

TEST REPORT

Applicant:	E&S International Enterprises, Inc.		
Address:	7801 Hayvenhurst Avenue,Van Nuys, California 91406 USA		
Equipment Type:	laptop		
Model Name:	GWTC116-2 (refer section 2.4)		
Brand Name:	Gateway		
FCC ID:	2AYPE-GWTC116-2		
Test Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 (refer section 3.1)		
Maximum SAR:	Body 2.4GHz(1 g): 0.88 W/kg		
Test Date:	Jun. 27, 2022		
Date of Issue:	Jul. 14, 2022		

ISSUED BY:

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

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(Chief Engineer)

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Revision HistoryVersionIssue DateRevisions ContentRev. 01Jul. 14, 2022Initial Issue

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.	
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe West
	Road, Nanshan District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe West
	Road, Nanshan District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, China
Accreditation	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a
Certificate	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are
Description	located at Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe
Description	West Road, Nanshan District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province,
	China

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	20°C to 23°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	49% to 60%
Ambient Pressure	100 KPa to 102 KPa



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	E&S International Enterprises, Inc.
Address	7801 Hayvenhurst Avenue Van Nuys, California 91406, USA

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	E&S International Enterprises, Inc.
Address	7801 Hayvenhurst Avenue Van Nuys, California 91406, USA

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	E&S International Enterprises, Inc.
Address	7801 Hayvenhurst Avenue Van Nuys, California 91406, USA

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	laptop
Model Name Under Test	GWTC116-2
Series Model Name	GWTC116-2BK, GWTC116-2BL, GWTC116-2PR, GWTC116-2GR
Description of Model	All models are same with electrical parameters and internal circuit
Name Differentiation	structure, but only differ in shell color.
Hardware Version	Y116GRX510
Software Version	windows11
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.5 Ancillary Equipment

	Battery	
	Brand Name	NOVEO
	Model No.	NV-3978115-2S
Ancillary Equipment 1	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacity	5500 mAh
	Rated Voltage	7.6 V
	Limit Charge Voltage	8.7 V



2.6 Technical Information

Network and Wireless	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)
connectivity	2.4G WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40)

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	2.4G WLAN, Bluetooth				
	802.11b/g/n(HT20/HT40)	2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz			
Frequency Range	Bluetooth 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz				
Antonno Tuno	WLAN: PIFA Antenna				
Antenna Type	Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna				
Hotspot Function	N/A				
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontr	olled exposure			
EUT Stage	Portable Device				
Draduat	Туре				
Product	Production unit Identical prototype				



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2.1093	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
2	ANSI C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528- 2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D04	RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	KDB 248227 D01 v02r02	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters
8	KDB 616217 D04v01r02	SAR for laptop and tablets



3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.

Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

	SAR Value (W/Kg)				
Body Position	General Population/	Occupational/			
	Uncontrolled Exposure	ControlledExposure			
Whole-Body SAR	0.08	0.4			
(averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4			
Partial-Body SAR	1.60	8.0			
(averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.80	8:0			
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and					
ankles	4.0	20.0			
(averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)					

Table of Exposure Limits:

NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled Exposure: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



3.3 Test Result Summary

3.3.1 Highest SAR (1 g Value)

	Maximum Scaled SAR	Maximum Report SAR		
Band	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
	Body	Body		
Bluetooth	0.13	0.00		
2.4G WLAN	0.88	0.88		
Limit (W/kg)	1.60			
Verdict	Pass			



3.4 Test Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, when the highest measured 1 g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

The maximum 1 g SAR for the EUT in this report is 0.876 W/kg, which is lower than 1.5 W/kg, so the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this report.



4 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Definition

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

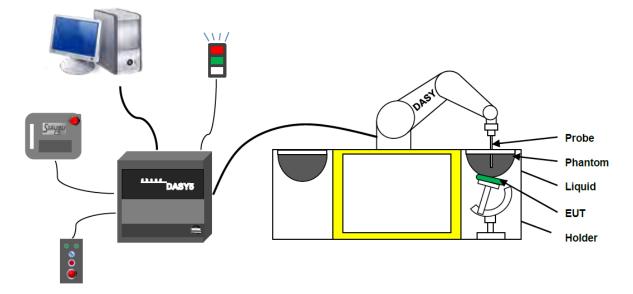
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

pis the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.



4.2 DASY SAR System

4.2.1 DASY SAR System Diagram



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- 5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- 6. The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.
- 7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- 8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



4.2.2 Robot

The Dasy SAR system uses the high precision robots. Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system For the 6-axis controller system, Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents). The robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.02 mm)
- High reliability
 (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brush less synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control _elds shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



4.2.3 E-Field Probe

The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities for the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe EX3DV4-SN:7663 with following specifications is used.

