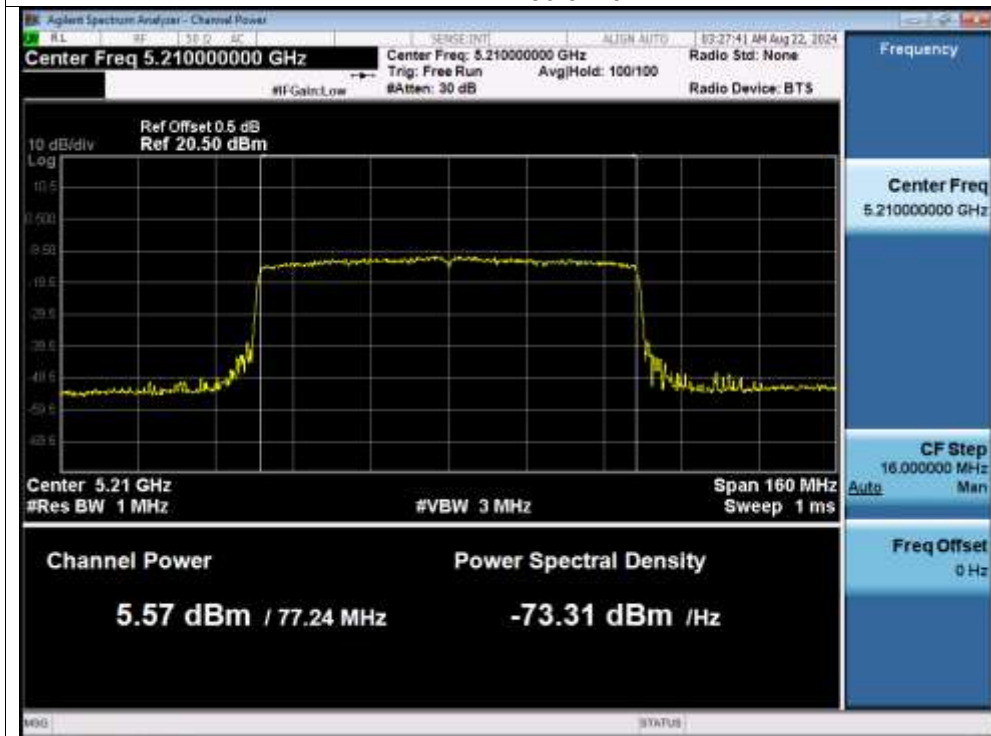
Power NVNT ax40 5190MHz



Power NVNT ax40 5230MHz



Power NVNT ax80 5210MHz



Test Graphs

Power NVNT a 5745MHz



Power NVNT a 5785MHz



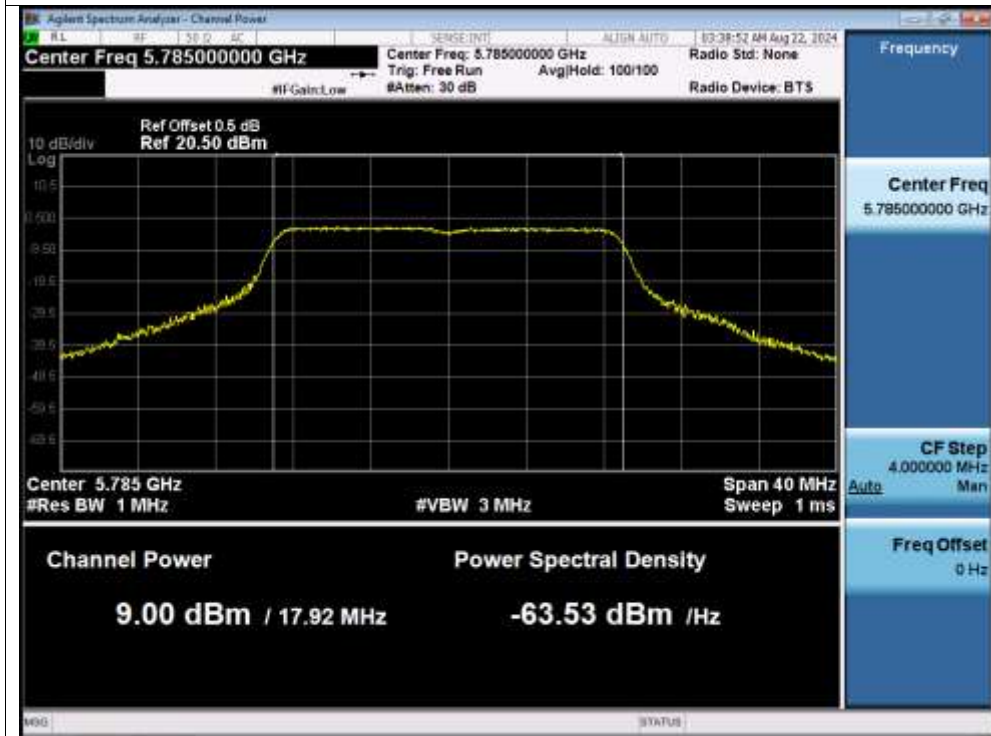
Power NVNT a 5825MHz



Power NVNT n20 5745MHz



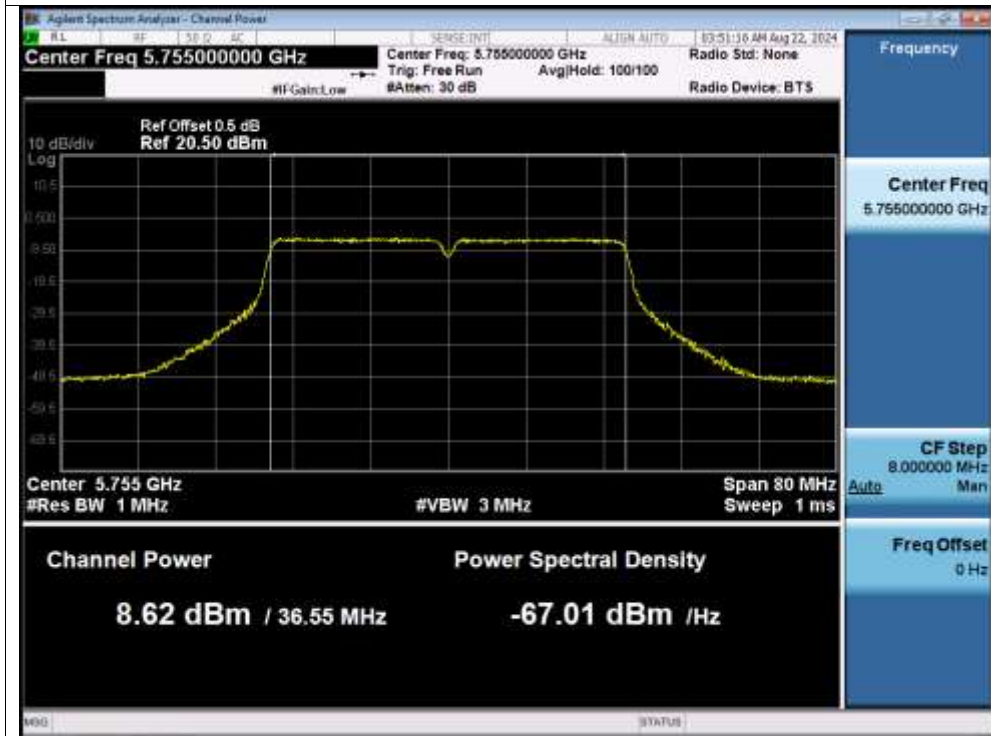
Power NVNT n20 5785MHz



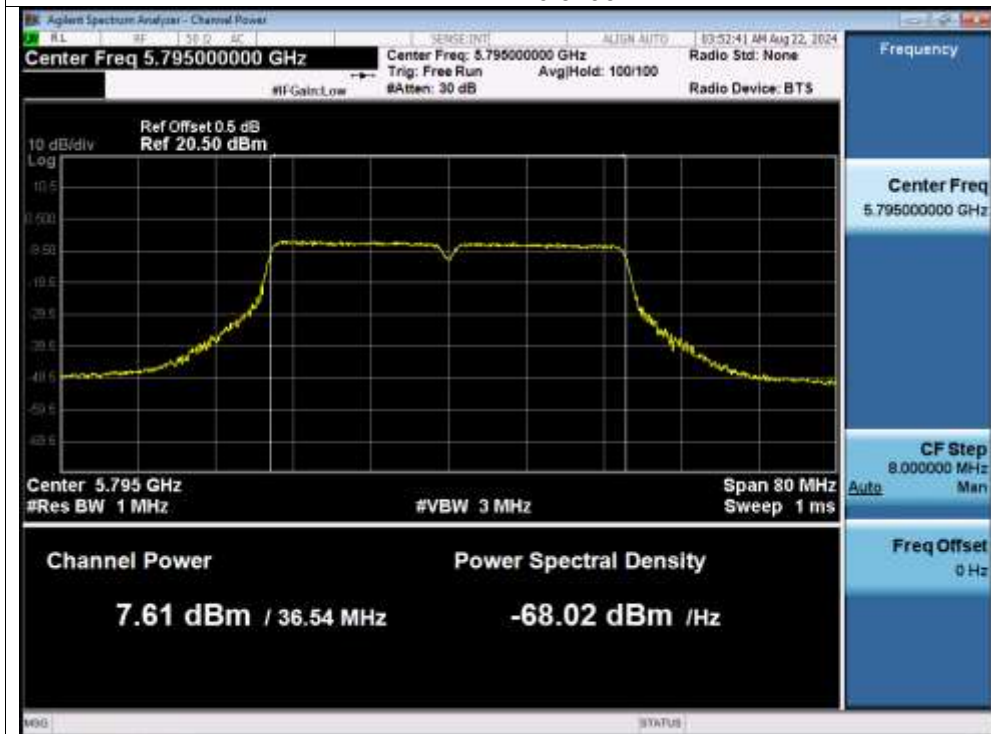
Power NVNT n20 5825MHz



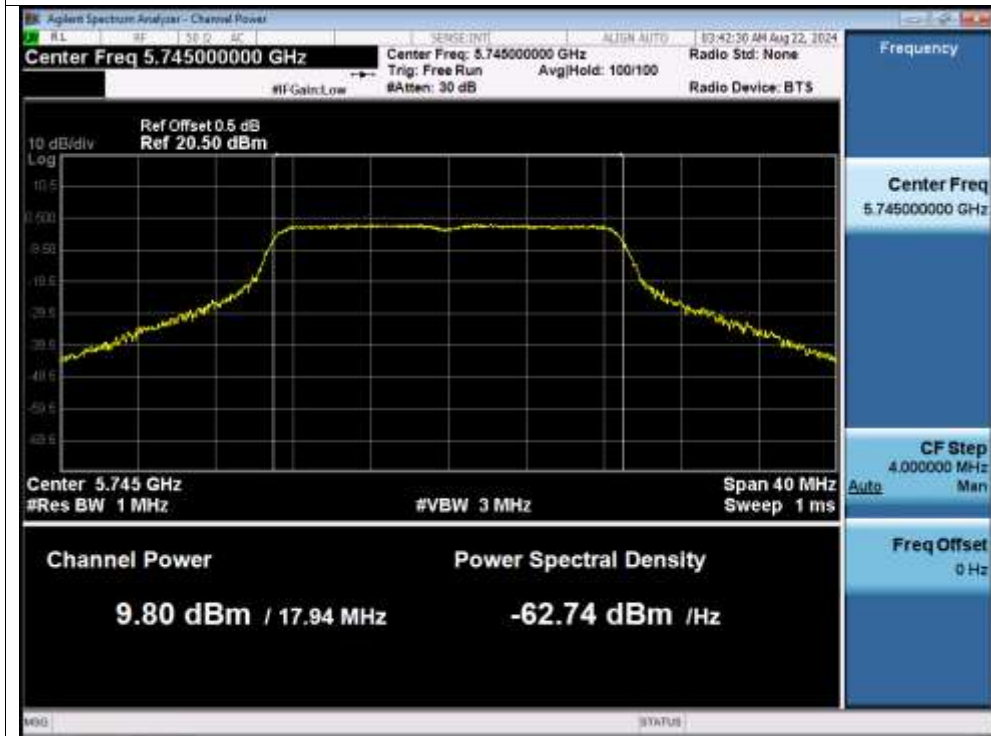
Power NVNT n40 5755MHz



Power NVNT n40 5795MHz



Power NVNT ac20 5745MHz



Power NVNT ac20 5785MHz



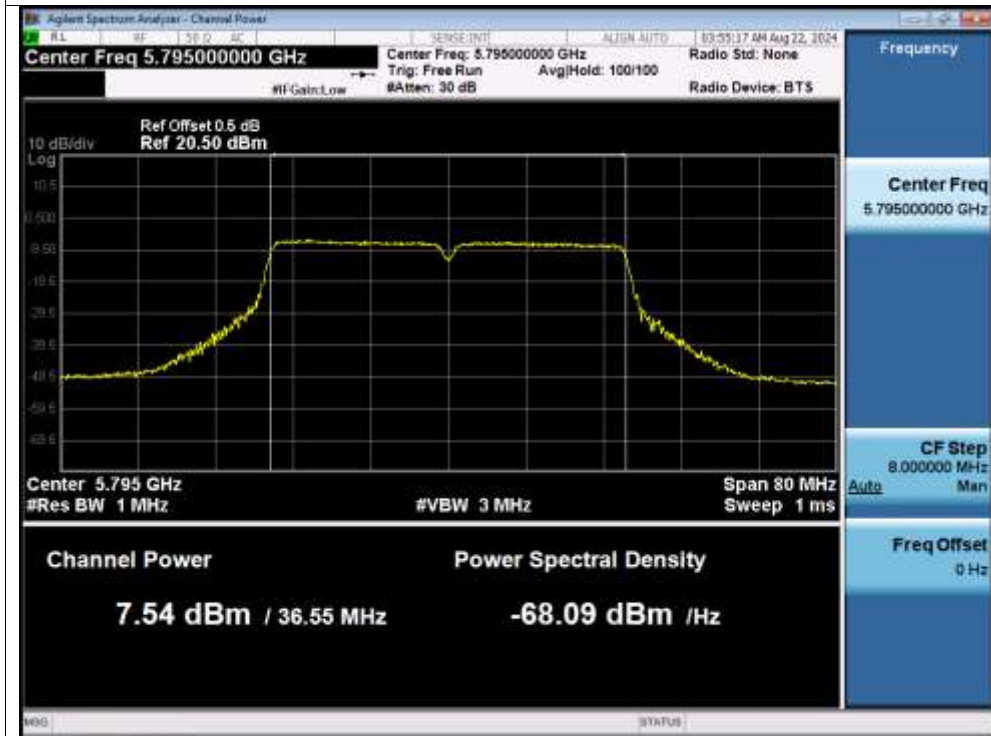
Power NVNT ac20 5825MHz



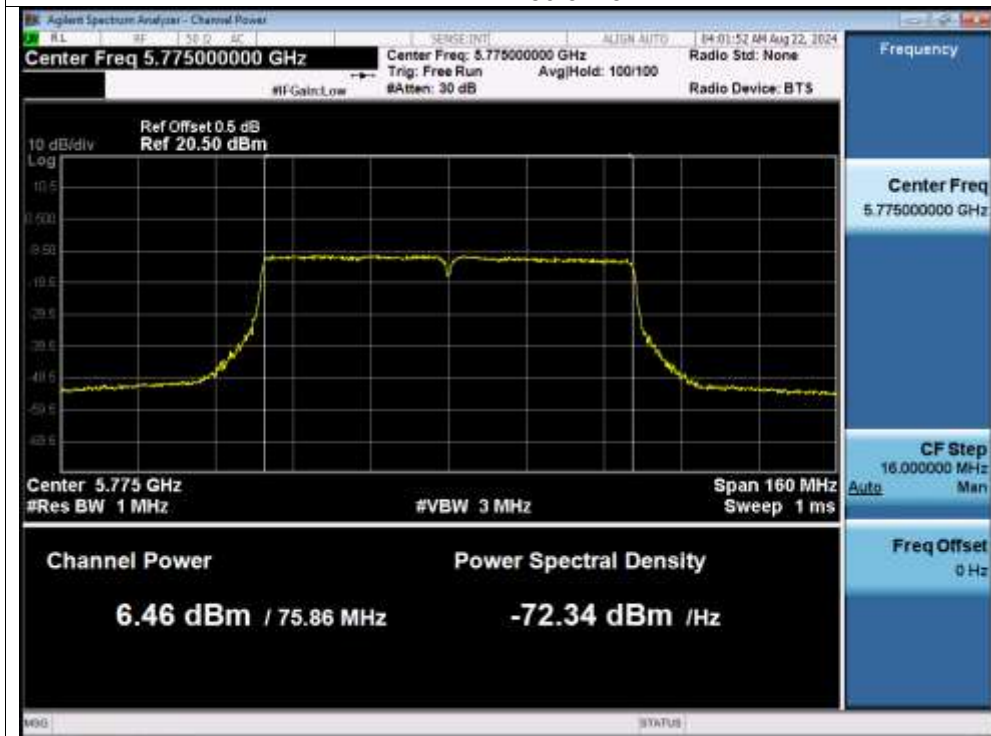
Power NVNT ac40 5755MHz



Power NVNT ac40 5795MHz



Power NVNT ac80 5775MHz



Power NVNT ax20 5745MHz



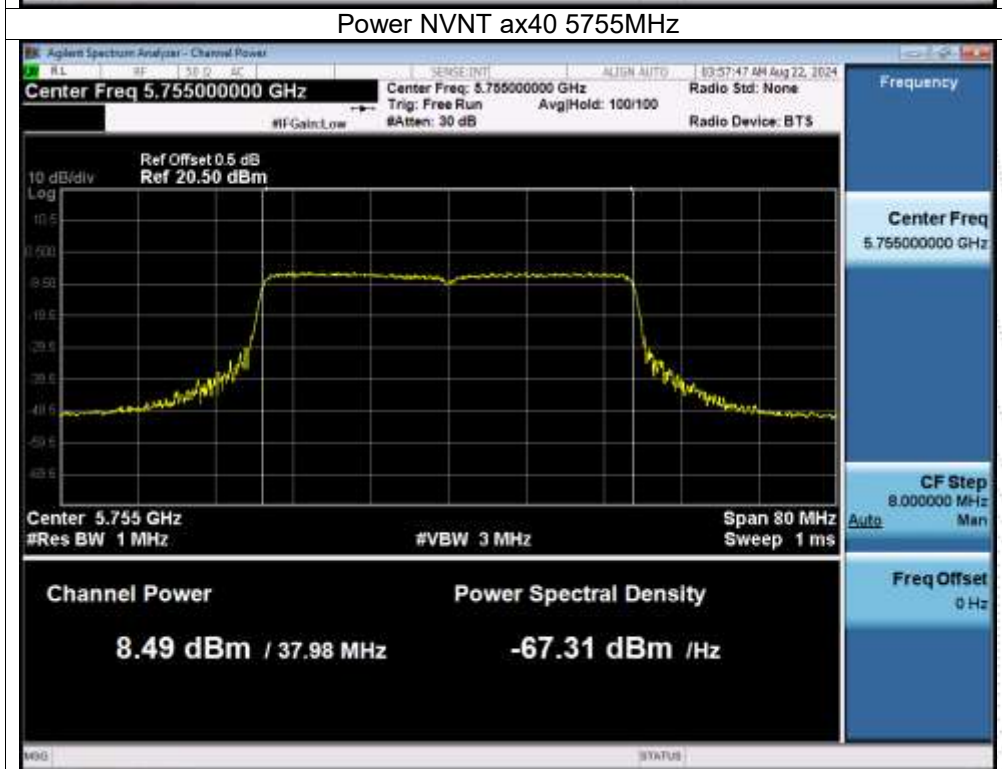
Power NVNT ax20 5785MHz



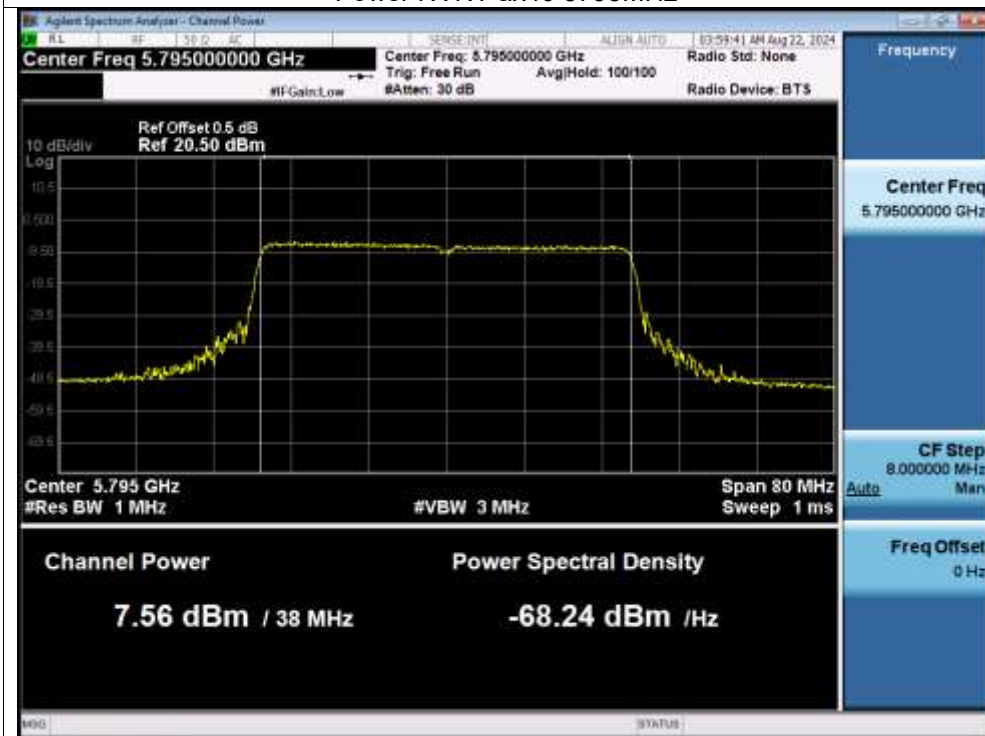
Power NVNT ax20 5825MHz



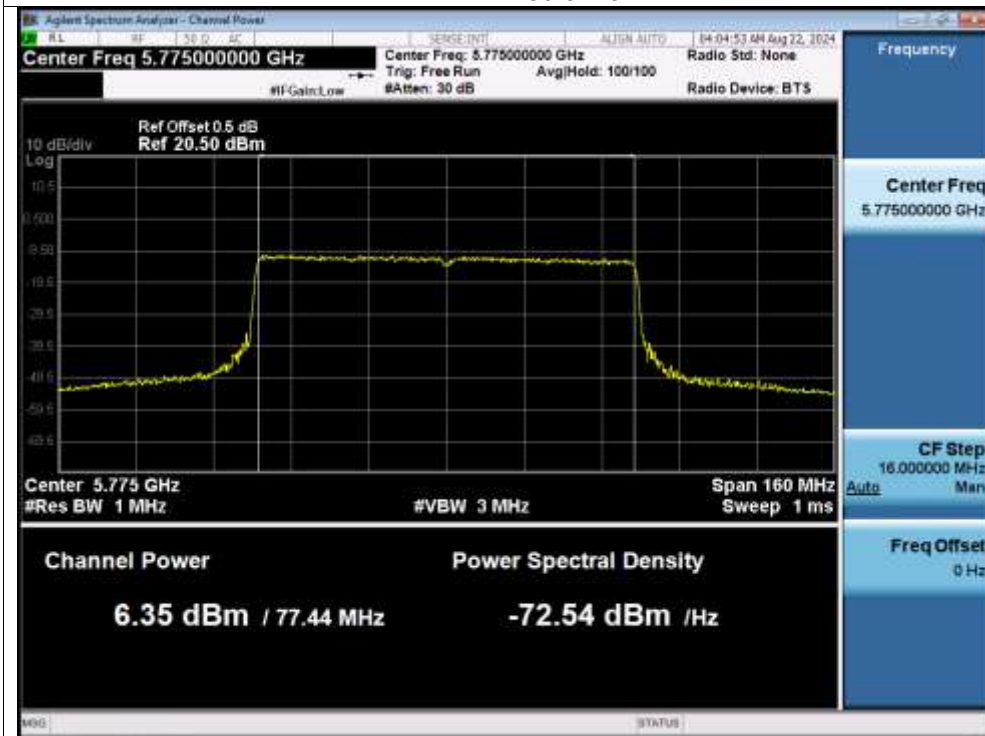
Power NVNT ax40 5755MHz



Power NVNT ax40 5795MHz



Power NVNT ax80 5775MHz



11. Out Of Band Emissions

11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



11.2 Limit

According to FCC §15.407(b)

Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

(2) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

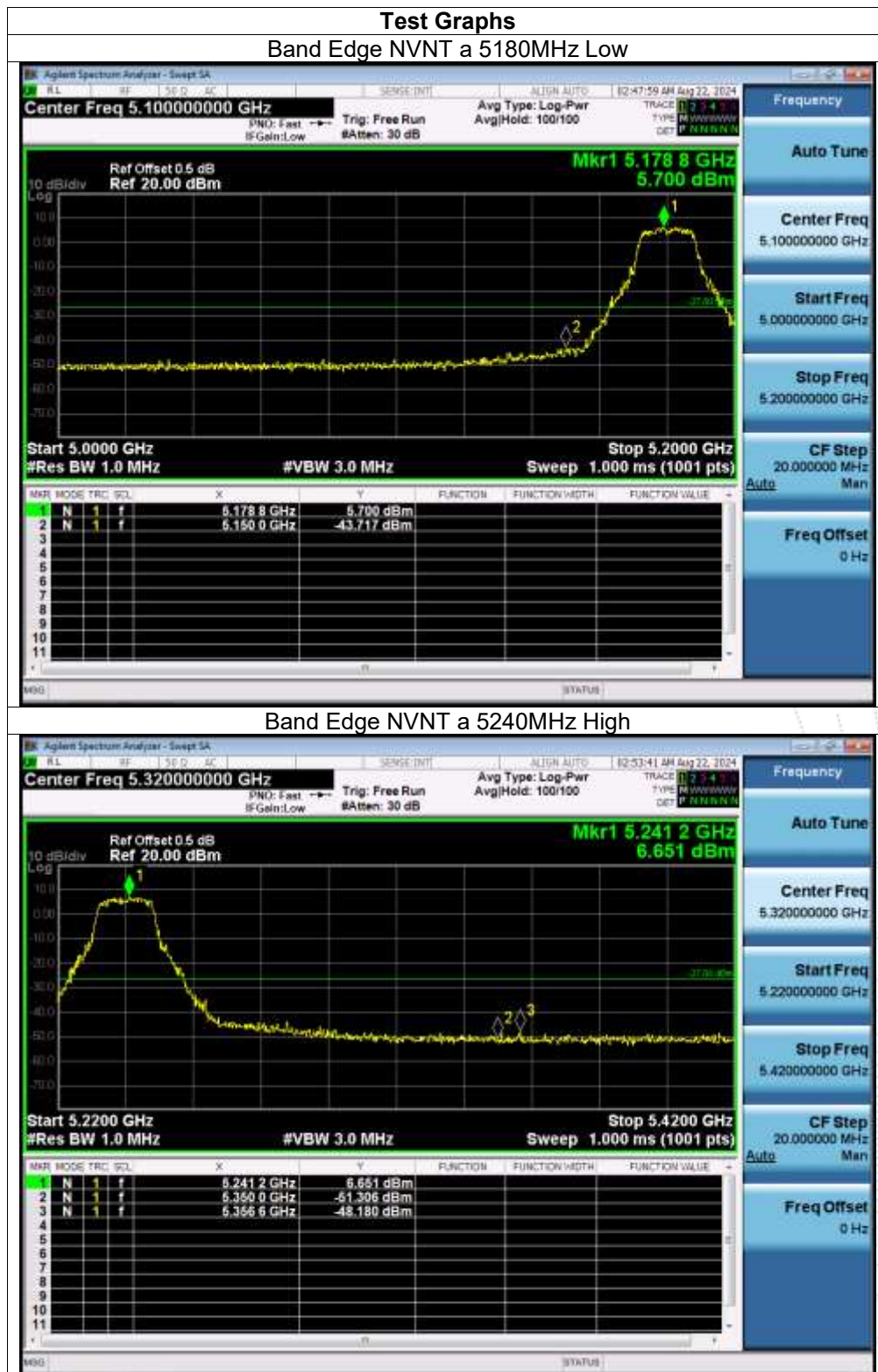
11.3 Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

