

## TEST REPORT

BNetzA-CAB-02/21-102

Test report no.: 1-0495/20-01-02-A

### Testing laboratory

**CTC advanced GmbH**  
Untertuerkheimer Strasse 6 – 10  
66117 Saarbruecken / Germany  
Phone: + 49 681 5 98 - 0  
Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 9075  
Internet: <https://www.ctcadvanced.com>  
e-mail: [mail@ctcadvanced.com](mailto:mail@ctcadvanced.com)

#### Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2018-03) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)  
The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate starting with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01.

### Applicant

**Linde Material Handling GmbH**  
Carl-von-Linde-Platz  
63743 Aschaffenburg / GERMANY  
Contact: Volker Köster  
e-mail: [koester@comnovo.de](mailto:koester@comnovo.de)  
Phone: +49 231 700996 12

### Manufacturer

**Comnovo GmbH**  
Emil-Figge-Str. 76  
44227 Dortmund / GERMANY

### Test standard/s

FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15    FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices  
RSS - 220 Issue 1,            Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards amendment 1            Specification - Devices Using Ultra-Wideband (UWB) Technology  
For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

### Test Item

**Kind of test item:**            **Infrastructure component**  
**Model name:**                **Zone Marker**  
**FCC ID:**                        **2AYVBD2S0009469009**  
**IC:**                                **26947-D2S9469009**  
Frequency:                      3100 MHz to 10600 MHz  
Technology tested:            UWB  
Antenna:                         Integrated antenna  
Power supply:                 12 V DC by external power supply  
Temperature range:          -40°C to +85°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

### Test report authorized:

Thomas Vogler  
Lab Manager  
Radio Communications & EMC

### Test performed:

p.o.  
Sebastian Janoschka  
Lab Manager  
Radio Communications & EMC

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## 2 General information

### 2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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**This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-0495/20-01-02 and dated 2021-05-25.**

### 2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order: 2021-02-04

Date of receipt of test item: 2021-02-16

Start of test:\* 2021-02-17

End of test:\* 2021-03-08

Person(s) present during the test: -/-

\*Date of each measurement, if not shown in the plot, can be requested. Dates are stored in the measurement software.

### 2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

### 3 Test standard/s, references and accreditations

Test standard	Date	Description
FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15		FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 220 Issue 1, amendment 1	July 2018	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - Devices Using Ultra-Wideband (UWB) Technology
RSS - Gen Issue 5 incl. Amendment 1 & 2	February 2021	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Accreditation	Description
D-PL-12076-01-04	Telecommunication and EMC Canada <a href="https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04e.pdf">https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04e.pdf</a>
D-PL-12076-01-05	Telecommunication FCC requirements <a href="https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05e.pdf">https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05e.pdf</a>

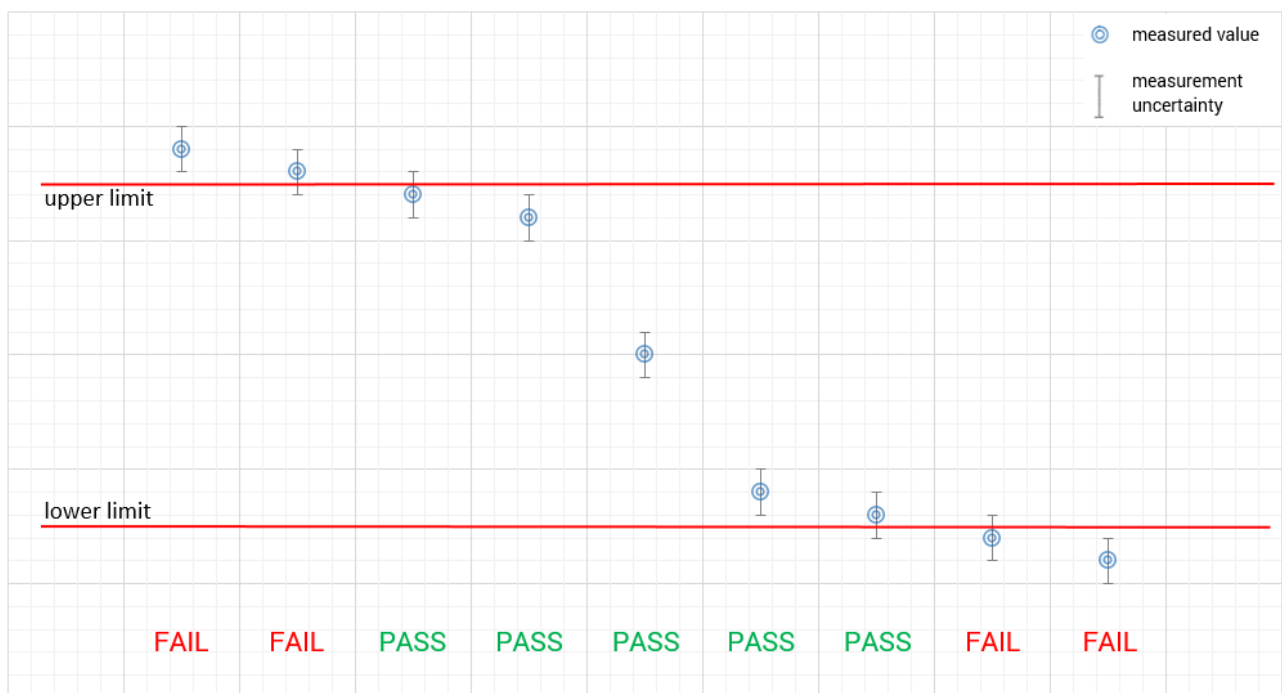


#### 4 Reporting statements of conformity – decision rule

Only the measured values related to their corresponding limits will be used to decide whether the equipment under test meets the requirements of the test standards listed in chapter 3.

The measurement uncertainty is mentioned in this test report, see chapter 9, but is not taken into account - neither to the limits nor to the measurement results. Measurement results with a smaller margin to the corresponding limits than the measurement uncertainty have a potential risk of more than 5% that the decision might be wrong.

measured value, measurement uncertainty, verdict



## 5 Test environment

Temperature	:	$T_{nom}$ +22 °C during room temperature tests $T_{max}$ -/- °C during high temperature tests $T_{min}$ -/- °C during low temperature tests
Relative humidity content	:	55 %
Barometric pressure	:	990 hPa to 1010 hPa
Power supply	:	$V_{nom}$ 12 V DC by external power supply $V_{max}$ -/- V $V_{min}$ -/- V

## 6 Test item

### 6.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Infrastructure component
Model name	:	Zone Marker
HMN	:	-/-
PMN	:	Zone Marker
HVIN	:	Zone Marker
FVIN	:	-/-
S/N serial number	:	Engineering sample
Power setting	:	19 dB Image
Hardware status	:	-/-
Software status	:	-/-
Firmware status	:	-/-
Frequency band	:	3100 MHz to 10600 MHz
Type of radio transmission	:	Pulse
Use of frequency spectrum	:	
Type of modulation	:	BPSK / BPM
Number of channels	:	1
Antenna	:	Integrated antenna
Power supply	:	12 V DC by external power supply
Temperature range	:	-40°C to +85°C

### 6.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup and EUT photos are included in test report:

- 1-0495/20-01-01\_AnnexA
- 1-0495/20-01-01\_AnnexB
- 1-0495/20-01-01\_AnnexD

## 7 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

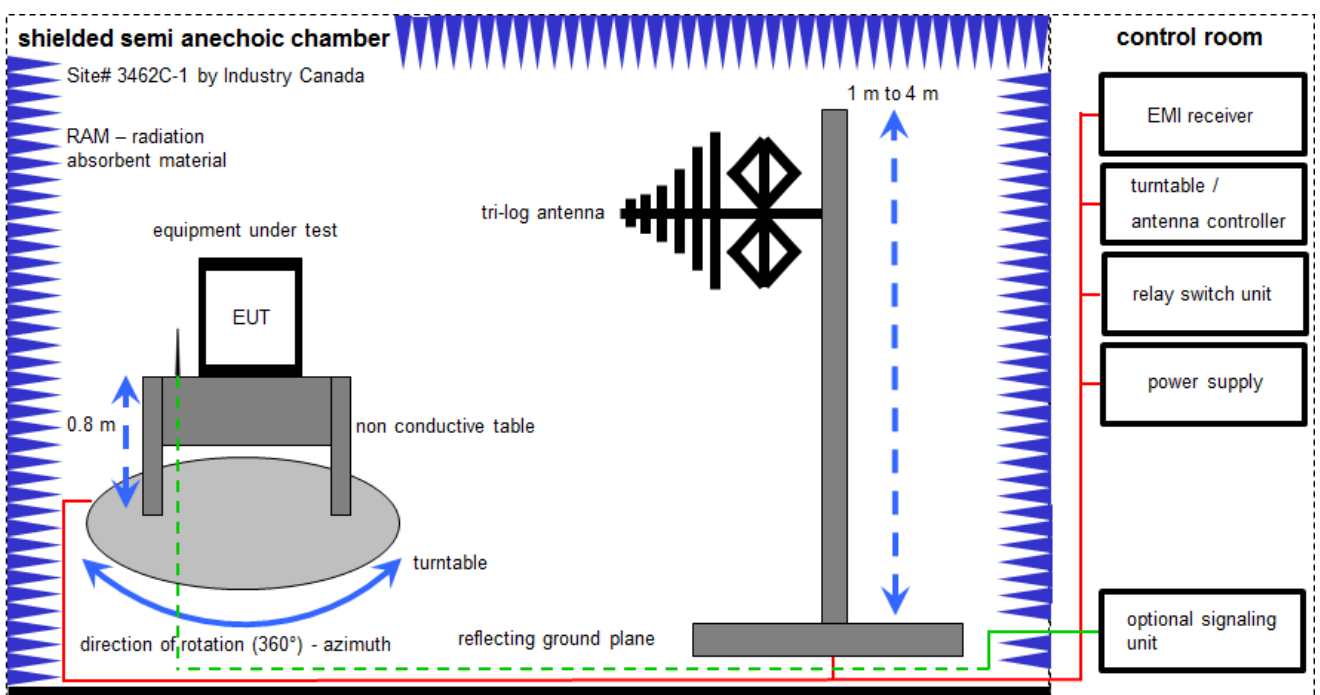
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

