FCC Test Report

Report No: WD-RF-R-230056-A0

Product Name	**:**	R230 5MP Microdome Camera
Model Name	**:**	R230
Series Model Name	**:**	R230-XXXXX (XXXXX = 128GB, 256GB, 512GB, 1TB, space or blank)
FCC ID	**:**	2AZ3JR230
Applicant	**:**	Rhombus Systems, Inc
Received Date	**:**	Oct. 05, 2022
Tested Date	**:**	Mar. 20, 2023 ~ Apr. 14, 2023
Applicable Standard	**:**	47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247) KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v05 ANSI C63.10 : 2013

Testing Laboratory
2965

Wendell Industrial Co., Ltd
Wendell EMC & RF Laboratory

Test Report

Issued Date: April 14, 2023

Project No.: 22Q080501

Product Name	R230 5MP Microdome Camera
Trade Name	rhombus systems
Model Name	R230
Series Model Name	R230-XXXXX (XXXXX = 128GB, 256GB, 512GB, 1TB, space or blank)
FCC ID	2AZ3JR230
Applicant	Rhombus Systems, Inc
Manufacturer	Dynacolor Inc.
EUT Rated Voltage	POE 42.5V ~ 57V
EUT Test Voltage	AC Conduction：AC 120V / 60Hz、RSE：POE 48V
EUT Supports Radios Application	WLAN 802.11a/b/g、WLAN 802.11n (HT20/HT40) WLAN 802.11ac (VHT20/VHT40/VHT80) Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
Applicable Standard	47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247) KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v05 ANSI C63.10 : 2013
Output Power	6.78 dBm
Test Result	Complied

Documented : Emma Lu

(Specialist / Emma Lu)

Technical Engineer : Jack Chang

(Section Manager / Jack Chang)

Approved : Gary Wu

(Project Manager / Gary Wu)

Table of Contents

Document Revision History

Report No.	Issue date	Description
WD-RF-R-230056-A0	April 14, 2023	Initial report

Summary of Test Result

Ref. Std. Clause	Test Items	Result
15.203 15.247(C)	Antenna Requirement	Pass
15.247(b)(1)	Peak Conducted Output Power	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Number of Hopping Frequency	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Hopping Channel Separation	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Dwell Time of Each Channel	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	20dB Bandwidth	Pass
15.247(d)	Conducted Band Edges and Conducted Spurious Emission	Pass
15.247(d)	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	Pass
15.207	AC Conducted Emission	Pass

1 Generation Information

1.1 Applicant

Rhombus Systems, Inc
1920 20th Street Sacramento, CA 95811

1.2 Manufacturer

Dynacolor Inc.
9F., No.209, Nanyang St., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 221, Taiwan

1.3 Description of Equipment under Test

Product Name	R230 5MP Microdome Camera
Model No.	R230
Series Model Name	R230-XXXXX (XXXXX = 128GB, 256GB, 512GB, 1TB, space or blank)
Model Difference	Secure Digital Memory Card specifications are different.
FCC ID	2AZ3JR230
Frequency Range	2402~2480MHz
Number of Channels	79
Channel separation	1MHz
Type of Modulation	FHSS: GFSK(1Mbps) /π/4DQPSK(2Mbps) / 8DPSK(3Mbps)
Antenna Information	Refer to the table “Antenna List”
EUT Supports Radios Application	WLAN 802.11a/b/g WLAN 802.11n (HT20/HT40) WLAN 802.11ac (VHT20/VHT40/VHT80) Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
EUT Rated Voltage	POE 42.5V ~ 57V
EUT Test Voltage	AC Conduction：AC 120V / 60Hz、RSE：POE 48V

Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Model No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	INPAQ Technology Co.,Ltd.	RFMTA341200NNLB004	Metal Stamping Antenna	1.47 dBi for 2.4GHz

Remark: The antenna of EUT is conforming to FCC 15.203

Channel List

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
00	2402	20	2422	40	2442	60	2462
01	2403	21	2423	41	2443	61	2463
02	2404	22	2424	42	2444	62	2464
03	2405	23	2425	43	2445	63	2465
04	2406	24	2426	44	2446	64	2466
05	2407	25	2427	45	2447	65	2467
06	2408	26	2428	46	2448	66	2468
07	2409	27	2429	47	2449	67	2469
08	2410	28	2430	48	2450	68	2470
09	2411	29	2431	49	2451	69	2471
10	2412	30	2432	50	2452	70	2472
11	2413	31	2433	51	2453	71	2473
12	2414	32	2434	52	2454	72	2474
13	2415	33	2435	53	2455	73	2475
14	2416	34	2436	54	2456	74	2476
15	2417	35	2437	55	2457	75	2477
16	2418	36	2438	56	2458	76	2478
17	2419	37	2439	57	2459	77	2479
18	2420	38	2440	58	2460	78	2480
19	2421	39	2441	59	2461	--	--

Test Frequencies in each operating band

Frequency range over which the device operates in each operating band (Note 1)	Number of test frequencies required	Location of test frequencies inside the operating frequency range (Note 1,2)
≤ 1 MHz	1	near center
> 1 MHz and ≤ 10 MHz	2	1 near high end, 1 near low end
> 10 MHz	3	1 near high end, 1 near center, and 1 near low end

Note 1: The frequency range over which the device operates in a given operating band is the difference between the highest and lowest frequencies on which the device can be tuned within that given operating band. The frequency range can be smaller than or equal to the operating band, but cannot be greater than the operating band.

Note 2: In the third column of table 1, "near" means as close as possible to or at the center / low end / high end of the frequency range over which the device operates.

Firmware / Software Version

1	**Product Name**	R230 5MP Microdome Camera
2	**Model No.**	R230
3	**Test SW Version**	Putty_Ver.0.63
4	**RF power setting in TEST SW**	☐ RF power setting was not able to alter during testing. ☒ RF power setting was able to alter during testing. (See the following table)

Parameters of test software setting

Type of Modulation	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Set Value
BT(GFSK)	00	2402	0x09
	39	2441	0x09
	78	2480	0x09
BT(π/4DQPSK)	00	2402	0x09
	39	2441	0x09
	78	2480	0x09
BT(8DPSK)	00	2402	0x09
	39	2441	0x09
	78	2480	0x09

1.4 Description of the Frequency Hopping Systems

1.4.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hop sets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

1.4.2 Description of the systems

1. Pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence

Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. The transmitter is presented with a continuous data stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its 79 channels and over the minimum number of hopping channels (75 channels).

Bluetooth units which want to communicate with other units must be organized in a structure called piconet. This piconet consist of max. 8 Bluetooth units. One unit is the master the other seven are the slaves. The master co-ordinates frequency occupation in this piconet for all units. As the master hop sequence is derived from its BD address which is unique for each Bluetooth device, additional masters intending to establish new piconets will always use different hop sequences.

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode: 40, 21, 44, 23, 42, 53, 46, 55, 48, 33, 52, 35, 50, 65, 54, 67, 56, 37, 60, 39, 58, 69, 62, 71, 64, 25, 68, 27, 66, 57, 70, 59, 72, 29, 76, 31, 74, 61, 78, 63, 01, 41, 05, 43, 03, 73, 07, 75, 09, 45, 13, 47, 11, 77, 15, 00, 64, 49, 66, 53, 68, 02, 70, 06, 01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04

2. Equal hopping frequency use

All Bluetooth units participating in the piconet are time and hop-synchronized to the channel

3. System receiver input bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1MHz. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidthsof their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

1.5 Test Mode Applicability And Tested Channel Detail

1. This device is a R230 5MP Microdome Camera with a built-in Wi-Fi and Bluetooth transceiver.
2. These tests were performed on a sample of equipment to demonstrate compliance with 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247).
3. Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates, XYZ axis and antenna ports.
4. The worst case was found when positioned on X axis for radiated emission. Following test modes were selected for the final test, and the final worst case is recorded in the report:

EUT Configure Mode	RE < 1G	RE ≥ 1G	ACM	ACP	Description
--	☒	☒	☒	☒	Transmit BT

Note : RE<1G: Radiated Emission below 1GHz RE≥1G: Radiated Emission above 1GHz
ACM: Antenna Port Conducted Measurement ACP: AC Power Line Conducted Emission

Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement(Below 1GHz):

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	39	GFSK	1

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement(Above 1GHz):

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 39, 78	GFSK	1
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 39, 78	8DPSK	3

Radiated Band Edge Emission Measurement(Above 1GHz):

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 78	GFSK	1
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 78	8DPSK	3

Peak Output Power, Hopping Channel Separation Measurement, 20dB Bandwidth, Conducted Spurious Emission:

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 39, 78	GFSK	1
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 39, 78	8DPSK	3

Number of Hopping Frequency, Dwell Time Measurement, Conducted Band Edges

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	Hopping	GFSK	1
--	BT	0 ~ 78	Hopping	8DPSK	3

Conducted Band Edges

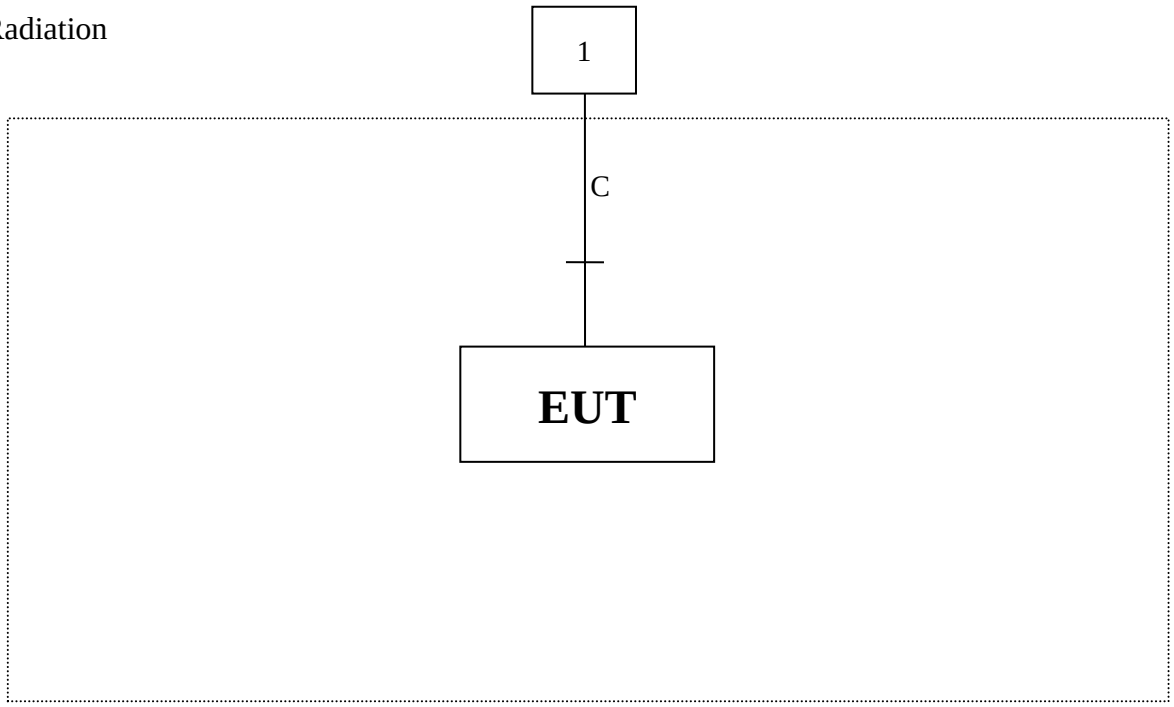
EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 78	GFSK	1
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 78	8DPSK	3

AC Conducted Emission:

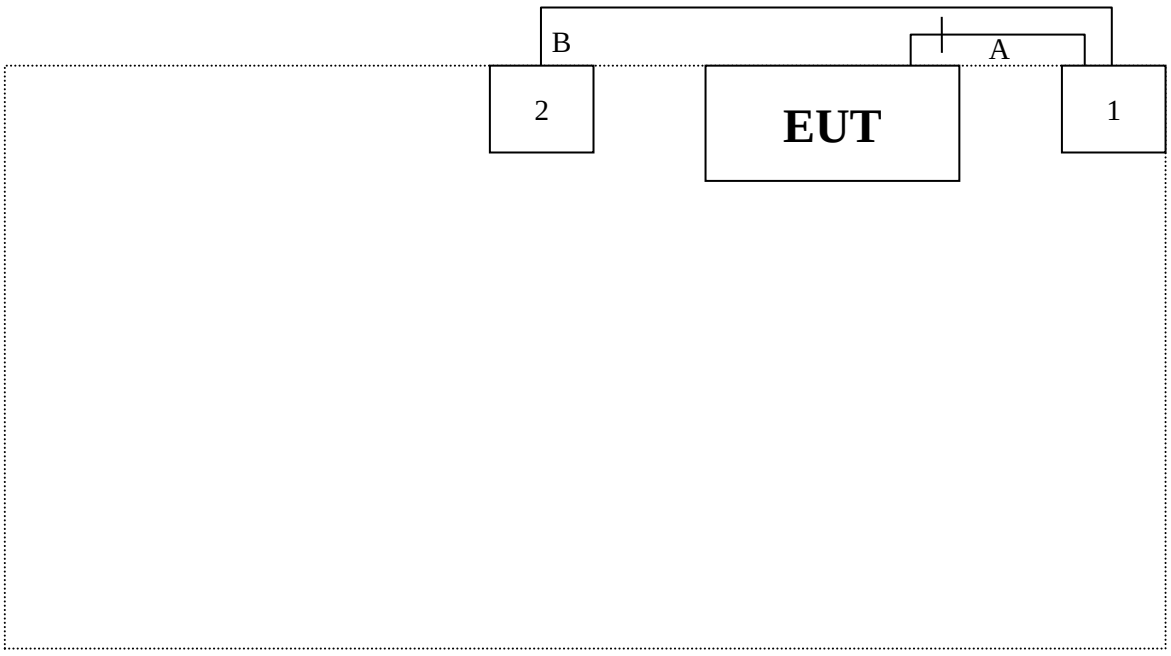
EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	Hopping	GFSK	1

1.6 Configuration of Tested System

Radiation



AC Conduction



1.7 EUT Exercise Software

1. Setup the EUT as shown in Section 1.5
2. Execute software “Putty_Ver.0.63”.
3. Configure the test mode, the test channel, and the data rate.
4. Press “OK” to start the continuous transmit.
5. Verify that the EUT works properly.

