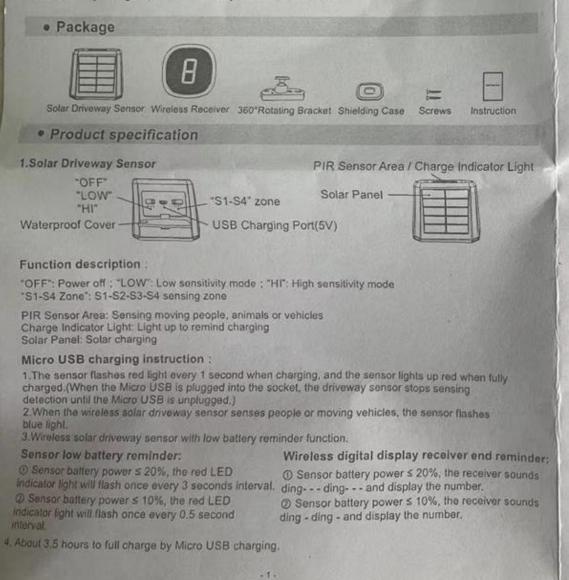


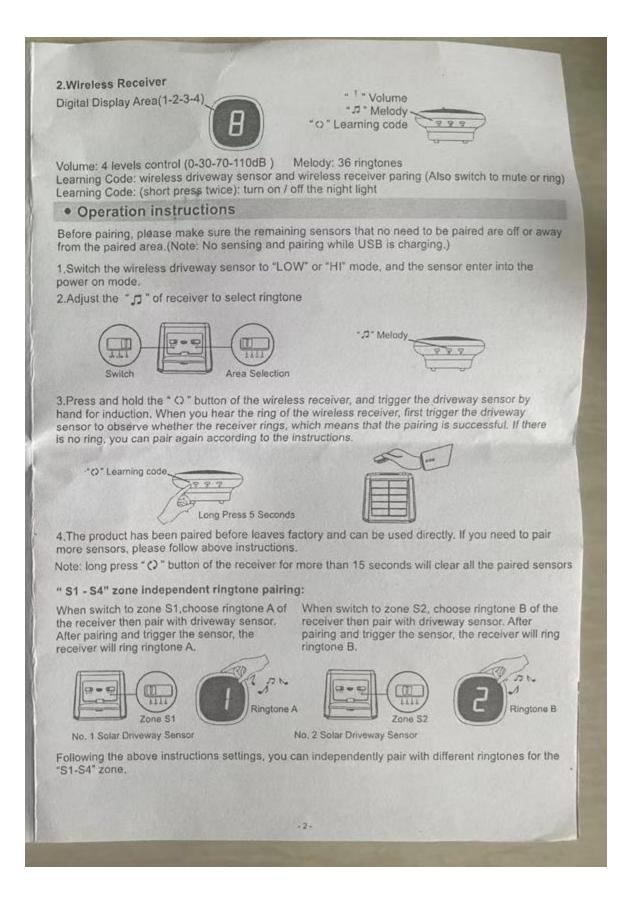
 The signal transmission for the solar driveway sensor and the wireless receiver can reach becond feet. The induction distance of the solar driveway sensor can be up to 50 feet, and the induction angle is 120°.

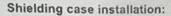
2. The induction angle is 30° after installing the shielding case.

3. When the movement of people and vehicles is detected in the monitoring area, the wireless receiver will ring and flash immediately.

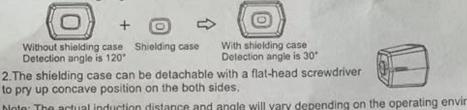
4.Please fully charge the solar driveway sensor before use.







1. The shielding case can be installed in the sensing area of the wireless driveway sensor to reduce the sensing angle on both sides of the sensor.



Note: The actual induction distance and angle will vary depending on the operating environment. Please decide to whether install the shielding case according to the scenario usage scenarios.

Wireless driveway sensor installation

When the monitoring object is person, it is better to install 5 to 10 feet away from the ground and adjust the angle of the sensor.

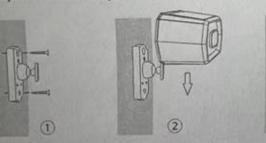
When the monitoring object is vehicle, it is better to install the sensor at a distance of 0-30 feet from the road and 3-5 feet from the ground and adjust the angle of the sensor.

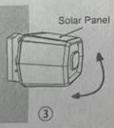




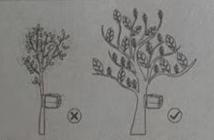
After choosing the best position according to the operating environment, fix the bracket with screws according to the position of the screw hole, and then face up the solar photovoltaic panel of the sensor and adjust the sensor angle.

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Wireless driveway sensor installation precautions



1.Please install the sensor in a fixed area. Avoid the installation position in which is shaken or shaken by wind.



2.Please face the sensor towards an open area. Do not face the sensor towards the area where there are frequent object movements.(e.g.trees, crowds)

roduct parame	eters	
and a state	Solar Drive	away Sensor
Size		4*3*3.15 inch
Charging Voltage		DC 5V1A
Battery Capacity		3.7V 1200mAH
USB Charging Time		≤4 hours
Working Current		s 100mA
Working Time		About 45 days
Solar Panel Current		50mA
Detection Distance		Low ≤26 feet Hi ≤50 feet (Detection distance varies by ambient temperature and other factors)
Detection Angle		≤120°
Detection Angle with Shielding Case		<30°
Transmission Frequency		433.92MHZ±200KHZ
Transmission Distance		≤3000 feet
Waterproof Rating		IP 65
and Selfrage and	Contraction of the last	ss Receiver
Size		3,5*3,5*1,61 inch
Charging Voltage		DC 5V1A
Battery Capacity		3.7V 1000mAH
Melody		36 tingtones
Volume		0-30-70-110dB
Receivers Frequency		433.92MHZ±200KHZ
Received Distance		≤3000 feet
Troubleshooti	ng	
Receiver doesn't work	 Check whether if the wireless driveway sensor and wireless receiver match successfully. Check whether if the wireless driveway sensor switch is po 3.Check whether if the wireless driveway sensor is low batter 4.Check whether if the induction area of the wireless driveway aligned with the desired detection range. 	
Receiver false ring	1.Check if there are high frequency products nearby. (e.g. W/F power station, etc.) 2.Try to reduce the angle of shield to reduce the sensing area.	

FCC Caution.

§15.19 Labelling requirements.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

§15.21 Information to user.

Any Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

§15.105 Information to the user.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.