

10.5 Spurious RF conducted emissions

Test Method

1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting, the instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.
RBW = 100 kHz, VBW \geq 3RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.
5. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section. Submit these plots.
6. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Limit

Frequency Range MHz	Limit (dBc)
30-25000	-20

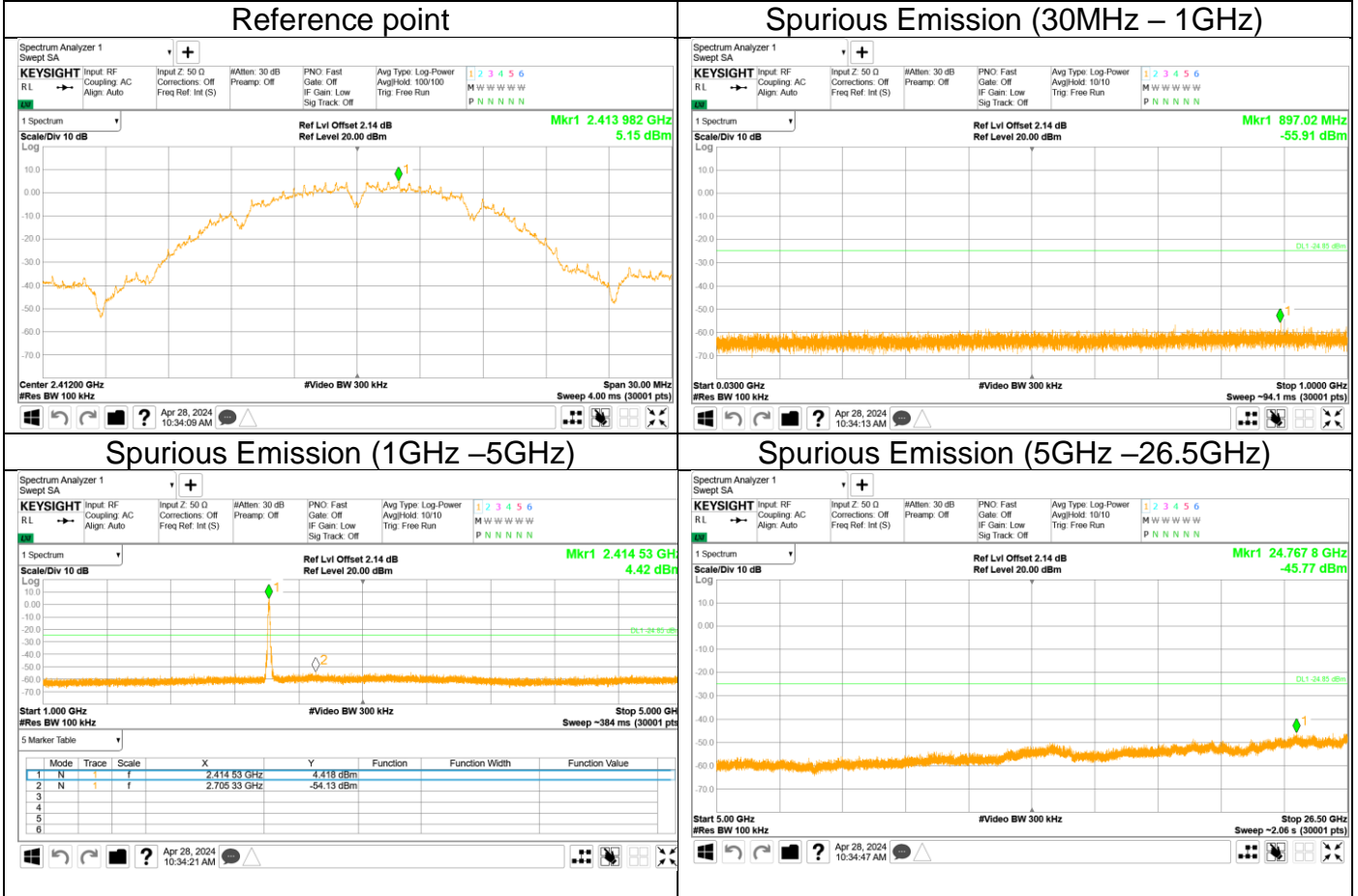


Spurious RF conducted emissions

802.11 B

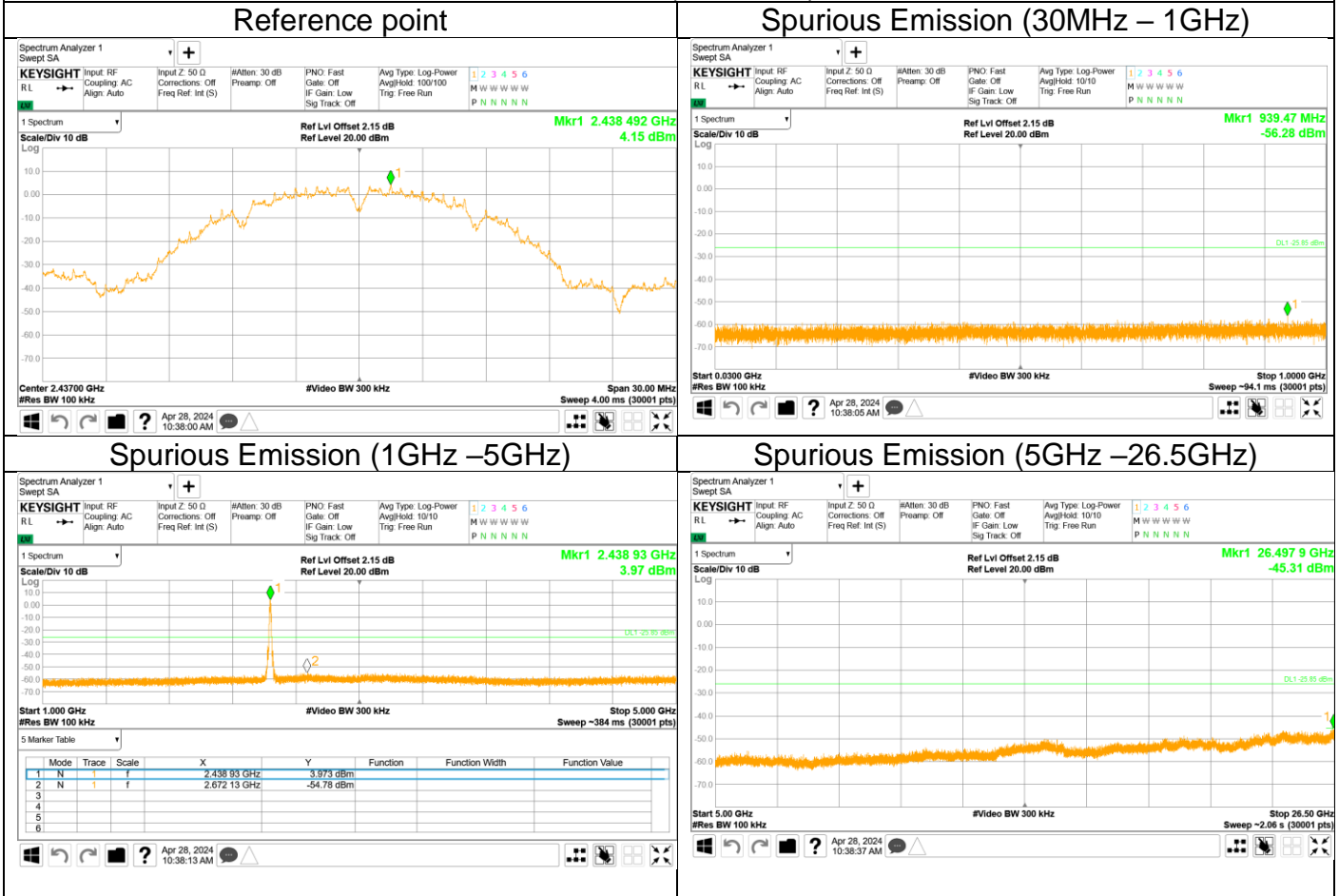
Out-of-Band Emissions

Channel 1 (2412MHz)



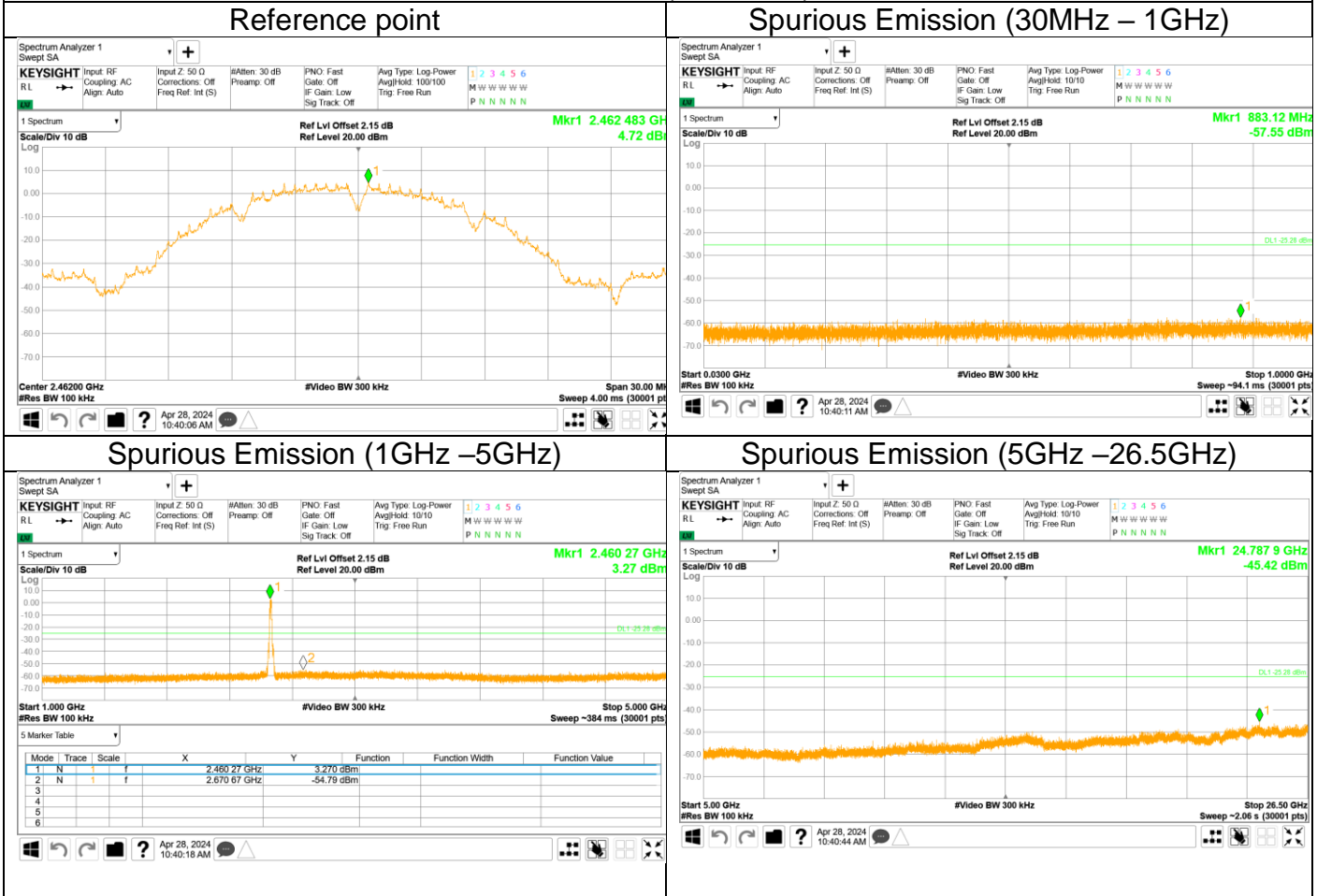


Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 6 (2437MHz)





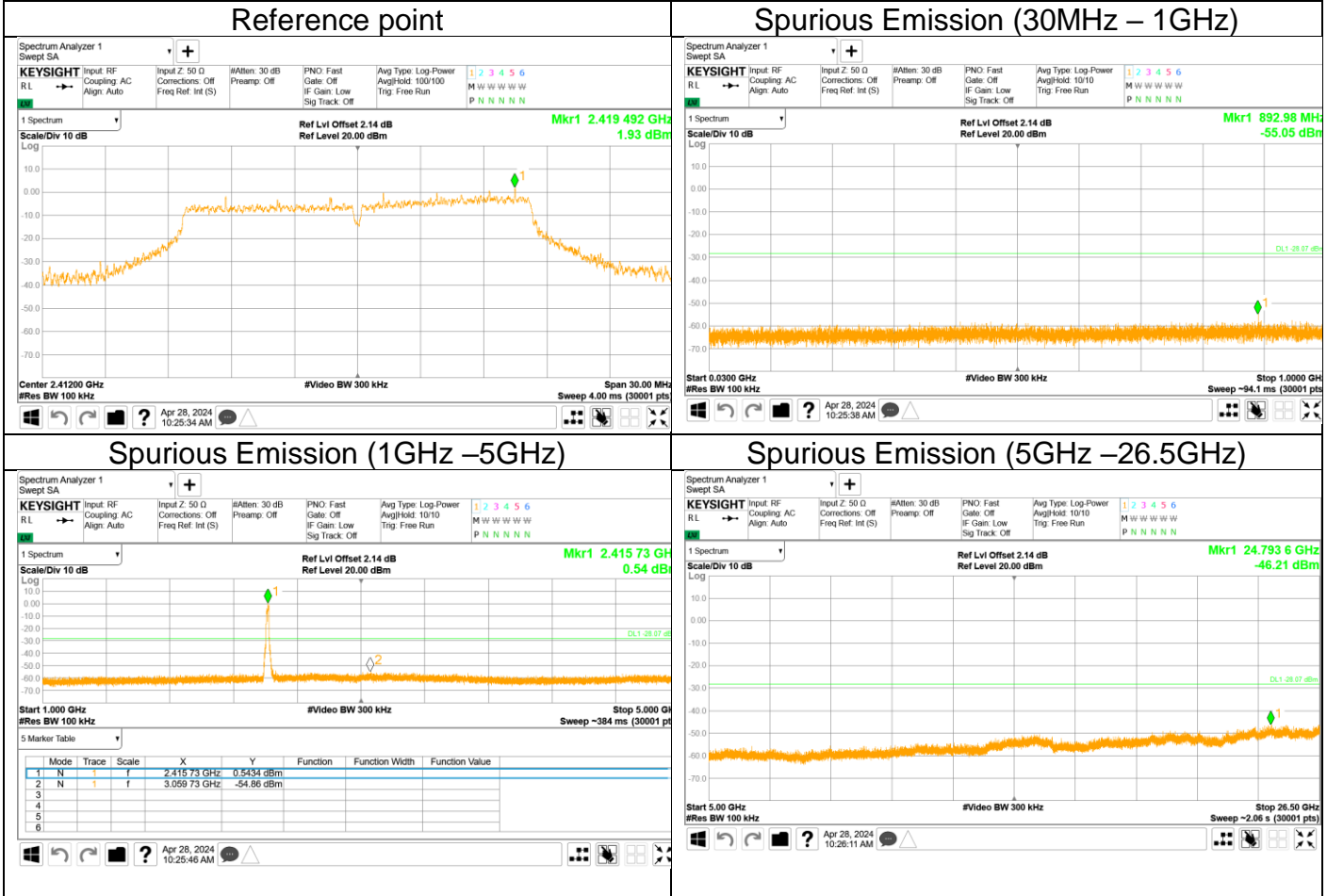
Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 11 (2462MHz)





