

Appendix Report

Project No.	SHT2206096802EW		
Test sample No.	YPHT22060968001	Model No.	S301A
Start test date	2022/7/8	Finish date	2022/7/11
Temperature	22.4℃	Humidity	46%
Test Engineer	Bo Wang	Auditor	Xiaodong Zheo

Appendix clause	Test Item	Result
Α	Conducted Power Measurement Results	PASS
В	SAR Measurement Results	PASS
С	Simultaneous Transmission analysis	PASS



Appendix A:Conducted Power Measurement Results-GSM

		Burst A	verage Powe	r (dBm)			Frame-A	Average Powe	er (dBm)	
GSI	GSM850		CH190	CH251	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Division Factors	CH128	CH190	CH251	Tune-up limit (dBm)
		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz	, , ,		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	6.6MHz 848.8MHz	
G	GSM		32.56	32.36	33.00	-9.03	23.35	23.53	23.33	23.97
	1Tx slot	32.35	32.45	32.28	32.50	-9.03	23.32	23.42	23.25	23.47
GPRS	2Tx slots	30.47	30.68	30.58	31.00	-6.02	24.45	24.66	24.56	24.98
(GMSK)	3Tx slots	28.57	28.55	28.48	29.00	-4.26	24.31	24.29	24.22	24.74
	4Tx slots	25.97	26.20	26.15	26.50	-3.01	22.96	23.19	23.14	23.49

		Burst A	verage Powe	r (dBm)		Division	Frame-A	Average Powe	er (dBm)	
GSM	GSM1900		CH661	CH810	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Division Factors	CH512	CH661	CH810	Tune-up limit (dBm)
		1850.2MHz	1880MHz	1909.8MHz			1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz	
GSM		29.17	28.98	28.50	29.50	-9.03	20.14	19.95	19.47	20.47
	1Tx slot	29.05	28.68	28.15	29.50	-9.03	20.02	19.65	19.12	20.47
GPRS	2Tx slots	27.63	27.26	26.63	28.00	-6.02	21.61	21.24	20.61	21.98
(GMSK)	3Tx slots	26.00	25.57	24.88	26.50	-4.26	21.74	21.31	20.62	22.24
	4Tx slots	23.85	23.36	22.64	24.00	-3.01	20.84	20.35	19.63	20.99



Appendix A:Conducted Power Measurement Results-Bluetooth

			Blue	tooth		
Mod	le	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)
		0	2402	1.44	1.40	1.50
	GFSK	39	2441	2.11	1.93	2.00
		78	2480	2.48	2.44	2.50
	π/4QPSK	0	2402	2.28	1.72	2.00
EDR		39	2441	3.16	2.66	3.00
		78	2480	3.51	2.98	3.00
		0	2402	3.13	2.50	2.50
	8DPSK	39	2441	4.02	3.39	3.50
		78	2480	4.42	3.82	4.00



Appendix B:SAR Measurement Results-Head

	GSM850											
Mode	Test	Frequ	uency	Conducted Power	Tune-up	Tune-up scaling	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot No.		
Wiode	Position	СН	MHz	(dBm)	limit (dBm)	factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	FIOUNO.		
		128	824.2	30.47	31.00	1.130	-	-	1	1		
	Left-Cheek	190	836.6	30.68	31.00	1.076	-0.03	0.735	0.791	1		
		251	848.8	30.58	31.00	1.102	-	-	1	1		
	Left-Tilt	128	824.2	30.47	31.00	1.130	-	-	-	-		
		190	836.6	30.68	31.00	1.076	0.14	0.562	0.605	-		
GPRS		251	848.8	30.58	31.00	1.102	-	-	1	1		
2Tx slots		128	824.2	30.47	31.00	1.130	-	-	-	-		
	Right-Cheek	190	836.6	30.68	31.00	1.076	-0.11	0.682	0.734	-		
		251	848.8	30.58	31.00	1.102	-	-	-	-		
		128	824.2	30.47	31.00	1.130	-	-	-	-		
	Right-Tilt	190	836.6	30.68	31.00	1.076	0.09	0.516	0.555	-		
		251	848.8	30.58	31.00	1.102	-	-	1	1		

