

TEST REPORT

Test Report Number: N2304R-1046
Project Number: A2023-03240
Applicant: Farmpro Corporation
Address of Applicant: Room#824, 28, Digital-ro 30-gil, Guro-gu, Seoul, Republic of Korea
Manufacturer and Country: Farmpro Corporation
Address of Manufacturer/Factory: Room#824, 28, Digital-ro 30-gil, Guro-gu, Seoul, Republic of Korea
Equipment Under Test (EUT)
Product Name: FarmPlusCare
Model No.: FP-100
■ FCC ID : 2BAUK-FP-100 □ IC
Applicable standards: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C (15.247)
ANSI C63.10-2013
KDB 558074 D01
Date of Test: Apr. 12, 2023 to Apr. 20, 2023
Date of report issued: Apr. 21, 2023
Test Result: Compliance *

Prepared By:



Date:

Apr. 21, 2023

Project Engineer

Check By:



Date:

Apr. 21, 2023

Reviewer

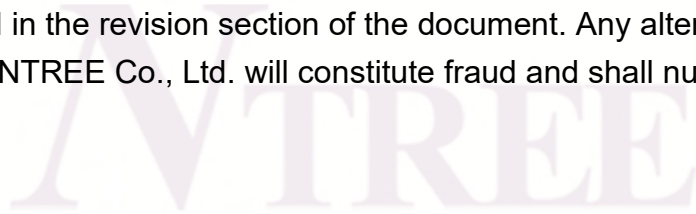
Laboratory Manager

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REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
Apr. 21, 2023	Originally Issued	-

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1. General Information

1.1 General Description of EUT

Product Name	FarmPlusCare
Model Name	FP-100
Variant Model Name	-
FCC ID	2BAUK-FP-100
Operation Frequency	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
Number of Channel	3 ch (2 402 MHz, 2 426 MHz, 2 480 MHz)
Antenna Specification	Chip Antenna
Antenna Gain	1.86 dBi
Power supply	3 V (CR2450 Lithium Battery)

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1.2 EUT Test Frequency

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the test measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level.

The test was performed at low, middle and high channel and the selected channel as shown in the chart below:

BEACON

Channel	Frequency [MHz]
Lowest channel	2 402
Middle channel	2 426
Highest channel	2 480

1.3 Test Condition

	Normal voltage
DC Power	3

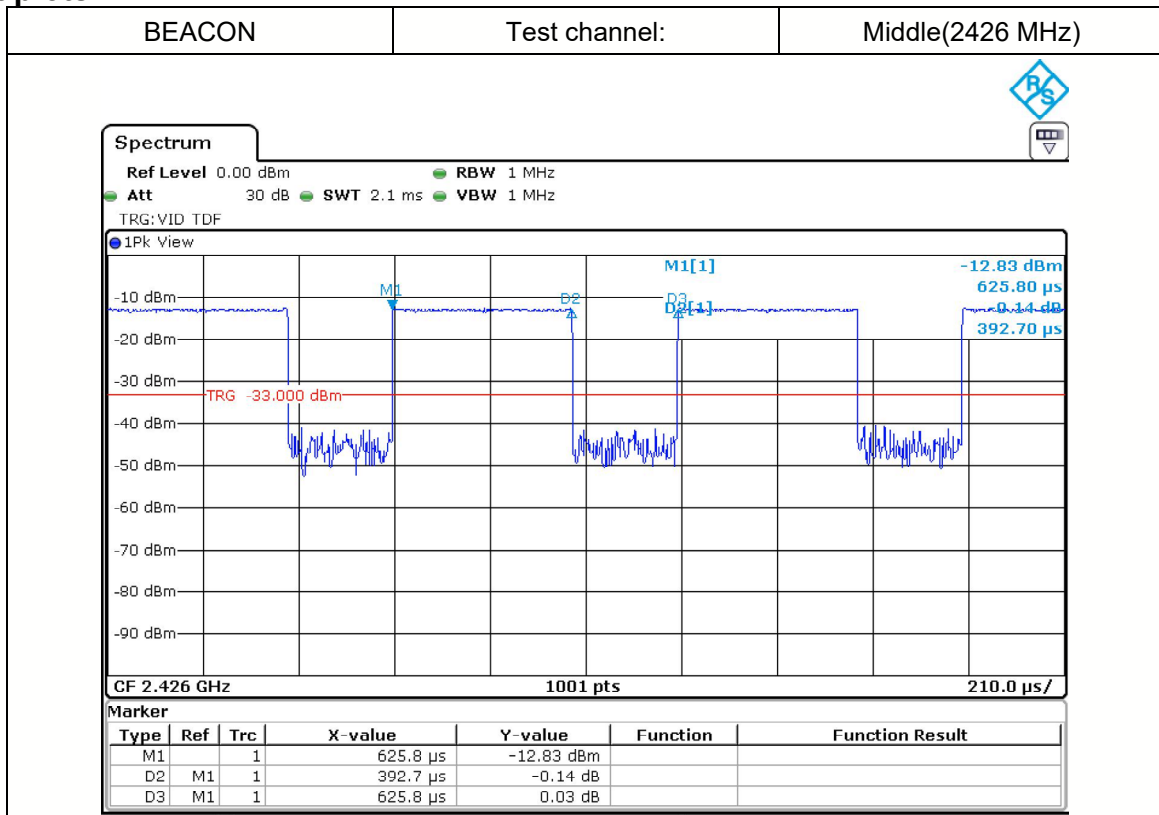
1.4 Duty Cycle

Mode	Ton (ms)	Ton+off (ms)	Duty Cycle ¹⁾ (%)	Duty Factor ²⁾ (dB)
BEACON	0.39	0.63	61.90	2.08

Note¹⁾: Duty Cycle = (Ton/Ton+off)*100

Note²⁾: Duty Factor = 10*log(1/Duty cycle)

Test plots



1.5 Test Performed

RRA Designation No.: KR0157

KOLAS Accreditation No. : KT511

Laboratory NTREE Co., Ltd.

1st laboratory : 228-60, Saneop-ro 155beon-gil, Gwonseon-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do,
Address : 16648, KOREA

Telephone : +82-31-893-0999

Facsimile : +82-31-297-0444

2nd laboratory : 30, Pajangcheon-ro 44beon-gil, Jangan-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do,
Address : 16204, KOREA

Telephone : +82-31-893-1000

Facsimile : +82-31-893-0111

SITE MAP

1st laboratory



2nd laboratory



The test was performed at 1st laboratory.

1.6 Test Instruments list

Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal.Due date (mm-dd-yy)
1	Signal Analyzer	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	FSVA40	101580	03-08-24
2	Signal Analyzer	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	FSV40	100994	03-08-24
3	Signal Generator	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	SMB100A	177568	03-09-24
4	Vector Signal Generator	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	260354	03-09-24
5	POWER MODULE	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	OSP-B157W8	101213	11-02-23
6	Tri-Log Antenna	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	VULB9168	9168-721	03-21-24
7	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	02083	10-21-23
8	LOOP ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	1519-051	03-24-24
9	Test Receiver	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESR7	101302	03-09-24
10	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	574	03-13-24
11	Amplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA1840H	140003	03-13-24
12	Amplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA01S	200103-L	11-02-23
13	Amplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA18H	160006-L	03-09-24
14	Power Sensor	AGILENT	8481A	3318A98910	03-09-24

1.7 Summary of tests

FCC Rules	Description of Test Item	Test Result
§15.247(b)(3)	RF Output Power	Pass
§15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	Pass
§2.1051, §15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edge	Pass
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density(PSD)	Pass
§15.247(d), §15.205, §15.209	Radiated Spurious Emissions and Restricted Bands	Pass
§15.207(a)	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	N/A
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass

Note. N/A : The product powered by battery.