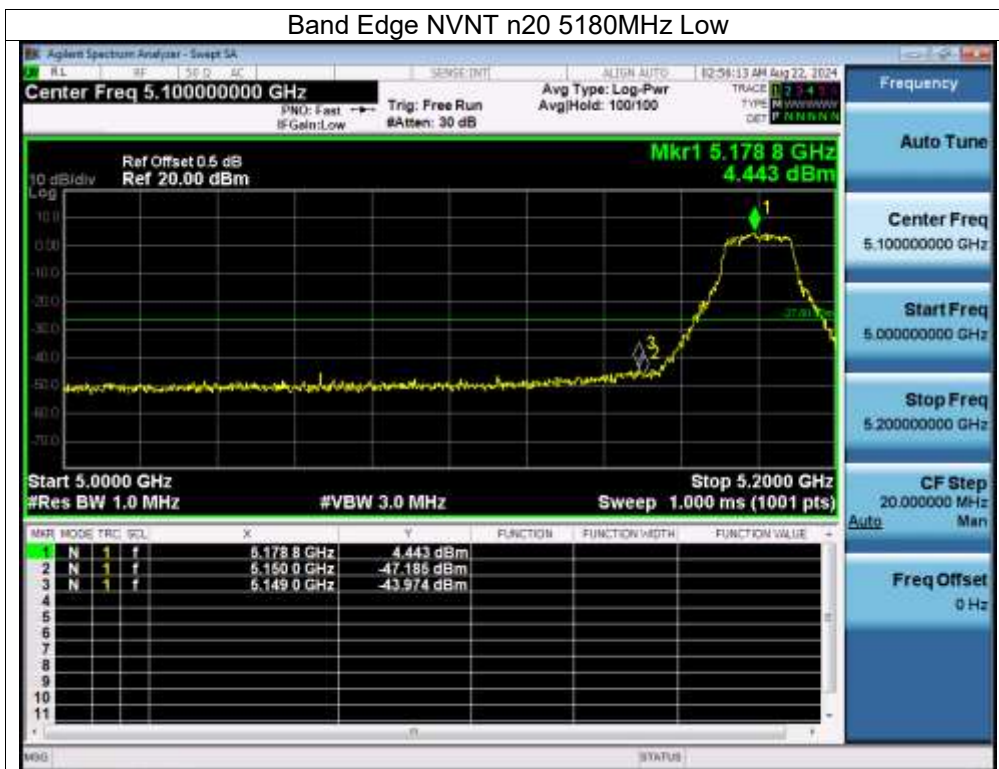
11.4 EUT Operating Conditions

The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data

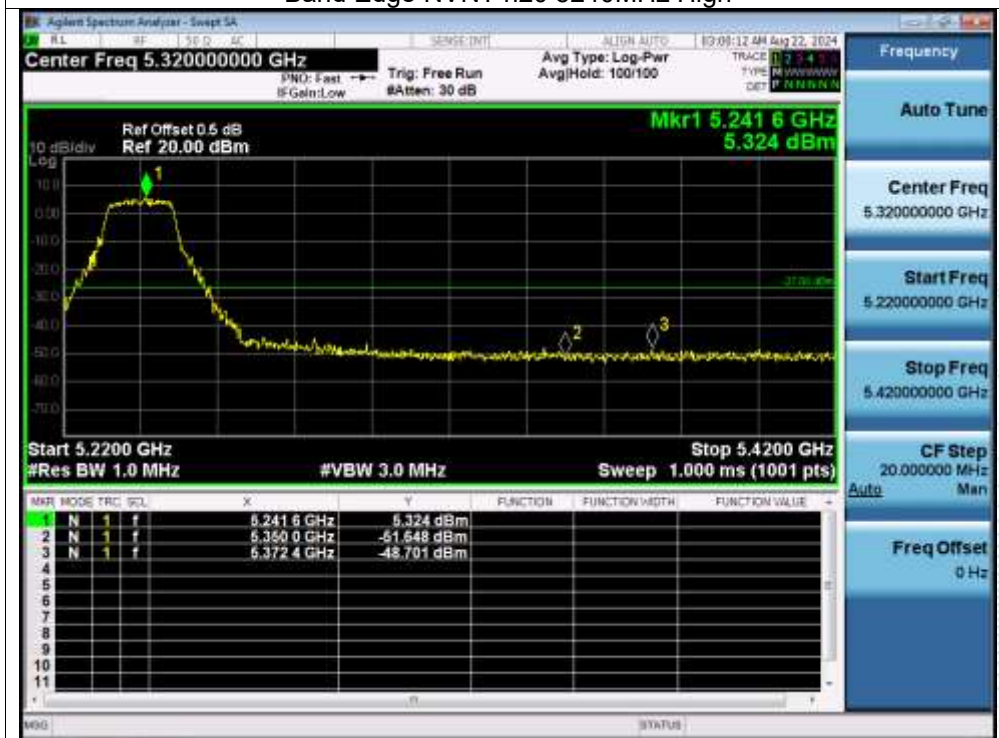
11.5 Test Result



Band Edge NVNT n20 5180MHz Low



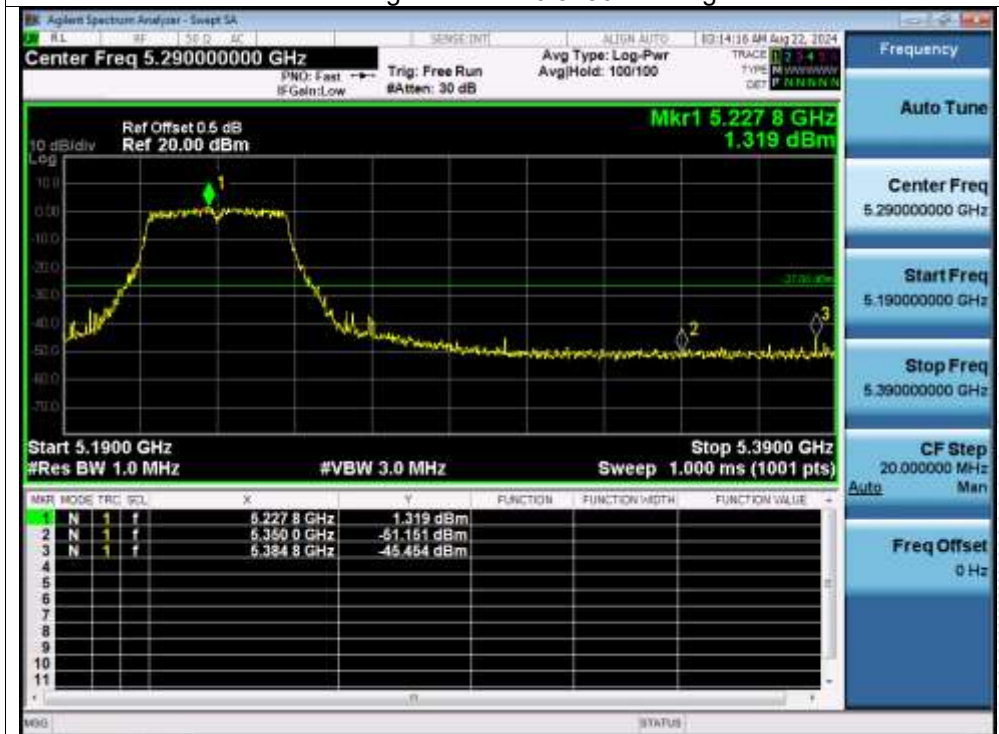
Band Edge NVNT n20 5240MHz High



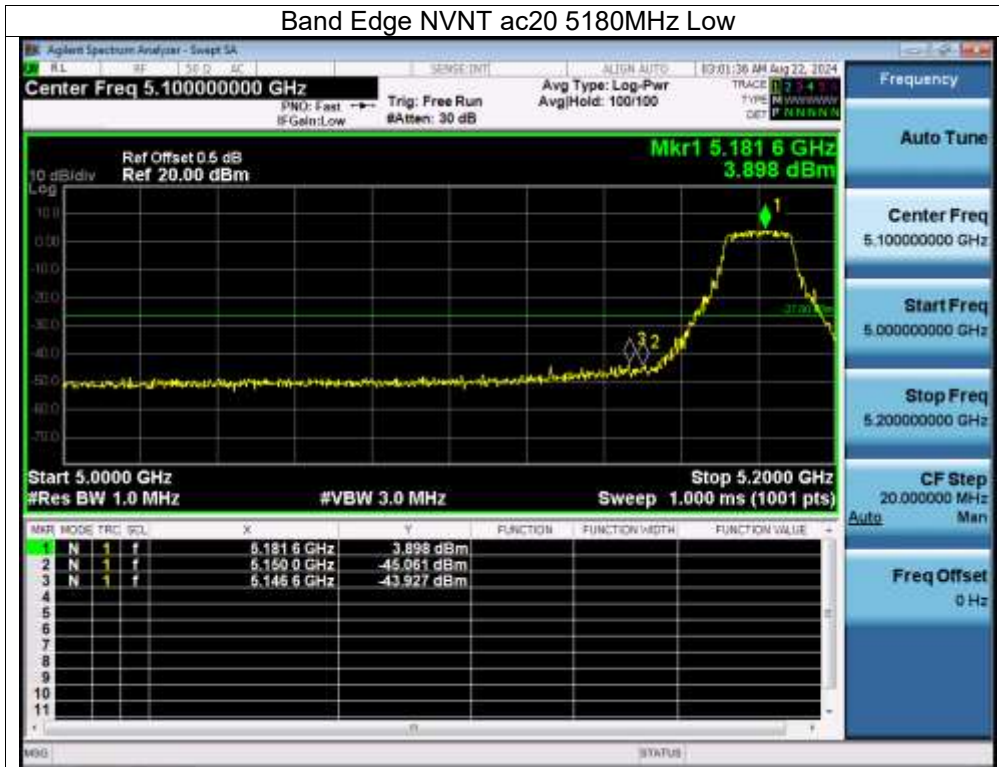
Band Edge NVNT n40 5190MHz Low



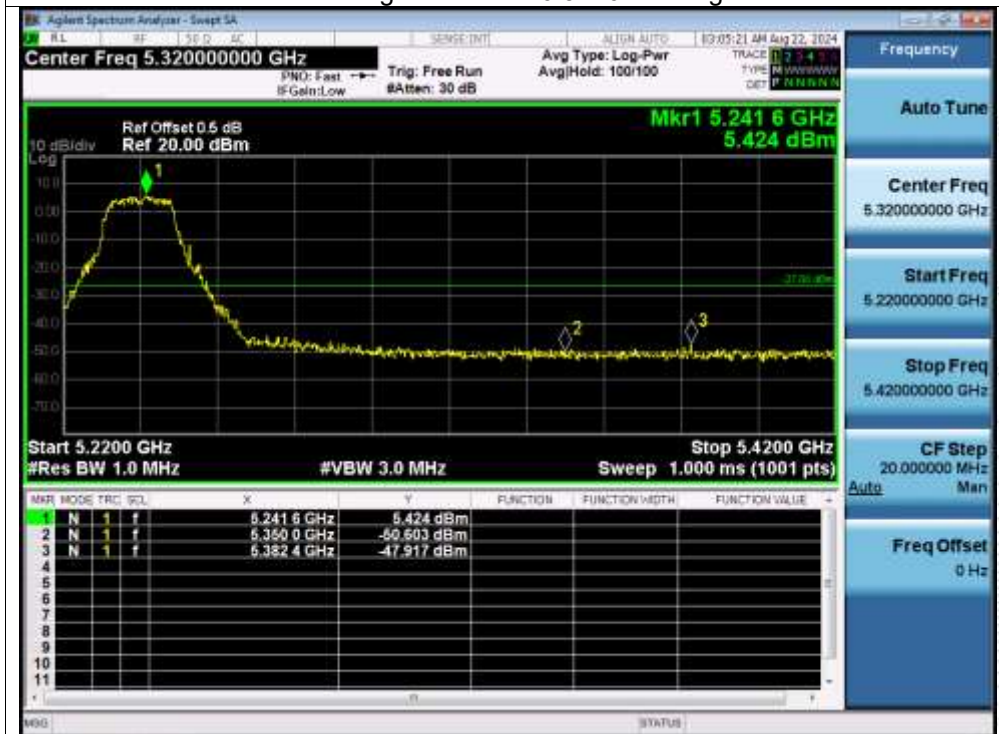
Band Edge NVNT n40 5230MHz High



Band Edge NVNT ac20 5180MHz Low



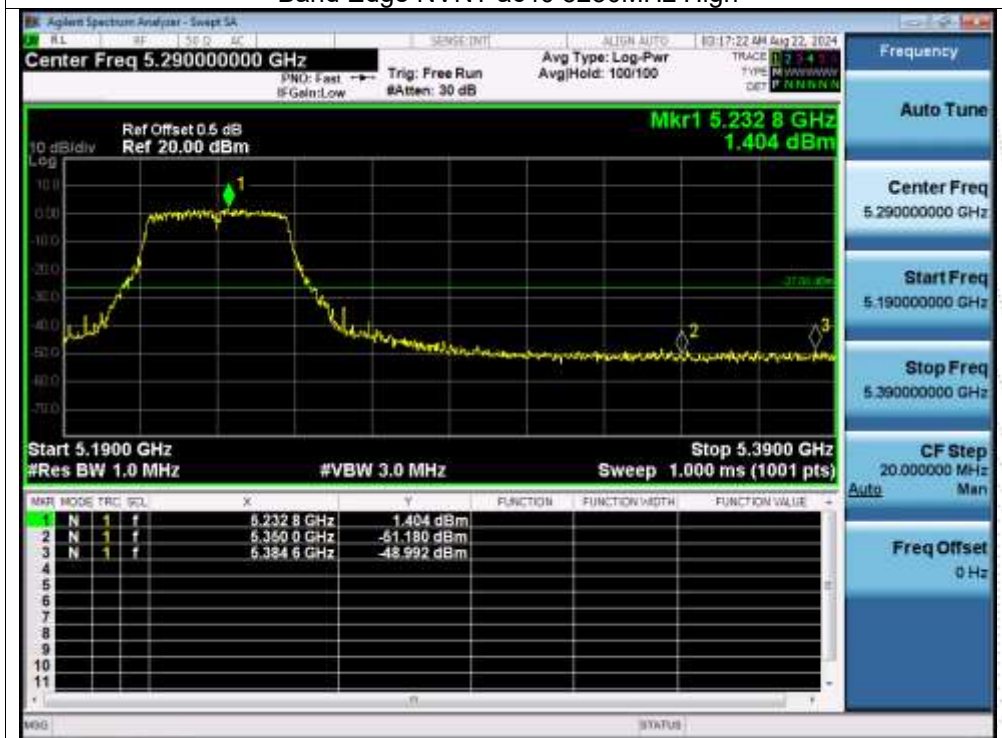
Band Edge NVNT ac20 5240MHz High



Band Edge NVNT ac40 5190MHz Low



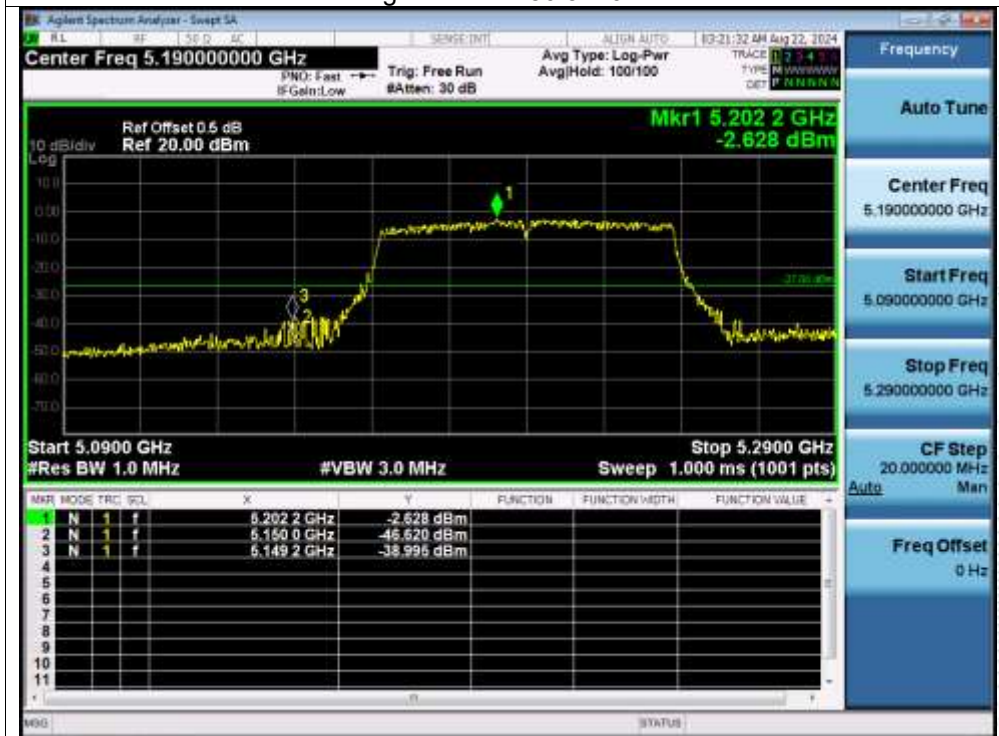
Band Edge NVNT ac40 5230MHz High



Band Edge NVNT ac80 5210MHz High



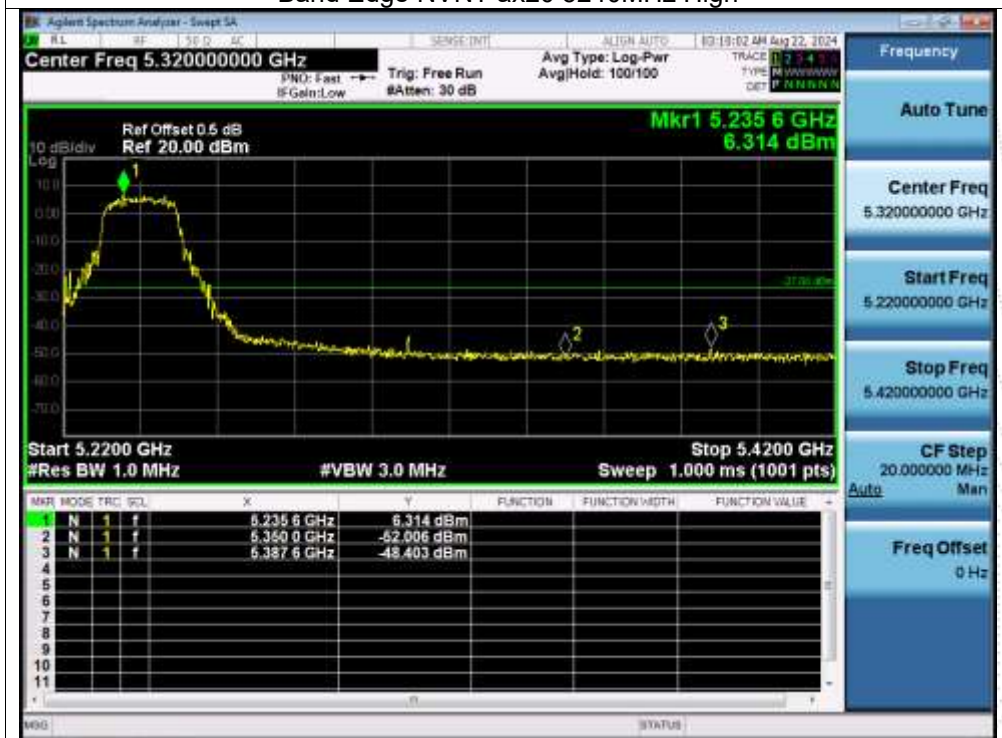
Band Edge NVNT ac80 5210MHz Low



Band Edge NVNT ax20 5180MHz Low



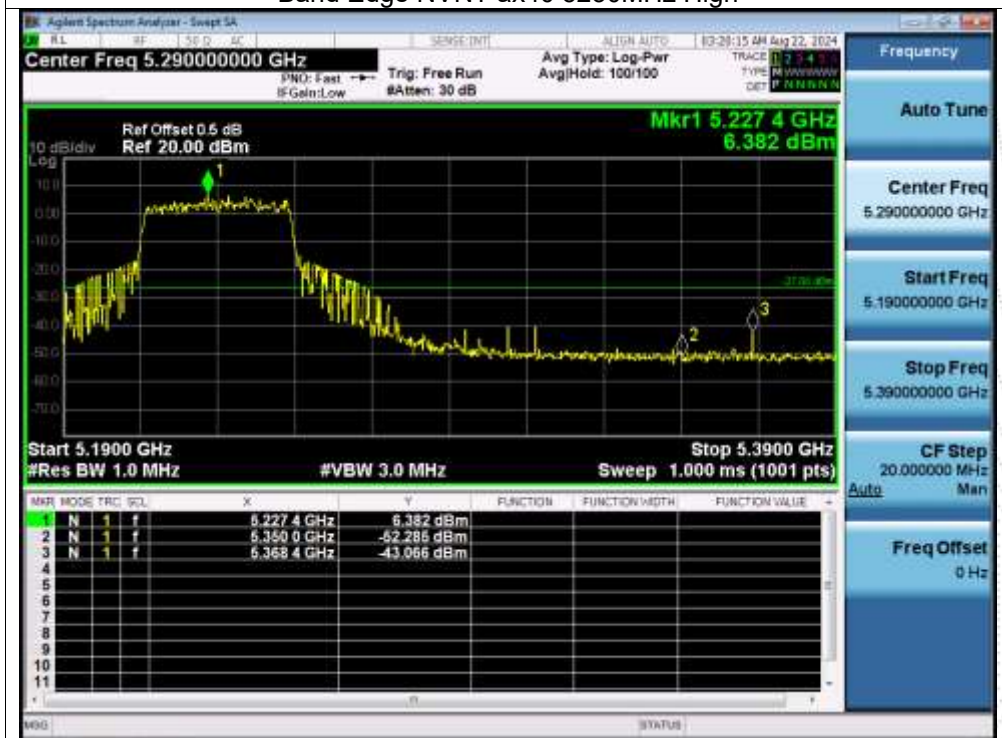
Band Edge NVNT ax20 5240MHz High



Band Edge NVNT ax40 5190MHz Low



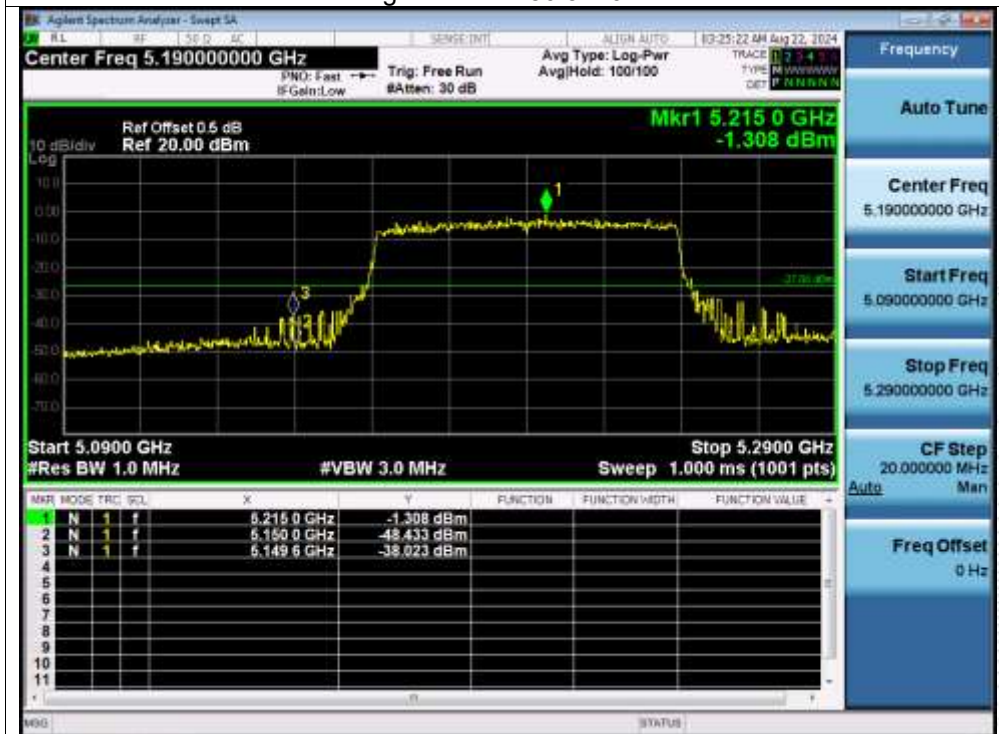
Band Edge NVNT ax40 5230MHz High



Band Edge NVNT ax80 5210MHz High

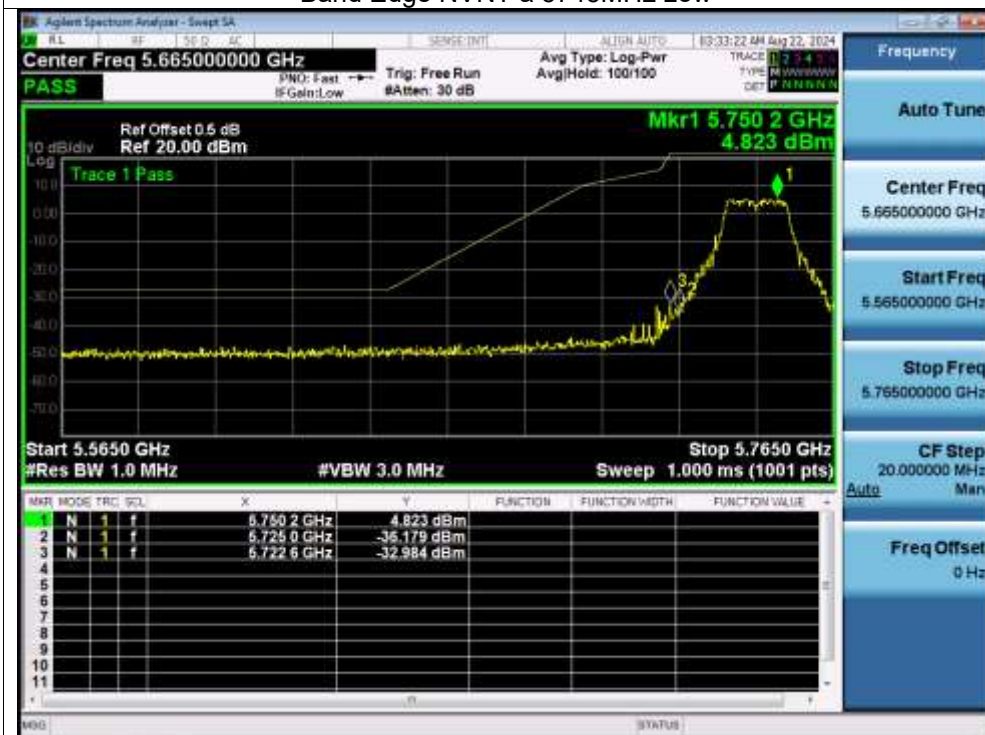


Band Edge NVNT ax80 5210MHz Low

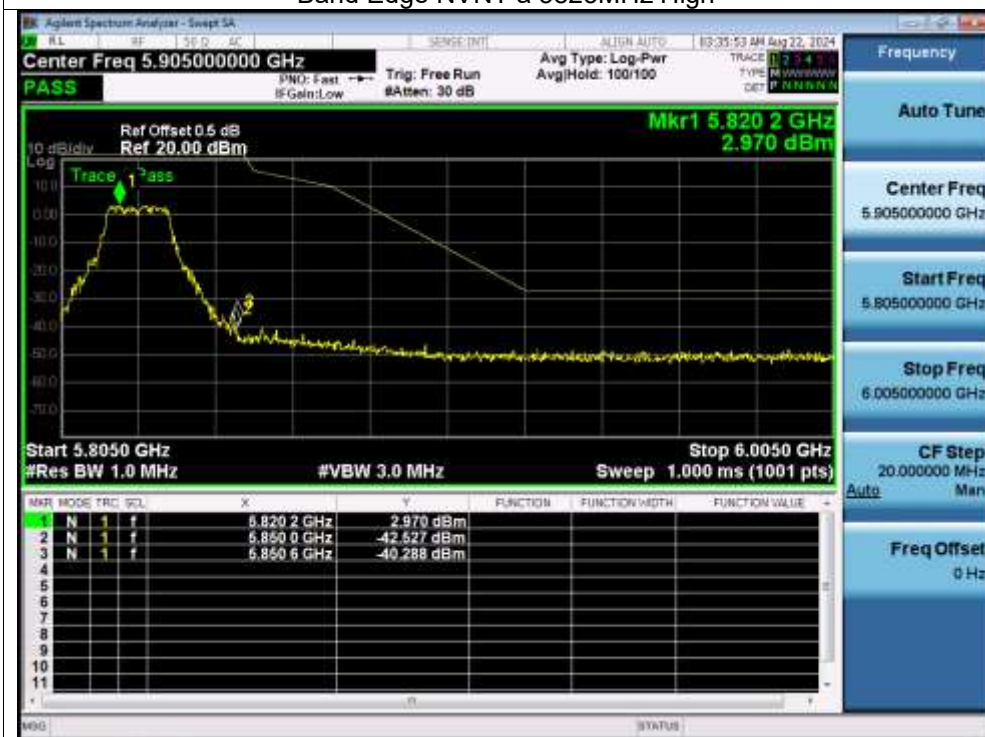


Test Graphs

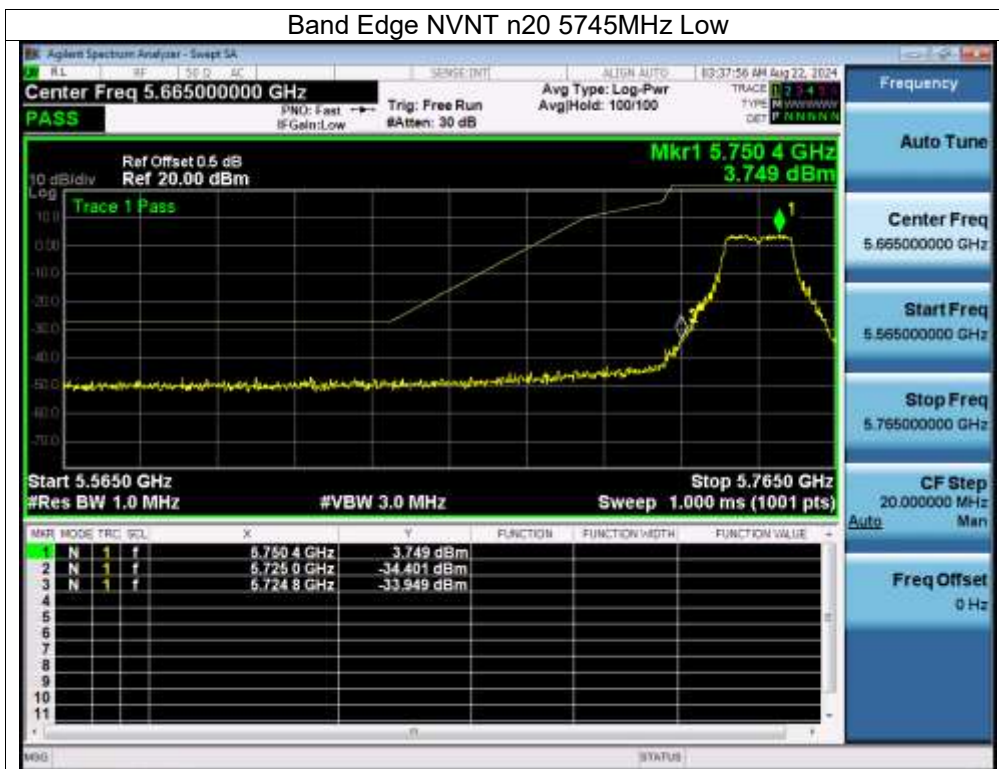
Band Edge NVNT a 5745MHz Low



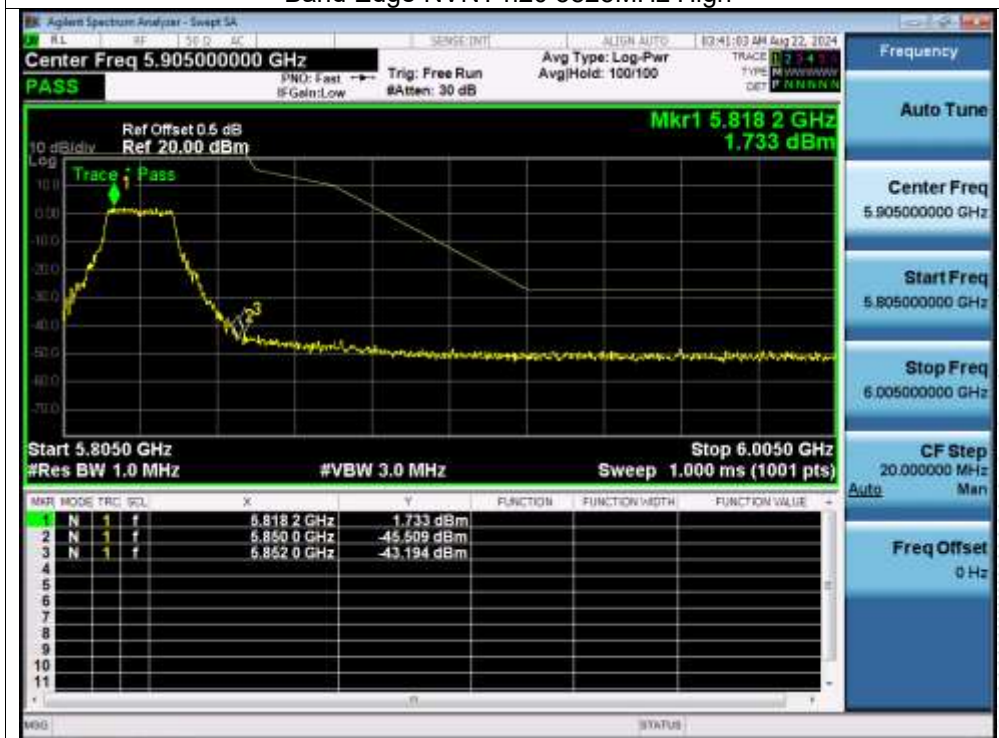
Band Edge NVNT a 5825MHz High



Band Edge NVNT n20 5745MHz Low



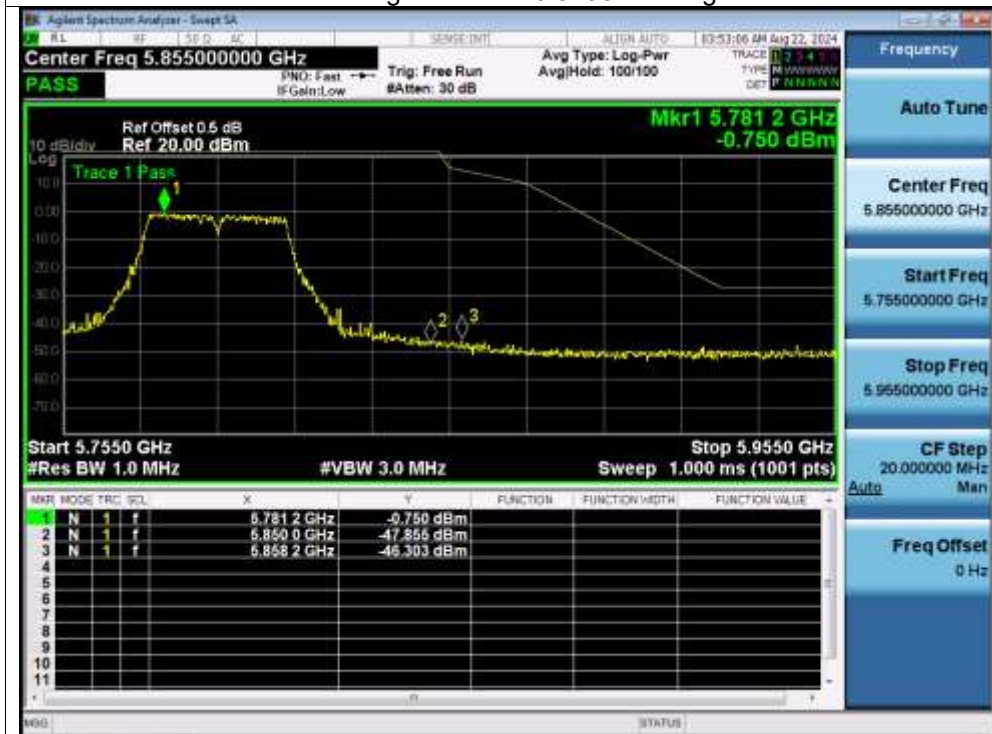
Band Edge NVNT n20 5825MHz High



Band Edge NVNT n40 5755MHz Low