					GSM1900					
Mode	Test	Frequ	uency	Conducted	Tune-up	Tune-up scaling	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot No.
Wiode	Position	СН	MHz	(dBm)	limit (dBm)	factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	FIOUNO.
		512	1850.2	26.00	26.50	1.122	-0.19	0.456	0.512	2
	Left-Cheek	661	1880.0	25.57	26.50	1.239	-	-	-	-
		810	1909.8	24.88	26.50	1.452	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	512	1850.2	26.00	26.50	1.122	0.01	0.367	0.412	-
		661	1880.0	25.57	26.50	1.239	-	-	-	-
GPRS		810	1909.8	24.88	26.50	1.452	-	-	-	-
3Tx slots		512	1850.2	26.00	26.50	1.122	-0.08	0.438	0.491	-
	Right-Cheek	661	1880.0	25.57	26.50	1.239	-	-	-	-
		810	1909.8	24.88	26.50	1.452	-	-	-	-
		512	1850.2	26.00	26.50	1.122	0.13	0.344	0.386	-
	Right-Tilt	661	1880.0	25.57	26.50	1.239	-	-	-	-
		810	1909.8	24.88	26.50	1.452	-	-		-

	Bluetooth												
Mode	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted Power	Tune-up	Tune-up scaling	Duty	Duty Cycle	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot No.	
Wiode	Position	СН	MHz	(dBm)	limit (dBm)	factor	Cycle	Scaling Factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	FIOUNO.	
		0	2402	2.50	2.50	1.000	61.50%	1.626	-	-	i	-	
	Left-Cheek	39	2441	3.39	3.50	1.026	61.50%	1.626	-	-	1	1	
		78	2480	3.82	4.00	1.042	61.50%	1.626	0.08	0.006	0.010	3	
		0	2402	2.50	2.50	1.000	61.50%	1.626	-	-	i	i	
	Left-Tilt	39	2441	3.39	3.50	1.026	61.50%	1.626	-	-	1	1	
8DPSK		78	2480	3.82	4.00	1.042	61.50%	1.626	0.10	0.003	0.005	i	
ODF SK		0	2402	2.50	2.50	1.000	61.50%	1.626	-	-	1	1	
	Right-Cheek	39	2441	3.39	3.50	1.026	61.50%	1.626	-	-	1	1	
		78	2480	3.82	4.00	1.042	61.50%	1.626	-0.05	0.005	0.008	-	
		0	2402	2.50	2.50	1.000	61.50%	1.626	-	-	-	-	
	Right-Tilt	39	2441	3.39	3.50	1.026	61.50%	1.626	-	-	1	1	
		78	2480	3.82	4.00	1.042	61.50%	1.626	0.17	0.002	0.003	-	



Appendix B:SAR Measurement Results-Body

GSM850											
Mode	Test Position	Frequ	uency	Conducted Power	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot No.	
	1 00111011	CH	MHz	(dBm)	minit (dbin)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
	Front	128	824.2	30.47	31.00	1.130	-	-	-	-	
		190	836.6	30.68	31.00	1.076	-0.09	0.417	0.449	-	
GPRS		251	848.8	30.58	31.00	1.102	-	-	-	-	
2Tx slots		128	824.2	30.47	31.00	1.130	-	-	-	-	
	Rear	190	836.6	30.68	31.00	1.076	-0.04	0.632	0.680	4	
	•	251	848.8	30.58	31.00	1.102	-	-	-	-	

GSM1900											
Mode	Test Position	Frequ	uency	Conducted Power	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot No.	
	1 03111011	СН	MHz	(dBm)			Dilit(GD)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
	Front	512	1850.2	26.00	26.50	1.122	0.06	0.260	0.292	-	
		661	1880.0	25.57	26.50	1.239	-	-	-	-	
GPRS		810	1909.8	24.88	26.50	1.452	-	-	-	-	
3Tx slots		512	1850.2	26.00	26.50	1.122	-0.08	0.411	0.461	5	
	Rear	661	1880.0	25.57	26.50	1.239	-	-	-	-	
	Ī	810	1909.8	24.88	26.50	1.452	-	-	-	-	