1.8 Tested System Details

The types for all equipment, plus descriptions of all cables used in the tested system (including inserted cards) are:

No.	Product	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Power Cord
1	POE	Microsemi	PD-9501GR/AC	N/A	N/A
2	Notebook PC	acer	N16Q1	NXVF4TA023742254147600	N/A

No.	Signal Cable Type	Signal cable Description
A	LAN Cable	Non-shielded, Non-Core, 1.5m
B	LAN Cable	Non-shielded, Non-Core, 1.6m

1.9 Test Facility

Items	Required (IEC 60068-1)
Temperature (°C)	15-35
Humidity (% RH)	25-75
Barometric pressure (mbar)	860-1060

Description: Accredited by TAF
Accredited Number: 2965

Issued by: Wendell Industrial Co., Ltd

Lab Address: 6F/6F-1, No.188, Baoqiao Rd., Xindian Dist.,
New Taipei City 23145, Taiwan R.O.C

Test Lab: Wendell EMC & RF Laboratory

Test Location: No. 119, Wugong 3rd Rd., Wugu Dist.,
New Taipei City 248, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Designation Number: TW0025

Test Firm Registration Number: 665221

1.10 Measurement Uncertainty

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence (level based on a coverage factor K=2)

Measurement Project	Condition	Expended Uncertainty
AC Conducted Emission	0.150 ~ 30 MHz	± 2.64 dB
Radiated Emission	0.009 ~ 30 MHz	± 3.7 dB
	30 ~ 1000 MHz	± 3.9 dB
	1000 ~ 18000 MHz	± 4.5 dB
	18000 ~ 40000 MHz	± 4.3 dB
RF Power, Conducted	Conducted Measuring	± 0.75 dB
Occupied Bandwidth	Conducted Measuring	± 2.4 %
Power Density	Conducted Measuring	± 1.2 dB
Duty Cycle and Dwell Time	Conducted Measuring	± 0.9 %
Conducted Unwanted Emission Strength	Conducted Measuring	± 1.4 dB
DC Power Supply	--	± 2.0 %
Temperature	--	± 0.55 ℃
Humidity	--	± 3.1 %

Note: Please note that the measurement uncertainty are provided for informational purpose only and are not used in determining the Pass/Fail results.

1.11 List of Test Equipment

For Conducted measurements / W08-Conducted Measurement

Equipment		Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
✓	Spectrum analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	SG50420005	2022/08/01	2023/07/31
✓	Wideband Peak Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1733007	2022/09/06	2023/09/05
✓	Pulse Power Sensor + Precision Adaptor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1726022	2022/09/06	2023/09/05
	Temperature Chamber	TAICHY	MHK-225LK	1061121	2022/04/22	2023/04/21
	Wireless Connectivity Tester	R&S	CMW270	101307	2022/05/23	2023/05/22
✓	Attenuator	MVE	MVE2211-10	CT-9-056	2022/08/10	2023/08/09
	Attenuator	MVE	MVE2211-20	CT-9-057	2022/08/10	2023/08/09
	Attenuator	MVE	MVE2211-30	CT-9-058	2022/08/10	2023/08/09
	Power Divider	MVE	MVE8546	170826003	2022/08/10	2023/08/09
	Power Splitter	MVE	MVE8547	170302047	2022/08/11	2023/08/10
	DC Power Supply	GW INSTEK	GPC-3060D	GER817636	2022/08/09	2023/08/08

Remark:

1. All equipments are calibrated every one year.
2. The test instruments marked with "✓" are used to measure the final test results.

For AC Conduction measurements / W08-CE

Equipment		Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
✓	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	102309	2022/6/15	2023/6/14
✓	2-Line V-Network LISN	R&S	ENV216	101185	2022/6/20	2023/6/19
✓	LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127RC	05028	2022/6/20	2023/6/19
✓	Transient Limiter	EM Electronics Corporation	EM-7600	857	2022/6/20	2023/6/19
✓	50ohm Cable	EMCI	EMCCFD300-BM-BM-5000	170612	2022/6/17	2023/6/16
✓	50 ohm terminal impedance	HUBER+SUHNER	50 ohm terminal impedance	CT-1-109-1	2022/6/17	2023/6/16

Remark:

1. All equipments are calibrated every one year.
2. The test instruments marked with "✓" are used to measure the final test results.
3. Test Software version: FARAD EZ-EMC Ver.EMC-CON 3A1

For Radiated measurements / W08-996-2

	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
✓	EMI Receiver	Keysight	N9038A	MY51210173	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
✓	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY52220228	2022/08/16	2023/08/15
✓	Loop Antenna	EMCI	LPA600	277	2022/08/22	2023/08/21
✓	TRILOG super broad Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	VULB 9168-700 & 20E03	2022/08/12	2023/08/11
✓	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	01767	2022/08/24	2023/08/23
✓	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	703	2022/08/29	2023/08/28
✓	Pre-Amplifier	EMEC	EMC330	060774	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
✓	Pre-Amplifier	EMEC	EM01G18G	060648	2022/08/18	2023/08/17
✓	Pre-Amplifier	JPT	JPA0118-55-303K	1910001800055003	2022/08/18	2023/08/17
✓	Pre-Amplifier	EMCI	EMC184045SE	980515	2022/08/18	2023/08/17
✓	Cable	EMEC	EM-CB400	105060103	2022/08/18	2023/08/17
✓	Cable	EMEC	EM-CB400	105060102	2022/08/18	2023/08/17
✓	Cable	EMEC	EM-CB400	105060101	2022/08/18	2023/08/17
✓	RF Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SF102	MY2752/2	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
✓	RF Cable	MVE	280280.LL266.1200	B60028C	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
✓	RF Cable	EMCI	EMC102-KM-KM-600	190646	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
✓	RF Cable	MVE	140140.LL404.700	B90014C	2022/07/28	2023/07/27
✓	RF Cable	MVE	140140.LL404.300	B90006C	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
✓	RF Filter	EMEC	BRF-2400-2500	002	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
	RF Filter	EMEC	BRF-5150-5350	104	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
	RF Filter	EMEC	BRF-5470-5725	092	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
	RF Filter	EMEC	BRF-5725-5875	091	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
✓	RF Filter	EMEC	HPF-2800	002	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
	RF Filter	EMEC	HPF-5850	059	2022/08/17	2023/08/16
	SMA Notch Filter	MVE	MFN-902.928.S1	190604001	2022/08/17	2023/08/16

Remark:

1. All equipments are calibrated every one year.

2. The test instruments marked with "✓" are used to measure the final test results.
3. Test Software version: FARAD EZ-EMC Ver.WD-03A1-1

2 Test Result

2.1 Antenna Requirement

2.1.1 Applicable Standard

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than as furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are using the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi, for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 (c) requirements.

2.1.2 Antenna Connected Construction

Non-standard antenna connector is used.

2.1.3 Antenna Gain

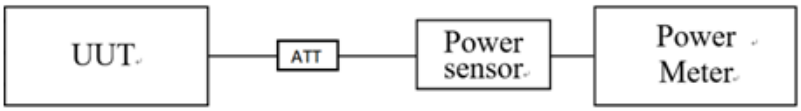
No.	Manufacturer	Model No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	INPAQ Technology Co.,Ltd.	RFMTA341200NNLB004	Metal Stamping Antenna	1.47 dBi for 2.4GHz

2.2 Peak Output Power Measurement

2.2.1 Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts.

2.2.2 Test Setup



2.2.3 Test Procedure

1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 11.9.1.3
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.

2.2.4 Test Result

Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	Peak Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Result
1 Mbps (GFSK)	00	2402	DH1	5.81	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	5.94	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	6.07	≤ 21	Pass
	39	2441	DH1	5.87	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	5.99	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	6.11	≤ 21	Pass
	78	2480	DH1	5.32	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	5.45	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	5.58	≤ 21	Pass
2 Mbps (π/4-DQPSK)	00	2402	DH1	6.18	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	6.31	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	6.44	≤ 21	Pass
	39	2441	DH1	6.21	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	6.33	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	6.47	≤ 21	Pass
	78	2480	DH1	5.86	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	6.00	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	6.13	≤ 21	Pass
3 Mbps (8DPSK)	00	2402	DH1	6.35	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	6.48	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	6.61	≤ 21	Pass
	39	2441	DH1	6.51	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	6.65	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	6.78	≤ 21	Pass
	78	2480	DH1	6.14	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	6.28	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	6.41	≤ 21	Pass

Remark:

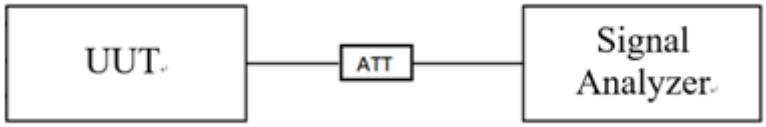
1. Peak Power = Reading value on power meter + cable loss
2. 10 Log(X/mW) = dBm, X=0.125 watt (Limit)
   0.125 watt = 21 dBm

2.3 Number of Hopping Frequency

2.3.1Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

2.3.2Test Setup



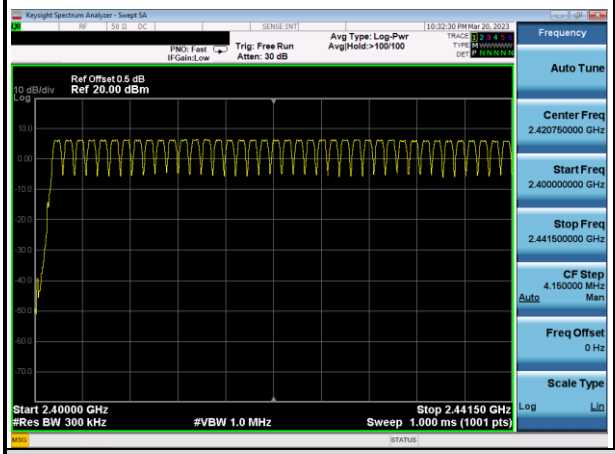
2.3.3 Test Procedure

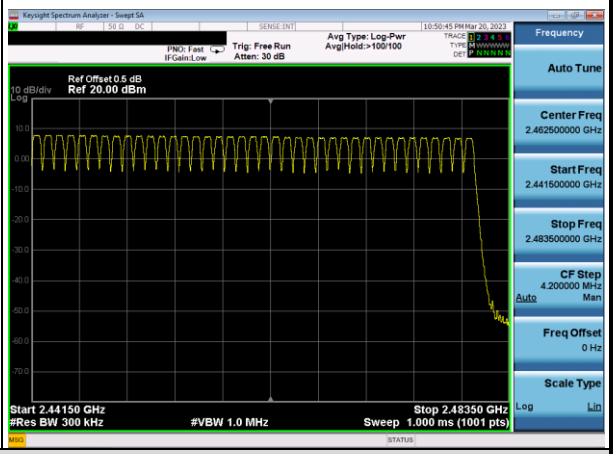
1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 7.8.3
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Spectrum analyzer set:
   a) Span = the frequency band of operation
   b) RBW = (RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller)
   c) VBW ≥ RBW
   d) Sweep = auto
   e) Detector function = peak
   f) Trace = max hold.
4. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.

2.3.4 Test Result

Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measurement (Hopping Channel)	Required Limit (Hopping Channel)	Result
2402 ~ 2480	1	79	≥ 15	Pass
2402 ~ 2480	3	79	≥ 15	Pass

1 Mbps-DH5





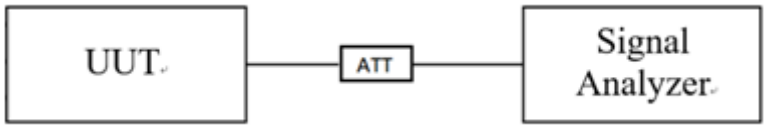
3 Mbps-DH5

2.4 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

2.4.1 Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

2.4.2 Test Setup



2.4.3 Test Procedure

1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 7.8.2
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
2. Spectrum analyzer set:
   a) Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
   b) RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing
   c) VBW ≥ RBW
   d) Sweep = auto
   e) Detector function = peak
   f) Trace = max hold.

2.4.4 Test Result

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measurement Level (MHz)	Limit of (2/3)*20dB (MHz)	Result
00	2402	1	1.002	≥ 0.679	Pass
39	2441	1	1.002	≥ 0.679	Pass
78	2480	1	0.999	≥ 0.681	Pass

Remark: 25kHz < two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth , whichever is two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth

1 Mbps-DH5

2402 MHz

2441 MHz

2480 MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measurement Level (MHz)	Limit of (2/3)*20dB (MHz)	Result
00	2402	3	1.002	≥ 0.873	Pass
39	2441	3	1.002	≥ 0.873	Pass
78	2480	3	0.999	≥ 0.873	Pass

Remark: 25kHz < two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth , whichever is two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth

3 Mbps-DH5

2402 MHz

2441 MHz

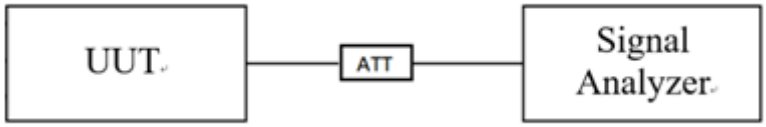
2480 MHz

2.5 Dwell Time Measurement

2.5.1 Limit

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

2.5.2 Test Setup



2.5.3 Test Procedure

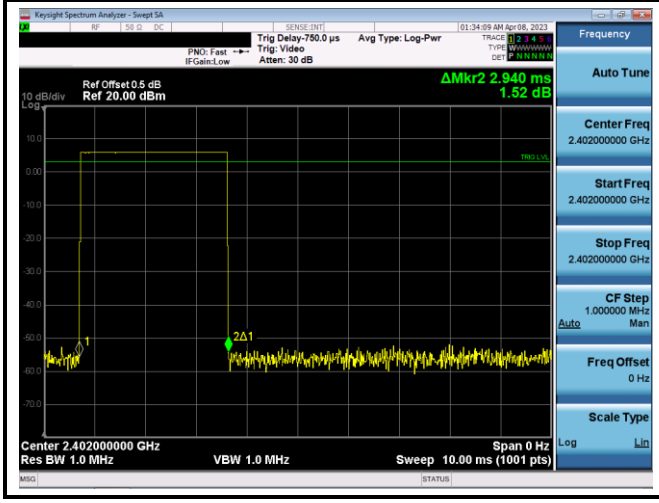
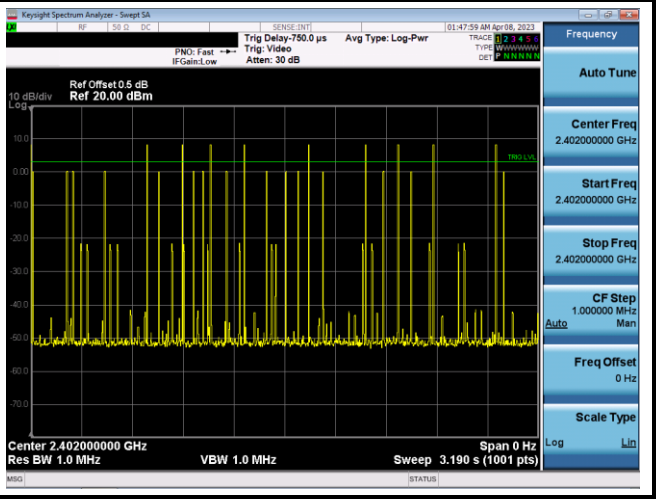
1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 7.8.4
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Spectrum analyzer set:
   a) Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
   b) RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel
   c) VBW ≥ RBW
   d) Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
   e) Detector function = peak
   f) Trace = max hold.