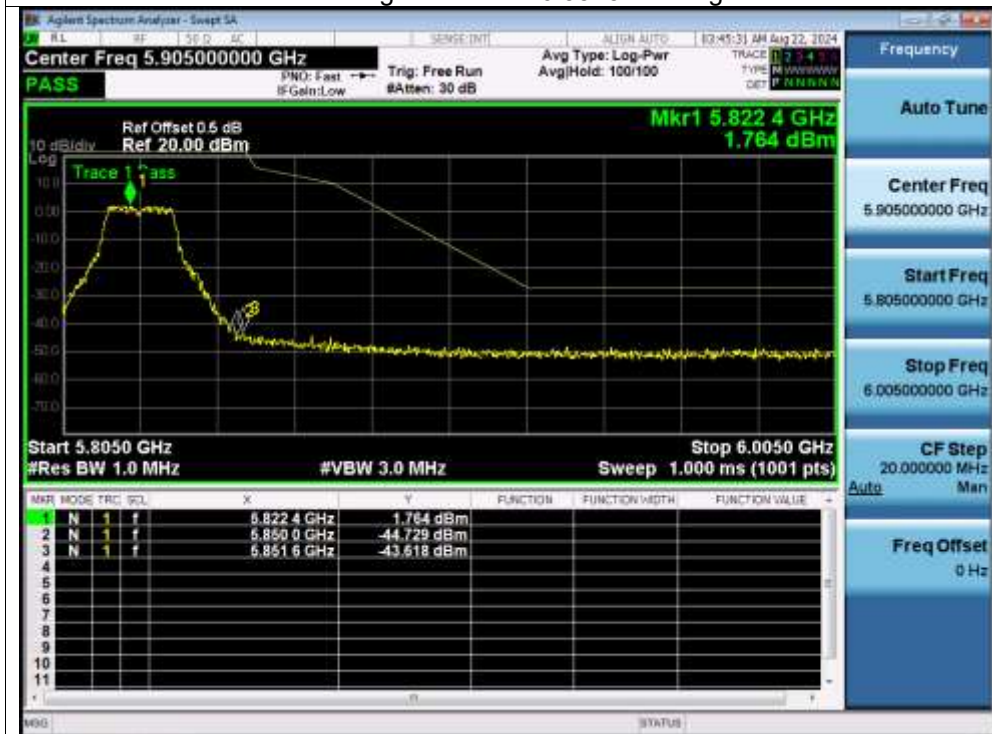
Band Edge NVNT n40 5795MHz High



Band Edge NVNT ac20 5745MHz Low



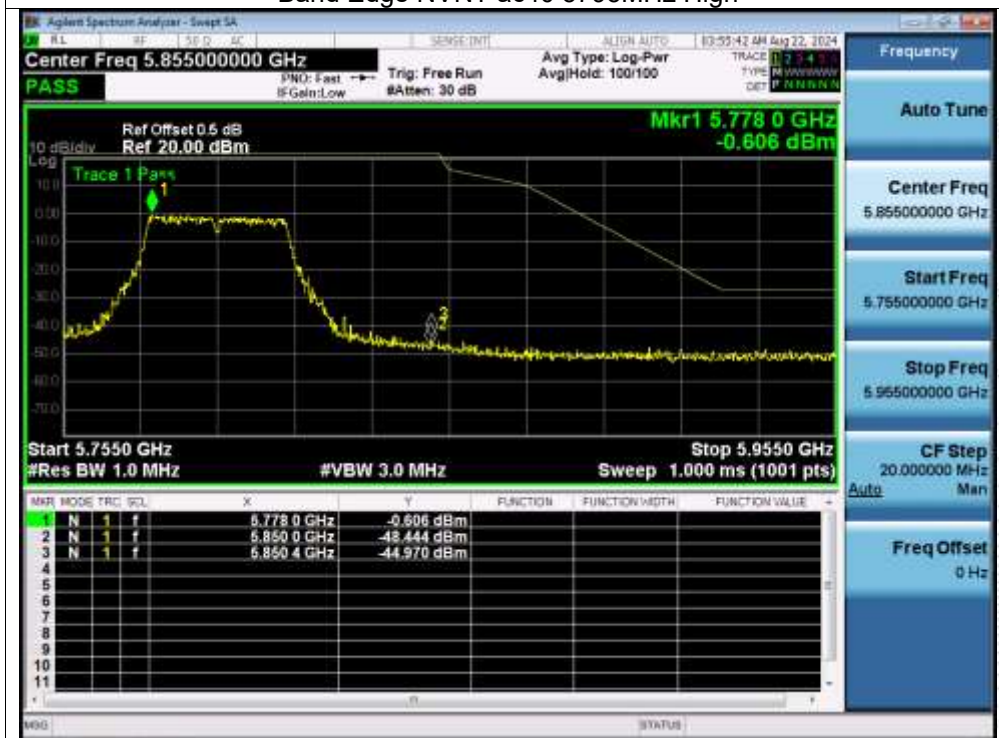
Band Edge NVNT ac20 5825MHz High



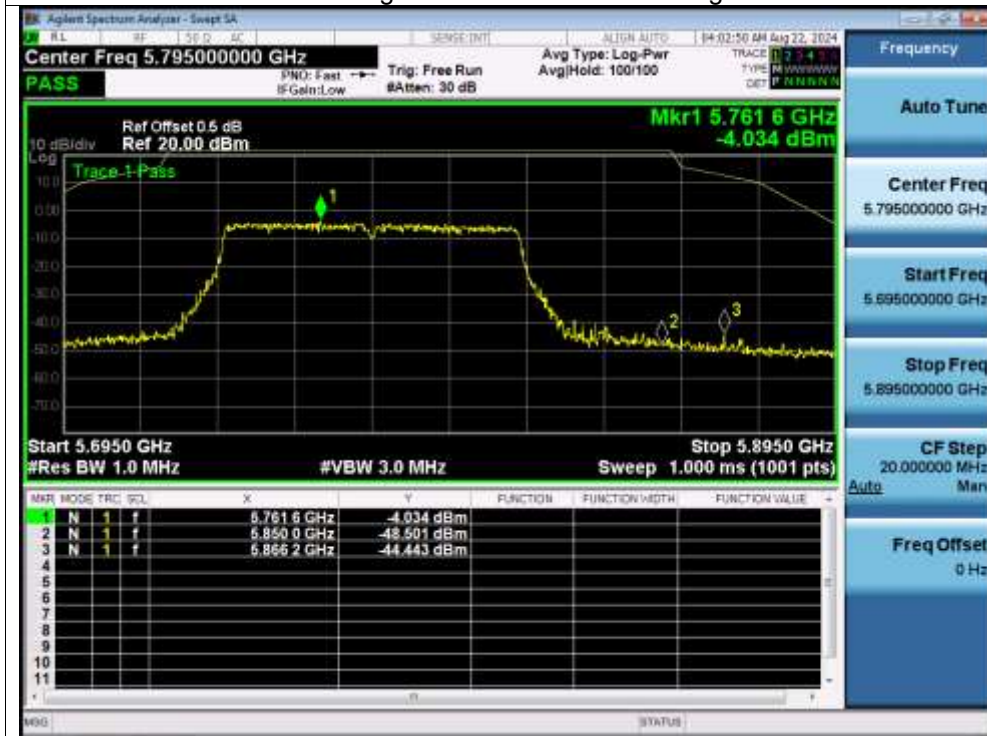
Band Edge NVNT ac40 5755MHz Low



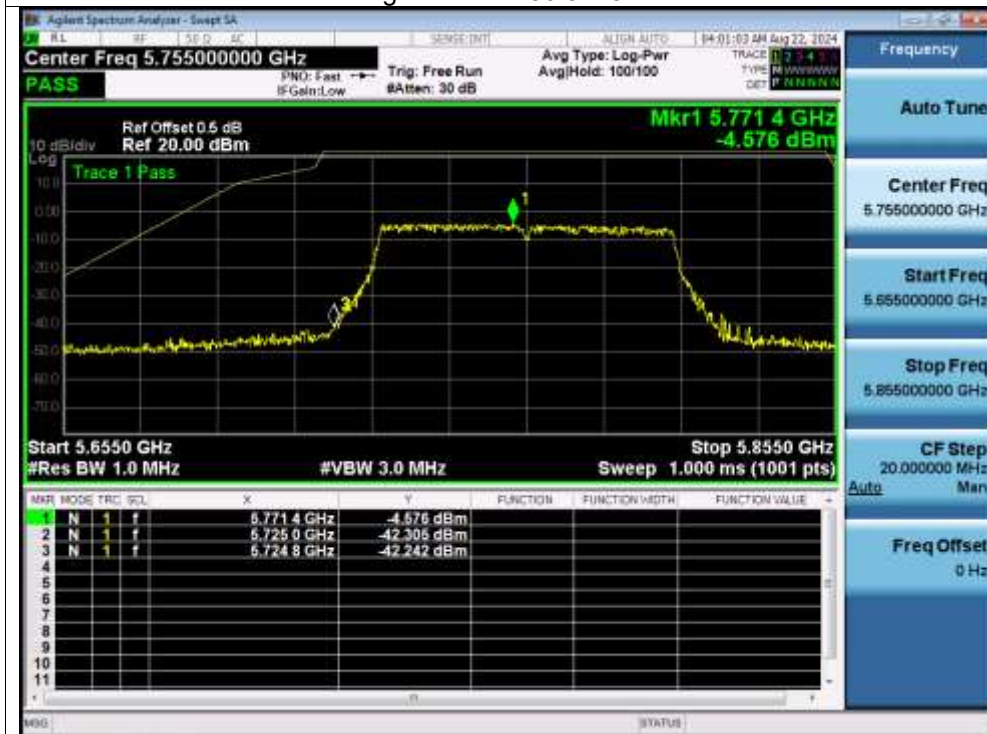
Band Edge NVNT ac40 5795MHz High



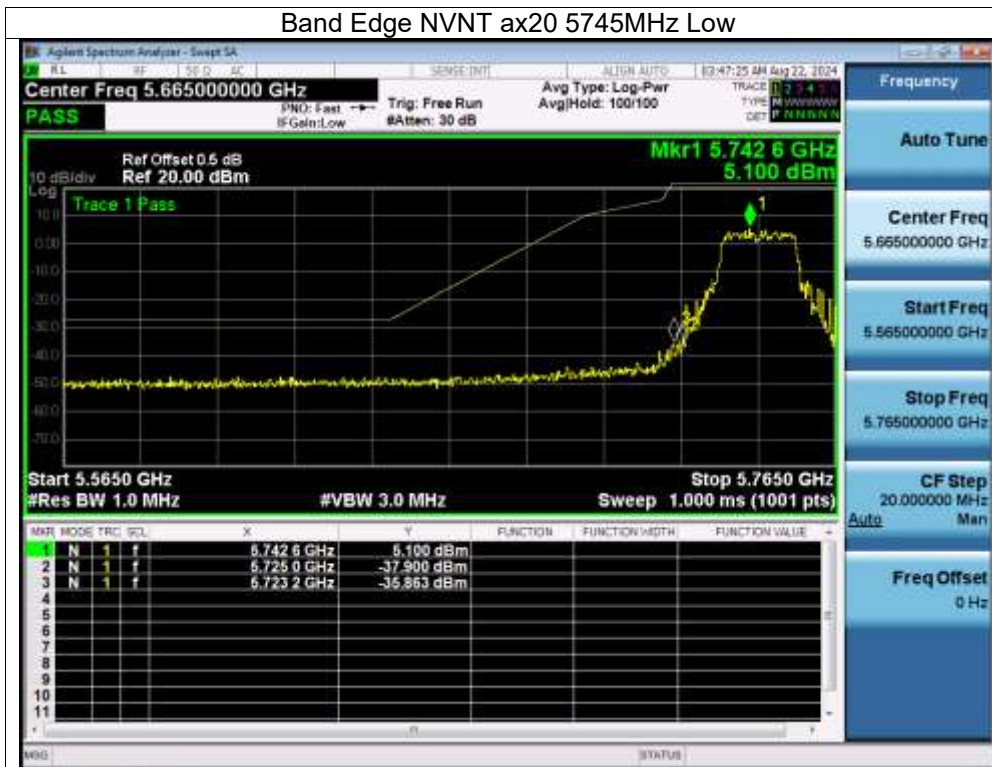
Band Edge NVNT ac80 5775MHz High



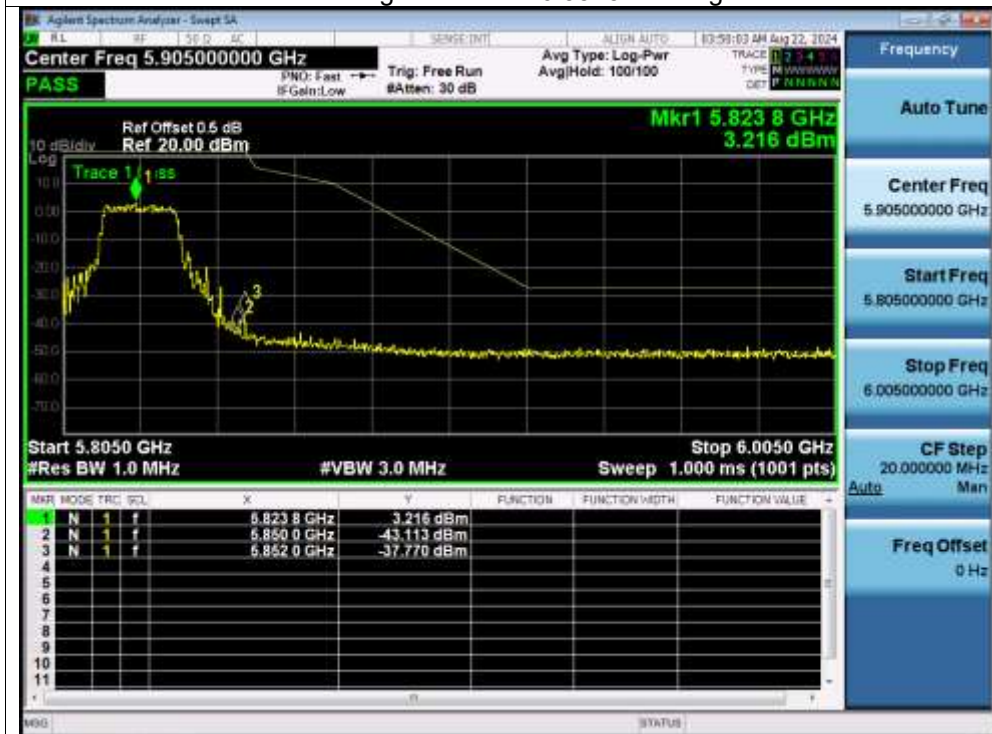
Band Edge NVNT ac80 5775MHz Low



Band Edge NVNT ax20 5745MHz Low



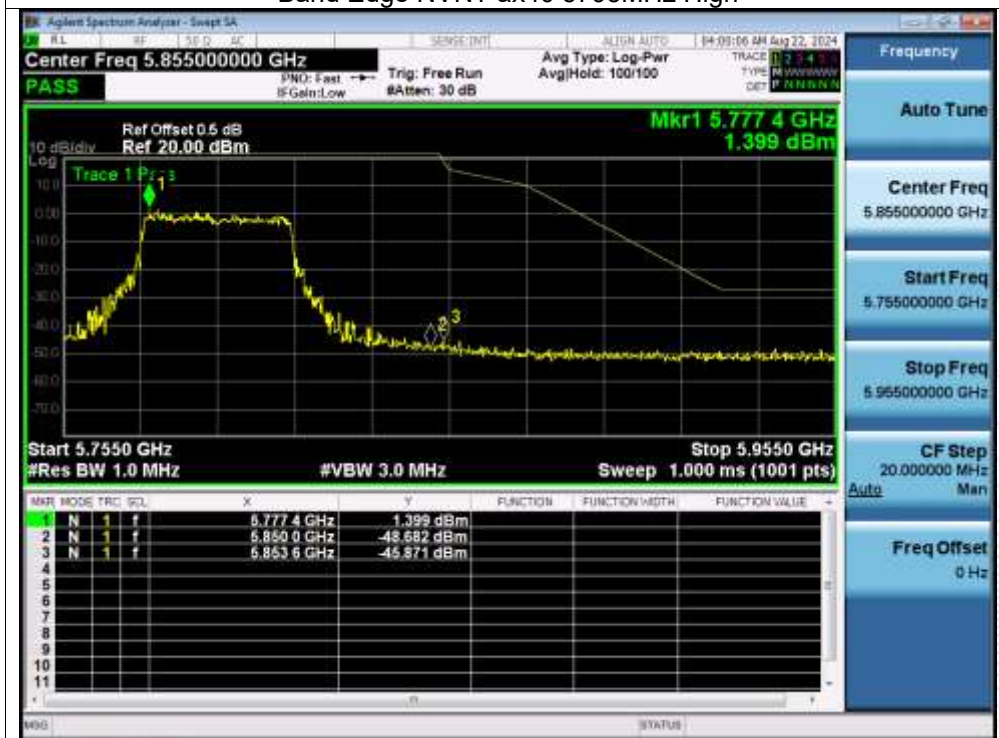
Band Edge NVNT ax20 5825MHz High



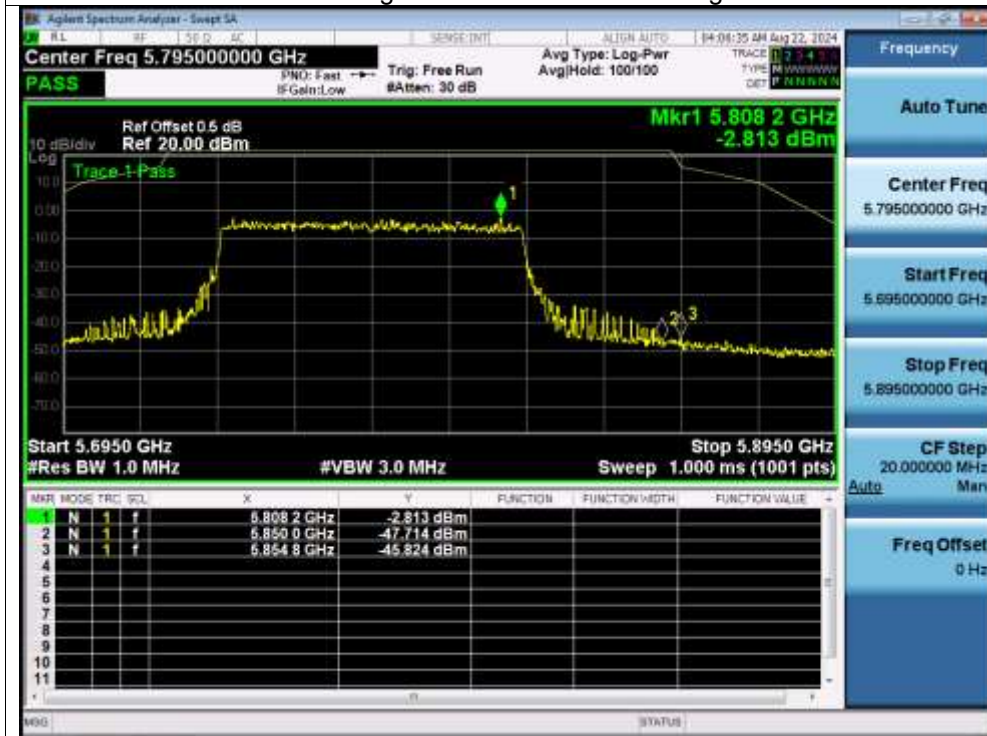
Band Edge NVNT ax40 5755MHz Low



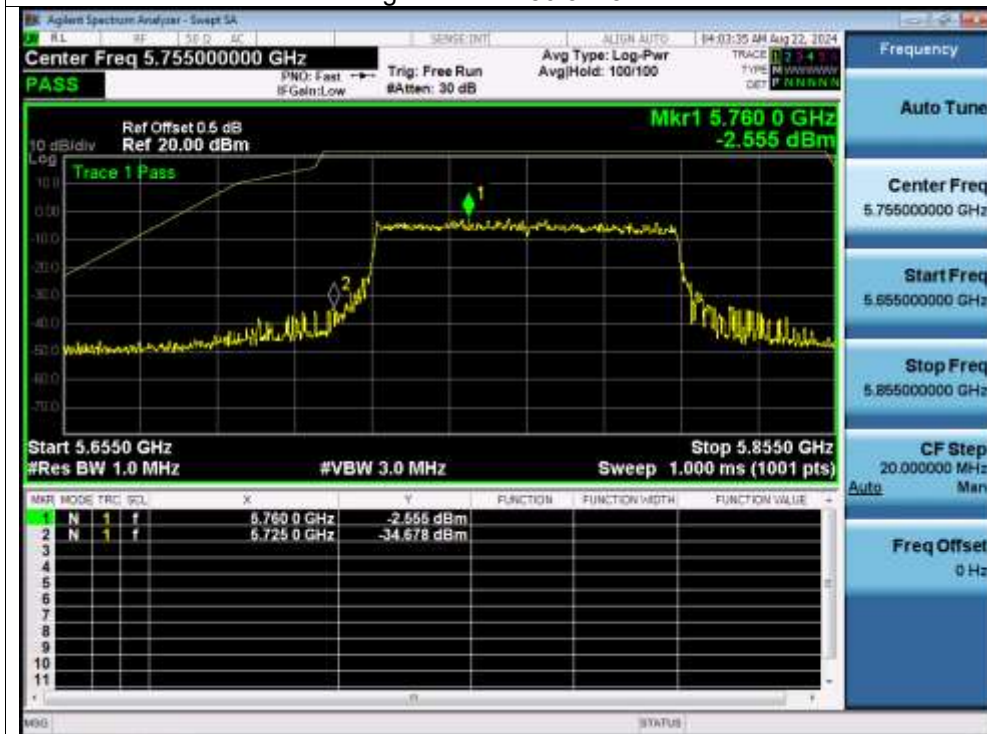
Band Edge NVNT ax40 5795MHz High



Band Edge NVNT ax80 5775MHz High



Band Edge NVNT ax80 5775MHz Low



12. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



12.2 Limit

Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

(2) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band(i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge..

12.3 Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

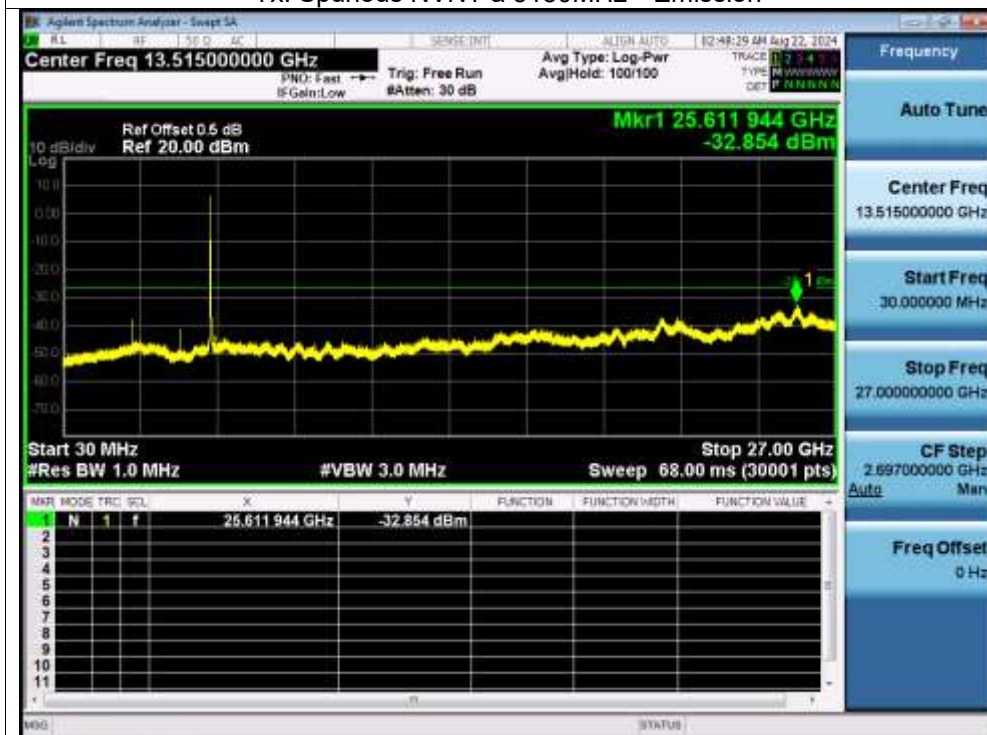
12.4 Test Result

Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 9KHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and bandedge measurement data.

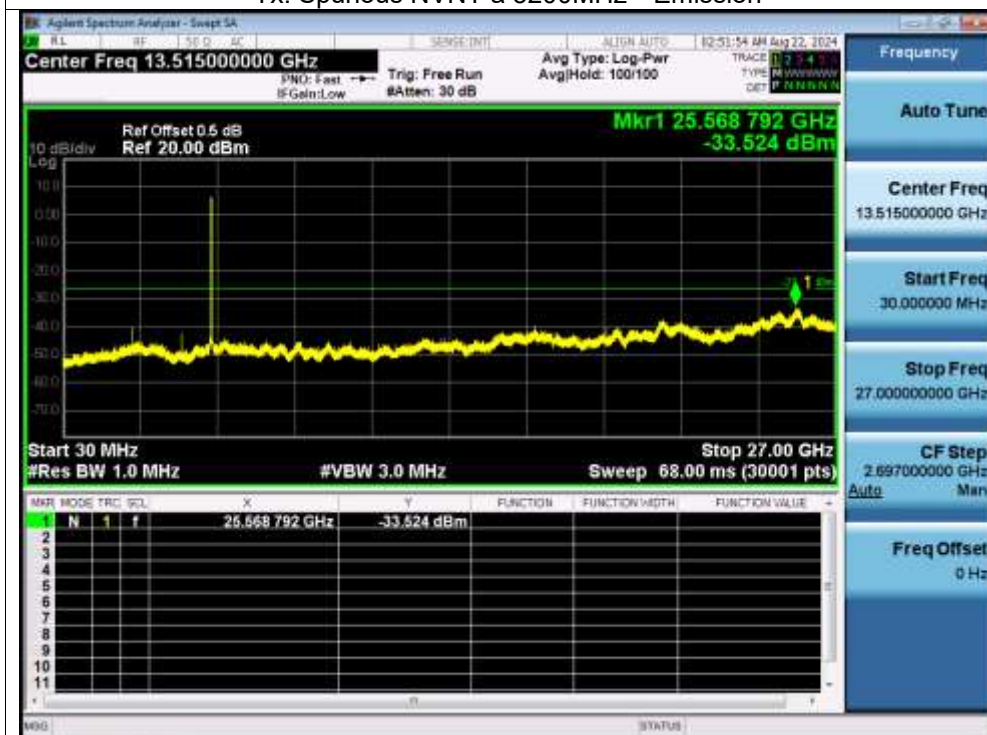
About: 26.5GHz-40GHz, The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Test Graphs

