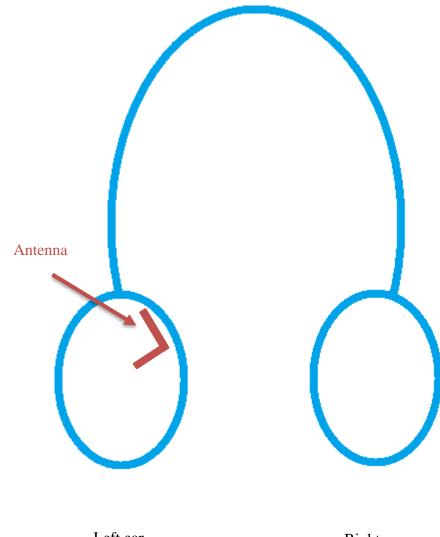
Appendix B: Antenna Dimensions and Separation Distances



Left ear Right ear

Antenna location

Antenna	inner ear	Left touch	Rear
BT Antenna	120.00	460.00	19.95

Unit: mm

Report No.: 4791096000-US-S0-V0 Issue Date: 4/22/2024

Appendix C: SAR System Check Plots

Date: 2024/4/2

Test Laboratory: Underwriters Laboratories Taiwan Co., Ltd

System Performance Check-2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2-988

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.853$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.567$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3901; ConvF(6.56, 7.06, 7.36) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/5/23
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2023/12/11
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_1213; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1213
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

System Check/2450MHz/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.3 W/kg

System Check/2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

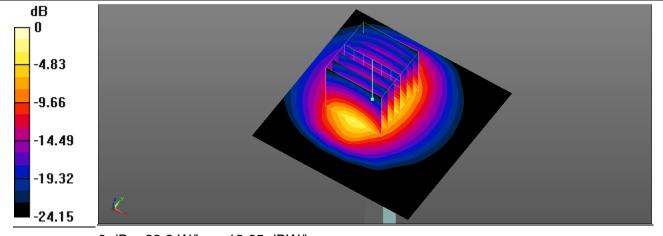
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 47.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.2 W/kg



0 dB = 23.2 W/kg = 13.65 dBW/kg

Date: 2024/4/8

Test Laboratory: Underwriters Laboratories Taiwan Co., Ltd

System Performance Check-2450MHz **DUT: D2450V2-988**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.867 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.59$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3901; ConvF(6.56, 7.06, 7.36) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/5/23
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360: Calibrated: 2023/12/11
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_1213; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1213
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4):SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

System Check/2450MHz/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.1 W/kg

System Check/2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 109.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

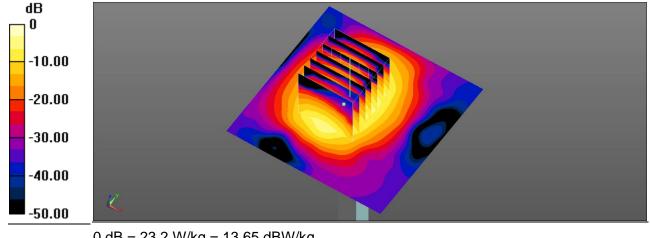
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.2 W/kg



0 dB = 23.2 W/kg = 13.65 dBW/kg

Report No.: 4791096000-US-S0-V0 Issue Date: 4/22/2024

Appendix D: Highest SAR Test Plots

Date: 2024/4/2

Test Laboratory: Underwriters Laboratories Taiwan Co., Ltd

Bluetooth_Rear_ch1

DUT: Headset

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2404 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2404 MHz; $\sigma = 1.824$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.708$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 $^{\circ}$ C; Liquid Temperature : 22.1 $^{\circ}$ C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3901; ConvF(6.56, 7.06, 7.36) @ 2404 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/5/23
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2023/12/11
- Phantom: ELI v5.0_1213; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1213
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Bottom/Bluetooth_ch1/Area Scan (101x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0618 W/kg

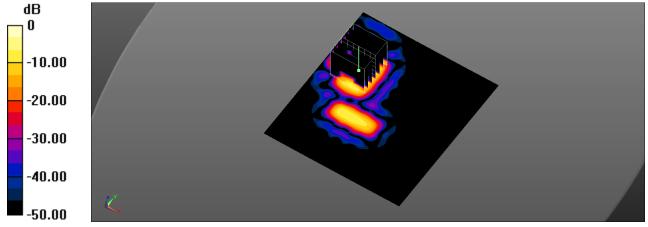
Bottom/Bluetooth_ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.661 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0820 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.024 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00612 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm) Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 28.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0585 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0585 W/kg = -12.33 dBW/kg

Report No.: 4791096000-US-S0-V0	Issue Date: 4/22/2024
Appendix E: SAR Probe and Dipole Calibr	ation Certificates

Page 10 of 10

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

UL

Hsinchu County

Certificate No.

