

RF EXPOSURE EVULATION

1.1 Limit

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposures

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field Strength	Magnetic field Strength	Power density	Averaging time
1.34 - 30.....	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/ f ²)	30
30 - 300.....	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300 - 1500.....	f/1500	30
1500 - 100.000.....	1.0	30

F = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

1.2 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE Prediction

Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance

Power density at the specific separation:

$S = PG/(4R^2 \pi)$ $S = (1.24 * 0.49) / (4 * 20^2 * \pi)$ $S = 0.03mW/cm^2$	<p>Where,</p> <p>S = Maximum power density (mW/cm²)</p> <p>P = Power input to the antenna (mW)</p> <p>G = Numeric power gain of the antenna</p> <p>R = Distance to the center of the radiation of the antenna (20 cm = limit for MPE)</p>
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1.3 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE Prediction

(Measured power 1 dBm ± 0.5dB)

3-1. Zigbee

Max Peak output Power at antenna input terminal	0.95	dBm
Max Peak output Power at antenna input terminal	1.24	mW
Prediction distance	5	cm
Prediction frequency	2405	MHz
Antenna Gain(typical)	-3.07	dBi
Antenna Gain(numeric)	0.49	-
Power density at prediction frequency(S)	0.03	mW/cm ²
MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency	0.012	mW/cm ²

Simultaneous transmission operations

SAR Test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distance ≤ 50 mm = **Used**

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] * [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$

$= [1.24 / 50] * [\sqrt{2.405}] = 0.04 \leq 3$, for 1g SAR

Thus, SAR for this device is not required.