

# Dongguan Flyfire Technology Co.,Ltd.

**TEST REPORT** 

**SCOPE OF WORK** 

**EMC TESTING-OWL** 

**REPORT NUMBER** 

210406158GZU-003

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Manufacturing Site : Same as applicant Intertek Report No: : 210406158GZU-003

FCC ID: 2AZKZ-FLOM3P9K20

#### **Test standards**

47 CFR PART 15 Subpart C: 2019 section 15.247

## **Sample Description**

Product : Safety parachute

Model No. : OWL

Electrical Rating : DC5~24V &3.7~4.2V for battery

Serial No. : Not Labeled
Date Received : 27 April 2021

Date Test : 06 May 2021-24 September 2021

Conducted

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## 1.0 TEST RESULT SUMMARY

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test Method	Result
Antenna Requirement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth (DTS bandwidth)	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (a)(2)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.8	PASS
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(b)(3)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.9.1.1	PASS
Peak Power Spectral Density	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(e)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.10.2	PASS
Out of Band Conducted Emissions	FCC PART 15 C section 15.209 &15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11	PASS
Out of Band Radiated Emission	FCC PART 15 C section 15.209 &15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6	N/A
Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands	FCC PART 15 C section 15.209 &15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.12.1, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6	PASS
Band Edges Measurement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (d) &15.205	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11 and 11.13	PASS
Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals	FCC PART 15 C section 15.207	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.2	PASS

## Remark:

N/A: not applicable. Refer to the relative section for the details. EUT: In this whole report EUT means Equipment Under Test.

Tx: In this whole report Tx (or tx) means Transmitter. Rx: In this whole report Rx (or rx) means Receiver. RF: In this whole report RF means Radio Frequency.

ANSI C63.10: the detail version is ANSI C63.10:2013 in the whole report



## 2.0 General Description

## 2.1 Product Description

Operating 909.125 MHz to 911.125 MHz

Frequency:

Type of Modulation: LORA
Number of Channels 3
Channel Separation: 1 MHz

Antenna Type FPC integrate Function: Safety parachute

EUT Power Supply: DC5~24V &3.7~4.2V for battery Power cord: Customized USB-C Female

EUT channels and frequencies list:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	909.125	3	911.125
2	910.125		

## 2.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is an application for certification of: DTS- Part 15 Digital Transmission Systems

Remaining portions are subject to the following procedures:

1. Receiver portion: subjected to SDoC.

## 2.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10. Radiated emission measurement was performed in semi-anechoic chamber and conducted emission measurement was performed in shield room. For radiated emission measurement, preliminary scans and final tests were performed in the semi-anechoic chamber to determine the worst case modes. All radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise.

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#### 2.4 Test Facility

All tests were performed at:

Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
Room102/104, No 203, KeZhu Road, Science City, GETDD Guangzhou, China
Except Conducted Emissions was performed at:
Room 02, & 101/E201/E301/E401/E501/E601/E701/E801 of Room 01 1-8/F., No. 7-2. Caipin
Road, Science City, GETDD, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

#### A2LA Certificate Number 0078.10

Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch is accredited by A2LA and Listed in FCC website. FCC accredited test labs may perform both Certification testing under Parts 15 and 18 and Declaration of Conformity testing.

#### 3.0 System Test Configuration

#### 3.1 Justification

For emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) setup to transmit continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, AC power line was manipulated to produce worst case emissions. It was powered by AC 120V supply.

The signal is maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height is varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions are taken at three meters unless the signal level is too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier is used and/or the test is conducted at a closer distance.

All readings are extrapolated back to the equivalent three meter reading using inverse scaling with distance. The spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value are not reported.

For an intentional radiator, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown in the following table:

Frequency range of radiated emission measurements

Lowest frequency generated in the device	Upper frequency range of measurement
9 kHz to below 10 GHz	10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 10 GHz to below	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to
30 GHz	100 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 200 GHz, whichever is lower, unless otherwise specified

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Number of fundamental frequencies to be tested in EUT transmit band

Frequency range in which device	Number of	Location in frequency
operates	frequencies	range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 MHz to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1 near bottom

## 3.2 EUT Exercising Software

When Safety Parachute and the remote controller are powered on, switch to the corresponding frequency point through the button of the remote controller. When Safety Parachute and the remote controller are automatically paired, Safety Parachute will automatically work at the frequency point set by the remote controller. Switching the frequency of the remote controller means switching the Safety parachute frequency.

## 3.3 Special Accessories

No special accessories used.

## 3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Item	Measurement Uncertainty
1	6dB Bandwidth	2.3%
2	Carrier Frequencies Separated	2.3%
3	Dwell Time	1.2%
4	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	1.5dB
5	Peak Power Spectral Density	1.5dB
6	Out of Band Conducted Emissions	1.5dB
7	Band edges measurement	1.5dB
		4.7 dB (25 MHz-1 GHz)
8	Radiated Emissions	4.8 dB (1 GHz-18 GHz)
0		5.21dB (18GZH-26GHz)
9	Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals	2.58dB
10	Temperature	0.5 °C
11	Humidity	0.4 %
12	Time	1.2%



The measurement uncertainty describes the overall uncertainty of the given measured value during the operation of the EUT.

Measurement uncertainty is calculated in accordance with ETSI TR 100 028-2001. The measurement uncertainty is given with a confidence of 95%, k=2.

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

Uncertainty and Compliance – Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value

#### 3.5 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Dongguan Flyfire Technology Co.,Ltd. will be incorporated in each production model sold / leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch.

## 3.6 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested with corresponding support equipment as below:

## Support Equipment

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	SN/Version	Supplied by
Adapter	apple	A1401	100-240~, 50/60Hz, 0.5A	Intertek

## Cable

Description	Model No.	Connector type	Cable length/type	Supplied by
Antenna cable	RF-01	SMA	0.2 m	Intertek
USB extension cord	USB-01	USB	0.4m	WIK

#### Remark:

Usb cable is used for power supply.