1.8 Measurement uncertainty

For the test methods, according to the present document, the measurement uncertainty figures shall be calculated in accordance with TR100028-1 [2] and shall correspond to an expansion factor (coverage factor) $k=1.96$ or $k=2$ (which provide confidence levels of respectively 95% and 95.5% in the case where the distributions characterizing the actual measurement uncertainties are normal).

Parameter	Uncertainty
Transmitter output power (Conducted)	± 1.0 dB
AC Conducted emission	± 2.0 dB
Radiated spurious emission (Below 1 GHz)	± 4.2 dB
Radiated spurious emission (Above 1 GHz)	± 5.0 dB

2. Test results

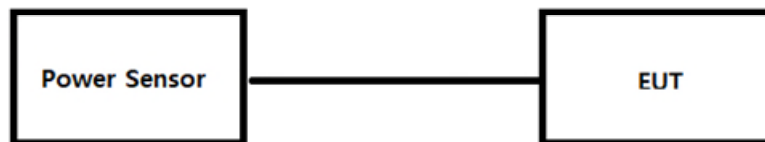
2.1 Maximum Peak Output Power

2.1.1 Limit

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.
2. According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph(b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph(c) of this section, is transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs(b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi

2.1.2 Test configuration



2.1.3 Test procedure

1. PKPM1 Peak power meter method of KDB558074 D01v05r02
The maximum conducted output powers were measured using a broadband peak RF power meter which has greater video bandwidth than DUT's DTS bandwidth and utilize a fast-responding diode detector.
2. Method AVGPM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter) of KDB558074 D01v05r02 The average conducted output powers were measured using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since this measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction is required.

Note: The measure-and-sum technique is used for test mode with multiple transmitting.

2.1.4 Test Result

Measurement Data

Test mode	Channel	Conducted output power (dBm)	
		Average	Peak
BEACON	Lowest	-13.48	-9.67
	Middle	-12.93	-11.36
	Highest	-11.62	-10.63
Limit (dBm)		30	
Limit (W)		1	
Result		Pass	

Note 1: Conducted output power (dBm) = Attenuator loss + Cable loss + Duty cycle factor

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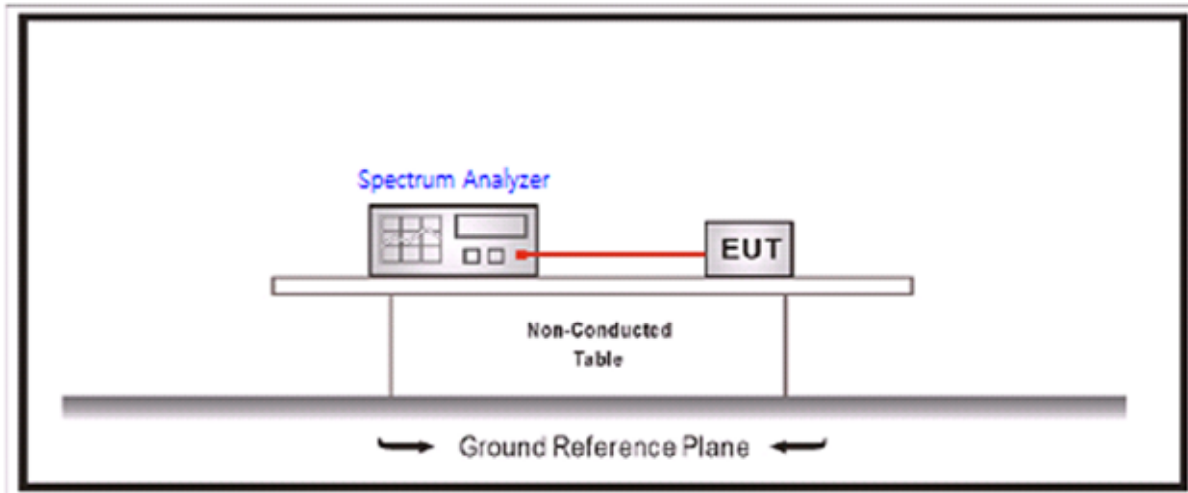
2.2 6 dB Bandwidth

2.2.1 Limit

According to 15.247(a)(2) and RSS-247 5.2(a), The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

2.2.2 Test Configuration

RF Conducted Measurement:



2.2.3 Test Procedure

Reference to section 11.8 in ANSI C63.10(2013): The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer with the RBW set to 100kHz, the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW, peak detector and max hold.

