

## 5. RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

### 5.1 RF Exposure Evaluation

#### 5.1.1 Applicable Standard

FCC §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(A)

a single RF source is exempt RF device (from the requirement to show data demonstrating compliance to RF exposure limits, as previously mentioned) if the available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1 mW, regardless of separation distance.

#### 5.1.2 Procedure

According to §1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(B)

Simultaneous Transmission with both SAR-based and MPE-Based Test Exemptions

This case is described in detail in § 1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(B) and covers the situations where both SAR-based and MPE-based exemption may be considered for test exemption in fixed, mobile, or portable device exposure conditions. For these cases, a device with multiple RF sources transmitting simultaneously will be considered an RF exempt device if the condition of Formula (1) is satisfied.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \leq 1 \quad (1)$$

Where:

$a$  = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(B\)](#) of this section for  $P_{th}$ , including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

$b$  = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(C\)](#) of this section for Threshold ERP, including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

$c$  = number of existing fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources with known evaluation for the specified minimum distance including existing evaluated transmitters.

$P_i$  = the available maximum time-averaged power or the ERP, whichever is greater, for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source  $i$  at a distance between 0.5 cm and 40 cm (inclusive).

$P_{th,i}$  = the exemption threshold power ( $P_{th}$ ) according to [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(B\)](#) of this section for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source  $i$ .

$ERP_j$  = the ERP of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source  $j$ .

$ERP_{th,j}$  = exemption threshold ERP for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source  $j$ , at a distance of at least  $\lambda/2\pi$  according to the applicable formula of [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(C\)](#) of this section.

$Evaluated_k$  = the maximum reported SAR or MPE of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source  $k$  either in the device or at the transmitter site from an existing evaluation at the location of exposure.

$Exposure\ Limit_k$  = either the general population/uncontrolled maximum permissible exposure (MPE) or specific absorption rate (SAR) limit for each fixed, mobile, or portable RF source  $k$ , as applicable from [§ 1.1310 of this chapter](#).

### 5.1.3 Measurement Result

Radio	Frequency (MHz)	$\lambda / 2 \Pi$ (mm)	Distance (mm)	Exemption ERP (mW)	Maximum ERP including Tune-up Tolerance	
					(dBm)	(mW)
BLE	2402-2480	19.88	200	768	5.55	3.59
Zigbee	2405-2480	19.85	200	768	4.55	2.85
SRD	5730-5870	8.33	200	768	-8.35	0.15

SRD and BLE or Zigbee can transmit simultaneously.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure Limit_k}$$

$$= ERP_{BLE} / ERP_{th} + ERP_{SRD} / ERP_{th}$$

$$= 3.59/768 + 0.15/768$$

$$= 0.005$$

$$< 1.0$$

**Result:** The device meet FCC MPE at 20 cm distance.