

SAR TEST REPORT

Report No.: 20231217G16996X-W2

Product Name: AXIS Dongle

Model Name: AD-001

FCC ID: 2BBRNDONGLE-AD-001

Applicant: Refract Technologies Pte Ltd

Address: 71 Ayer Rajah Crescent, #04-12/14, S139951

Test Date: 2023/01/16~2023/01/16

Issued by: CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd.

Lab Location: Electronic Testing Building, No. 43 Shahe Road Xili Street, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong 518055, China

Tel: 86 755 26627338 Fax: 86 755 26627238

Mail: manager@ccic-set.com Website: http://www.ccic-set.com

This test report consists of 23 pages in total. It may be duplicated completely for legal use with the approval of the applicant. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product endorsement by CCIC-SET. The test results in the report only apply to the tested sample. The test report shall be invalid without all the signatures of testing engineers, reviewer and approver. Any objections must be raised to CCIC-SET within 15 days since the date when the report is received. It will not be taken into consideration beyond this limit.



Test Report

Applicant: Refract Technologies Pte Ltd

Applicant Address: 71 Ayer Rajah Crescent, #04-12/14, S139951

Manufacturer: Refract Technologies Pte Ltd

Manufacturer Address: 71 Ayer Rajah Crescent, #04-12/14, S139951

47CFR §2.1093- Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:

Portable Devices;

ANSI C95.1–1992: Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std

Test Standards: C95.1-1991)

IEEE 1528–2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement

Techniques

Test Result: Pass

Tested by: (a) We; 2023-12-07

Carl Wei, Test Engineer

Chris You 2023-12-07

Reviewed by: Chris You, Senior Engineer

Yang Fan 2023-12-07

Approved by: Yang Fan, Manager



Contents

Test	t Report	2
1.	Administrative Data	4
2.	Equipment Under Test (EUT)	5
3.	SAR Summary	6
4.	Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	6
5.	Tissue check and recommend Dielectric Parameters	10
6.	SAR measurement procedure	15
7.	Conducted RF Output Power	16
	7.1 WIFI Conducted Power	16
8.	Antenna Location:	16
9.	Scaling Factor calculation	17
10.	Test Results	17
11.	Measurement Uncertainty	18
12.	System Check Uncertainty	20
13.	Equipment List	22
AN	NEX A: Appendix A: SAR System performance Check Plots	23
AN	NEX B: Appendix B: SAR Measurement results Plots	23
AN	NEX C: Appendix C: Calibration reports	23
AN	NEX D: Appendix D: SAR Test Setup	23



1. Administrative Data

1.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site:	CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd.		
Address:	Electronic Testing Building, No. 43 Shahe Road Xili Street, Nanshan		
Audress:	District, Shenzhen, Guangdong 518055, China		
	CCIC-SET is a third party testing organization accredited by A2LA		
A2LA Lab Code:	according to ISO/IEC 17025:2017. The accreditation certificate number is		
	5721.01		
	CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and		
ECC Desistantian	fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications		
FCC Registration:	Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our		
	files. Designation Number: CN1283, valid time is until Iune.30, 2025.		
	CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered by		
ICED Desigtuation.	Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the		
ISED Registration:	performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 11185A-1 on		
	Aug. 04, 2016, valid time is until Iune.30, 2025.		
Toot Environment	Temperature ($^{\circ}$): 18 $^{\circ}$ ~25 $^{\circ}$		
Test Environment Condition:	Relative Humidity (%): 35%~75% RH		
Condition:	Atmospheric Pressure (kPa): 86KPa-106KPa		



2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Identification of the Equipment under Test

Device Type:	portable device	portable device				
Exposure Category:	Population/Uncontroll	Population/Uncontrolled				
Product Name:	AXIS Dongle					
Model Name:	AD-001					
	Support Band	WIFI2.4G n20				
	Test Band	WIFI2.4G n20				
	Development Stage Identical Prototype					
General description:	Antenna type Internal Antenna					
General description.	Operation mode	WIFI2.4G n20				
	Modulation mode	WI-FI 2.4G n20(OFDM)				
	Hardware Version	V1.22				
	Software Version	V1.0.0				
	Max. SAR Value	Body-support: 0.426 W/Kg(Limit:1.6W/Kg, 0mm distance)				

Note:

- 1. The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.
- 2. This report is based on the SET2023-00941 report. The FCC ID has been changed, and nothing else has changed. So SAR does not need to be tested.