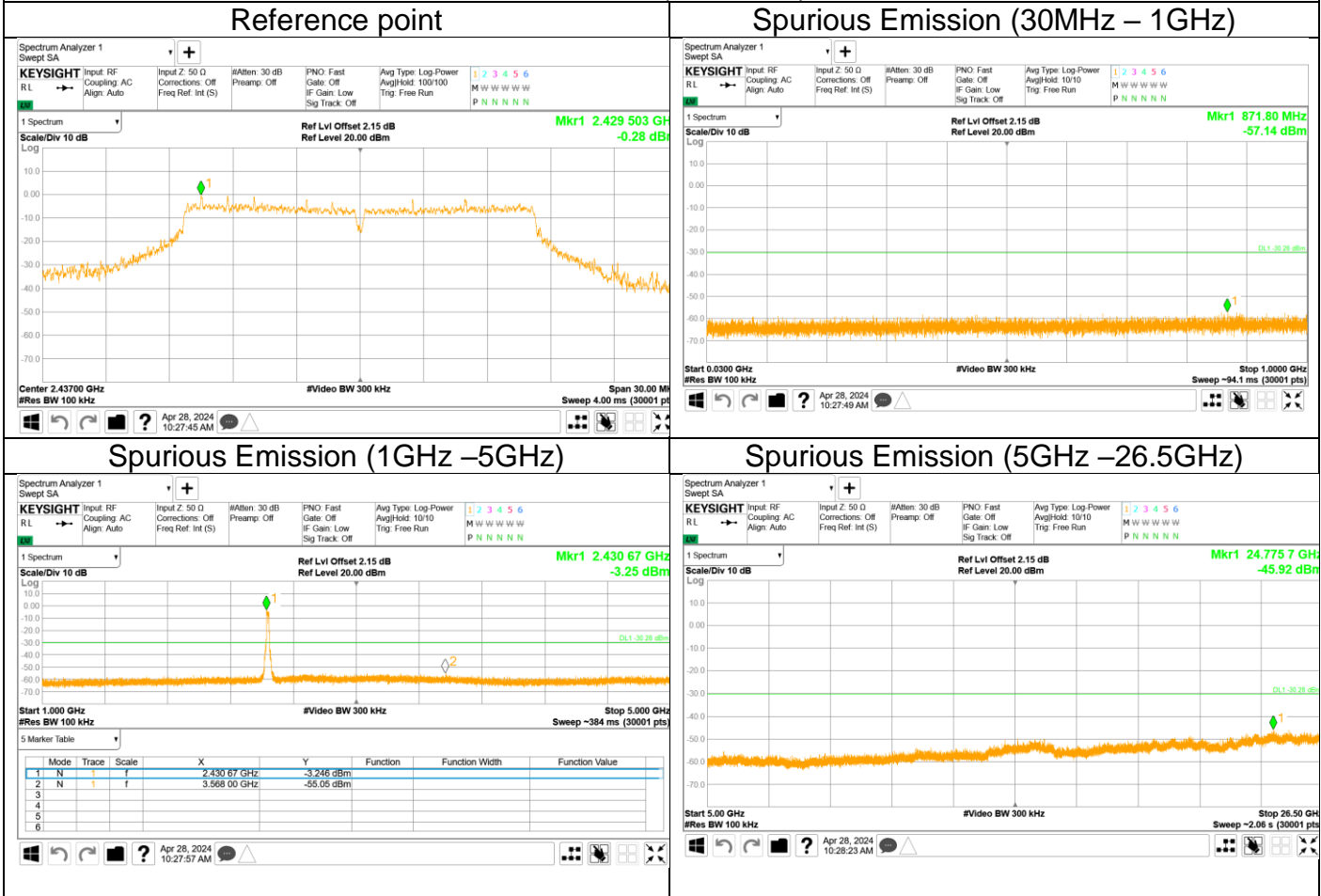
802.11 G

Out-of-Band Emissions
Channel 1 (2412MHz)



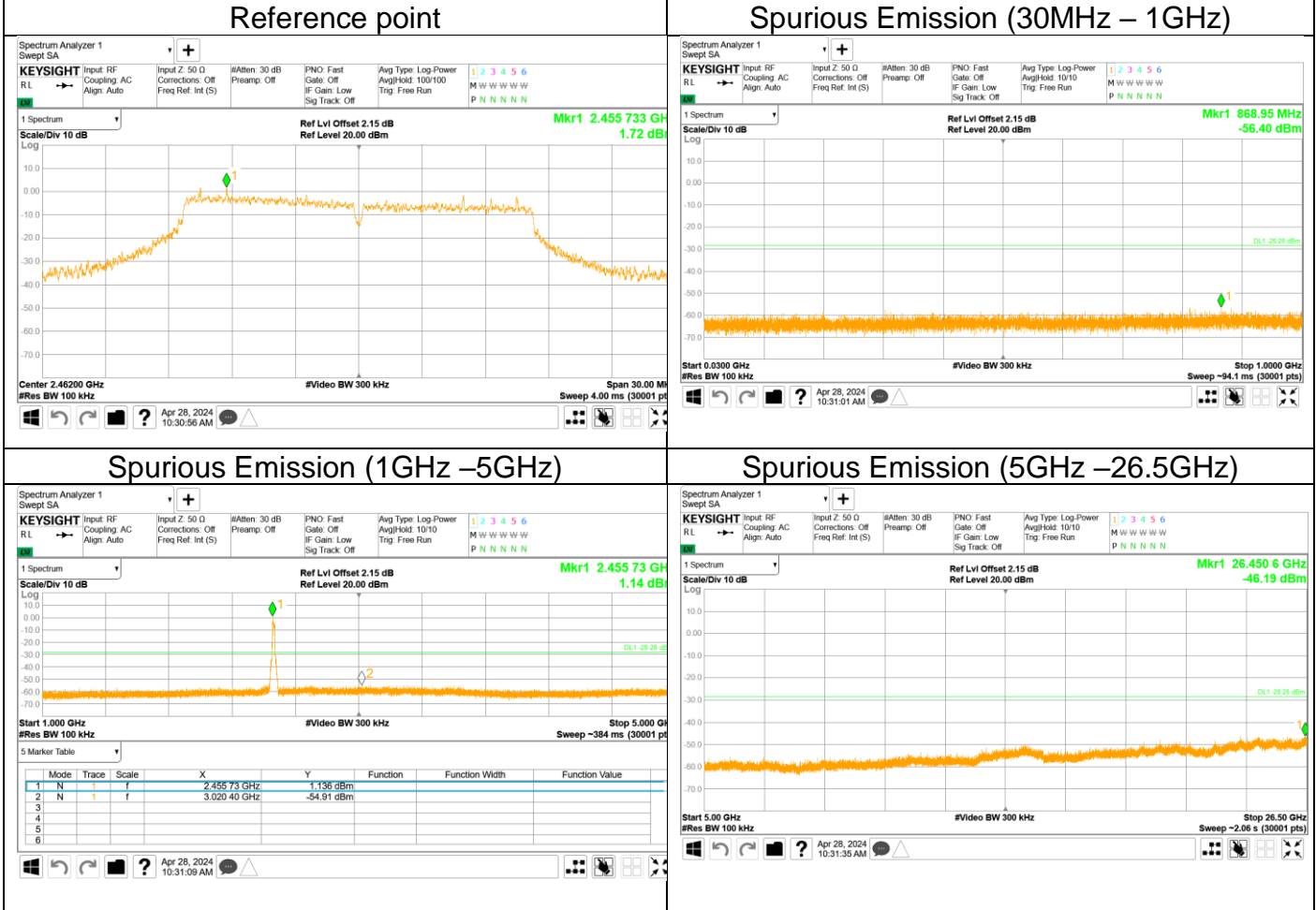


Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 6 (2437MHz)



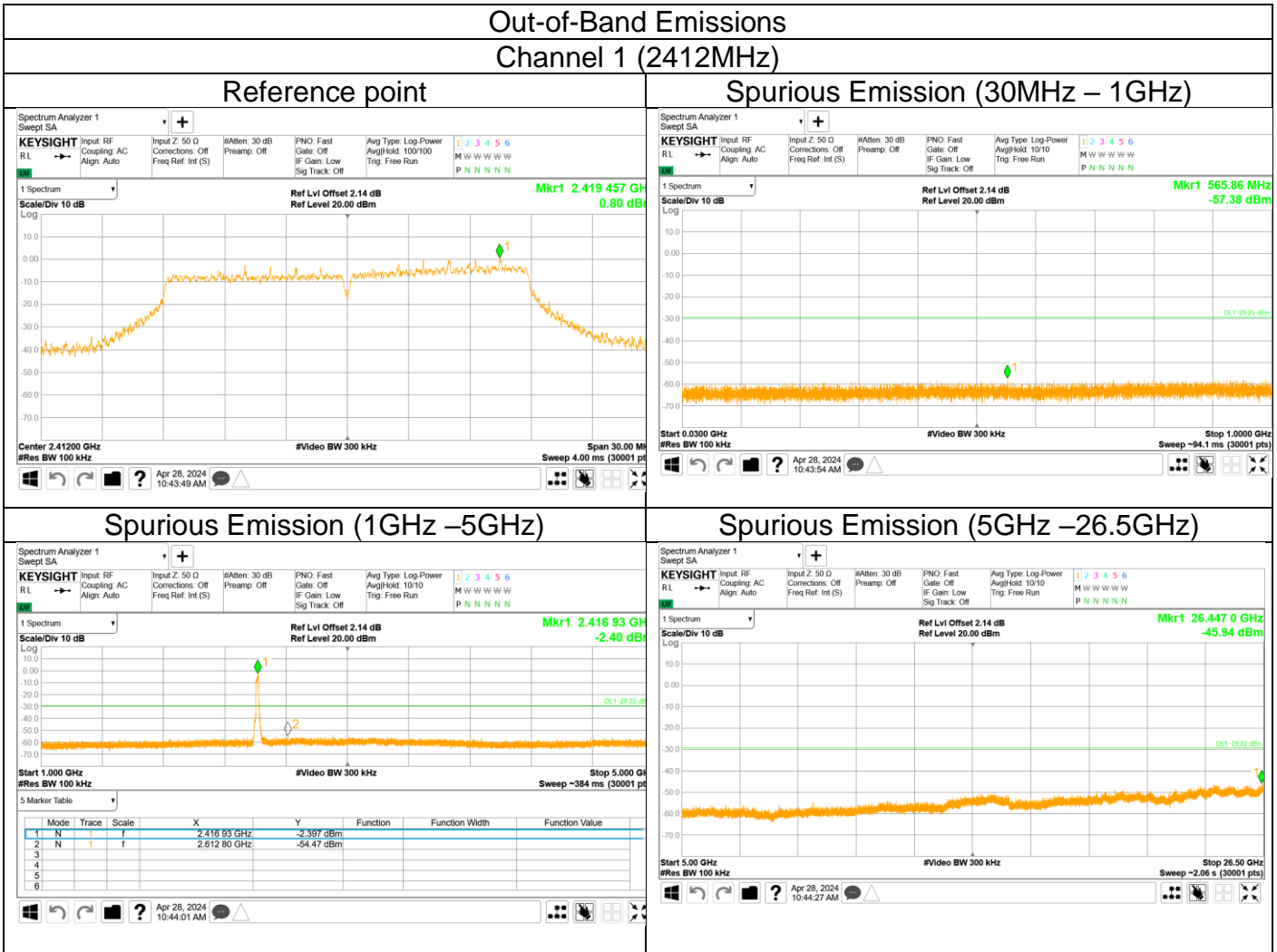


Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 11 (2462MHz)