### **Agenda:** Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

## 7.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

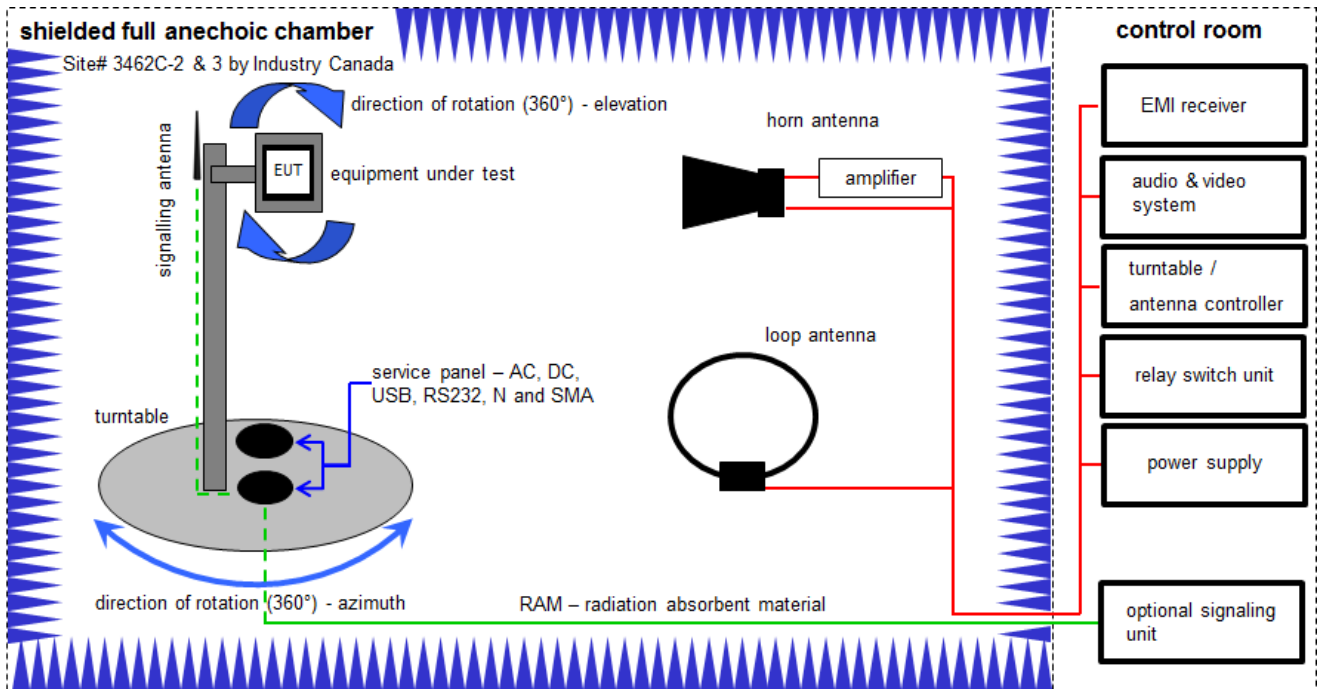
$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 12.35 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + 1.90 \text{ [dB]} + 16.80 \text{ [dB/m]} = 31.05 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} \text{ (35.69 } \mu\text{V/m)}$$



**Equipment table:**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	n. a.	Semi anechoic chamber	300023	MWB AG	-/-	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	n. a.	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
4	n. a.	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
5	n. a.	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
6	n. a.	TRIALOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess - Elektronik	318	300003696	vKI!	04.09.2019	03.09.2021
7	n. a.	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	Rohde & Schwarz	102587	300005771	k	10.12.2020	09.06.2022
8	n. a.	PC	Tecline	F+W		300004388	ne	-/-	-/-

## 7.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter / 1 meter

$$FS = UR + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 40.0 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + (-35.8) \text{ [dB]} + 32.9 \text{ [dB/m]} = 37.1 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} \text{ (71.61 } \mu\text{V/m)}$$

$$OP = AV + D - G + CA$$

(OP-radiated output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance; G-antenna gain+amplifier gain; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

$$OP \text{ [dBm]} = -65.0 \text{ [dBm]} + 50 \text{ [dB]} - 20 \text{ [dBi]} + 5 \text{ [dB]} = -30 \text{ [dBm]} \text{ (1 } \mu\text{W)}$$

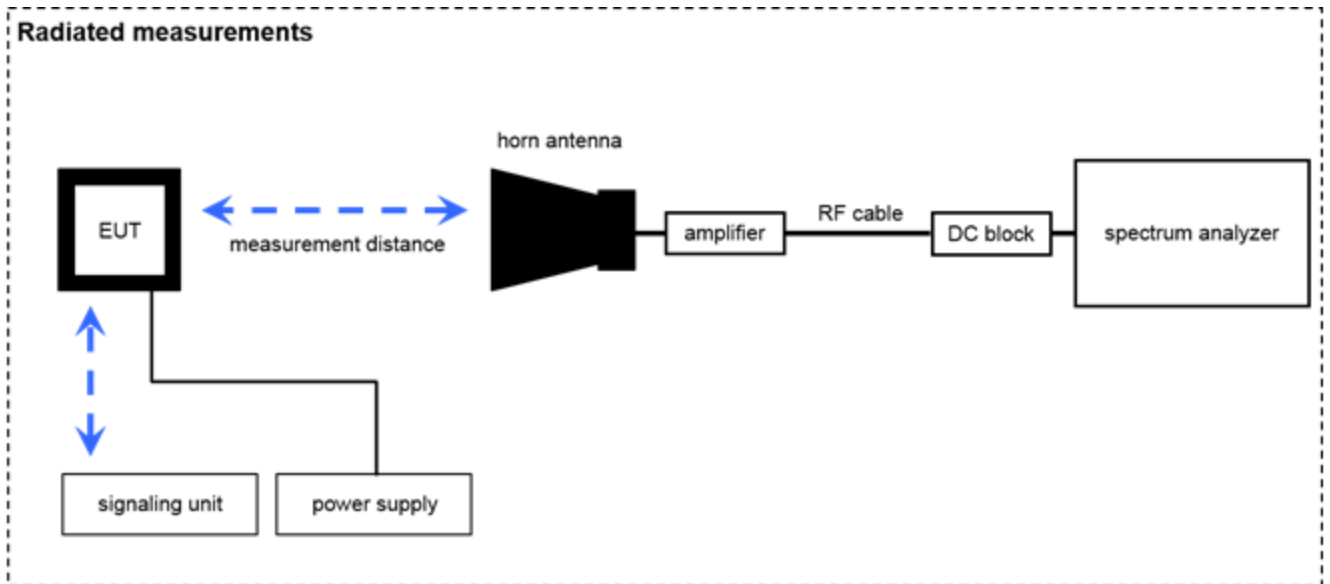
**Equipment table (Chamber C):**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A,B,C	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP	2818A03450	300001040	vKI!	09.12.2020	08.12.2023
2	A,B,C	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A,B,C	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A,B,C	Variable isolating transformer	MPL IEC625 Bus Variable isolating transformer	Erfi	91350	300001155	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A,B,C	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	11.12.2020	10.12.2021
6	A,B,C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
7	A,B,C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO		300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
8	A,B,C	PC	ExOne	F+W		300004703	ne	-/-	-/-
9	n. a.	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vKI!	13.06.2019	12.06.2021

**Equipment table (OTA):**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A,B,C	Power supply GPIB dc power supply, 0-50 Vdc, 0-2 A	6633A	HP	2851A01222	300001530	vKI!	10.12.2019	09.12.2022
2	A,B,C	CTIA-Chamber	CTIA-Chamber AMS 8500	ETS-Lindgren Finland		300003327	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A,B,C	CTIA-Chamber - Positioning Equipment	CTIA-Chamber - Positioning Equipment	EMCO/2		300003328	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A,B,C	Signal- and Spectrum Analyzer	FSW26	R&S	101371	300005697	k	09.12.2020	08.12.2021
5	A,B,C	PC	Precision M4800	DELL	19414201934	300004957	-/-	-/-	-/-
6	A,B,C	EMC Software Chamber A	EMC32-MEB	R&S	n.a.	300005477	-/-	-/-	-/-
7	A,B,C	RF Amplifier	AMF-7D-01001800-22-10P	NARDA-MITEQ Inc	2089864	300005633	ev	-/-	-/-
8	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 11.90-18.00 GHz	1824-20	Flann	263	300002471	ev	-/-	-/-
9	B	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9709-5290	300000212	ev	-/-	-/-
10	n. a.	Lowpass Filter (Chebyshev)	WLKX14-4700-4900-21000-30SS	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	1	300005655	ev	-/-	-/-
11	n. a.	High Pass Filter (Chebyshev)	WHNX6-8374-10600-26500-40CC	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	1	300005656	ev	-/-	-/-

### 7.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



$$FS = UR + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 40.0 [dB\mu V/m] + (-60.1) [dB] + 36.74 [dB/m] = 16.64 [dB\mu V/m] (6.79 \mu V/m)$$

$$OP = AV + D - G + CA$$

(OP-radiated output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance; G-antenna gain+amplifier gain; CA-loss signal path)

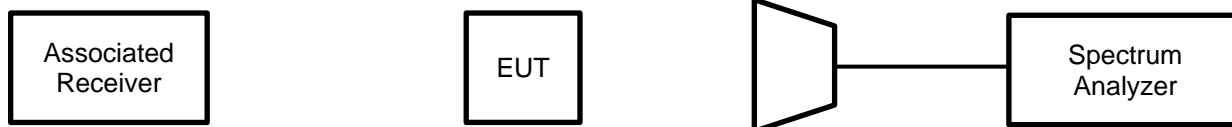
Example calculation:

$$OP [dBm] = -59.0 [dBm] + 44.0 [dB] - 20.0 [dBi] + 5.0 [dB] = -30 [dBm] (1 \mu W)$$

**Equipment table:**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No CTC	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 26.5-40.0 GHz	V637	Narda	7911	300001751	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda		300000487	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A	Spectrum Analyzer 2 Hz - 85 GHz	FSW85	R&S	101333	300005568	k	17.06.2020	16.06.2021
4	A	Broadband LNA 18-50 GHz	CBL18503070PN	CERNEX	25240	300004948	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	DC Power Supply, 60V, 10A	6038A	HP	2933A08295	300001519	vIKI!	08.12.2020	07.12.2023

## 7.4 Efficient use of spectrum



### Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	Spectrum Analyzer 2 Hz - 85 GHz	FSW85	R&S	101333	300005568	k	17.06.2020	16.06.2021
2	n.a.	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3117	EMCO	143041	300004475	vIKI!	31.01.2019	30.01.2022
3	n. a.	DC Power Supply, 60V, 10A	6038A	HP	2933A08295	300001519	vIKI!	08.12.2020	07.12.2023

## 8 Sequence of testing

### 8.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

#### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### Premeasurement\*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

\*Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

## 8.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

### Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position  $\pm 45^\circ$  and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.



### 8.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

#### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

## 8.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

### Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

## 8.5 Sequence of testing efficient use of spectrum

### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- The EUT positioned at a distance of approx. 0.5m to the horn antenna used for the measurement.
- The associated receiver is positioned between the EUT the horn antenna to assure that the received signal level of the associated receiver at the spectrum analyzer is higher than the level of the EUT.

