

TEST REPORT

Product Name : SVANAR WIRELESS
Model Number : T050
FCC ID : 2BAQY-T050TA201

Prepared for : HIFIMAN Kunshan Technology Group Co, Ltd.
Address : No.2001 Yingbin West Road, Bacheng Town, Kunshan
City.Jiangsu Province,China

Prepared by : EMTEK (DONGGUAN) CO., LTD.
Address : -1&2/F.,Building 2, Zone A, Zhongda Marine Biotechnology
Research and Development Base, No.9, Xincheng Avenue,
Songshanhu High-technology Industrial Development Zone,
Dongguan, Guangdong, China

TEL: +86-0769-22807078
FAX: +86-0769-22807079

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1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : HIFIMAN Kunshan Technology Group Co, Ltd.
Address : No.2001 Yingbin West Road, Bacheng Town, Kunshan City.Jiangsu Province,China
Manufacturer : Dolphin Electronics (DongGuan) Co.,Ltd.
Address : Room 301,Building 3,No.2 Baolong Road, Houjie Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province,China
EUT : SVANAR WIRELESS
Model Name : T050
Trademark : HIFIMAN

Measurement Procedure Used:

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	PASS
IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5(04-2018)+A1(03-2019)+A2(02-2021) IC RSS-247 Issue 2(02-2017)	PASS

The above equipment was tested by EMTEK(DONGGUAN) CO., LTD. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 2, Part 15.247, IC RSS-247 Issue 2 and IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report


Date of Test : April 01,2023 to April 21,2023

Prepared by : 

Warren Deng /Editor

Reviewer : 

Tim Dong /Supervisor

Approve & Authorized Signer : 

Sam Lv / Manager

Modified History

Version	Report No.	Revision Date	Summary
	EDG2303310285E00101R	/	Original Report



2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Characteristics	Description
Product:	SVANAR WIRELESS
Model Number:	T050
Sample:	1#
Data Rate:	1Mbps for GFSK modulation 2Mbps for $\pi/4$ -DQPSK modulation 3Mbps for 8DPSK modulation
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operating Frequency Range(s) :	2402-2480MHz
Number of Channels:	79 channels
Transmit Power Max:	4.36 dBm(0.002729W)
Antenna Type:	LDS Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.51 dBi
Power supply:	DC 5V 500mA from USB DC 3.7V 314.5mAh from battery
Product SW/HW version:	HW: V1.1 SW: V1.21
Radio SW/HW version:	HW: V1.1 SW: V1.21
Temperature Range:	-10°C ~ +45°C

Note1: for more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.

Note2: for technical reasons, in order to make the two headphones better interconnected, they are connected together through wireless Bluetooth to form the left and right channels. In addition, because the corresponding left and right earphones have different structures, they cannot be put into the shell without changing the layout. So the layout is different, but the materials used are the same. Because the wireless chip, antenna and crystal oscillator are the same, but the power of the left earphone is higher, all the test items are tested with the left earphone.

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

FCC Part Clause	IC Part Clause	Test Parameter	Verdict	Remark
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1 RSS-Gen.6.7	Emission Bandwidth	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Number of Hopping Frequencies	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	PASS	
15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247.5.4 RSS-Gen 6.12	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	PASS	
15.247(d)	RSS-247 5.5	Conducted Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.247(d) 15.209 15.205	RSS-Gen 8.9 RSS-Gen 8.10 RSS-Gen 6.13 RSS-247 3.3 RSS-247 5.5	Radiated Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.207	RSS-Gen 8.8	Conducted Emission	PASS	
15.203 15.247(b)	RSS-Gen 6.8 RSS-247 5.4	Antenna Application	PASS	
15.247 (a) (1)/g/h	-	Frequency Hopping System	PASS	
NOTE1: N/A (Not Applicable)				
NOTE2: According to FCC OET KDB 558074, the report use radiated measurements in the restricted frequency bands. In addition, the radiated test is also performed to ensure the emissions emanating from the device cabinet also comply with the applicable limits.				

RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT(S):

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2BAQY-T050TA201** filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

4 TEST METHODOLOGY

4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C

IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5(04-2018)+A1(03-2019)+A2(02-2021)

IC RSS-247 Issue 2(02-2017)

FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Conducted Emission Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
Test Receiver	Rohde& Schwarz	ESCI	100137	2022/05/19	1Year
L.I.S.N.	Rohde& Schwarz	ENV216	101209	2022/05/19	1Year
RF Switching Unit	CDS	RSU-M2	38401	2022/05/19	1Year

For Spurious Emissions Test

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	101415	2022/05/19	1Year
Power Amplifier	HP	8447F	OPH64	2022/05/19	1Year
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	141	2022/05/22	1Year
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	1272	2022/05/22	1Year
Power Amplifier	LUNAR EM	LNA1G18-40	J10100000081	2022/05/19	1Year
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	1513-60	2022/05/22	2 Year
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103039	2022/05/19	1Year
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	141	2022/05/22	1Year
Band reject Filter(50dB)	WI/DE	WRCGV-2400(2400-2485MHz)	2	2022/05/20	1 Year

For other test items:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
Wireless Connectivity Tester	R&S	CMW270	102543	2022/06/21	1Year
Automatic Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	2118060480	2022/06/21	1Year
Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY60242456	2022/06/21	1Year
Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5173B	MY61252625	2022/06/21	1Year
UP/DOWN-Converter	R&S	CMW-Z800A	100274	2022/06/21	1Year
Vector Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5182B	MY61252674	2022/06/21	1Year
Frequency Extender	KEYSIGHT	N5182BX07	MY59362541	2022/06/21	1Year
Temperature&Humidity test chamber	ESPEC	EL-02KA	12107166	2022/06/21	1 Year

4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under its typical operating condition.

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test of channel included the lowest and middle and highest frequency to perform the test, then record on this report.

Those data rates (1Mbps for GFSK modulation(DH5); 2Mbps for $\pi/4$ -DQPSK modulation(2DH5); 3Mbps for 8DPSK modulation(3DH5);)were used for all test.

Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Frequency and Channel list for Bluetooth

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441
1	2403	40	2442	76	2478
2	2404	41	2443	77	2479
...	78	2480

Note: $fc=2402\text{MHz}+k\times 1\text{MHz}$ $k=0$ to 78

Test Frequency and channel for Bluetooth

Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441	78	2480

4.4 TABLE OF PARAMETERS OF TEXT SOFTWARE SETTING

During testing, channel & power controlling software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product power parameters of WLAN

Test software version:	AB1565_AB1568_Airoha_Tool_Kit(ATK)_v2.7.4		
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480
GFSK	48	48	48
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	48	48	48
8DPSK	48	48	48

5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at:

EMTEK (DONGGUAN) CO., LTD.

-1&2/F., Building 2, Zone A, Zhongda Marine Biotechnology Research and Development Base, No.9, Xincheng Avenue, Songshanhu High-technology Industrial Development Zone, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with preselectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Site Description

EMC Lab.

: Accredited by CNAS, 2020.08.27

The certificate is valid until 2024.07.05

The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01:2018

The Certificate Registration Number is L3150

Accredited by FCC

Designation Number: CN1300

Test Firm Registration Number: 945551

Accredited by A2LA, April 05, 2021

The Certificate Registration Number is 4321.02

Accredited by Industry Canada

The Certificate Registration Number is CN0113

Name of Firm

: EMTEK (DONGGUAN) CO., LTD.

Site Location

: -1&2/F., Building 2, Zone A, Zhongda Marine Biotechnology Research and Development Base, No.9, Xincheng Avenue, Songshanhu High-technology Industrial Development Zone, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

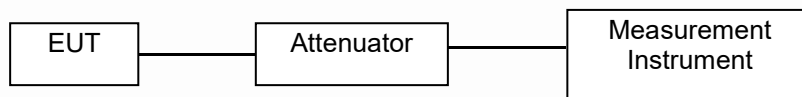
Test Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Radio Frequency	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Maximum Peak Output Power Test	$\pm 1.0\text{dB}$
Conducted Emissions Test	$\pm 2.0\text{dB}$
Radiated Emission Test	$\pm 2.0\text{dB}$
Power Density	$\pm 2.0\text{dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth Test	$\pm 1.0\text{dB}$
Band Edge Test	$\pm 3\text{dB}$
All emission, radiated	$\pm 3\text{dB}$
Antenna Port Emission	$\pm 3\text{dB}$
Temperature	$\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$
Humidity	$\pm 3\%$

Measurement Uncertainty for a level of Confidence of 95%

7 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1

The Bluetooth component's antenna ports(s) of the EUT are connected to the measurement instrument per an appropriate attenuator. The EUT is controlled by PC/software to emit the specified signals for the purpose of measurements.



7.2 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 2

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10. The test distance is 3m. The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

Below 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna (loop antenna). The Antenna should be positioned with its plane vertical at the specified distance from the EUT and rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. The center of the loop shall be 1 m above the ground. For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT.

Above 30MHz:

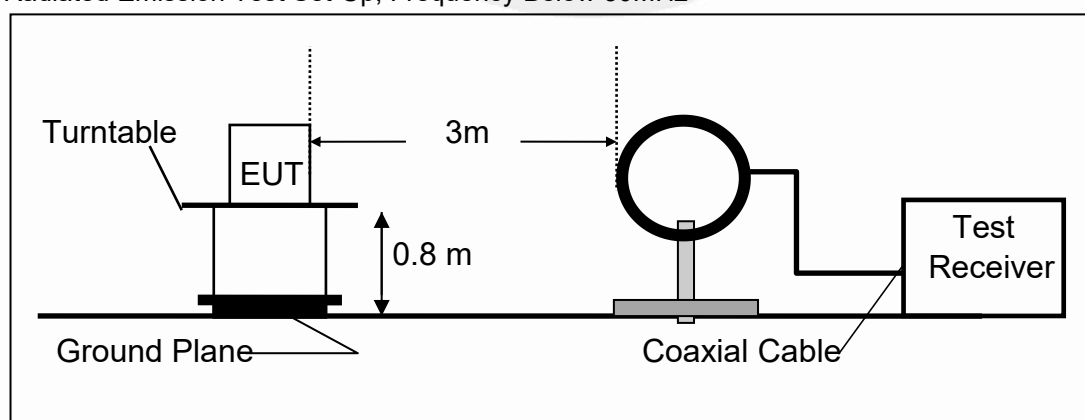
The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

Above 1GHz:

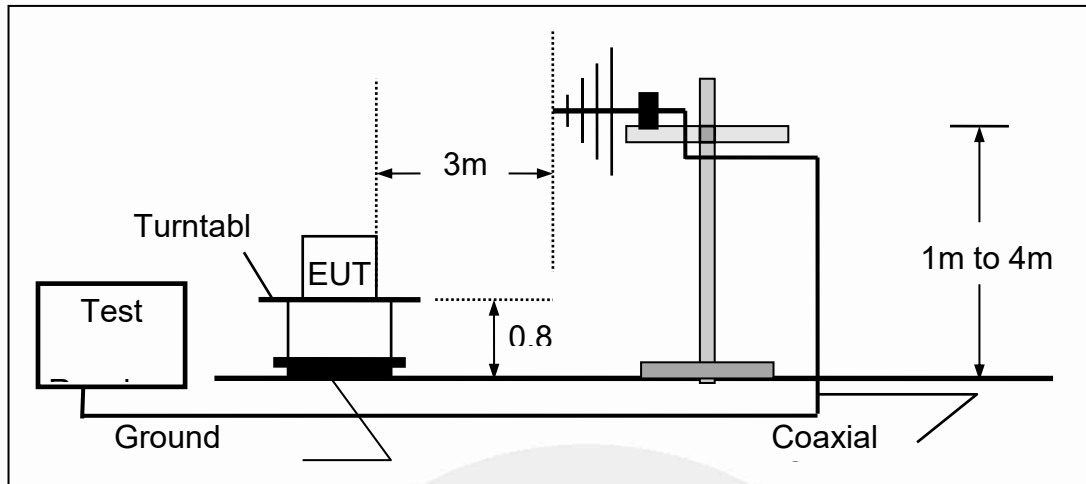
(Note: the FCC's permission to use 1.5m as an alternative per TCBC Conf call of Dec. 2, 2014.)