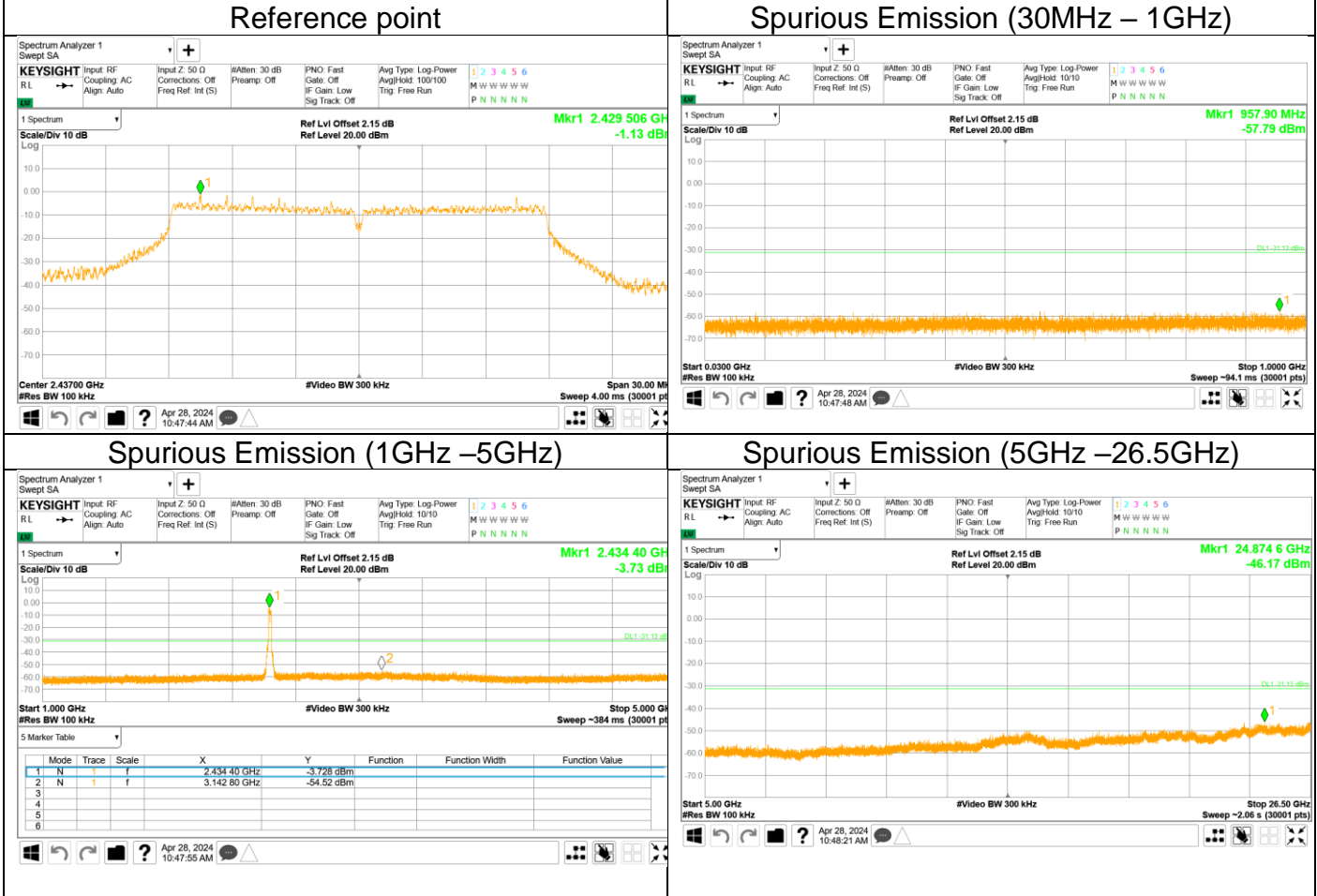


802.11 N HT20
Out-of-Band Emissions
Channel 1 (2412MHz)



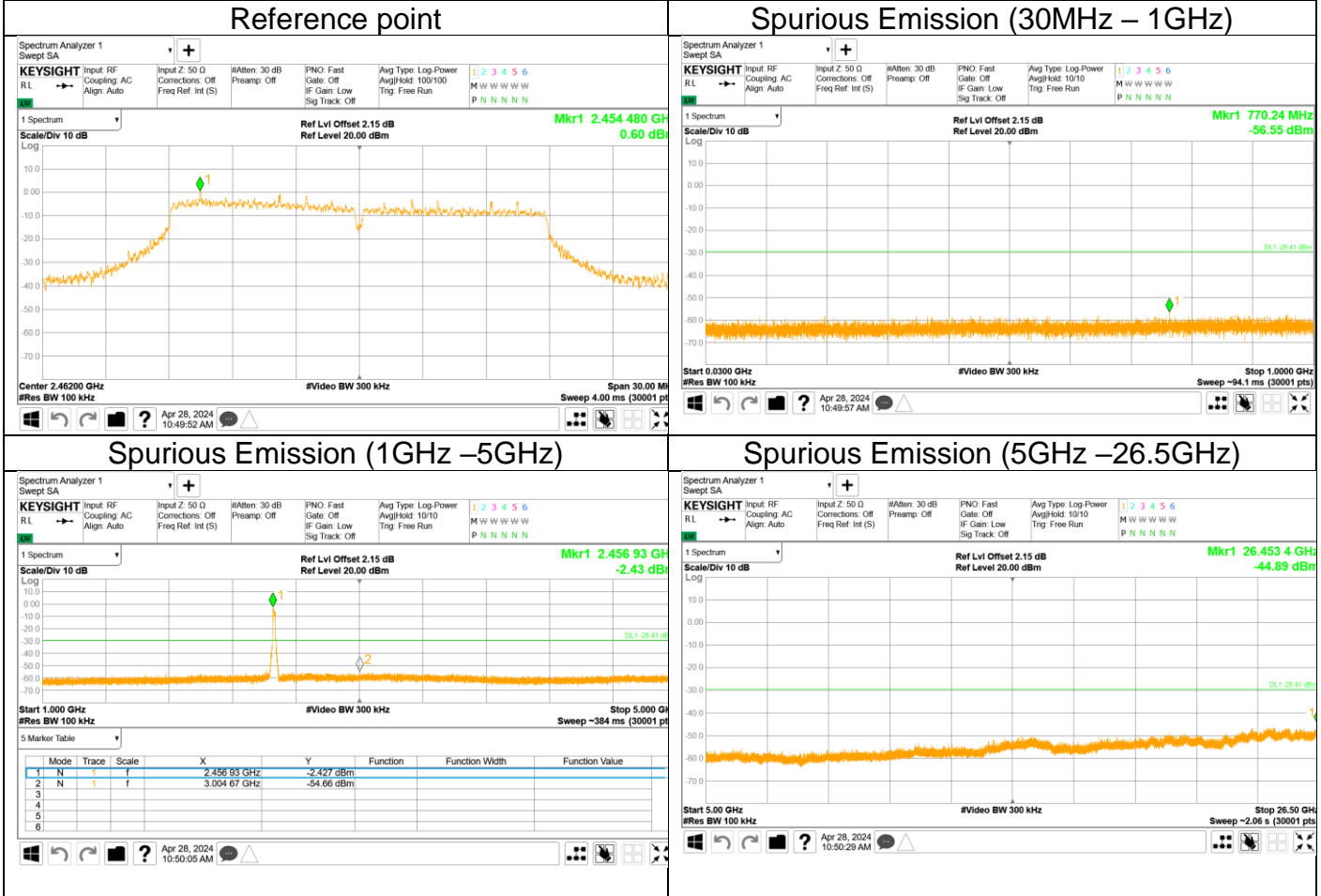


Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 6 (2437MHz)



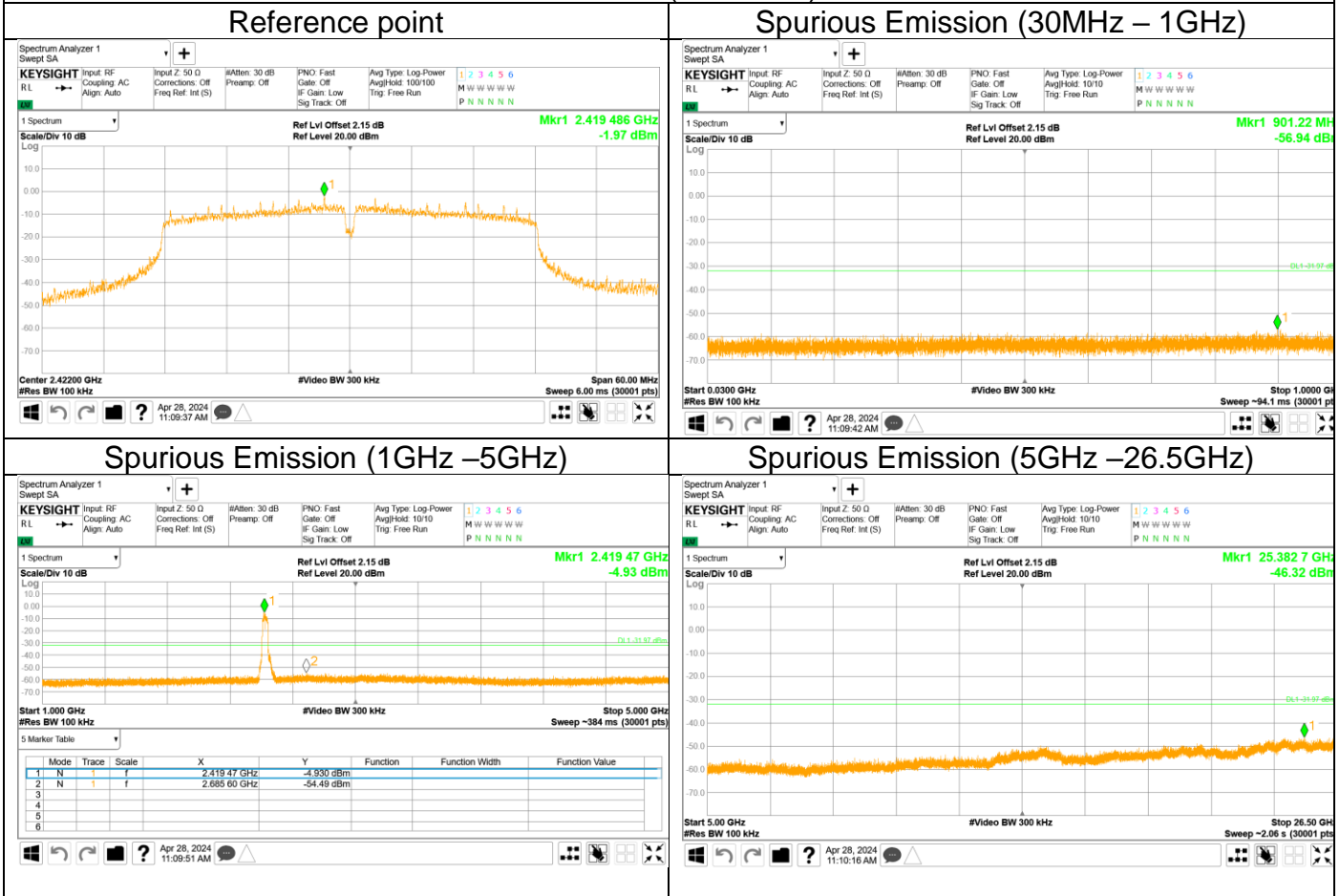


Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 11 (2462MHz)



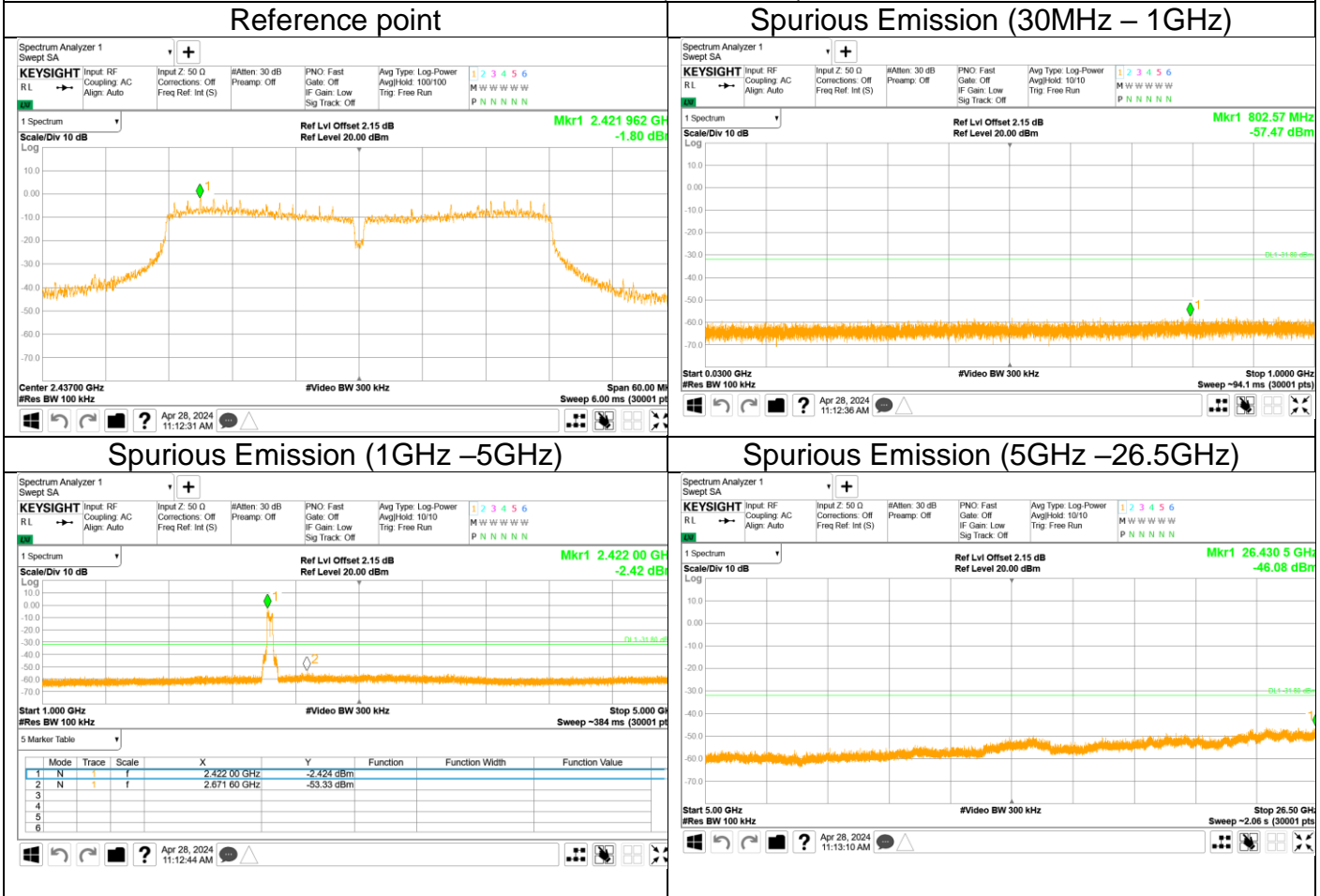


802.11 N HT40
Out-of-Band Emissions
Channel 3 (2422MHz)



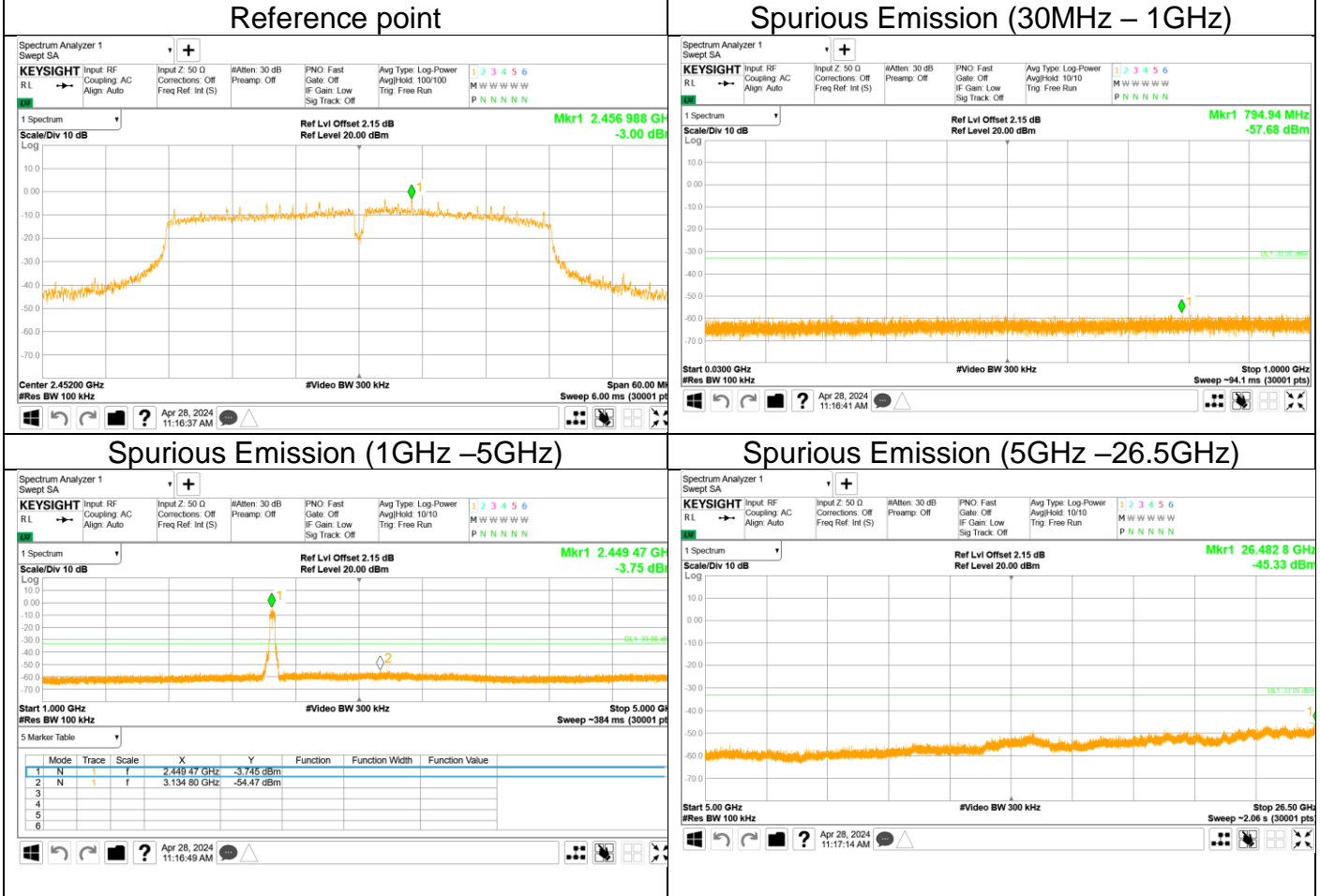


Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 6 (2437MHz)