### Measurement:

- Switch on EUT and associated receiver and wait until the connection is established.
- Start Analyzer sweep in Zerospan with a sweep time of 15 s.
- Switch of the associated receiver.
- When switching of the associated receiver, a drop in the received signal level at the spectrum analyzer can be observed. → position marker 1
- Position marker two at the point where the transmission of the EUT stops.
- Measure time difference between marker 1 and marker 2.

## 9 Measurement uncertainty

Test case	Uncertainty
Equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.)	Conducted value $\pm 1$ dB Radiated value $\pm 3$ dB
Permitted range of operating frequencies	$\pm 100$ kHz
Conducted unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (up to 18 GHz)	$\pm 1$ dB
Radiated unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (up to 18 GHz)	$\pm 3$ dB
Conducted unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (18 to 40 GHz)	$\pm 4$ dB
Radiated unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (18 to 40 GHz)	$\pm 4$ dB
Conducted unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (40 to 50 GHz)	$\pm 4.5$ dB
Radiated unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (40 to 50 GHz)	$\pm 4.5$ dB
Conducted unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (above 50 GHz)	$\pm 5$ dB
Radiated unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (above 50 GHz)	$\pm 5$ dB
DC and low frequency voltages	$\pm 3$ %
Temperature	$\pm 1$ °C
Humidity	$\pm 3$ %

## 10 Summary of measurement results

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<b>No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained</b>
<input type="checkbox"/>	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
<input type="checkbox"/>	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR47 §15.207, §15.209, §15.503, §15.517, §15.521 RSS-220, RSS-Gen	see table	2021-06-02	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Temperature conditions	Power source	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
§15.503 §15.517(b) RSS-220 2 RSS-220 5.1(a)	10 dB Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.209 §15.517 §15.521 RSS-220 3.4 RSS-220 5.2.1 RSS-220 Annex	TX Radiated Emissions	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.517(a)(5)	Efficient use of spectrum	Nominal	Nominal	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.517(a)(3) §15.521(b) §§15.203 & 15.204 RSS-220 5.1(b)	Antenna requirement	-/-	-/-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.521(j) §15.207 RSS-220 5.2.1(b) RSS-Gen 8.8	Conducted emissions < 30 MHz	Nominal	Nominal	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-

**Note:** NA = Not Applicable; NP = Not Performed

## 11 Additional comments

Data port in the radio terminal: no

Reference documents: According to FCC response (Tracking Number 454339, response on 10/29/2020; tracking number 285069, response on 03/19/2019), a special approach to satisfying the §15.519(a)(1) is valid.

Special test descriptions: None

Configuration descriptions: None

## 12 Measurement results

### 12.1 10 dB - Bandwidth

#### Description:

Measurement of the -10 dB bandwidth of the wanted signal.

#### **§15.503(a)**

*UWB bandwidth.* For the purpose of this subpart, the UWB bandwidth is the frequency band bounded by the points that are 10 dB below the highest radiated emission, as based on the complete transmission system including the antenna. The upper boundary is designated  $f_H$  and the lower boundary is designated  $f_L$ . The frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs is designated  $f_M$ .

#### **§15.503(b)**

*Center frequency.* The center frequency,  $f_C$ , equals  $(f_H + f_L)/2$ .

#### **§15.503(c)**

*Fractional bandwidth.* The fractional bandwidth equals  $2(f_H - f_L) / (f_H + f_L)$ .

#### **RSS-220 Annex 2**

“-10 dB bandwidth  $B_{-10}$ ” and “-10 dB fractional bandwidth  $\mu_{-10}$ ” are defined as follows:

$$B_{-10} = f_H - f_L$$

$$\mu_{-10} = B_{-10}/f_C$$

where:

$f_M$  is the frequency of maximum UWB transmission;

$f_H$  is the highest frequency at which the power spectral density of the UWB transmission is -10 dB relative to  $f_M$ ;

$f_L$  is the lowest frequency at which the power spectral density of the UWB transmission is -10 dB relative to  $f_M$ ;

$f_C = (f_H + f_L)/2$  is the centre frequency of the -10 dB bandwidth.

#### Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Pos-Peak
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

**§15.503(d)**

*Ultra-wideband (UWB) transmitter.* An intentional radiator that, at any point in time, has a fractional bandwidth equal to or greater than 0.20 or has a UWB bandwidth equal to or greater than 500 MHz, regardless of the fractional bandwidth.

**§15.517(b)**

The UWB bandwidth of a device operating under the provisions of this section must be contained between 3100 MHz and 10,600 MHz.

**RSS-220 2**

A UWB device is an intentional radiator that has either a -10 dB bandwidth of at least 500 MHz or a -10 dB fractional bandwidth greater than 0.2.

**RSS-220 5.1(a)**

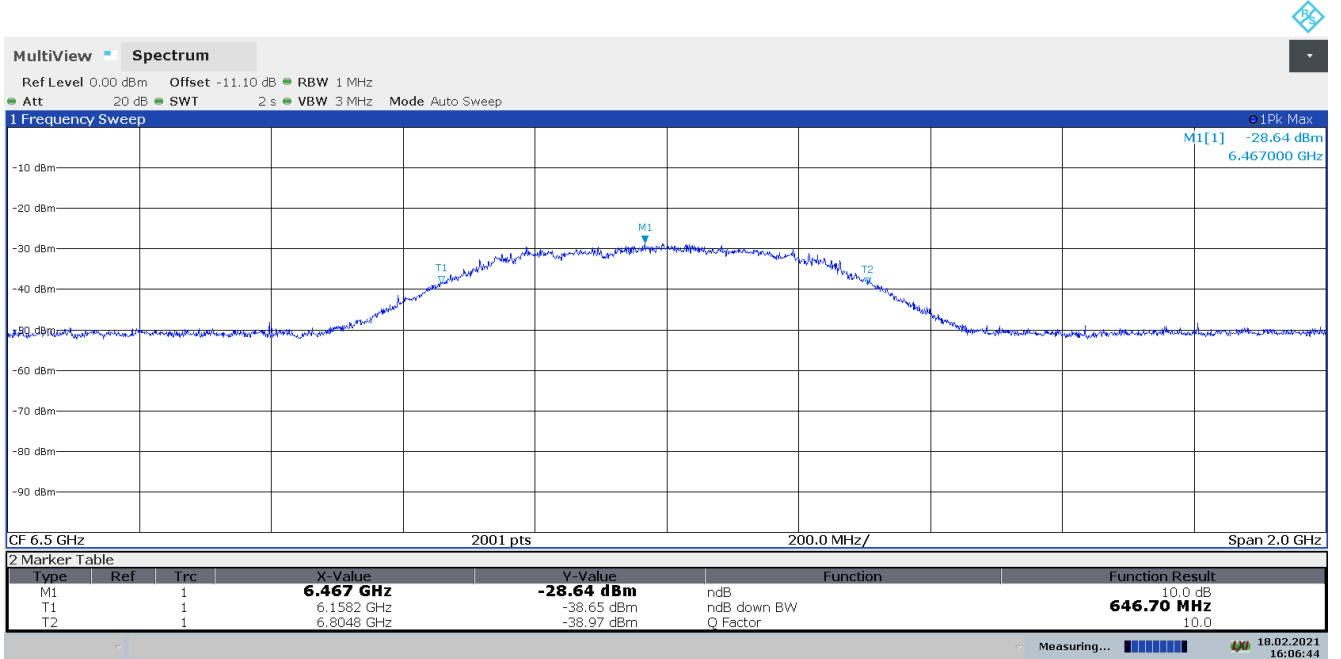
The -10 dB bandwidth of the device shall be totally contained in the band 3.1-10.6 GHz.

**Results:**

Lower -10 dB point [MHz]	Higher -10 dB point [MHz]	UWB bandwidth [MHz]	Plot
6158.2	6804.8	646.7	1

**Verdict: Compliant**

**Plot 1: 10 dB bandwidth**



16:06:45 18.02.2021



## 12.2 TX Radiated Emissions

### Description:

Measurement of the radiated emissions in transmit mode.

### Measurement:

#### §15.209, RSS-220 3.4:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak/QPeak
Sweep time:	1 s
Number of points	8001
Resolution bandwidth:	120kHz
Video bandwidth:	≥ RBW
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

#### §15.517(c), RSS-220 5.2.1(d):

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	1 ms/pt
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

#### §15.517(d), RSS-220 5.2.1(e):

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	1 ms/pt
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz / 1 kHz
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz / 3 kHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

#### §15.517(e), RSS-220 Annex 4(c):

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Pos-Peak
Resolution bandwidth:	50 MHz
Video bandwidth:	80 MHz
Span:	Zero span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

**Radiated emissions at or below 960 MHz (§15.209, RSS-220 3.4, RSS-Gen 8.9):**

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30	30 (29.5 dB $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	30
30 – 88	100 (40 dB $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	3
88 – 216	150 (43.5 dB $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	3
216 – 960	200 (46 dB $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	3
> 960	500 (54 dB $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	3

**§15.517 (c)**

The radiated emissions at or below 960 MHz from a device operating under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the emission levels in §15.209.

The radiated emissions above 960 MHz from a device operating under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the following average limits based on measurements using a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz:

Frequency in MHz	EIRP in dBm
960 to 1610	-75.3
1610 to 1990	-53.3
1990 to 3100	-51.3
3100 to 10600	-41.3
Above 10600	-51.3

**§15.517 (d)**

In addition to the radiated emission limits specified in the table in paragraph of §15.519 (c), UWB transmitters operating under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the following average limits when measured using a resolution bandwidth of no less than 1 kHz:

Frequency in MHz	EIRP in dBm
1164 to 1240	-85.3
1559 to 1610	-85.3

**§15.517 (e)**

There is a limit on the peak level of the emissions contained within a 50 MHz bandwidth centered on the frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs,  $f_m$ . That limit is 0 dBm EIRP. It is acceptable to employ a different resolution bandwidth, and a correspondingly different peak emission limit, following the procedures described in §15.521.

Further provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart F:

**§15.521 (c)**

Emissions from digital circuitry used to enable the operation of the UWB transmitter shall comply with the limits in §15.209, rather than the limits specified in this subpart, provided it can be clearly demonstrated that those emissions from the UWB device are due solely to emissions from digital circuitry contained within the transmitter and that the emissions are not intended to be radiated from the transmitter's antenna. Emissions from associated digital devices, as defined in §15.3(k), e.g., emissions from digital circuitry used to control additional functions or capabilities other than the UWB transmission, are subject to the limits contained in Subpart B of this part.