2.5.4 Test Result

Data Rate (Mbps)	Data Packet	Pulse Duration (ms)	Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s)	Average time of occupancy (s)	Limit (s)	Result
1	DH1	0.440	33	0.1452	≤ 0.4	Pass
1	DH3	1.690	17	0.2873	≤ 0.4	Pass
1	DH5	2.940	10	0.2940	≤ 0.4	Pass

Remark:

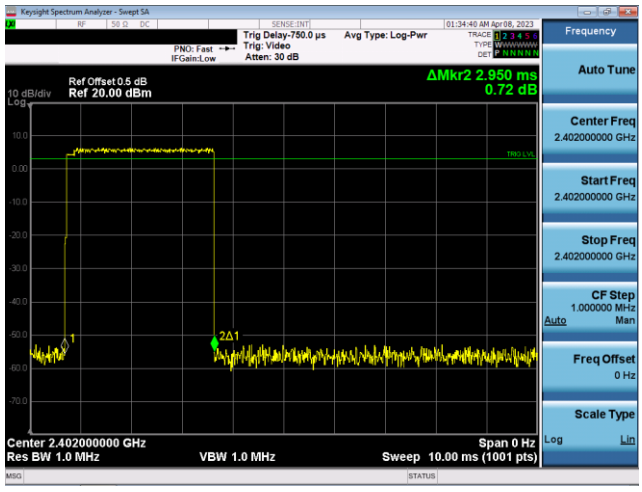
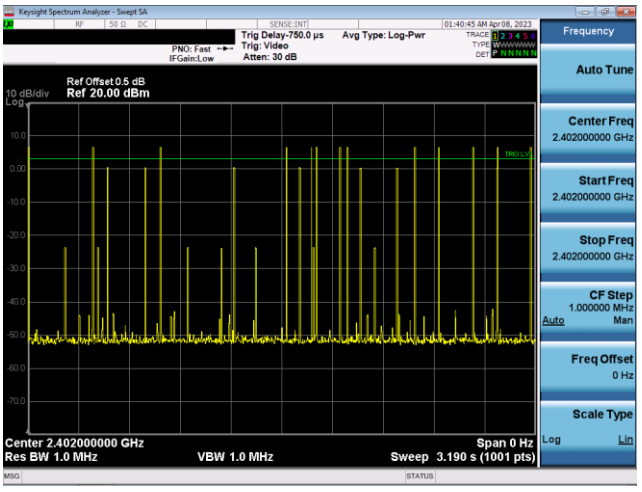
1. Number of frequency hopping = 79
2. Standard observation period = 31.6 s
3. Average time of occupancy = Pulse Duration × (Standard Observation period / Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s))

Each Channel Dwell Times of 1 Mbps-DH5	
Pulse Duration	**Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s)**
	

Data Rate (Mbps)	Data Packet	Pulse Duration (ms)	Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s)	Average time of occupancy (s)	Limit (s)	Result
3	DH1	0.450	33	0.1485	≤ 0.4	Pass
3	DH3	1.700	18	0.3060	≤ 0.4	Pass
3	DH5	2.950	13	0.3835	≤ 0.4	Pass

Remark:

1. Number of frequency hopping = 79
2. Standard observation period = 31.6 s
3. Average time of occupancy = Pulse Duration × (Standard Observation period / Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s))

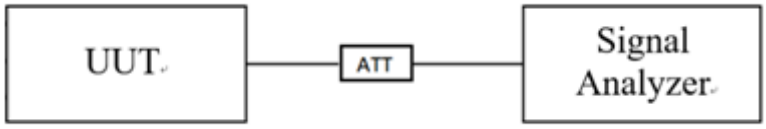
Each Channel Dwell Times of 3 Mbps-DH5	
Pulse Duration	**Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s)**
	

2.6 20dB Bandwidth Measurement

2.6.1 Limit

None.

2.6.2 Test Setup



2.6.3 Test Procedure

1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 6.9
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Spectrum analyzer set:
   a) approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
   b) RBW shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW
   c) VBW shall be approximately three times RBW
   d) Sweep time = auto
   e) Detector function = peak
   f) Trace mode = max hold.

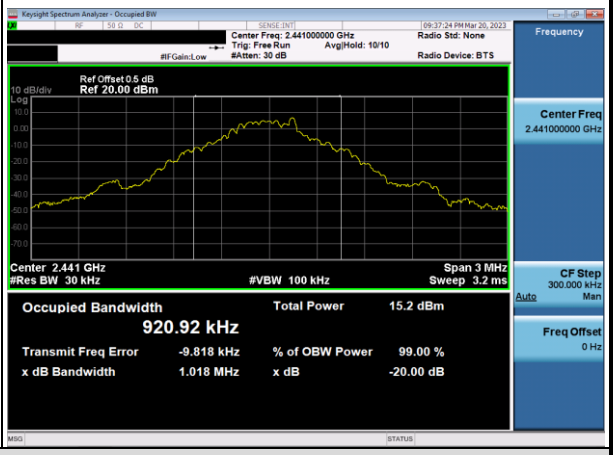
2.6.4 Test Result

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measurement Level (MHz)	Required Limit (MHz)	Result
00	2402	1	1.018	None	N/A
39	2441	1	1.018	None	N/A
78	2480	1	1.022	None	N/A

1 Mbps-DH5

2402 MHz

2441 MHz



2480 MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measurement Level (MHz)	Required Limit (MHz)	Result
00	2402	3	1.310	None	N/A
39	2441	3	1.310	None	N/A
78	2480	3	1.310	None	N/A

3 Mbps-DH5

2402 MHz

2441 MHz

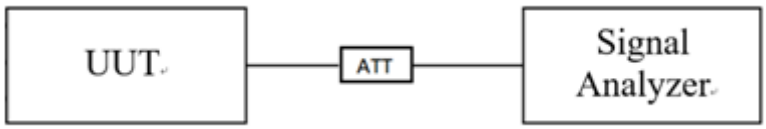
2480 MHz

2.7 Conducted Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

2.7.1 Limit

In any 100 KHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100KHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in must also comply with the radiated emission limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB

2.7.2 Test Setup

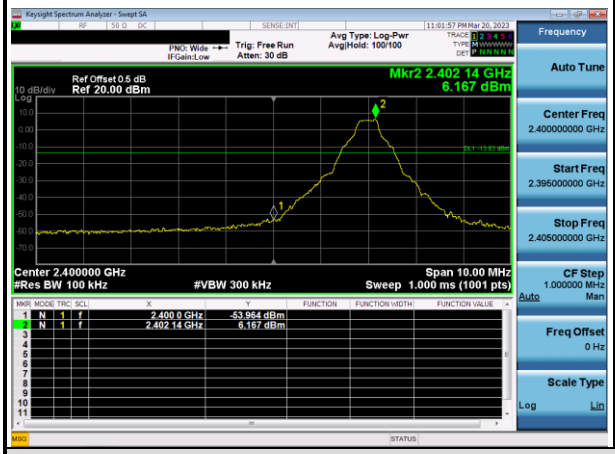
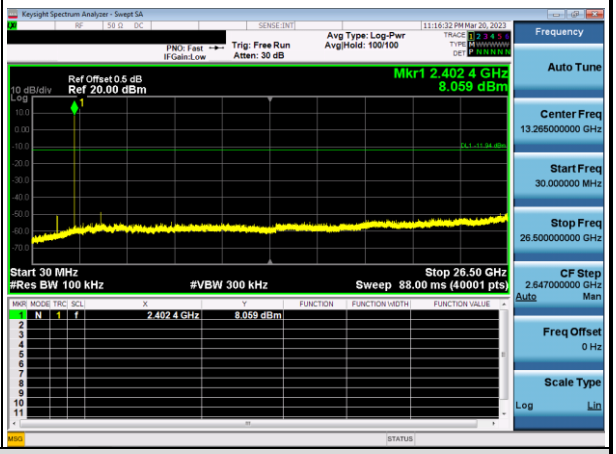
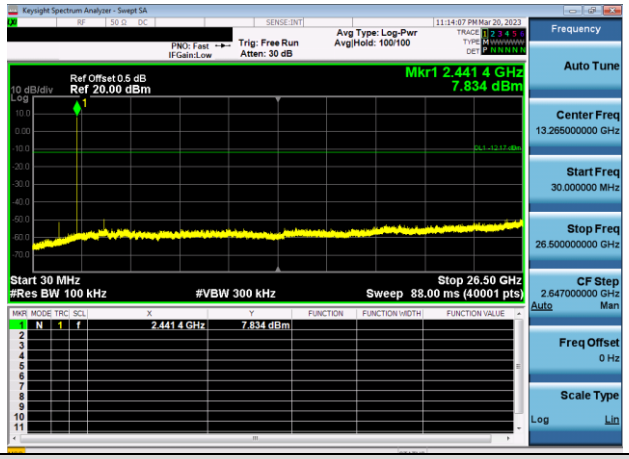
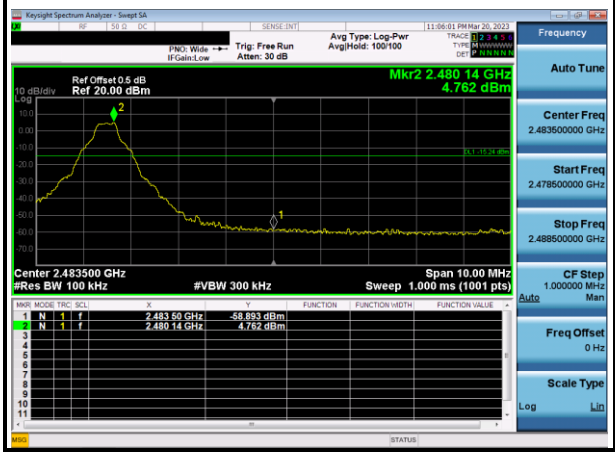
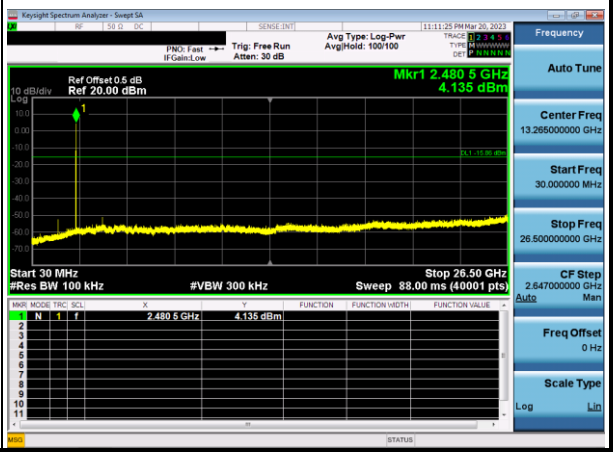


2.7.3 Test Procedure

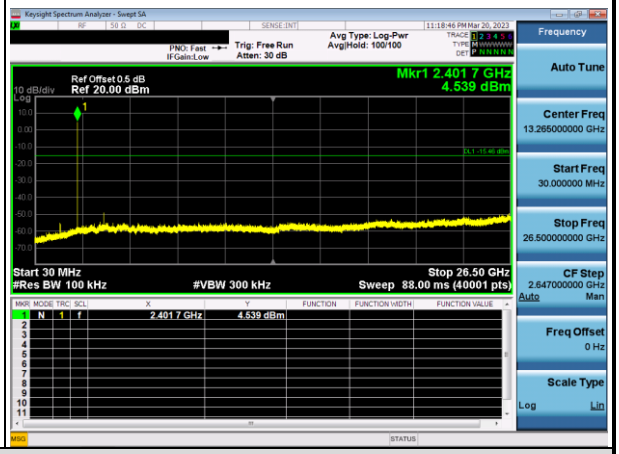
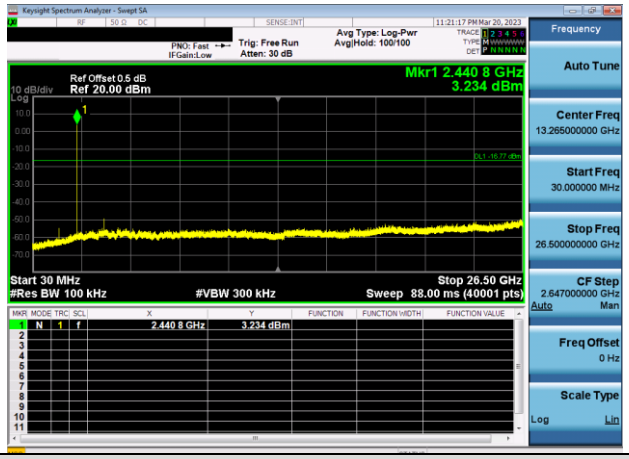
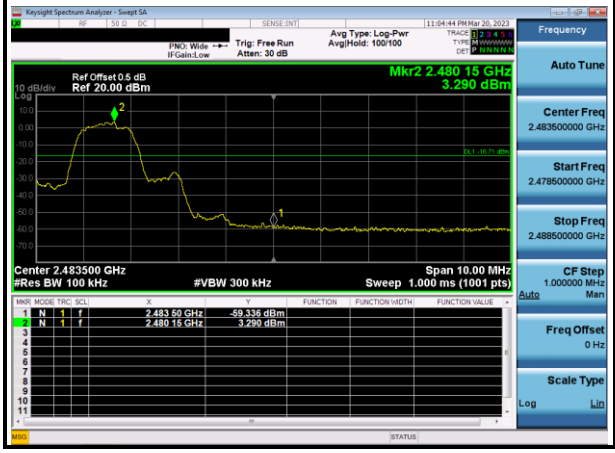
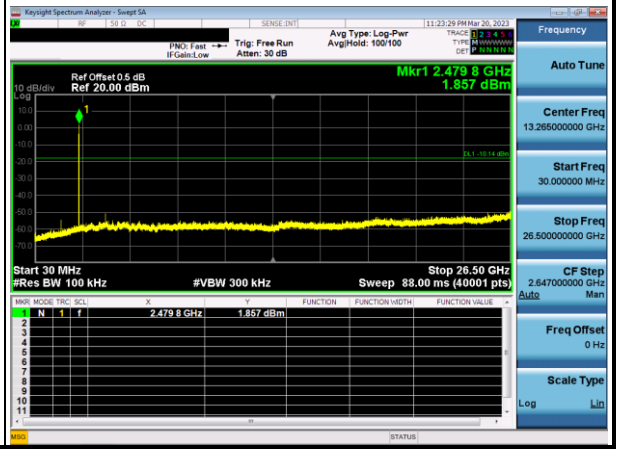
1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 6.10
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Spectrum analyzer set :
   a) RBW = 100 kHz
   b) VBW = 300 kHz
   c) Detector = peak
   d) Sweep time = auto couple
   e) Trace mode = max hold.