The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

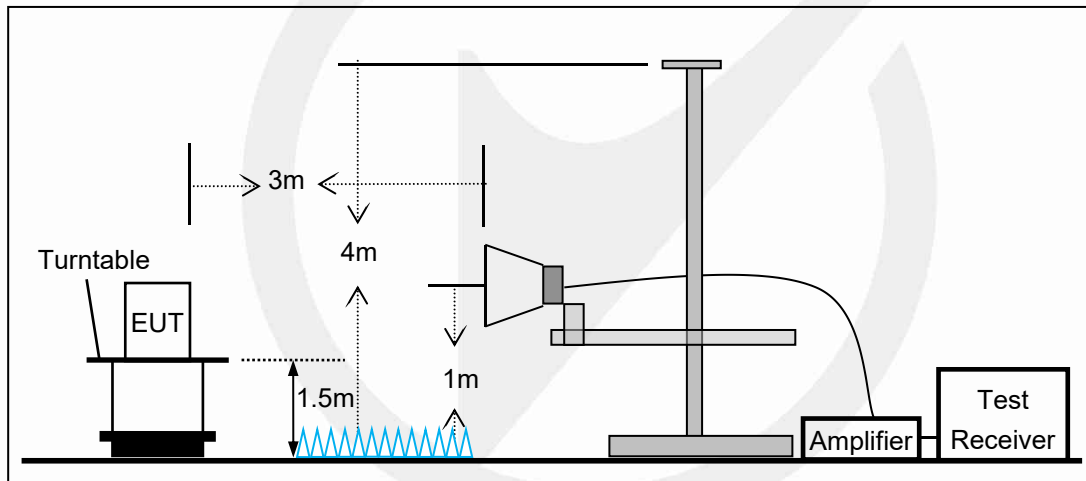
(a) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz



(b) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(c) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz

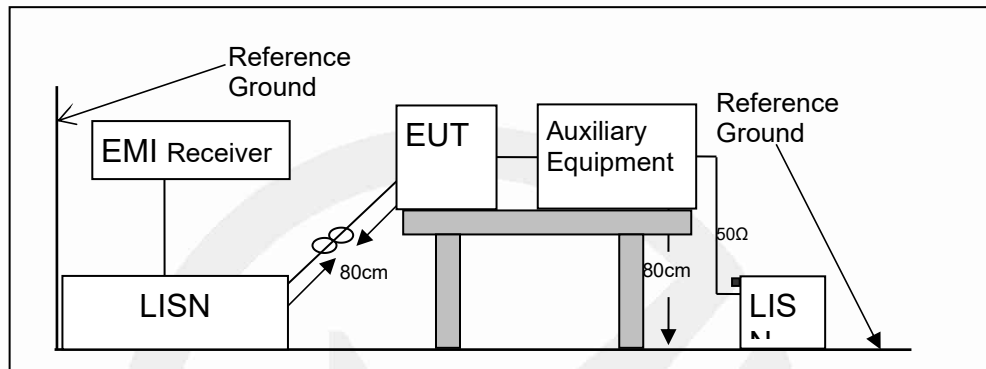


7.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP

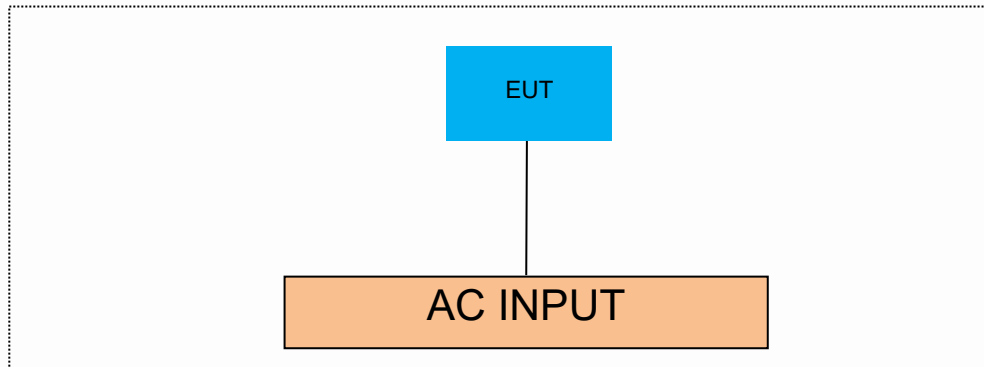
The mains cable of the EUT (Perfect Share Mini) must be connected to LISN. The LISN shall be placed 0.8m from the boundary of EUT and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance is between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment shall be at least 0.8m from the LISN.

Ground connections, where required for safety purposes, shall be connected to the reference ground point of the LISN and, where not otherwise provided or specified by the manufacturer, shall be of same length as the mains cable and run parallel to the mains connection at a separation distance of not more than 0.8m.

According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak and average detector mode.



7.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM CONFIGURATION OF TEST SYSTEM



7.5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

EUT Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
USB line	0.2	/	/

Auxiliary Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
		/	/

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
Notebook	Lenovo	E46L	11S168003748Z0LR06E0HG
Adaptor	Apple	/	/
/	/	/	/

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

8 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

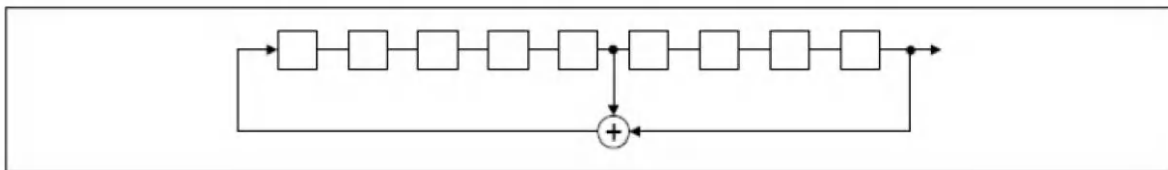
8.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The normal hop is 1 600 hops/s.

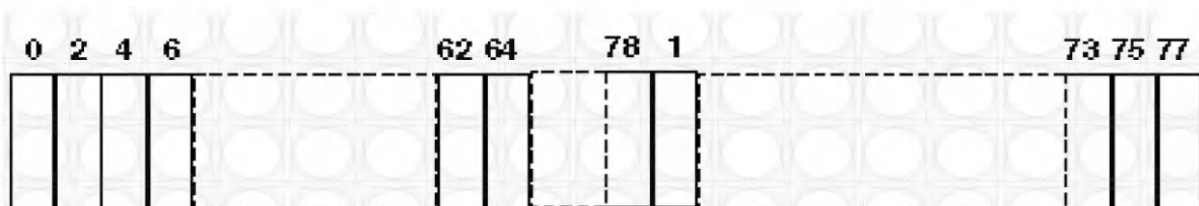
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 511$ bits

Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

8.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the piconet are time and hop-synchronized to the channel.

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

35, 27, 6, 44, 14, 61, 74, 32, 1, 11, 23, 2, 55, 65, 29, 3, 9, 52, 78, 58, 40, 25, 0, 7, 18, 26, 76, 60, 47, 50, 2, 5, 16, 37, 70, 63, 66, 54, 20, 13, 4, 8, 15, 21, 26, 10, 73, 77, 67, 69, 43, 24, 57, 39, 46, 72, 48, 33, 17, 31, 75, 19, 41, 62, 68, 28, 51, 66, 30, 56, 34, 59, 71, 22, 49, 64, 38, 45, 36, 42, 53

Each Frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter

8.4 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

9 TEST REQUIREMENTS

9.1 20DB&99%BANDWIDTH

9.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-247.5.1 and RSS-Gen.6.7

9.1.2 Conformance Limit

No limit requirement.

9.1.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.1.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was operating in Bluetooth mode and controlled its channel. Printed out the test result from the spectrum by hard copy function.

The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously

Set RBW = 30 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) = 100 kHz.

Set Span= approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth

Set Detector = Peak.

Set Trace mode = max hold.

Set Sweep = auto couple.

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the markerdelta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation.

Measure and record the results in the test report.

Test Results

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: N/A

20dB Emission Bandwidth

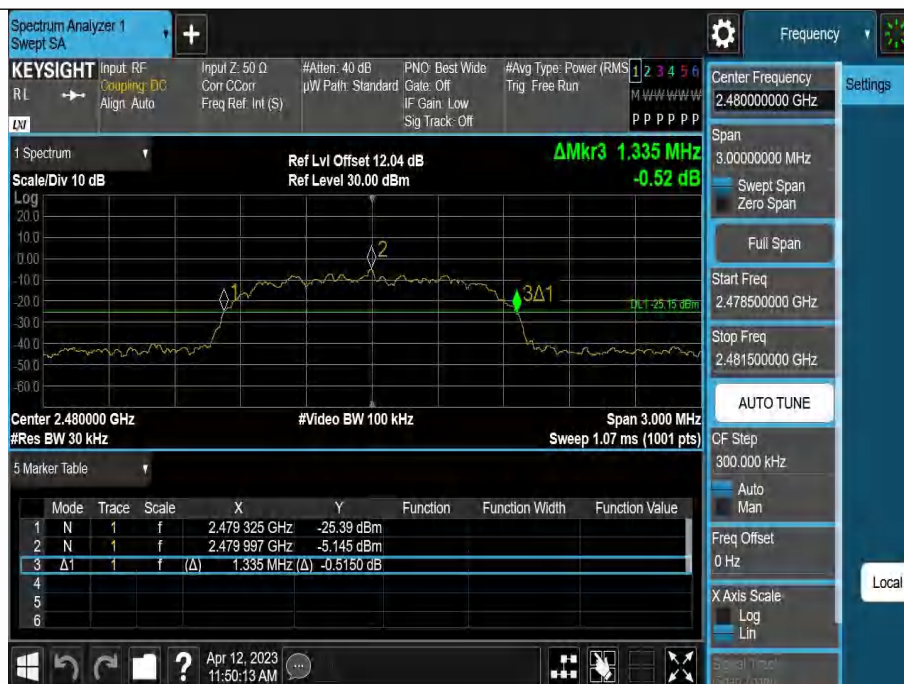
TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	20db EBW[MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.260	2401.376	2402.636	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.260	2440.364	2441.624	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2480	1.335	2479.325	2480.660	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.263	2401.349	2402.612	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.293	2440.343	2441.636	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1.296	2479.346	2480.642	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2402	0.960	2401.520	2402.480	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2441	0.978	2440.505	2441.483	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2480	0.975	2479.505	2480.480	---	---



2DH5-Ant1-2402



2DH5-Ant1-2441



2DH5-Ant1-2480



3DH5-Ant1-2402



3DH5-Ant1-2441



3DH5-Ant1-2480



DH5-Ant1-2402



DH5-Ant1-2441



Occupied Channel Bandwidth

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	OCB [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	0.89499	2401.5488	2402.4437	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2441	0.90004	2440.5469	2441.4469	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2480	0.89363	2479.5461	2480.4397	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.1834	2401.4004	2402.5838	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.1754	2440.4017	2441.5771	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2480	1.1841	2479.3997	2480.5838	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.1827	2401.4010	2402.5837	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.1812	2440.4037	2441.5849	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1.1905	2479.3964	2480.5869	---	---





DH5-Ant1-2402



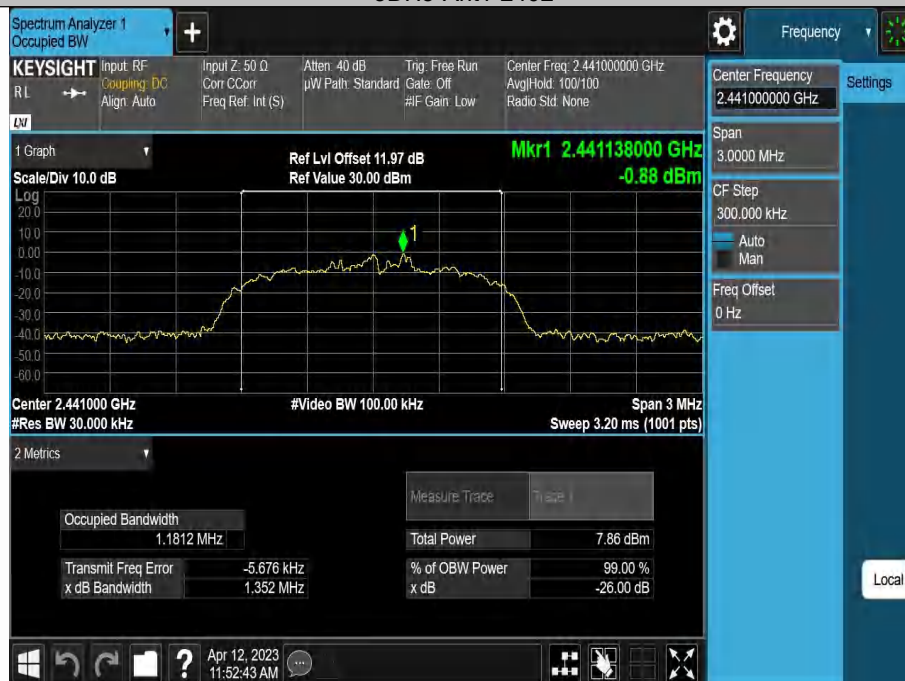
DH5-Ant1-2441







3DH5-Ant1-2402



3DH5-Ant1-2441



3DH5-Ant1-2480

9.2 CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION

9.2.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-247.5.1

9.2.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

In case of an output power less than 125mW, the frequency hopping system may have channels separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

9.2.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.2.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set the RBW =300kHz. Set VBW =300kHz.