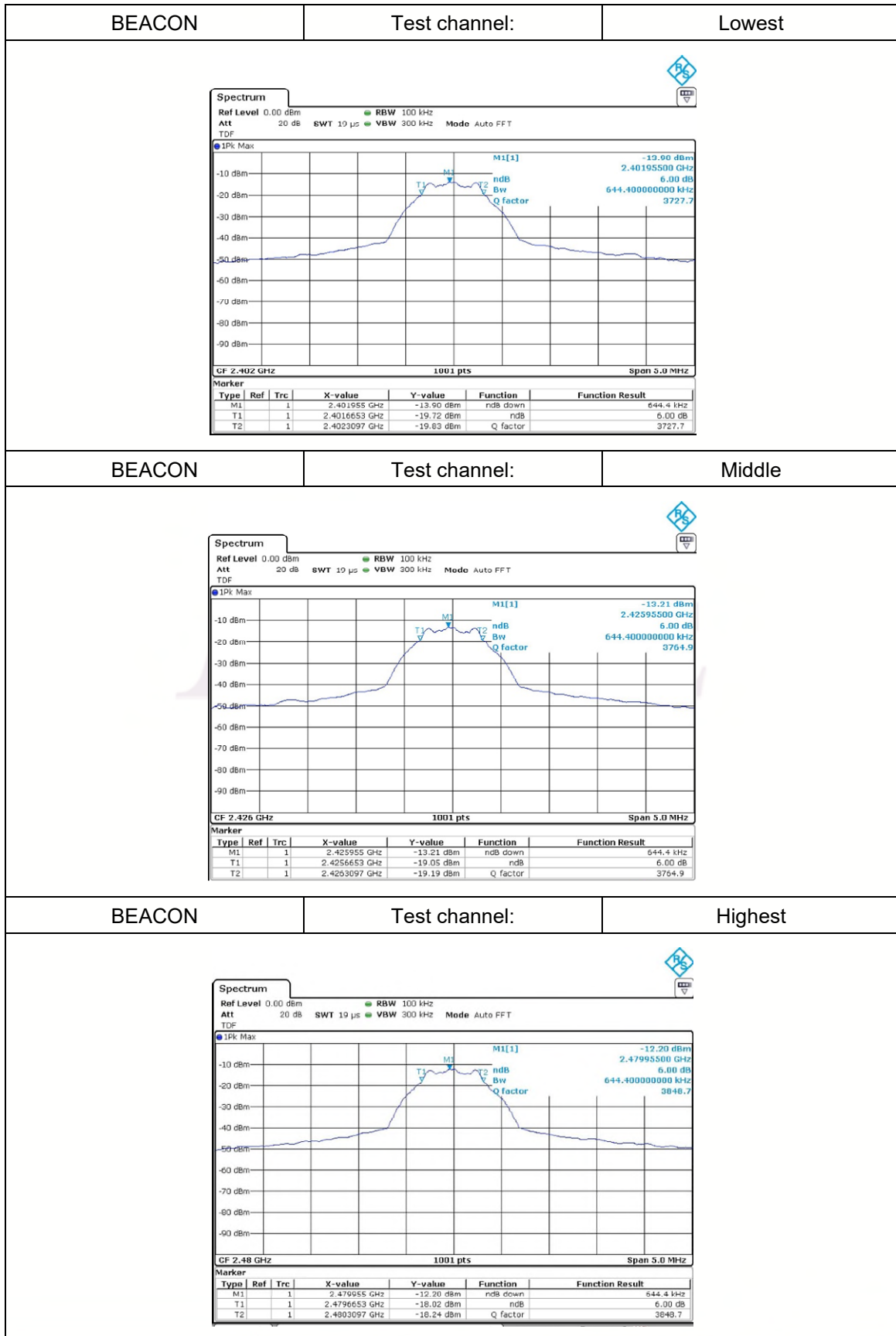
2.2.4 Test Result

Measurement Data

Test mode	Channel	6 dB bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)
BEACON	Lowest	0.644	≥ 500
	Middle	0.644	
	Highest	0.644	
Test Result	Pass		

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6 dB bandwidth test plot as follows:



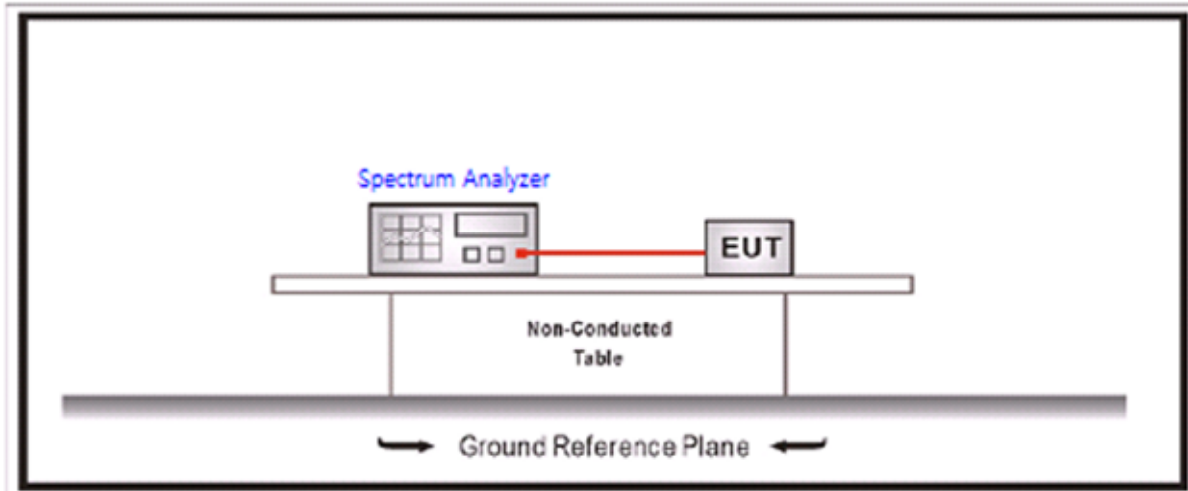
2.3 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

2.3.1 Limit

According to 15.247(e) and RSS-247 5.2(b), The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d),(i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

2.3.2 Test Configuration

RF Conducted Measurement:



2.3.3 Test Procedure

Power Spectral Density was performed utilizing the ANSI C63.10 section 11.10.2 (Method PKPSD).

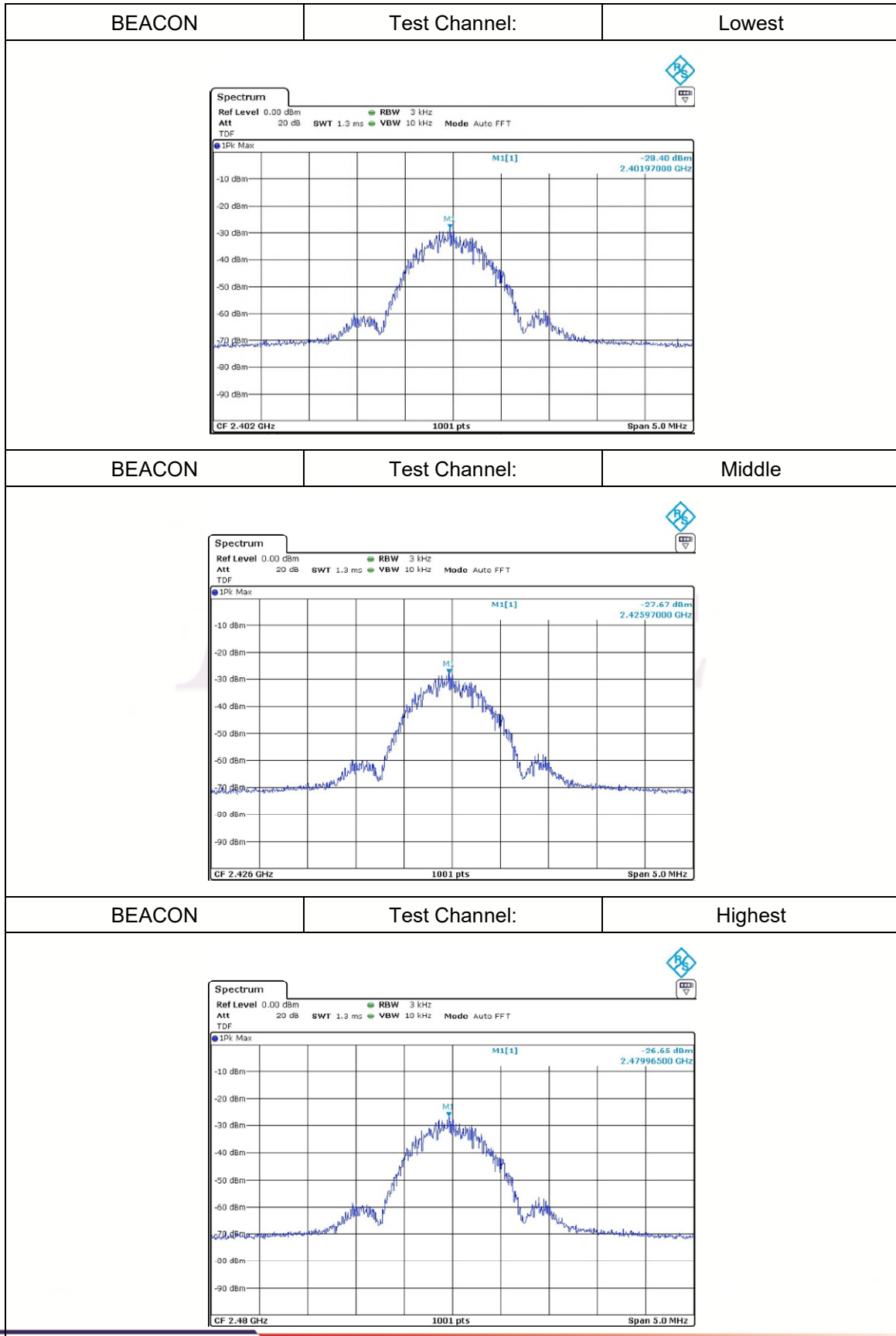
2.3.4 Test Result

Test mode	Channel	PSD (dBm)	Limit
BEACON	Lowest	-28.40	8 dBm/3 kHz
	Middle	-27.67	
	Highest	-26.65	
Test Result	Pass		

Note 1: The PSD results in plot is already included the actual values of cable loss and attenuator.