2.7.4 Test Result

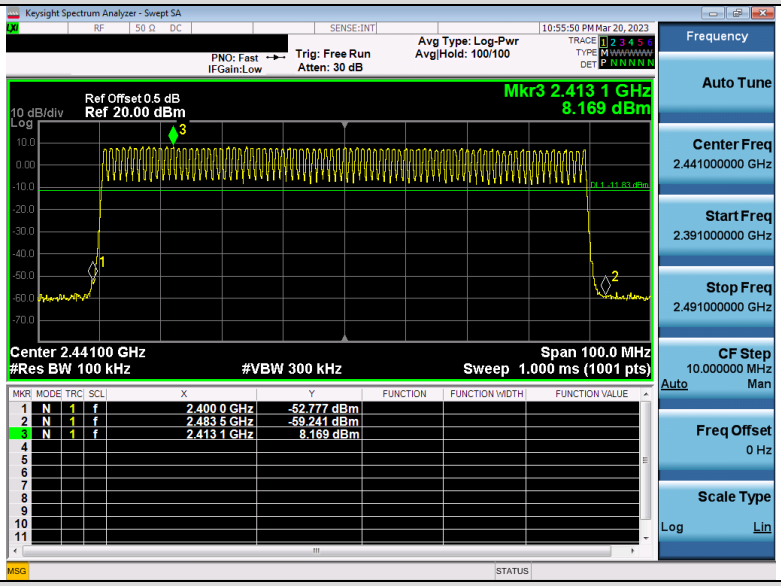
1 Mbps-DH5

2402 MHz	
Band Edge	**Spurious Emission**
	
2441 MHz	
Spurious Emission	
	
2480 MHz	
Band Edge	**Spurious Emission**
	

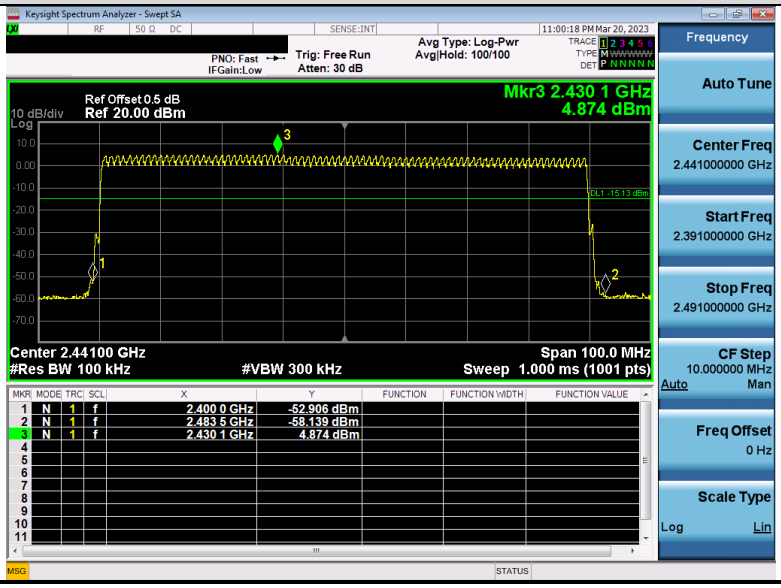
3 Mbps-DH5

2402 MHz	
Band Edge	**Spurious Emission**
	
2441 MHz	
Spurious Emission	
	
2480 MHz	
Band Edge	**Spurious Emission**
	

1 Mbps-DH5 Hopping Band Edge



3 Mbps-DH5 Hopping Band Edge



2.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

2.8.1 Limit

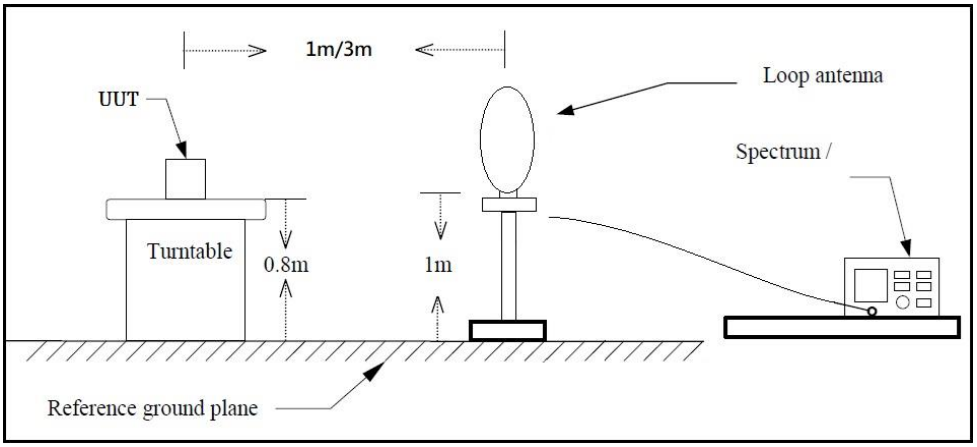
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Remarks:

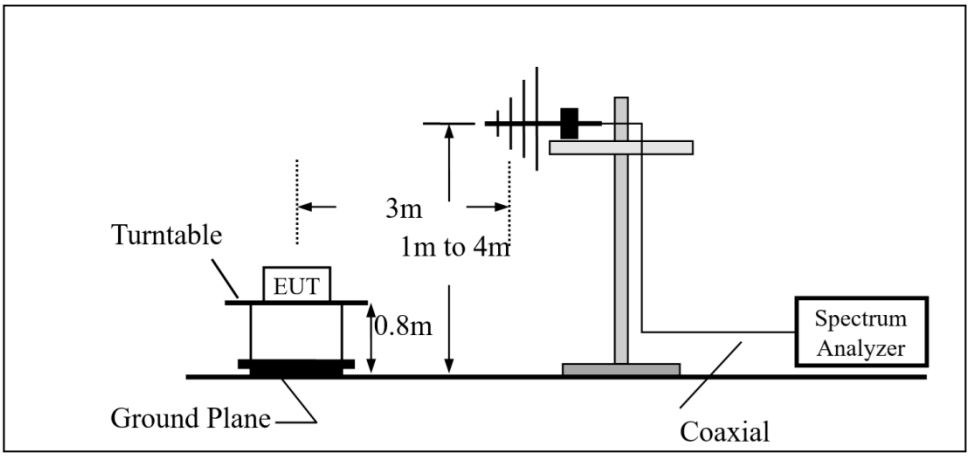
1. RF Voltage (dBuV) = 20 log RF Voltage(uV)
2. In the Above Table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
3. Distance refers to the distance in meters between the measuring instrument antenna and the closed point of any part of the device or system

2.8.2 Test Setup

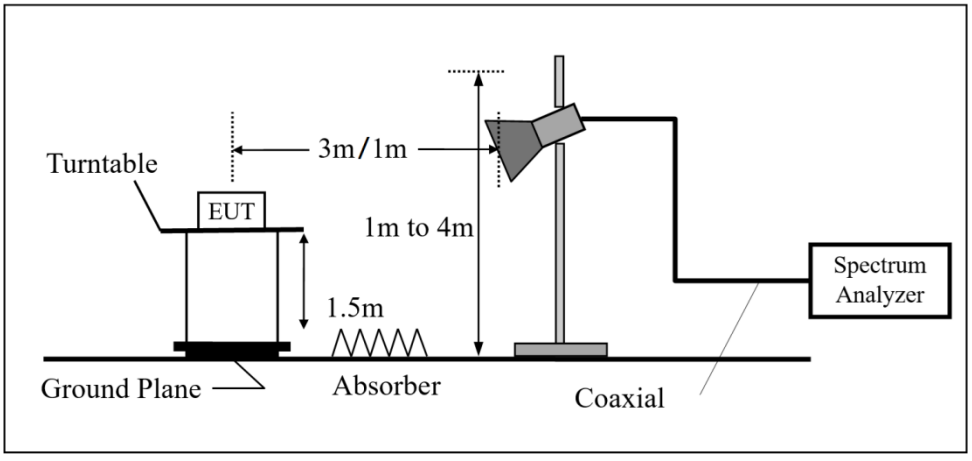
Below 30MHz



30MHz~1GHz



Above 1GHz



2.8.3 Test Procedure

The EUT was setup according to ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 6.4, 6.5, 6.6 and tested according test procedure of KDB 558074 for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.

For Radiated emission below 30MHz

(1) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground in a 3 meter chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

(2) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.

(3) Parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel orientations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.

(4) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.

(5) The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

For Radiated emission Above 30MHz

(1) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for below 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for the test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

(2) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, the height of the antenna is varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength.

(3) Parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel orientations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.

(4) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.

(5) The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.

(6) The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets the average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

2.8.4 Duty Cycle

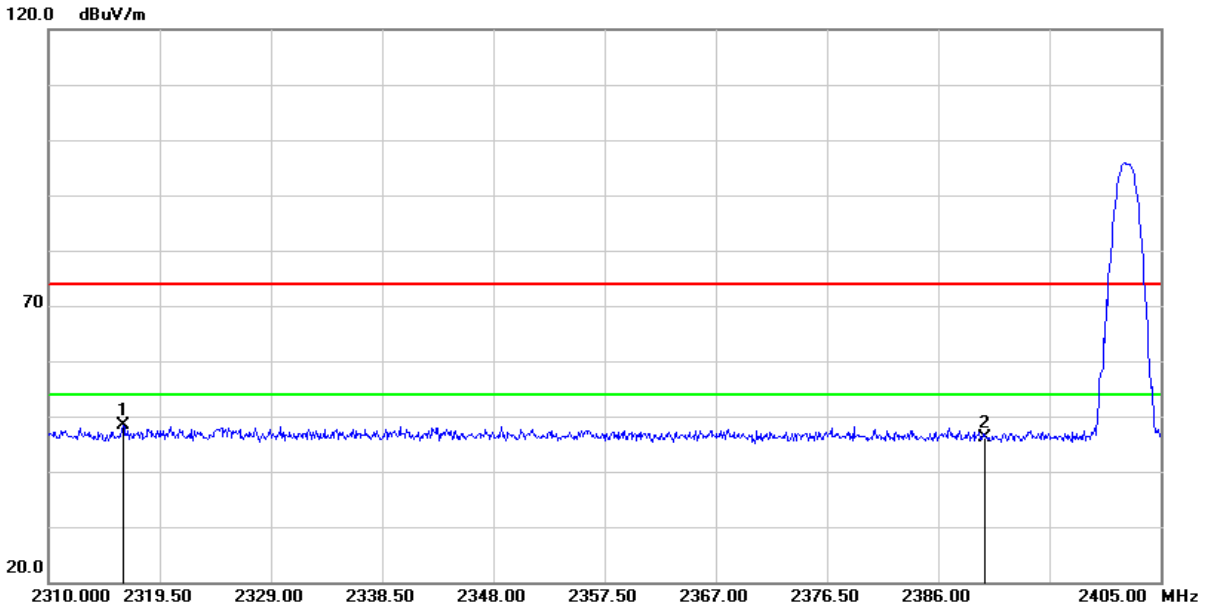
Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	on time (ms)	on+off time (ms)	Duty cycle	Duty Factor (dB)	1/T Minimum VBW (kHz)
BT	1	2.980	3.760	0.793	1.010	0.336
	3	2.980	3.740	0.797	0.987	0.336

2.8.5 Test Result of Radiated Band Edge Measurement

The following tables for radiated measurement, pre-scanned in three orthogonal panels, X, Y, Z. The worst cases (X axis) were recorded in this report.

Test Frequency	
RF	**BT 1 Mbps / 3 Mbps**
Tx	CH00 (2402 MHz) CH78 (2480 MHz)

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/22
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	45 %

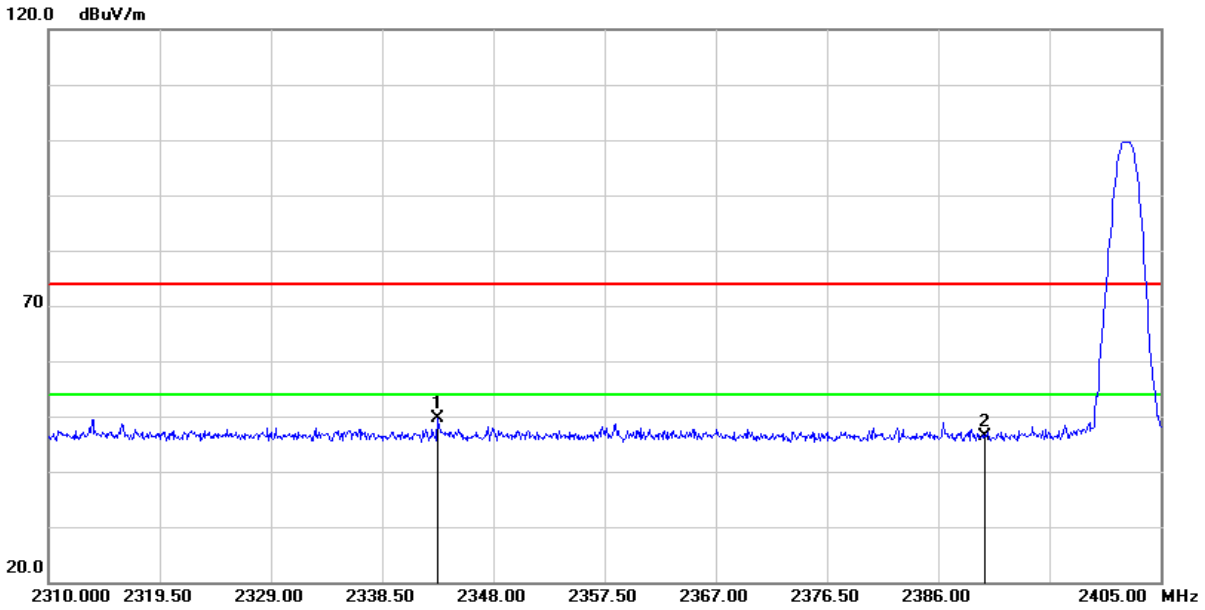


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2316.365	54.54	-6.21	48.33	74.00	-25.67	peak
2	2390.000	52.36	-6.35	46.01	74.00	-27.99	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/22
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	45 %

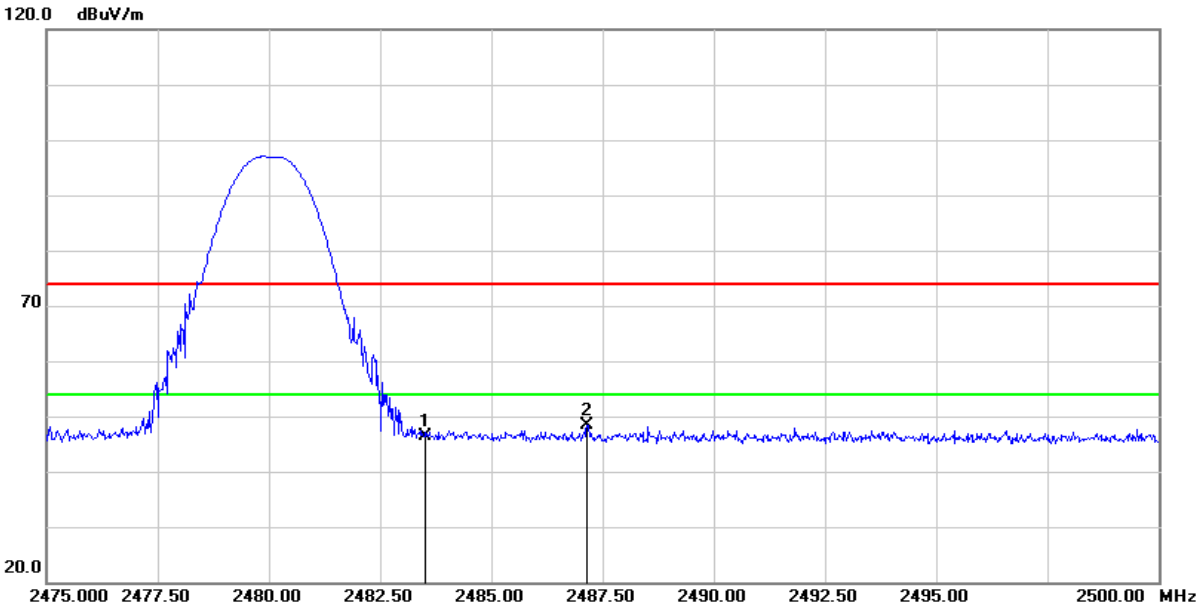


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2343.250	55.85	-6.32	49.53	74.00	-24.47	peak
2	2390.000	52.77	-6.35	46.42	74.00	-27.58	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/22
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	45 %