Set the span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Detector = peak. Set Trace mode = max hold.

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

Test Results

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: For Limit = 20dB bandwidth * 2/3

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Hop	0.996	≥0.978	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	1.296	≥0.890	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	1	≥0.864	PASS





3DH5-Ant1-Hop

9.3 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES

9.3.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-247.5.1

9.3.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

9.3.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.3.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = the frequency band of operation (2400-2483.5MHz)

RBW = 300KHz

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

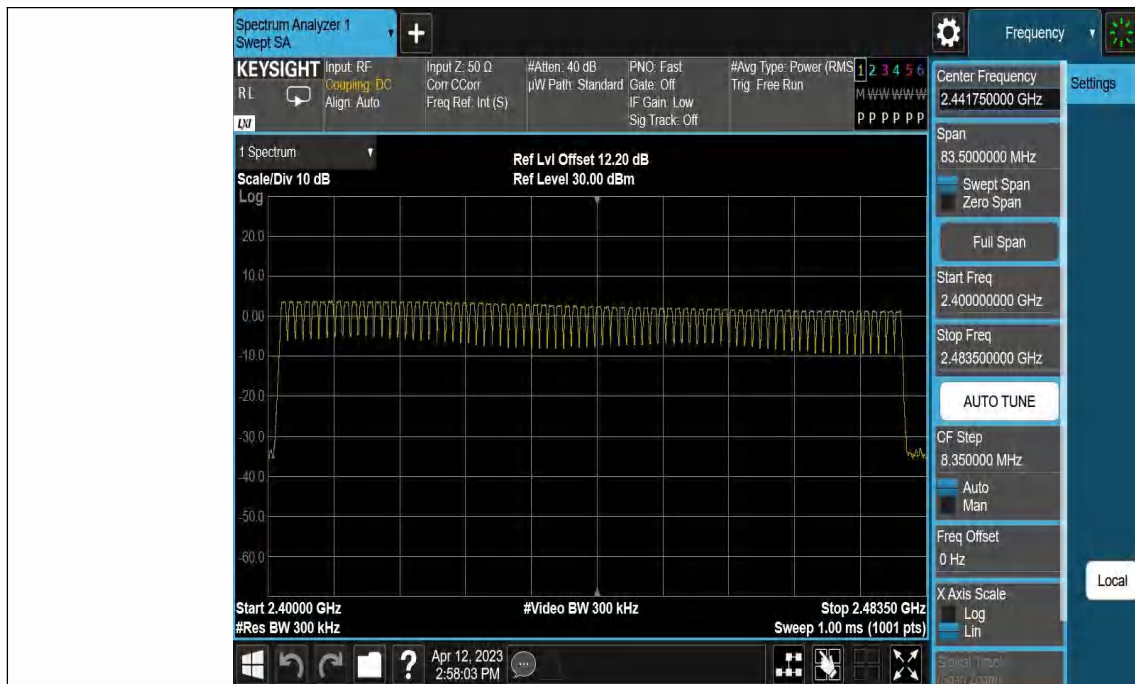
Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections, in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies.

Test Results

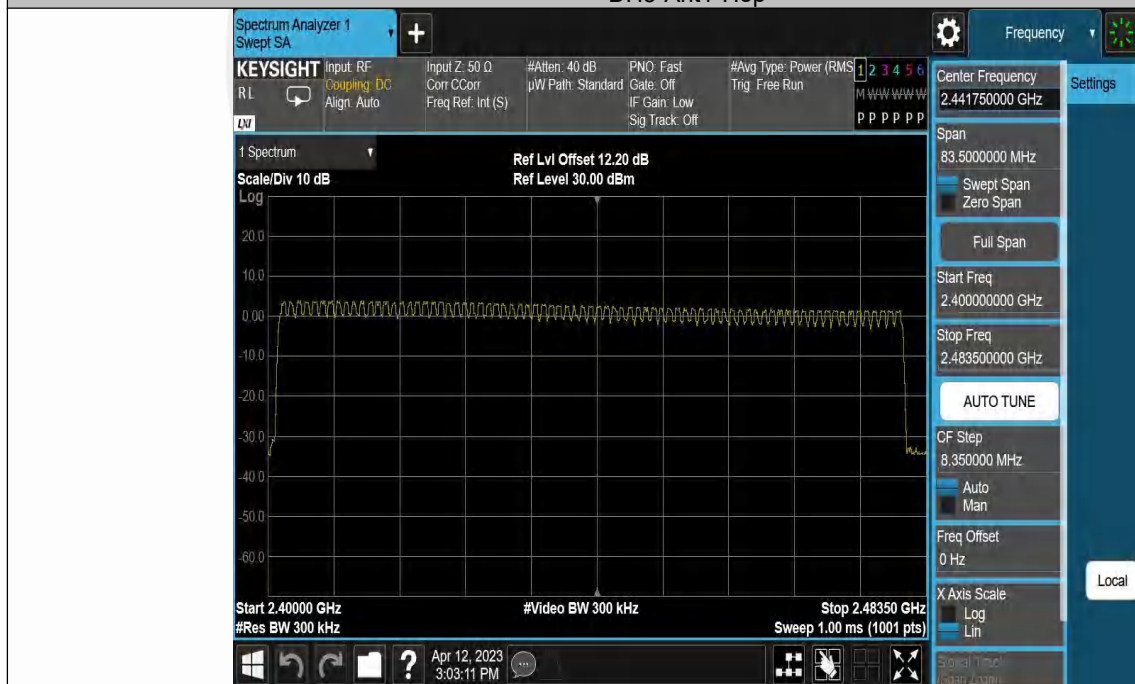
Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: N/A

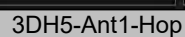
TestMode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	Result[Num]	Limit[Num]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	≥ 15	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	≥ 15	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	≥ 15	PASS



DH5-Ant1-Hop



2DH5-Ant1-Hop



9.4 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

9.4.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-247.5.1

9.4.2 Conformance Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band, the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4s within a period of 0.4s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

9.4.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.4.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.

9.4.5 Test Results

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: $TotalHops(DH1) = (1600/2/79) * 31.6$
 $TotalHops(DH3) = (1600/4/79) * 31.6$
 $TotalHops(DH5) = (1600/6/79) * 31.6$
 $Dwell\ Time = BurstWidth * TotalHops$

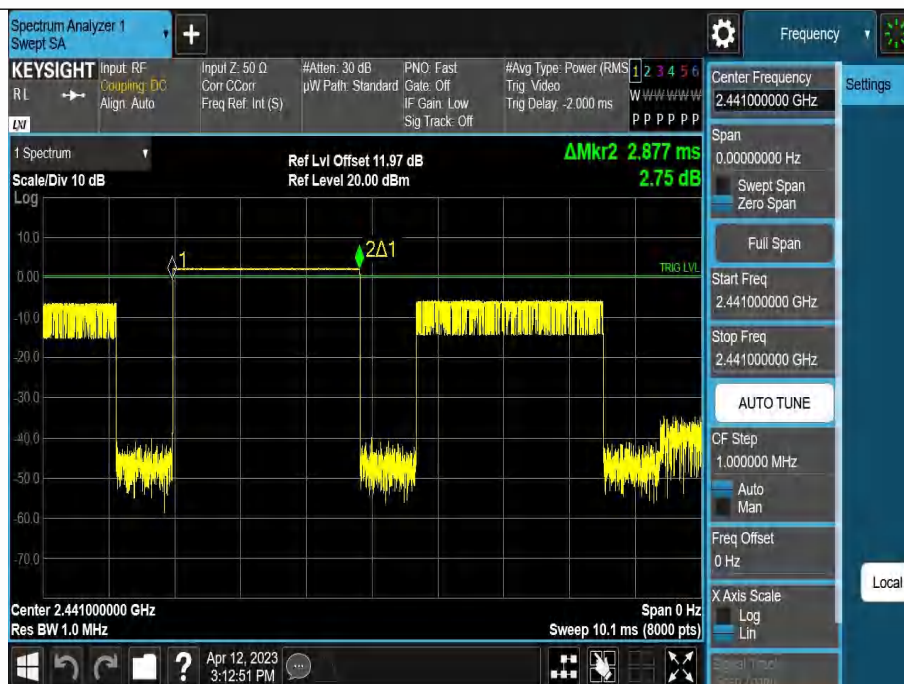
TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	BurstWidth [ms]	TotalHops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.372	320	0.119	≤ 0.4	PASS
DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.629	160	0.261	≤ 0.4	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.877	106.67	0.307	≤ 0.4	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.377	320	0.121	≤ 0.4	PASS
2DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.629	160	0.261	≤ 0.4	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.877	106.67	0.307	≤ 0.4	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.377	320	0.121	≤ 0.4	PASS
3DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.629	160	0.261	≤ 0.4	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.879	106.67	0.307	≤ 0.4	PASS