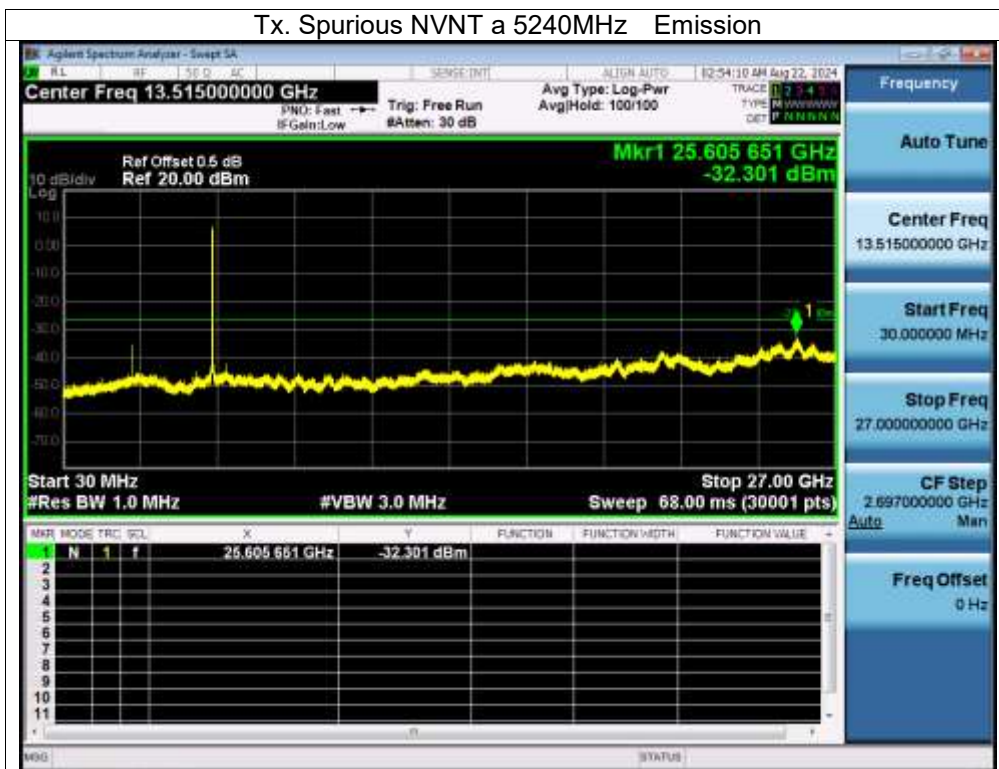
Tx. Spurious NVNT a 5180MHz Emission



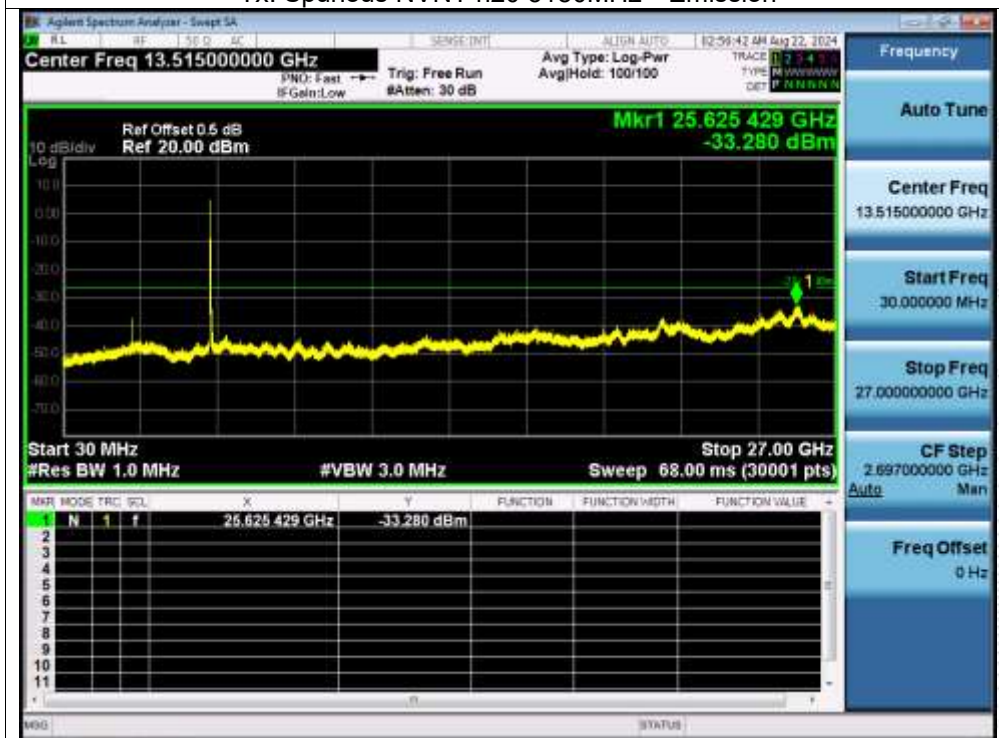
Tx. Spurious NVNT a 5200MHz Emission



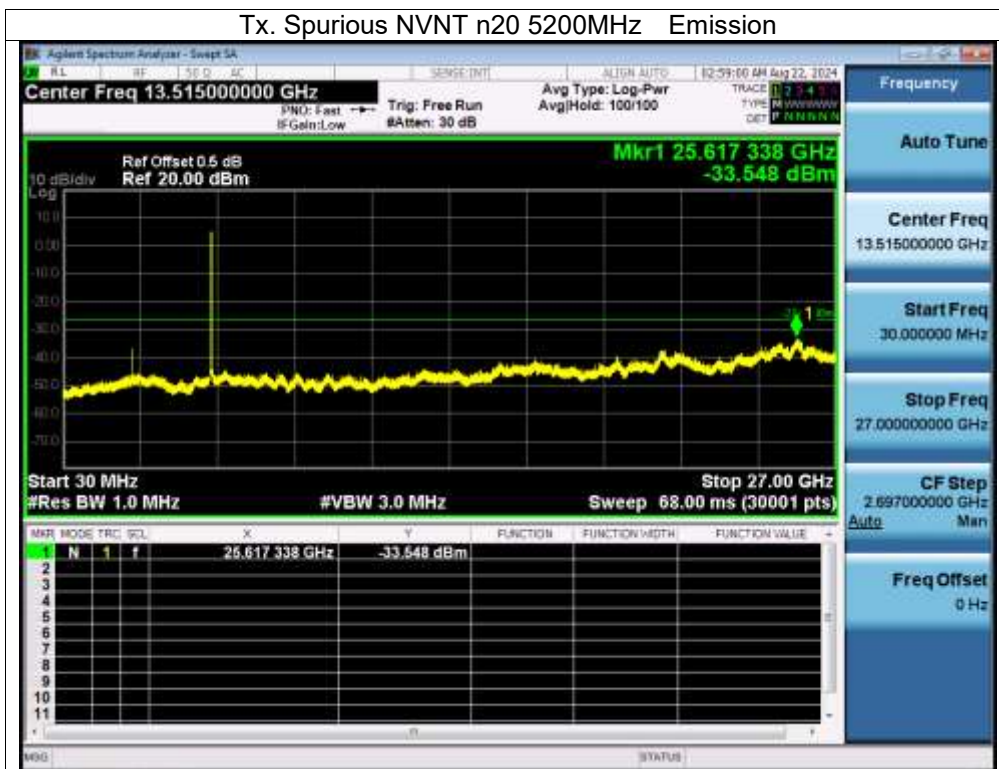
Tx. Spurious NVNT a 5240MHz Emission



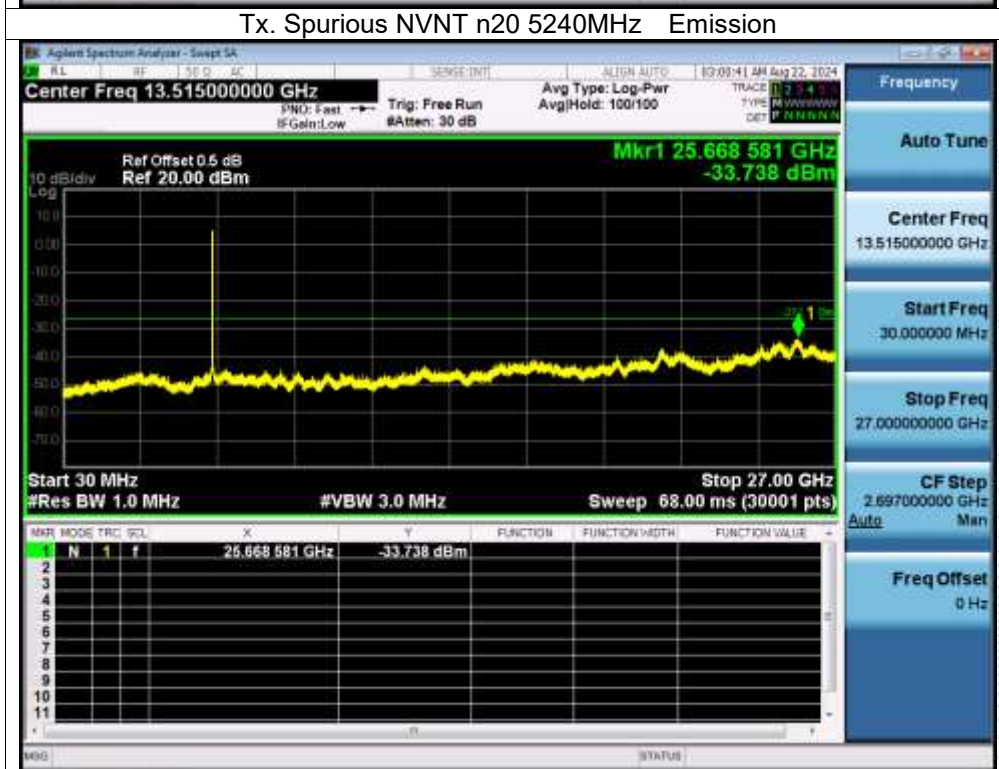
Tx. Spurious NVNT n20 5180MHz Emission



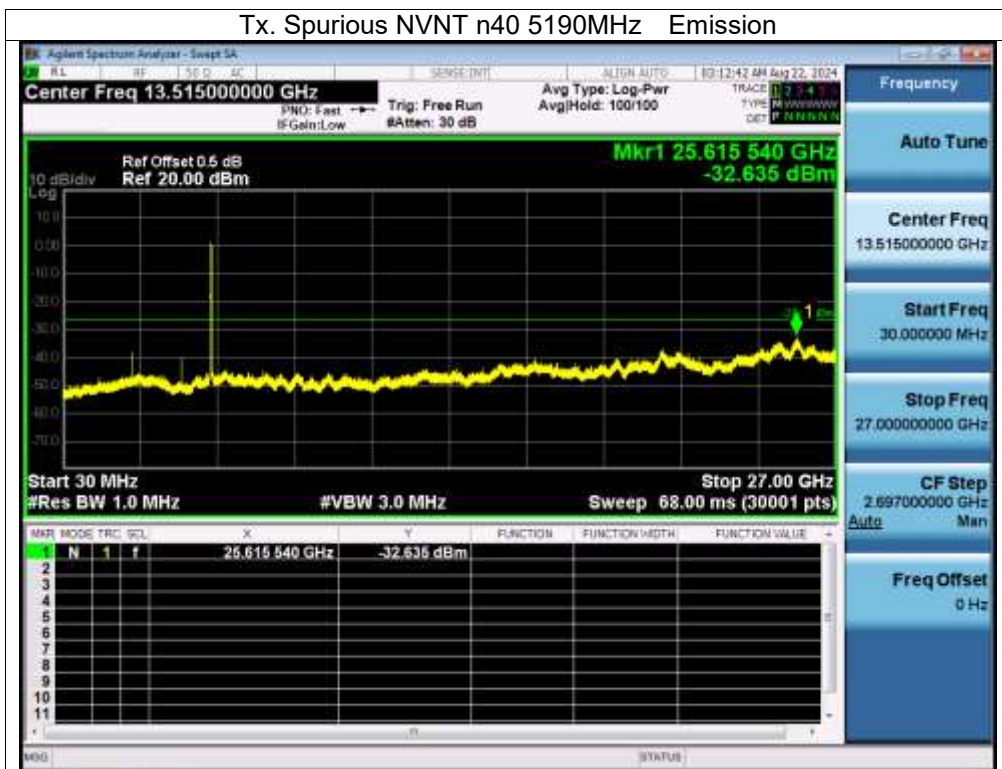
Tx. Spurious NVNT n20 5200MHz Emission



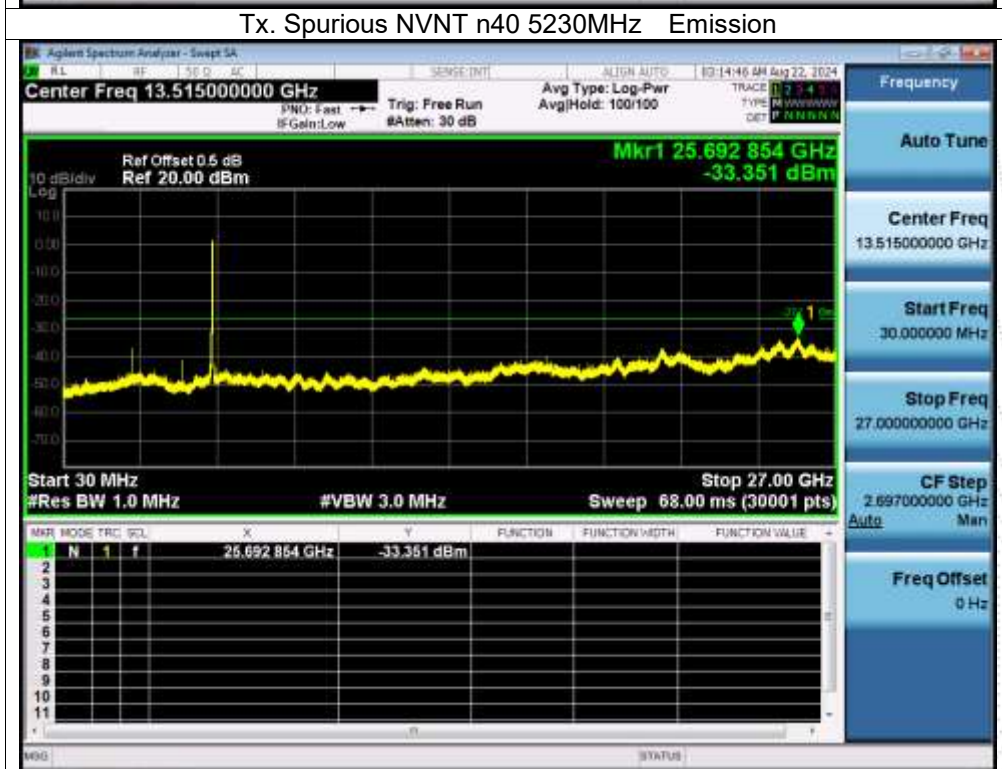
Tx. Spurious NVNT n20 5240MHz Emission



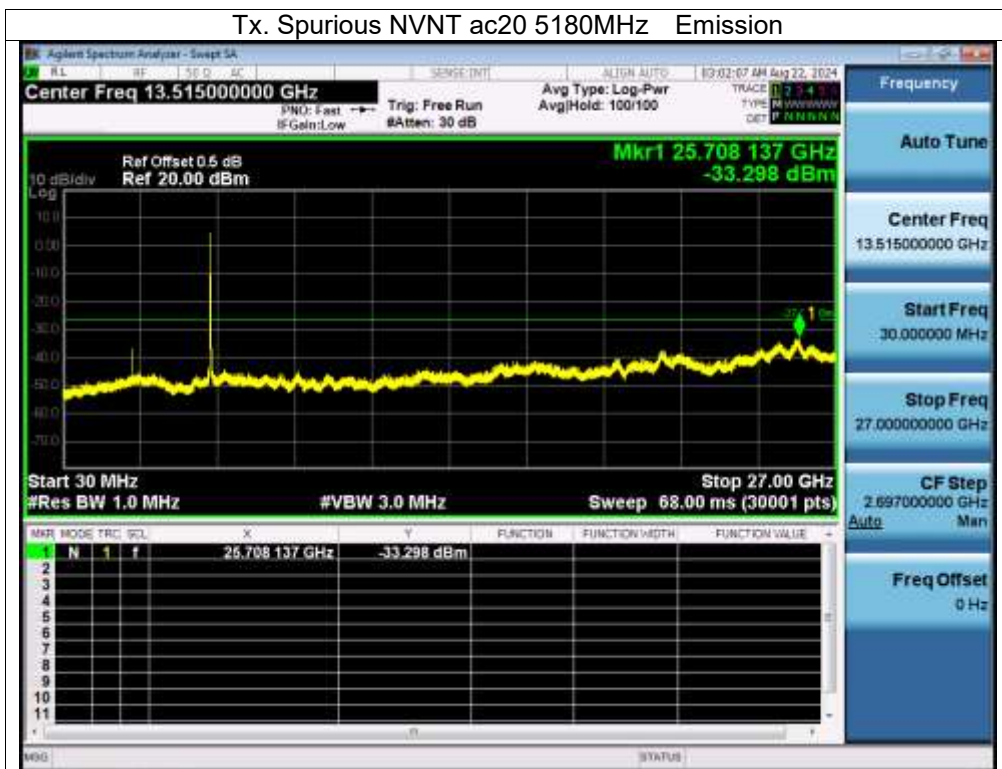
Tx. Spurious NVNT n40 5190MHz Emission



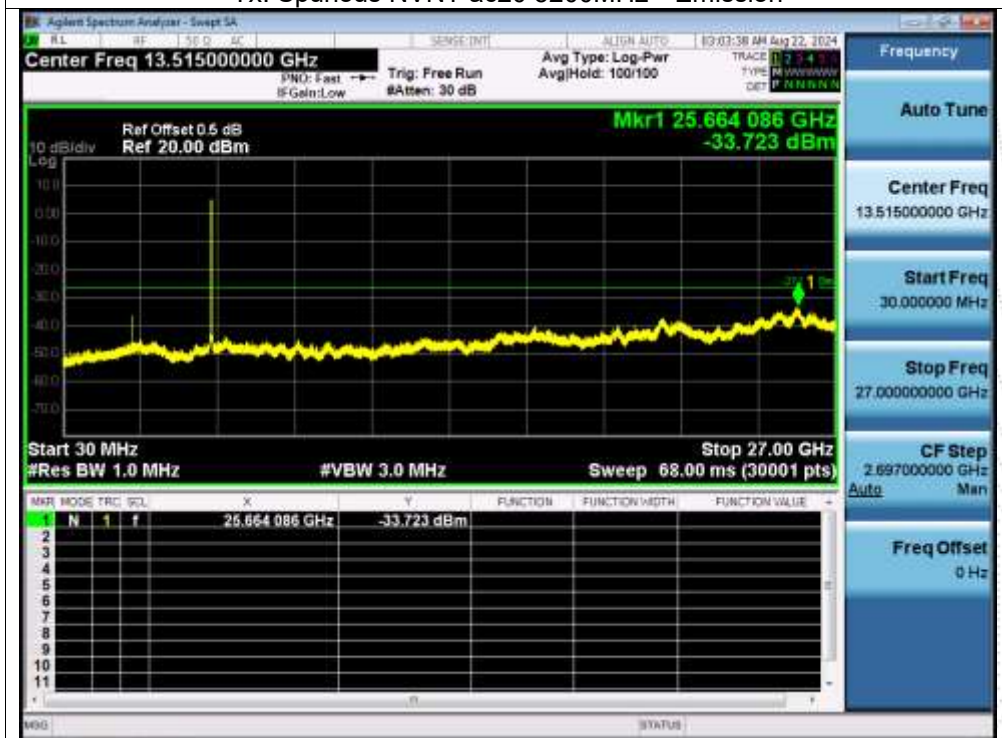
Tx. Spurious NVNT n40 5230MHz Emission



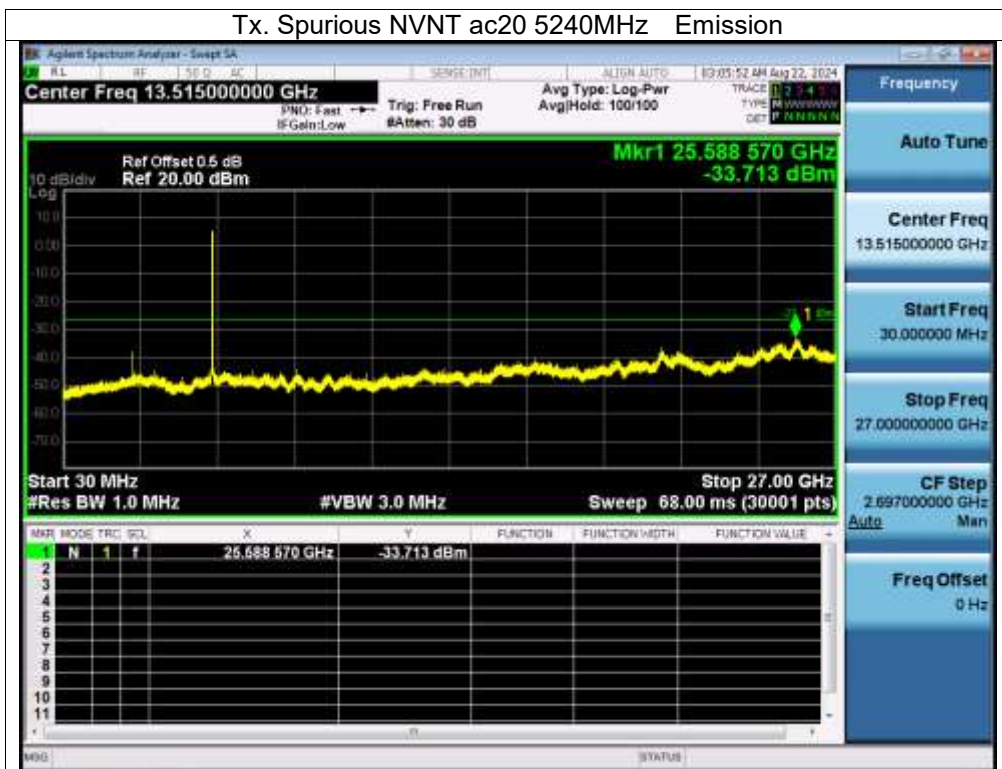
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac20 5180MHz Emission



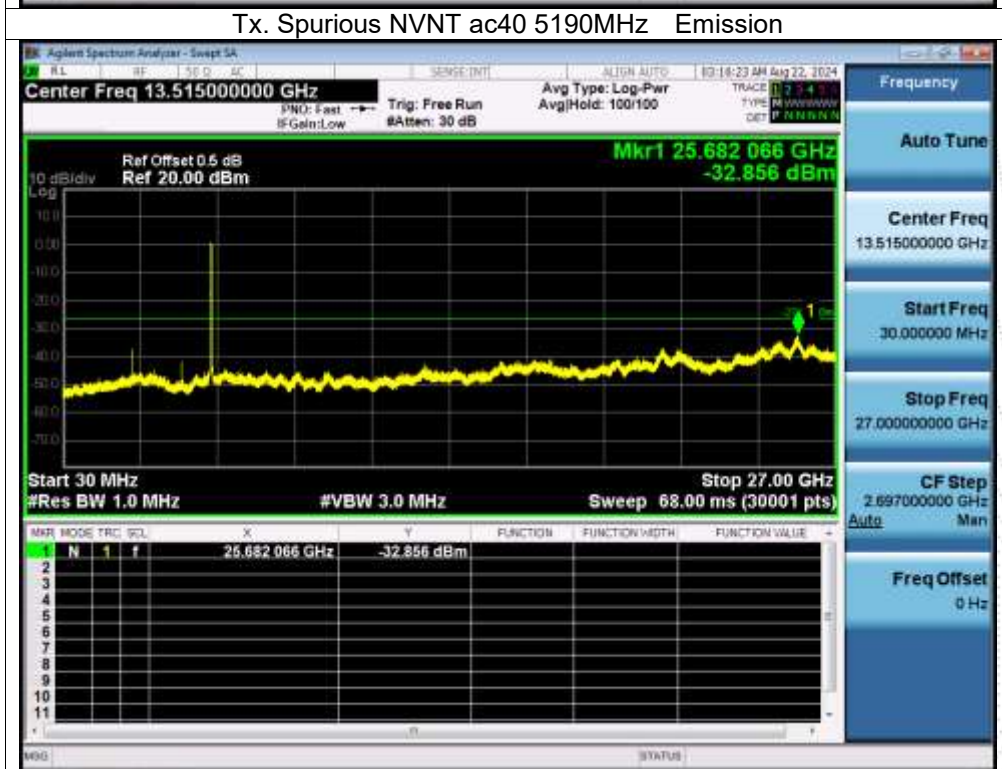
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac20 5200MHz Emission



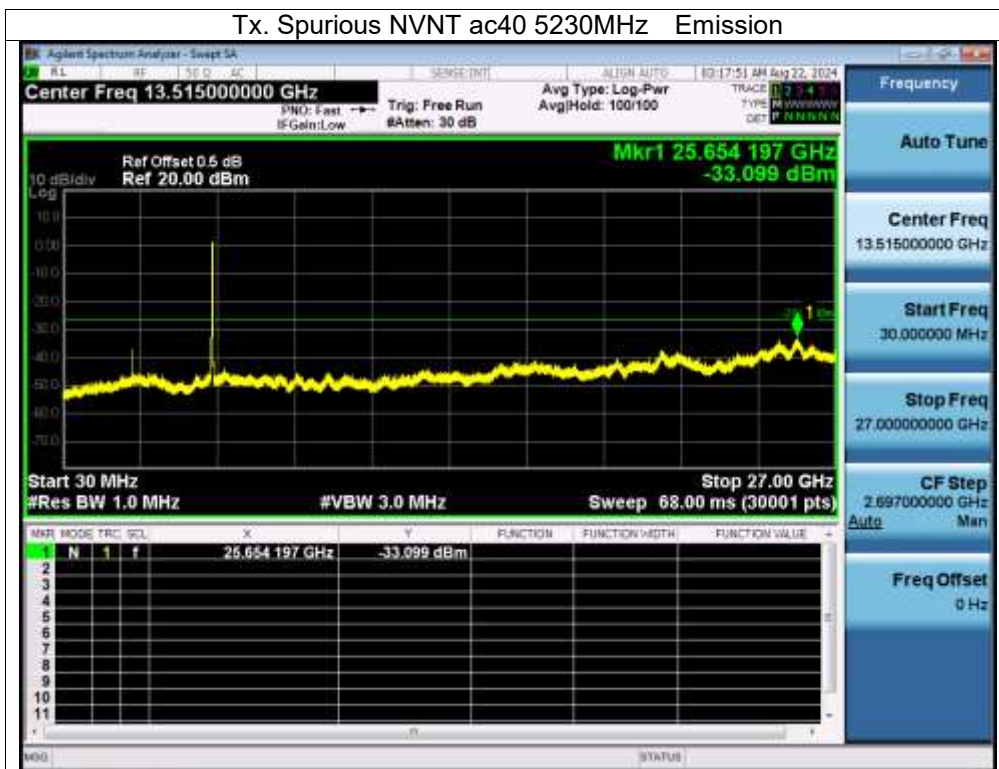
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac20 5240MHz Emission



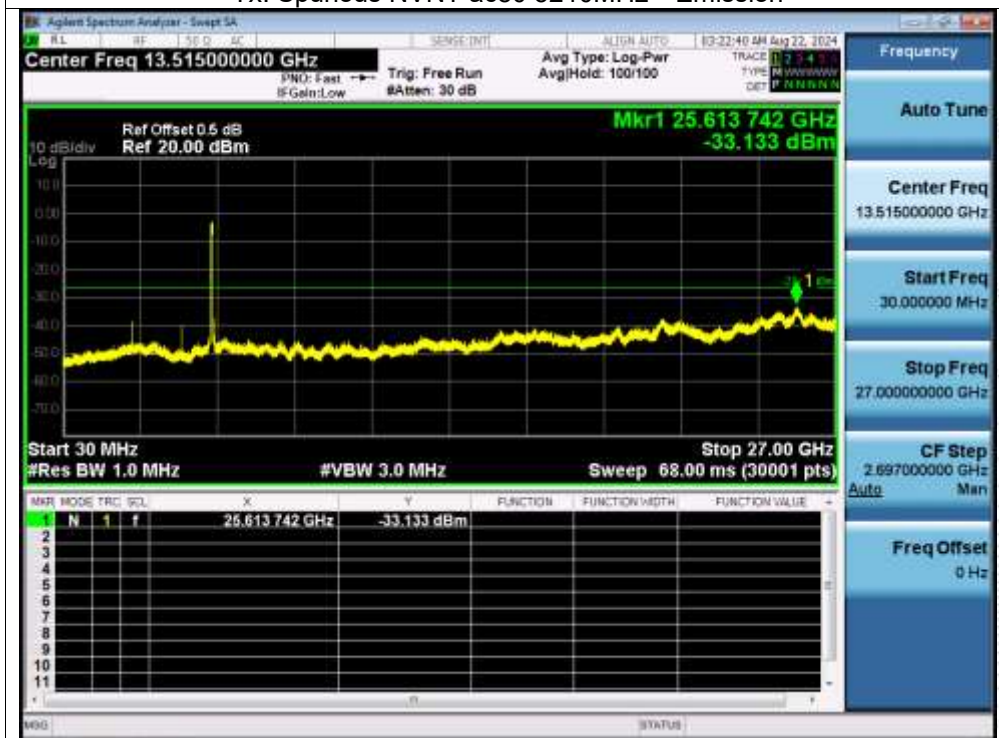
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac40 5190MHz Emission



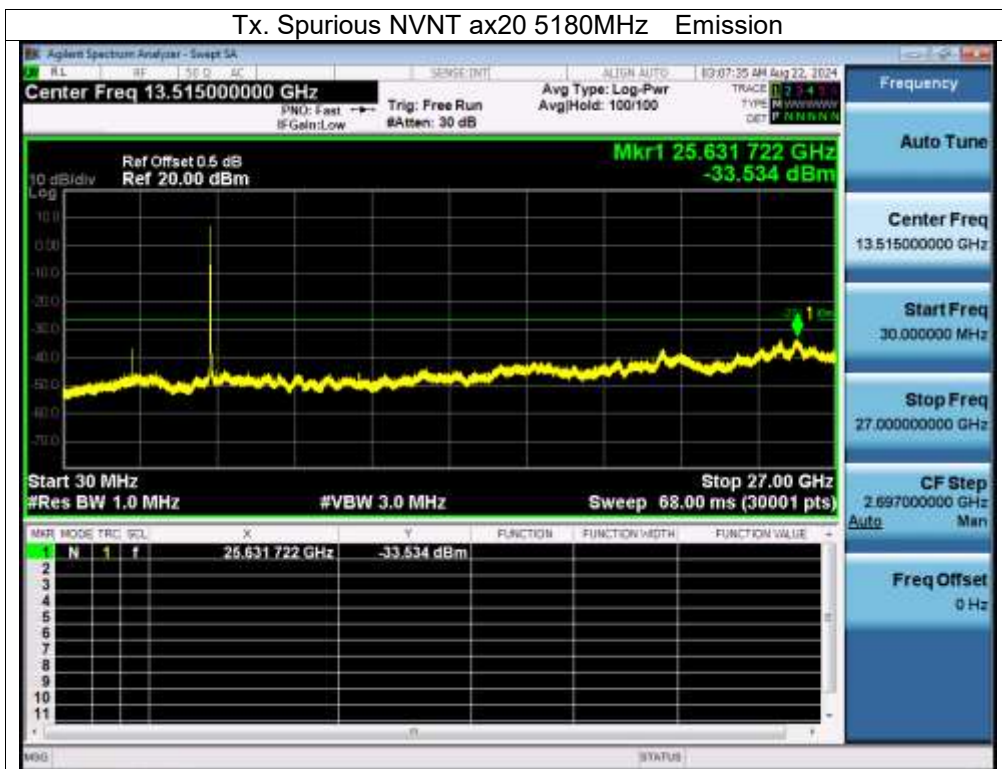
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac40 5230MHz Emission



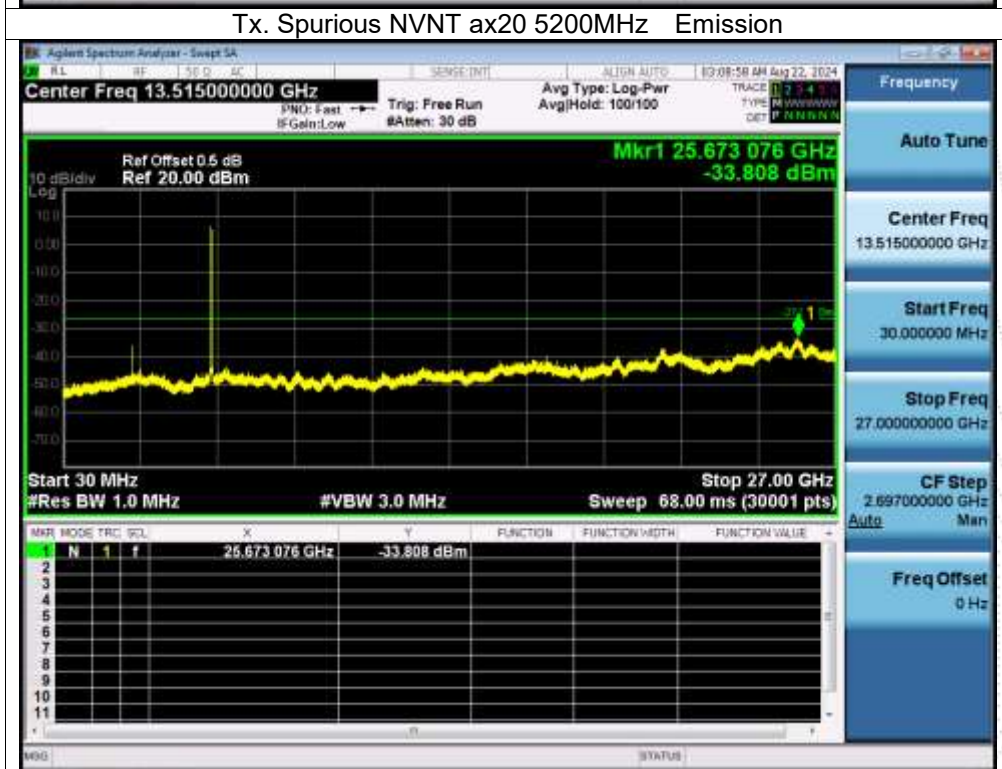
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac80 5210MHz Emission