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#### 4.0 Measurement Results

#### 4.1 Antenna Requirement

#### Standard requirement:

#### 15.203 requirement:

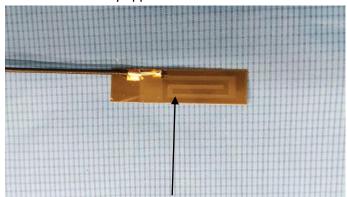
For intentional device. According to 15.203 an intentional radiator shall be designed to Ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

## 15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### **EUT Antenna**

The antenna is an integral antenna and no consideration of replacement. The best case gain of the antenna is 3 dBi As declared by applicant.



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## 4.2 6 dB Bandwidth (DTS bandwidth)

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(a)(2)Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at

least 500 kHz.

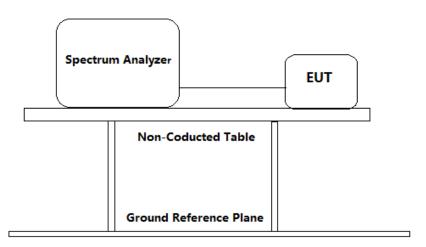
Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.8

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case

mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was

(were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Test Configuration:



#### **Test Procedure:**

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable (cable loss =1dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer:
  - a) Set RBW = 100 kHz
  - b) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW]
  - c) Detector = peak.
  - d) Trace mode = max hold.
  - e) Sweep = auto couple
  - f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
  - g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.
  - h) Span=2\*BW~5\*BW
- 3. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.

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4. Report the worst case.

## **Used Test Equipment List**

Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

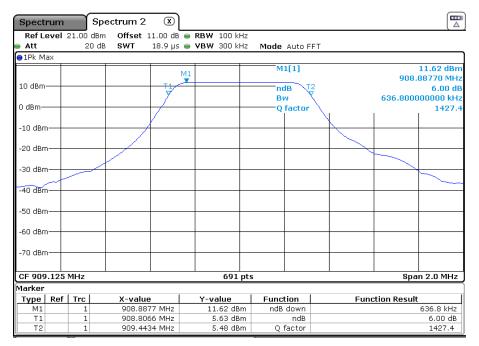
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Measured 6dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit	Result
1	909.125	9.6Kbps	0.6368		Pass
2	910.125	9.6Kbps	0.6252	≥500KHz	Pass
3	911.125	9.6Kbps	0.6281		Pass

Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

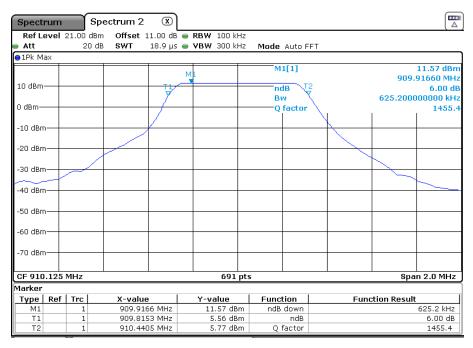


## Result plot as follows:

#### Channel 1: 909.125 MHz

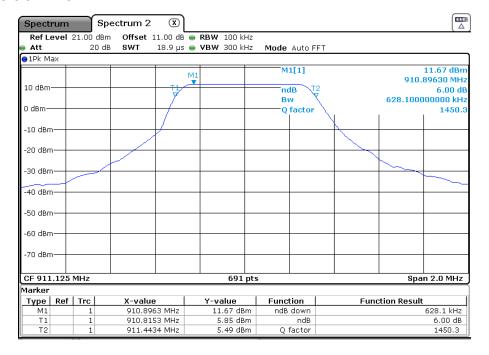


## Channel 2: 910.125 MHz





## Channel 3:911.125 MHz





#### 4.4 Maximum Average Conducted Output Power

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(b)(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz,

2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b) (1), (b) (2), and (b) (3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that

the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

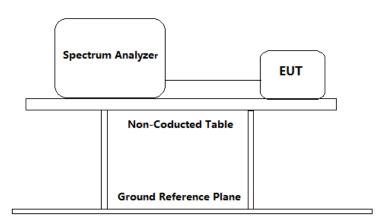
Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.9.1.1(RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth)

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode

from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the

final test as listed below.

## Test Configuration:



#### Test Procedure:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable (cable loss = 1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer:
  - a) Set the RBW = 2 MHz (RBW≥DTS bandwidth).
  - b) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
  - c) Set the span  $\geq$  10 MHz[3 × RBW].
  - d) Detector = peak.
  - e) Sweep time = auto couple.
  - f) Trace mode = max hold.
  - g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.
- 3. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
- 4. Report the worst case.

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## **Used Test Equipment List**

Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

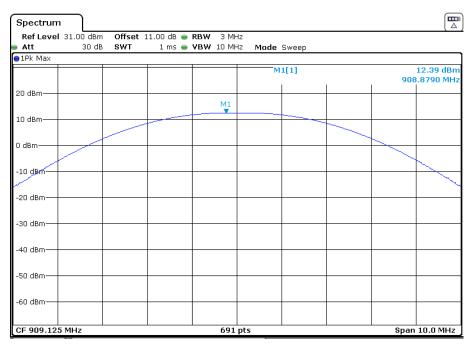
#### **Test result:**

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Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Measured Channel Power (dBm)	Limit	Result
1	909.125	9.6kbps	12.39	1W	Pass
2	910.125	9.6kbps	12.34	(30dBm)	Pass
3	911.125	9.6kbps	12.33		Pass

The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

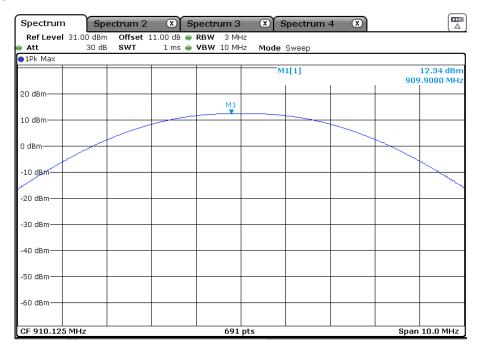
## Result plot as follows:

#### 909.125 MHz

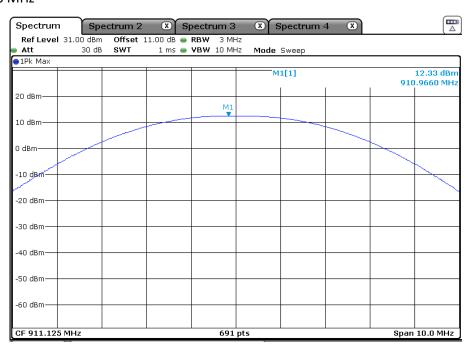




#### 910.125 MHz



#### 911.125 MHz





#### 4.5 Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval

of continuous transmission.