DH1-Ant1-Hop-0.372-320



DH3-Ant1-Hop-1.629-160



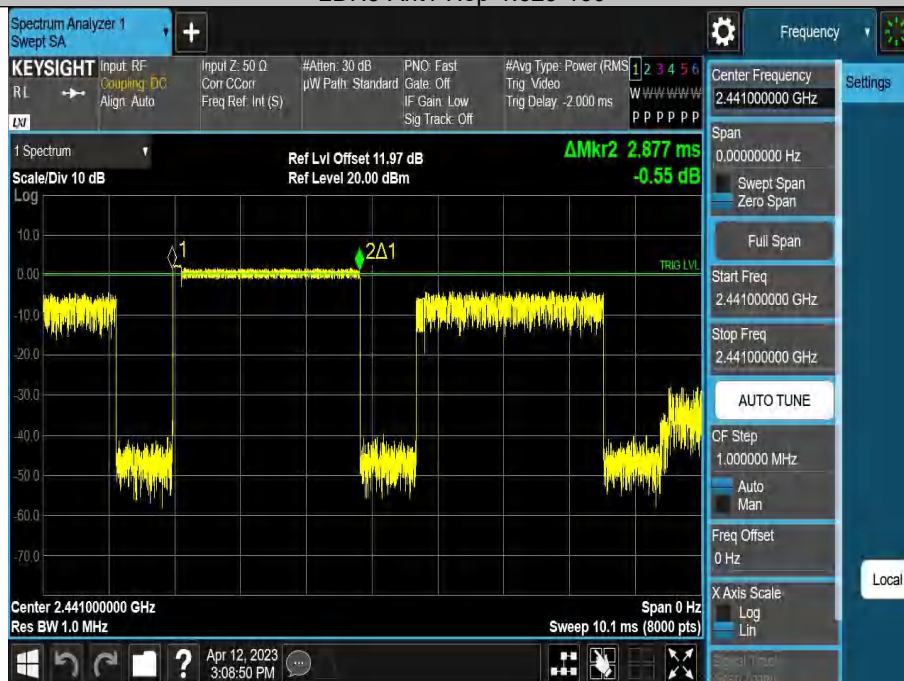
DH5-Ant1-Hop-2.877-106.67



2DH1-Ant1-Hop-0.377-320



2DH3-Ant1-Hop-1.629-160



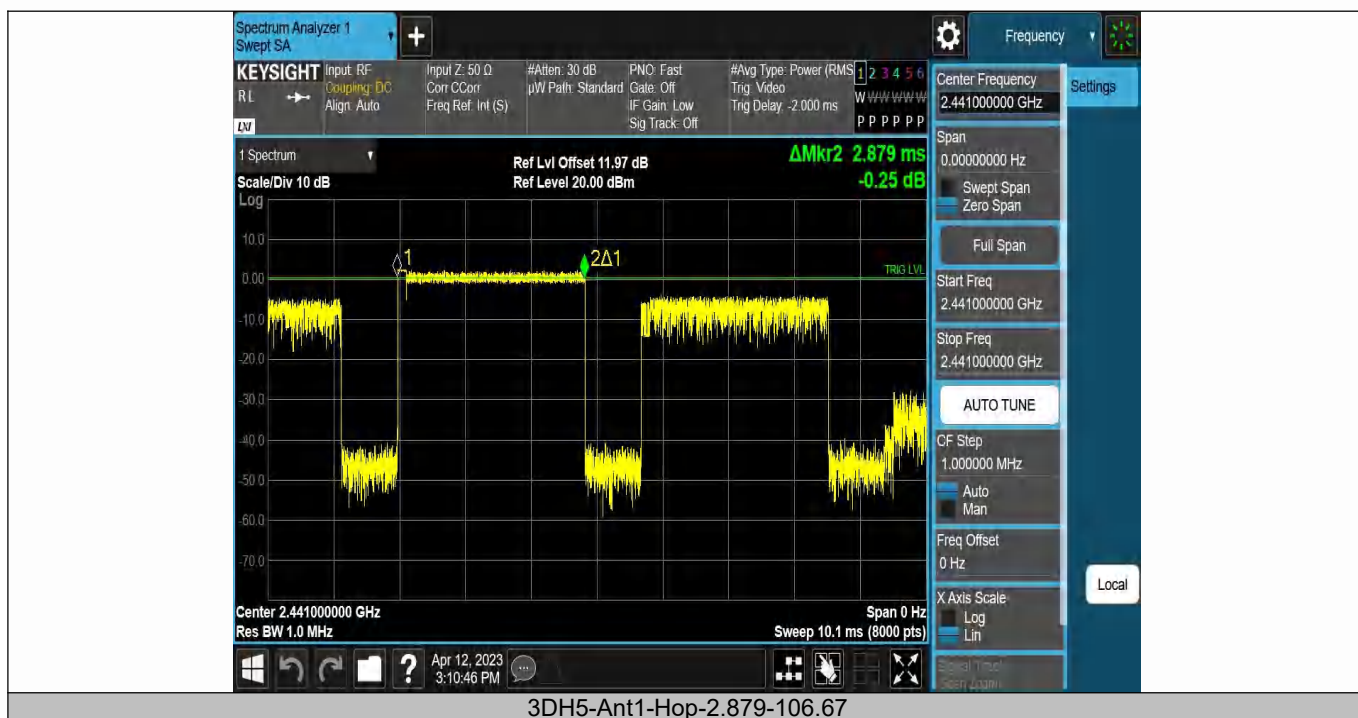
2DH5-Ant1-Hop-2.877-106.67



3DH1-Ant1-Hop-0.377-320



3DH3-Ant1-Hop-1.629-160



9.5 MAXIMUM PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

9.5.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-247.5.4 and RSS-Gen 6.12

9.5.2 Conformance Limit

The max For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

9.5.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.5.4 Test Procedure

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel (about 8MHz)

Set RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured (about 3MHz)

Set VBW \geq RBW

Set Sweep = auto

Set Detector function = peak

Set Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission to determine the peak amplitude level.

Test Results

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: N/A

Power of left earphone

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Power[dBm]	Conducted Limit[dBm]	Verdict
2DH5	Ant1	2402	4.2	≤20.97	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2441	2.82	≤20.97	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2480	1.65	≤20.97	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2402	4.27	≤20.97	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2441	2.79	≤20.97	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1.65	≤20.97	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2402	4.36	≤30	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2441	2.86	≤30	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2480	1.73	≤30	PASS

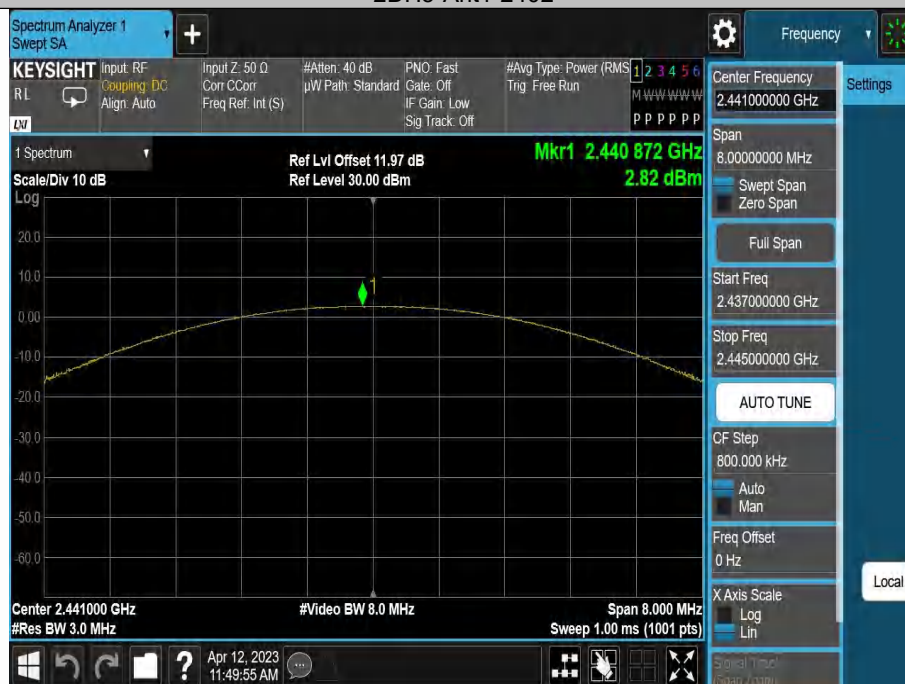
Power of right earphone

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Power[dBm]	Conducted Limit[dBm]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	3.58	≤30	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2441	1.51	≤30	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2480	0.35	≤30	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2402	4.06	≤30	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2441	2.12	≤30	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2480	0.96	≤30	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2402	4.34	≤30	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2441	2.44	≤30	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1.24	≤30	PASS

Power of left earphone



2DH5-Ant1-2402



2DH5-Ant1-2441



2DH5-Ant1-2480



3DH5-Ant1-2402



3DH5-Ant1-2441



3DH5-Ant1-2480





DH5-Ant1-2480

Power of right earphone



DH5-Ant1-2402



DH5-Ant1-2441



DH5-Ant1-2480



2DH5-Ant1-2402





3DH5-Ant1-2402



3DH5-Ant1-2441



3DH5-Ant1-2480

9.6 CONDUCTED SUPRIIOUS EMISSION

9.6.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-247 5.5

9.6.2 Conformance Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

9.6.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.6.4 Test Procedure

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer

■ Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DSS channel center frequency.

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Set Detector = peak. Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Trace mode = max hold. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum Maximum conduceted level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum conduceted level can be used to establish the reference level.

■ Band-edge measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band-edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation

Set RBW $\geq 1\%$ of the span=100kHz Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

Set Sweep = auto Set Detector function = peak Set Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. The marker-delta value now displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

Now, using the same instrument settings, enable the hopping function of the EUT. Allow the trace to stabilize.

Follow the same procedure listed above to determine if any spurious emissions caused by the hopping function also comply with the specified limit.

■ Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.(30MHz to 25GHz). Set RBW =

100 kHz Set VBW \geq RBW

Set Sweep = auto Set Detector function = peak Set Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

9.6.5 Test Results

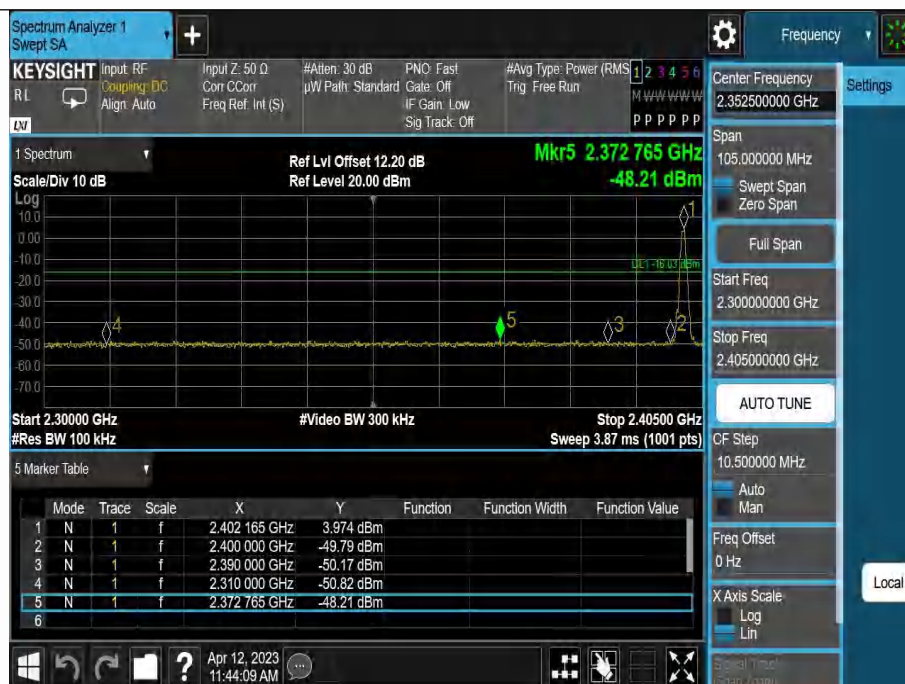
Temperature:	25°C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: N/A

All the antenna and modes mode have been tested, and the worst result recorded was report as below:

Band edge measurements

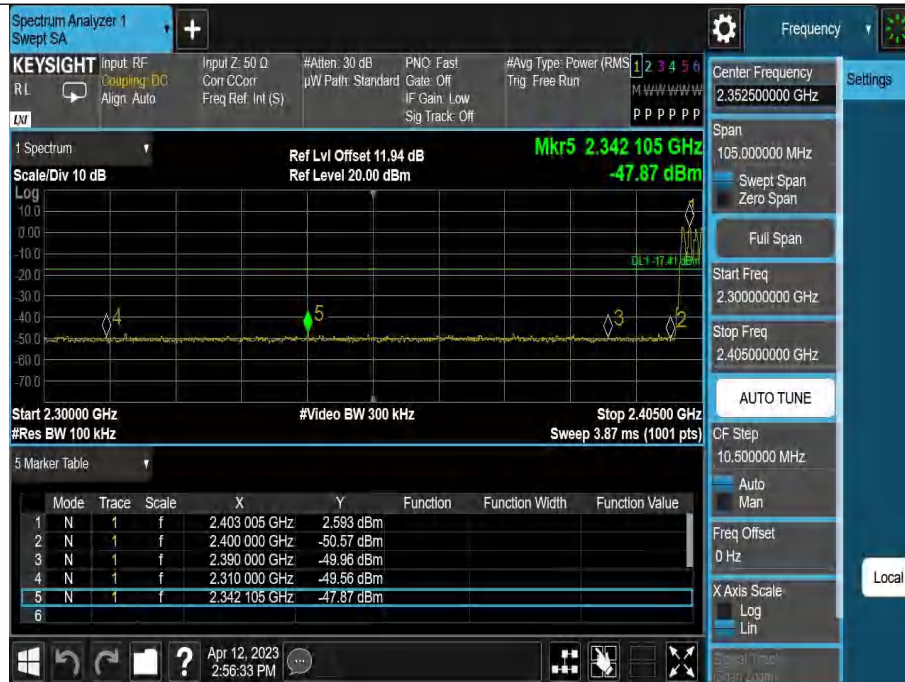
TestMode	Antenna	ChName	Frequency[MHz]	RefLevel [dBm]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Low	2402	3.97	-48.21	≤-16.03	PASS
DH5	Ant1	High	2480	1.35	-47.98	≤-18.65	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Low	Hop_2402	2.59	-47.87	≤-17.41	PASS
DH5	Ant1	High	Hop_2480	0.56	-47.5	≤-19.44	PASS