D2450V2-988 Sep23

IBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN:988

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v12

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date:

September 12, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805)	Mar-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03810)	Mar-24
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	10-Jan-23 (No. EX3-7349_Jan23)	Jan-24
DAE4	SN: 601	19-Dec-22 (No. DAE4-601_Dec22)	Dec-23
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
	Name	Function	Signature.
Calibrated by:	Krešimir Franjić	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 12, 2023

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.83 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5 Ω + 4.7 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.157 ns
Licetical Delay (one direction)	1.157 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by SPEAG

Certificate No: D2450V2-988_Sep23

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 12.09.2023

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:988

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.83 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 10.01.2023

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 19.12.2022

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 115.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

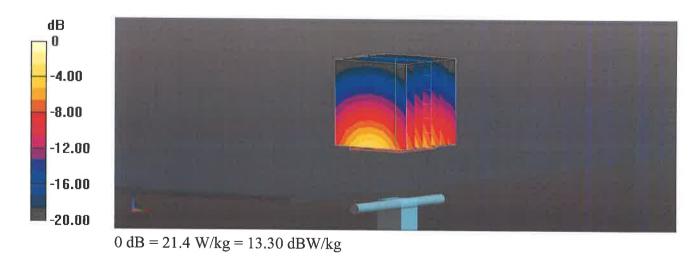
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 W/kg

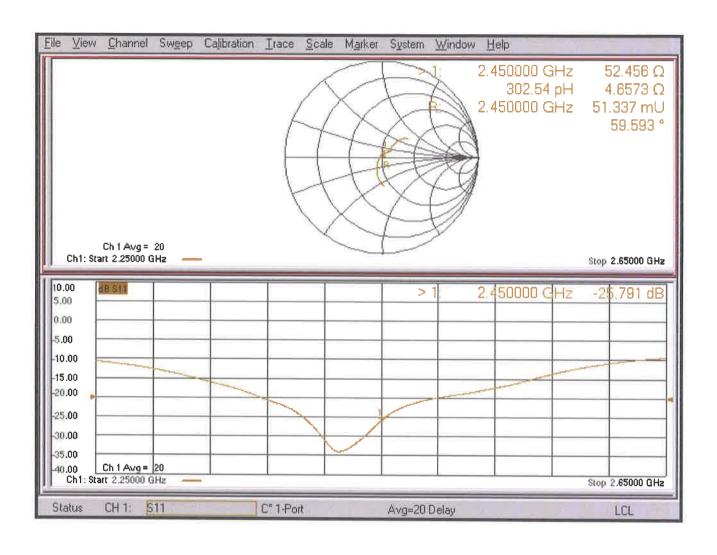
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 52%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Auden

Taoyuan City

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

C

S

Certificate No: DAE3-360 Dec23

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 360

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v30

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: December 11, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	29-Aug-23 (No:37421)	Aug-24
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	27-Jan-23 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-24
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	27-Jan-23 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-24

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Dominique Steffen

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

Technical Manager

Issued: December 11, 2023

Signature

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Certificate No: DAE3-360_Dec23

Page 1 of 5

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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE3-360_Dec23 Page 2 of 5

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	Z
High Range	404.219 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.052 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.069 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.93595 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.93767 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.97267 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

i	O	
	Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	07 = 0 + 4 0
	service in Section and the Section of System	37.5°±1°

Certificate No: DAE3-360_Dec23 Page 3 of 5

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200011.61	1.50	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20028.75	8.78	0.04
Channel X	- Input	-19981.68	2.35	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200011.81	1.36	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20024.16	4.16	0.02
Channel Y	- Input	-19985.00	-1.01	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200009.91	-0.29	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20025.04	5.09	0.03
Channel Z	- Input	-19983.04	0.97	-0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2020.57	1.55	0.08
Channel X	+ Input	220.41	1.01	0.46
Channel X	- Input	-178.88	1.58	-0.87
Channel Y	+ Input	2020.09	1.12	0.06
Channel Y	+ Input	219.82	0.35	0.16
Channel Y	- Input	-180.62	-0.14	0.08
Channel Z	+ Input	2019.39	0.46	0.02
Channel Z	+ Input	218.66	-0.81	-0.37
Channel Z	- Input	-180.80	-0.24	0.13