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection systemBuilt-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	\pm 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ; \pm 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV4)

E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



4.2.4 Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



- Input Impedance: 200MOhm
- The Inputs: Symmetrical and Floating
- Commom Mode Rejection: Above 80dB



4.2.5 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Left hand
Right hand
Flat phantom

Photo of Phantom SN1859



Serial Number	Material	Length	Height
SN 1859 SAM	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced	1000	500



Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.



Flat phantom

Photo of Phantom SN1012





4.2.6 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA"s only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used. Larger DUT"s (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values. Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

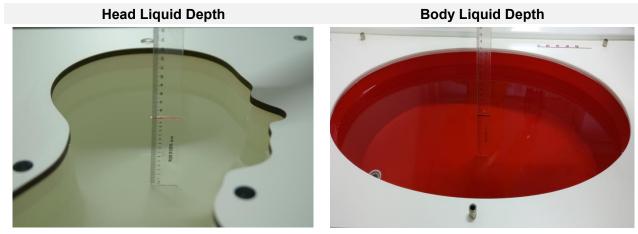


The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. Incompliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



4.2.7 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.



The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid and the theoretical Conductivity/Permittivity.

	-	He	ad (Referen	ce IEEE15	28)			
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	3
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0.1	0	44.9	1.80	39.2
2600	54.9	0	0	0.1	0	45.0	1.96	39.0
Frequency	Water	Hexyl Carbitol			Triton	Triton X-100		Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)		(%)		(%)		σ (S/m)	3
5200	62.52	17.24			17.24		4.66	36.0
5800	62.52		17.24		17.24		5.27	35.3
	•	Body (F	rom instrun	nent manu	facturer)		•	<u> </u>
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	З
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	48.2 0 0.9			0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0 0 0.4			0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0.1	0	31.3	1.95	52.7
2600	68.2	0	0	0.1	0	31.7	2.16	52.5
Frequency(MHz)	Water		DGBE		Sa	alt	Conductivity	Permittivity

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		(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	3
5200	78.60	21.40	/	5.54	47.86
5800	78.50	21.40	0.1	6.0	48.20



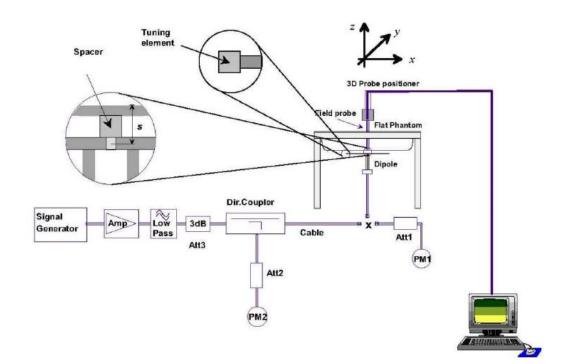
5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

5.1 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

5.2 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:





6 TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

6.1 Laptop Exposure Condition

This DUT should consider one position which is bottom of laptop touching with phantom 0 mm air gap and the screen portion of the device shall be an open position at a 90° angle.





6.2 Tablet Exposure Condition

This DUT was tested in four different positions. They are back side, left edge, right edge and top edge in these positions, the surface of DUT is touching with phantom 0mm.

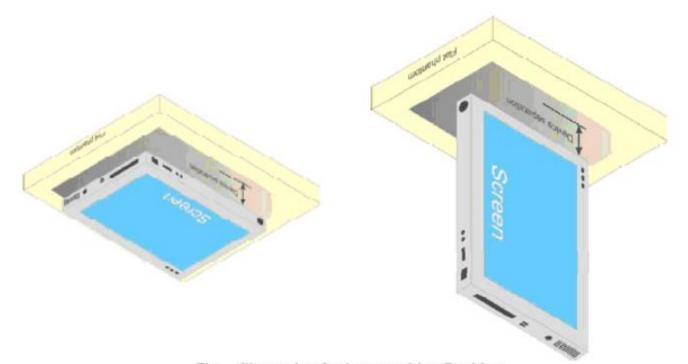
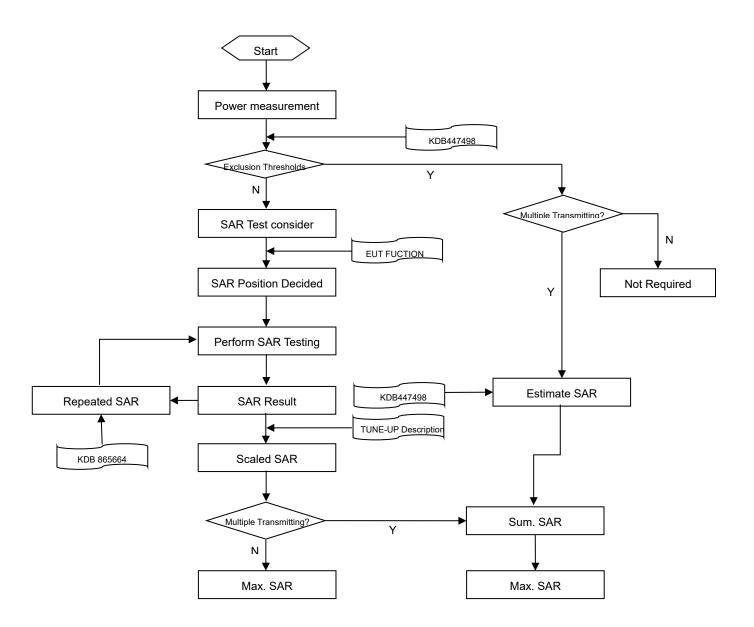