DH5-Ant1-Low-2402-3.97



DH5-Ant1-High-2480-1.35



DH5-Ant1-Low-Hop_2402-2.59

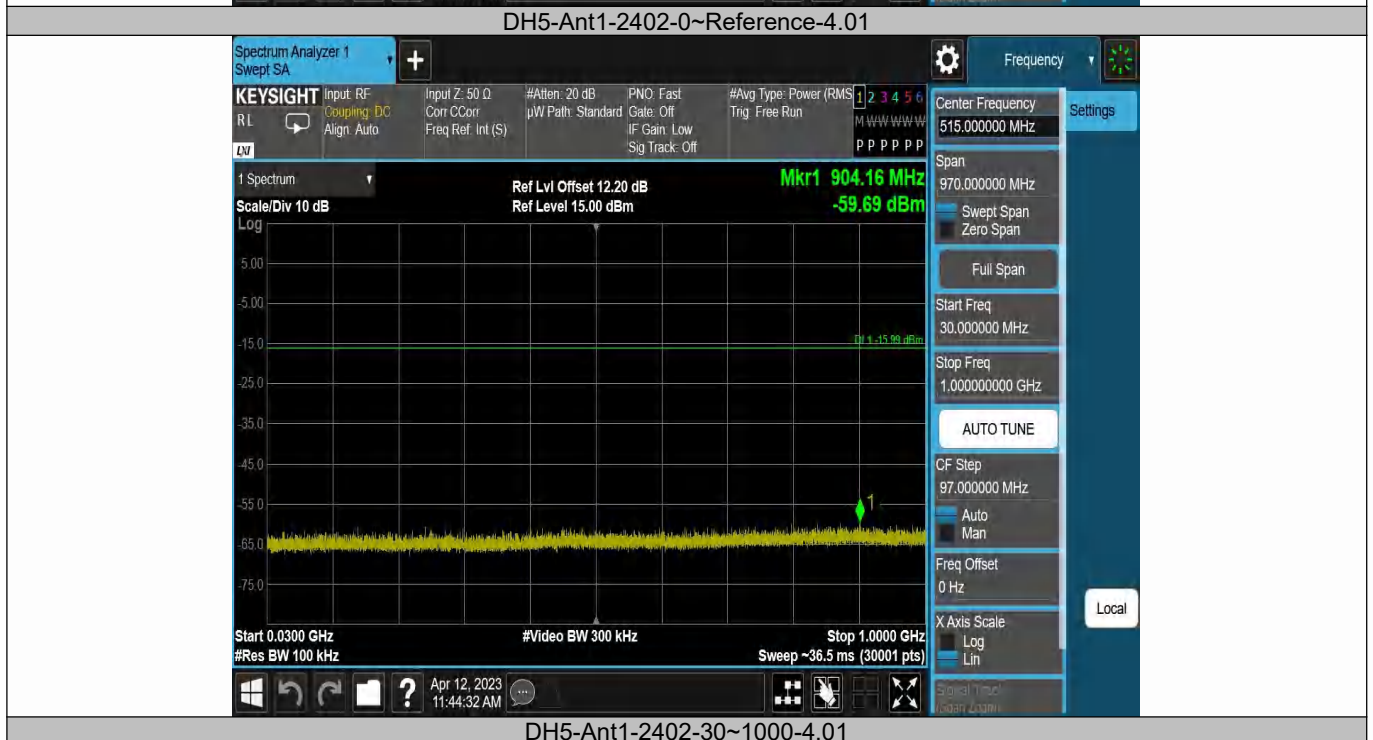


DH5-Ant1-High-Hop_2480-0.56

Conducted Spurious Emission

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	FreqRange [MHz]	RefLevel [dBm]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	0~Reference	4.01	4.01	---	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2402	30~1000	4.01	-59.69	≤-15.99	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2402	1000~26500	4.01	-48.32	≤-15.99	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2441	0~Reference	2.56	2.56	---	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2441	30~1000	2.56	-59.83	≤-17.44	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2441	1000~26500	2.56	-47.25	≤-17.44	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2480	0~Reference	1.34	1.34	---	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2480	30~1000	1.34	-60	≤-18.66	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2480	1000~26500	1.34	-45.67	≤-18.66	PASS



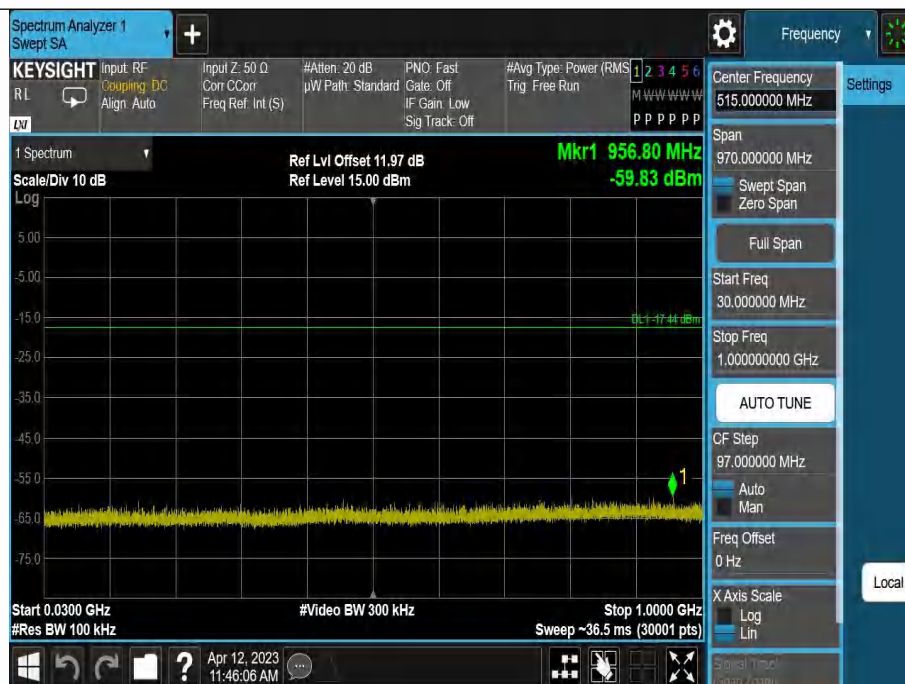




DH5-Ant1-2402-1000~26500-4.01



DH5-Ant1-2441-0~Reference-2.56



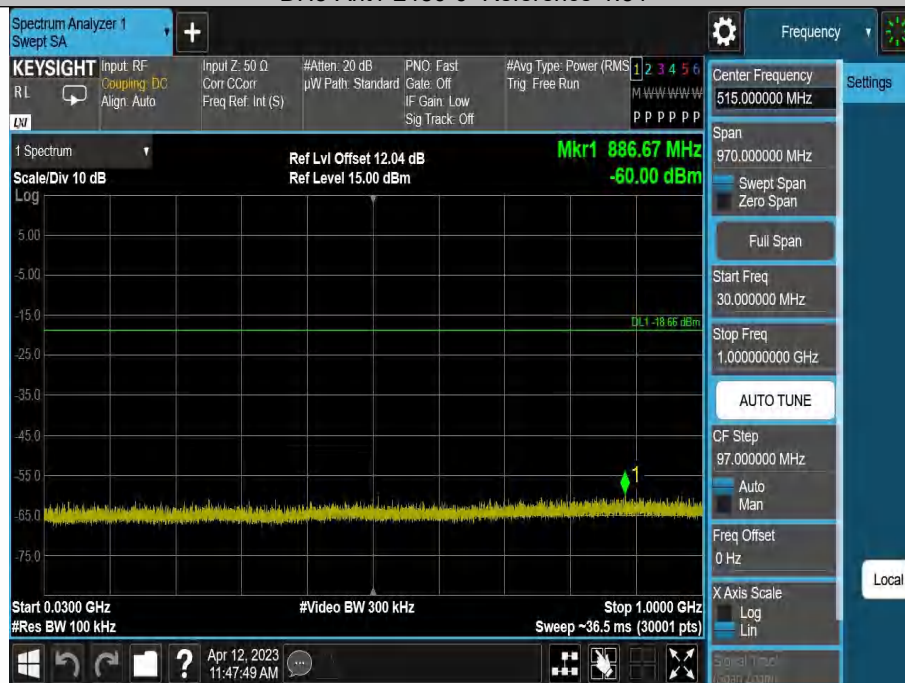
DH5-Ant1-2441-30~1000-2.56



DH5-Ant1-2441-1000~26500-2.56



DH5-Ant1-2480-0~Reference-1.34



DH5-Ant1-2480-30~1000-1.34



DH5-Ant1-2480-1000~26500-1.34

9.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION

9.7.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209 and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-Gen and RSS-247

9.7.2 Conformance Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(d): radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to FCC Part 15.205, Restricted bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2)
13.36-13.41			

According to FCC Part 15.205, the level of any transmitter spurious emission in Restricted bands shall not exceed the level of the emission specified in the following table

Restricted Frequency(MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement Distance
0.009-0.490	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	30
1.705-30	30	29.5	30
30-88	100	40	3
88-216	150	43.5	3
216-960	200	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

9.7.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.2 radio frequency test setup 2

9.7.4 Test Procedure

This test is required for any spurious emission that falls in a Restricted Band, as defined in Section 15.205. It must be performed with the highest gain of each type of antenna proposed for use with the EUT. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

For Above 1GHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For Below 1GHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 100 kHz for

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For Below 30MHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 9kHz

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For Below 150KHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 200Hz

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.10-2013 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are required for this test, in order to provide the measuring system with sufficient sensitivity. Allow the trace to stabilize. The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, which must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.35(b). Submit this data.

Now set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from $20\log(\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$, in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit. Submit this data.

Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured was complete.