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-1.29	-4.03
	- 200	5.35	3.13
Channel Y	200	-9.56	-10.04
	- 200	9.68	9.28
Channel Z	200	-9.43	-9.81
	- 200	7.79	7.67

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	1.26	-2.31
Channel Y	200	9.87	-	1.56
Channel Z	200	6.86	7.85	-

Certificate No: DAE3-360_Dec23

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16312	13132
Channel Y	15941	17117
Channel Z	16074	15105

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10MO

1941 1010122				
	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.39	-0.80	1.13	0.39
Channel Y	-0.02	-1.45	1.33	0.51
Channel Z	0.74	-0.87	2.20	0.55

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE3-360_Dec23 Page 5 of 5

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Client

UL Hsinchu County Certificate No.

EX-3901_May23

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3901

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,

QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

May 23, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3) $^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct22)	Oct-23
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	20-Oct-22 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct22)	Oct-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN: 660	16-Mar-23 (No. DAE4-660_Mar23)	Mar-24
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	06-Jan-23 (No. ES3-3013_Jan23)	Jan-24

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician

Approved by Sven Kühn Technical Manager

Issued: May 24, 2023

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Glossary

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Certificate No: EX-3901_May23

Polarization ϑ or rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum
 calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3901

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc $(k=2)$
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ A	0.57	0.47	0.40	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	107.1	101.4	104.8	±4.7%

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	$dB\sqrt{\mu V}$	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	135.8	±2.1%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		124.0		
1		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		134.4		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3901

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	-16.6°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

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Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
750	41.9	0.89	8.53	9.27	9.68	0.38	1.27	±12.0%
835	41.5	0.90	8.77	9.36	9.81	0.36	1.27	±12.0%
900	41.5	0.97	8.55	9.08	9.35	0.38	1.27	±12.0%
1450	40.5	1.20	7.03	7.59	7.92	0.48	1.27	±12.0%
1640	40.2	1.31	7.16	7.86	8.19	0.47	1.27	±12.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	7.76	8.45	8.76	0.27	1.27	±12.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	6.94	7.51	7.84	0.29	1.27	±12.0%
2000	40.0	1.40	6.91	7.43	7.77	0.29	1.27	±12.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	6.81	7.35	7.67	0.30	1.27	±12.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	6.56	7.06	7.36	0.30	1.27	±12.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	6.74	7.27	7.60	0.29	1.27	±12.0%
3300	38.2	2.71	6.15	6.67	6.94	0.34	1.27	±14.0%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.29	6.85	7.13	0.34	1.27	±14.0%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.14	6.67	6.93	0.36	1.27	±14.0%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.01	6.52	6.80	0.36	1.27	±14.0%
4100	37.2	3.53	5.83	6.33	6.59	0.37	1.27	±14.0%
4200	37.1	3.63	5.82	6.30	6.57	0.37	1.27	±14.0%
4400	36.9	3.84	5.69	6.18	6.43	0.37	1.27	±14.0%
4600	36.7	4.04	5.68	6.16	6.45	0.37	1.27	±14.0%
4800	36.4	4.25	5.66	6.14	6.43	0.37	1.27	±14.0%
4950	36.3	4.40	5.21	5.67	5.88	0.40	1.36	±14.0%
5250	35.9	4.71	4.95	5.47	5.60	0.37	1.53	±14.0%
5300	35.9	4.76	4.85	5.23	5.44	0.38	1.55	±14.0%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.30	4.71	4.84	0.37	1.73	±14.0%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.30	4.75	4.87	0.37	1.86	±14.0%
5850	35.2	5.32	4.29	4.72	4.84	0.38	1.87	±14.0%