EUT testing configuration

Tested frequency range(s)	Transmitter Frequency Range	Receiver Frequency Range	
WIFI(tested):	2412-2462 MHz		
Test channels(low-mid-high):	1-6-11 (Wi-Fi 2.4G 802.11n20)		



3. SAR Summary

Highest Standalone SAR Summary

Exposure	Frequency	Scaled	Highest Scaled
Position	Band	1g-SAR(W/kg)	1g-SAR(W/kg)
Body-support (0mm Gap)	WIFI 2.4G 802.11n20	0.426	0.426

4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

where C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



4.2 Applicable Standards and Limits

4.2.1 Applicable Standards

47CFR \$2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
-	
ANSI C95.1–1992	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency
	Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1-1991)
IEEE 1528–2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average
	Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless
	Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB 248227 D01	v02r02 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 447498 D01	v06 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 648474 D04	v01r03 Handset SAR
KDB 865664 D01	v01r04 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz
KDB 865664 D02	v01r02 SAR Exposure Reporting
KDB 941225 D01	v03r01 3G SAR Procedures
KDB 941225 D05	v02r05 SAR for LTE Devices
KDB 941225 D05A	v01r02 LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet
KDB 941225 D06	v02r01 Hotspot Mode

4.2.2 RF exposure Limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body)	1.60 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Limbs)	4.00 mW/g

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters.

Notes:

- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

^{*} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time



4.3 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SATIMO. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

4.4 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SATIMO as an integral part of the COMOSAR test system.

The device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder



4.5 Probe Specification



Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g.,

DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 700 MHz to 3 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.5 dB (700 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

 \pm 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe

axis)

Dynamic Range $1.5 \mu W/g$ to 100 mW/g;

Linearity: $\pm 0.5 \text{ dB}$

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 5 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: <2.7 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 3 GHz

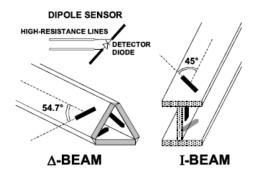
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

Compatibility COMOSAR

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:





5. Tissue check and recommend Dielectric Parameters

5.1 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness Power drifts in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Table 1: Recommended Dielectric Performance of Tissue

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)											
(% by weight)	45	50	83	35	91.	5	19	900	24	50	26	00
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.46	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	55.24	64.49
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04	0.5	0.024
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0	44.45	32.25
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.2	52.5	39.0	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.80	1.78	1.96	2.16

MSL/HSL750 (Body and Head liquid for 650 – 850 MHz)

Item	Head Tissue Simulation Liquid HSL750						
	Muscle(body)Tissue	Muscle(body)Tissue Simulation Liquid MSL750					
H2O	Water, 35 – 58%	Water, 35 – 58%					
Sucrese	Sugar, white, refined	Sugar, white, refined, 40-60%					
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, 0-	Sodium Chloride, 0-6%					
Hydroxyethel-cellulsoe	Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-62-0), <0.3%						
Preventol-D7	Preservative: aqueous preparation, (CAS# 55965-84-9), containing						
	5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone,						
	0.1-0.7%						
Frequency (MHz)	Head ϵr Head $\sigma(S/m)$ Body ϵr Body $\sigma(S/m)$						
750	41.9						

Note: The liquid of 700MHz&2600MHz typical liquid composition is provided by SATIMO.



Frequency:5200/5400/5600/5800MHz				
Ingredients (% by weight)				
Water	78			
Mineral oil	11			
Emulsifiers	9			
Additives and Salt	2			

Table 2 Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

En man and (MILE)	Head Tissue			
Frequency (MHz)	\mathcal{E}_{r}	σ(S/m)		
150	52.3	0.76		
300	45.3	0.87		
450	43.5	0.87		
835	41.5	0.90		
900	41.5	0.97		
915	41.5	0.98		
1450	40.5	1.20		
1610	40.3	1.29		
1800-2000	40.0	1.40		
2450	39.2	1.80		
3000	38.5	2.40		
5800	35.3	5.27		



5.2 Simulate liquid

Liquid check results:

Table 3: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

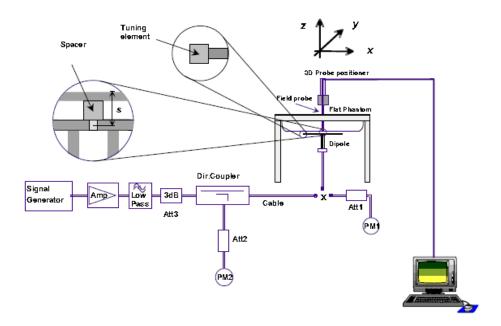
/	Frequency	Permittivity ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Test Date
Target value	2450MHz	39.2±5% (37.24~41.16)	1.80±5% (1.71~1.89)	22.0	2022/01/16
Validation value	2450MHz	40.04	1.85	22.0	2023/01/16



SAR System validation

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The following procedure, recommended for performing validation tests using box phantoms is based on the procedures described in the IEEE standard P1528. Setup according to the setup diagram below:



With the SG and Amp and with directional coupler in place, set up the source signal at the relevant frequency and use a power meter to measure the power at the end of the SMA cable that you intend to connect to the balanced dipole. Adjust the SG to make this, say, 0.01W (10 dBm). If this level is too high to read directly with the power meter sensor, insert a calibrated attenuator (e.g. 10 or 20 dB) and make a suitable correction to the power meter reading.

- Note 1: In this method, the directional coupler is used for monitoring rather than setting the exact feed power level. If, however, the directional coupler is used for power measurement, you should check the frequency range and power rating of the coupler and measure the coupling factor (referred to output) at the test frequency using a VNA.
- Note 2: Remember that the use of a 3dB attenuator (as shown in Figure 8.1 of P1528) means that you need an RF amplifier of 2 times greater power for the same feed power. The other issue is the cable length. You might get up to 1dB of loss per meter of cable, so the cable length after the coupler needs to be quite short.
- Note 3: For the validation testing done using CW signals, most power meters are suitable. However, if you are measuring the output of a modulated signal from either a signal generator or a handset, you must ensure that the power meter correctly reads the modulated signals.

The measured 1-gram averaged SAR values of the device against the phantom are provided in Tables 5 and Table 6. The body phantom were full of the body tissue simulating liquid. The EUT was supplied with full-charged battery for each measurement.

The distance between the back of the EUT and the bottom of the flat phantom is 10 mm (taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna).



Table 4: system validation (1g) System Check Results

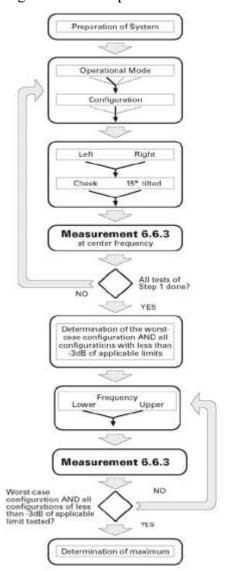
Frequency	Duty cycle	Target value (1-g) (W/Kg)	10mW Test value (1-g) (W/Kg)	Test SAR Normalized to 1W(w/Kg)	Test Date
2450MHz	1:1	53.71 W/kg±10% (48.339~59.081)	0.5497	54.97	2023/01/16

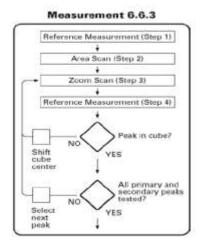
*Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power



6. SAR measurement procedure

The SAR test against the head phantom was carried out as follow:





Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator, the connection between the EUT and the base station simulator is established via air interface.

After an area scan has been done at a fixed distance of 2mm from the surface of the phantom on the source side, a 3D scan is set up around the location of the maximum spot SAR. First, a point within the scan area is visited by the probe and a SAR reading taken at the start of testing. At the end of testing, the probe is returned to the same point and a second reading is taken. Comparison between these start and end readings enables the power drift during measurement to be assessed.

Above is the scanning procedure flow chart and table from the IEEEp1528 standard. This is the procedure for which all compliant testing should be carried out to ensure that all variations of the device position and transmission behavior are tested.