9.7.5 Test Results

■ Spurious Emission below 30MHz (9KHz to 30MHz)

Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
		PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Note: the amplitude of spurious emission that is attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible limit has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = $40\log(\text{Specific distance}/\text{test distance})$ (dB);

Limit line = Specific limits(dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor

■ Spurious Emission Above 1GHz (1GHz to 25GHz)

All the antenna(Antenna 1) and modes(GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst(Antenna 1, GFSK) result recorded was report as below:

Test mode: GFSK Frequency: Channel 0: 2402MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
7256	V	58.31	43.56	74	54	-15.69	-10.44
10112	V	59.38	44.86	74	54	-14.62	-9.14
13682	V	58.71	44.22	74	54	-15.29	-9.78
8242	H	57.84	43.43	74	54	-16.16	-10.57
10486	H	58	43.48	74	54	-16.00	-10.52
12492	H	57.64	43.05	74	54	-16.36	-10.95

Test mode: GFSK Frequency: Channel 39: 2441MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
7494	V	56.84	42.13	74	54	-17.16	-11.87
10520	V	57.45	43.22	74	54	-16.55	-10.78
14498	V	57.04	42.39	74	54	-16.96	-11.61
7596	H	58.24	43.6	74	54	-15.76	-10.40
10146	H	57.93	43.46	74	54	-16.07	-10.54
14090	H	58.49	43.96	74	54	-15.51	-10.04

Test mode: GFSK Frequency: Channel 78: 2480MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
8140	V	57.82	43.63	74	54	-16.18	-10.37
9432	V	58.19	43.73	74	54	-15.81	-10.27
12764	V	58.28	43.83	74	54	-15.72	-10.17
9262	H	57.6	43.05	74	54	-16.40	-10.95
11608	H	57.44	43.14	74	54	-16.56	-10.86
15042	H	56.18	41.85	74	54	-17.82	-12.15

Note:

- (1) All Readings are Peak Value (VBW=3MHz) and Average Value (VBW=10Hz).
- (2) Emission Level= Reading Level+Correct Factor.
- (3) Correct Factor= Ant_F + Cab_L - Preamp
- (4) The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

■ Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz and 2483.5-2500MHz

All the antenna(Antenna 1) and modes(GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK, Hopping) mode have been tested, and the worst(Antenna 1, GFSK, Hopping) result recorded was report as below:

Test mode: GFSK Frequency: Channel 0: 2402MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity H/V	PK(dBuV/m) (VBW=3MHz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	AV(dBuV/m) (VBW=10Hz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)
2388.88	H	45.94	74	32.11	54
2386.8	V	45.7	74	32.17	54

Test mode: GFSK Frequency: Channel 78: 2480MHz

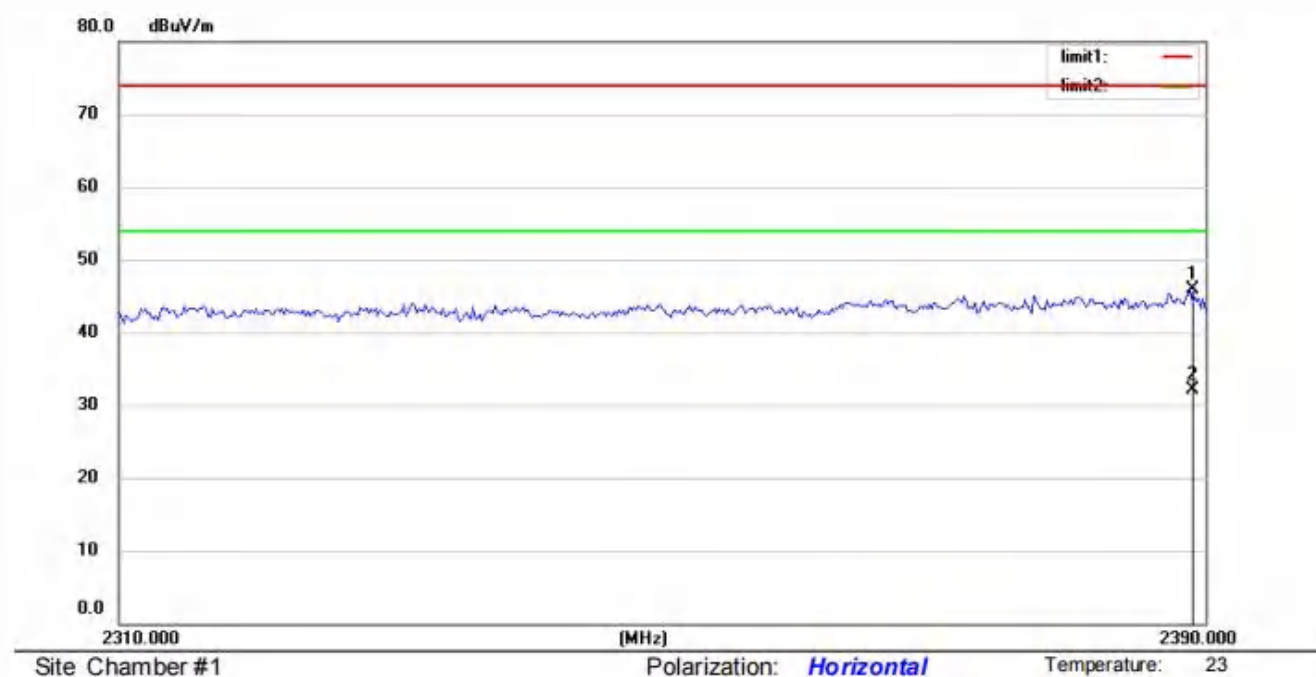
Frequency (MHz)	Polarity H/V	PK(dBuV/m) (VBW=3MHz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	AV(dBuV/m) (VBW=10Hz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)
2483.863	H	44.81	74	32.08	54
2484.193	V	44.78	74	31.31	54

Test mode: GFSK Frequency: Hopping

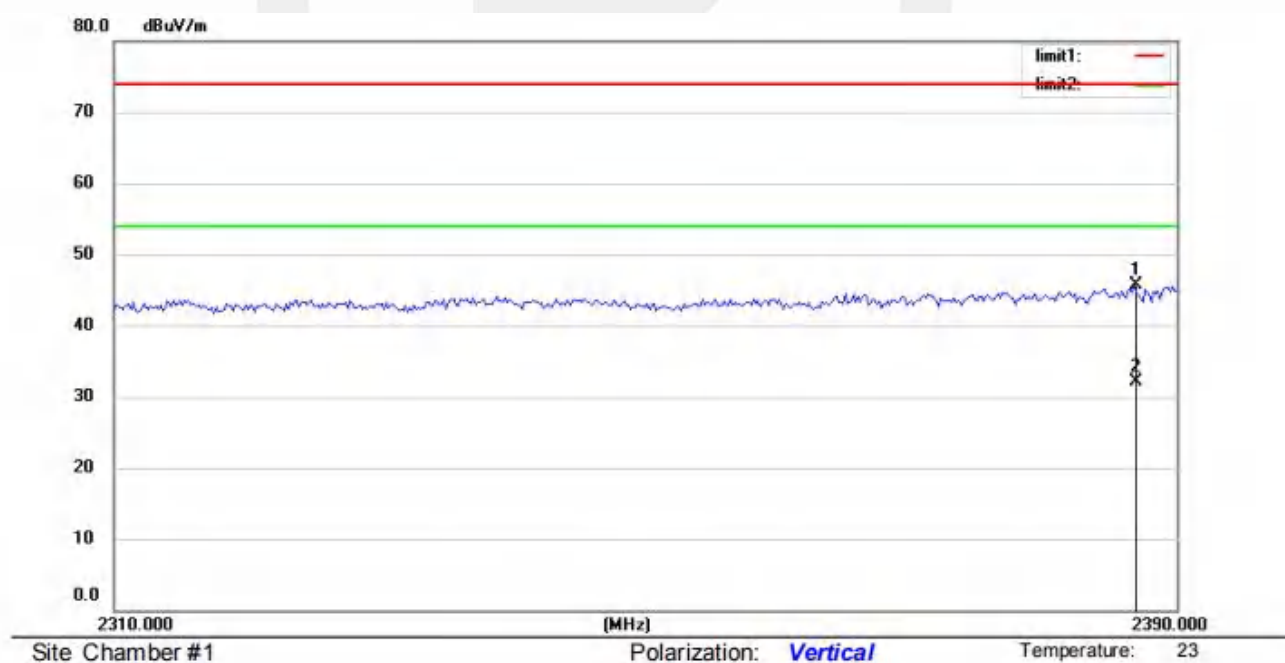
Frequency (MHz)	Polarity H/V	PK(dBuV/m) (VBW=3MHz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	AV(dBuV/m) (VBW=10Hz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)
2400	H	52.89	74	38.47	54
2483.5	H	54.14	74	39.58	54
2489.36	H	53.86	74	39.15	54
2400	V	52.34	74	37.96	54
2483.5	V	52.3	74	37.84	54
2489.74	V	52.01	74	37.46	54

- Note:**
- (1) All Readings are Peak Value (VBW=3MHz) and Average Value (VBW=10Hz).
 - (2) Emission Level= Reading Level+Correct Factor.
 - (3) Correct Factor= Ant_F + Cab_L - Preamp
 - (4) The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

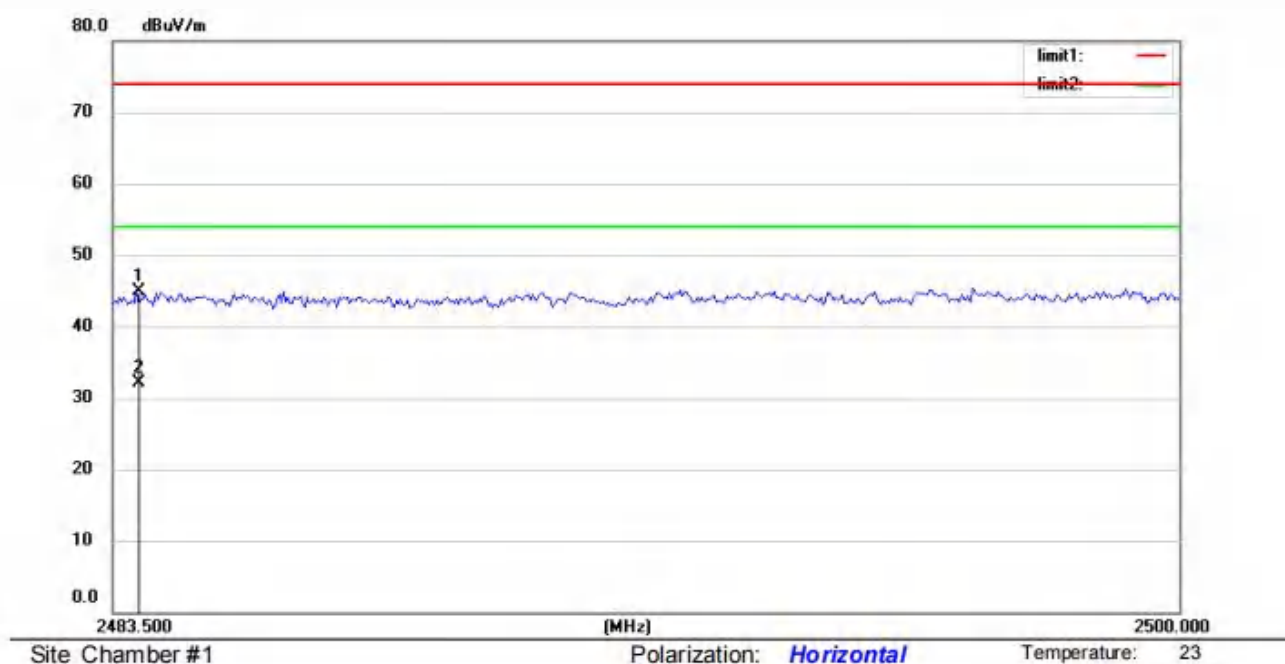
Test Model	Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz Channel 0: 2402MHz	GFSK	H
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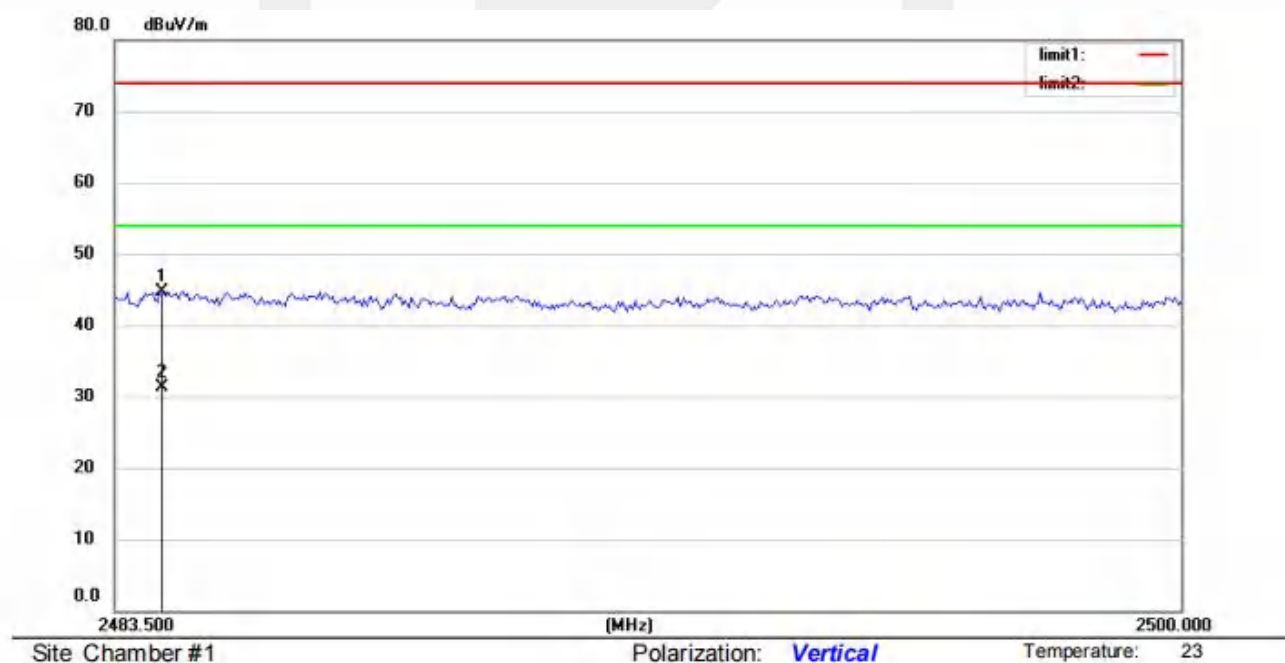
Test Model	Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz Channel 0: 2402MHz	GFSK	V
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Test Model	Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2483.5-2500MHz Channel 78: 2480MHz	GFSK	H
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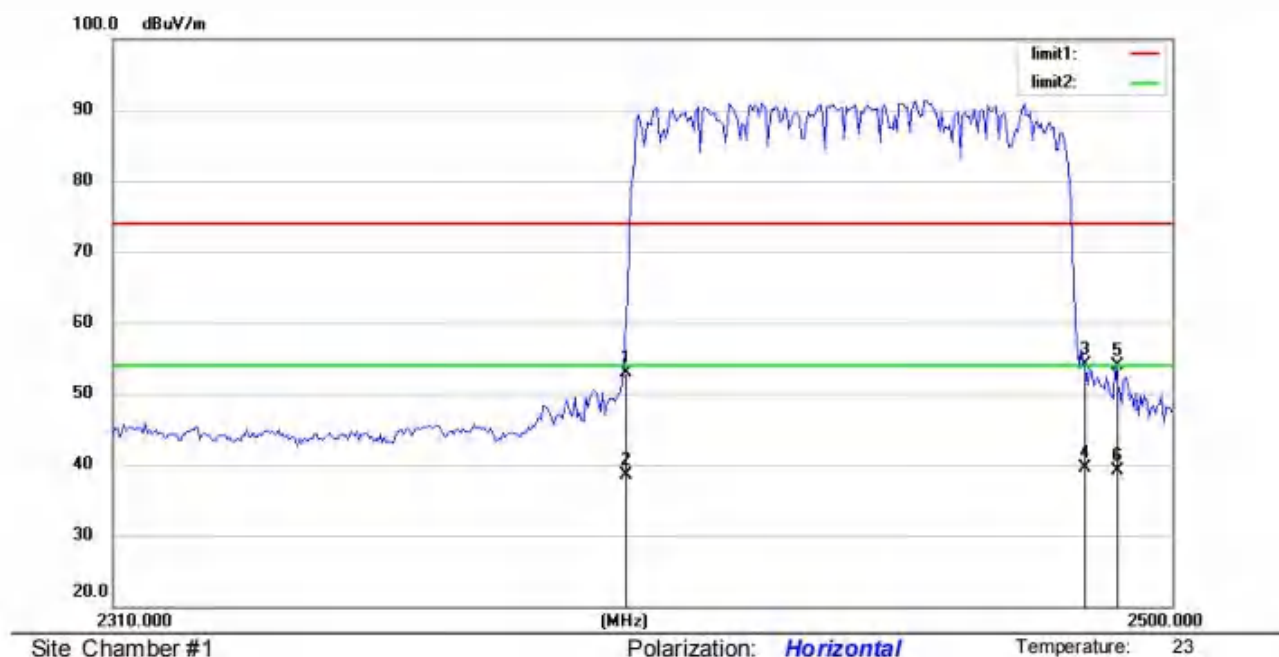