**§15.521 (d)**

Within the tables in §§15.509, 15.511, 15.513, 15.515, 15.517, and 15.519, the tighter emission limit applies at the band edges. Radiated emission levels at and below 960 MHz are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Radiated emission levels above 960 MHz are based on RMS average measurements over a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth. The RMS average measurement is based on the use of a spectrum analyzer with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz, an RMS detector, and a 1 millisecond or less averaging time. Unless otherwise stated, if pulse gating is employed where the transmitter is quiescent for intervals that are long compared to the nominal pulse repetition interval, measurements shall be made with the pulse train gated on. Alternative measurement procedures may be considered by the Commission.

**§15.521(e)**

The frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs,  $f_M$ , must be contained within the UWB bandwidth.

**§15.521(g)**

When a peak measurement is required, it is acceptable to use a resolution bandwidth other than the 50 MHz specified in this subpart. This resolution bandwidth shall not be lower than 1 MHz or greater than 50 MHz, and the measurement shall be centered on the frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs,  $f_M$ . If a resolution bandwidth other than 50 MHz is employed, the peak EIRP limit shall be  $20 \log(\text{RBW}/50)$  dBm where RBW is the resolution bandwidth in megahertz that is employed. This may be converted to a peak field strength level at 3 meters using  $E(\text{dBuV/m}) = P(\text{dBm EIRP}) + 95.2$ . If RBW is greater than 3 MHz, the application for certification filed with the Commission must contain a detailed description of the test procedure, calibration of the test setup, and the instrumentation employed in the testing.

**§15.521(h)**

The highest frequency employed in §15.33 to determine the frequency range over which radiated measurements are made shall be based on the center frequency,  $f_C$ , unless a higher frequency is generated within the UWB device. For measuring emission levels, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest frequency generated in the UWB transmitter, without going below 9 kHz, up to the frequency range shown in §15.33(a) or up to  $f_C + 3/(\text{pulse width in seconds})$ , whichever is higher. There is no requirement to measure emissions beyond 40 GHz provided  $f_C$  is less than 10 GHz; beyond 100 GHz if  $f_C$  is at or above 10 GHz and below 30 GHz; or beyond 200 GHz if  $f_C$  is at or above 30 GHz.

Further provisions of RSS-220:

**RSS-220 5.2.1(d)**

Radiated emissions above 960 MHz from a device shall not exceed the following average limits when measured using a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

Frequency in MHz	EIRP in dBm
960 to 1610	-75.3
1610 to 4750	-70.0
4750 to 10600	-41.3
Above 10600	-51.3

**RSS-220 5.2.1(e)**

In addition to the limits specified in paragraph (d) of this section, radiated emissions shall not exceed the following average limits when measured using a resolution bandwidth greater than or equal to 1 kHz. The measurements shall demonstrate compliance with the stated limits at whatever resolution bandwidth is used.

Frequency in MHz	EIRP in dBm
1164 to 1240	-85.3
1559 to 1610	-85.3

**RSS-220 5.2.1(f)**

Within the tables in paragraphs (d) and (e) above, the tighter emission limit applies at the band edges.

**RSS-220 5.2.1(g)**

The peak level of the transmissions shall not exceed the peak equivalent of the average limit contained within any 50 MHz bandwidth, as defined in section 4 of the Annex.

**RSS-220 Annex 4(c)**

Peak measurements shall be made in addition to average measurements. Transmissions shall not exceed 0 dBm e.i.r.p. in any 50 MHz bandwidth when the average limit is -41.3 dBm/MHz. This is the equivalent peak limit as calculated by combining the 6 dB peak-to-average conversion with a resolution bandwidth (RBW) scaling factor of  $20 \log(1 \text{ MHz}/50 \text{ MHz})$ . Only the 50 MHz bandwidth, centred on the frequency  $f_M$  where the highest power occurs, needs to be measured to satisfy the peak requirements for all frequencies. A different resolution bandwidth and a correspondingly different peak limit may also be used, in which case the RBW may be set anywhere between 1 MHz and 50 MHz. The peak e.i.r.p. limit is then calculated as  $20 \log(\text{RBW}/50) \text{ dBm}$  where the RBW is in MHz. This may be converted to a peak field strength level at 3 metres using  $E(\text{dBuV/m}) = P(\text{e.i.r.p.}(\text{dBm})) + 95.2$ . If the RBW is greater than 3 MHz, the application for certification shall contain a detailed description of the test procedure, the calibration of the test set-up and the instrumentation used in the testing.

**RSS-220 Annex 4(m)**

Emissions from digital circuitry (used only to enable the operation of the UWB transmitter and that does not control additional functions or capabilities) shall comply with the average and peak power limits applicable to the UWB transmitter. If it can be clearly demonstrated that an emission from a UWB transmitter is due solely to emissions from digital circuitry contained within the transmitter, and that the emission is not intended to be radiated from the transmitter's antenna, the limits for emissions from digital circuitry prescribed in RSS-Gen apply to that emission rather than the UWB limits.

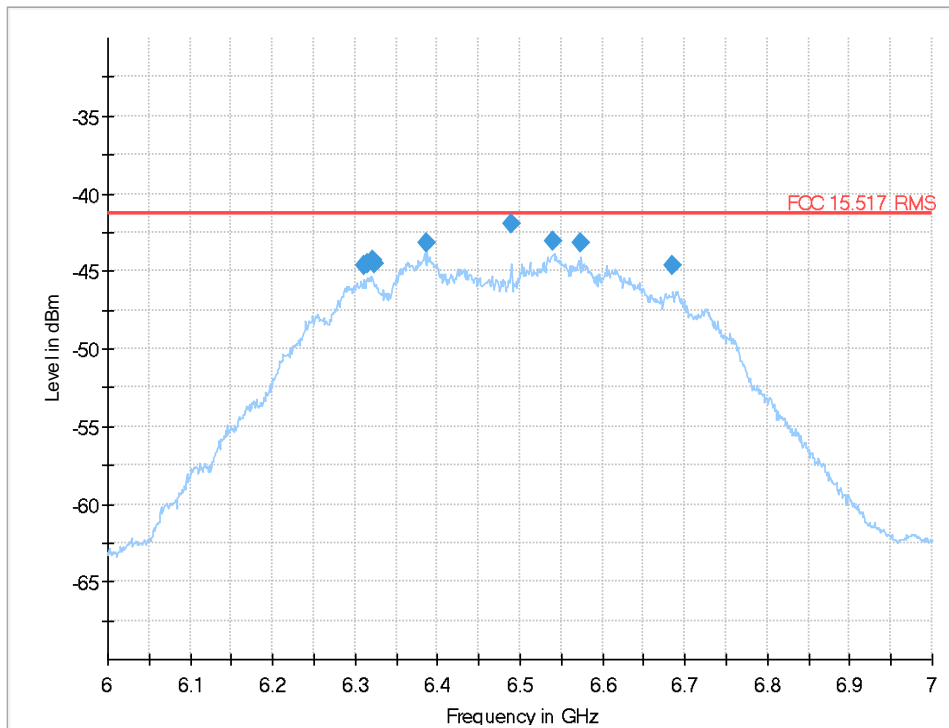
**Results:**

Measurements of the fundamental emission:

Frequency /MHz	Max RMS power in dBm/MHz	Max Peak power in dBm/50 MHz	Plot
6489.518	-41.90	-3.02	2, 3