This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of

determining the conducted output power shall be used to

determine the power spectral density.

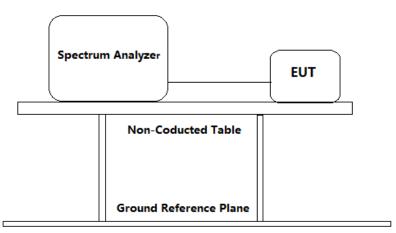
Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.10.2

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode

from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Followin1g channel(s) was (were) selected for the

final test as listed below.

#### **Test Configuration:**



## Test Procedure:

- Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable(cable loss =1dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer or power meter.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer:
  - a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
  - b) Set the span=  $1.5 \times DTS$  bandwidth.
  - c) Set the RBW to 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.
  - d) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
  - e) Detector = peak.
  - f) Sweep time = auto couple.
  - g) Trace mode = max hold.
  - h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within



the RBW.

- j) If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
- 3. Measure the Power Spectral Density of the test frequency with special test status.
- 4. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
- 5. Report the worst case.

## **Used Test Equipment List**

Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

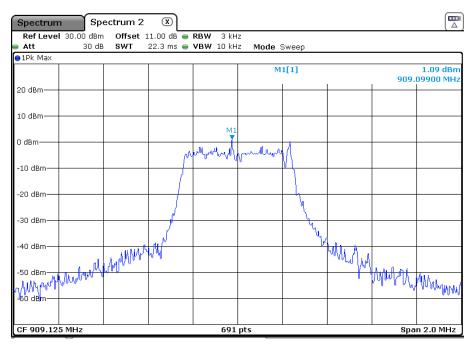
## Test result:

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Measured Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit	Result
1	909.125	9.6kbps	1.09		Pass
2	910.125	9.6kbps	0.21	8dBm/	Pass
3	911.125	9.6kbps	-0.09	3 KHz	Pass

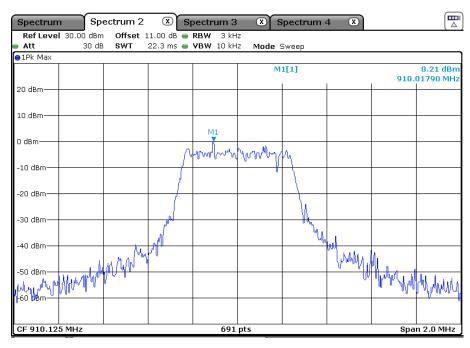


## Result plot as follows:

#### 909.125 MHz

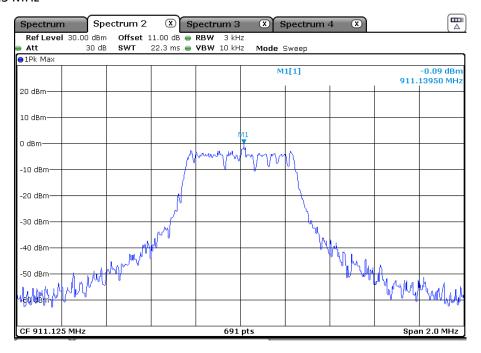


## 910.125 MHz





#### 911.125 MHz



#### 4.6 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30dB instead of 20dB.

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Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from

ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11

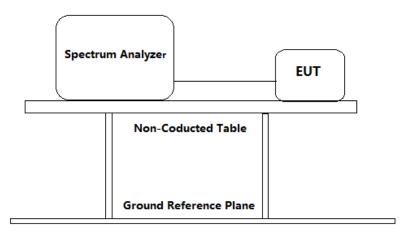
all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed

below.

Test Configuration:

Test Method:





#### **Test Procedure:**

- Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable (cable loss =1dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer or power meter.
- 2. Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:
  - a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
  - b) Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5  $\times$  DTS bandwidth.
  - c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
  - d) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
  - e) Detector = peak.
  - f) Sweep time = auto couple.
  - g) Trace mode = max hold.
  - h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level

- 3. Emission level measurement
  - a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
  - b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
  - c) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
  - d) Detector = peak.
  - e) Sweep time = auto couple.
  - f) Trace mode = max hold.
  - g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- 4. Measure the Conducted unwanted Emissions of the test frequency with special test status.
- 5. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
- 6. Report the worst case.

#### **Used Test Equipment List**

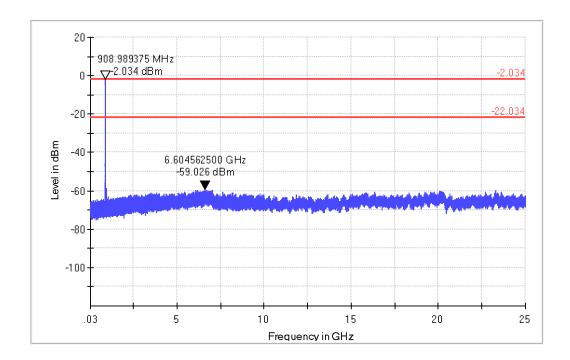
Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

Result plot as follows:

Channel 1: 909.125 MHz

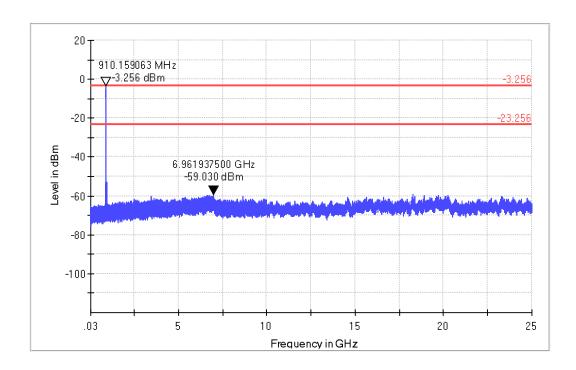
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In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 30 MHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

Channel 2: 910.125 MHz

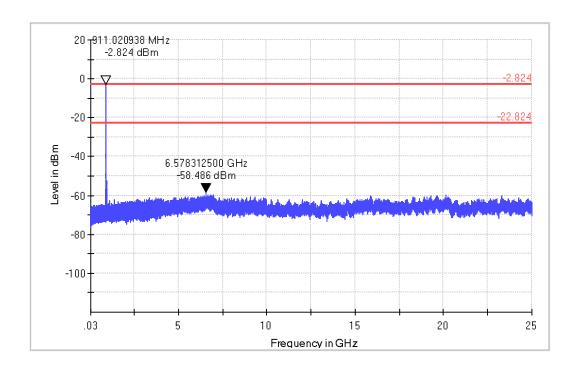


In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 30 MHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of



the desired power.

Channel 3: 911.125 MHz



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 30 MHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.



#### 4.7 Out of Band Radiated Emissions

For out of band radiated emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands were performed at a 3m separation distance to determine whether these emissions complied with the 20dB attenuation requirement.

$[\times]$	Not required, since all emissions are more than 20dB below fundamental

#### [ ] See attached data sheet

#### 4.8 Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(d) In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see

Section 15.205(c)).

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.12.1, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode

from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the

final test as listed below.

Test site: Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)

Limit: 40.0 dBµV/m between 30MHz & 88MHz;

 $43.5 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$  between 88MHz & 216MHz;  $46.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$  between 216MHz & 960MHz;

 $54.0~\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$  above 960MHz.

Detector: For Peak and Quasi-Peak value:

RBW =

1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz,

200 Hz for 9 kHz to 150 kHz 9 kHz for 150 kHz to 30 MHz 120 kHz for 30 MHz to 1GHz

 $VBW \ge RBW$ Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, QP for f < 1 GHz

Trace = max hold

For AV value:

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW=10 Hz Sweep = auto





Trace = max hold

Field Strength Calculation:

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AVFS = RA + Correct Factor + AV

Where:  $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$ 

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in  $dB\mu V$ 

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB AV = Average Factor in –dB

Correct Factor = AF + CF - AG + PD

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Assume a receiver reading of  $62.0 \, dB\mu V$  is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is  $32 \, dB\mu V/m$ .

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$ 

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29.0 dB

PD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

Correct Factor = 7.4 + 1.6 - 29.0 + 0 = -20 dB

 $FS = 62 + (-20) + (-10) = 32 dB\mu V/m$ 

Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section. Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:



MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110 10.495 - 0.505 2.1735 - 2.1905 4.125 - 4.128 4.17725 - 4.17775 4.20725 - 4.20775 6.215 - 6.218 6.26775 - 6.26825 6.31175 - 6.31225 8.291 - 8.294 8.362 - 8.366 8.37625 - 8.38675 8.41425 - 8.41475 12.29 - 12.293 12.51975 - 12.52025 12.57675 - 12.57725 13.36 - 13.41	16.42 - 16.423 16.69475 - 16.69525 16.80425 - 16.80475 25.5 - 25.67 37.5 - 38.25 73 - 74.6 74.8 - 75.2 108 - 121.94 123 - 138 149.9 - 150.05 156.52475 - 156.52525 156.7 - 156.9 162.0125 - 167.17 167.72 - 173.2 240 - 285 322 - 335.4	399.9 - 410 608 - 614 960 - 1240 1300 - 1427 1435 - 1626.5 1645.5 - 1646.5 1660 - 1710 1718.8 - 1722.2 2200 - 2300 2310 - 2390 2483.5 - 2500 2655 - 2900 3260 - 3267 3332 - 3339 3345.8 - 3358 3600 - 4400	4.5 - 5.15 5.35 - 5.46 7.25 - 7.75 8.025 - 8.5 9.0 - 9.2 9.3 - 9.5 10.6 - 12.7 13.25 - 13.4 14.47 - 14.5 15.35 - 16.2 17.7 - 21.4 22.01 - 23.12 23.6 - 24.0 31.2 - 31.8 36.43 - 36.5

# Test Configuration:

# 1) 9 kHz to 30 MHz emissions:

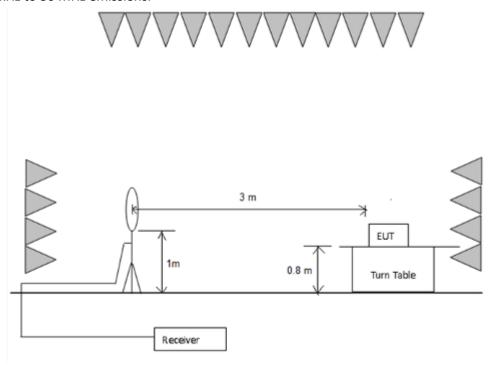
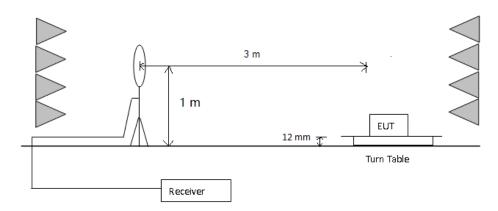