Out-of-Band Emissions Channel 9 (2452MHz)



10.6 Band edge

Test Method

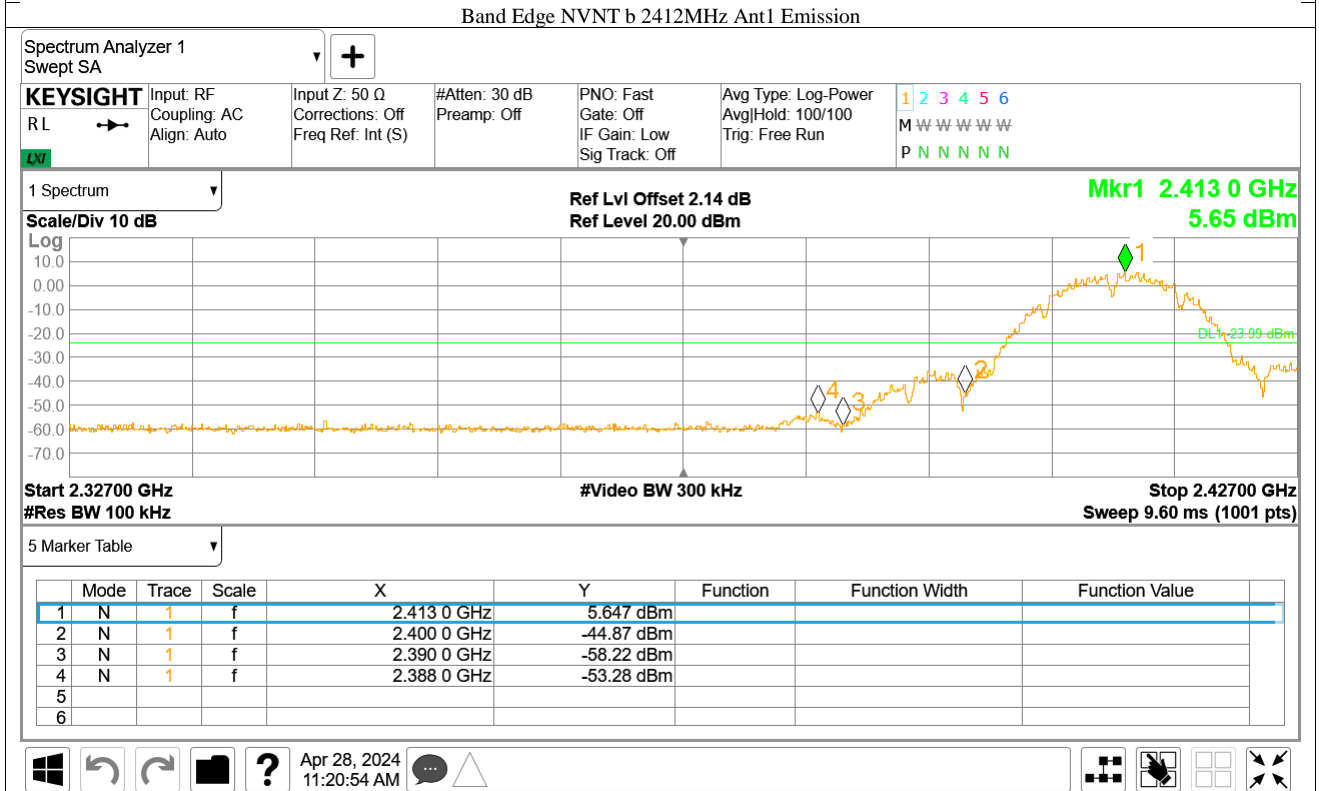
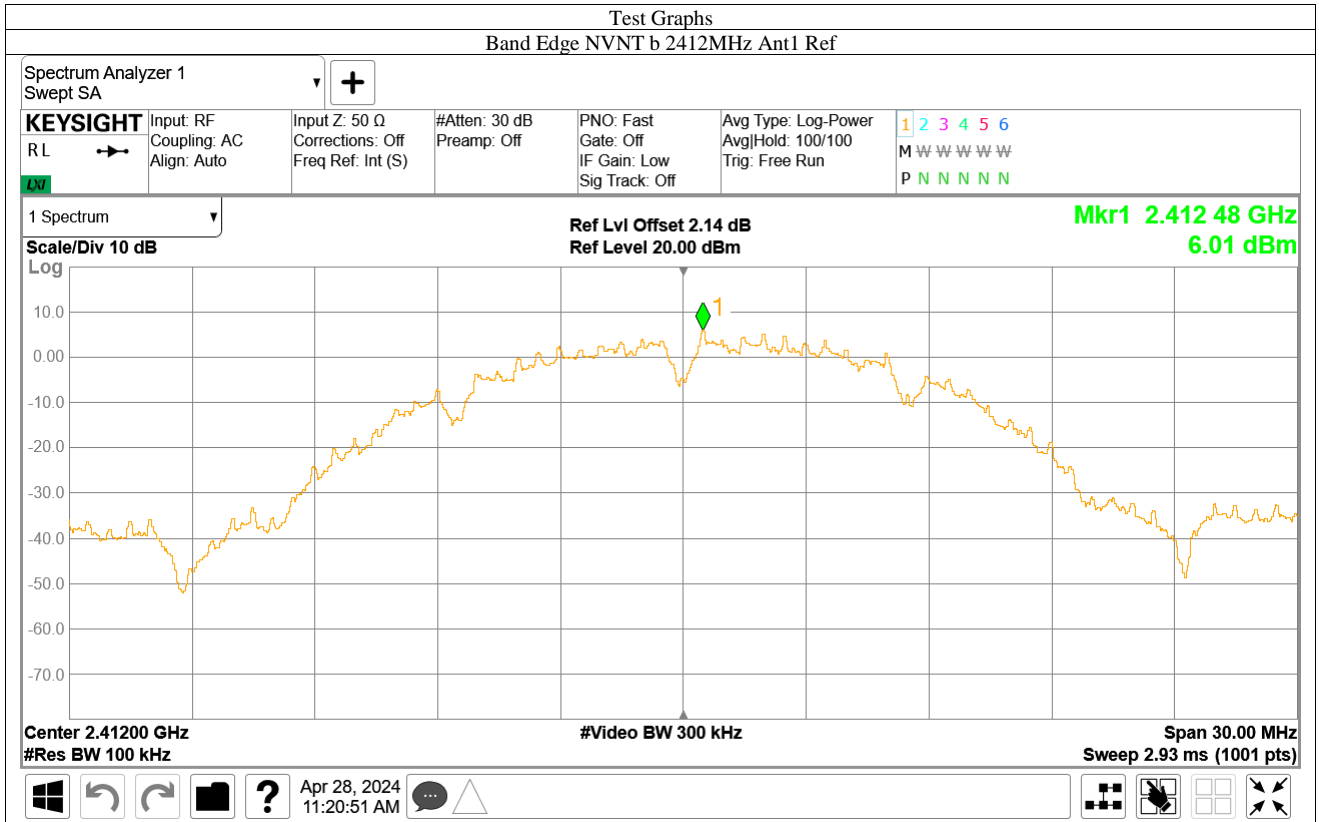
1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting, the instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
RBW = 100 kHz, VBW \geq 3RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Allow the trace to stabilize, use the peak and delta measurement to record the result.
5. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.
6. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete and submit all the plots.

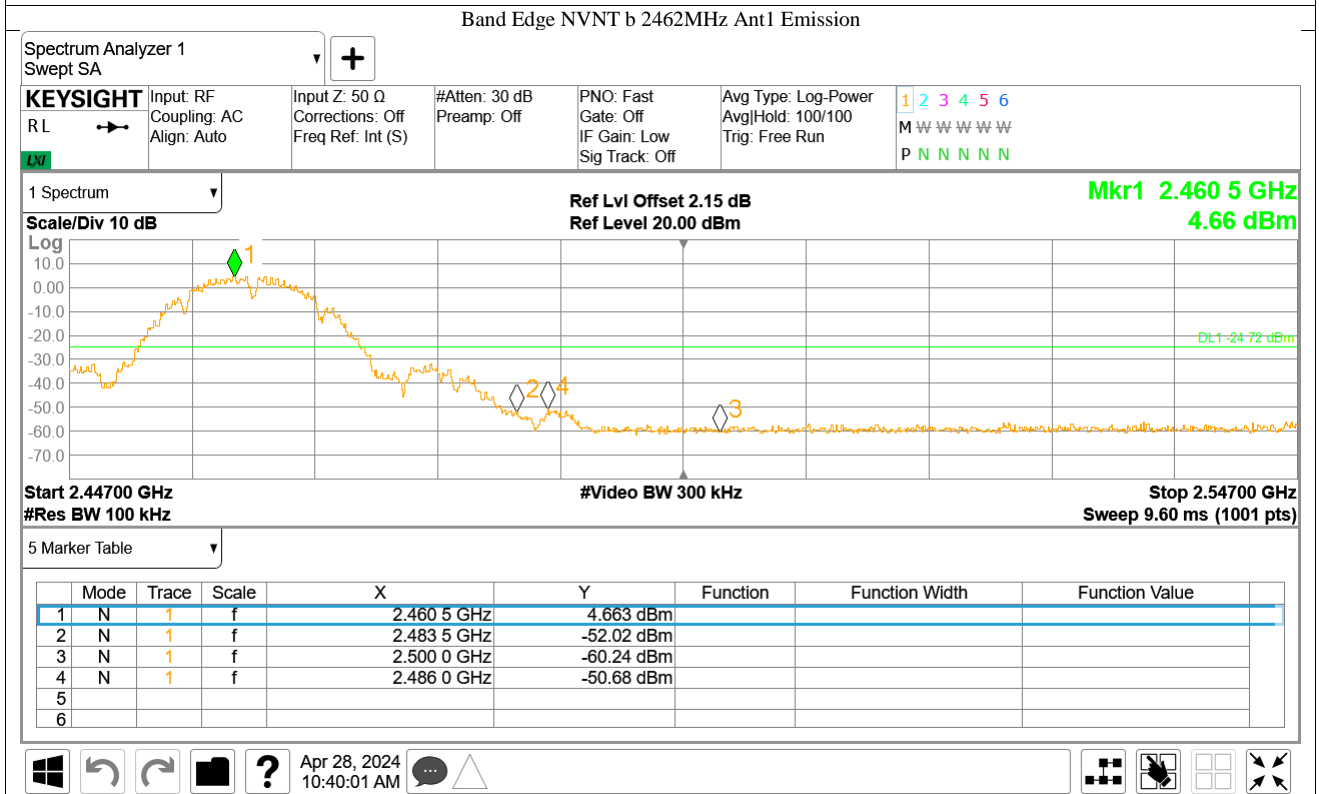
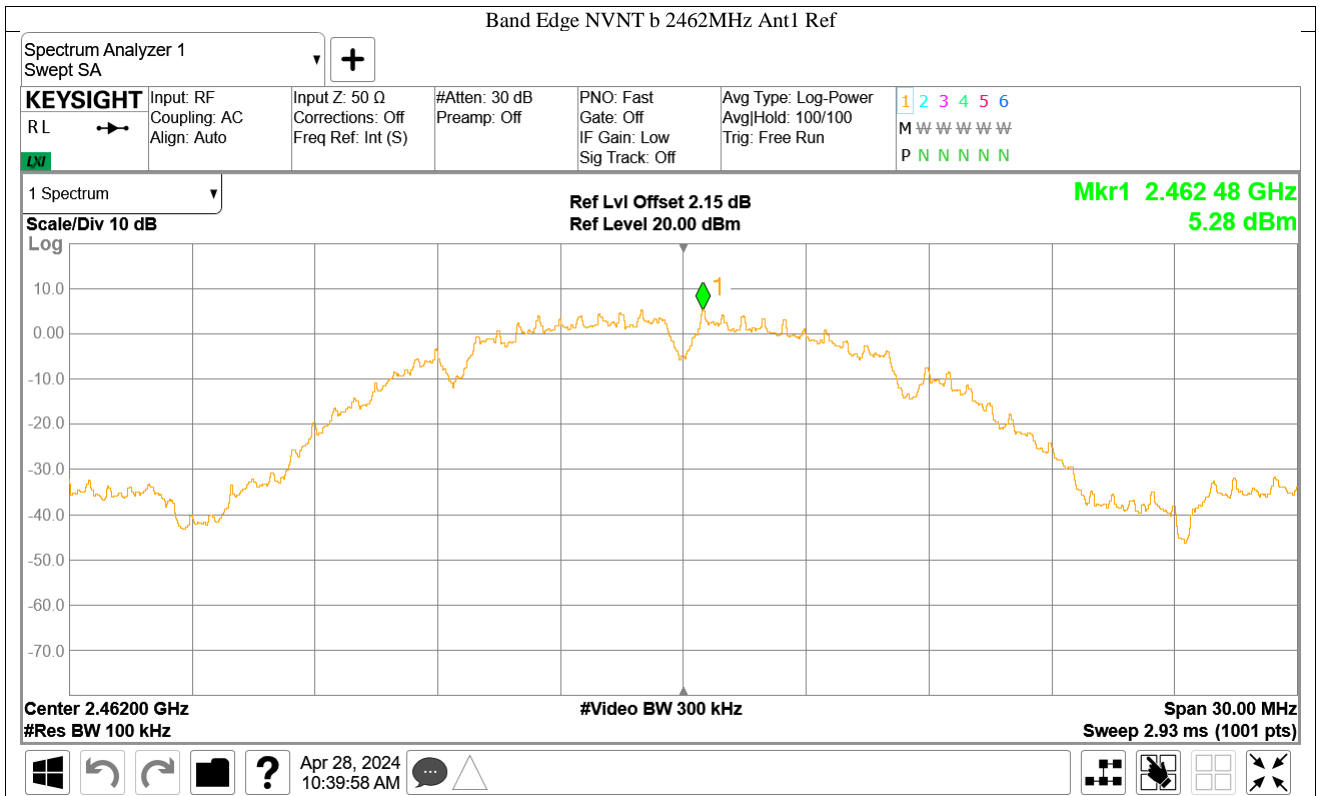
Limit