	Bluetooth												
Mode Test Position		Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm) Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up scaling	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot No.		
	CH	MHz	IIIIII (UBIII)		factor	G y 5.0	Factor	Dilit(GB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
		0	2402	2.50	2.50	1.000	0.615	1.626	-	-	1	-	
	Front	39	2441	3.39	3.50	1.026	0.615	1.626	-	-	-	-	
8DPSK		78	2480	3.82	4.00	1.042	0.615	1.626	0.05	0.003	0.005	-	
ODPSK		0	2402	2.50	2.50	1.000	0.615	1.626	-	-	-	-	
R	Rear	39	2441	3.39	3.50	1.026	0.615	1.626	-	-	-	-	
		78	2480	3.82	4.00	1.042	0.615	1.626	-0.10	0.004	0.007	6	



Appendix C: Simultaneous Transmission analysis-Head

		PCE + B	luetooth		
\0/\0/\0	N Band	Exposure Position	Max SAI	R (W/kg)	Summed SAR
VVVVAI	N Dallu	Exposure Position	PCE	BT	(W/kg)
		Left Cheek	0.791	0.010	0.801
	GSM850	Left Tilted	0.605	0.005	0.610
		Right Cheek	0.734	0.008	0.742
GSM		Right Tilted	0.555	0.003	0.558
GSIVI		Left Cheek	0.512	0.010	0.522
	DCS1000	Left Tilted	0.412	0.005	0.417
	PCS1900 -	Right Cheek	0.491	0.008	0.499
		Right Tilted	0.386	0.003	0.389



Appendix C: Simultaneous Transmission analysis-Body

PCE + BT						
WWAN Band		Evacure Position	Max SAF	R (W/kg)	Summed SAR	
		Exposure Position	PCE	BT	(W/kg)	
GSM850 PCS1900	Front	0.449	0.005	0.454		
	GSIVIOSU	Rear	0.680	0.007	0.687	
	D004000	Front	0.292	0.005	0.297	
	PC3 1900	Rear	0.461	0.005	0.466	

GSM 850-M-Head

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS(TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1) (0); Frequency: 836.6

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.10015

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.912$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.680$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3) @ 836.6 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Left Touch Check/CH 190/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.841 W/kg

Left Touch Check/CH 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

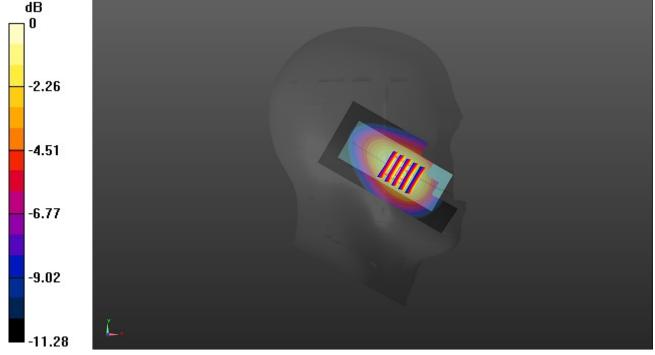
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.735 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.493 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.848 W/kg



0 dB = 0.848 W/kg = -0.72 dBW/kg

GSM 1900-L-Head

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS(TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2) (0); Frequency: 1850.2

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.66993

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.379 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.283$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient Temperature:22.2°C;Liquid Temperature:22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45) @ 1850.2 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Left Touch Check/CH 512/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.580 W/kg

Left Touch Check/CH 512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

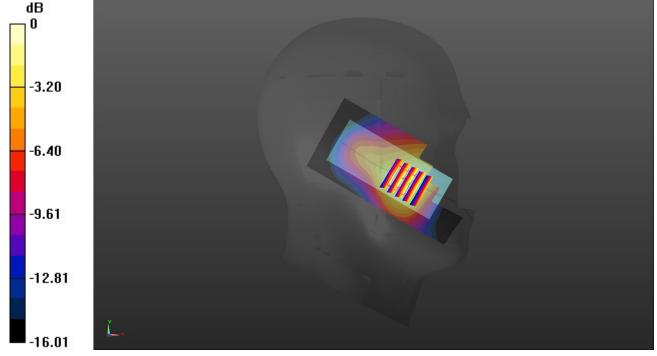
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.658 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.752 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.456 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.528 W/kg