7. Conducted RF Output Power

7.1 WIFI Conducted Power

2.4G WI-FI	Output Power (dBm)
Channel/Freq.(MHz)	802.11n(HT20)
1/2412.0	12.58
6/2437.0	12.42
11/2462.0	11.98

Note:

- 1. The WIFI transmission protocol of the prototype is not the standard 802.11, there is only one mode n20.
- 2. Per KDB248227 D01 v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion

8. Antenna Location:





9. Scaling Factor calculation

Operation Mode	Channel /Frequency	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up Power in tolerance (dBm)	Max. Tune up(dBm)	Scaling Factor
WHELD 4C	1/2412.0	12.58	12.0 ± 1.0	13.00	1.102
WIFI 2.4G 802.11n20	6/2437.0	12.42	12.0 ± 1.0	13.00	1.143
802.111120	11/2462.0	11.98	12.0 ± 1.0	13.00	1.265

10. Test Results

Results overview of WI-FI 2.4G 802.11n20

Body-support (0mm)	Channel /Frequency	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)1-g	Power drift(%)	Scaled Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)1-g	Limit (W/kg)	SAR Plot.
Front Upward	6/2437.0	802.11n20	0.285	0.59	1.143	0.326	1.6	/
Back Upward	6/2437.0	802.11n20	0.373	-2.05	1.143	0.426	1.6	/
Left	6/2437.0	802.11n20	0.053	0.80	1.143	0.061	1.6	/
Right	6/2437.0	802.11n20	0.294	-3.87	1.143	0.336	1.6	/
Back Upward	1/2412.0	802.11n20	0.387	2.81	1.102	0.426	1.6	1
Back Upward	11/2462.0	802.11n20	0.312	-0.51	1.265	0.395	1.6	/

Note:

- 1. Per KDB941225 D06 v02r01, When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
- 2. Per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. RMC 12.2kbps was as primary mode SAR, when the primary mode SAR less than 1.2W/kg, secondary SAR (HSPA) was not requires.

When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel or the channel with the highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. (Per KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06)

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. *: Due the antenna location and antenna performance results the SAR value lower than the lowest system limit, then we show "<0.001 W/Kg" in the report.



11. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Uncertainty Component	Туре	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) ui(%)	Degree of freedom Veff or vi
		ı	Measur	rement System				
1	- Probe Calibration	В	5.8	N	1	1	5.8	∞
2	- Axial isotropy	В	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	1.43	∞
3	—Hemispherical Isotropy	В	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.41	œ
4	- Boundary Effect	В	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	œ
5	- Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞ ×
6	- System Detection Limits	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	œ
7	Modulation response	В	3	N	1	1	3.00	
8	- Readout Electronics	В	0.5	N	1	1	0.50	∞
9	- Response Time	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
10	- Integration Time	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞ ∞
11	- RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
12	- Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
13	- Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	œ
14	- Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR evaluation	В	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.33	∞
			Uncertai	nties of the DUT			1	



						•		
15	- Position of the DUT	A	2.6	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.6	5
16	- Holder of the DUT	A	3	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	3.0	5
17	- Output Power Variation – SAR drift measurement	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	∞
			Phantom and T	issue Paramete	rs			
18	- Phantom Uncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances)	В	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
19	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	В	2	N	1	1	2.00	
20	- Liquid Conductivity Target – tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
21	- Liquid Conductivity – measurement Uncertainty)	В	4	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.92	9
22	- Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
23	- Liquid Permittivity – measurement uncertainty	В	5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Co	ombined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			10.63	
	Expanded uncertainty (Confidence interval of 95 %)			K=2			21.26	



12.System Check Uncertainty

No.	Uncertainty Component	Туре	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) ui(%)	Degree of freedom Veff or vi
		<u>I</u>	Measur	rement System	L			
1	- Probe Calibration	В	5.8	N	1	1	5.8	- x
2	- Axial isotropy	В	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	1.43	œ
3	—Hemispherical Isotropy	В	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.41	∞
4	- Boundary Effect	В	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
5	- Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	œ
6	- System Detection Limits	В	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	œ
7	Modulation response	В	0	N	1	1	0.00	
8	- Readout Electronics	В	0.5	N	1	1	0.50	∞
9	- Response Time	В	0.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	œ
10	- Integration Time	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	œ
11	~ RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	œ
12	- Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
13	- Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	œ
14	- Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR evaluation	В	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.33	∞
		ı	Uncertai	nties of the DUT				•



					• •	орон но	2023121701	000071 112
15	Deviation of experimental source from numberical source	A	4	N	1	1	4.00	5
16	Input Power and SAR drift measurement	A	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	5
17	Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	В	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	∞
			Phantom and T	issue Parametei	rs			
18	- Phantom Uncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances)	В	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
19	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	В	2	N	1	1	2.00	
20	- Liquid Conductivity Target – tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
21	- Liquid Conductivity – measurement Uncertainty)	В	4	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.92	9
22	- Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
23	- Liquid Permittivity – measurement uncertainty	В	5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Co	ombined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			10.15	
	Expanded uncertainty (Confidence interval of 95 %)			K=2			20.29	



13. Equipment List

This table is a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment. Devices used during the test described are marked \boxtimes .