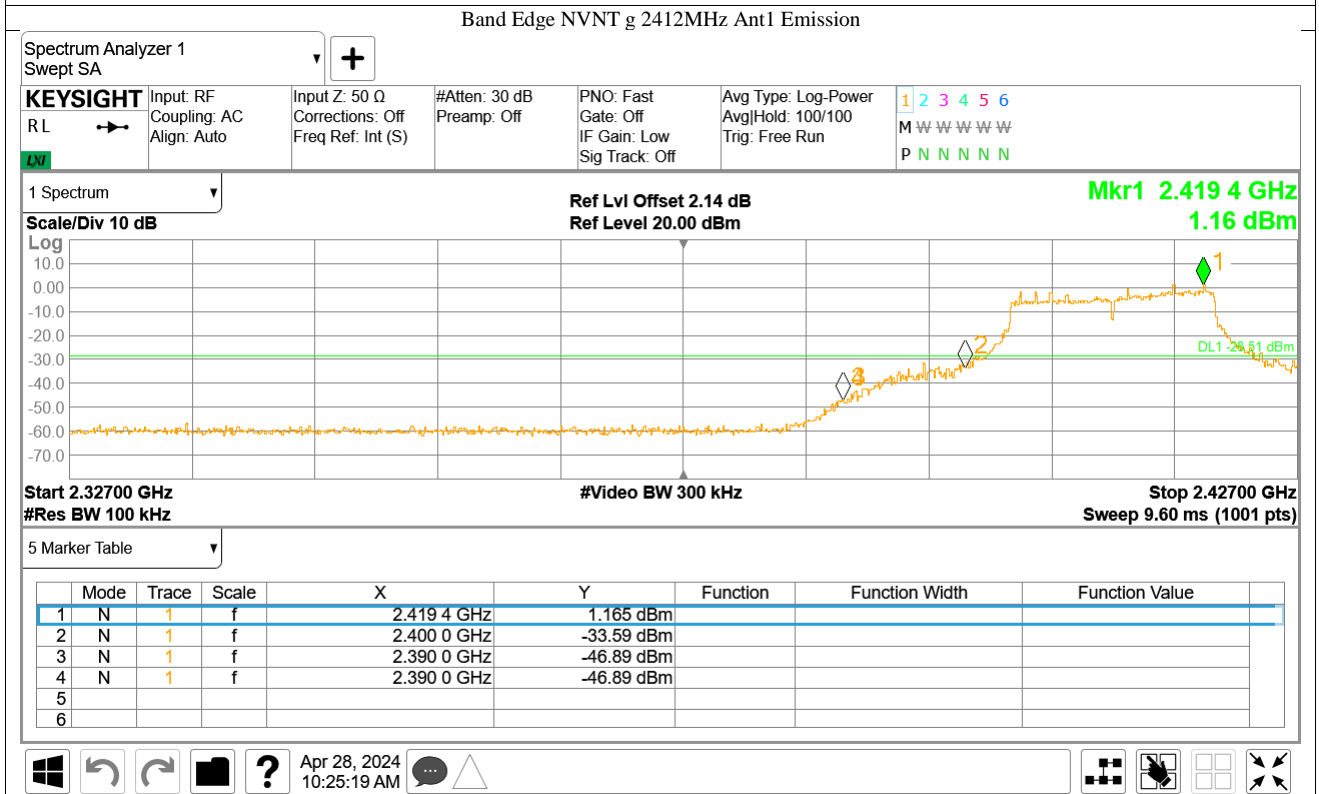
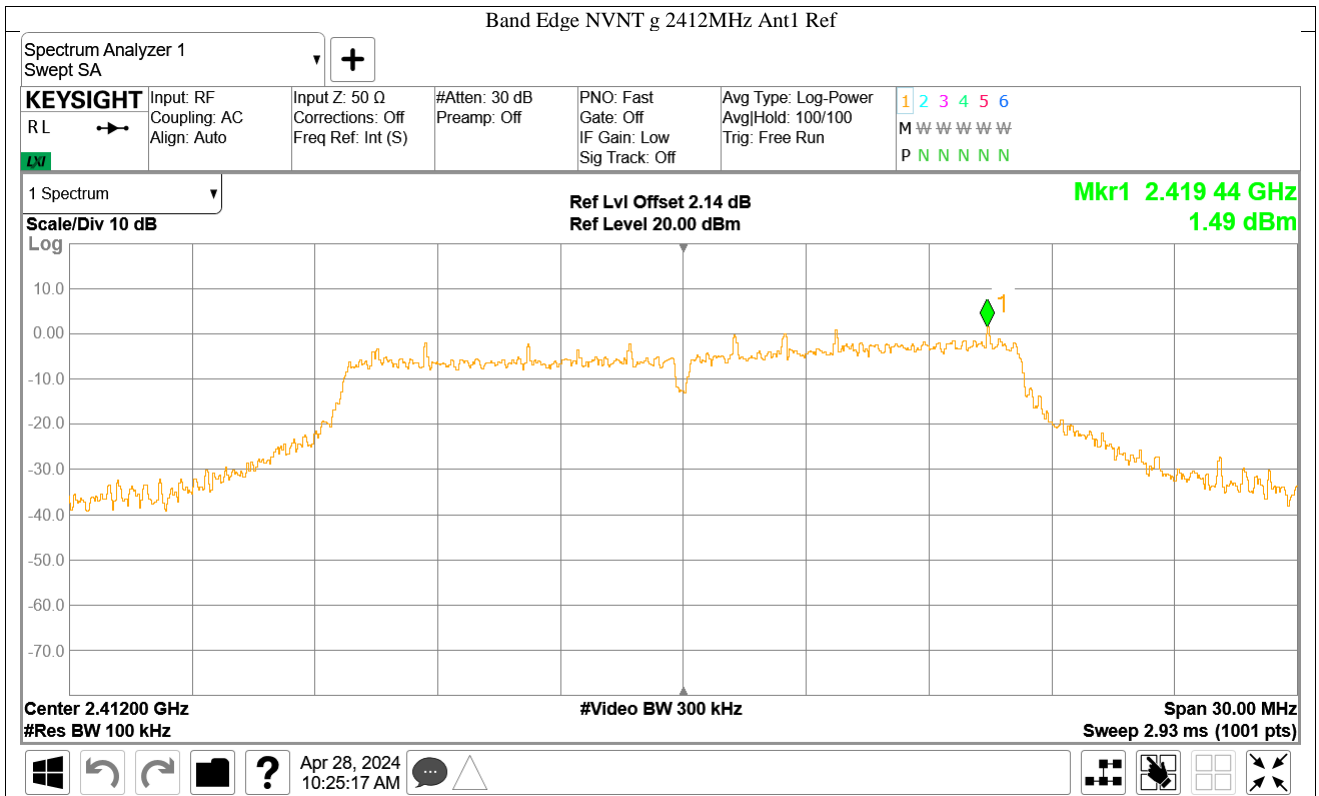
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under § 15.247(b)(3), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

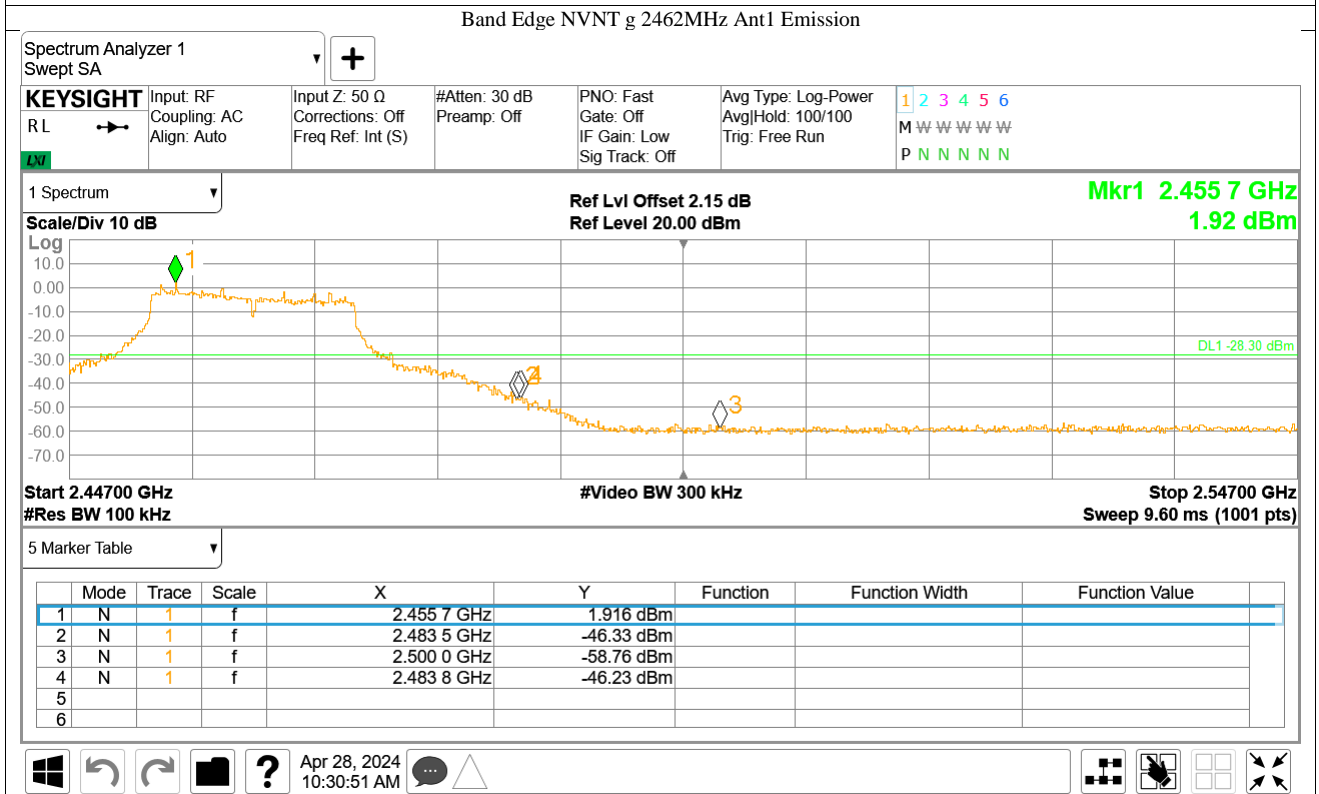
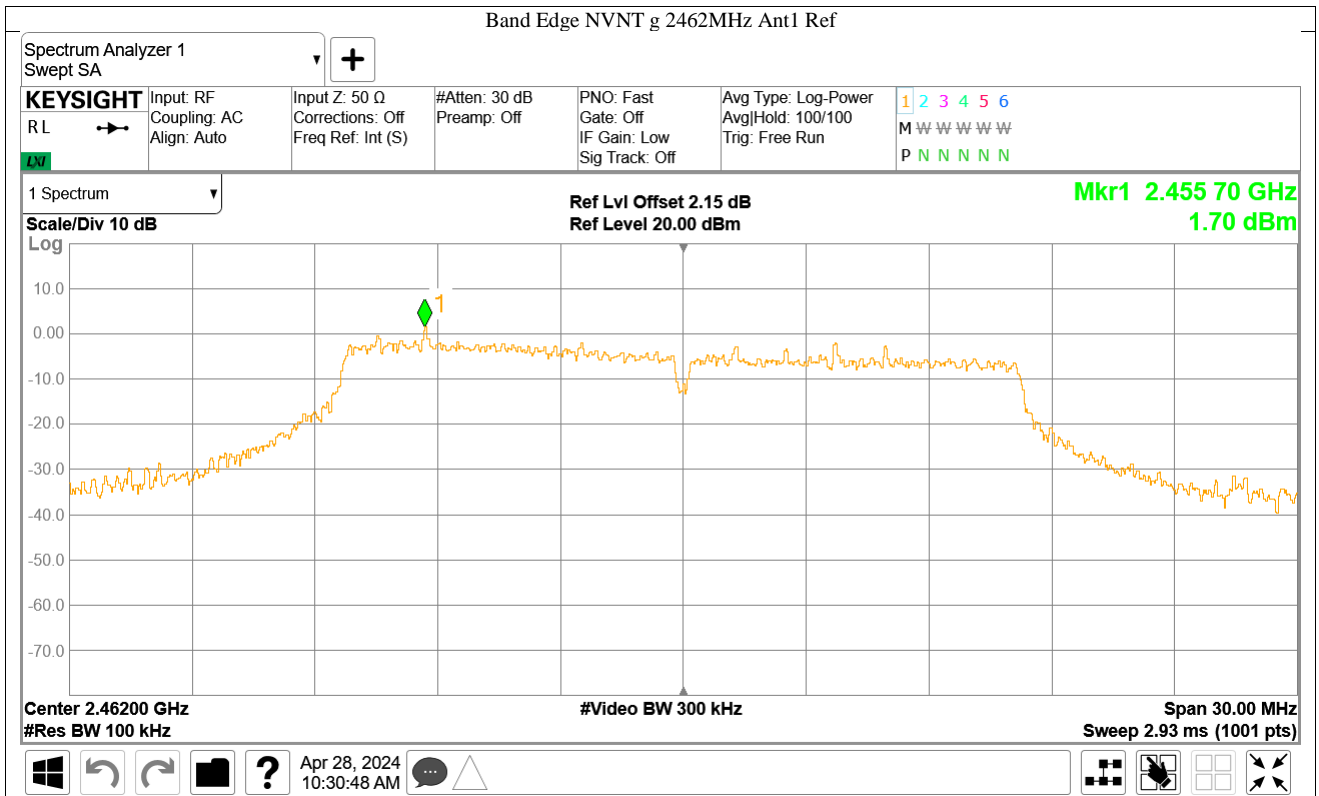