0 dB = 0.528 W/kg = -2.77 dBW/kg

Bluetooth-H-Head

Communication System: UID 0, Generic BT (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.778$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.34$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5°C;Liquid Temperature:22.3°C;

DASY Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2480 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022

• Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974

• DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Left Touch Check/CH 3/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00736 W/kg

Left Touch Check/CH 3/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

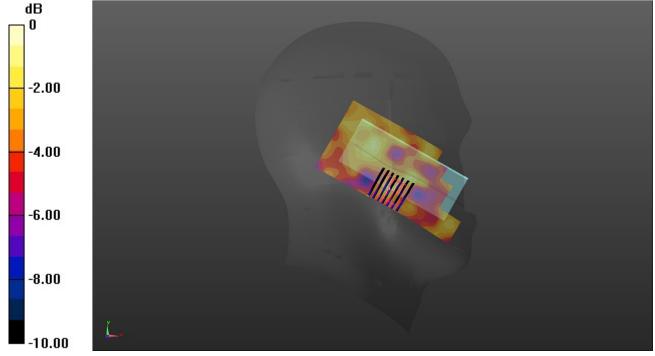
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.076 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0160 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00573 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00266 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00892 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00892 W/kg = -20.50 dBW/kg

GSM 850-M-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS(TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1) (0); Frequency: 836.6

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.10015

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.683$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3) @ 836.6 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 190/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.727 W/kg

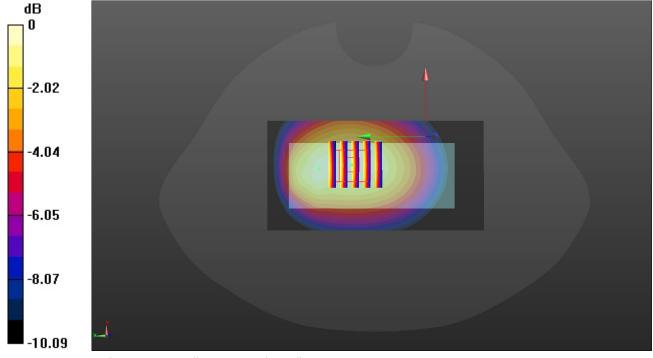
Rear/CH 190/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.862 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.632 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.384 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.527 W/kg



0 dB = 0.527 W/kg = 1.04 dBW/kg

GSM 1900-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS(TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2) (0); Frequency: 1850.2

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.66993

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.379 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.283$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.2°C;Liquid Temperature:22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45) @ 1850.2 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 512/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.499 W/kg

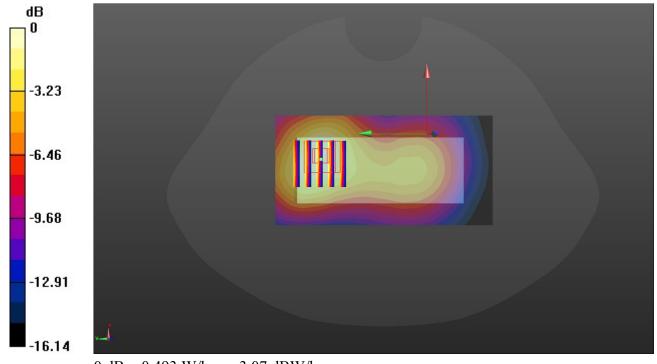
Rear/CH 512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.758 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.411 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.493 W/kg



0 dB = 0.493 W/kg = -3.07 dBW/kg

Bluetooth-H-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic BT (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.778$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.34$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2480 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Rear/CH 3/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0113 W/kg

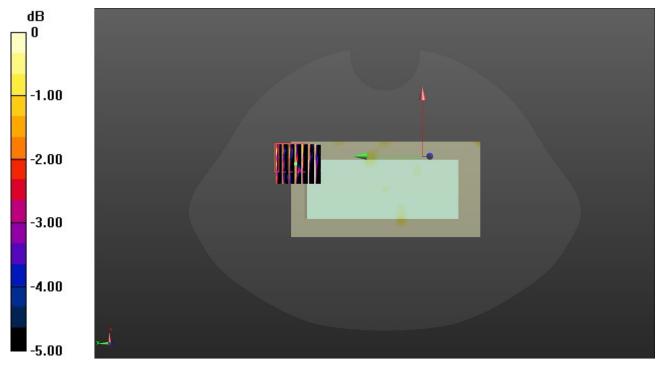
Rear/CH 3/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.680 V/m; Power Drift =-0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00693 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.004 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00253 W/k