**Verdict: Compliant**

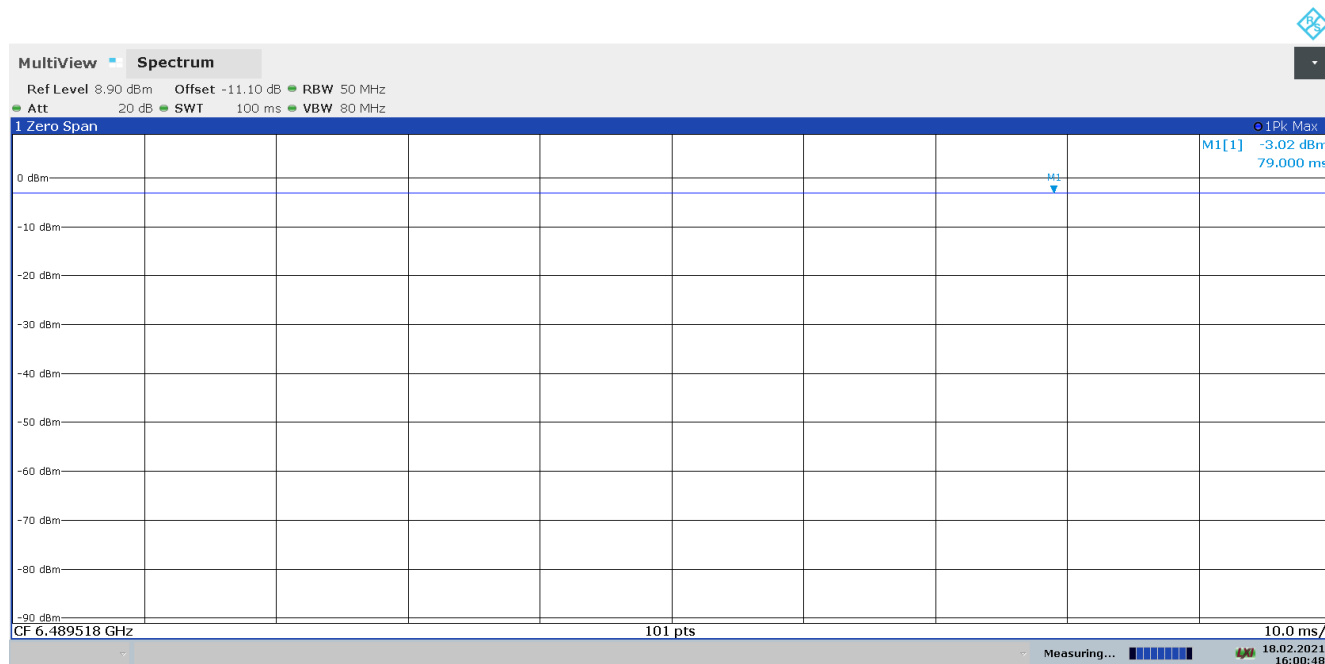
**Plot 2: Fundamental emission**



**Final Result**

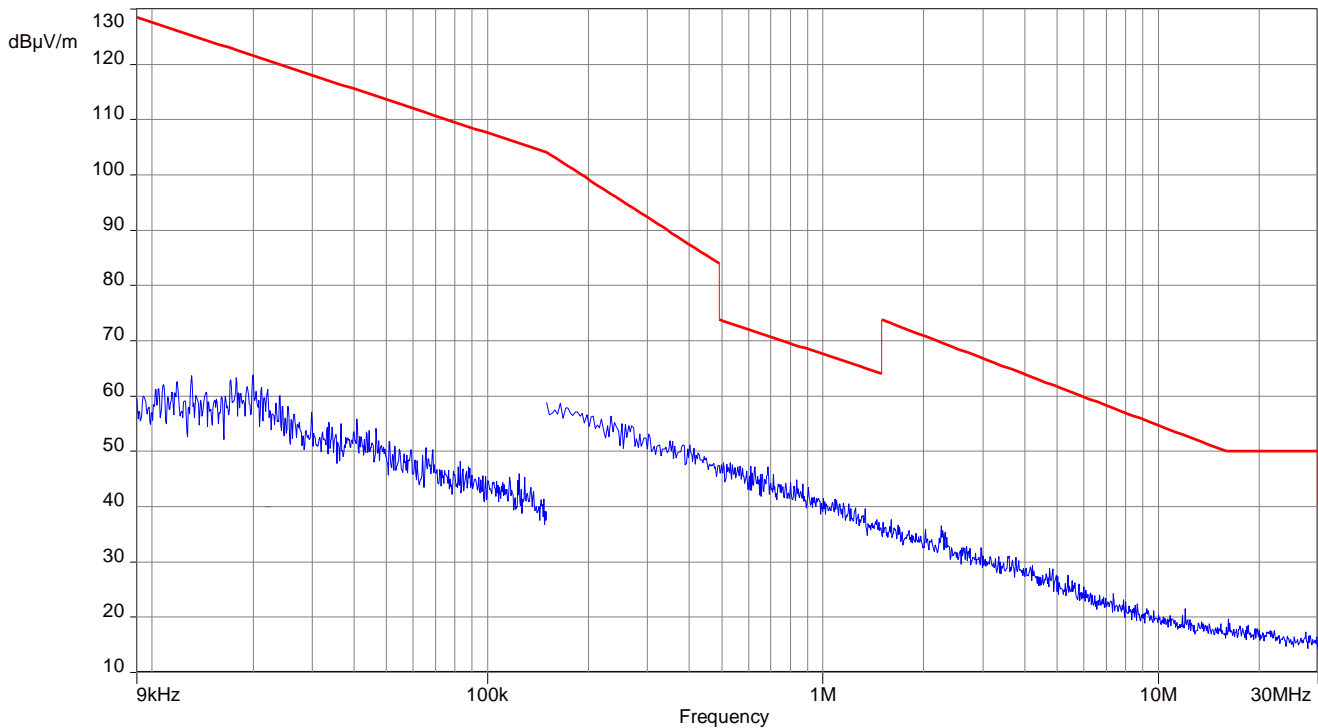
Frequency (MHz)	RMS (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)	Corr. (dB)
6310.392000	-44.66	-41.30	3.36	1000.000	V	69.0	1.0	-118.2
6315.452000	-44.50	-41.30	3.20	1000.000	V	69.0	1.0	-118.2
6320.474000	-44.32	-41.30	3.02	1000.000	V	69.0	2.0	-118.1
6322.628000	-44.47	-41.30	3.17	1000.000	V	69.0	2.0	-118.1
6386.949000	-43.17	-41.30	1.87	1000.000	V	273.0	0.0	-118.0
6489.518000	-41.90	-41.30	0.60	1000.000	V	273.0	0.0	-118.1
6539.889000	-43.09	-41.30	1.79	1000.000	V	270.0	0.0	-118.1
6574.072000	-43.20	-41.30	1.90	1000.000	V	268.0	0.0	-118.0
6684.828000	-44.66	-41.30	3.36	1000.000	V	273.0	0.0	-117.6

### Plot 3: Peak fundamental emission

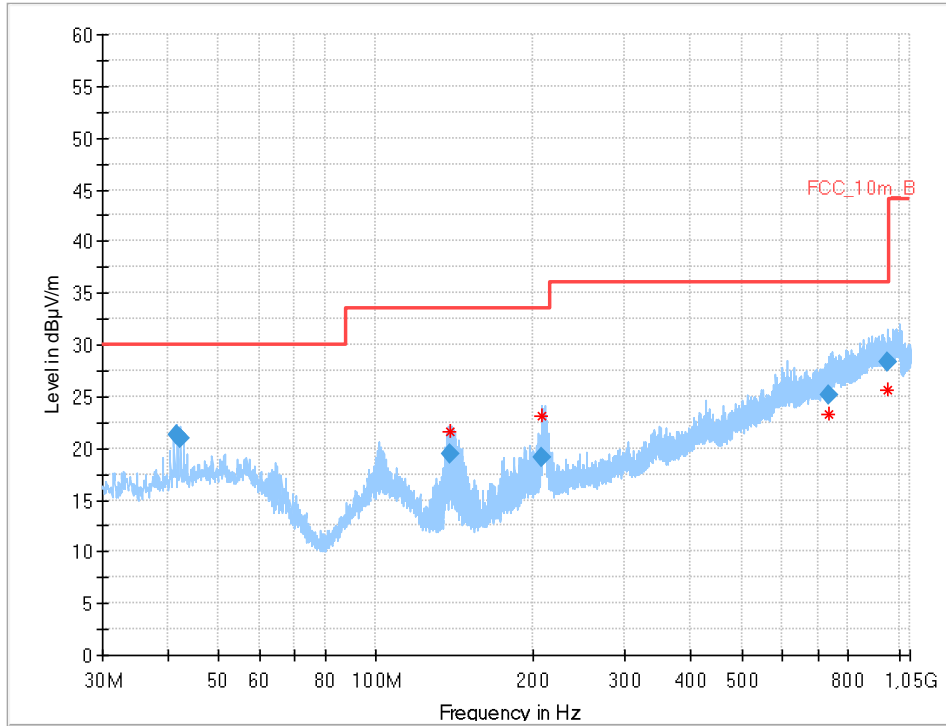


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### Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz



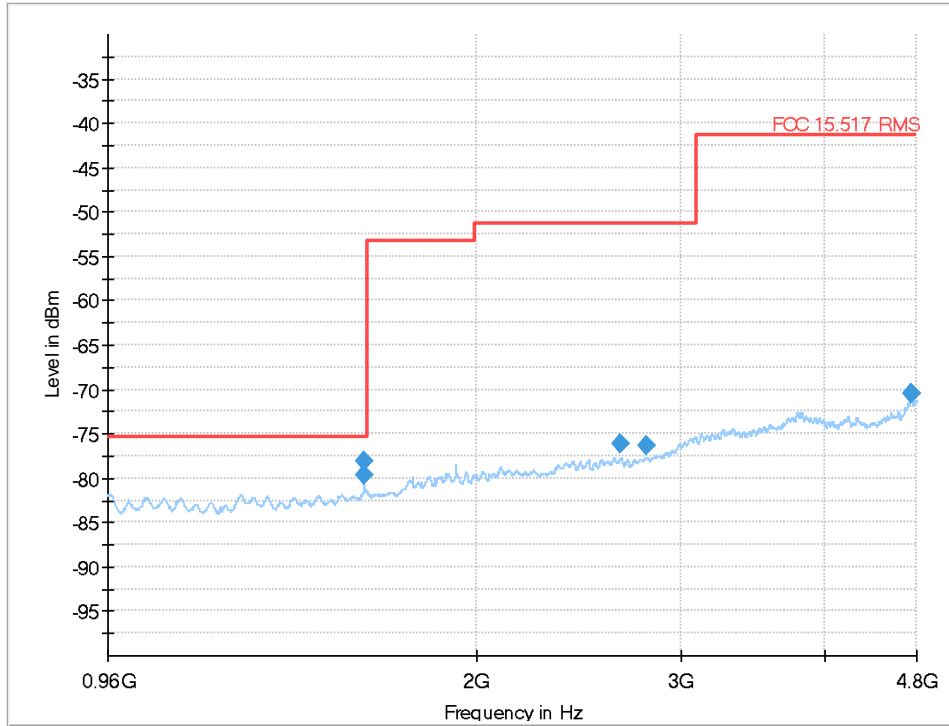
Plot 5: 30 MHz to 1 GHz



**Final\_Result**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
41.745	21.29	30.0	8.7	1000	120.0	98.0	V	-17	14
42.370	20.89	30.0	9.1	1000	120.0	107.0	V	157	14
138.259	19.43	33.5	14.1	1000	120.0	126.0	V	-22	9
207.939	19.11	33.5	14.4	1000	120.0	170.0	V	258	11
733.511	25.20	36.0	10.8	1000	120.0	170.0	V	157	22
953.295	28.32	36.0	7.7	1000	120.0	170.0	V	-22	24

Plot 6: 960 MHz to 4.8 GHz (Limit acc. to §15.517 (c))

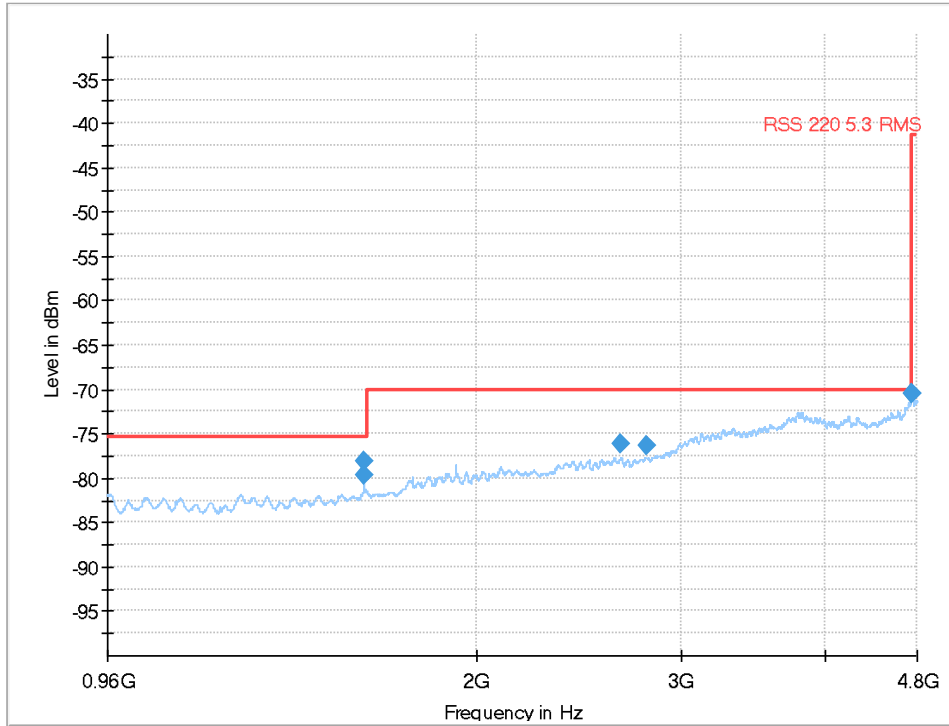


**Final\_Result**

Frequency (MHz)	RMS (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)	Corr. (dB)
1600.139000	-78.15	-75.30	2.85	1000.000	V	335.0	19.0	-137.6
1600.567000	-79.73	-75.30	4.43	1000.000	H	165.0	37.0	-137.6
2661.686000	-76.22	-51.30	24.92	1000.000	H	110.0	116.0	-133.7
2804.036000	-76.35	-51.30	25.05	1000.000	H	275.0	93.0	-133.4
4749.474000	-70.48	-41.30	29.18	1000.000	V	65.0	12.0	-126.1
4754.519000	-70.55	-41.30	29.25	1000.000	H	50.0	12.0	-126.2