Fig Illustration for Lap-touching Position



7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

7.1 Measurement Process Diagram





7.2 SAR Scan General Requirement

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1 g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz	
Maximum distance from	closest meas	surement point	F 14 mm	1/ S In (0) I 0 5 mm	
(geometric center of prob	e sensors) t	o phantom surface	5±1 mm	½·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle fro	om probe ax	is to phantom surface	30°±1°	20°±1°	
normal at the measurement	ent location		50 ±1	20 11	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	
			2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
			When the x or y dimension of t	he test device, in the	
Maximum area scan spa	tial resolution	n: Δx Area , Δy Area	measurement plane orientation	n, is smaller than the above,	
			the measurement resolution m	ust be \leq the corresponding x or	
			y dimension of the test device	with at least one measurement	
			point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom ooon on	tial recolution	Av Zoom Av Zoom	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spa		л. дх 20011 , ду 20011	2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
				3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm	
	unifor	m grid: Δz Zoom (n)	≤ 5 mm	4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm	
				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution,		Δz Zoom (1): between		3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm	
normal to phantom		1st two points closest	≤ 4 mm	4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm	
surface	graded	to phantom surface		5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid	Δz Zoom (n>1):			
		between subsequent	≤ 1.5·Δz 2	Zoom (n-1)	
		points			
				3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm	
Minimum zoom		x, y, z	≥30 mm	4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm	
scan volume				5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

1. δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1 g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 2. 447498 is \leq 1.4 W/kg, \leq 8 mm, \leq 7 mm and \leq 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



7.3 Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- a. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- b. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- c. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- d. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 *32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below. When the 1 g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure

there is no increase in SAR.



8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

8.1 WIFI

8.1.1 2.4G WIFI

Band	Mode	Channel	Freq.	Conducted	Tune-up Power	SAR Test
(GHz)	wode	Channel	(MHz)	power(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Require.
		1	2412	13.84	14.50	Yes
	802.11b	6	2437	13.67	14.50	Yes
		11	2462	13.15	14.50	Yes
		1	2412	11.35	13.00	No
	802.11g	6	2437	12.98	13.00	No
2.4		11	2462	10.60	13.00	No
(2.4~2.4835)	802.11n(HT20)	1	2412	10.69	13.00	No
		6	2437	12.95	13.00	No
		11	2462	9.62	13.00	No
		3	2422	10.74	11.00	No
	802.11n(HT40)	6	2437	10.41	11.00	No
		9	2452	9.57	11.00	No
Note: According KDB 2	48227 D01 SAR is not	t required for the	following 2.4 G	Hz OFDM condi	tions. When the hig	hest reported

SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

Adjusted SAR = Report SAR * (max power (OFDM)/ max power (DSSS)) = 0.876 * (19.95 mw)/(28.18 mw) = 0.620 W/kg, so the 2.4GHz OFDM SAR test is not required.



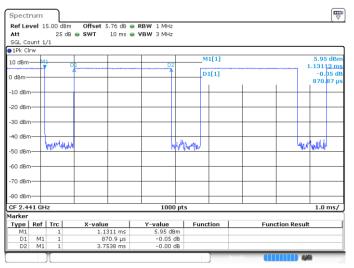
8.2 Bluetooth

Mode		GFSK		π/4-DQPSK			
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78	
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480	
Conducted power(dBm)	4.99	6.18	7.29	6.16	7.35	8.39	
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	6.00	8.00	9.00	8.50	8.50	8.50	
SAR Test Require	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	
Mode	8-DPSK			BLE			
Channel	0	39	78	0	19	39	
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2440	2480	
Conducted power(dBm)	6.76	7.94	8.98	4.69	5.88	7.05	
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	9.00	9.00	9.00	6.00	6.00	8.00	
SAR Test Require	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	
Note: Since Bluetooth BR+EDR mod	le is the maxim	ium output pow	er mode, SAR ı	neasurements	were performe	d with test	
software using DH5, 2DH5 and 3DH	5 modulation, a	and SAR measu	urement is not r	equired for the	LE. When the	secondary	
mode is \leqslant $^{1\!\!/_4}$ dB higher than the pr	mary mode.						