Table-top







Floor-stand

## 2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:



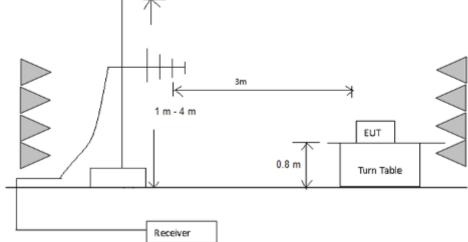
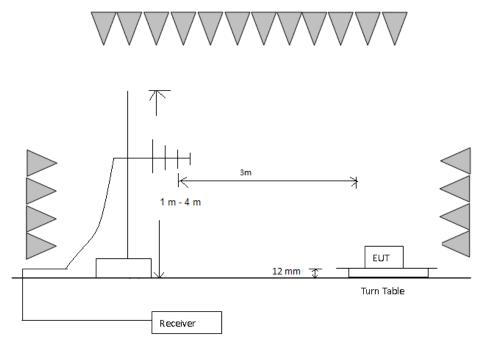


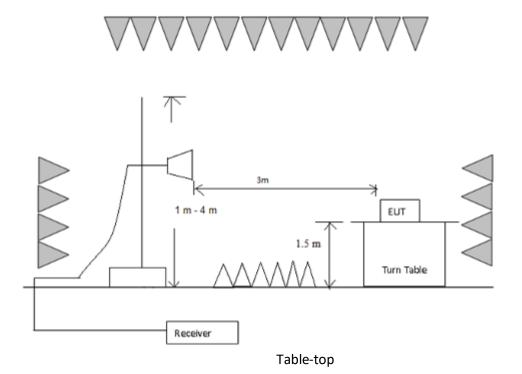
Table-top





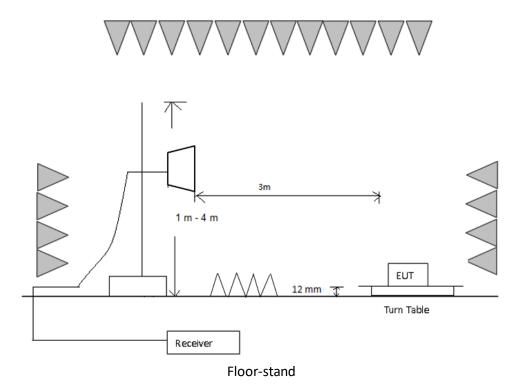
Floor-stand

## 3) 1 GHz to 40 GHz emissions:



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#### **Test Procedure:**

Test site with RF absorbing material covering the ground plane that met the site validation criterion called out in CISPR 16-1-4:2010 was used to perform radiated emission test above 1 GHz.

The receiver was scanned from 9 kHz to 25 GHz. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. An initial pre-scan was performed for in peak detection mode using the receiver. The EUT was measured for both the Horizontal and Vertical polarities and performed a pre-test three orthogonal planes. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. The worst case emissions were reported.

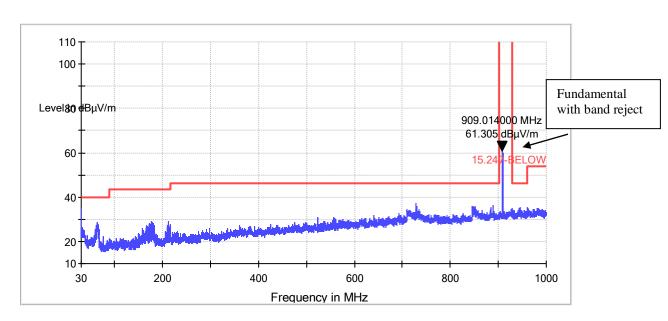
## **Used Test Equipment List:**

3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, EMI Test Receiver (9 kHz~7 GHz), Signal and Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~40 GHz), Loop antenna (9 kHz-30 MHz). TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna(30 MHz-3 GHz) (RX), Bouble-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (800 MHz-18 GHz)(RX) and High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier(18 GHz~26.5 GHz) (RX). Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

9 kHz~30 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement The measurements with active loop antenna were greater than 30dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

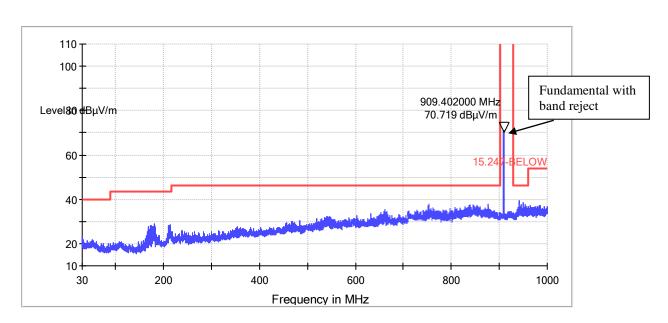


Test at Channel 1 (909.125MHz) in transmitting status 30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement Vertical:



All emission levels are more than 6 dB below the limit.

## Horizontal:



All emission levels are more than 6 dB below the limit.

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1~25 GHz Radiated Emissions.

#### PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	PK Reading Level (dBμV)	Correction factors (dB/m)	PK Emission Level (dBµV/m)	PK Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
6363.5	56.7	1.2	57.9	74	V
7274.7	48.8	2.4	51.2	74	V
1818.3	65.8	-10.4	55.4	74	Н
6361.8	58.2	1.2	59.4	74	Н

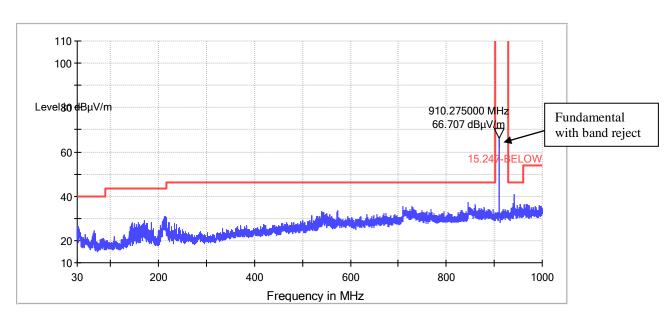
#### **AV Measurement:**

Frequency (MHz)	AV Reading Level (dΒμV)	Correction factors (dB/m)	AV Emission Level (dBµV/m)	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
6363.5	47.9	1.2	49.1	54	V
7274.7	/	2.4	/	54	V
1818.3	57.1	-10.4	46.7	54	Н
6361.8	41.2	1.2	42.4	54	Н