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PSD test plot as follows:



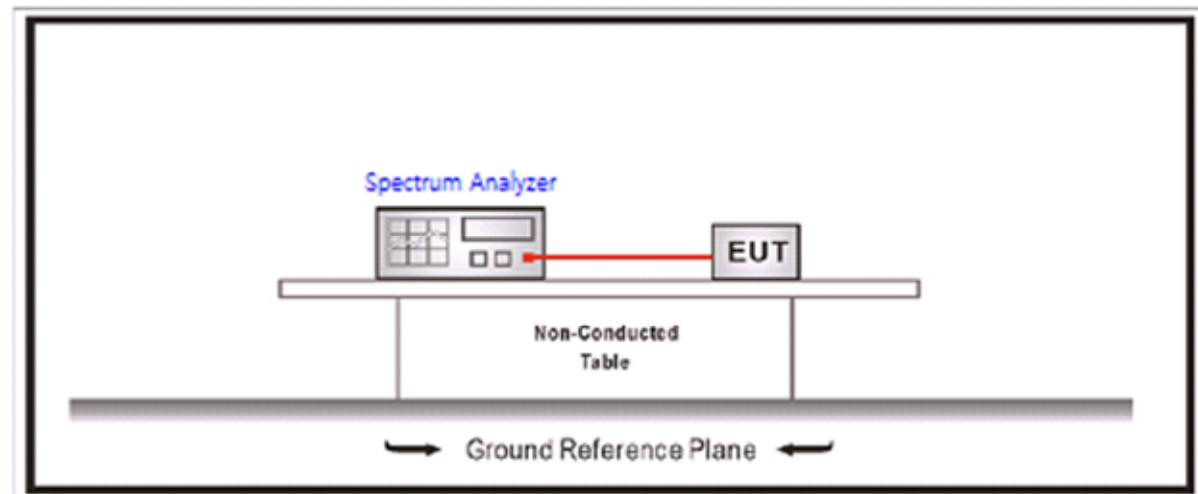
2.4 Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edge

2.4.1 Requirement

According to 15.247(d) and RSS-247 5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits base on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in 15.209(a) is not required.

2.4.2 Test configuration

RF Conducted Measurement:



2.4.3 Test Procedure

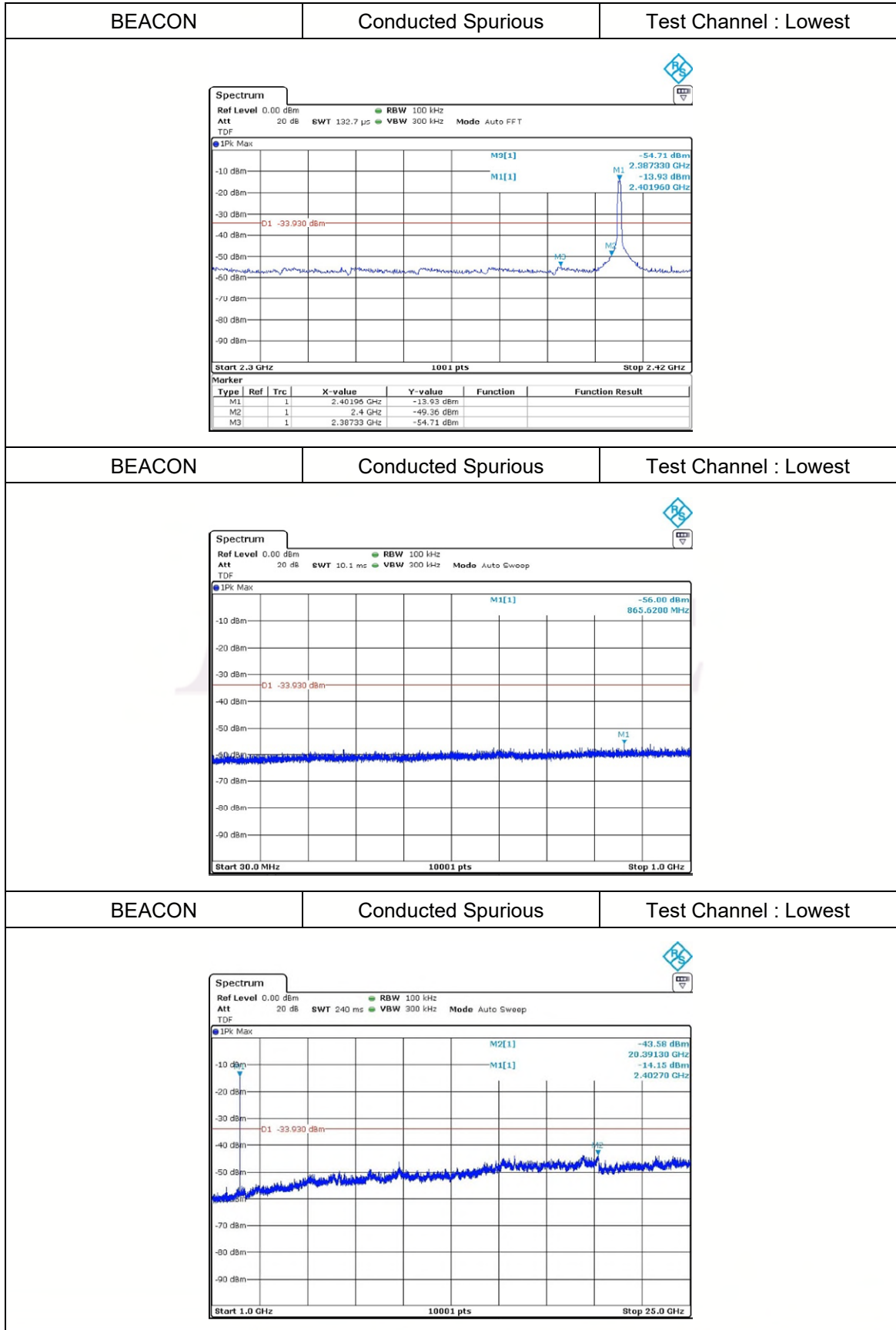
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer with RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, peak detector, and max hold. Measurements utilizing these settings are made of the in-band reference level, bandedge (where measurements to the general radiated limits will not be made) and out-of-band emissions.