	EQUIPMENT	Model	Serial number	Calibration Date	Due Date
\boxtimes	SAR Probe	SSE2	SN 41/18 EPGO330	2022/01/24	2023/01/23
\boxtimes	Dipole	SID2450	SN_09/13_DIP2G450-220	2020/06/25	2023/06/24
\boxtimes	Multimeter	Keithley-2000	4014020	2022/03/25	2023/03/24
\boxtimes	Vector Network Analyzer(R&S)	ZVB8	100343	2022/03/25	2023/03/24
	PC 3.5 Fixed Match Calibration Kit	ZV-Z32	100571	2022/03/25	2023/03/24
	Dielectric Probe Kit	SCLMP	SN 09/13 OCPG51	2022/03/25	2023/03/24
\boxtimes	Signal Generator	SMU100A	177649	2022/03/25	2023/03/24
	Amplifier	Nucletudes	143060	2022/03/25	2023/03/24
	Directional Coupler	DC6180A	305827	2022/06/23	2023/06/22
	Power Meter	NRP2	103434	2022/03/25	2023/03/24



ANNEX A:	Appendix A:	SAR S	ystem performance	Check Plots
T TT 11 1 TT T T T T T T T T T T T T T			, stelli periorinanie	

(Please See Appendix A)

ANNEX B: Appendix B: SAR Measurement results Plots

(Please See Appendix B)

ANNEX C: Appendix C: Calibration reports

(Please See Appendix C)

ANNEX D: Appendix D: SAR Test Setup

(Please See Appendix D)

—End of the Report—



Appendix A: SAR System performance Check Plots

Measurement	Liquid	Frequency	Test Date
System Check	Head	2450	2023/01/16



System Performance Check (2450MHz)

Type: Validation measurement Date of measurement: 01/16/2023

A. Experimental conditions.

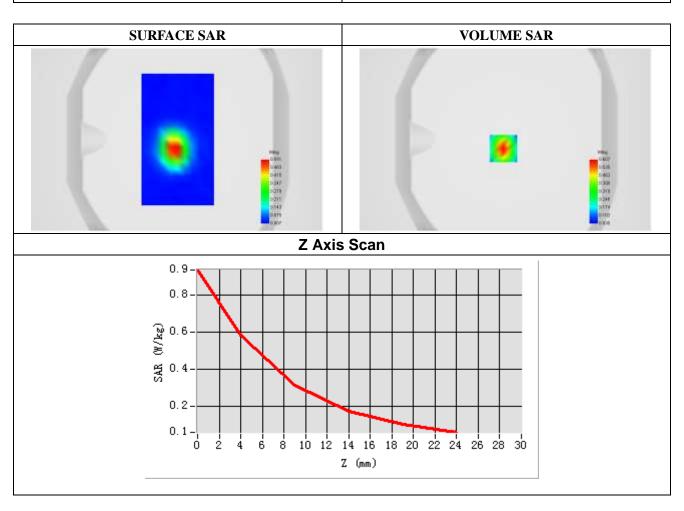
E-Field Probe	SATIMO SN 41/18 EPGO330
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	2450MHz
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW(Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.04
Conductivity (S/m)	1.85
Variation (%)	0.79

Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-10.00 SAR Peak: 0.94 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.256031
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.549701





Appendix B: SAR Measurement results Plots

Plot	Frequency/Mode	Testing Position and Channel	Test Date
1	WI-FI 2.4G 802.11n20	Back, Low ,0mm	2023/01/16



Testing result (WI-FI 2.4G 802.11n20, Back, Low, 0mm)

Type: phone measurement

Date of measurement: 01/16/2023

A. Experimental conditions.

E-Field Probe	SATIMO SN 41/18 EPGO330	
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm	
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body	
Band	WI-FI 802.11n20	
Channels	Low	
Signal	OFDM(Crest factor: 1.0)	