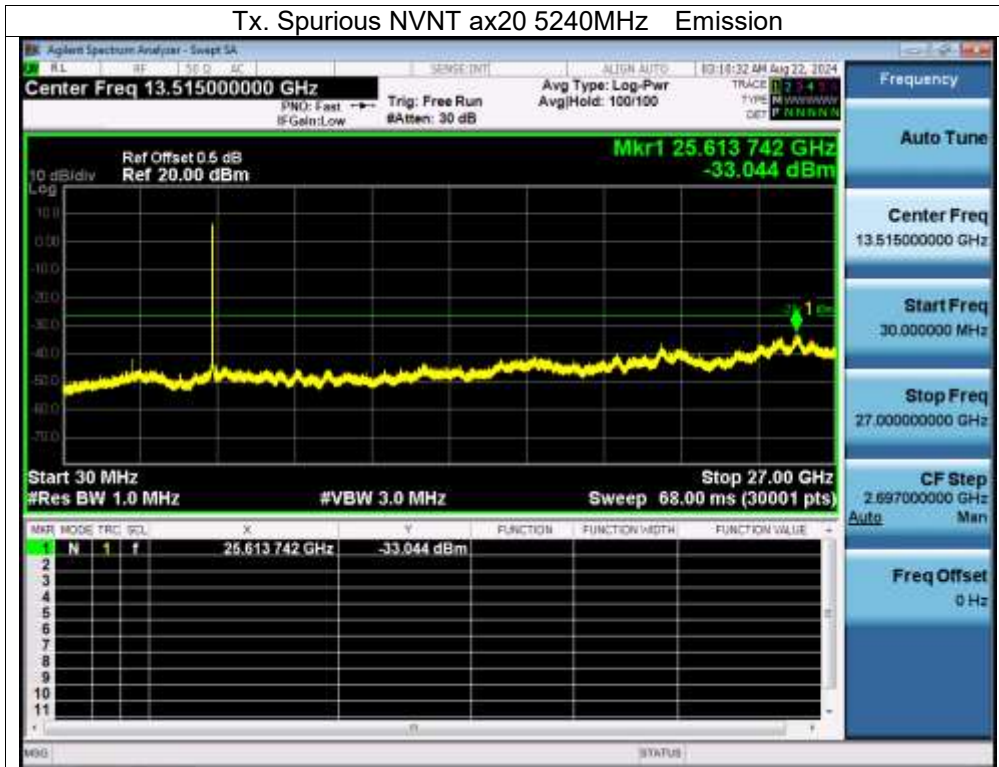
Tx. Spurious NVNT ax20 5180MHz Emission



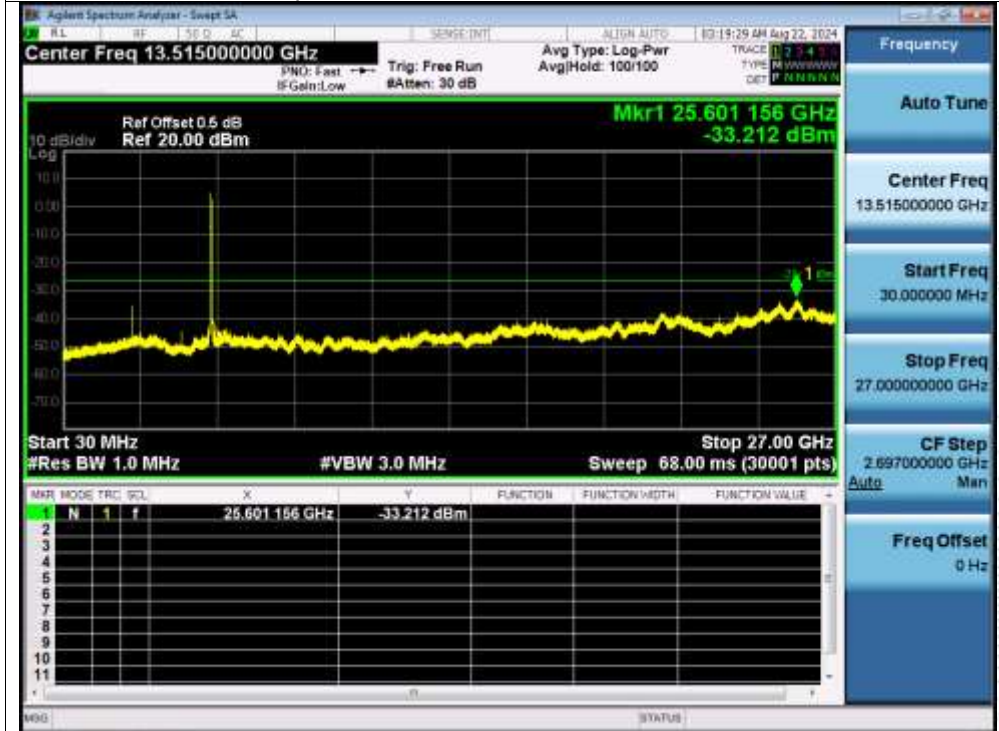
Tx. Spurious NVNT ax20 5200MHz Emission



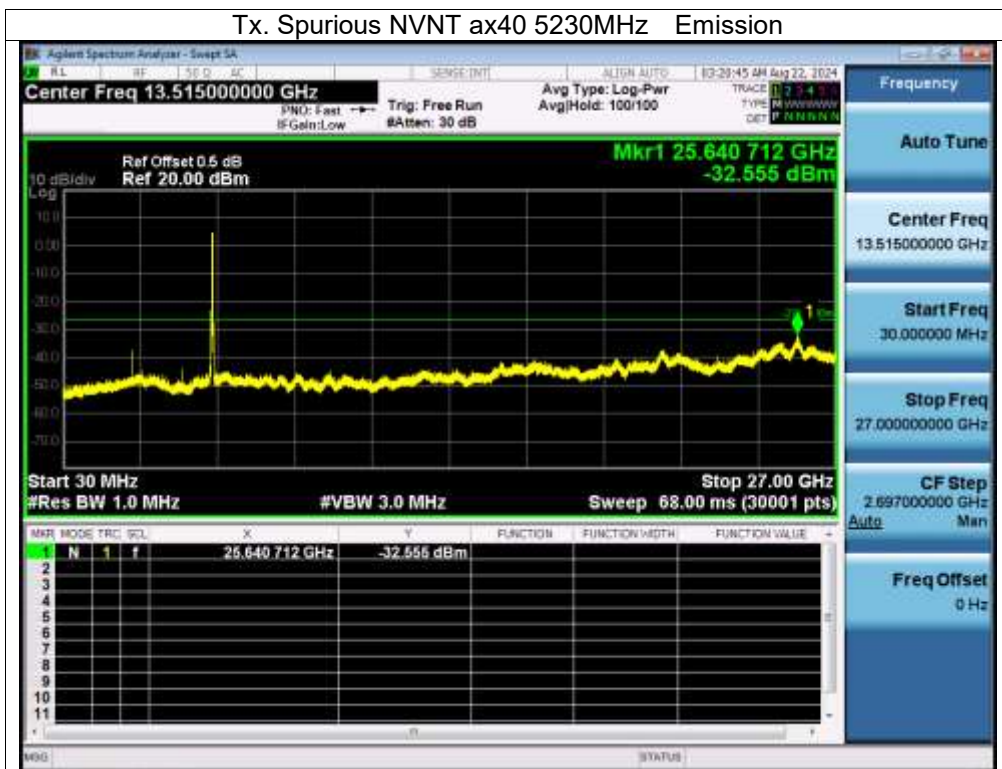
Tx. Spurious NVNT ax20 5240MHz Emission



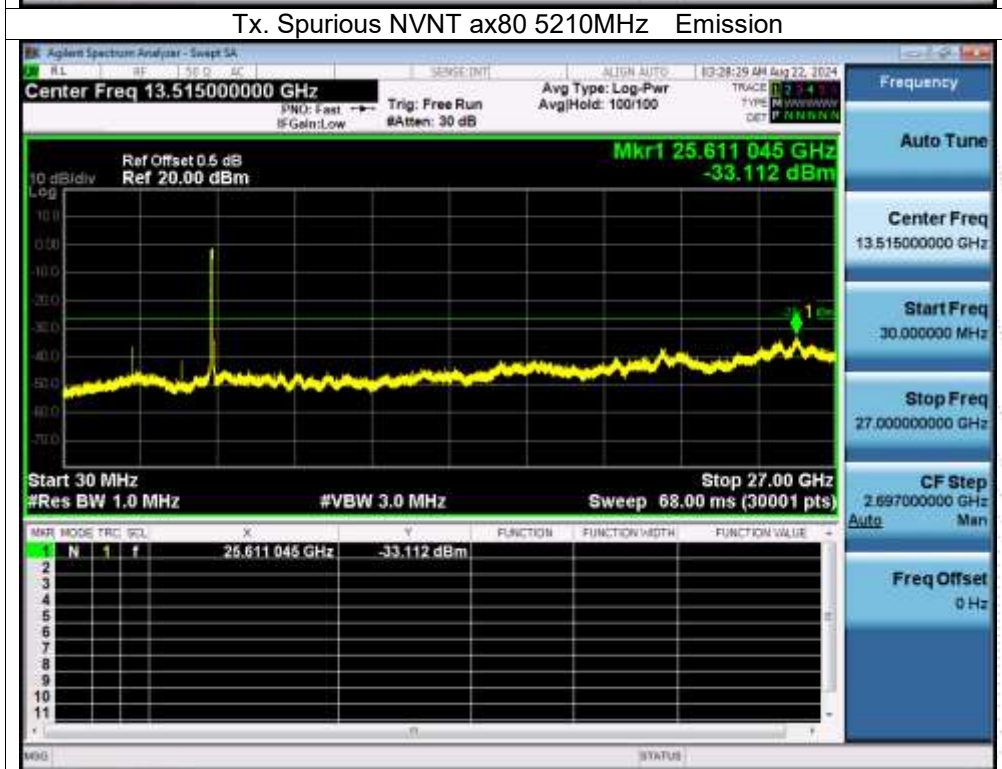
Tx. Spurious NVNT ax40 5190MHz Emission



Tx. Spurious NVNT ax40 5230MHz Emission

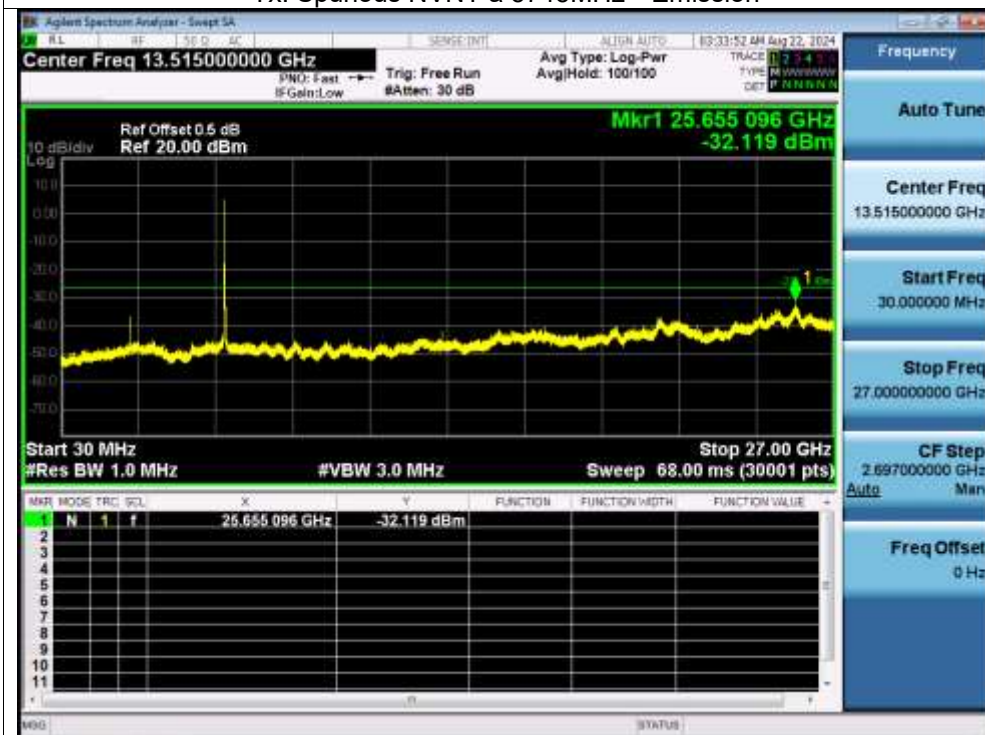


Tx. Spurious NVNT ax80 5210MHz Emission

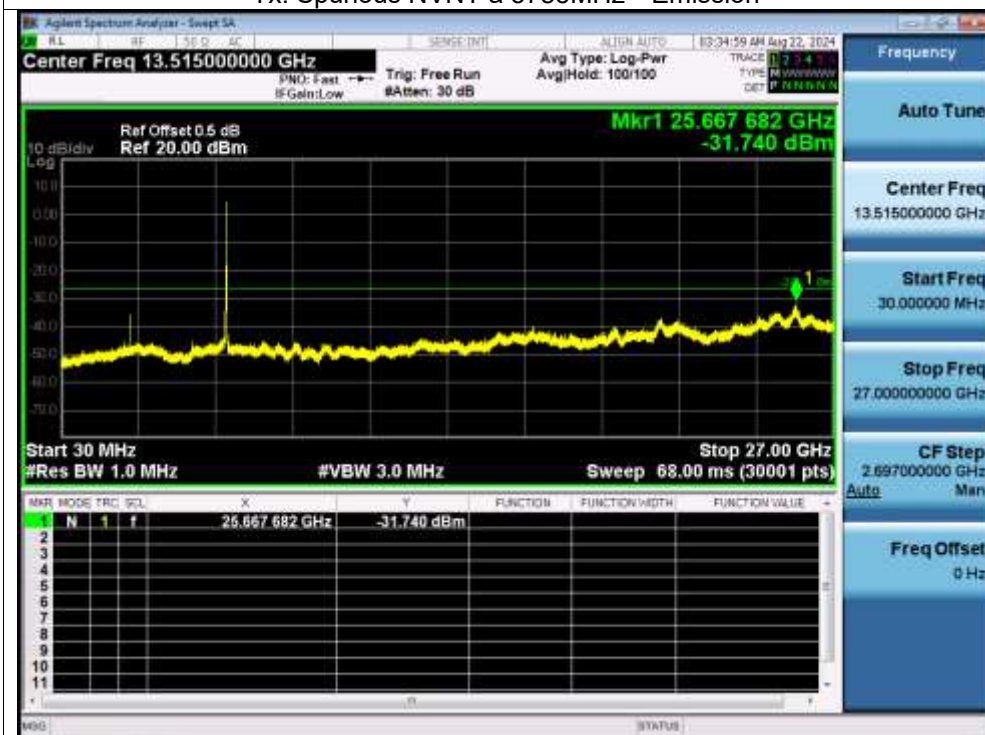


Test Graphs

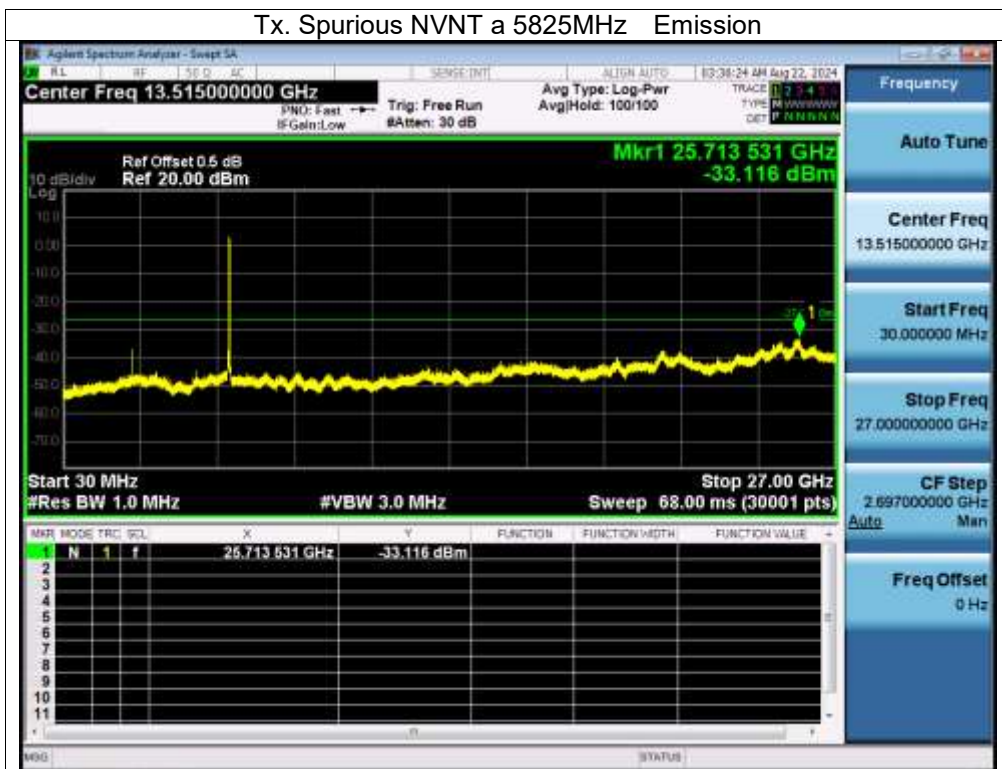
Tx. Spurious NVNT a 5745MHz Emission



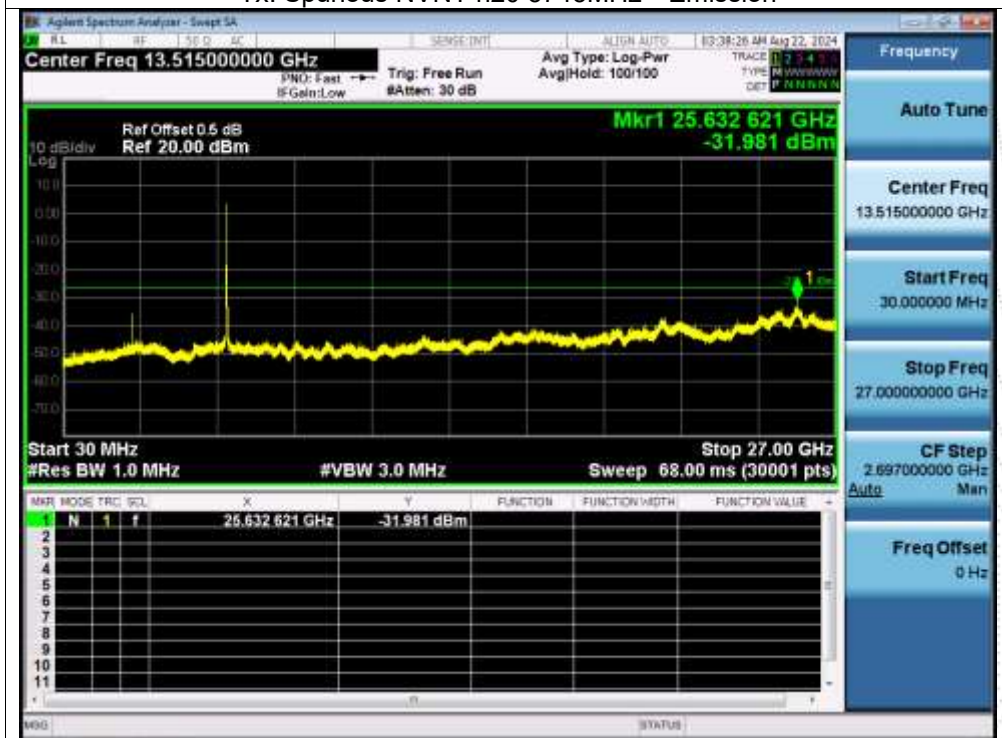
Tx. Spurious NVNT a 5785MHz Emission



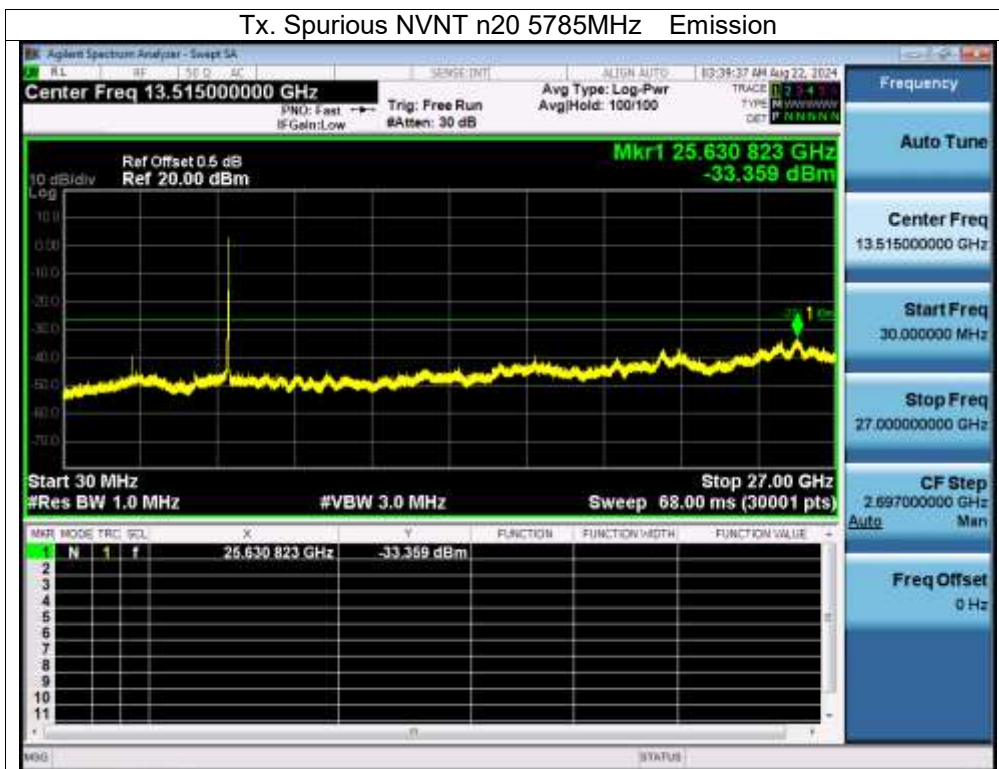
Tx. Spurious NVNT a 5825MHz Emission



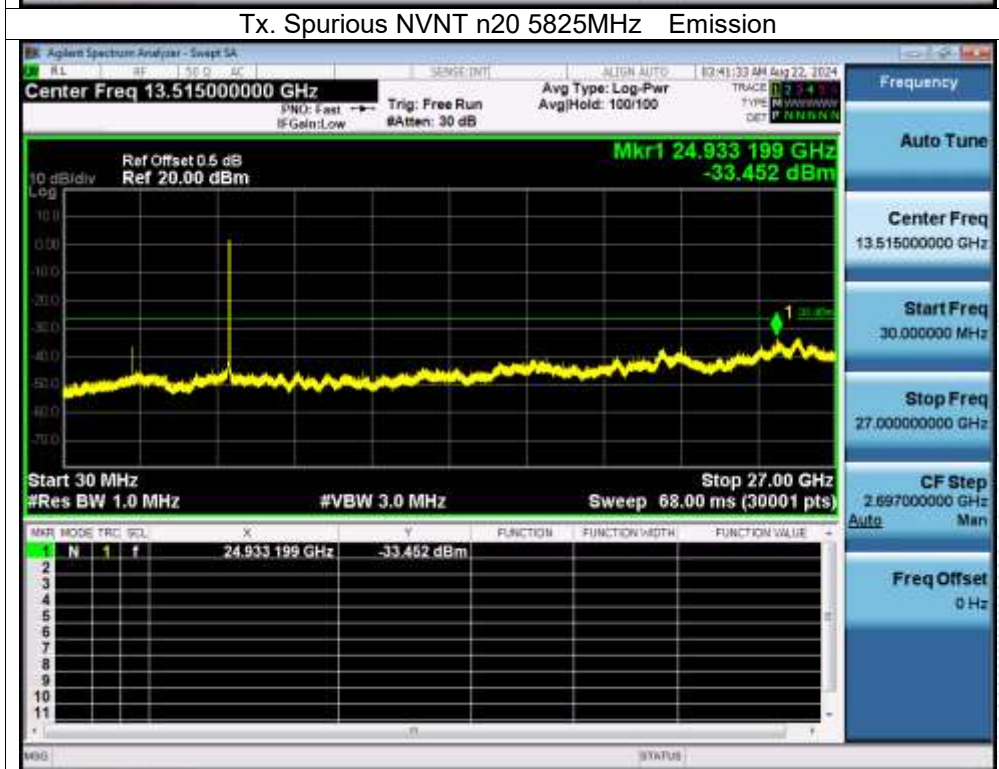
Tx. Spurious NVNT n20 5745MHz Emission



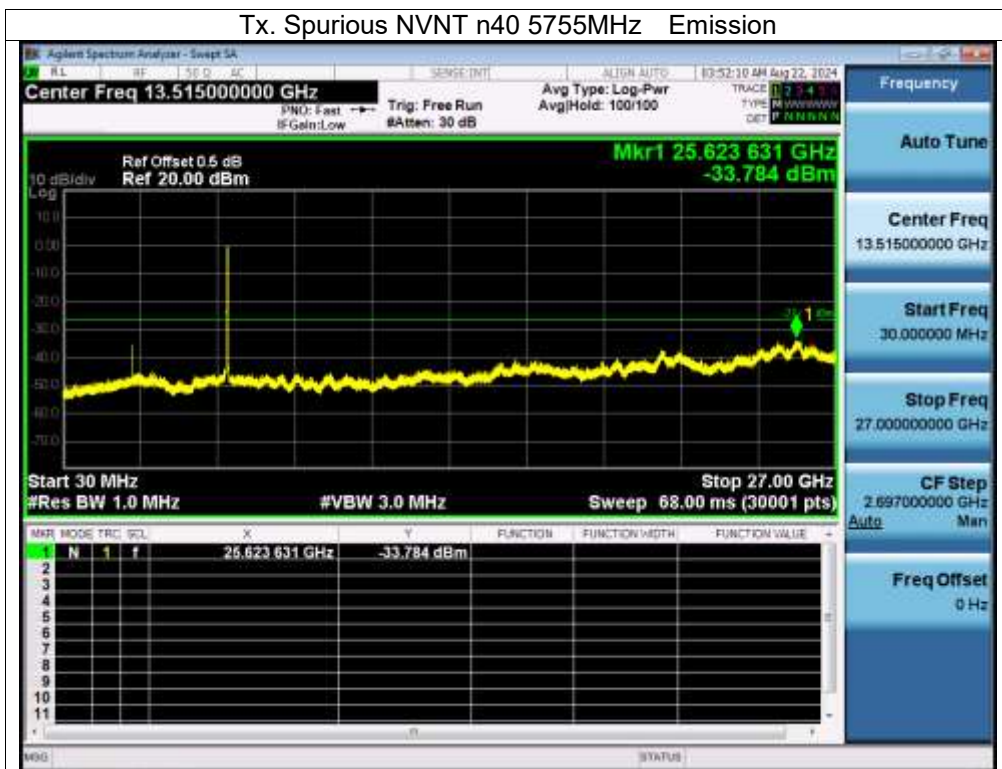