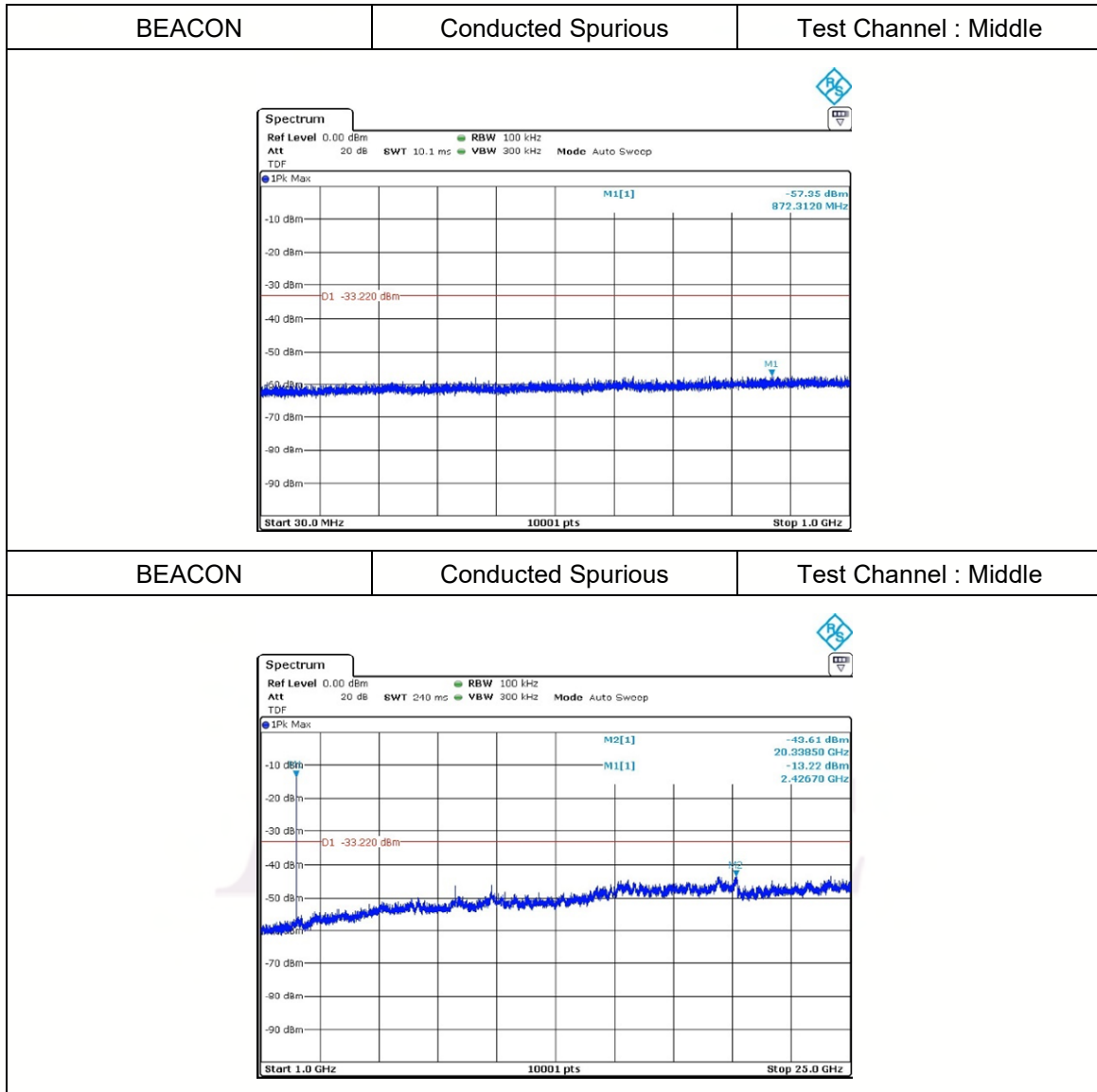
2.4.4 Test Result

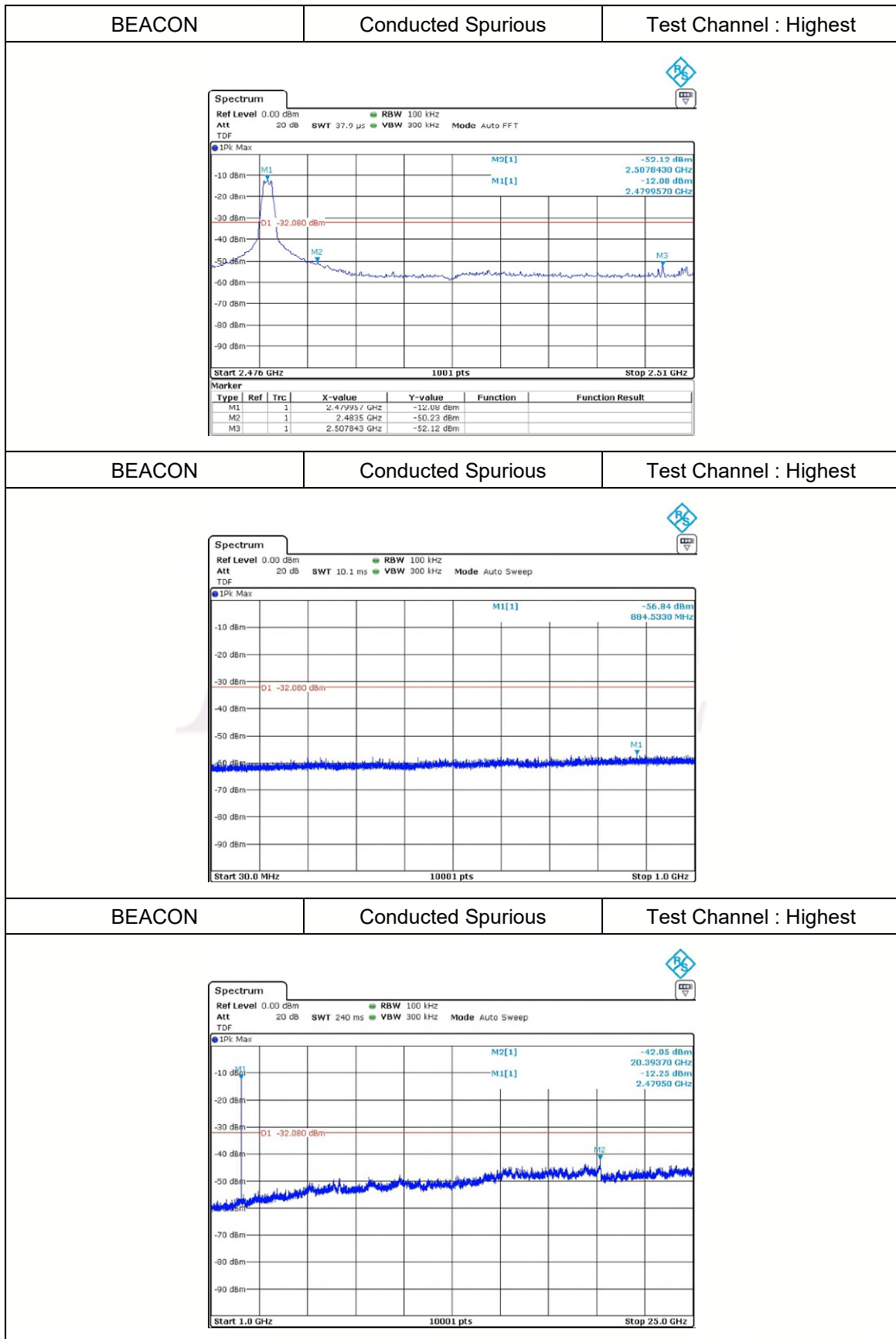
Test mode	Channel	Max. Out of band Emission (dBm)	Carrier level (dBm)	Calculated -20dBc limit (dBm)
BEACON	Lowest	-43.58	-13.93	-33.93
	Middle	-43.61	-14.15	-34.15
	Highest	-42.05	-12.08	-32.08
Result		Pass		

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Test plot as follows:







2.5 Radiated Spurious Emission and Restricted Band Edge

The measurement was performed over the frequency range of 30 MHz to 1 GHz using antenna as the input transducer to a Spectrum Analyzer or a Field Intensity Meter. The measurement was made with the detector set for "quasi-peak" within a bandwidth of 120 kHz.