Test Model	Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2483.5-2500MHz Channel 78: 2480MHz	GFSK	V
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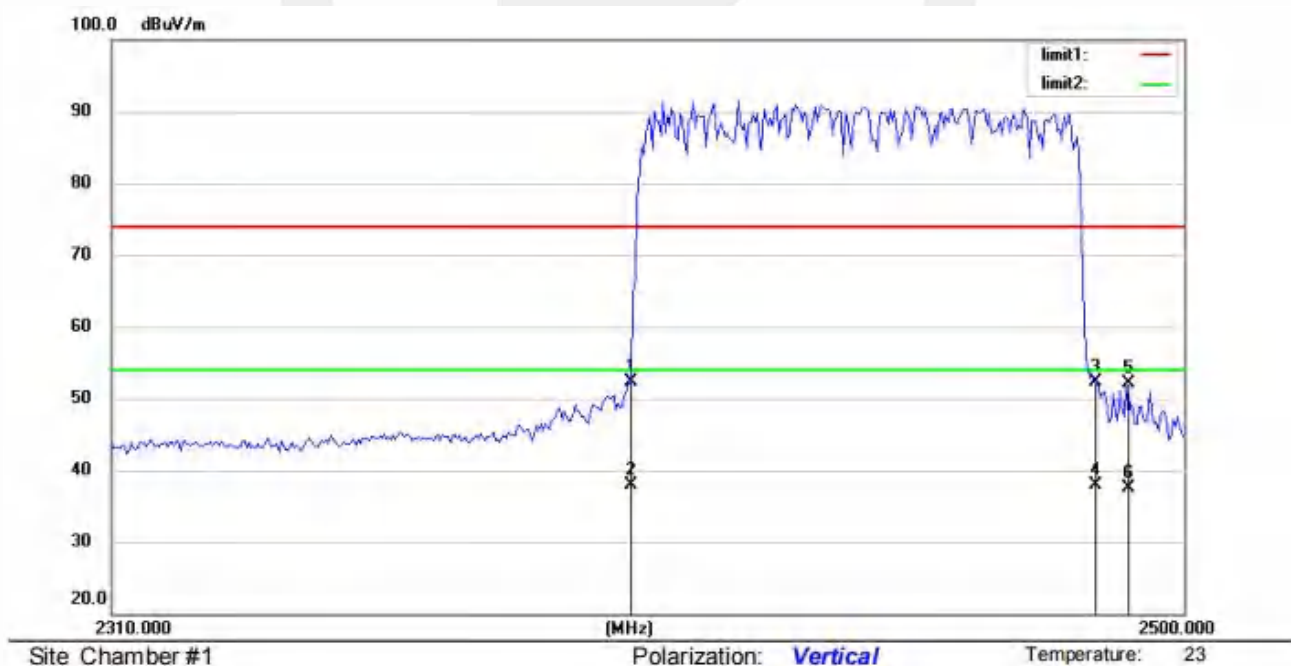
Test Model

Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz and 2400-2483.5MHz
Hopping GFSK H



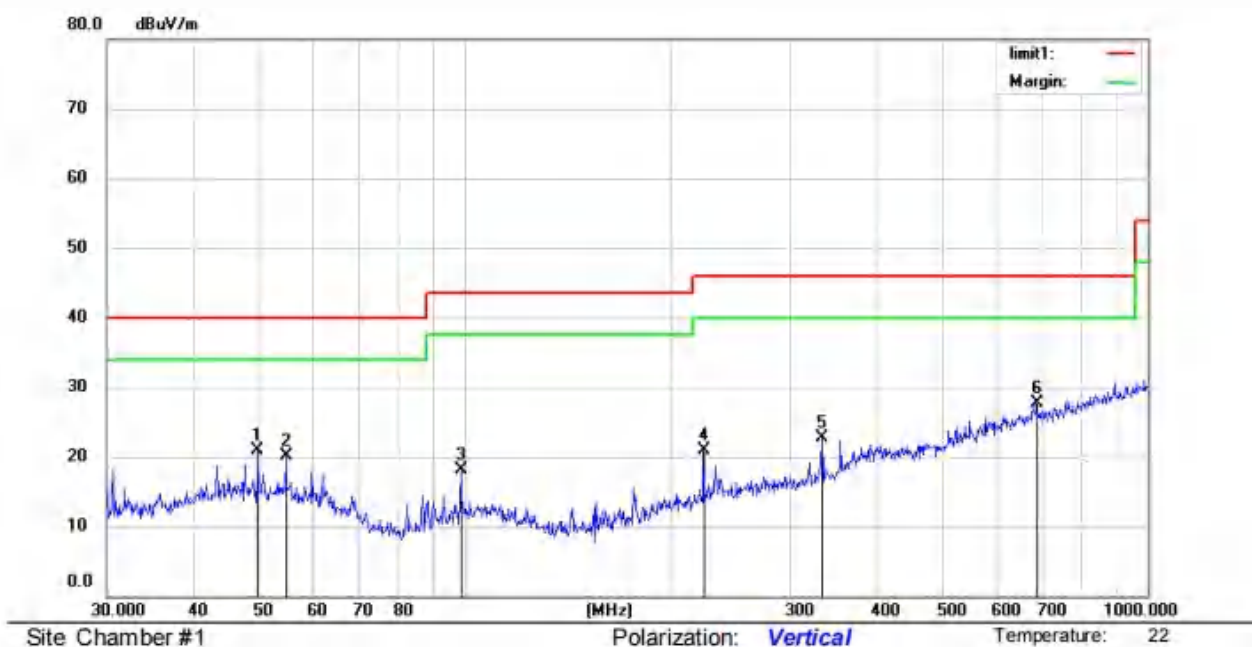
Test Model

Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz and 2400-2483.5MHz
Hopping GFSK V



■ Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz to 1GHz)

All the antenna(Antenna 1) and modes(GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst(Antenna 1, 8DPSK) result recorded was report as below:



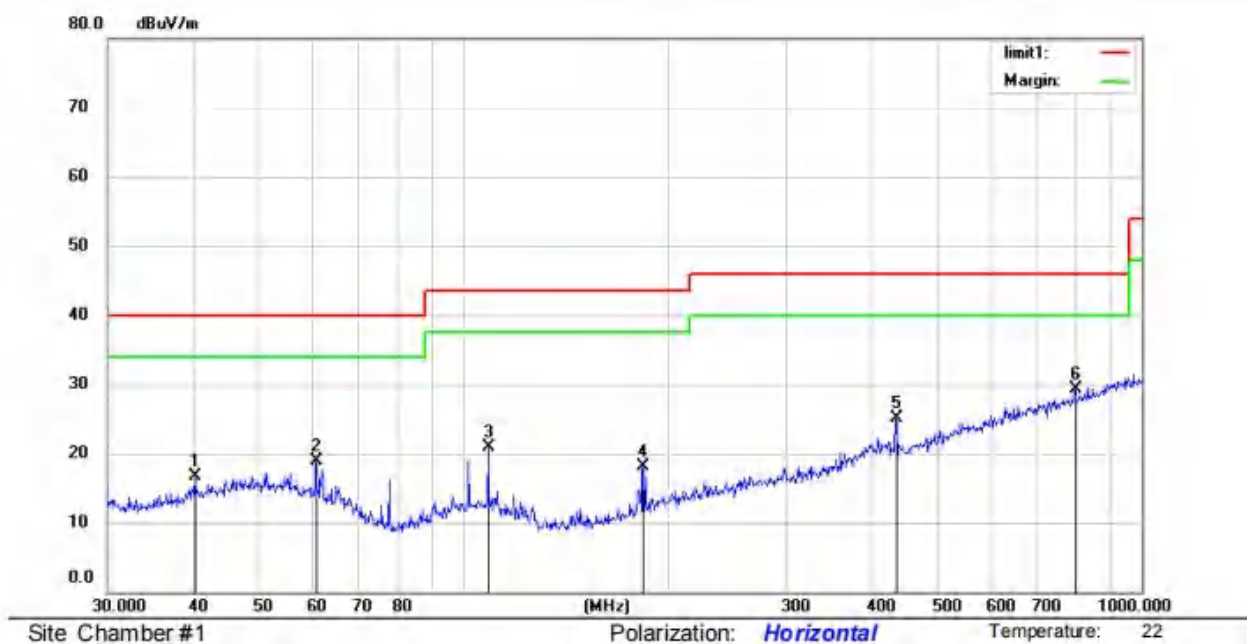
Mode: BT

Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over dB	Antenna Height cm	Table Degree degree	Comment
1		49.8814	36.57	-15.70	20.87	40.00	-19.13	QP		
2		54.8348	36.12	-16.07	20.05	40.00	-19.95	QP		
3		98.8326	36.42	-18.38	18.04	43.50	-25.46	QP		
4		223.7334	37.03	-16.07	20.96	46.00	-25.04	QP		
5		333.6867	35.51	-12.89	22.62	46.00	-23.38	QP		
6	*	687.1507	32.77	-5.03	27.74	46.00	-18.26	QP		