Tx. Spurious NVNT n20 5785MHz Emission



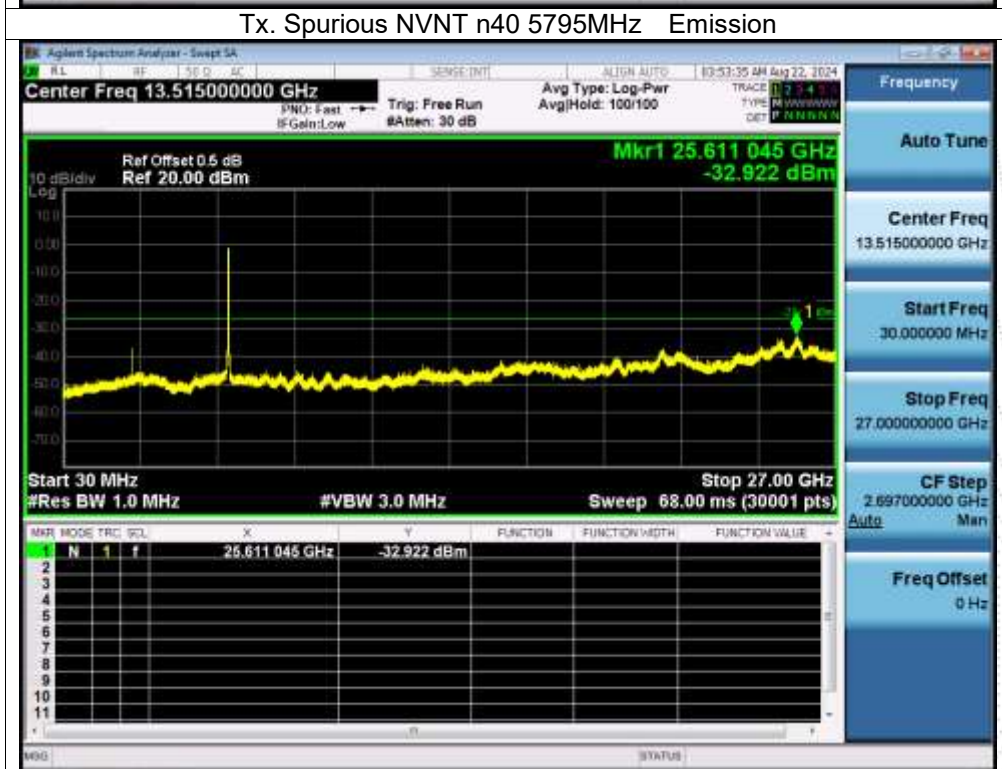
Tx. Spurious NVNT n20 5825MHz Emission



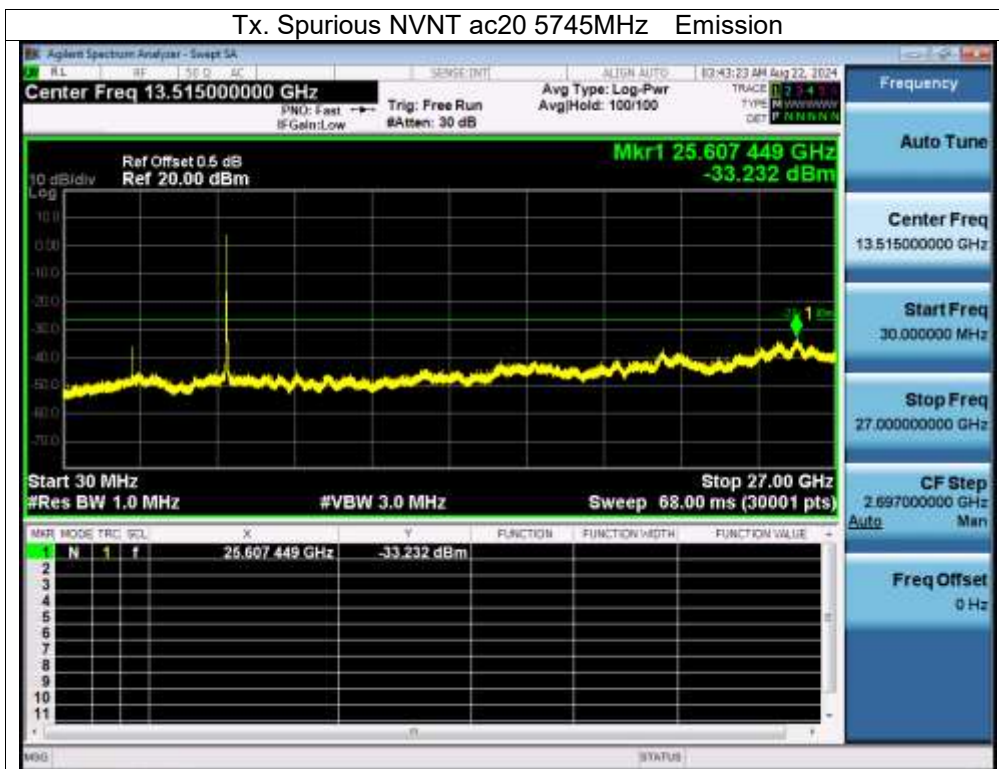
Tx. Spurious NVNT n40 5755MHz Emission



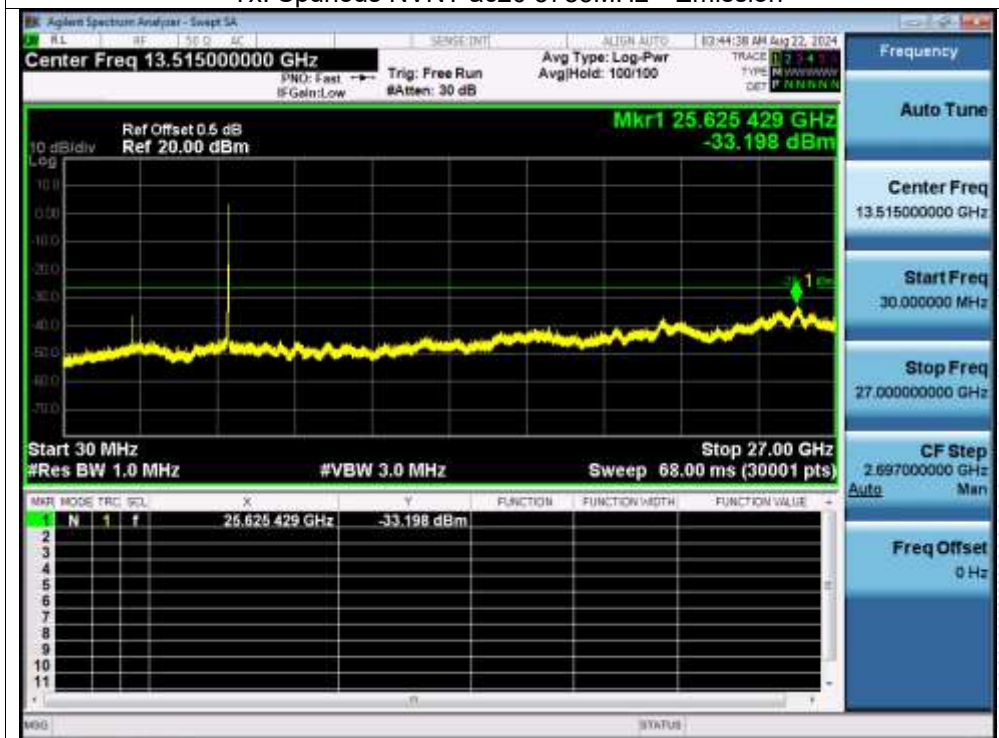
Tx. Spurious NVNT n40 5795MHz Emission



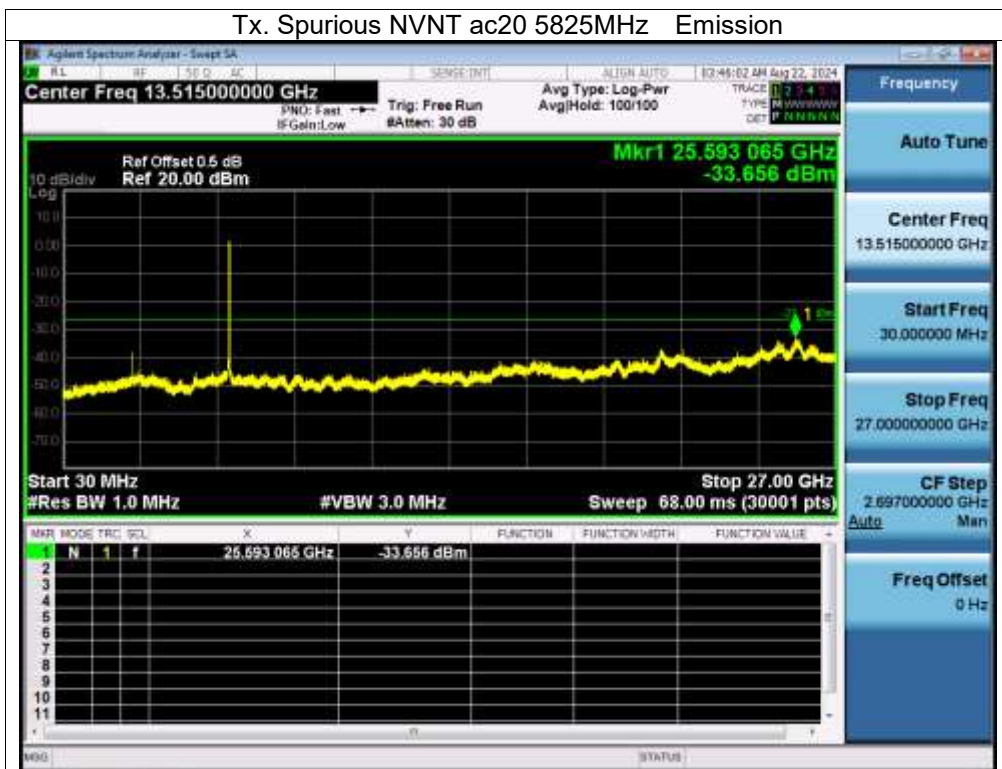
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac20 5745MHz Emission



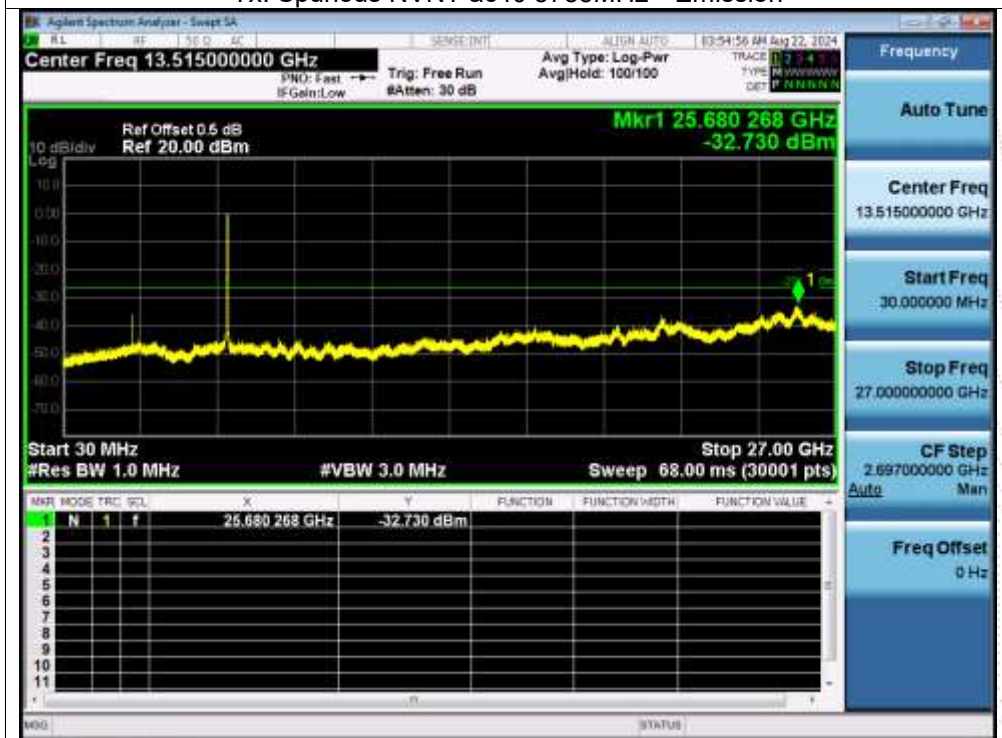
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac20 5785MHz Emission



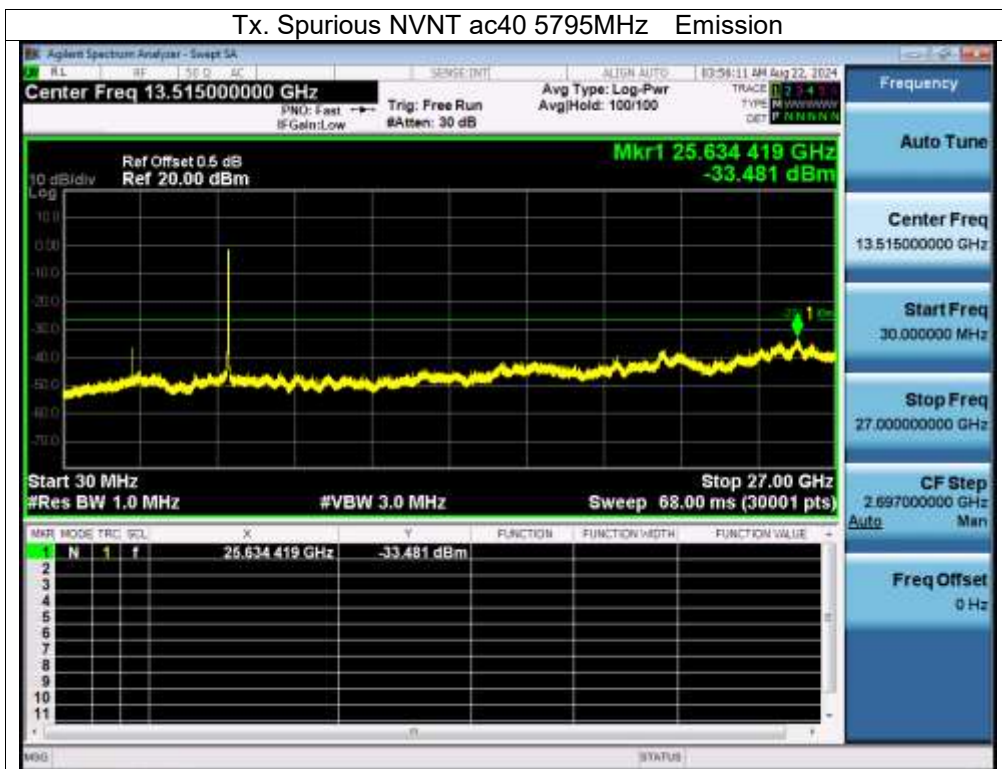
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac20 5825MHz Emission



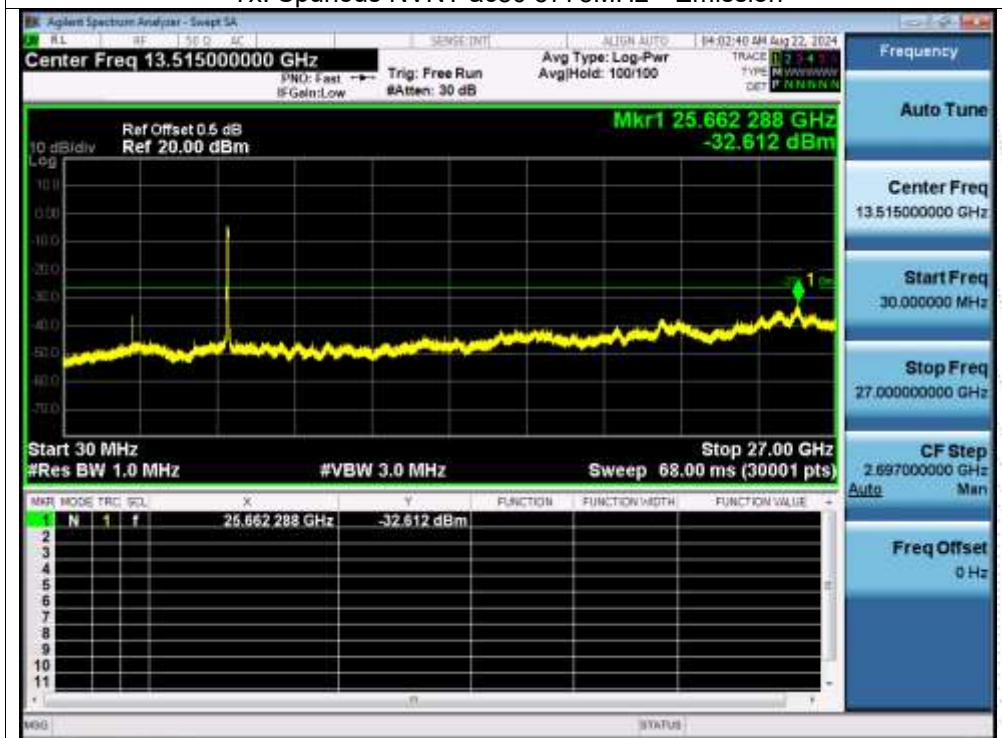
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac40 5755MHz Emission



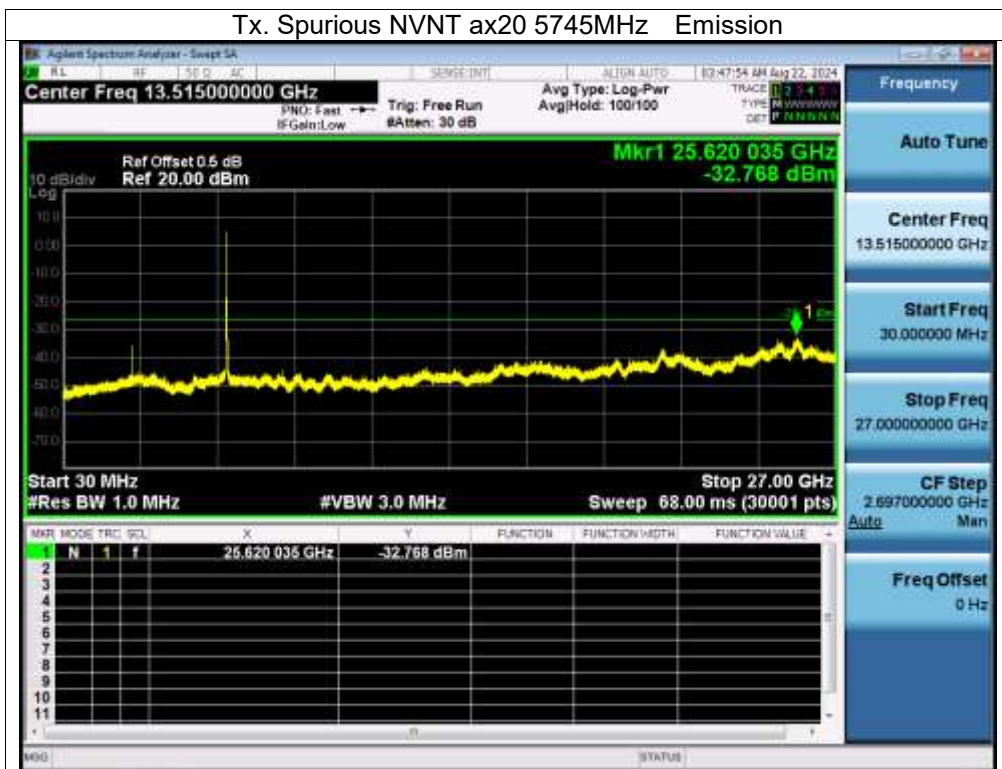
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac40 5795MHz Emission