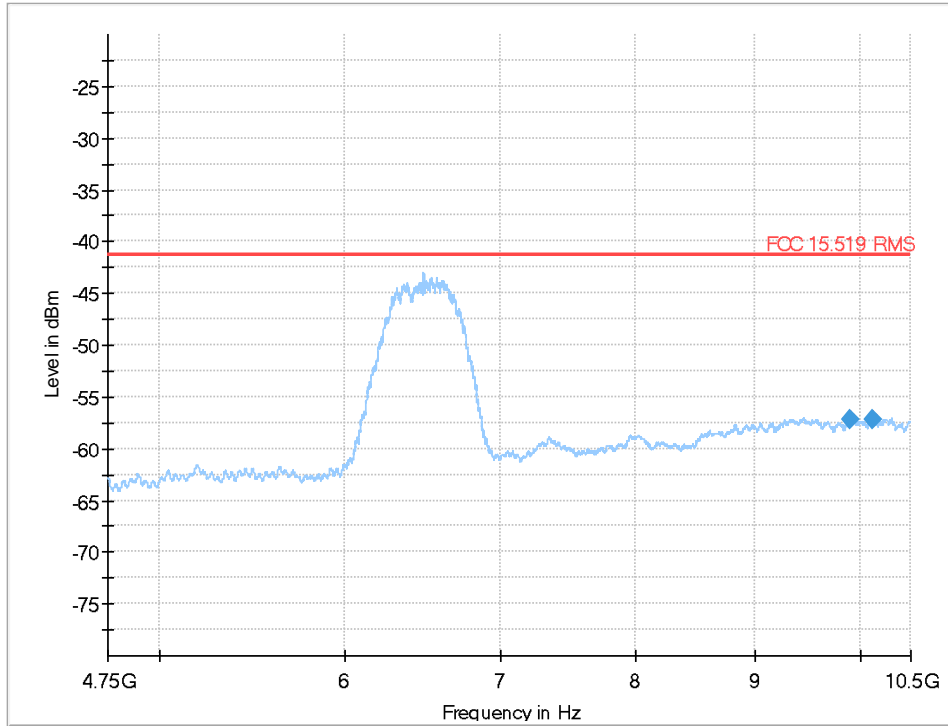
Plot 7: 960 MHz to 4.8 GHz (Limit acc. to RSS-220 5.2.1(d))



**Final\_Result**

Frequency (MHz)	RMS (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)	Corr. (dB)
1600.139000	-78.15	-75.30	2.85	1000.000	V	335.0	19.0	-137.6
1600.567000	-79.73	-75.30	4.43	1000.000	H	165.0	37.0	-137.6
2661.686000	-76.22	-70.00	6.22	1000.000	H	110.0	116.0	-133.7
2804.036000	-76.35	-70.00	6.35	1000.000	H	275.0	93.0	-133.4
4749.474000	-70.48	-70.00	0.48	1000.000	V	65.0	12.0	-126.1
4754.519000	-70.55	-41.30	29.25	1000.000	H	50.0	12.0	-126.2

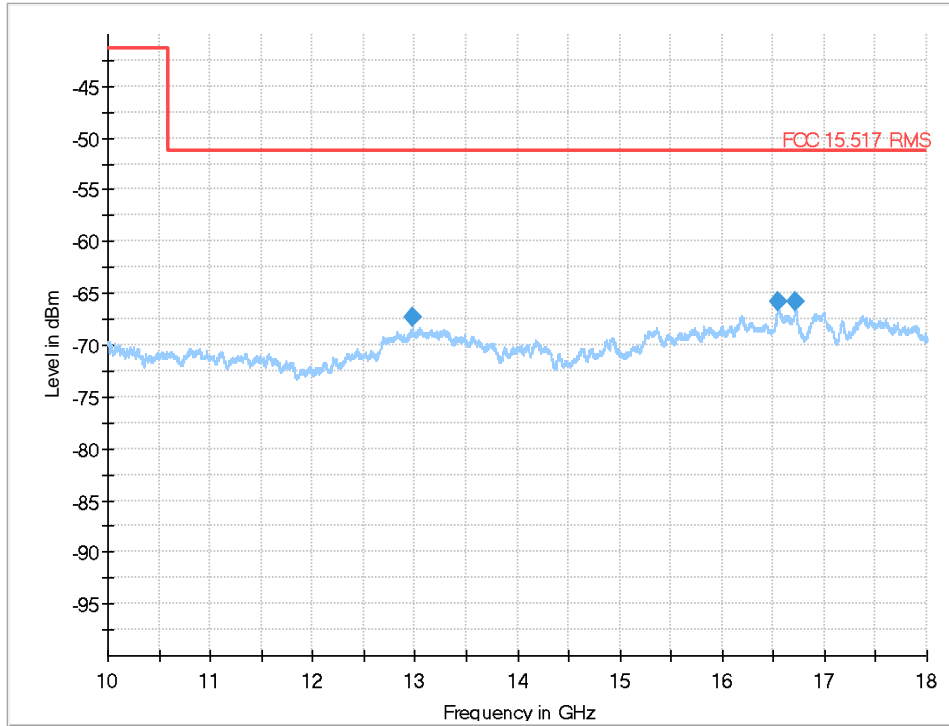
Plot 8: 4.75 GHz to 10.5 GHz (Limit acc. to §15.517 (c))



**Final\_Result**

Frequency (MHz)	RMS (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)	Corr. (dB)
9884.733429	-57.20	-41.30	15.90	1000.000	H	22.0	133.0	-114.1
10113.390000	-57.20	-41.30	15.90	1000.000	H	227.0	133.0	-114.4

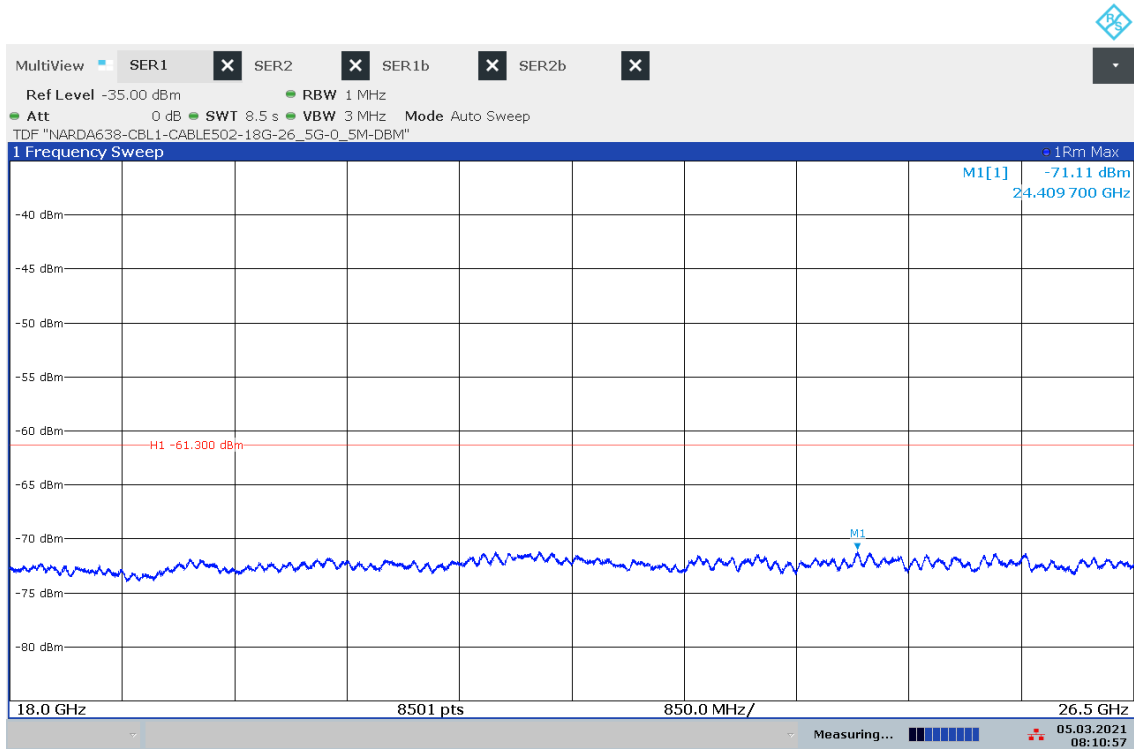
**Plot 9: 10 GHz to 18 GHz**



**Final\_Result**

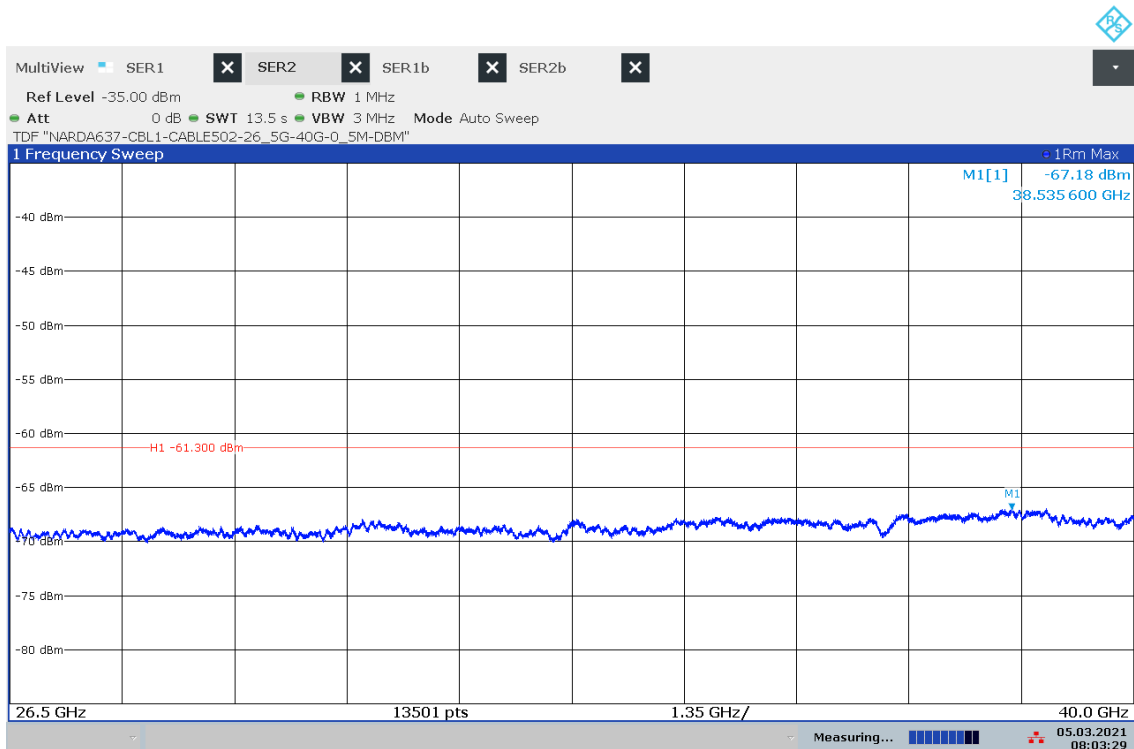
Frequency (MHz)	RMS (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)	Corr. (dB)
12979.231250	-67.39	-51.30	16.09	1000.000	V	1.0	139.0	-125.0
16546.653750	-65.83	-51.30	14.53	1000.000	H	107.0	105.0	-121.6
16718.698750	-65.76	-51.30	14.46	1000.000	H	77.0	163.0	-122.3