*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator: Ccyf



Mode: BT

Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over dB	Antenna Height cm	Table Degree degree	Comment
1		40.2757	33.69	-16.95	16.74	40.00	-23.26	QP		
2		60.7044	36.22	-17.37	18.85	40.00	-21.15	QP		
3		109.0286	39.09	-18.19	20.90	43.50	-22.60	QP		
4		184.4898	36.67	-18.58	18.09	43.50	-25.41	QP		
5		434.0651	35.28	-10.10	25.18	46.00	-20.82	QP		
6	*	796.1830	34.15	-4.82	29.33	46.00	-16.67	QP		

*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator: Ccyf

Remark:

1. Measurement (dBuV/m) = Antenna Factor(dB) -Amp Factor(dB) +Cable Loss(dB) + Reading(dBuV/m)

2. Over (dB) = Measurement (dBuV/m) - Limit (dBuV/m)

9.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

9.8.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.207

According to IC RSS-Gen 8.8

9.8.2 Conformance Limit

Conducted Emission Limit		
Frequency(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66-56	56-46
0.5-5.0	56	46
5.0-30.0	60	50
Note: 1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies 2. The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50MHz.		

9.8.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.3 conducted emission test setup

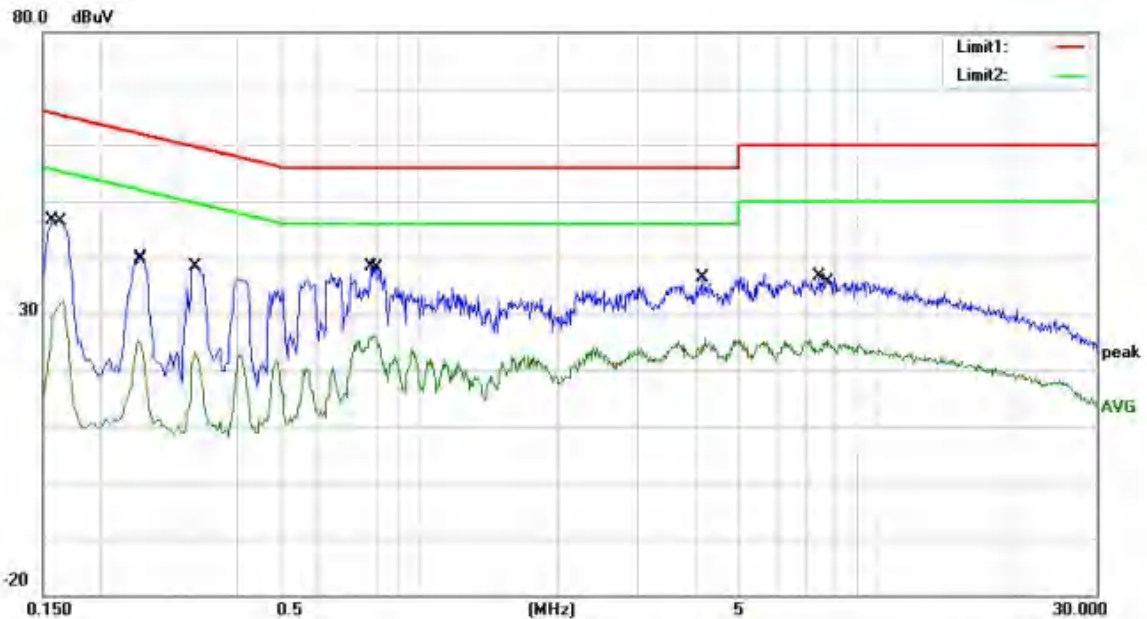
9.8.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a table which is 0.8m above ground plane.
Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

9.8.5 Test Results

Pass

The AC120V &240V voltage have been tested, and the worst result recorded was report as below:



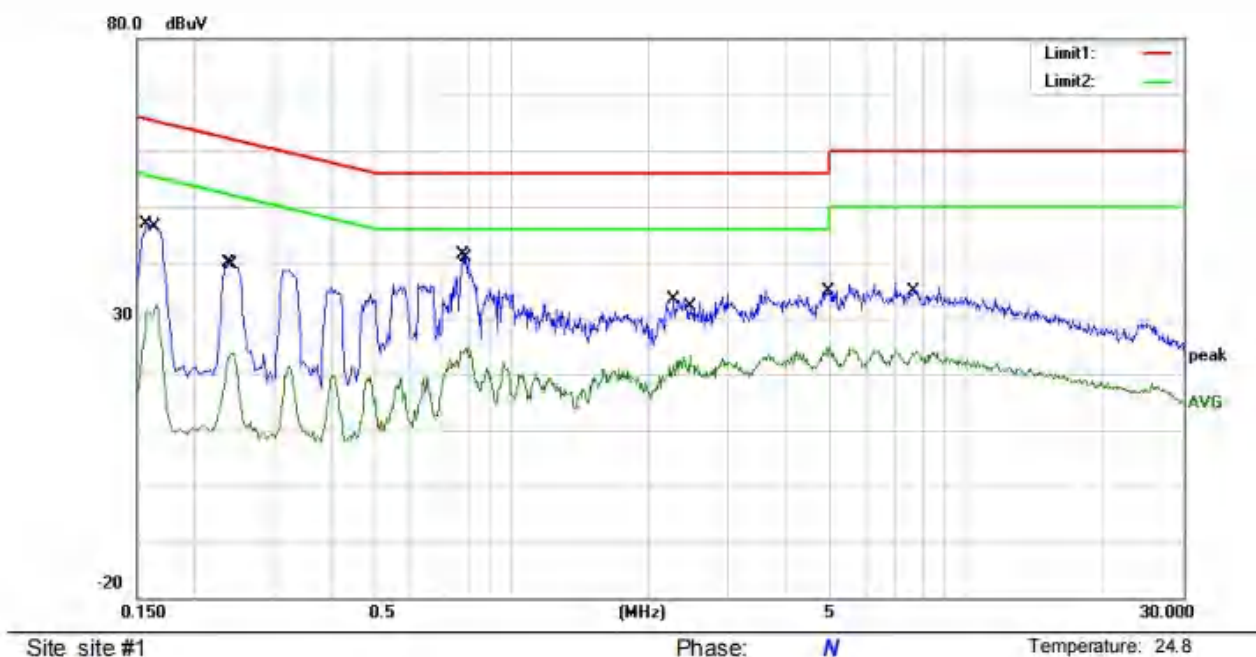
Site site #1

Phase: **L1**

Temperature: 24.8

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1580	37.13	9.56	46.69	65.57	-18.88	QP	
2		0.1660	22.78	9.55	32.33	55.16	-22.83	AVG	
3		0.2420	15.83	9.56	25.39	52.03	-26.64	AVG	
4		0.2460	30.18	9.57	39.75	61.89	-22.14	QP	
5		0.3220	28.86	9.59	38.45	59.66	-21.21	QP	
6		0.3220	13.79	9.59	23.38	49.66	-26.28	AVG	
7	*	0.7820	28.76	9.52	38.28	56.00	-17.72	QP	
8		0.7980	16.73	9.52	26.25	46.00	-19.75	AVG	
9		4.1460	26.98	9.48	36.46	56.00	-19.54	QP	
10		4.1940	16.05	9.48	25.53	46.00	-20.47	AVG	
11		7.4860	27.20	9.55	36.75	60.00	-23.25	QP	
12		7.7420	15.78	9.54	25.32	50.00	-24.68	AVG	

*: Maximum data x: Over limit !: over margin Comment: Factor build in receiver. Operator: Lennard Lio



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBμV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBμV	Limit dBμV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1580	37.36	9.56	46.92	65.57	-18.65	QP	
2		0.1660	22.84	9.56	32.39	55.16	-22.77	AVG	
3		0.2380	30.26	9.56	39.82	62.17	-22.35	QP	
4		0.2460	14.18	9.57	23.75	51.89	-28.14	AVG	
5	*	0.7820	31.95	9.52	41.47	56.00	-14.53	QP	
6		0.8020	15.69	9.52	25.21	46.00	-20.79	AVG	
7		2.2780	23.83	9.58	33.41	56.00	-22.59	QP	
8		2.4700	13.90	9.57	23.47	46.00	-22.53	AVG	
9		4.9460	15.37	9.45	24.82	46.00	-21.18	AVG	
10		4.9580	25.52	9.45	34.97	56.00	-21.03	QP	
11		7.6620	25.43	9.54	34.97	60.00	-25.03	QP	
12		7.7340	14.51	9.54	24.05	50.00	-25.95	AVG	

!: Maximum data x: Over limit !: over margin Comment: Factor build in receiver. Operator: Lennard Lio

Remark:

1. Measurement (dBμV) = AMN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB) + Reading (dBμV)
2. Over (dB) = Measurement (dBμV) - Limit (dBμV)

9.9 ANTENNA APPLICATION

9.9.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard	Requirement
FCC CRF Part 15.203	An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (b)	If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.
RSS-Gen Section 6.8	The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.
RSS-247 Section 5.4	If the transmitter employs an antenna system that emits multiple directional beams, but does not emit multiple directional beams simultaneously, the total output power conducted to the array or arrays that comprise the device (i.e. the sum of the power supplied to all antennas, antenna elements, staves, etc., and summed across all carriers or frequency channels) shall not exceed the applicable output power limit. However, the total conducted output power shall be reduced by 1 dB below the specified limits for each 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna/antenna array exceeds 6 dBi. The directional antenna gain shall be computed as the sum of 10 log (number of array elements or staves) plus the directional gain of the element or staff having the highest gain.

9.9.2 Result

PASS.

- Note:
- ☒ Antenna use a permanently attached antenna which is not replaceable.
 - ☐ Not using a standard antenna jack or electrical connector for antenna replacement
 - ☐ The antenna has to be professionally installed (please provide method of installation)

Please refer to the attached document Internal Photos to show the antenna connector.

Detail of factor for radiated emission

Frequency(MHz)	Ant_F(dB)	Cab_L(dB)	Preamp(dB)	Correct Factor(dB)
0.009	20.6	0.03	\	20.63
0.15	20.7	0.1	\	20.8
1	20.9	0.15	\	21.05
10	20.1	0.28	\	20.38
30	18.8	0.45	\	19.25
30	11.7	0.62	27.9	-15.58
100	12.5	1.02	27.8	-14.28
300	12.9	1.91	27.5	-12.69
600	19.2	2.92	27	-4.88
800	21.1	3.54	26.6	-1.96
1000	22.3	4.17	26.2	0.27
1000	25.6	1.76	41.4	-14.04
3000	28.9	3.27	43.2	-11.03
5000	31.1	4.2	44.6	-9.3
8000	36.2	5.95	44.7	-2.55
10000	38.4	6.3	43.9	0.8
12000	38.5	7.14	42.3	3.34
15000	40.2	8.15	41.4	6.95
18000	45.4	9.02	41.3	13.12
18000	37.9	1.81	47.9	-8.19
21000	37.9	1.95	48.7	-8.85
25000	39.3	2.01	42.8	-1.49
28000	39.6	2.16	46.0	-4.24
31000	41.2	2.24	44.5	-1.06
34000	41.5	2.29	46.6	-2.81
37000	43.8	2.30	46.4	-0.3
40000	43.2	2.50	42.2	3.5

*** End of Report ***

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