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

Test at Channel 2 (910.125MHz) in transmitting status 30 MHz~1 GHz Radiated Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

## Vertical:

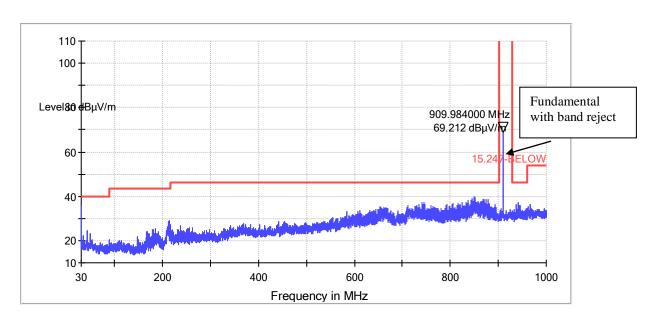


All emission levels are more than 6 dB below the limit.

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## **Horizontal:**



All emission levels are more than 6 dB below the limit.

## $1^{\sim}25$ GHz Radiated Emissions.

#### PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	PK Reading Level (dBμV)	Correction factors (dB/m)	PK Emission Level (dBμV/m)	PK Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
6369.7	60.5	1.3	61.8	74	V
7282.3	50.0	2.4	52.4	74	V
1820.0	64.0	-10.4	53.6	74	Н
6369.7	52.5	1.3	53.8	74	Н

#### **AV Measurement:**

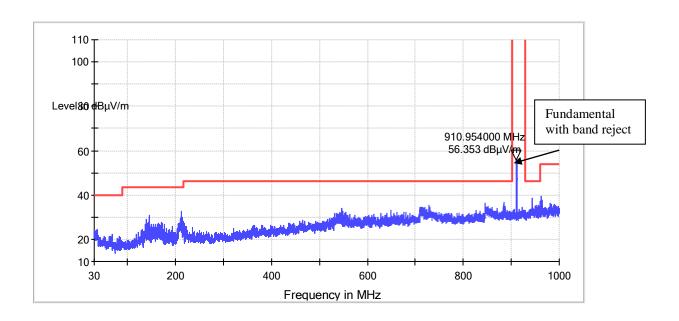
Frequency (MHz)	AVReading Level (dBμV)	Correction factors (dB/m)	AV Emission Level (dΒμV/m)	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
6369.7	41.1	1.3	42.4	54	V
7282.3	/	2.4	/	54	V
1820.0	/	-10.4	/	54	Н
6369.7	/	1.3	/	54	Н

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded



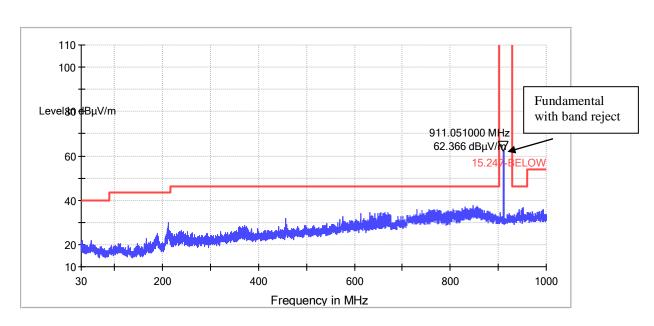
Test at Channel 3 (911.125MHz) in transmitting status 30 MHz~1 GHz Radiated Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

Vertical:



All emission levels are more than 6 dB below the limit.

#### **Horizontal:**



All emission levels are more than 6 dB below the limit.

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1~25 GHz Radiated Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement

#### **PK Measurement:**

	-				
Frequency (MHz)	PK Reading Level (dВµV)	Correction factors (dB/m)	PK Emission Level (dBµV/m)	PK Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
6377.7	58.9	1.3	60.2	74	V
8200.0	51.5	4.1	55.6	74	V
6379.4	57.2	1.3	58.5	74	Н
8199.5	49.0	4.1	53.1	74	Н

#### **AV Measurement:**

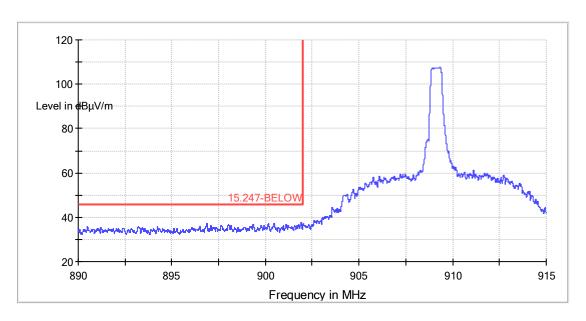
Frequency (MHz)	AV Reading Level (dΒμV)	Correction factors (dB/m)	AV Emission Level (dBµV/m)	AV Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
6377.7	45.3	1.3	46.6	54	V
8200.0	37.6	4.1	41.7	54	V
6379.4	42.2	1.3	43.5	54	Н
8199.5	38.1	4.1	42.2	54	Н

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.



## **Band Edges:**

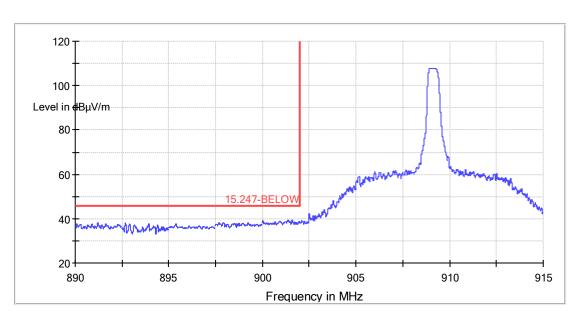
Test at Channel 1 (909.125MHz) in transmitting status **Vertical:** 



All emission levels are more than 6 dB below the limit.

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the QP emission level did not be record.