C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

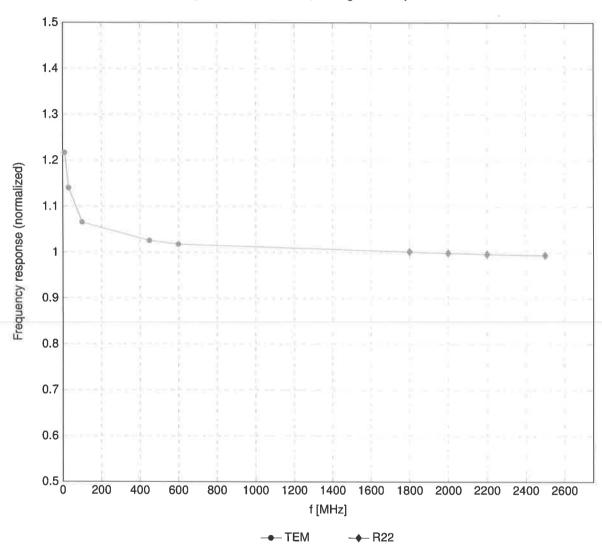
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F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ε and σ by less than $\pm 5\%$ from the target values (typically better than $\pm 3\%$) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to $\pm 10\%$. If TSL with deviations from the target of less than $\pm 5\%$ are used, the calibration uncertainties are 11.1% for 0.7 - 3 GHz and 13.1% for 3 - 6 GHz.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

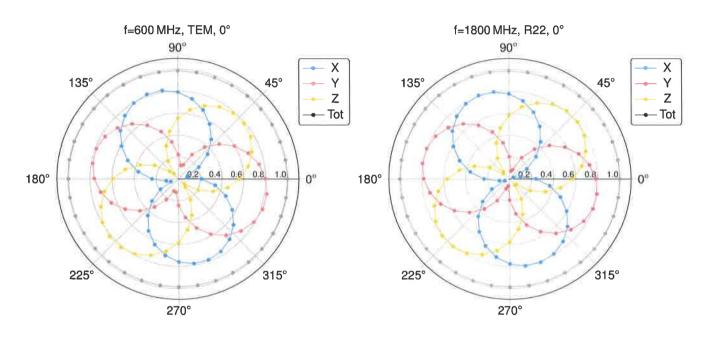
Frequency Response of E-Field

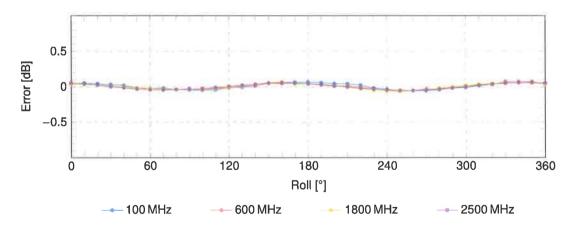
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

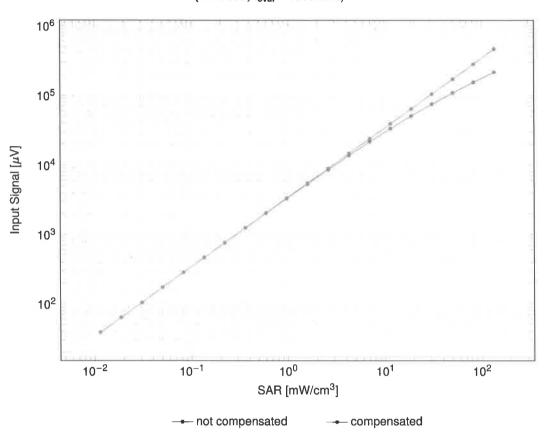


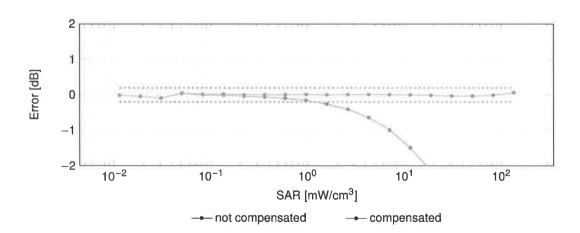


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SARhead)

(TEM cell, $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900\,\text{MHz})$

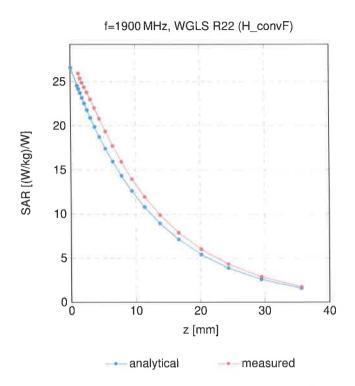




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

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Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