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00509 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00509 W/kg = -22.93 dBW/kg

1.1.1. DAE4 Calibration Certificate



Add: No.52 Hua Yuan Bei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com

中国认可 **CNAS L0570**

Certificate No: Z22-60121

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

HTW

Client :

Approved by:

Object DAE4 - SN: 1549

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date: April 12, 2022

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration

Process Calibrator 753 1971018 15-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X04465) Jun-22

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: April 16, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





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Glossary:

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



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3.99433 ± 0.7% (k=2)

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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Range: 1LSB = 6.1µV, full range = -100. .+300 mV 61nV . Low Range: 1LSB = full range = -1....+3mV

3.98608 ± 0.7% (k=2)

DASY measurement para	ameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 t	sec; Measuring time: 3 sec	
Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	406.337 ± 0.15% (k=2)	406.020 ± 0.15% (k=2)	406 173 ± 0.15% (k=2

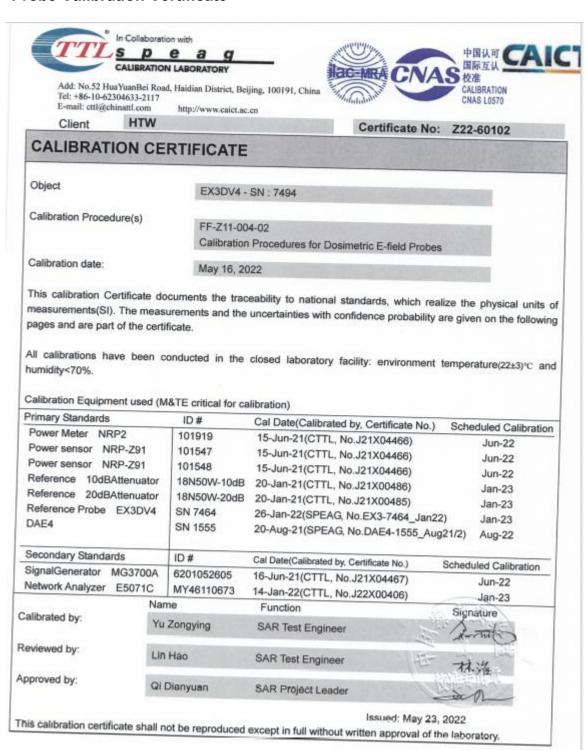
3.99378 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Low Range

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	18.5° ± 1 °
---	-------------

1.2. Probe Calibration Certificate



Page 1 of 9





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A.B.C.D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center). Polarization θ

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z^*$ frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z;VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No:Z22-60102

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.41	0.48	0.42	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	99.2	100.0	100.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc E (k=2)
0 CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	145.6	±1.9%	
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		160.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.0	1

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor *k*=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

^E Uncertainly is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.60	10.60	10.60	0.12	1.43	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	10.30	10.30	10.30	0.12	1.48	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.81	8.81	8.81	0.25	0.92	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.25	1.04	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.26	1.04	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.62	0.63	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.41	0.84	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.49	0.74	±12.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.61	5.61	5.61	0.50	1.20	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.01	5.01	5.01	0.45	1.38	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.97	4.97	4.97	0.50	1.30	±13.3%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

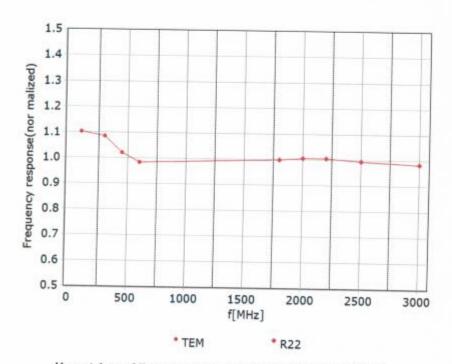
 $^{^{}G}$ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