## **Horizontal:**

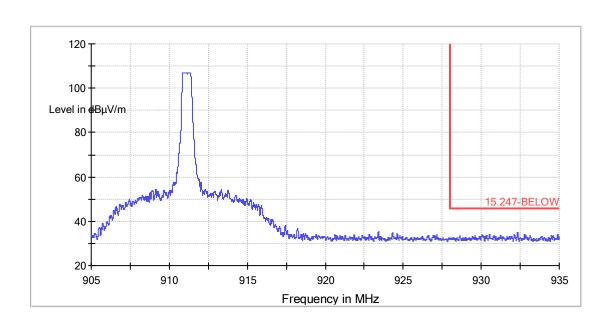


All emission levels are more than 6 dB below the limit.

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the QP emission level did not be record.



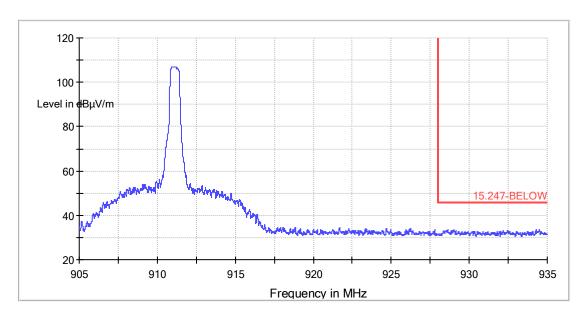
Test at Channel 3 (911.125MHz) in transmitting status **Vertical:** 



All emission levels are more than 6 dB below the limit.

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the QP emission level did not be record.

#### Horizontal:



All emission levels are more than 6 dB below the limit.

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the QP emission level did not be record.



## 4.9 Band Edges Requirement

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall

be 30dB instead of 20dB.

Frequency Band: 902 MHz to 928 MHz

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11 and 11.13

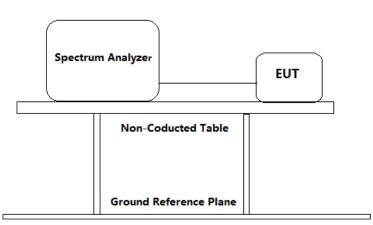
Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode

from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the

final test as listed below.

Test Configuration: For Band Edges Emission in Radiated mode, Please refer to clause

4.7



Test Procedure: For Band Edges Emission in Radiated mode, Please refer to clause 4.7

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable(cable loss =1dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
  - a) Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).
  - b) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.



- c) RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
- e) Detector = Rms.
- f) Sweep time = auto.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low-duty-cycle applications).
- i) For radiated Band-edge emissions within a restricted band and within 2 MHz of an authorized band edge, integration method is considered.
- 2. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
- 3. Report the worst case.

## **Used Test Equipment List:**

3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, EMI Test Receiver (9 kHz~7 GHz), Signal and Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~40 GHz), Loop antenna (9 kHz-30 MHz). TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna(30 MHz-3 GHz) (RX), Bouble-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (800 MHz-18 GHz)(RX) and High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier(18 GHz~26.5 GHz) (RX). Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

Test result with plots as follows:

For conduct mode:

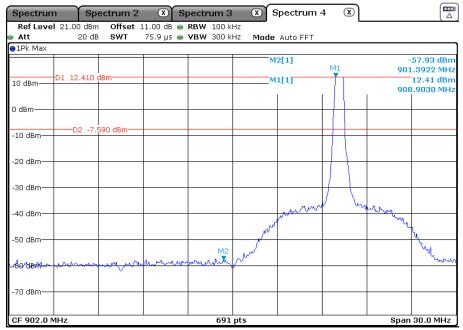
The band edges was measured and recorded Result:

The Lower Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

The Upper Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

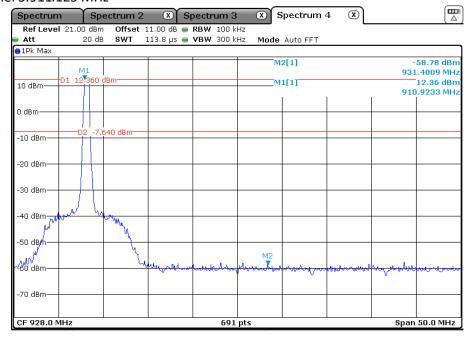
## Result plots as follows:

Channel1: 909.125 MHz





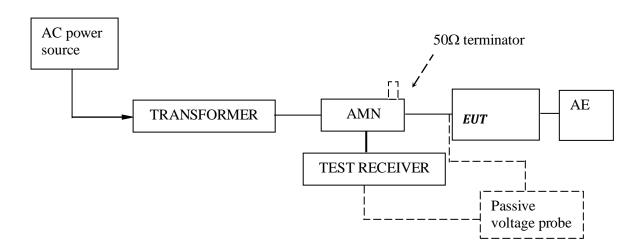
## Channel 3:911.125 MHz





#### 4.10 Conducted Emission Test

**Test Configuration:** 



## Test Setup and Procedure:

Test was performed according to ANSI C63.10 Clause 6.2. The EUT was set to achieve the maximum emission level. The mains terminal disturbance voltage was measured with the EUT in a shielded room. The EUT was connected to AC power source through an Artificial Mains Network which provides a  $50\Omega$  linear impedance Artificial hand is used if appropriate (for handheld apparatus). The load/control terminal disturbance voltage was measured with passive voltage probe if appropriate.

The table-top EUT was placed on a 0.8m high non-metallic table above earthed ground plane (Ground Reference Plane). And for floor standing EUT, was placed on a 0.1m high non-metallic supported on GRP. The EUT keeps a distance of at least 0.8m from any other of the metallic surface. The Artificial Mains Network is situated at a distance of 0.8m from the EUT.

During the test, mains lead of EUT excess 0.8m was folded back and forth parallel to the lead so as to form a horizontal bundle with a length between 0.3m and 0.4m

The bandwidth of test receiver was set at 9 kHz. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30MHz was checked.