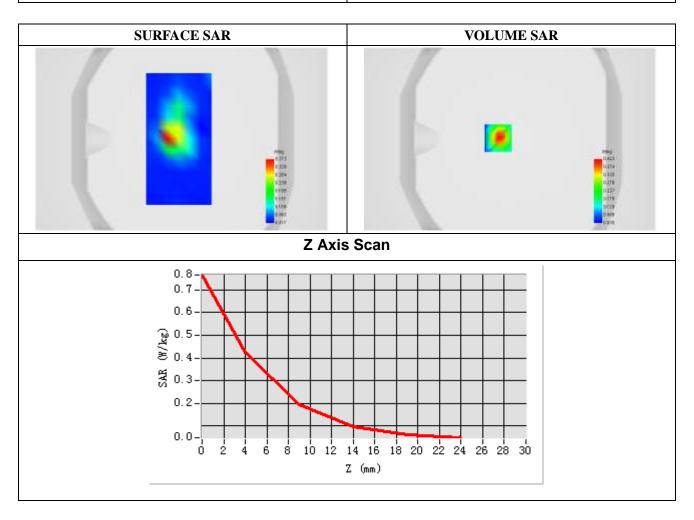
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2412
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.17
Conductivity (S/m)	1.82
Variation (%)	2.81

Maximum location: X=-14.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 0.77 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.181639
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.386529





ANNEX C: Calibration Reports

EPGO 330 Probe Calibration Report

SID2450 Dipole Calibration Report



EPGO330 Probe Calibration Report



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.24.4.22.BES.A

CCIC SOUTHERN TESTING CO., LTD ELECTRONIC TESTING BUILDING, NO. 43 SHAHE ROAD, XILI STREET, NANSHAN DISTRICT SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 41/18 EPGO330

Calibrated at MVG
Z.I. de la pointe du diable
Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 01/24/2022



Accreditations #2-6789 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

The use of the Cofrac brand and the accreditation references is prohibited from any reproduction

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

Page: 1/11





Ref ACR 24.4 22 BES A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by:	Jérôme Le Gall	Measurement Responsible	1/24/2022	4
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	1/24/2022	Jes
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	1/25/2022	Yann TOUTAAN

2022.01.25 11:52:42 +01'00'

	Customer Name	
Distribution:	CCIC SOUTHERN TESTING CO.,	
	LTD	

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	1/24/2022	Initial release
			-
	1		

Page: 2/11

Template ACR,DDD.N.YYMVGR.ISSUE_COMOS.AR Probe vil.

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref ACR 24.4 22 BES A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Dev	rice Under Test4	
2	Pro	duct Description4	
2	2.1	General Information	
3	Me	asurement Method	
3	3.1	Linearity	
3	3.2	Sensitivity	
3	3.3	Lower Detection Limit	
3	3.4	Isotropy	
3	3.1	Boundary Effect	
4	Me	asurement Uncertainty6	
5	Cal	ibration Measurement Results	
5	5.1	Sensitivity in air	
5	5.2	Linearity	
5	5.3	Sensitivity in liquid	
5	5.4	Isotropy	
6	Lis	t of Equipment	

Page: 3/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGR.ISSUE_COMOS.AR Probe vil.

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref ACR 24.4 22 BES A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	SN 41/18 EPGO330	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.186 MΩ	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.192 MΩ	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.201 MΩ	

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

Page: 4/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGR.ISSUE_COMOSAR Probe vK

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref ACR 24.4 22 BES A

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°-180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°-360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{aso}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

SAR unicertainly [%] =
$$\delta$$
SAR. be $\frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-d_{be}/(\delta \beta)})}{\delta/2}$ for $(d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$

where

SAR_{uncertainty} is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

dbe is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 Δ_{step} is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

 δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz,

ASAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

Page: 5/11

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref ACR 24.4 22 BES A

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe of	calibration in waveguide				
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2	S IV XXX				14 %

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Humidity	30-70 %	

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 (μV/(V/m) ²)		
0.91	1.00	0.73

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3	
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)	
108	110	107	

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

Page: 6/11

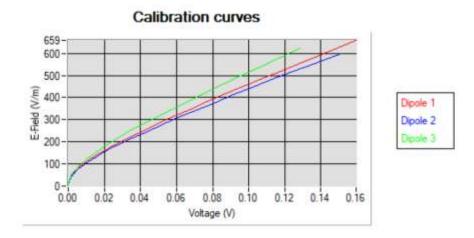
Template ACR, DDD, N. YYMVGR, ISSUE_COMOS, AR Probe vil.