Procedure of Test Preliminary measurements were made at 3 meter using bi-log antennas, and Spectrum Analyzer to determine the frequency producing the max. Emission in Semi-Anechoic Chamber.

Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emission from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, mode of operation, turn-table azimuth and height with respect to the antenna were noted for each frequency found. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using bi-log antenna. Above 1 GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used.

Final measurements were made with 3-meters test distance using bi-log antenna or horn antenna. The 3 m Full Chamber have been verified in regular for its normalized site attenuation. The test equipment was placed on a table. Sufficient time for the EUT, peripheral equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition.

Each frequency found during pre-scan measurements was re-examined by manual. The detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode and the bandwidth of the receiver was set to 120 kHz or 1 MHz depending on the frequency of type of signal. The EUT, peripheral equipment and interconnecting cables were re-configured to the set-up producing the max. emission for the frequency and were placed on top of a 0.8-meter high nonmetallic 1 x 1.5 m table. The EUT, peripheral equipment, and interconnecting cables were re-arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. The turntable containing the system was rotated; the antenna height was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth or height producing the maximum emission.

Each emission was maximized by: varying the mode of operation to the EUT and/or peripheral equipment and changing the polarity of the antenna, whichever determined the worst-case emission. (The bandwidth below 1 GHz setting on the field strength meter is 120 kHz and above 1 GHz is 1 MHz)

Radiated Emissions Test, 9 kHz to 30 MHz (Magnetic Field Test):

1. The preliminary radiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions at distance of 3 meters according to Section 15.31(f)(2).
2. The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1 x 1.5 m non-metallic table.
3. Emissions from the EUT are maximized by adjusting the orientation of the Loop antenna and rotating the EUT on the turntable.

Manipulating the system cables also maximizes EUT emissions if applicable.

4. To obtain the final measurement data, each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated.

The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector with specified bandwidth.

2.5.1 Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio Frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

Attenuation below the general limits specified in section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)) All emission from a digital device, including any network of conductors and apparatus connected thereto shall not exceed the level of field strength specified below:

FCC Part 15 Subpart C paragraph 15.247(a) Limit

Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength of Harmonics (3 m)		
	(mV/m)	(dBuV/m)	
2 402 – 2 480	500	54 (Avg.)	74 (Peak)

Note : 1. RF Field Strength (dBuV) = 20log RF Voltage(uV)

2. Distance refers to the distance in meters between the measuring instrument antenna and the closed point of any part of the device or system.

3. The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector

Frequencies in restricted band are complied to limit on Paragraph 15.209

Frequency Range (MHz)	Distance (m)	Field strength (dBuV/m)
0.009-0.490	300	20log 2400/F (kHz) + 80
0.490-1.705	30	20log 24000/F (kHz) + 40
1.705-30	30	20log 30 + 40
30-88	3	40.0
88-216	3	43.5
216-960	3	46.0
Above 960	3	54.0

Note : 1. RF voltage (dBuV) = 20 log RF Voltage (uV)

2. In the Above Table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

3. Distance refers to the distance in meters between the measuring instrument antenna and the EUT

4. This device used to install a within vehicular. The location of EUT measurements has the Y-plane(Stand).

5. All scanning using PK detector. And the final emission level was get using QP detector for frequency range from 30 – 1000 MHz. As to 1 – 26.5 GHz, the final emission level got using PK and AV detector.

6. If measurement is made at 3m distance.

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor Cable loss and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. For the limit is employed average value, therefore the peak value can be transferred to average value by subtracting the duty factor. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Peak} = \text{Reading} + \text{Corrected Factor}$$

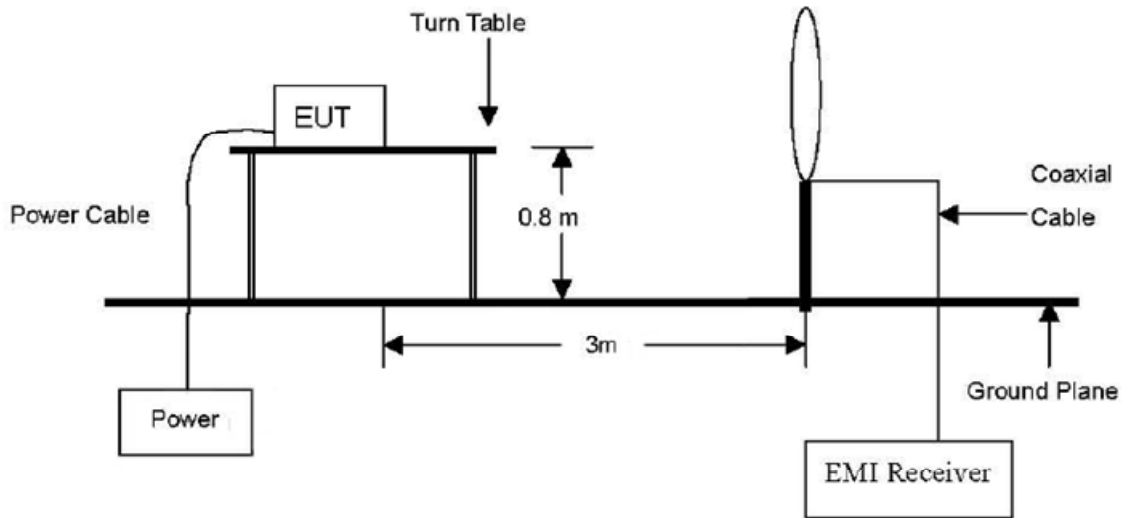
Where

Corr. Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)

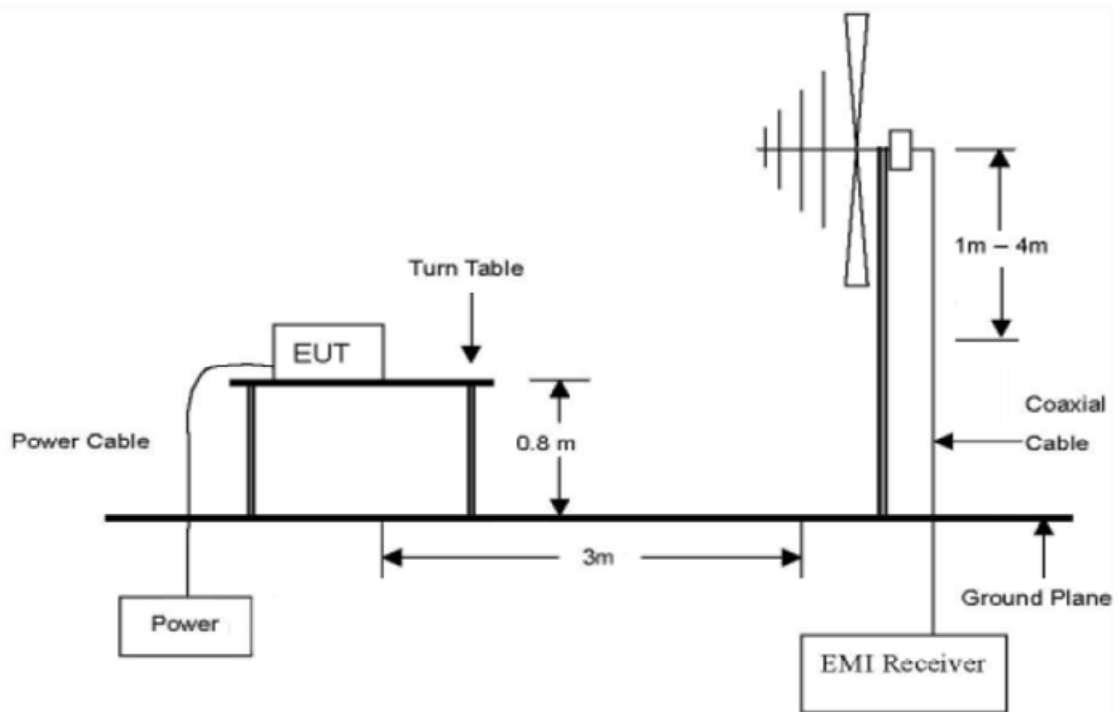
Note: Example of Field strength = 20log 2400/F + 80 = 129