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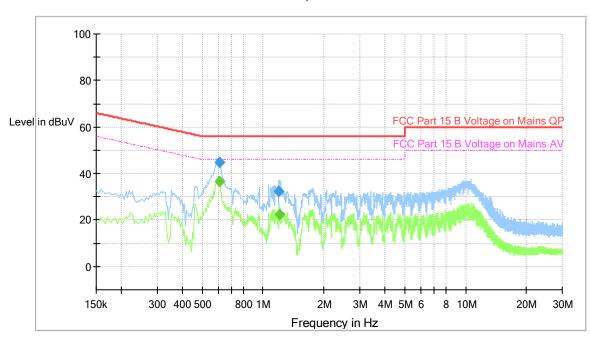


Test Data and Curve

At main terminal: Pass

Tested Wire: Live Operation Mode: transmitting mode

#### Full Spectrum



# Final\_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter	Corr. (dB)
0.606000	44.80		56.00	11.20	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.7
0.610000		36.40	46.00	9.60	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.7
1.198000	32.38		56.00	23.62	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.7
1.202000		22.29	46.00	23.71	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.7

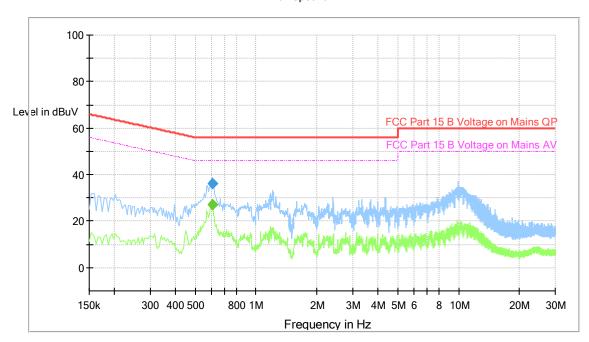
#### Remark:

- 1. Corr. (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB)
- 2. Level (dB $\mu$ V) = Corr. (dB) + Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)
- 3. Delta Limit (dB) = Level (dB $\mu$ V)-Limit (dB $\mu$ V)



Tested Wire: Neutral Operation Mode: transmitting mode

#### Full Spectrum



# Final\_Result

	Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter	Corr. (dB)
Ī	0.606000	35.98		56.00	20.02	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	9.7
	0.610000		26.98	46.00	19.02	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	9.7

#### Remark:

- 1. Corr. (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB)
- 2. Level (dB $\mu$ V) = Corr. (dB) + Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)
- 3. Delta Limit (dB) = Level (dB $\mu$ V)-Limit (dB $\mu$ V)



5.0 Test Equipment List



#### Radiated Emission/Radio

Essiam ant Na	Faviorent	Model	Manufacturer	Cal. Due date	Calibration
Equipment No.	Equipment	Model	Manufacturer	(YYYY-MM-DD)	Interval
EM030-04	3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber	9×6×6 m <sup>3</sup>	ETS•LINDGREN	2022-04-06	1Y
EM031-02	EMI Test Receiver (9 kHz~7 GHz)	R&S ESR7	R&S	2022-09-02	1Y
EM031-03	Signal and Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~40 GHz)	R&S FSV40	R&S	2021-11-10	1Y
EM011-04	Loop antenna (9 kHz-30 MHz)	HFH2-Z2	R&S	2022-06-25	1Y
EM061-03	TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna (30 MHz-1.5 GHz) (TX)	VULB 9161	SCHWARZBECK	2022-06-18	1Y
EM033-01	TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna(30 MHz-3 GHz) (RX)	VULB 9163	SCHWARZBECK	2021-09-18	1Y
EM033-02	Bouble-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (800 MHz-18 GHz)(RX)	R&S HF907	R&S	2022-06-18	1Y
EM033-03	High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier(18 GHz~26.5 GHz) (RX)	R&S SCU-26	R&S	2022-04-22	1Y
EM033-04	High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier (26 GHz-40 GHz)	R&S SCU-40	R&S	2022-04-22	1Y
EM031-02-01	Coaxial cable(9 kHz-1 GHz)	N/A	R&S	2022-04-05	1Y
EM033-02-02	Coaxial cable(1 GHz-18 GHz)	N/A	R&S	2022-04-05	1Y
EM033-04-02	Coaxial cable(18 GHz~40 GHz)	N/A	R&S	2022-04-23	1Y
EM031-01	Signal Generator (9 kHz~6 GHz)	SMB100A	R&S	2022-07-19	1Y
EM040-01	Band Reject/Notch Filter	WRHFV	Wainwright	N/A	1Y
EM040-02	Band Reject/Notch Filter	WRCGV	Wainwright	N/A	1Y
EM040-03	Band Reject/Notch Filter	WRCGV	Wainwright	N/A	1Y
EM022-03	2.45 GHz Filter	BRM50702	Micro-Tronics	2022-05-11	1Y
SA016-29	Climatic Test Chamber	MHU-80L	JIANQIAO	2022-02-04	1Y
SA012-74	Digital Multimeter	FLUKE175	FLUKE	2021-10-16	1Y
EM010-01	Regulated DC Power supply	PAB-3003A	GUANHUA	N/A	1Y
SA040-22	Regulated DC Power supply	IT6721	ITECH	2022-09-01	1Y
EM084-06	Audio Analyzer	8903B	HP	2022-04-11	1Y
EM046-05	Power meter	NPR6A	R&S	2022-03-11	1Y
EM046-06	Power meter	NPR6A	R&S	2022-03-11	1Y
EM045-01-01	EMC32 software (RE/RS)	V10.01.00	R&S	N/A	N/A
EM045-01-09	EMC32 software (328/893)	V9.26.01	R&S	N/A	N/A

## Conducted emission at the mains terminals

Equipment No.	Equipment	Model	Manufacturer	Cal. Due date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Calibration Interval
EM080-05	EMI receiver	ESCI	R&S	2022-07-15	1Y
EM006-05	LISN	ENV216	R&S	2022-06-06	1Y
EM006-06	LISN	ENV216	R&S	2022-09-03	1Y
EM006-06-01	Coaxial cable	/	R&S	2022-04-05	1Y
EM004-04	EMC shield Room	8m×3m×3m	Zhongyu	2022-01-21	1Y