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.

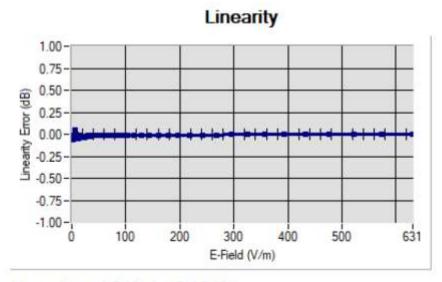




Ref. ACR 24.4 22 BES.A.



5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity:+/-1.31% (+/-0.06dB)

Page: 7/11

Template ACR,DDD,N,YY,MVGR,ISSUE_COMOSAR Probe vit

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref ACR 24.4 22 BES A

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	ConvF	
HL600	600	1.23	
HL750	750	1.28	
HL850	835	1.30	
HL900	900	1.32	
HL1500	1500	1.55	
HL1750	1750	1.67	
HL1800	1800	1.55	
HL1900	1900	1.72	
HL2000	2000	1.72	
HL2300	2300	1.86	
HL2450	2450	1.81	
HL2600	2600	1.81	
HL3300	3300	1.55	
HL3500	3500	1.58	
HL3700	3700	1.56	
HL3900	3900	2.00	
HL4200	4200	1.79	
HL4600	4600	1.79	
HL4900	4900	1.76	
HL5200	5200	1.39	
HL5400	5400	1.50	
HL5600	5600	1.63	
HL5800	5800	1.53	

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

Template ACR,DDD.N.YYMVGR.ISSUE_COMOS.AR Probe vil.

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.



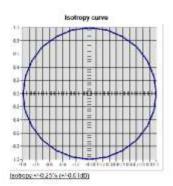


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref ACR 24.4 22 BES A

5.4 ISOTROPY

HL1800 MHz



Page: 9/11

Template ACR,DDD.N.YYMVGR.ISSUE_COMOS.AR Probe vil.

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref ACR 24.4 22 BES A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated, No ca required.		
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024		
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2019	10/2022		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023		
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022		
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024		
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRVD	832839-056	11/2019	11/2022		
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior t test. No cal required		
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated, No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated, No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated, No cal required.		

Page: 10/11

Template ACR, DDD, N. YY, MVGR, ISSUE_COMOSAR Probe vil.

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref ACR 24.4 22 BES A

Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated, No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024

Page: 11/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGR.ISSUE_COMOS.AR Probe vil.

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.



SID2450 Dipole Calibration Report



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

CCIC SOUTHERN TESTING CO., LTD ELECTRONIC TESTING BUILDING, NO. 43 SHAHE ROAD, XILI STREET, NANSHAN DISTRICT SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 09/13 DIP2G450-220

Calibrated at MVG MVG Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise - 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 06/25/2020



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

Page: 1/11





Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	6/26/2020	20
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	6/26/2020	JE
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	6/26/2020	CIL

	Customer Name
	CCIC SOUTHERN
Distribution:	TESTING CO.,
	LTD

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme LUC	6/26/2020	Initial release

Page: 2/11

Template ACR.DDD.N. YY.MVGB.ISSUE_SAR Reference Dipole vG

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Int	roduction4	
2	De	vice Under Test4	
3	Pro	duct Description4	
	3.1	General Information	4
4	Me	asurement Method5	
	4.1	Return Loss Requirements	5
	4.2	Mechanical Requirements	5
5	Me	asurement Uncertainty5	
	5.1	Return Loss	5
	5.2	Dimension Measurement	5
	5.3	Validation Measurement	5
6	Cal	ibration Measurement Results	
	6.1	Return Loss and Impedance In Head Liquid	6
	6.2	Return Loss and Impedance In Body Liquid	6
	6.3	Mechanical Dimensions	6
7	Val	idation measurement7	
	7.1	Head Liquid Measurement	7
	7.2	SAR Measurement Result With Head Liquid	
	7.3	Body Liquid Measurement	9
	7.4	SAR Measurement Result With Body Liquid	10
8	List	of Equipment	

Page: 3/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE SAR Reference Dipule vG

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer MVG Model SID2450				
		Serial Number SN 09/13 DIP2G450-220		
Product Condition (new / used) Used				

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

Page: 4/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE_SAR Reference Dipole vG

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
0.08 LIN

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
0 - 300	0.20 mm
300 - 450	0.44 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan V	Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
~		

Page: 5/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE SAR Reference Dipole vG

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.