2.5.2 Test Configuration

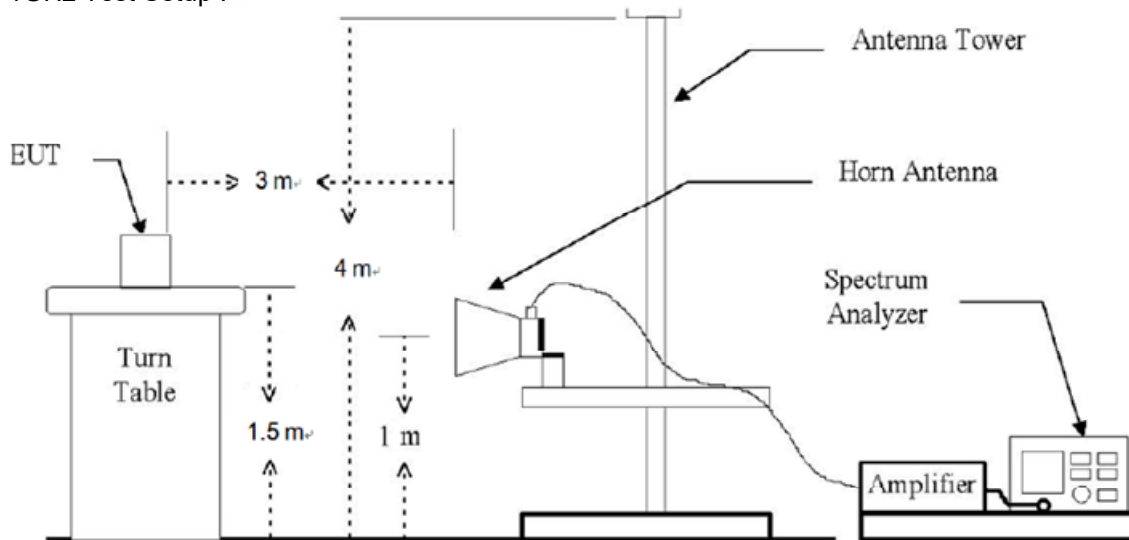
Below 30 MHz



Below 1 GHz test setup:



Above 1GHz Test Setup :



2.5.3 Test Procedure

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane for below 1GHz and 150 cm for above 1GHz. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.10. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 3 MHz for peak measurements and add duty cycle factor for average measurements. (Restricted bandedge, Final detection of spurious harmonic emissions)

Duty cycle factor = $10 \log (1/x)$. For this sample: DCF = $10 \log (1/1) = 0$ dB (Spectrum Analyzer round it up to 2.06 dB).

$1/T$ minimum VBW = $1/\text{Duty cycle}$. For this sample: minimum VBW = $1/1 = 1$ kHz

Pre-scans to detect harmonic and spurious emissions, the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz; the video bandwidth is set to 30 KHz for peak measurements.

The spectrum from 1 GHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

(From 30MHz to 1GHz, test was performed with the EUT set to transmit at the channel with highest output power)

The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth.

The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission.

Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

2.5.4 Test Result (Restricted Band Edge Above 1 GHz)

The frequency spectrum above 1000 MHz was investigated. All reading values are peak and average values.
All test performed worst axis (Z axis)

BEACON

Lowest Channel

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Duty	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	DCCF (dB)	Actual (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2399.66	63.72	Peak	H	0	63.72	74.00	10.28
*2399.66	31.41	Average	H	2.08	33.49	54.00	20.51
*2399.87	62.45	Peak	H	0	62.45	74.00	11.55
*2399.87	33.83	Average	H	2.08	35.91	54.00	18.09
*2399.89	57.69	Peak	H	0	57.69	74.00	16.31
*2399.89	30.18	Average	H	2.08	32.26	54.00	21.74
2399.48	64.97	Peak	V	0	64.97	74.00	9.03
2399.48	31.14	Average	V	2.08	33.22	54.00	20.78
*2399.52	63.52	Peak	V	0	63.52	74.00	10.48
*2399.52	30.11	Average	V	2.08	32.19	54.00	21.81
*2399.75	57.52	Peak	V	0	57.52	74.00	16.48
*2399.75	27.62	Average	V	2.08	29.70	54.00	24.30
*2399.81	68.40	Peak	V	0	68.40	74.00	5.60
*2399.81	37.96	Average	V	2.08	40.04	54.00	13.96
*2399.89	57.52	Peak	V	0	57.52	74.00	16.48
*2399.89	29.40	Average	V	2.08	31.48	54.00	22.52
14432.83	57.00	Peak	V	0	57.00	74.00	17.00
14772.83	45.00	Average	H	2.08	47.08	54.00	6.92
17969.78	64.72	Peak	H	0	64.72	74.00	9.28
17987.72	49.86	Average	V	2.08	51.94	54.00	2.06
24579.47	42.54	Average	V	2.08	44.62	54.00	9.38

Note1. "*" : Restricted band edge point.

Note2. According to §15.31(o), emissions level are not be reported lower than the limit by over 20dB.

Note3. All factor values are already included in the Reading (dBuV) results.

Note4. Actual result (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + DCCF (dB)

Middle Channel

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Duty	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	DCCF (dB)	Actual (dBuv/m)	Limit (dBuv/m)	Margin (dB)
7970.94	33.36	Average	H	2.08	35.44	54.00	18.56
14688.78	45.41	Average	H	2.08	47.49	54.00	6.51
14736.00	58.31	Peak	H	0	58.31	74.00	15.69
17814.89	62.42	Peak	V	0	62.42	74.00	11.58
17841.33	49.68	Average	V	2.08	51.76	54.00	2.24
23426.31	40.87	Average	V	2.08	42.95	54.00	11.05
23845.64	41.27	Average	V	2.08	43.35	54.00	10.65
24824.56	43.11	Average	V	2.08	45.19	54.00	8.81
25881.39	42.27	Average	V	2.08	44.35	54.00	9.65

Note1. According to §15.31(o), emissions level are not be reported lower than the limit by over 20dB.

Note2. All factor values are already included in the Reading (dBuV) results.