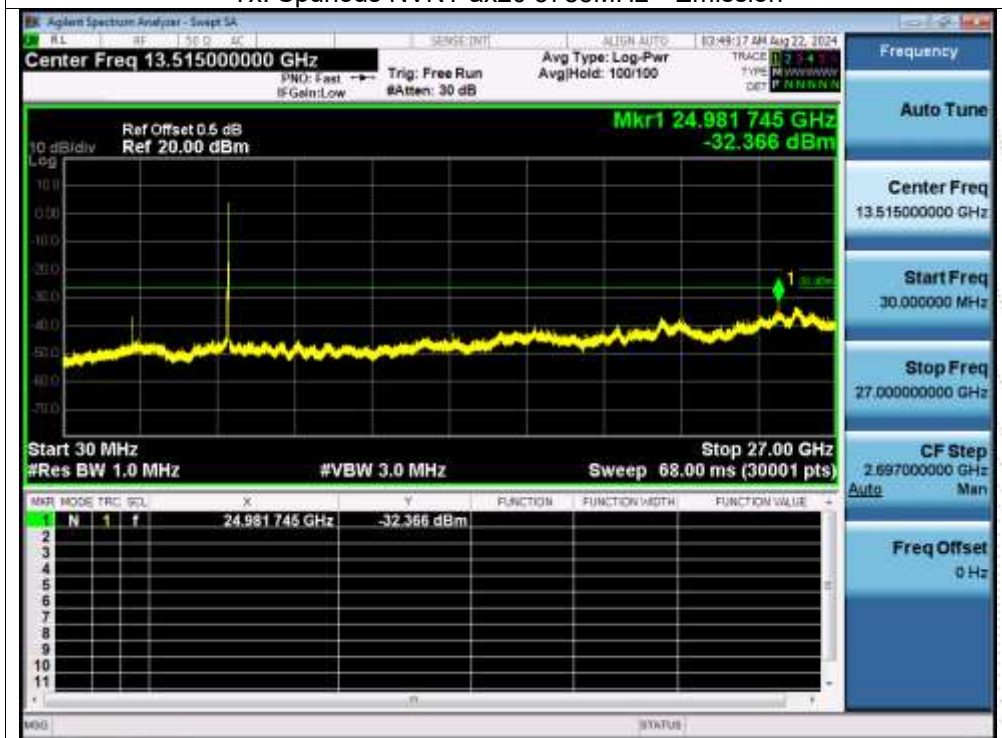
Tx. Spurious NVNT ac80 5775MHz Emission



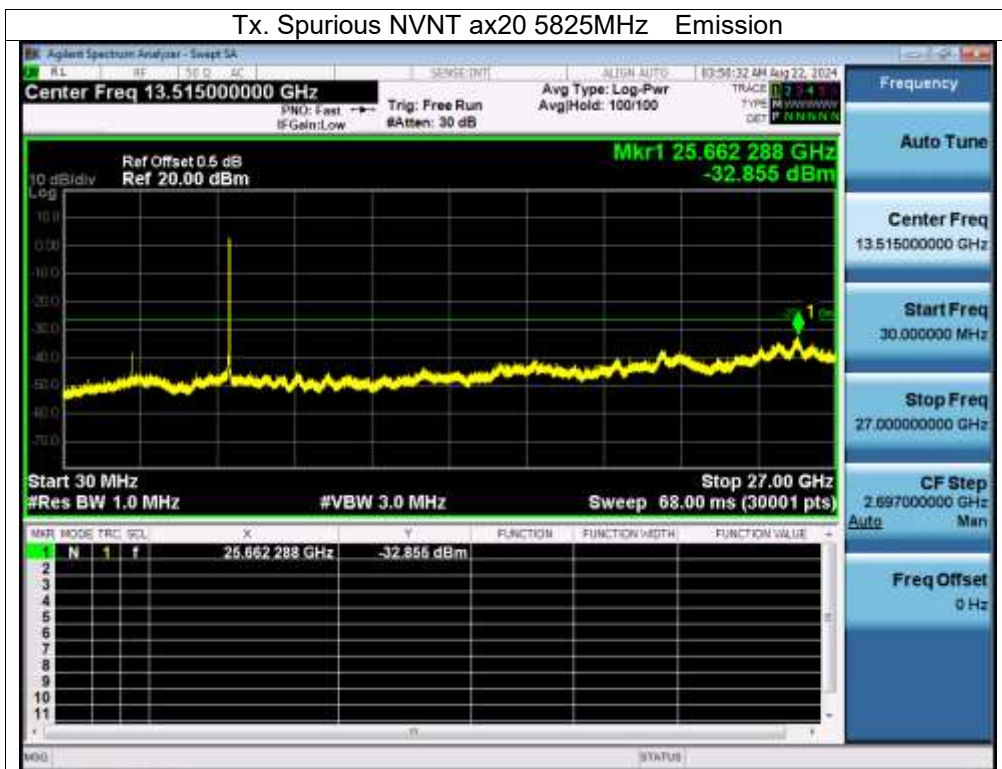
Tx. Spurious NVNT ax20 5745MHz Emission



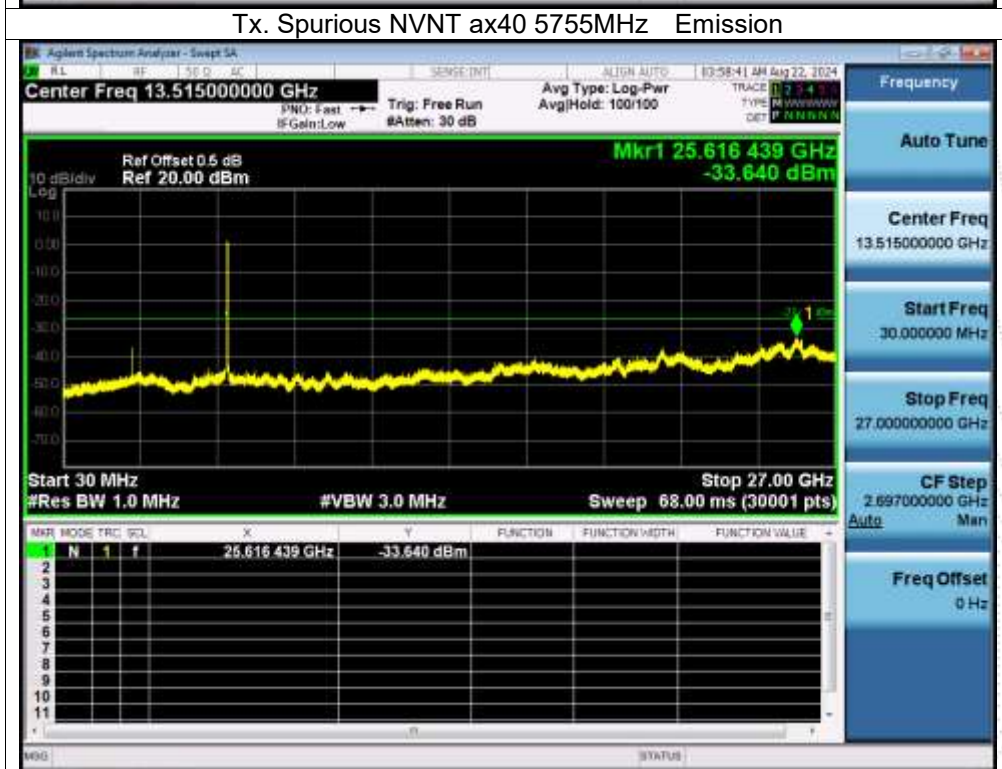
Tx. Spurious NVNT ax20 5785MHz Emission



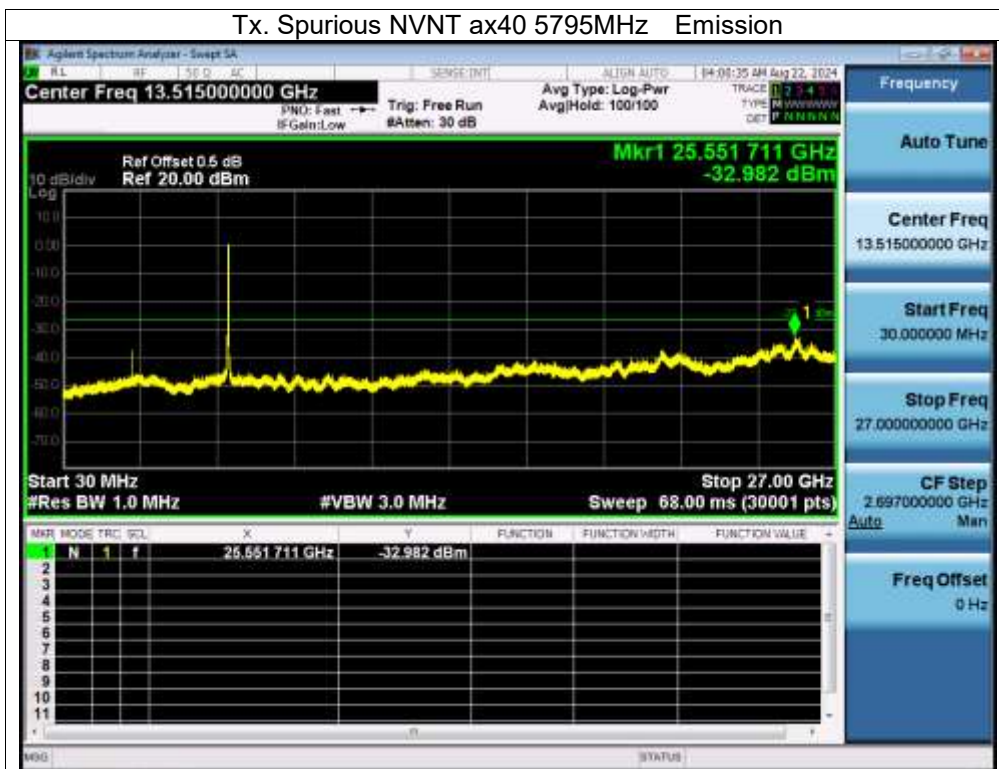
Tx. Spurious NVNT ax20 5825MHz Emission



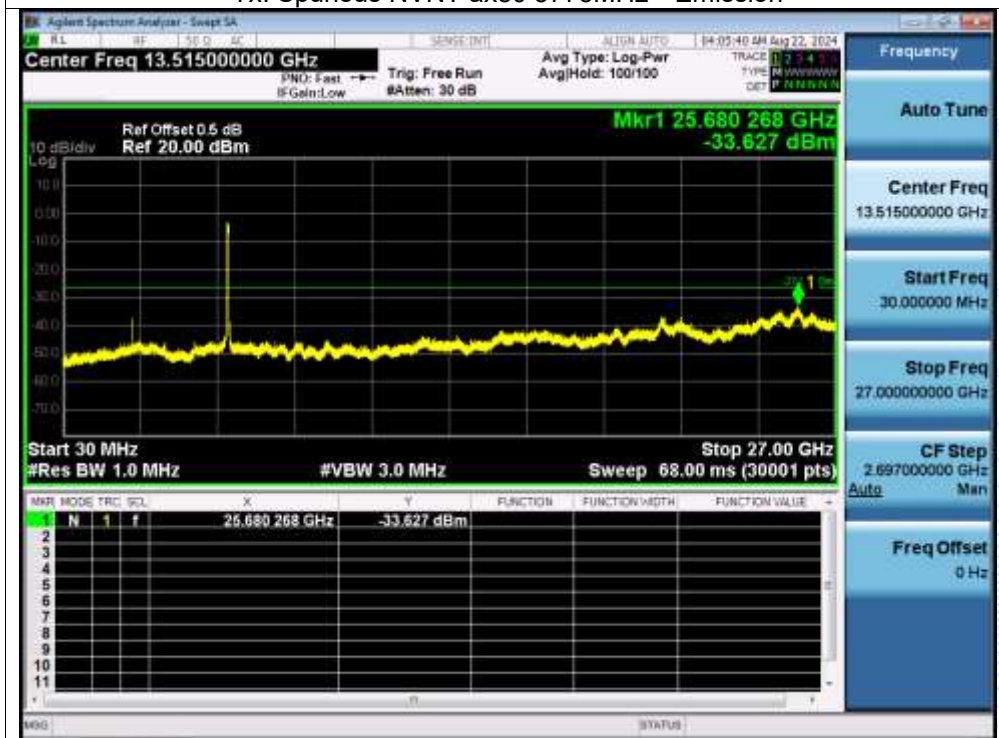
Tx. Spurious NVNT ax40 5755MHz Emission



Tx. Spurious NVNT ax40 5795MHz Emission



Tx. Spurious NVNT ax80 5775MHz Emission



13. Frequency Stability Measurement

13.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



13.2 Limit

Manufactures of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

The transmitter center frequency tolerance shall be ± 20 ppm maximum for the 5 GHz band (IEEE 802.11n specification)..

13.3 Test Procedure

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. EUT have transmitted absence of modulation signal and fixed channelize.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer span to view the entire absence of modulation emissions bandwidth.
4. Set RBW = 10 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz with peak detector and maxhold settings.
5. f_c is declaring of channel frequency. Then the frequency error formula is $(f_c - f)/f_c \times 10^6$ ppm and he limit is less than ± 20 ppm (IEEE 802.11n specification).
6. The test extreme voltage is to change the primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value
7. Extreme temperature is $-20^\circ\text{C} \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$.

13.4 Test Result

Temperature:	26 °C	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101KPa	Test Voltage:	DC 5V
Test Mode:	TX (5.1G) Mode Frequency U-NII-1 (5180-5240MHz)		

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency : 5180MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	5.00	5180.0051	5180	0.0051	0.9846
		V max (V)	5.75	5180.0020	5180	0.0020	0.3861
		V min (V)	4.25	5180.0118	5180	0.0118	2.2780
Limits				5150-5250 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5180MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	5	T (°C)	-20	5180.0022	5180	0.0022	0.4247
		T (°C)	-10	5180.0120	5180	0.0120	2.3166
		T (°C)	0	5180.0055	5180	0.0055	1.0618
		T (°C)	10	5180.0074	5180	0.0074	1.4286
		T (°C)	20	5180.0088	5180	0.0088	1.6988
		T (°C)	30	5180.0126	5180	0.0126	2.4324
		T (°C)	40	5180.0103	5180	0.0103	1.9884
		T (°C)	50	5180.0005	5180	0.0005	0.0965
		T (°C)	60	5180.0121	5180	0.0121	2.3359
		T (°C)	70	5180.0005	5180	0.0005	0.0965
Limits				5150-5250 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5200MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	5.00	5200.0072	5200	0.0072	1.3846
		V max (V)	5.75	5200.0023	5200	0.0023	0.4423
		V min (V)	4.25	5200.0019	5200	0.0019	0.3654
Limits				5150-5250 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5200MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	5	T (°C)	-20	5200.00550	5200	0.00550	1.0577
		T (°C)	-10	5200.00270	5200	0.00270	0.5192
		T (°C)	0	5200.01250	5200	0.01250	2.4038
		T (°C)	10	5200.01190	5200	0.01190	2.2885
		T (°C)	20	5200.00530	5200	0.00530	1.0192
		T (°C)	30	5200.01070	5200	0.01070	2.0577
		T (°C)	40	5200.00110	5200	0.00110	0.2115
		T (°C)	50	5200.00690	5200	0.00690	1.3269
		T (°C)	60	5200.00750	5200	0.00750	1.4423
		T (°C)	70	5200.00140	5200	0.00140	0.2692
Limits				5150-5250 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5240MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	5.00	5240.0092	5240	0.0092	1.7557
		V max (V)	5.75	5240.0083	5240	0.0083	1.5840
		V min (V)	4.25	5240.0118	5240	0.0118	2.2519
Limits				5150-5250 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency : 5240MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	5	T (°C)	-20	5240.0123	5240	0.0123	2.3473
		T (°C)	-10	5240.0052	5240	0.0052	0.9924
		T (°C)	0	5240.0034	5240	0.0034	0.6489
		T (°C)	10	5240.0132	5240	0.0132	2.5191
		T (°C)	20	5240.0118	5240	0.0118	2.2519
		T (°C)	30	5240.0044	5240	0.0044	0.8397
		T (°C)	40	5240.0094	5240	0.0094	1.7939
		T (°C)	50	5240.0079	5240	0.0079	1.5076
		T (°C)	60	5240.0084	5240	0.0084	1.6031
		T (°C)	70	5240.0069	5240	0.0069	1.3168
Limits				5150-5250 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Temperature:	26 °C	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101KPa	Test Voltage:	DC 5V
Test Mode:	TX (5.8G) Mode Frequency U-NII-3 (5745-5825MHz)		

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5745MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	5.00	5745.00840	5745	0.00840	1.4621
		V max (V)	5.75	5745.01110	5745	0.01110	1.9321
		V min (V)	4.25	5745.01050	5745	0.01050	1.8277
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5745MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	5	T (°C)	-20	5745.01010	5745	0.01010	1.7581
		T (°C)	-10	5745.00390	5745	0.00390	0.6789
		T (°C)	0	5745.00090	5745	0.00090	0.1567
		T (°C)	10	5745.00380	5745	0.00380	0.6614
		T (°C)	20	5745.00450	5745	0.00450	0.7833
		T (°C)	30	5745.00570	5745	0.00570	0.9922
		T (°C)	40	5745.01260	5745	0.01260	2.1932
		T (°C)	50	5745.00170	5745	0.00170	0.2959
		T (°C)	60	5745.00660	5745	0.00660	1.1488
		T (°C)	70	5745.01050	5745	0.01050	1.8277
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5785MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	5.00	5785.00960	5785	0.00960	1.6595
		V max (V)	5.75	5785.00950	5785	0.00950	1.6422
		V min (V)	4.25	5785.00590	5785	0.00590	1.0199
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5785MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	5	T (°C)	-20	5785.01130	5785	0.01130	1.9533
		T (°C)	-10	5785.00620	5785	0.00620	1.0717
		T (°C)	0	5785.00800	5785	0.00800	1.3829
		T (°C)	10	5785.00580	5785	0.00580	1.0026
		T (°C)	20	5785.01250	5785	0.01250	2.1608
		T (°C)	30	5785.01220	5785	0.01220	2.1089
		T (°C)	40	5785.00180	5785	0.00180	0.3111
		T (°C)	50	5785.00910	5785	0.00910	1.5730
		T (°C)	60	5785.00770	5785	0.00770	1.3310
		T (°C)	70	5785.00750	5785	0.00750	1.2965
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5825MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	5.00	5825.00290	5825	0.00290	0.4979
		V max (V)	5.75	5825.00250	5825	0.00250	0.4292
		V min (V)	4.25	5825.00320	5825	0.00320	0.5494
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency: 5825MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	5	T (°C)	-20	5825.00560	5825	0.00560	0.9614
		T (°C)	-10	5825.00900	5825	0.00900	1.5451
		T (°C)	0	5825.00610	5825	0.00610	1.0472
		T (°C)	10	5825.00680	5825	0.00680	1.1674
		T (°C)	20	5825.00070	5825	0.00070	0.1202
		T (°C)	30	5825.00110	5825	0.00110	0.1888
		T (°C)	40	5825.00930	5825	0.00930	1.5966
		T (°C)	50	5825.00690	5825	0.00690	1.1845
		T (°C)	60	5825.00130	5825	0.00130	0.2232
		T (°C)	70	5825.00170	5825	0.00170	0.2918
Limits				5725-5850 MHz			
Result				Complies			

14. Duty Cycle Of Test Signal

14.1 Standard Requirement

Pre-analysis Check: While conducting average power measurement, duty cycle of each mode shall be checked to ensure its duty cycle in order to compensate for the loss due to insufficient ratio of duty cycle. All duty cycle is pre-scanned, and result as obtained below shows only the most representative ones where duty cycle is conducted as the given transmission with given virtual operation that expresses the percentage.

14.2 Formula

Duty Cycle = $T_{on} / (T_{on} + T_{off})$

14.3 Test Procedure

1. Set span = Zero
2. RBW = 8MHz
3. VBW = 8MHz,
4. Detector = Peak

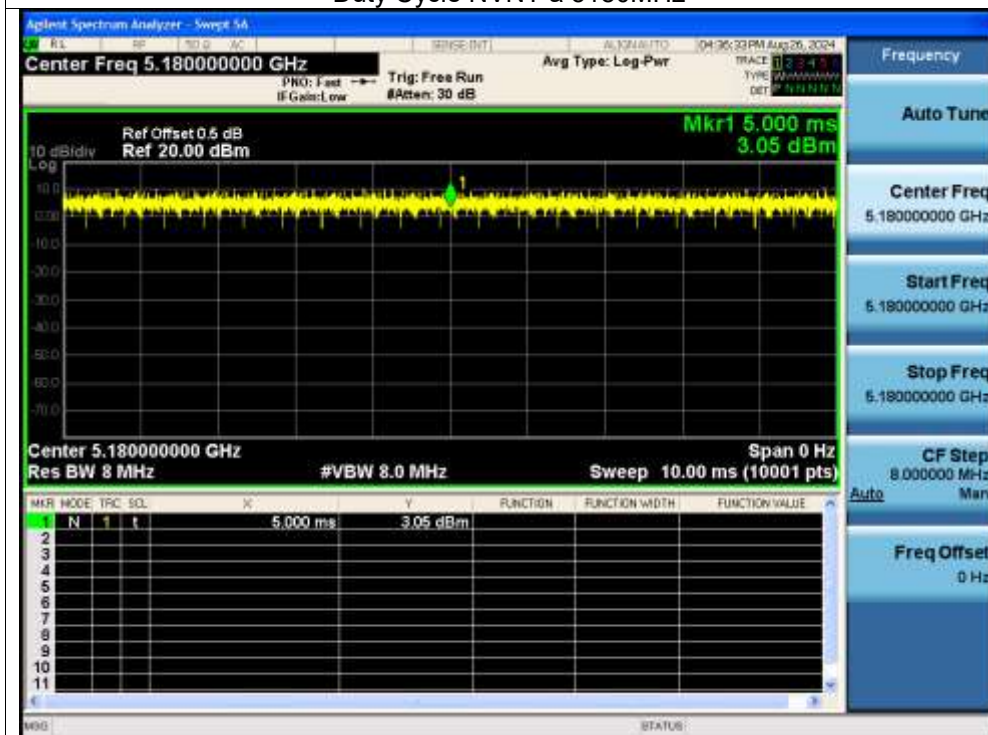
14.4 Test Result

5.1G

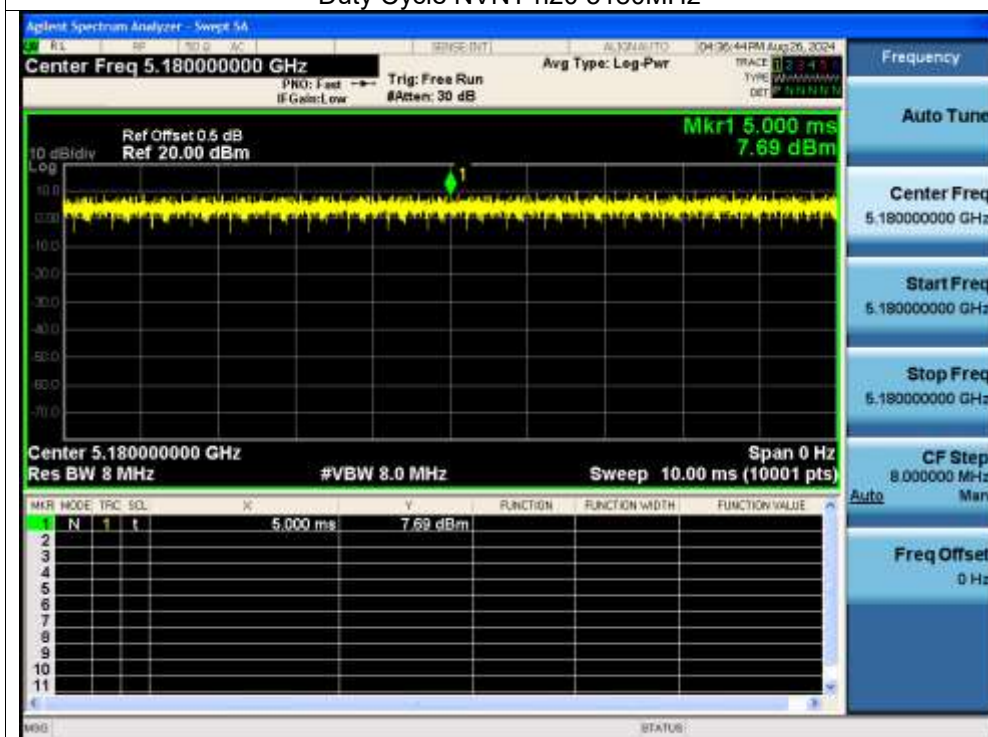
Condition	Mode	Duty Cycle (%)	Correction Factor (dB)
NVNT	a	5180	0
NVNT	n20	5180	0
NVNT	n40	5190	0
NVNT	ac20	5180	0
NVNT	ac40	5190	0
NVNT	ac80	5210	0
NVNT	ax20	5180	0
NVNT	ax40	5190	0

Test Graphs

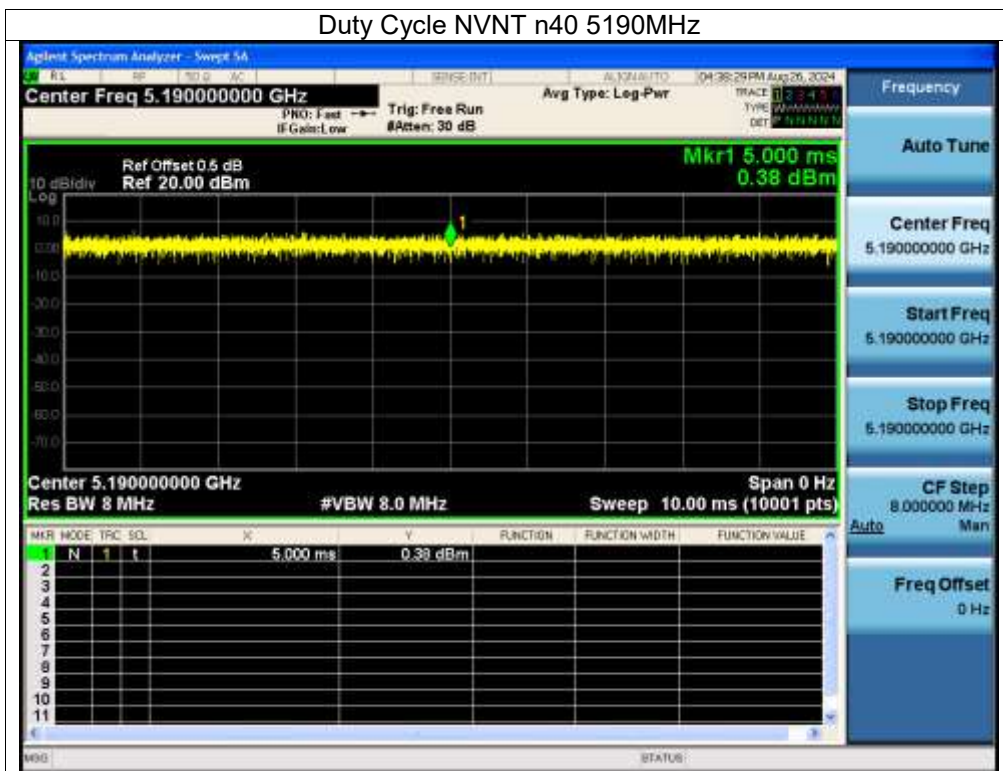
Duty Cycle NVNT a 5180MHz



Duty Cycle NVNT n20 5180MHz



Duty Cycle NVNT n40 5190MHz



Duty Cycle NVNT ac20 5180MHz