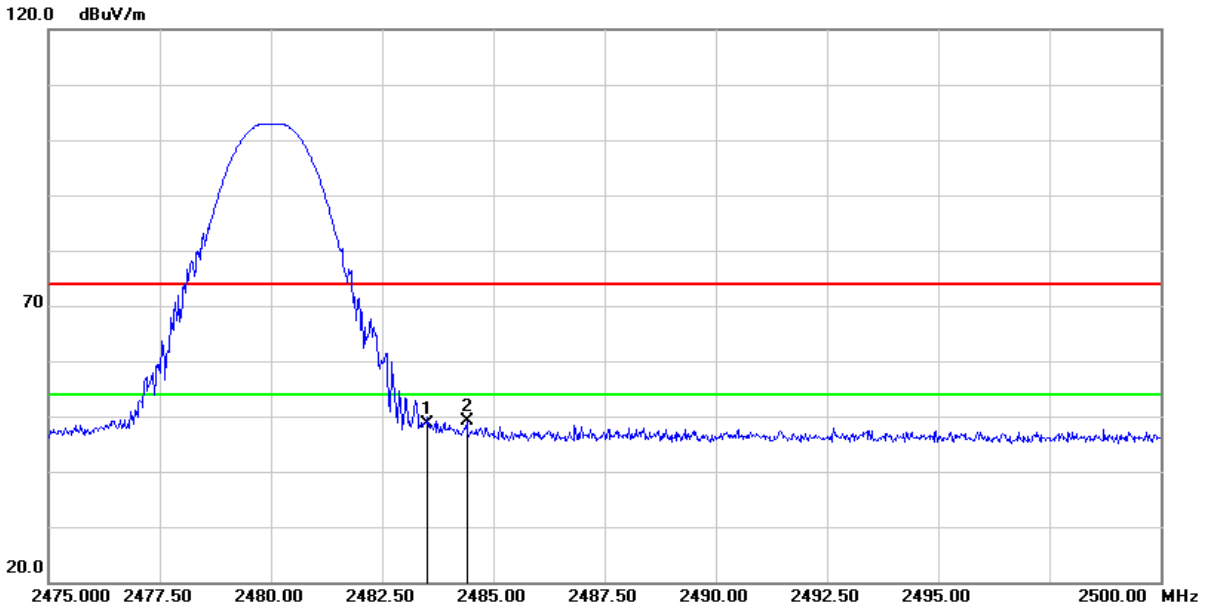


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2483.500	52.67	-6.34	46.33	74.00	-27.67	peak
2	2487.150	54.78	-6.33	48.45	74.00	-25.55	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	**Test Date :**	2023/03/22
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	**Temperature :**	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	**Relative Humidity :**	45 %

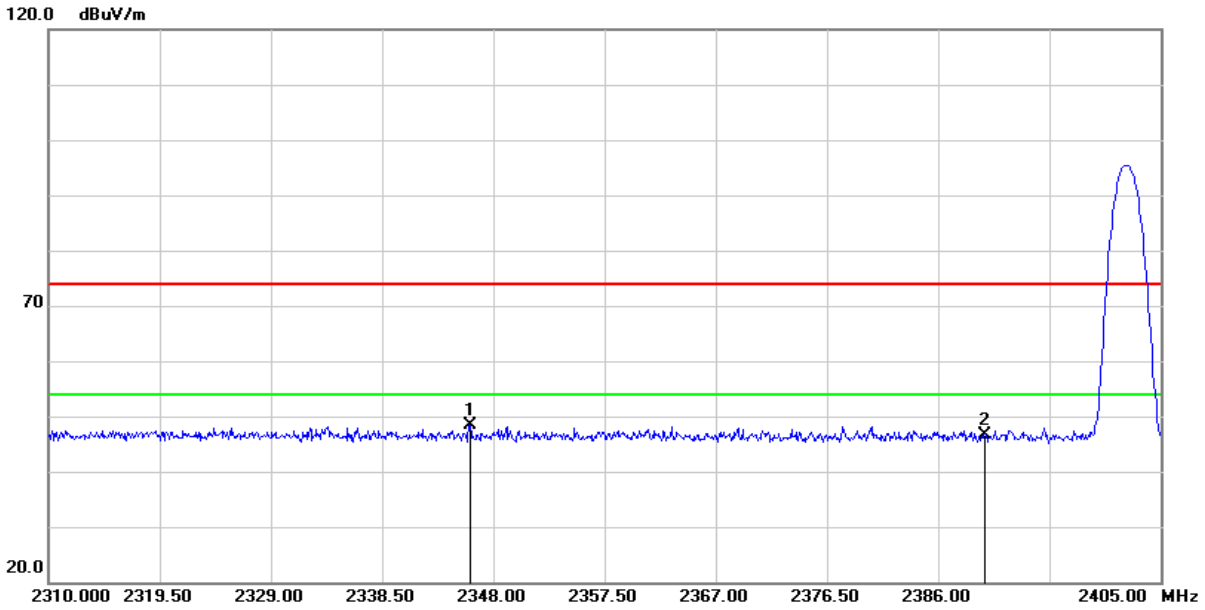


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2483.500	55.00	-6.34	48.66	74.00	-25.34	peak
2	2484.400	55.38	-6.34	49.04	74.00	-24.96	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/22
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	45 %

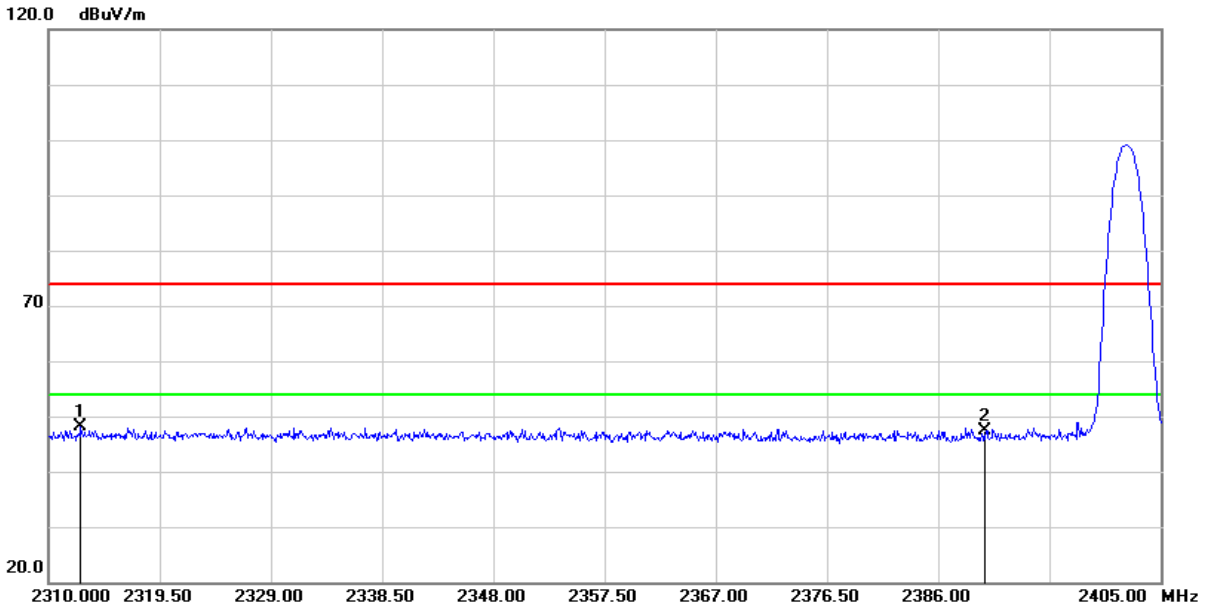


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2346.005	54.79	-6.34	48.45	74.00	-25.55	peak
2	2390.000	53.04	-6.35	46.69	74.00	-27.31	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	**Test Date :**	2023/03/22
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	**Temperature :**	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	**Relative Humidity :**	45 %

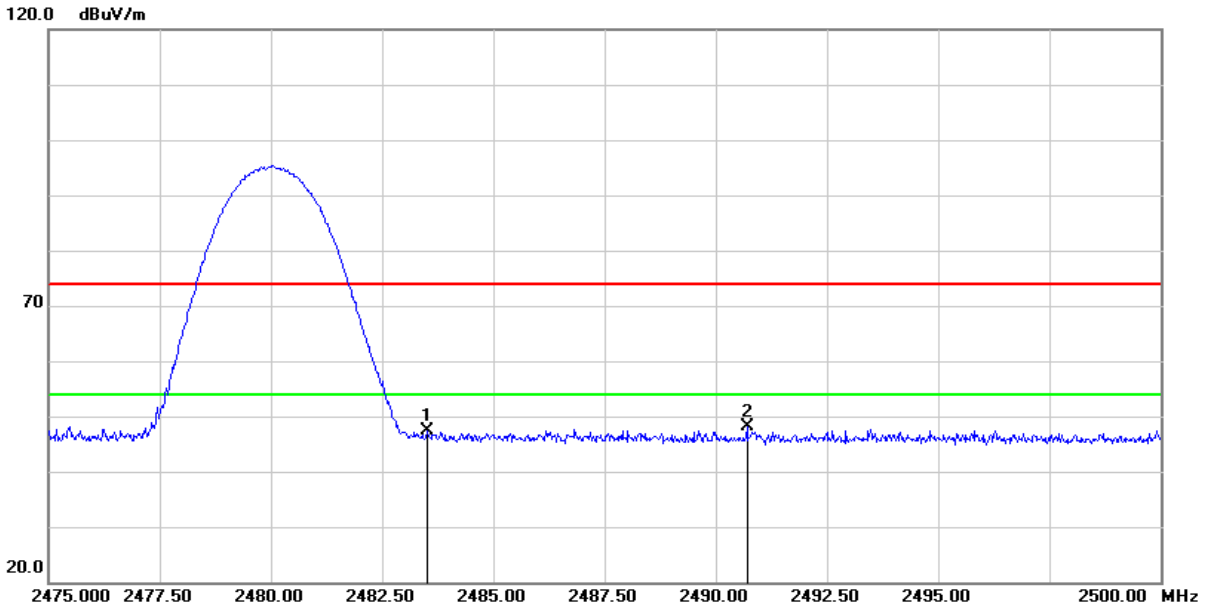


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2312.755	54.40	-6.19	48.21	74.00	-25.79	peak
2	2390.000	53.79	-6.35	47.44	74.00	-26.56	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/22
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	45 %

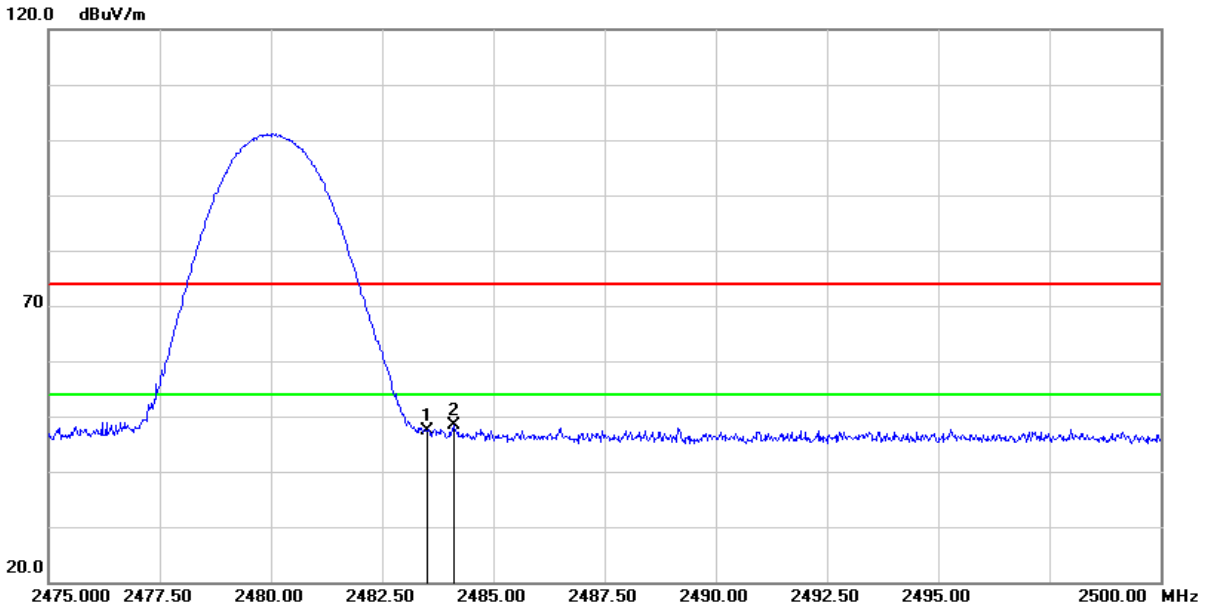


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2483.500	53.75	-6.34	47.41	74.00	-26.59	peak
2	2490.700	54.36	-6.34	48.02	74.00	-25.98	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	**Test Date :**	2023/03/22
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	**Temperature :**	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	**Relative Humidity :**	45 %



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2483.500	53.67	-6.34	47.33	74.00	-26.67	peak
2	2484.100	54.75	-6.34	48.41	74.00	-25.59	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

2.8.6 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement

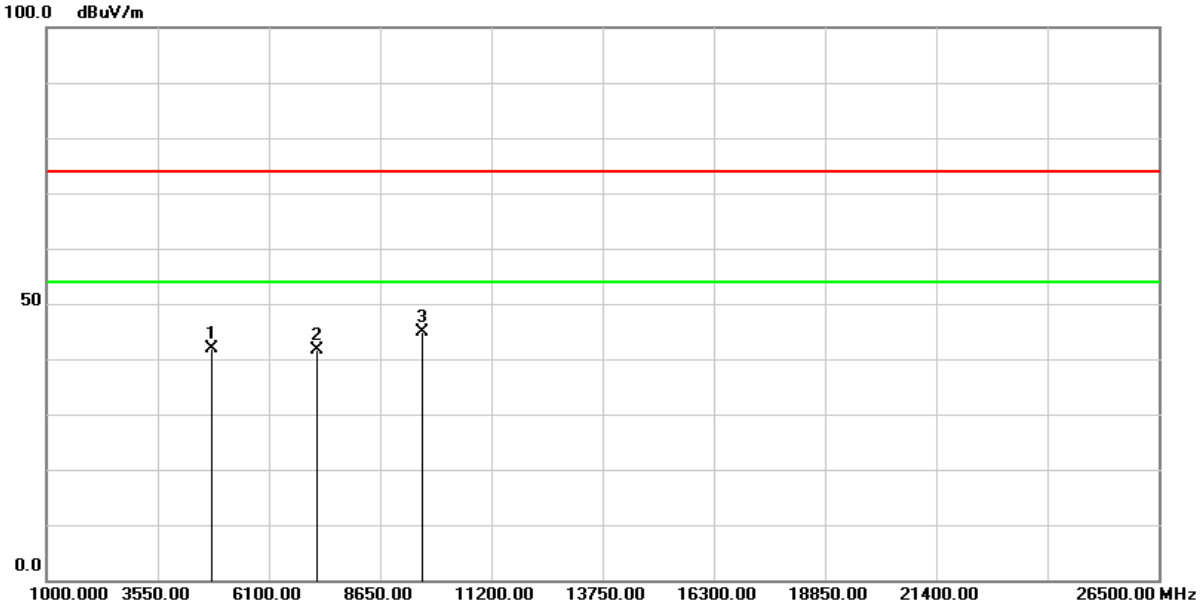
(1) The radiation measurement frequency is 9kHz ~ 30MHz. The interference value of this frequency range is less than the limit value of 20 dB. It is considered that the background noise value is not recorded.