Plot 10: 18 GHz to 26.5 GHz



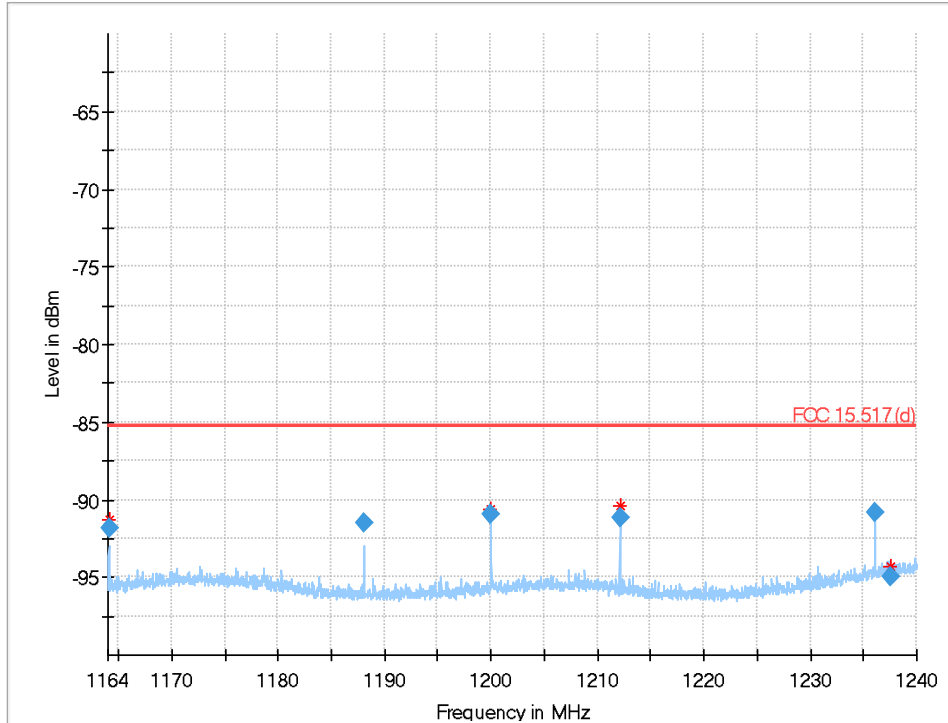
08:10:58 05.03.2021

Plot 11: 26.5 GHz to 40.0 GHz



08:03:29 05.03.2021

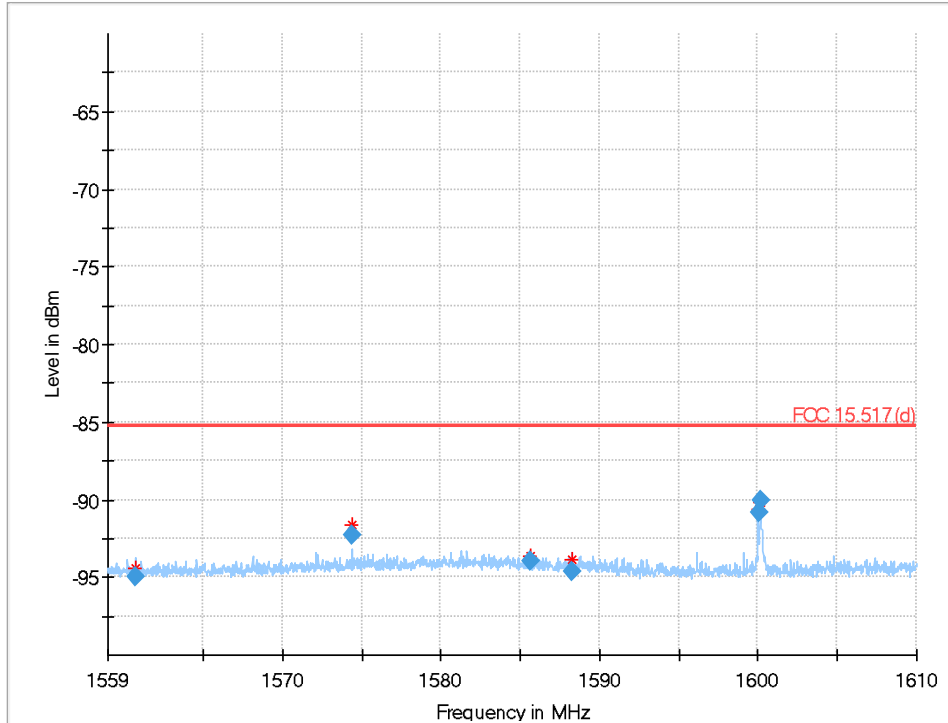
Plot 12: 1164 MHz to 1240 MHz (§15.517 (d), RSS-220 5.2.1(e))



**Final\_Result**

Frequency (MHz)	RMS (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)	Corr. (dB)
1164.102143	-91.87	-85.30	6.57	30.000	H	313.0	0.0	-139.7
1188.105260	-91.46	-85.30	6.16	30.000	H	356.0	162.0	-139.3
1200.000377	-90.90	-85.30	5.60	30.000	V	133.0	3.0	-139.5
1212.107130	-91.16	-85.30	5.86	30.000	H	5.0	150.0	-139.4
1236.106720	-90.81	-85.30	5.51	30.000	H	29.0	140.0	-138.8
1237.584440	-94.98	-85.30	9.68	30.000	V	-5.0	129.0	-138.8

Plot 13: 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz (§15.517 (d), RSS-220 5.2.1(e))



**Final\_Result**

Frequency (MHz)	RMS (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)	Corr. (dB)
1560.764765	-94.93	-85.30	9.63	30.000	V	5.0	135.0	-137.9
1574.391125	-92.32	-85.30	7.02	30.000	V	5.0	1.0	-137.8
1585.632170	-93.94	-85.30	8.64	30.000	H	5.0	93.0	-137.7
1588.232840	-94.67	-85.30	9.37	30.000	H	-4.0	45.0	-137.8
1600.011170	-90.79	-85.30	5.49	30.000	H	349.0	120.0	-137.9
1600.143185	-90.09	-85.30	4.79	30.000	V	123.0	1.0	-137.9

**12.3 Efficient use of spectrum acc. to §15.517(a)(5)****Description:****§15.517(a)(5)**

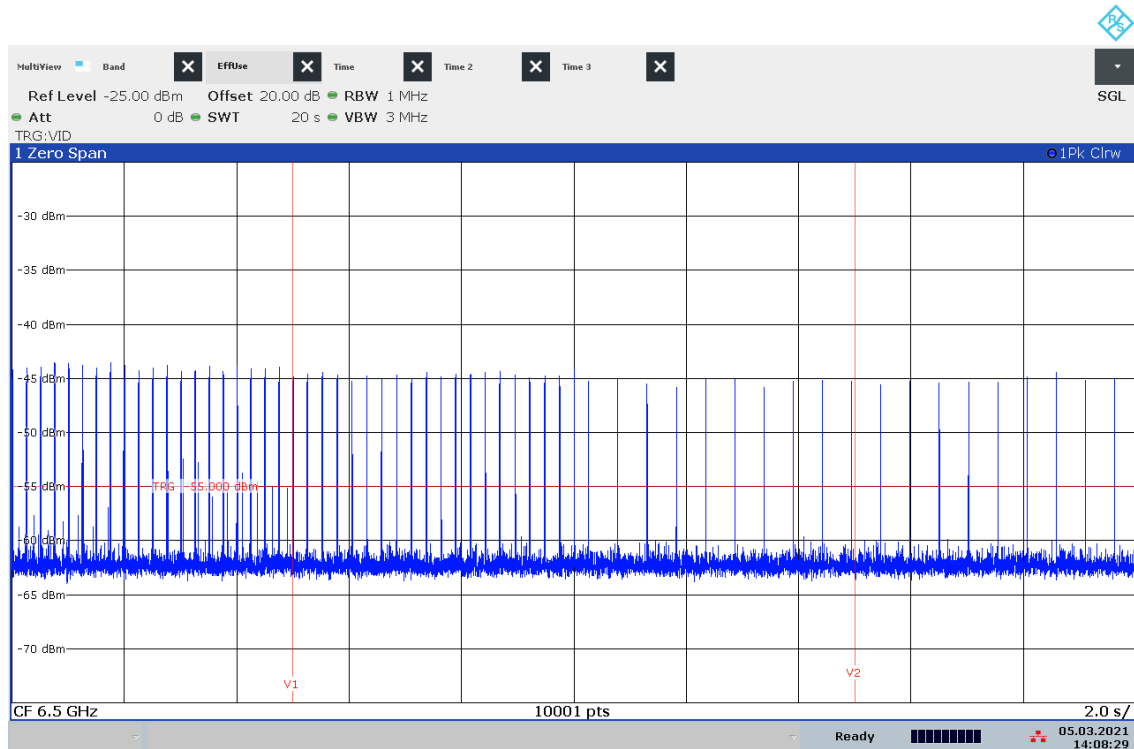
A communications system shall transmit only when the intentional radiator is sending information to an associated receiver.

