



RF Exposure Evaluation

FCC ID: 2AZWI-4311LEQI

1. Client Information

Applicant	:	Shenzhen Leqi Network Technology Co., LTD
Address	:	Rooms 103, 501 and 601, Building 5, Fenghe Industrial Park, Nos. 1301-50 Guanguang Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.
Manufacturer	:	Shenzhen Leqi Network Technology Co., LTD
Address	:	Rooms 103, 501 and 601, Building 5, Fenghe Industrial Park, Nos. 1301-50 Guanguang Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

2. General Description of EUT

EUT Name	:	Wireless Remote Controller
Model(s) No.	:	4311
Model Difference	:	----
Product Description	:	Operation Frequency: Bluetooth 5.2(BLE): 2402MHz~2480MHz
	:	Number of Channel: Bluetooth 5.2(BLE): 40 channels
	:	Antenna Gain: 4.41dBi PCB antenna
	:	Modulation Type: GFSK
Power Rating	:	Input: DC CR2032 3V
Software Version	:	V1.0
Hardware Version	:	V1.0
Remark: The antenna gain provided by the applicant, the adapter and verified for the RF conduction test and adapter provided by TOBY test lab.		

Note: More test information about the EUT please refer the RF Test Report.

SAR Test Exclusion Calculations

1. FCC: According to KDB 447498 D01 Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies v06.

(1) Clause 4.3: General SAR test reduction and exclusion guidance

Sub clause 4.31: Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

1) The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6GHz at test separation distance ≤ 5 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation, mm})] * [\sqrt{f_{\text{GHz}}}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation, mm})] * [\sqrt{f_{\text{GHz}}}] \leq 7.5.0$ for 10-g SAR

2. Summary simultaneous transmission for SAR Exclusion

The SAR exemption limits outlined in clause 4.3.2(b) of KDB 447498 have been derived based on an approximate SAR value of 0.4 W/kg using half-wave dipole antennas Footnote 1. As such, when simultaneous transmitter SAR evaluations include transmitters that have been exempt from routine SAR evaluation, the SAR must be estimating based on the ratio between the maximum tune-up tolerance limit of the transmitter that has been exempt and the exemption limit at the specific distance and frequency for that transmitter. This ratio must be multiplied by 0.4 W/kg (2.0 W/kg for controlled use and 1.0 W/kg for limb worn devices) in order to calculate the estimated SAR level.

The estimate SAR value is calculated based the following equation:

(maximum power level including tune-up tolerance for transmitter A / maximum power level of exemption at the same frequency and distance) * 0.4W/kg

1) $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] * [\sqrt{f_{\text{GHz}}/x}]$ W/kg, for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

2) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distance is > 50 mm.³⁷

The $[\Sigma$ of (the highest measured or estimated SAR for each standalone antenna configuration, adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance) / 1.6 W/kg] + $[\Sigma$ of MPE ratios] is ≤ 1.0 .

The SAR to peak location separation ratios of all simultaneously transmitting antenna pairs operating in portable device exposure conditions are all ≤ 0.04 , and the $[\Sigma$ of MPE ratios] is ≤ 1.0 .



3. Calculation:

Test separation: 5mm						
Bluetooth LE Mode (1Mbps)						
Frequency (GHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Turn-up Power Tolerance (dB)	Max power of tune up tolerance (dBm)	Max power of tune up tolerance (mw)	Calculation Value	Threshold Value
2.402	-6.576	-6±1	-5	0.316	0.098	3.0
2.440	-6.859	-6±1	-5	0.316	0.099	3.0
2.480	-10.431	-10±1	-9	0.126	0.040	3.0

Conclusion:

The measurement results comply with the FCC Limit per 47 CFR 2.1093 for the uncontrolled RF Exposure and SAR Exclusion Threshold per KDB 447498 v06.

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