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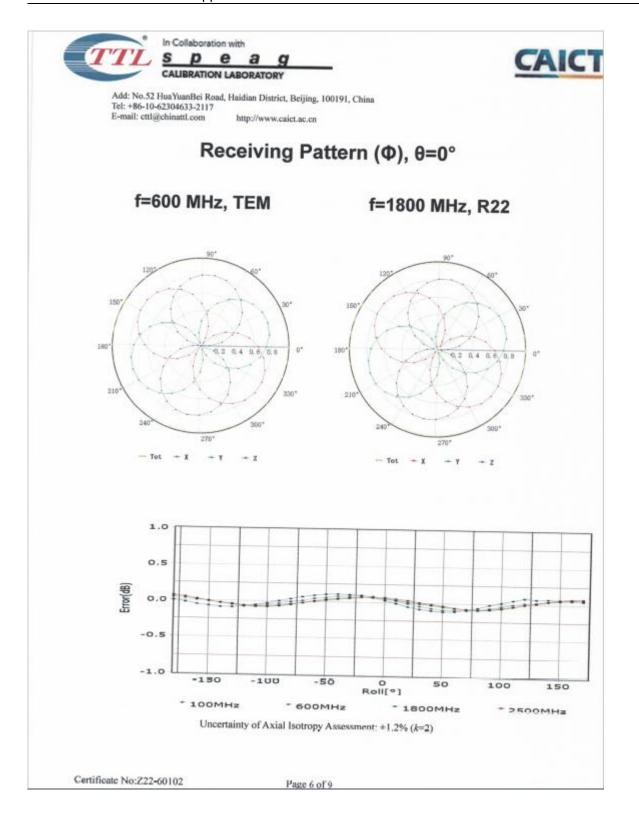
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