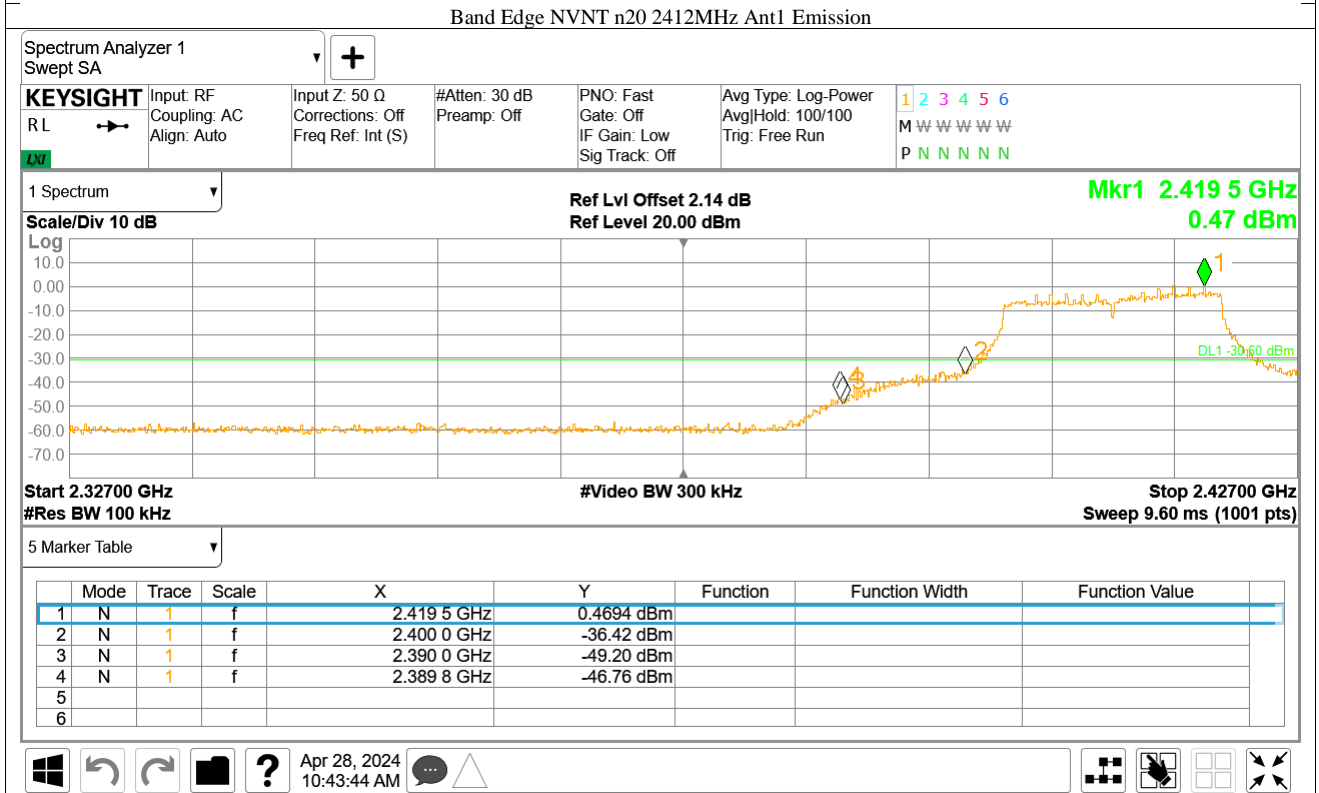
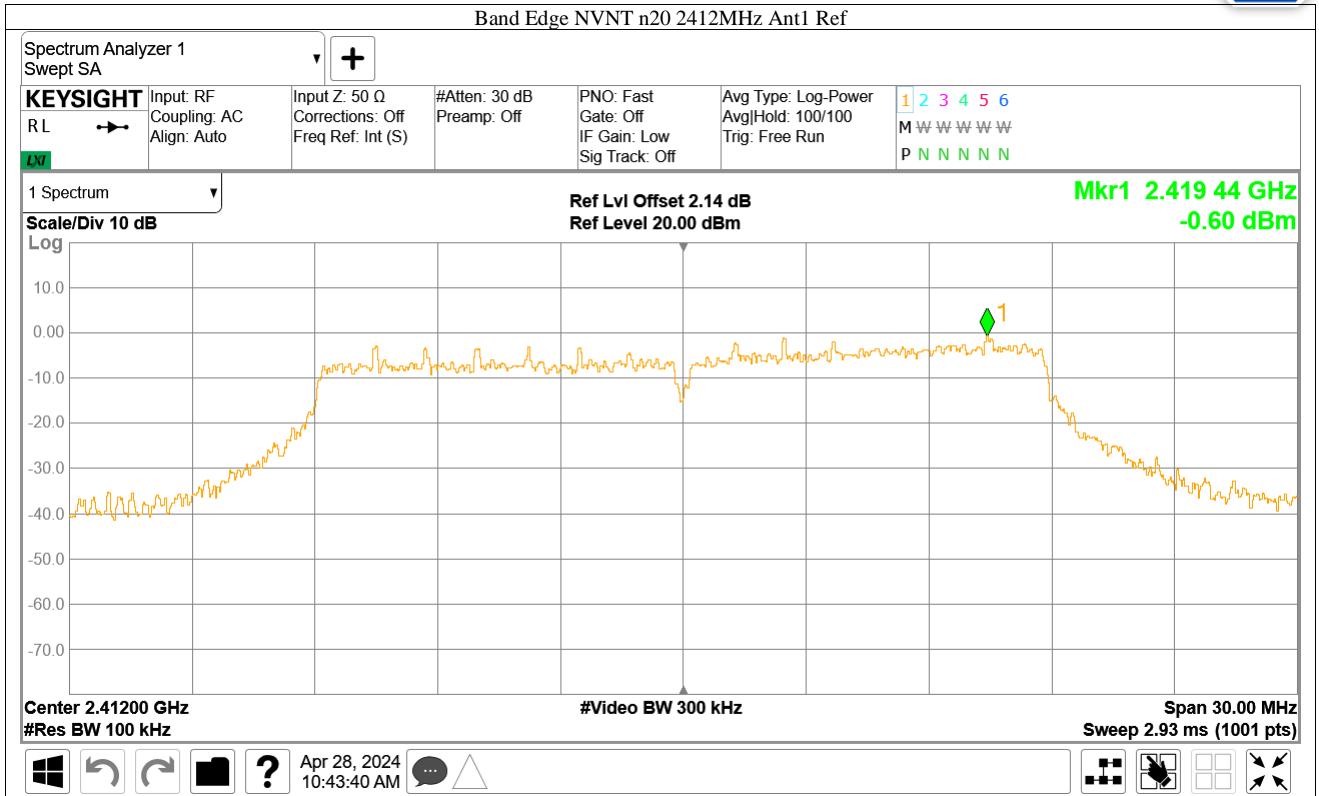
Test result

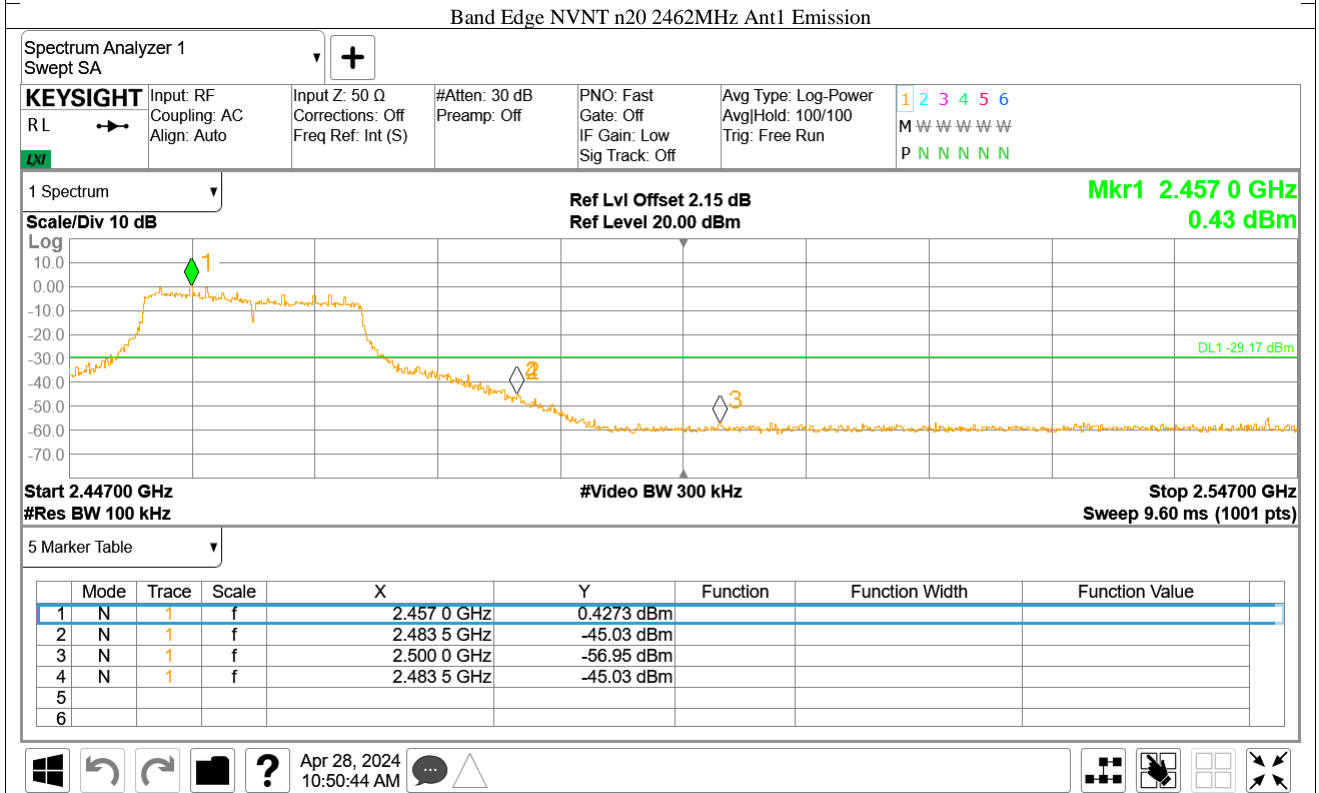
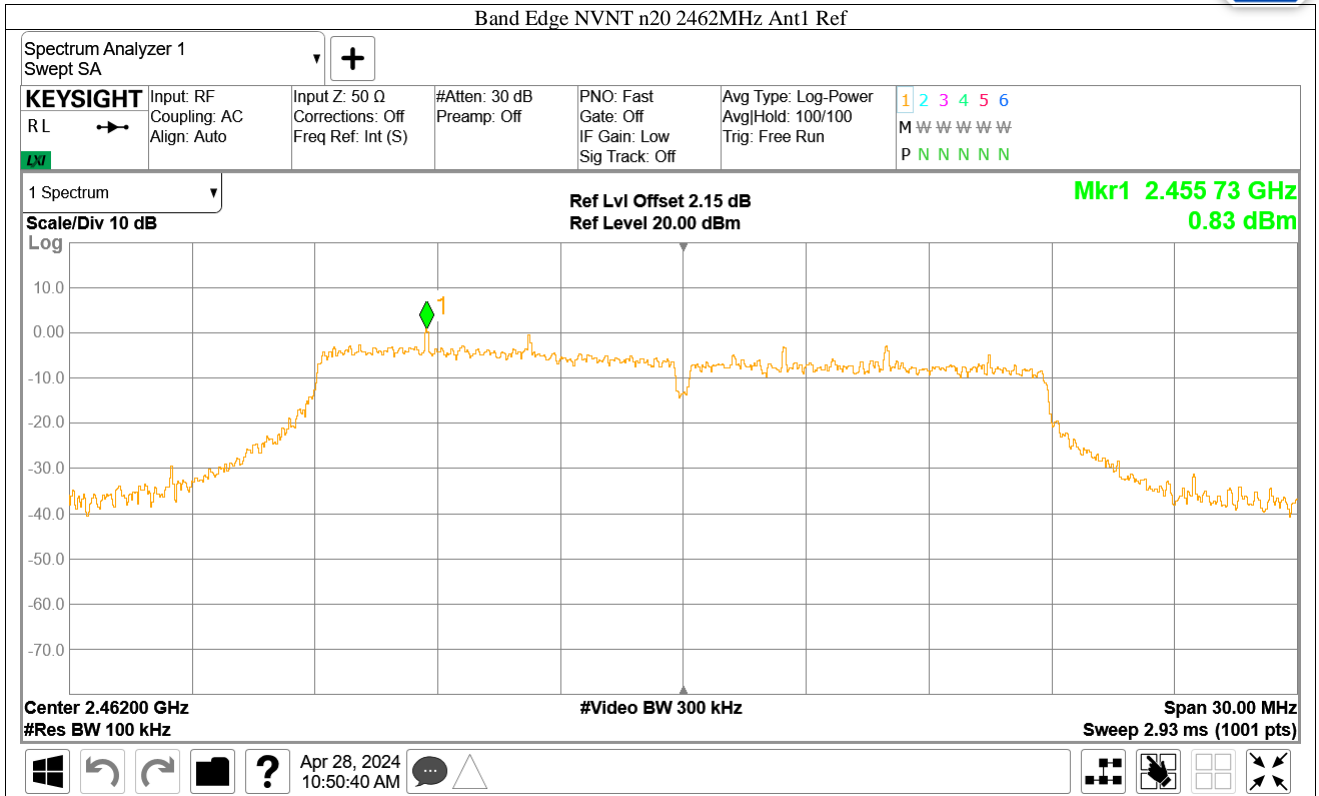