Note3. Actual result (dBuv/m) = Reading (dBuV) + DCCF (dB)

Highest Channel

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Duty	Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	DCCF (dB)	Actual (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.76	46.93	Peak	H	0	46.93	74.00	27.07
*2 483.76	31.65	Average	H	2.08	33.73	54.00	20.27
*2 487.19	35.51	Peak	H	0	35.51	74.00	38.49
*2 487.19	32.43	Average	H	2.08	34.51	74.00	39.49
*2 483.67	50.66	Peak	V	0	50.66	54.00	3.34
*2 483.67	23.31	Average	V	2.08	25.39	74.00	48.61
*2 484.17	48.94	Peak	V	0	48.94	54.00	5.06
*2 484.17	23.37	Average	V	2.08	25.45	74.00	48.55
*2 487.59	43.75	Peak	V	0	43.75	74.00	30.25
*2 487.59	22.02	Average	V	2.08	24.1	54.00	29.90
14 822.89	58.19	Peak	H	0	58.19	74.00	15.81
14 889.00	44.75	Average	H	2.08	46.83	54.00	7.17
17 899.89	50.60	Average	H	2.08	52.68	54.00	1.32
17 946.17	64.10	Peak	V	0	64.1	74.00	9.90
20 957.06	40.69	Average	V	2.08	42.77	54.00	11.23
21 061.89	54.08	Peak	V	0	54.08	74.00	19.92
24 175.72	55.89	Peak	V	0	55.89	74.00	18.11
24 435.92	42.25	Average	H	2.08	44.33	54.00	9.67
26 076.42	54.84	Peak	H	0	54.84	74.00	19.16
26 169.92	42.73	Average	V	2.08	44.81	54.00	9.19

Note1. "*" : Restricted band edge point.

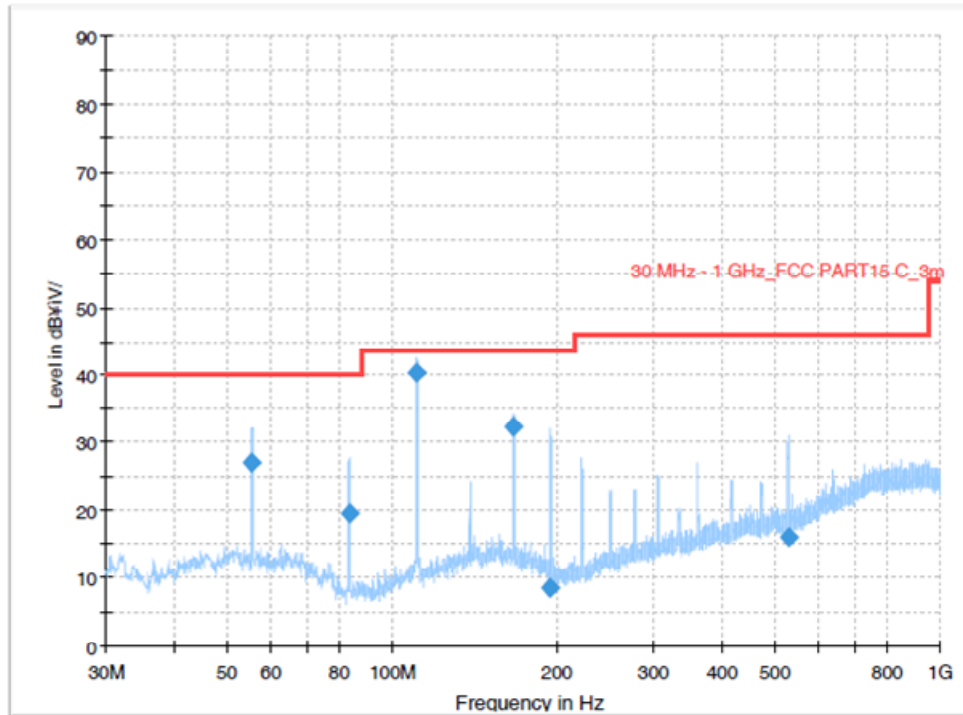
Note2. According to §15.31(o), emissions level are not be reported lower than the limit by over 20dB.

Note3. All factor values are already included in the Reading (dBuV) results.

Note4. Actual result (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + DCCF (dB)

2.5.5 Test Result (Spurious Emissions Above 9 kHz to Below 1 GHz)

BEACON



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Comment
55.51	27.10	12.90	2000.0	120.000	100.0	V	0.0	9:07:28 AM - 4/20/2023
83.45	19.58	20.42	2000.0	120.000	100.0	V	4.0	9:07:51 AM - 4/20/2023
111.19	40.28	3.24	2000.0	120.000	100.0	V	122.0	9:08:14 AM - 4/20/2023
166.77	32.23	11.29	2000.0	120.000	100.0	V	292.0	9:08:41 AM - 4/20/2023
194.71	8.47	35.06	2000.0	120.000	100.0	V	0.0	9:07:39 AM - 4/20/2023
528.68	16.17	29.85	2000.0	120.000	100.0	H	335.0	9:09:05 AM - 4/20/2023

Note1: Worst case (Highest Channel (2 480 MHz))

Note2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz have been tested and test data more than 20 dB margin.

2.6 AC Power Line Conducted Emission

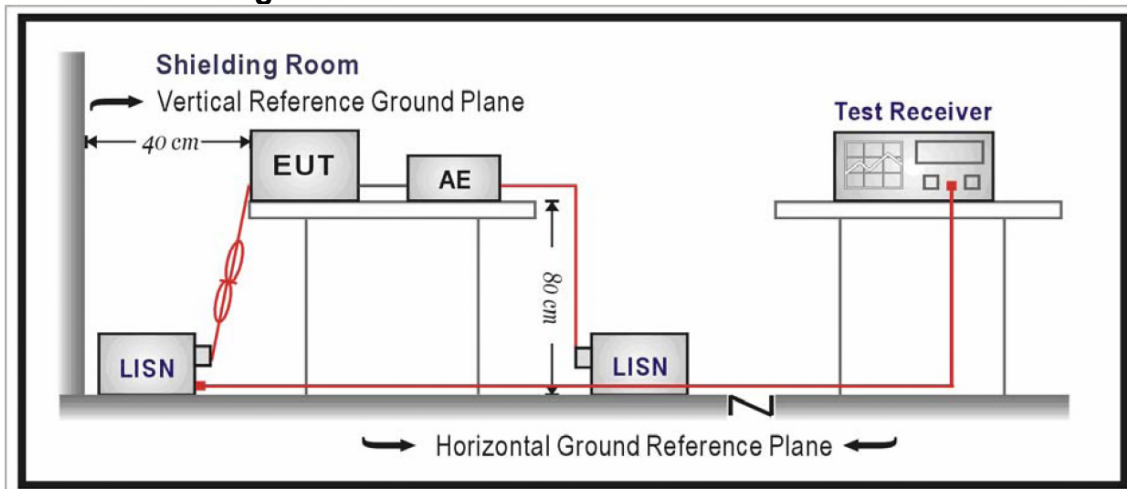
2.6.1 Limit

Test Specification: According to FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

Note : * Decrease with the logarithm of the frequency

2.6.2 Test Configuration



2.6.3 Test Procedure

The EUT and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50 ohm /50 uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50 ohm/50 uH coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. (Please refers to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs.)

Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed on conducted measurement.

Conducted emissions were investigated over the frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a receiver bandwidth of 9kHz.

2.6.4 Test Result

Not applicable : The product powered by battery.

NTREE

2.7 Antenna Requirement

2.7.1 Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

2.7.2 Applicable Construction

2.7.3 Test Result

Pass

NTREE