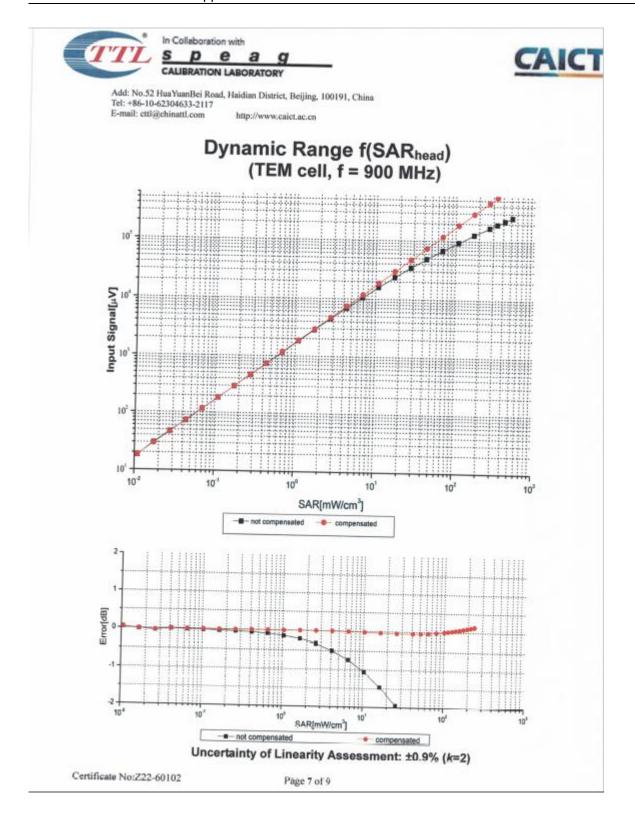


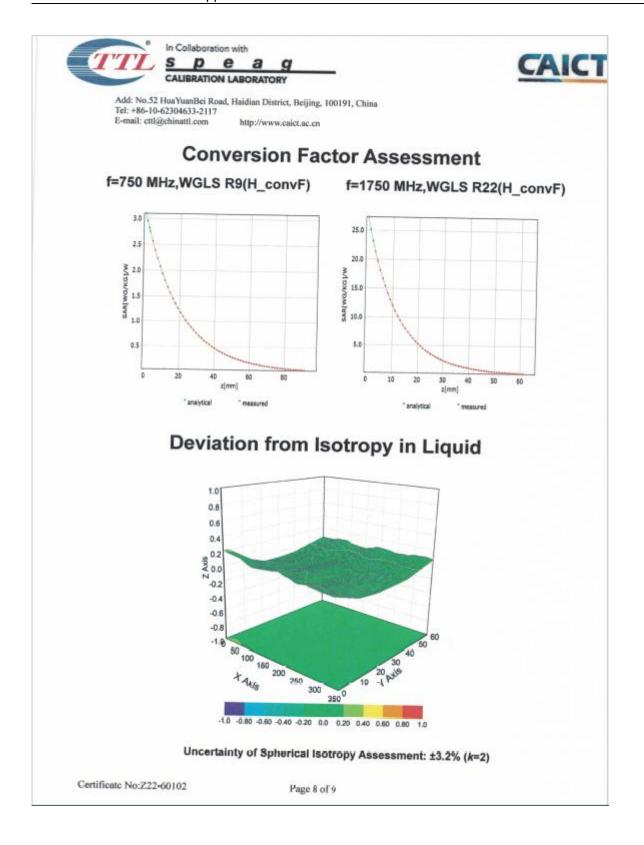
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	22.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Certificate No:Z22-60102

Page 9 of 9

1.1. D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Client

HTW

Certificate No:

Z21-60017

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D835V2 - SN: 4d238

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

January 22, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 7600	30-Nov-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421)	Nov-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: January 29, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: Z21-60017

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In Collaboration with

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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.3 ± 6 %	0.89 mlho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.39 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.14 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.5Ω- 3.95jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.6dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.298 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by

SPEAG

Certificate No: Z21-60017

Page 4 of 6



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Head TSL Date: 01.22.2021

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d238

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.885$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.32$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7600; ConvF(10.88, 10.88, 10.88) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-11-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

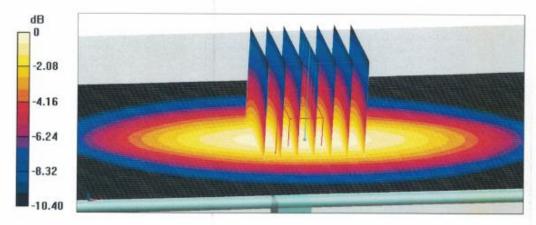
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 19.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.14 W/kg

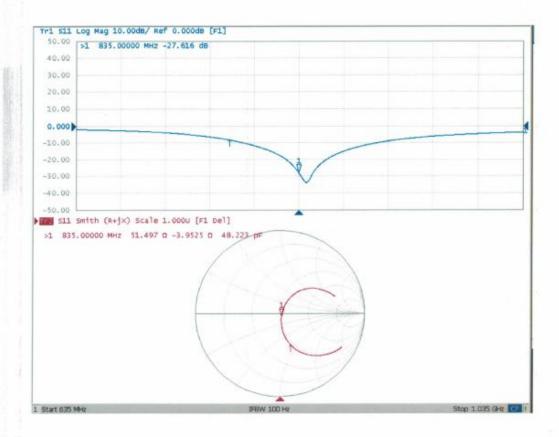


0 dB = 3.14 W/kg = 4.97 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z21-60017 Page 6 of 6

Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Head-835						
Date of	Deturn loss (dD)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance	Delta	Imaginary	Delta
measurement	Return-loss (dB)	Della (%)	(ohm)	(ohm)	impedance (ohm)	(ohm)
2022-01-22	-27.6		51.5		-3.95	
2022-01-17	-27.3	1.09	51.8	0.3	-3.45	0.5

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 50hm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

1.2. D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



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Client

HTW

Certificate No:

Z21-60019

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1900V2 - SN: 5d226

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

January 22, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Dilinia Chanderde	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4	106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) 30-Nov-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421) 10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	May-21 May-21 Nov-21 Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY49071430 MY46110673	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516) 10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21 Feb-21

Function Name

Calibrated by:

SAR Test Engineer Zhao Jing

Reviewed by:

SAR Test Engineer Lin Hao

Approved by:

SAR Project Leader Qi Dianyuan

Issued: January 29, 2021

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lossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.1 ± 6 %	1.38 mlho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.85 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.3 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5Ω+ 7.88jΩ	
Return Loss	- 21.6dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Facility of the Control of the Contr	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.102 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
1101010101010101	0.010

Certificate No: Z21-60019

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Date: 01.22,2021



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d226

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.06$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7600; ConvF(8.7, 8.7, 8.7) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-11-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