(2) The following table shows the radiation measurement frequency from 30MHz to 26.5GHz, pre-scanning in the X, Y and Z axes. The worst case (X-axis) is documented in this report.

Test Frequency	
RF	**BT 1 Mbps / 3 Mbps**
Tx	CH00 (2402 MHz) CH39 (2441 MHz) CH78 (2480 MHz)

Above 1GHz Data

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	45 %

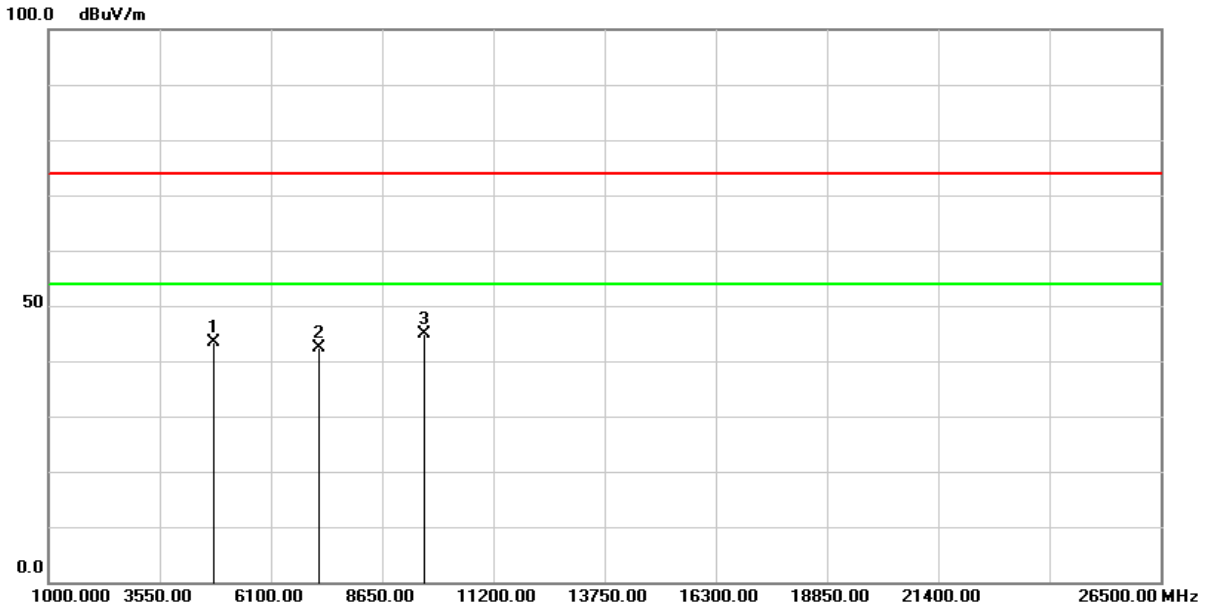


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4804.000	62.27	-20.36	41.91	74.00	-32.09	peak
2	7206.000	56.31	-14.70	41.61	74.00	-32.39	peak
3	9608.000	55.56	-10.56	45.00	74.00	-29.00	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	45 %

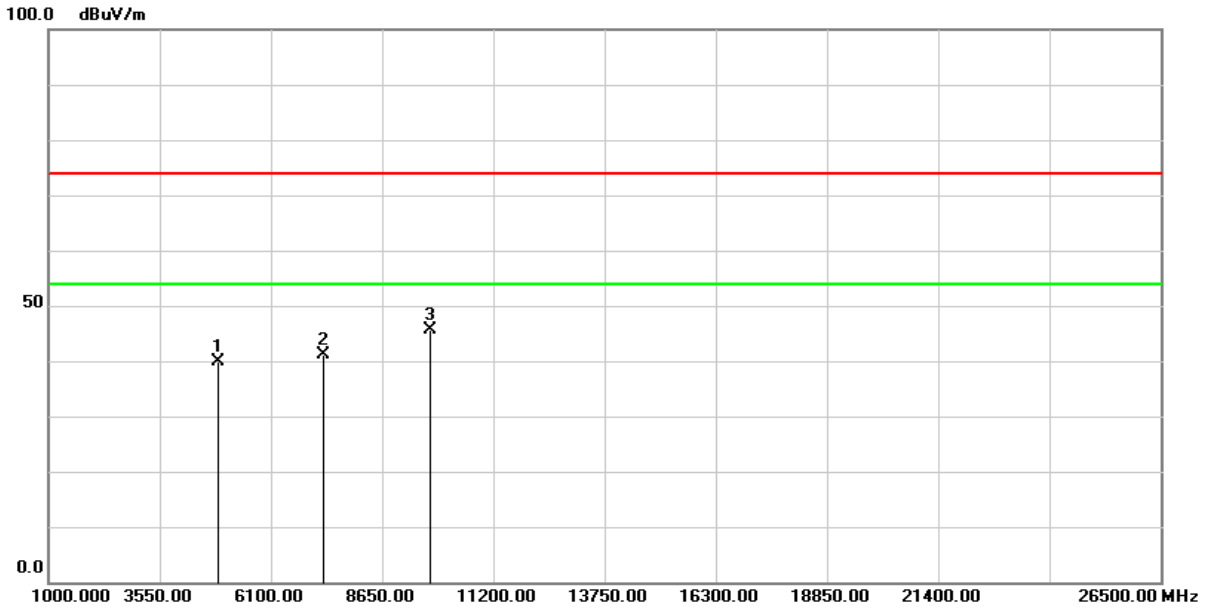


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4804.000	63.75	-20.36	43.39	74.00	-30.61	peak
2	7206.000	57.13	-14.70	42.43	74.00	-31.57	peak
3	9608.000	55.56	-10.56	45.00	74.00	-29.00	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	45 %

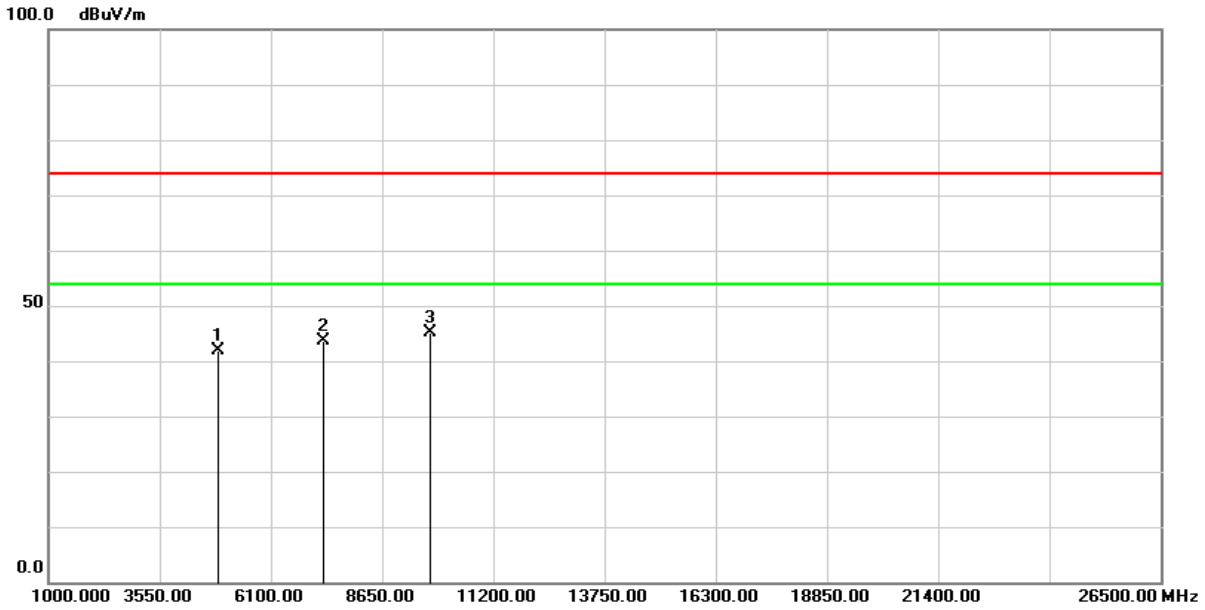


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4882.000	60.30	-20.41	39.89	74.00	-34.11	peak
2	7323.000	55.41	-14.30	41.11	74.00	-32.89	peak
3	9764.000	56.04	-10.29	45.75	74.00	-28.25	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	45 %

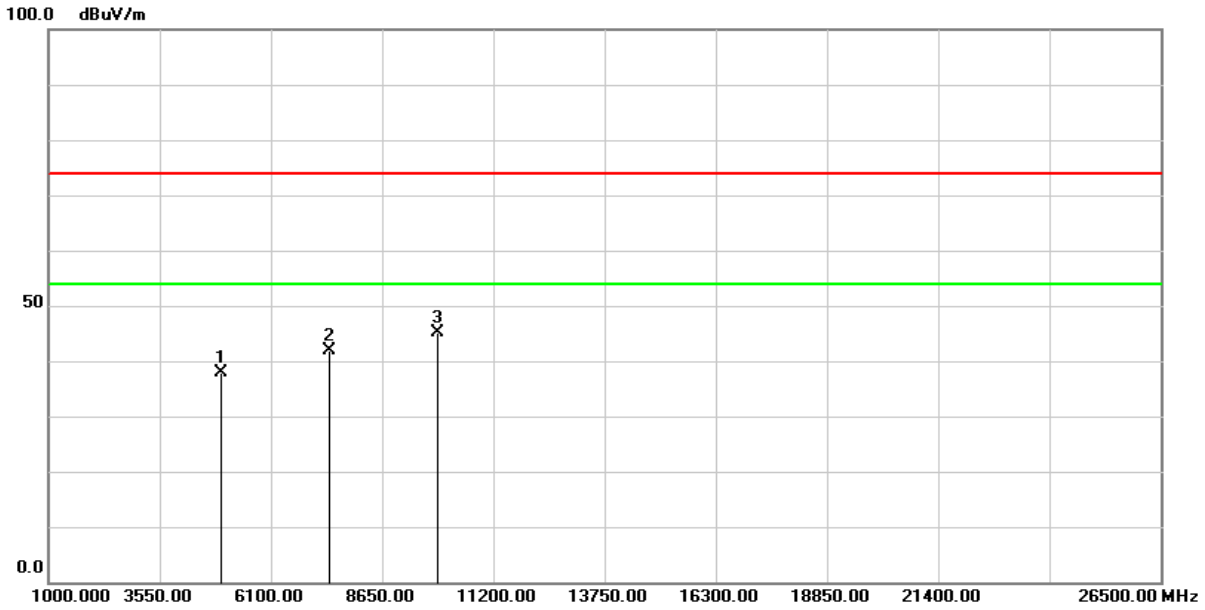


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4882.000	62.34	-20.41	41.93	74.00	-32.07	peak
2	7323.000	57.85	-14.30	43.55	74.00	-30.45	peak
3	9764.000	55.34	-10.29	45.05	74.00	-28.95	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	45 %

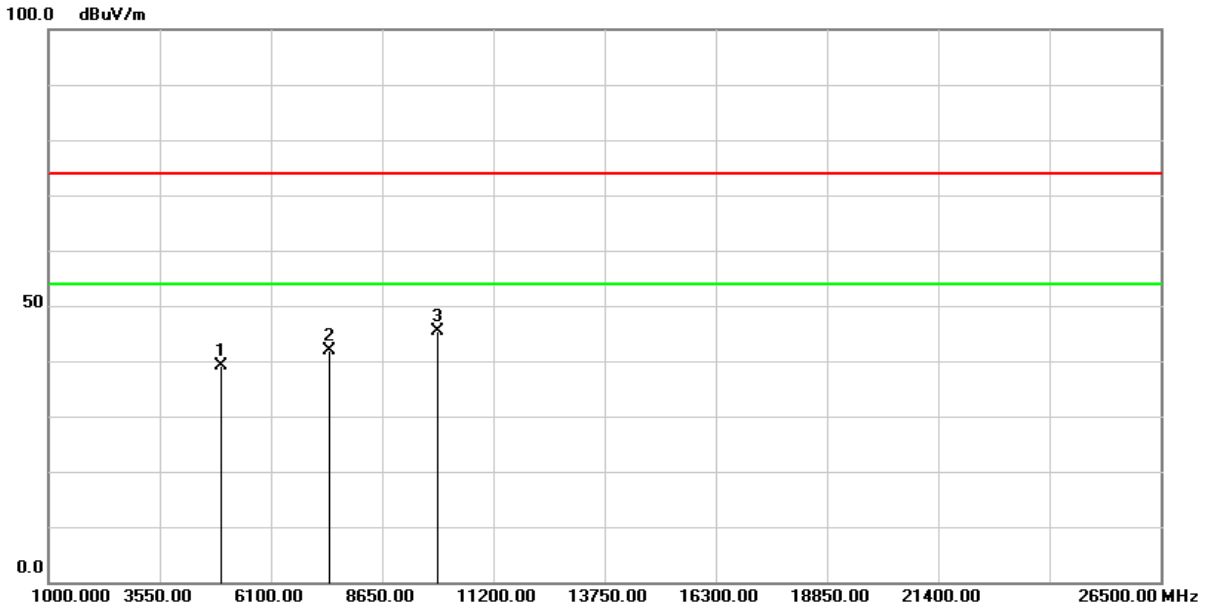


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4960.000	58.20	-20.31	37.89	74.00	-36.11	peak
2	7440.000	55.93	-14.04	41.89	74.00	-32.11	peak
3	9920.000	55.56	-10.37	45.19	74.00	-28.81	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	45 %

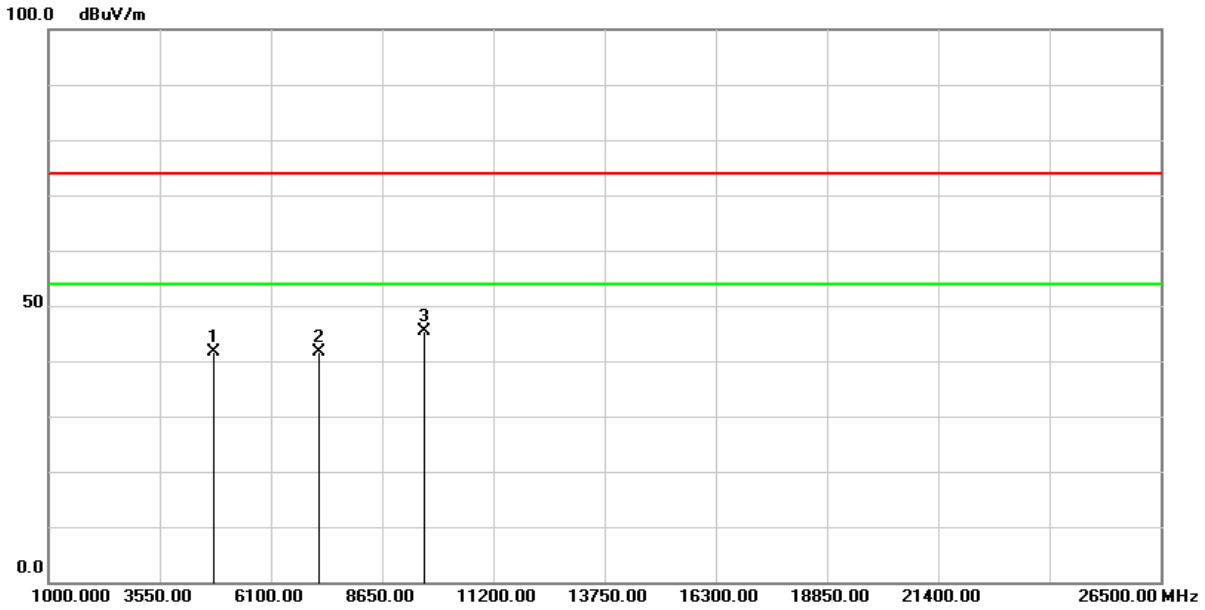


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4960.000	59.52	-20.31	39.21	74.00	-34.79	peak
2	7440.000	55.85	-14.04	41.81	74.00	-32.19	peak
3	9920.000	55.85	-10.37	45.48	74.00	-28.52	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	**Test Date :**	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	**Temperature :**	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	**Relative Humidity :**	45 %