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Pos-Peak
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Span	Zero

**Results:**

**Plot 14:**

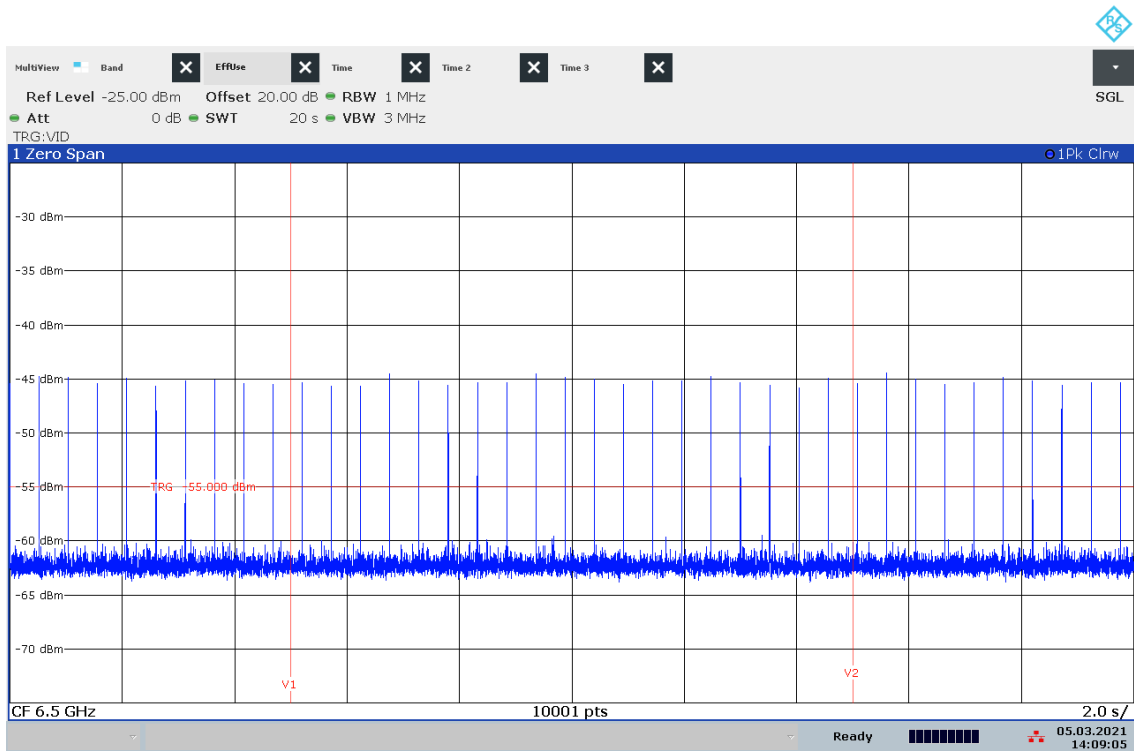


14:08:29 05.03.2021

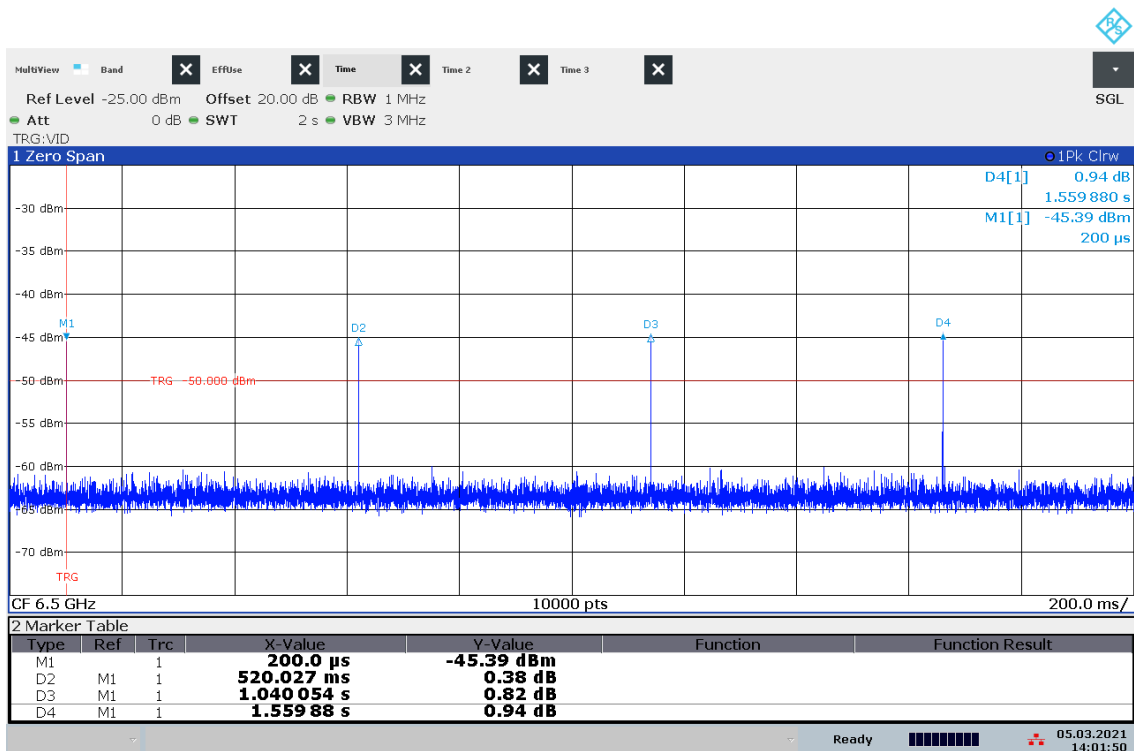
Vertical line V1 indicates the time when the associated receiver is switched off.  
Vertical line V2 indicates 10 s after the associated receiver is switched off.



Plot 15: Emission without associated receiver (for comparison)



Plot 16: Emission without associated receiver (repetition period)



## 12.4 Antenna requirements

### Description:

#### **§15.517(a)(3)**

The use of outdoor mounted antennas, e.g., antennas mounted on the outside of a building or on a telephone pole, or any other outdoors infrastructure is prohibited.

#### **§15.521(b)**

Manufacturers and users are reminded of the provisions of §§15.203 and 15.204.

#### **RSS-220 5.1(b)**

The antenna of the UWB device shall be factory-installed and shall not be made modifiable by users.

### Results:

Integrated antenna.

**Verdict: Compliant**

## 12.5 Conducted emissions < 30MHz

### Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. Both power lines, phase and neutral line, are measured. Found peaks are re-measured with average and quasi peak detection to show compliance to the limits.

### Measurement:

Parameter	
Detector:	Peak - Quasi Peak / Average
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

### Limits:

FCC		IC	
CFR Part 15.207(a)		RSS-Gen 8.8	
Conducted Spurious Emissions < 30 MHz			
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV)	Average (dBµV)	
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*	
0.5 – 5	56	46	
5 – 30.0	60	50	

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

**§15.521(j)**

Responsible parties are reminded of the other standards and requirements cross referenced in §15.505, such as a limit on emissions conducted onto the AC power lines.

**§15.207(c)**

Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

**RSS-220 3.1**

RSS-220 shall be used in conjunction with RSS-Gen, General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, for general specifications and information relevant to the equipment for which this standard applies.

**RSS-220 5.2.1(b)**

AC line-conducted emissions from the device shall comply with the limits for AC line-conducted emissions set out in RSS-Gen.

**Results:**

DUT employs battery power for operation.

**Verdict: Not applicable**

### 13 Glossary

<b>EUT</b>	Equipment under test
<b>DUT</b>	Device under test
<b>UUT</b>	Unit under test
<b>GUE</b>	GNSS User Equipment
<b>ETSI</b>	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
<b>EN</b>	European Standard
<b>FCC</b>	Federal Communications Commission
<b>FCC ID</b>	Company Identifier at FCC
<b>IC</b>	Industry Canada
<b>PMN</b>	Product marketing name
<b>HMN</b>	Host marketing name
<b>HVIN</b>	Hardware version identification number
<b>FVIN</b>	Firmware version identification number
<b>EMC</b>	Electromagnetic Compatibility
<b>HW</b>	Hardware
<b>SW</b>	Software
<b>Inv. No.</b>	Inventory number
<b>S/N or SN</b>	Serial number
<b>C</b>	Compliant
<b>NC</b>	Not compliant
<b>NA</b>	Not applicable
<b>NP</b>	Not performed
<b>PP</b>	Positive peak
<b>QP</b>	Quasi peak
<b>AVG</b>	Average
<b>OC</b>	Operating channel
<b>OCW</b>	Operating channel bandwidth
<b>OBW</b>	Occupied bandwidth
<b>OOB</b>	Out of band
<b>DFS</b>	Dynamic frequency selection
<b>CAC</b>	Channel availability check
<b>OP</b>	Occupancy period
<b>NOP</b>	Non occupancy period
<b>DC</b>	Duty cycle
<b>PER</b>	Packet error rate
<b>CW</b>	Clean wave
<b>MC</b>	Modulated carrier
<b>WLAN</b>	Wireless local area network
<b>RLAN</b>	Radio local area network
<b>DSSS</b>	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
<b>OFDM</b>	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
<b>FHSS</b>	Frequency hopping spread spectrum
<b>GNSS</b>	Global Navigation Satellite System
<b>C/N<sub>0</sub></b>	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz

## 14 Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2021-05-25
A	Information and limits updated: §15.517 & RSS-220 5.2	2021-06-02

## 15 Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-04

first page	last page
 <p>Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH</p> <p>Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition</p> <p><b>Accreditation</b> </p> <p>The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory <b>CTC advanced GmbH</b> Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018 to carry out tests in the following fields: <b>Telecommunication (TC) and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) for Canadian Standards</b></p> <p>The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 09.06.2020 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 07 pages.</p> <p>Registration number of the certificate: <b>D-PL-12076-01-04</b></p> <p>Frankfurt am Main, 09.06.2020</p> <p>by order:  <b>Prof.-Ing. (FH) Ralf Egner</b> Head of Division</p> <p><small>The certificate together with its annex reflects the status at the time of the date of issue. The current status of the scope of accreditation can be found in the database of accredited bodies of Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH. <a href="https://www.dakks.de/en/content/accredited-bodies-dakks">https://www.dakks.de/en/content/accredited-bodies-dakks</a> See notes on back.</small></p>	<p>Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH</p> <p>Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin</p> <p>Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main</p> <p>Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig</p> <p>The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf.</p> <p>No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkKS.</p> <p>The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations.</p> <p>The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: <a href="http://www.european-accreditation.org">www.european-accreditation.org</a> ILAC: <a href="http://www.ilac.org">www.ilac.org</a> IAF: <a href="http://www.iaf.nu">www.iaf.nu</a></p>

**Note: The current certificate annex is published on the website (link see below) of the Accreditation Body DAkKS or may be received by CTC advanced GmbH on request**

<https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04e.pdf>

16 Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-05

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