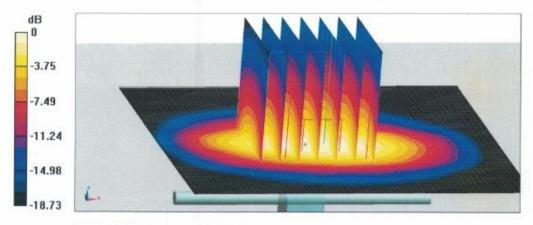
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.05 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 52.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 W/kg

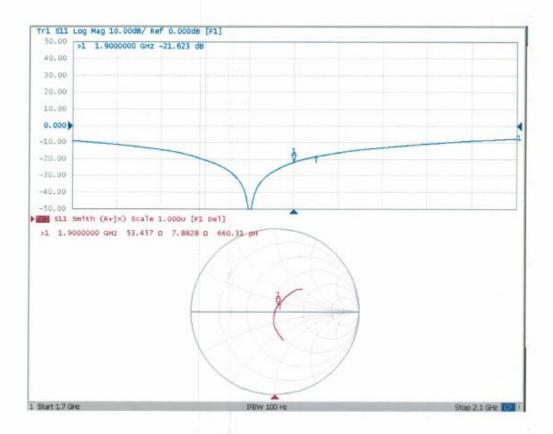


0 dB = 15.4 W/kg = 11.88 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Head-1900						
Date of	Return-loss (dB)	Dolta (9/)	Real Impedance	Delta	Imaginary	Delta
measurement	Return-1055 (ub)	Delta (%)	(ohm)	(ohm)	impedance (ohm)	(ohm)
2021-01-22	-21.6		53.5		7.88	
2022-01-17	-22.4	-3.70	53.9	0.4	4.35	0.53

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 50hm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

1.3. D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate









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Certificate No:

Z21-60020

HTW CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 1009

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

Client

January 25, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 7600	30-Nov-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421)	Nov-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

Function Name SAR Test Engineer Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer Reviewed by: Lin Hao

Issued: January 29, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Qi Dianyuan

Certificate No: Z21-60020

Approved by:

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SAR Project Leader



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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.0 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.97 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)	



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.9Ω+ 2.04jΩ		
Return Loss	- 27.4dB		

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.064 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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Certificate No: Z21-60020

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Date: 01.25.2021



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 1009 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7600; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-11-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

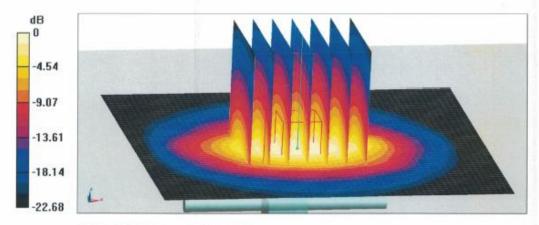
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 W/kg

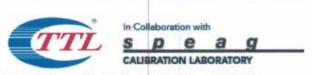
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 47.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg

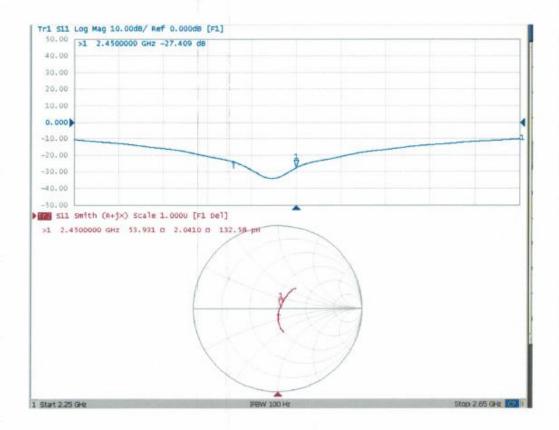


0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Head-2450						
Date of	Poturn Iona (dP)	Dolta (9/)	Real Impedance	Delta	Imaginary	Delta
measurement	Return-loss (dB)	Delta (%)	(ohm)	(ohm)	impedance (ohm)	(ohm)
2021-01-25	-27.4		53.9		2.04	
2022-01-17	-27.9	-1.82	53.5	0.4	2.34	0.3

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 50hm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.