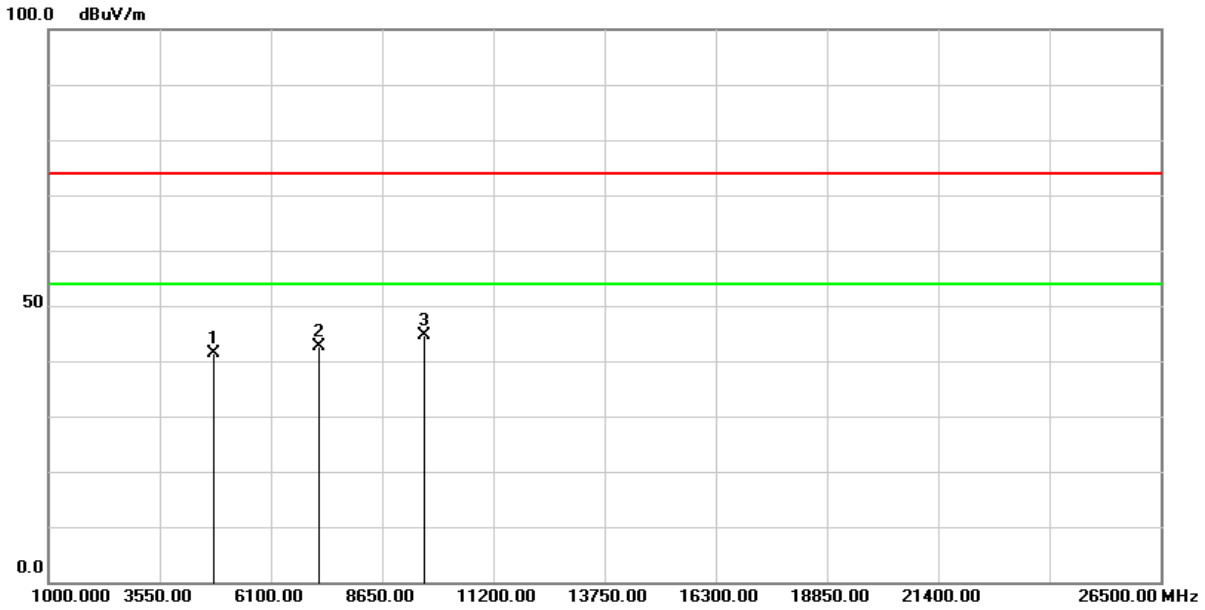


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4804.000	61.97	-20.36	41.61	74.00	-32.39	peak
2	7206.000	56.36	-14.70	41.66	74.00	-32.34	peak
3	9608.000	55.99	-10.56	45.43	74.00	-28.57	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	45 %

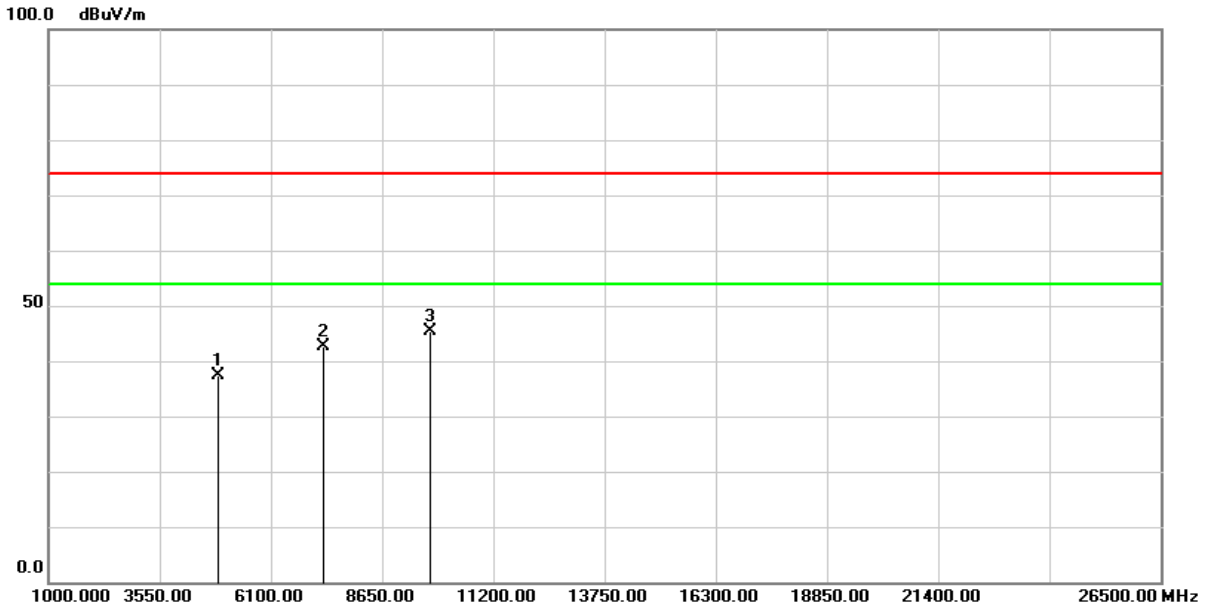


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4804.000	61.70	-20.36	41.34	74.00	-32.66	peak
2	7206.000	57.24	-14.70	42.54	74.00	-31.46	peak
3	9608.000	55.17	-10.56	44.61	74.00	-29.39	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	**Test Date :**	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	**Temperature :**	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	**Relative Humidity :**	45 %

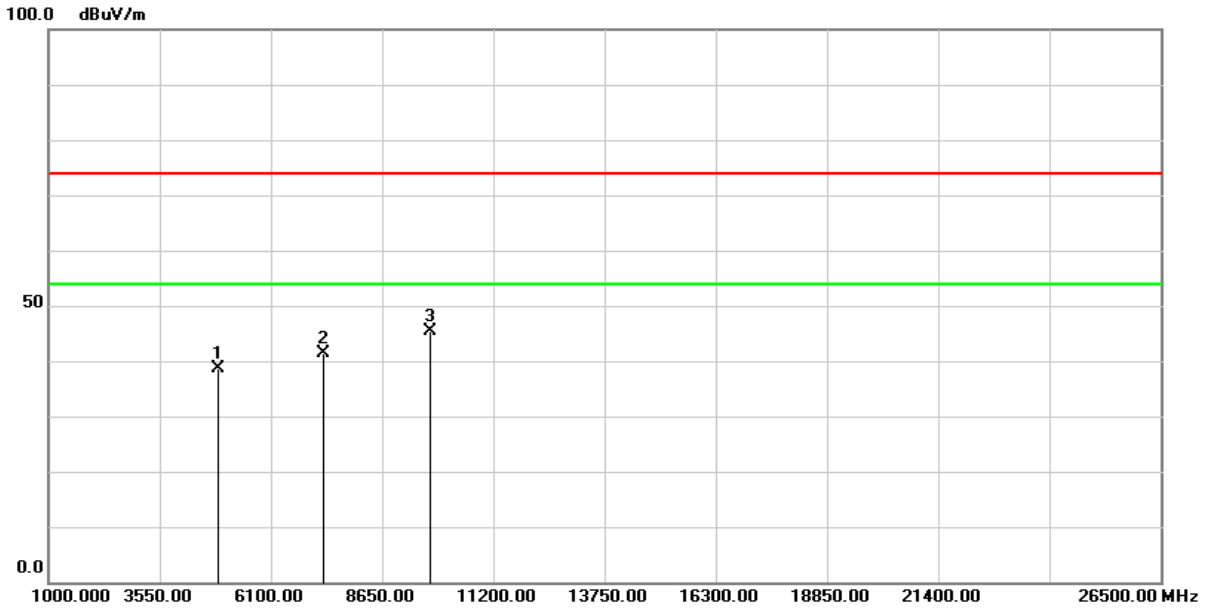


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4882.000	57.87	-20.41	37.46	74.00	-36.54	peak
2	7323.000	57.04	-14.30	42.74	74.00	-31.26	peak
3	9764.000	55.59	-10.29	45.30	74.00	-28.70	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	45 %

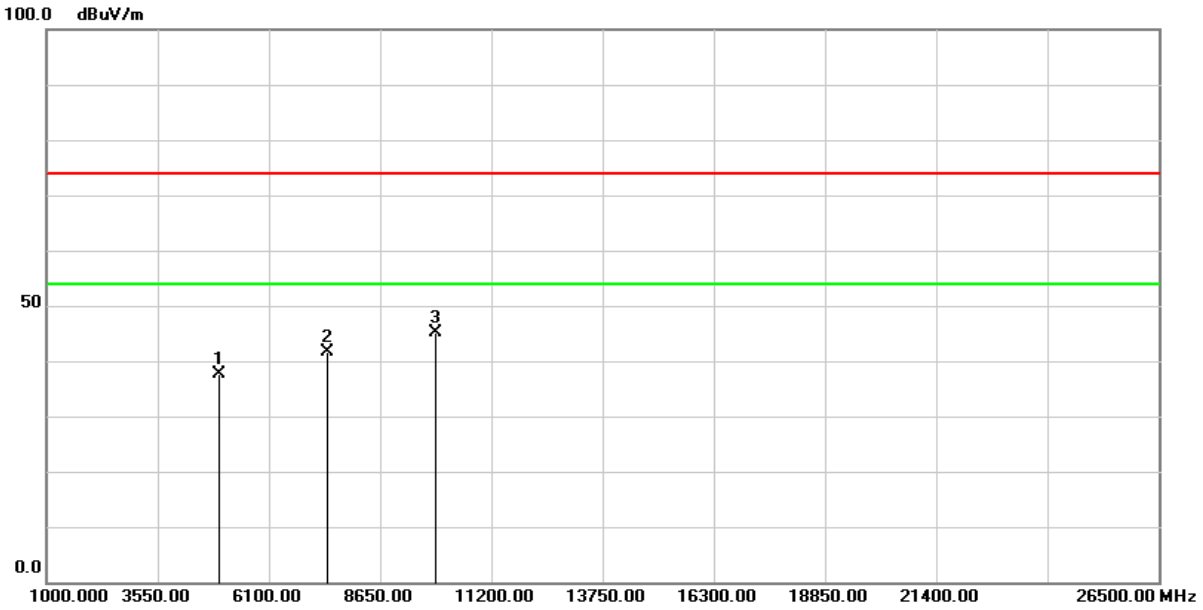


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4882.000	58.94	-20.41	38.53	74.00	-35.47	peak
2	7323.000	55.70	-14.30	41.40	74.00	-32.60	peak
3	9764.000	55.62	-10.29	45.33	74.00	-28.67	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	45 %

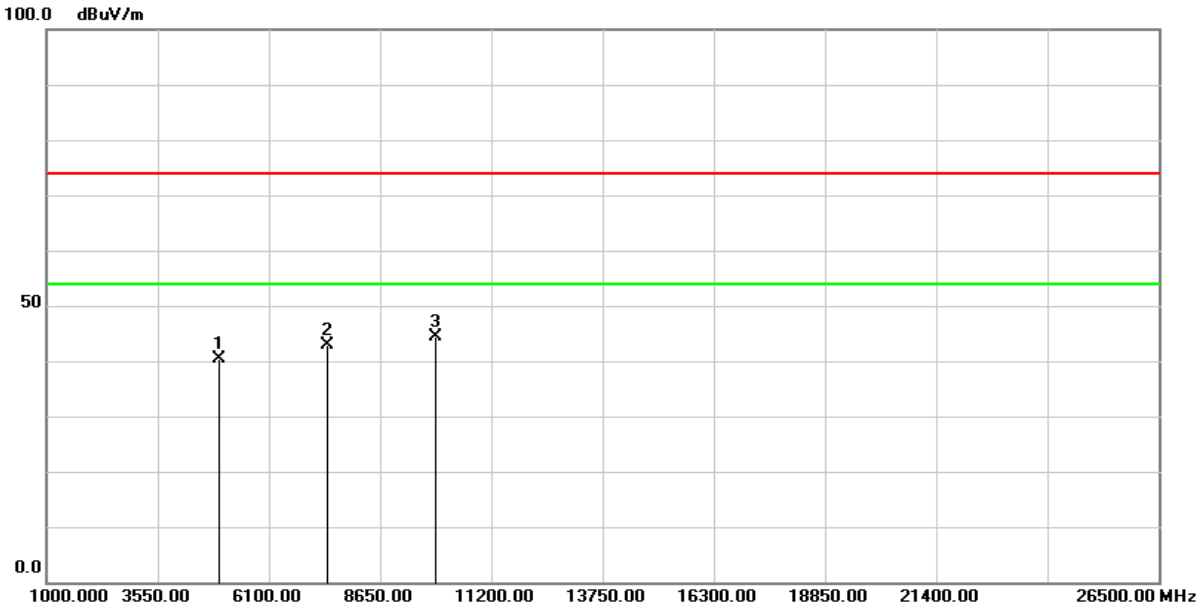


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4960.000	57.92	-20.31	37.61	74.00	-36.39	peak
2	7440.000	55.72	-14.04	41.68	74.00	-32.32	peak
3	9920.000	55.54	-10.37	45.17	74.00	-28.83	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/03/21
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	45 %



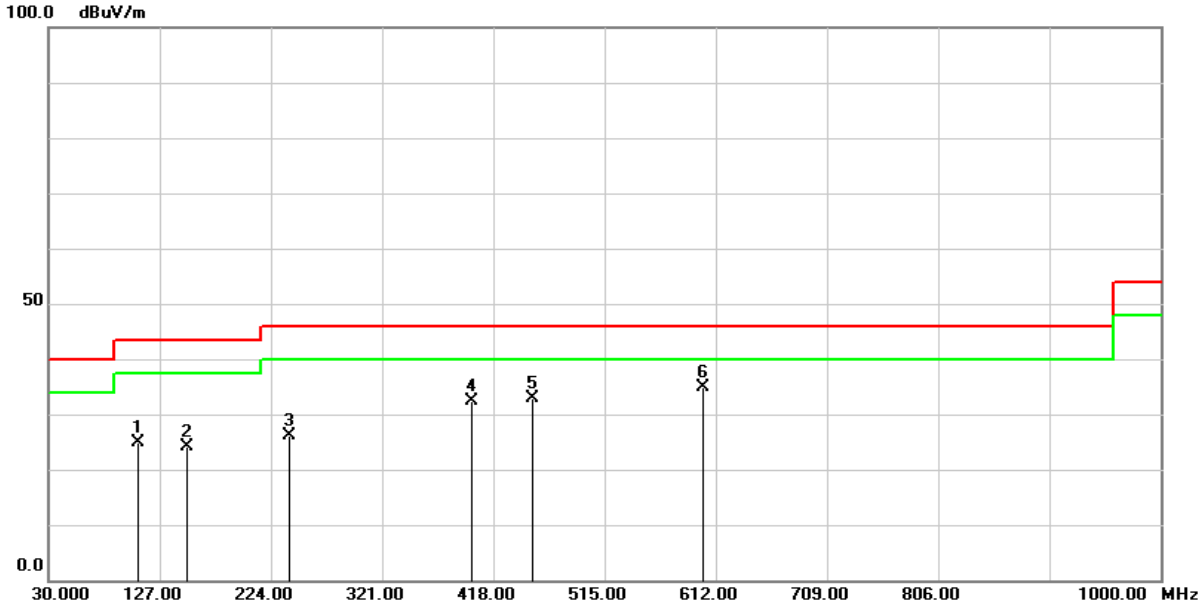
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4960.000	60.65	-20.31	40.34	74.00	-33.66	peak
2	7440.000	56.88	-14.04	42.84	74.00	-31.16	peak
3	9920.000	54.71	-10.37	44.34	74.00	-29.66	peak