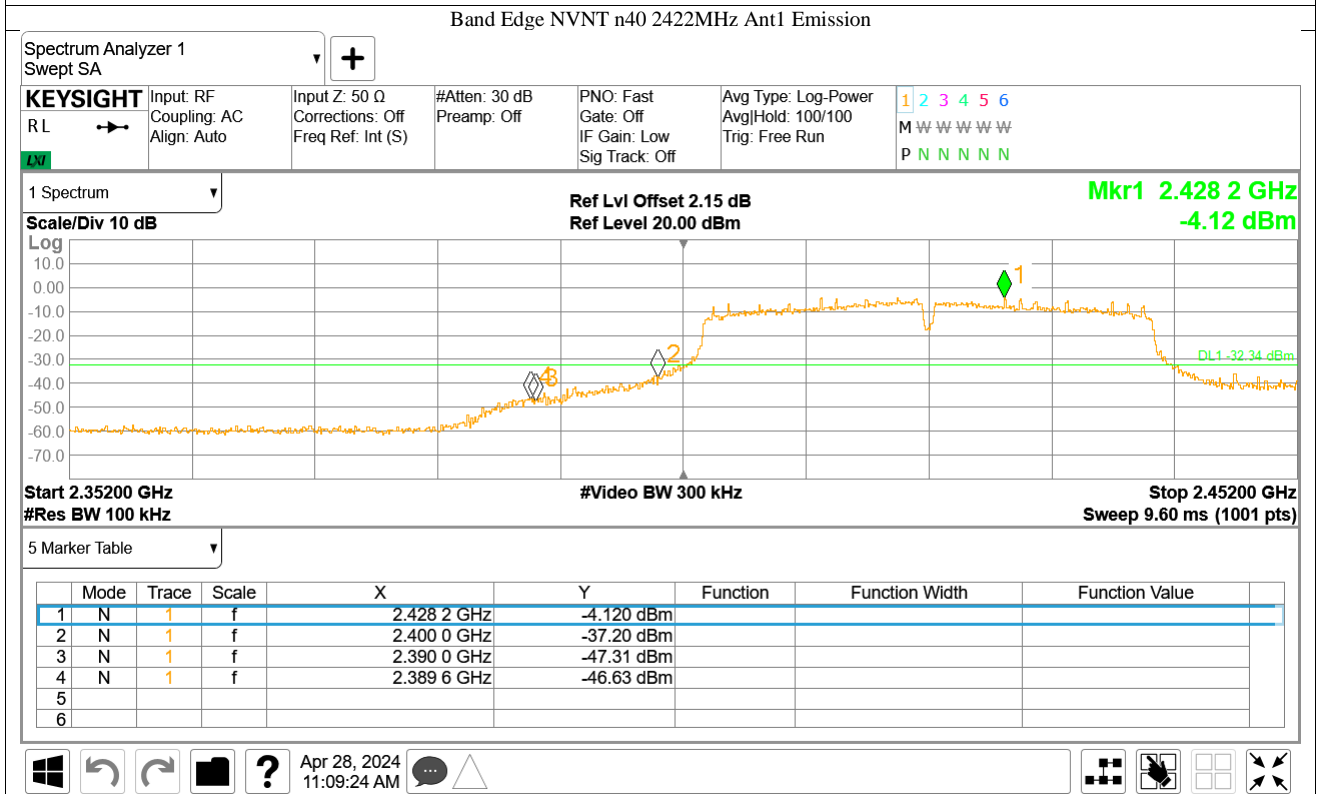
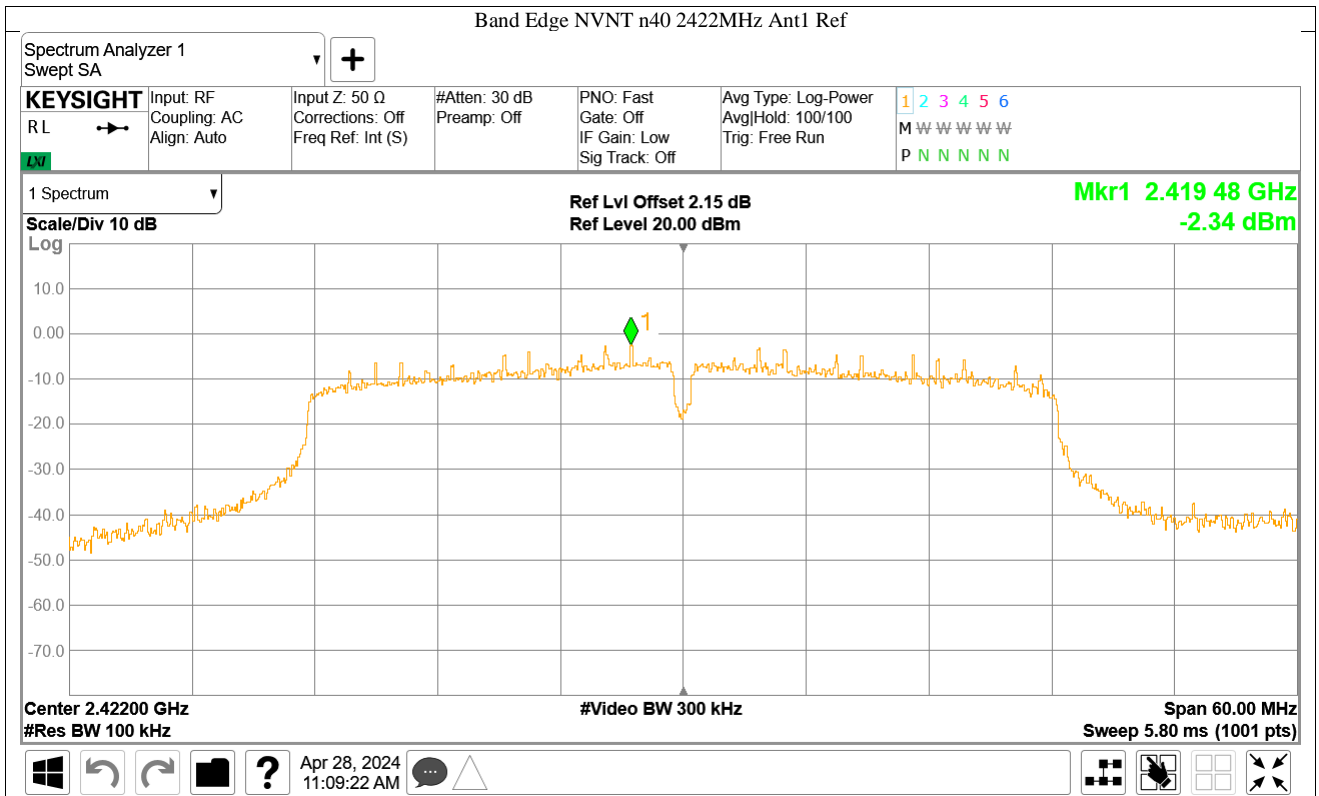


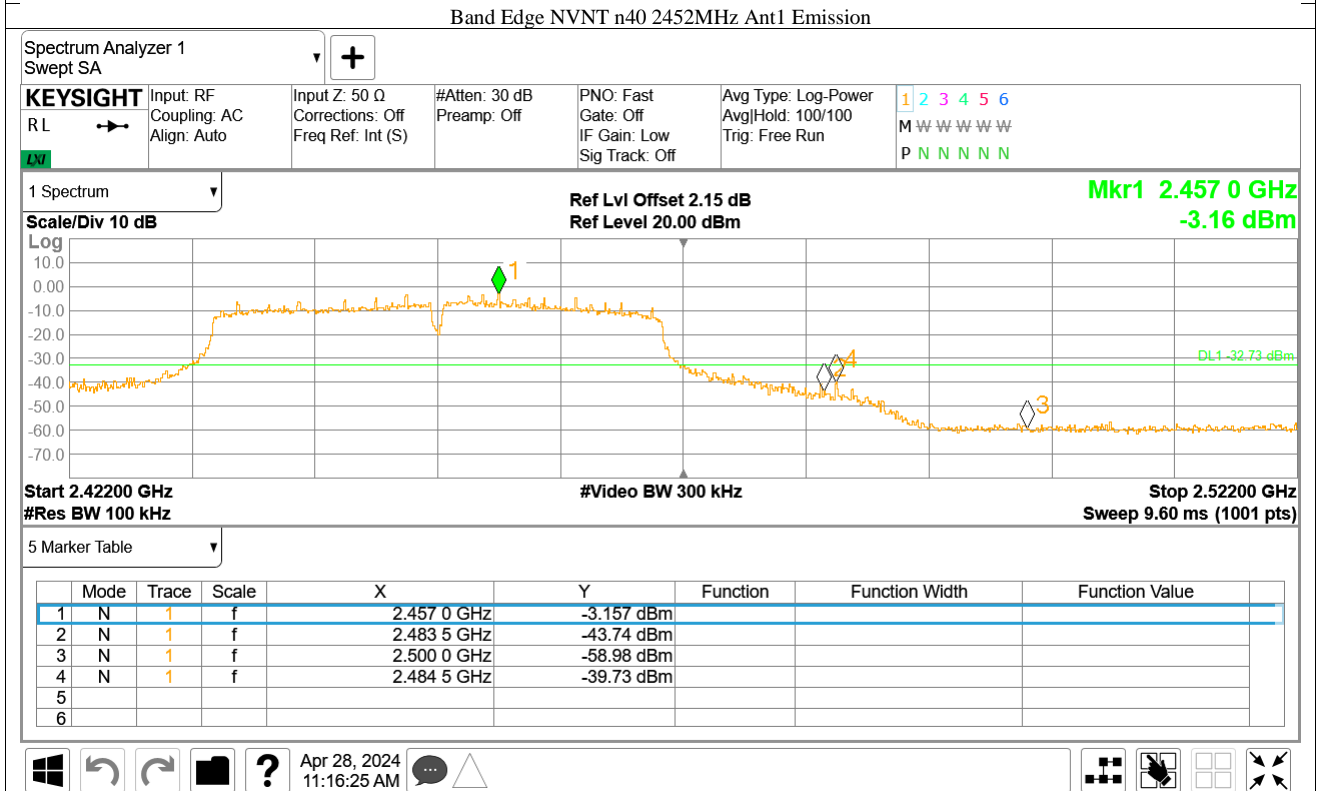
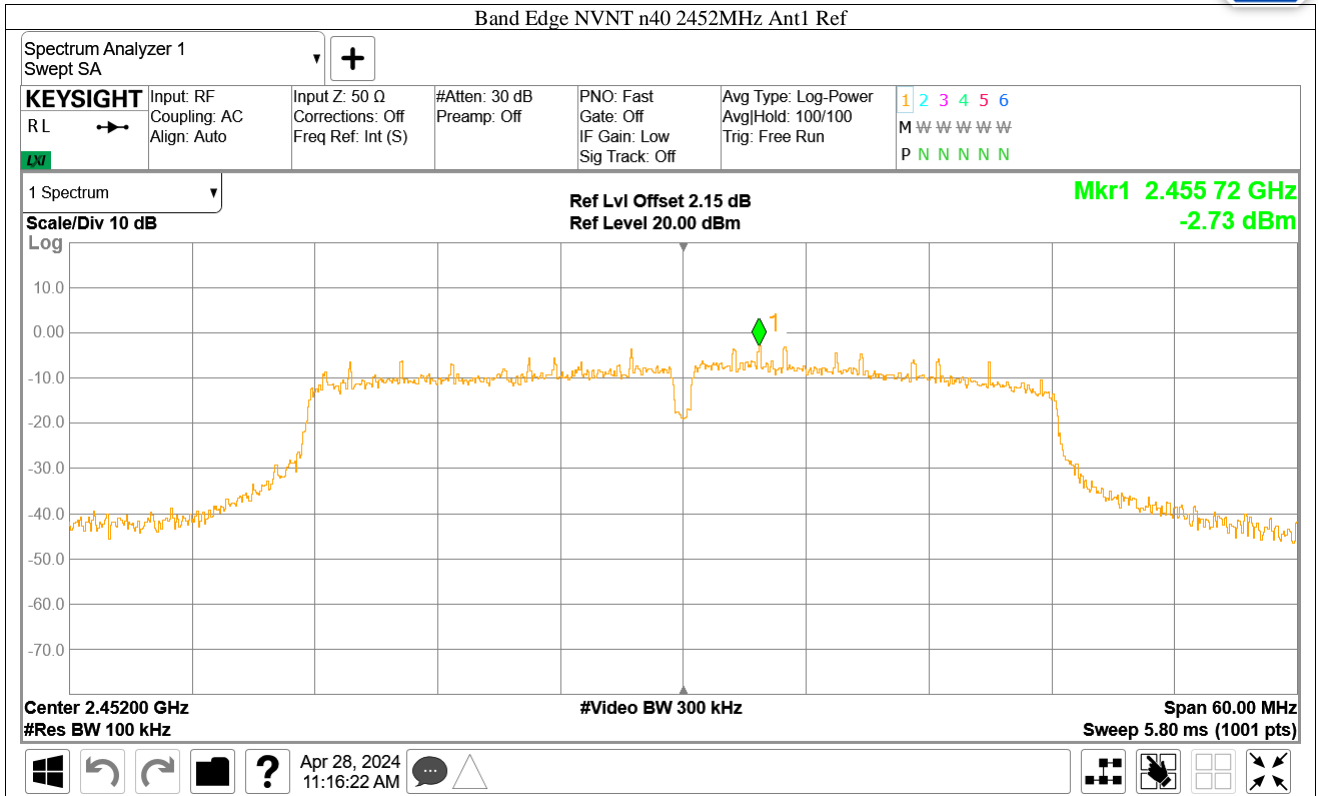












10.7 Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

Test Method

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz and 0.8m above ground for below 1GHz at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference – receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable – height antenna tower.
3. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings According to C63.10
 - 1) Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements Below 1000 MHz
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
RBW = 100 kHz to 120kHz, VBW ≥ RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
 - 2) For Peak unwanted emissions Above 1GHz:
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
RBW = 1MHz, VBW ≥ RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
Procedures for average unwanted emissions measurements above 1GHz
 - a) RBW = 1MHz.
 - b) VBW \ [3 × RBW].
 - c) Detector = RMS (power averaging), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] \ RBW / 2.
Satisfying this condition can require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
 - d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)
 - e) Sweep time = auto.
 - f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of 1 / D, where D is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)
 - g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is $[20 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.

Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under § 15.247(b)(3), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

Frequency MHz	Field Strength $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$	Field Strength $\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$	Detector	Measurement distance meters
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	48.5-13.8	AV	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	33.8-23.0	QP	30
1.705-30	30	29.5	QP	30
30-88	100	40	QP	3
88-216	150	43.5	QP	3
216-960	200	46	QP	3
960-1000	500	54	QP	3
Above 1000	500	54	AV	3
Above 1000	5000	74	PK	3

Note 1: Limit $3\text{m}(\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}) = \text{Limit } 300\text{m}(\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}) + 40\text{Log}(300\text{m}/3\text{m})$ (Below 30MHz)

Note 2: Limit $3\text{m}(\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}) = \text{Limit } 30\text{m}(\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}) + 40\text{Log}(30\text{m}/3\text{m})$ (Below 30MHz)

Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

Data of measurement within frequency range 9kHz-30MHz is the noise floor or attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured, so test data does not present in this report.