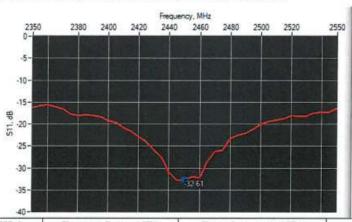


Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

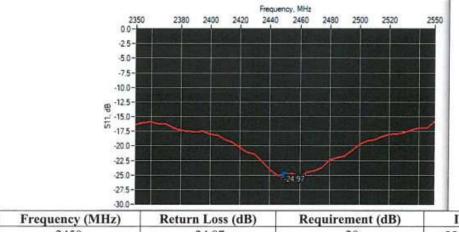
CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-32.61	-20	$52.3 \Omega + 0.3 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-24.97	-20	55.6 Ω - 0.4 iΩ

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Li	L mm		h mm		mm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured

Page: 6/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE SAR Reference Dipole vG

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	+	30.4 ±1 %.	*	3.6 ±1 %.	0.4
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_{r}')		Conductivity (a) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	

Page: 7/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.VY.MVGB.ISSUE SAR Reference Dipole vG

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2100	39.8 ±10 %		1.49 ±10 %	
2300	39.5 ±10 %		1.67 ±10 %	
2450	39.2 ±10 %	41.9	1.80 ±10 %	1.88
2600	39.0 ±10 %		1.96 ±10 %	
3000	38.5 ±10 %		2.40 ±10 %	
3500	37.9 ±10 %		2.91 ±10 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 41.9 sigma : 1.88
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	

Page: 8/11

Template_ACR_DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE_SAR Reference Dipole vG

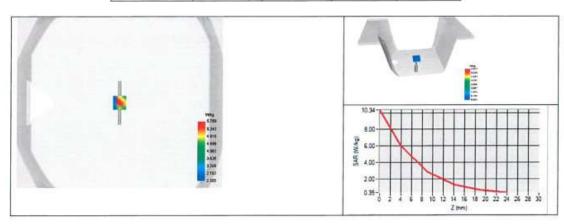
This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	53.71 (5.37)	24	24.17 (2.42)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_{r}')		Conductiv	ity (a) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±10 %		0.80 ±10 %	
300	58.2 ±10 %		0.92 ±10 %	
450	56.7 ±10 %		0.94 ±10 %	
750	55.5 ±10 %		0.96 ±10 %	
835	55.2 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
900	55.0 ±10 %		1.05 ±10 %	
915	55.0 ±10 %		1.06 ±10 %	
1450	54.0 ±10 %		1.30 ±10 %	
1610	53.8 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1800	53.3 ±10 %		1.52 ±10 %	
1900	53.3 ±10 %		1.52 ±10 %	
2000	53.3 ±10 %		1.52 ±10 %	
2100	53.2 ±10 %		1.62 ±10 %	

Page: 9/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE_SAR Reference Dipole vG

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





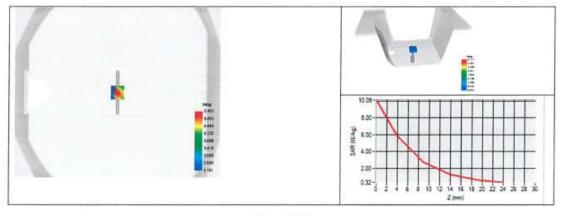
Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

2300	52.9 ±10 %		1.81 ±10 %	
2450	52.7 ±10 %	53.4	1.95 ±10 %	2.14
2600	52.5 ±10 %		2.16 ±10 %	
3000	52.0 ±10 %		2.73 ±10 %	
3500	51.3 ±10 %		3.31 ±10 %	
3700	51.0 ±10 %		3.55 ±10 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5,42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 53.4 sigma: 2.14
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
2450	54.83 (5.48)	23.59 (2.36)



Page: 10/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE_SAR Reference Dipole vG

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.





Ref: ACR.178.8.20.MVGB.A

LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020

Page: 11/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE SAR Reference Dipole vG

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full or in part, without the written approval of MVG. The information contained herein is to be used only for the purpose for which it is submitted and is not to be released in whole or part without written approval of MVG.