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Below 1GHz Data

Test Mode :	Transmit BT	Test Date :	2023/03/22
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	45 %

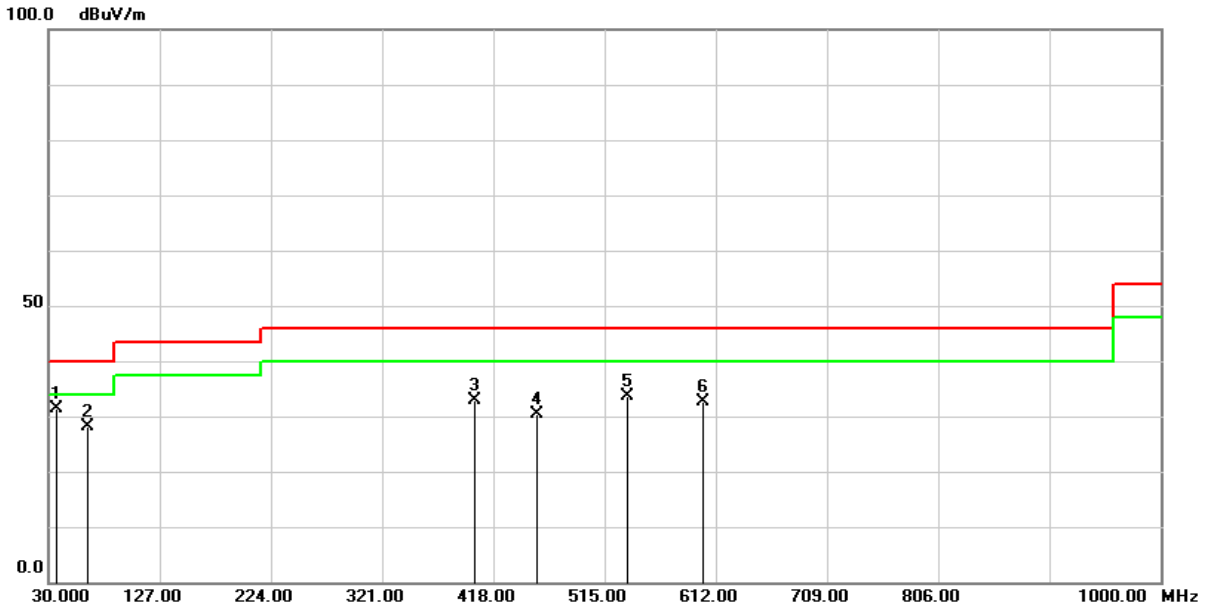


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	108.5700	39.33	-14.35	24.98	43.50	-18.52	QP
2	151.2500	35.06	-11.00	24.06	43.50	-19.44	QP
3	240.4900	38.32	-12.30	26.02	46.00	-19.98	QP
4	398.6000	39.65	-7.22	32.43	46.00	-13.57	QP
5	451.9500	38.51	-5.56	32.95	46.00	-13.05	QP
6	600.3600	36.83	-2.01	34.82	46.00	-11.18	QP

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT	Test Date :	2023/03/22
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	19.4 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	45 %



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	36.7900	43.28	-11.98	31.30	40.00	-8.70	QP
2	63.9500	40.47	-12.36	28.11	40.00	-11.89	QP
3	401.5100	39.93	-7.17	32.76	46.00	-13.24	QP
4	455.8300	35.95	-5.53	30.42	46.00	-15.58	QP
5	535.3700	37.64	-4.04	33.60	46.00	-12.40	QP
6	600.3600	34.67	-2.01	32.66	46.00	-13.34	QP

Remark：

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

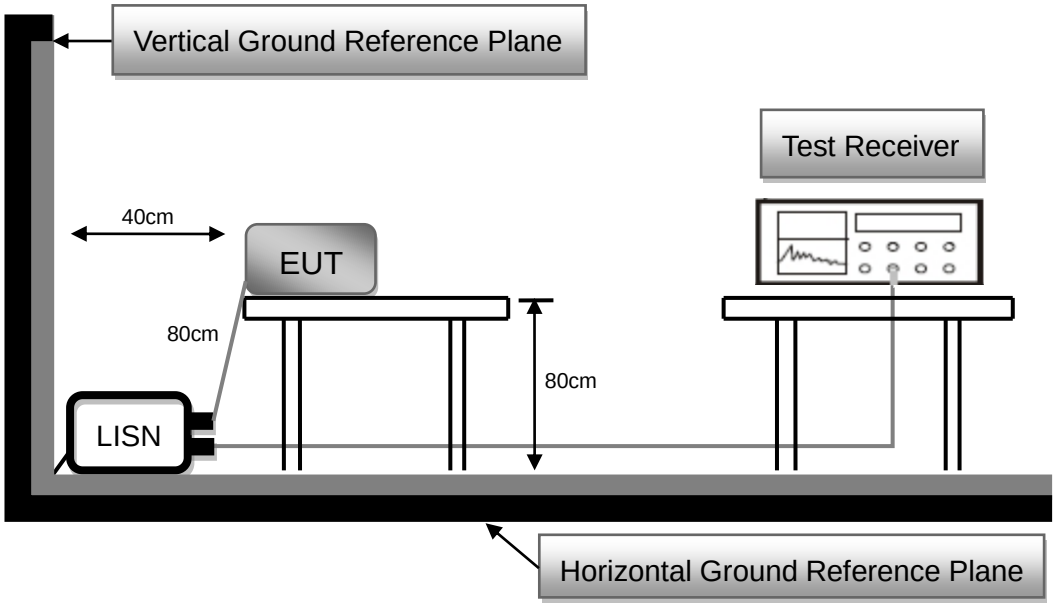
2.9 AC Conducted Emissions Measurement

2.9.1 Limit

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Part 15 Subpart C Paragraph 15.207 (dBμV) Limit	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5.0	56	46
5.0 to 30.0	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

2.9.2 Test Setup

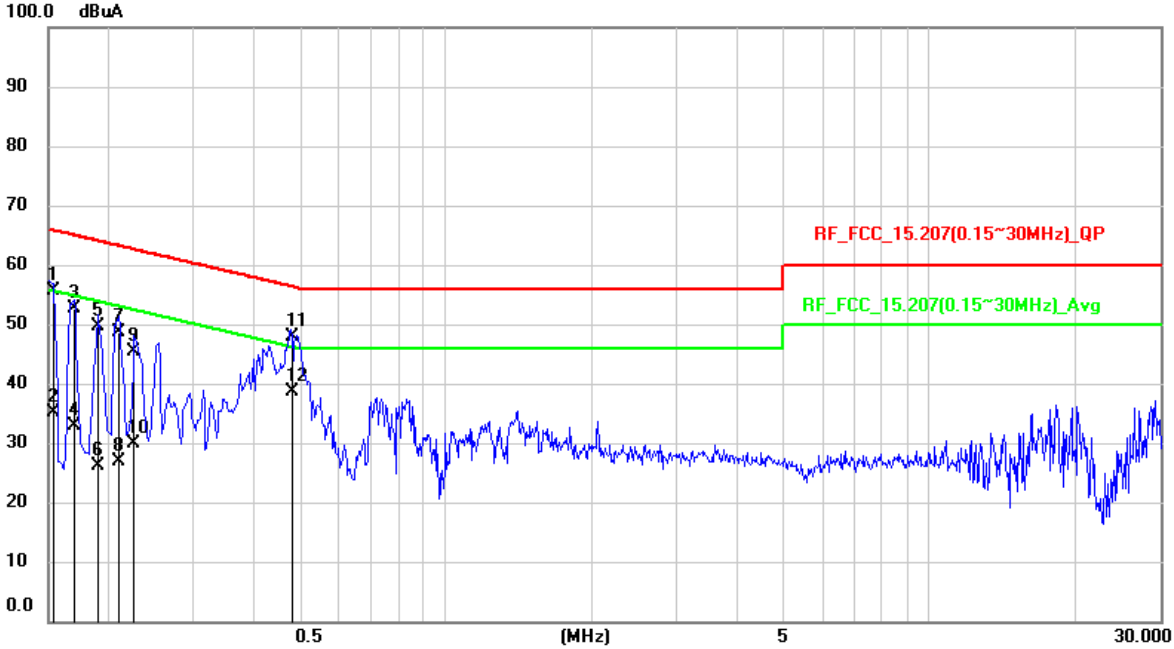


2.9.3 Test Procedure

1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 6.2
2. The EUT was placed 0.8 meter height wooden table from the horizontal ground plane with EUT being connected to power source through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). The LISN at least be 80 cm from nearest chassis of EUT.
3. The line impedance stabilization network (LISN) provides 50 ohm/50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument. All other support equipments powered from additional LISN(s).
4. Interrelating cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical usage.
5. All I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundle in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.
6. The EMI test receiver connected to LISN powering the EUT. The actual test configuration, please refer to EUT test photos.
7. The receiver scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of test modes. A scan was taken on both power lines, Line and Neutral, recording at least six highest emissions.
8. The EUT and cable configuration of the above highest emission levels were recorded. The test data of the worst case was recorded.

2.9.4 Test Result

Test Voltage :	120Vac, 60Hz	**Frequency Range:**	0.15-30 MHz
Test Mode :	Transmit BT	**6dB Bandwidth :**	9 kHz
Test Date :	2023/03/20	**Phase :**	L
Temperature :	26℃	**Humidity :**	52 %

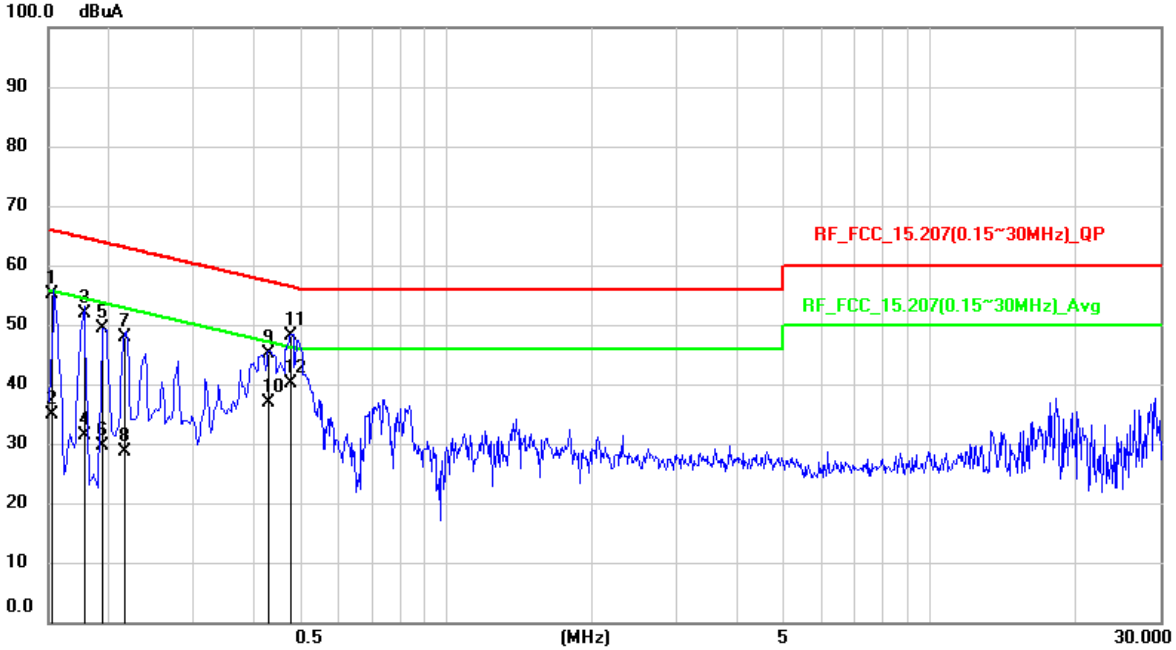


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Measurement (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.1536	45.81	9.83	55.64	65.8	-10.16	QP
2	0.1536	25.19	9.83	35.02	55.8	-20.78	AVG
3	0.1686	42.74	9.83	52.57	65.03	-12.46	QP
4	0.1686	23.01	9.83	32.84	55.03	-22.19	AVG
5	0.1901	39.76	9.82	49.58	64.03	-14.45	QP
6	0.1901	16.42	9.82	26.24	54.03	-27.79	AVG
7	0.2102	38.7	9.82	48.52	63.2	-14.68	QP
8	0.2102	17.09	9.82	26.91	53.2	-26.29	AVG
9	0.2248	35.52	9.82	45.34	62.64	-17.3	QP
10	0.2248	20.16	9.82	29.98	52.64	-22.66	AVG
11	0.4813	38.12	9.83	47.95	56.32	-8.37	QP
12	0.4813	28.7	9.83	38.53	46.32	-7.79	AVG

Remark:

1. QP = Quasi Peak, AVG = Average
2. Correction Factor = Insertion loss of LISN + Cable loss
3. Measurement Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
4. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value

Test Voltage :	120Vac, 60Hz	Frequency Range:	0.15-30 MHz
Test Mode :	Transmit BT	6dB Bandwidth :	9 kHz
Test Date :	2023/03/20	Phase :	N
Temperature :	25℃	Humidity :	65 %



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Measurement (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.1521	45.31	9.81	55.12	65.88	-10.76	QP
2	0.1521	24.95	9.81	34.76	55.88	-21.12	AVG
3	0.178	42.05	9.8	51.85	64.58	-12.73	QP
4	0.178	21.46	9.8	31.26	54.58	-23.32	AVG
5	0.194	39.49	9.8	49.29	63.86	-14.57	QP
6	0.194	19.82	9.8	29.62	53.86	-24.24	AVG
7	0.215	38.06	9.8	47.86	63.01	-15.15	QP
8	0.215	18.93	9.8	28.73	53.01	-24.28	AVG
9	0.428	35.23	9.81	45.04	57.29	-12.25	QP
10	0.428	27.07	9.81	36.88	47.29	-10.41	AVG
11	0.4776	38.21	9.81	48.02	56.38	-8.36	QP
12	0.4776	30.3	9.81	40.11	46.38	-6.27	AVG

Remark:

1. QP = Quasi Peak, AVG = Average
2. Correction Factor = Insertion loss of LISN + Cable loss
3. Measurement Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
4. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value

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