Pre-scan with three orthogonal axis and worst case as X axis listed below table

Test mode:802.11B (2412MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2351.77	42.96	74.00	31.04	PK	Hoizrnotal
4823.40	42.03	74.00	31.97	PK	Hoizrnotal
2353.01	43.87	74.00	30.13	PK	Vertical
4823.93	42.88	74.00	31.12	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11B (2437MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4871.21	42.09	74.00	31.91	PK	Hoizrnotal
4872.28	41.70	74.00	32.30	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11B (2462MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.50	42.07	74.00	31.93	PK	Hoizrnotal
4925.40	41.21	74.00	32.79	PK	Hoizrnotal
2483.56	41.76	74.00	32.24	PK	Vertical
4924.34	42.36	74.00	31.64	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11g (2412MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2352.78	42.22	74.00	31.78	PK	Hoizrnotal
4824.46	41.76	74.00	32.24	PK	Hoizrnotal
2352.06	43.30	74.00	30.70	PK	Vertical
4821.28	42.38	74.00	31.62	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11g (2437MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4870.15	42.36	74.00	31.64	PK	Hoizrnotal
4874.93	42.08	74.00	31.92	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11g (2462MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.52	43.47	74.00	30.53	PK	Hoizrnotal
4921.68	40.55	74.00	33.45	PK	Hoizrnotal
2483.54	43.08	74.00	30.92	PK	Vertical
4924.87	41.12	74.00	32.88	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11n20 (2412MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2351.85	42.73	74.00	31.27	PK	Hoizrnotal
4821.81	41.16	74.00	32.84	PK	Hoizrnotal
2351.96	43.11	74.00	30.89	PK	Vertical
4824.46	41.20	74.00	32.80	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11n20 (2437MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4871.75	41.48	74.00	32.52	PK	Hoizrnotal
4874.40	41.66	74.00	32.34	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11n20 (2462MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.54	44.40	74.00	29.60	PK	Hoizrnotal
4923.81	40.98	74.00	33.02	PK	Hoizrnotal
2483.64	43.38	74.00	30.62	PK	Vertical
4922.75	41.17	74.00	32.83	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11n40 (2422MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2352.08	42.20	74.00	31.80	PK	Hoizrnotal
4843.06	40.79	74.00	33.21	PK	Hoizrnotal
2351.95	43.24	74.00	30.76	PK	Vertical
4842.00	42.51	74.00	31.49	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11n40 (2437MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
4874.93	41.19	74.00	32.81	PK	Hoizrnotal
4871.21	41.30	74.00	32.70	PK	Vertical

Test mode:802.11n40 (2452MHz)					
Frequency MHz	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
2483.50	43.21	74.00	30.79	PK	Hoizrnotal
4906.28	41.37	74.00	32.63	PK	Hoizrnotal
2483.56	42.97	74.00	31.03	PK	Vertical
4905.21	41.20	74.00	32.80	PK	Vertical

Remark:

- (1) Emission level= Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
- (2) Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss -Amplifier gain
- (3) Margin = limit – Corrected Reading



The worst case of Radiated Emission below 1GHz: X axis transmitting TX at 2412MHz (802.11B)

30-1000MHz Radiated Emission

EUT Information

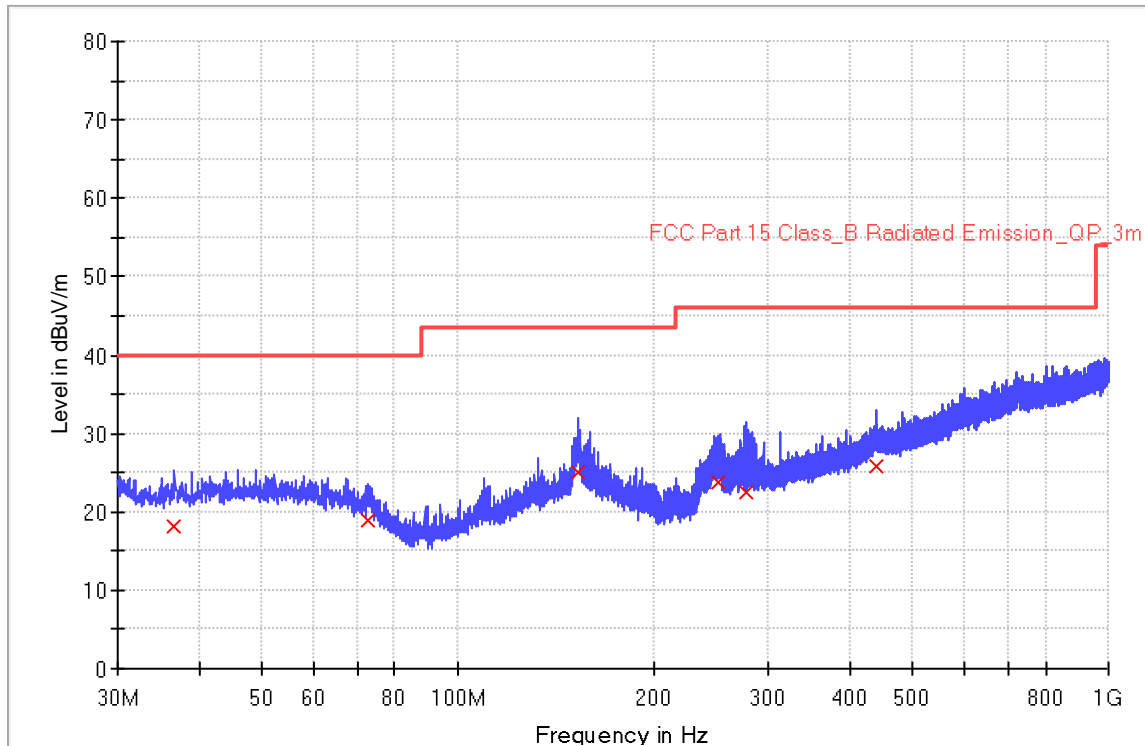
Model: Fotric 860MiX
 Client: FOTRIC INC
 Op Cond: Power on, TX_2412 at 802.11 B, AC120V/60Hz
 Operator: Huali CHENG
 Test Spec: FCC Part 15.209(a)
 Comment: Horizontal
 Sample No: SHA-801877-2

Sweep Setup: RE_VULB9168_pre_Cont_30-1000 [EMI radiated]

Hardware Setup: RE_VULB9168
 Receiver: [ESR 3]
 Level Unit: dBuV/m

Subrange	Step Size	Detectors	Bandwidth	Sweep Time	Preamp
30 MHz - 1 GHz	48.5 kHz	PK+	120 kHz	0.2 s	20 dB

RE_VULB9168_pre_Cont_30-1000



Limit and Margin

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Margin - QPK (dB)
36.680000	18.0	1000.0	120.000	129.0	H	236.0	19.8	22.0
72.640000	19.0	1000.0	120.000	115.0	H	95.0	18.0	21.0
152.600000	25.0	1000.0	120.000	152.0	H	15.0	21.0	18.5
250.440000	23.8	1000.0	120.000	136.0	H	102.0	19.9	22.3
278.240000	22.5	1000.0	120.000	162.0	H	195.0	20.9	23.5
440.640000	25.9	1000.0	120.000	165.0	H	310.0	25.7	20.1

(continuation of the "Limit and Margin" table from column 16 ...)

Frequency (MHz)	Limit - QPK (dBuV/m)	Comment
36.680000	40.0	
72.640000	40.0	
152.600000	43.5	
250.440000	46.0	
278.240000	46.0	
440.640000	46.0	

Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)



30-1000MHz Radiated Emission

EUT Information

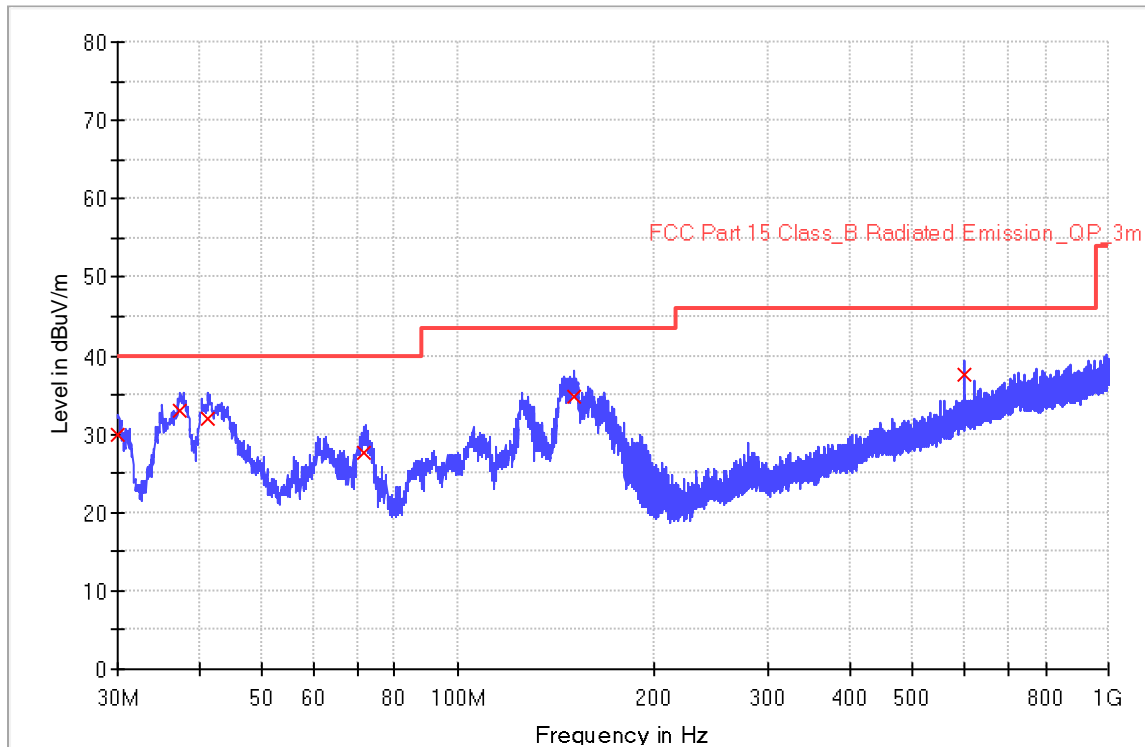
EUT Name: Acoustic Thermal Imager
 Model: Fotric 860MiX
 Client: FOTRIC INC
 Op Cond: Power on, TX_2412 at 802.11 B, AC120V/60Hz
 Operator: Huali CHENG
 Test Spec: FCC Part 15.209(a)
 Comment: Vertical
 Sample No: SHA-801877-2

Sweep Setup: RE_VULB9168_pre_Cont_30-1000 [EMI radiated]

Hardware Setup: RE_VULB9168
 Receiver: [ESR 3]
 Level Unit: dBuV/m

Subrange	Step Size	Detectors	Bandwidth	Sweep Time	Preamp
30 MHz - 1 GHz	48.5 kHz	PK+	120 kHz	0.2 s	20 dB

RE_VULB9168_pre_Cont_30-1000



Limit and Margin

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)	Margin - QPK (dB)
30.080000	29.8	1000.0	120.000	129.0	V	208.0	19.4	10.2
37.480000	33.0	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	95.0	19.7	7.0
41.320000	31.9	1000.0	120.000	112.0	V	321.0	20.1	8.1
71.560000	27.6	1000.0	120.000	106.0	V	109.0	18.3	12.4
150.800000	34.8	1000.0	120.000	123.0	V	68.0	20.9	8.7
600.000000	37.7	1000.0	120.000	135.0	V	198.0	29.1	8.3

(continuation of the "Limit and Margin" table from column 16 ...)

Frequency (MHz)	Limit - QPK (dBuV/m)	Comment
30.080000	40.0	
37.480000	40.0	
41.320000	40.0	
71.560000	40.0	
150.800000	43.5	
600.000000	46.0	

Note 1: Measure Level (dBuV/m) = Reading Level (dBuV) + Factor (dB)
 Factor (dB) = Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Factor (dB/m)



11 Test Equipment List

List of Test Instruments
Test Site1

	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CAL. DATE	CAL. DUE DATE
C	Signal spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020B	MY59050168	2024-2-19	2025-2-18
	Wideband power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z81	105903	2024-2-19	2025-2-18
	10dB Attenuator	Aeroflex Weinschel	CG-4689	93459	2024-2-19	2025-2-18
RE	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101906	2023-8-1	2024-7-31
	Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101091	2023-8-1	2024-7-31
	Trilog Super Broadband Test Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	961	2021-9-23	2024-9-22
	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102393	2021-4-14	2024-4-13
	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102393	2024-4-14	2027-4-13
	Pre-amplifier	Shenzhen HzEMC	HPA-081843	HYPA23026	2024-4-16	2025-4-15
	Loop antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100443	2023-6-26	2024-6-25
	Loop antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100443	2024-6-26	2025-6-25
	DOUBLE-RIDGED WAVEGUIDE HORN WITH PRE-AMPLIFIER (18 GHZ - 40 GHZ)	ETS-Lindgren	3116C	00246076	2023-7-7	2026-7-6
	3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TDK	9X6X6	----	2021-5-8	2024-5-7
	3m Semi-anechoic chamber	TDK	9X6X6	----	2024-5-8	2027-5-7
CE	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	101907	2023-8-1	2024-7-31
	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101924	2023-8-1	2024-7-31

Measurement Software Information			
Test Item	Software	Manufacturer	Version
C	MTS 8310	MWRFTtest	3.0.0.0
	Power Viewer	Rohde & Schwarz	V 11.0
RE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V10.50.40
CE	EMC 32	Rohde & Schwarz	V9.15.03

C - Conducted RF tests

- Conducted peak output power
- 6dB bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth
- Power spectral density
- Spurious RF conducted emissions
- Band edge

12 System Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 were:

Items	Extended Uncertainty
Conducted Disturbance at Mains Terminals	150kHz to 30MHz, LISN, 3.16dB
Radiated Disturbance	30MHz to 1GHz, 5.03dB (Horizontal) 5.12dB (Vertical) 1GHz to 18GHz, 5.49dB 18GHz to 40GHz, 5.63dB
Carrier power conducted measurement	50MHz~18GHz, 1.238dB
Spurious Emission Conducted Measurement	9kHz ~40GHz, 1.224dB

Measurement Uncertainty Decision Rule:

Determination of conformity with the specification limits is based on the decision rule according to IEC Guide 115: 2021, clause 4.4.3 and 4.5.1.



13 Photographs of Test Set-ups

Refer to the < Test Setup photos >.



14 Photographs of EUT

Refer to the < External Photos > & < Internal Photos >.

-----End of Test Report-----