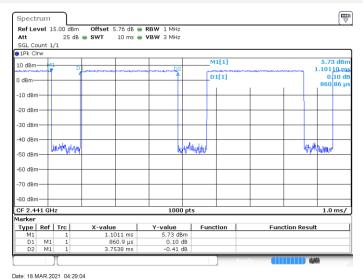


Note: The Bluetooth DH5 Mode duty cycle is 76.8%, 2DH5 Mode duty cycle is 77.07% and 3DH5 Mode duty cycle is 77.27%, as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.

Duty Cycle Bluetooth-GFSK



Bluetooth-π/4-DQPSK



Date: 18.MAR.2021 04:19:12

Bluetooth-8-DPSK

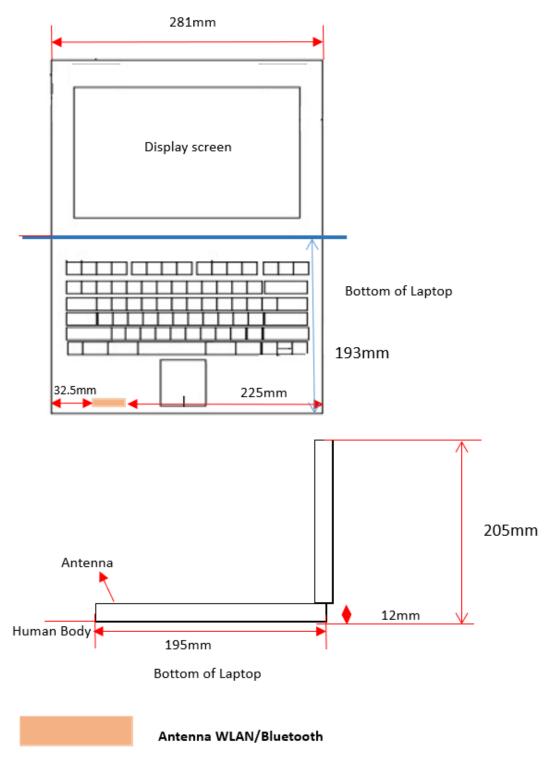
Spect											Ū.
	vel 1	5.00 dBr		5.76 dB 👄							
Att			B 👄 SWT	10 ms 👄	VBV	V 3 MHz					
SGL Co		/1									
			1				M1[1]	1			5.91 dBr
10 dBm-		h they could be to	and rune weeks	D1	D	Lignumman				Annessee	Add Add
				1 m	1		D1[1]		ר ר		-0.18 d
) dBm—											2.89289 m
10 dBm											
20 dBm											
30 dBm											
40 dBm											
50 dBm				hillion and	with w				UMPHPUMPUM		
SU UBII											
60 dBm	-										
70 dBm					-						
-80 dBm	-		-		+						-
CF 2.44	11 GH	z				1000 pt:	5				1.0 ms/
1arker											
Type	Ref	Trc	X-valu	e	Y	-value	Function		Func	tion Resu	lt
M1		1		40.4 µs		5.91 dBm					
D1	M1	1		929 ms		-0.18 dB					
D2	M1	1	3.7	437 ms		-0.15 dB					

Date: 18.MAR.2021 04:37:52



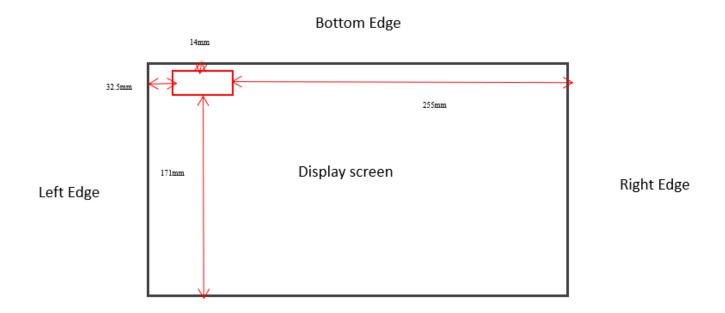
9 TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATION

9.1 Laptop Mode antenna location sketch



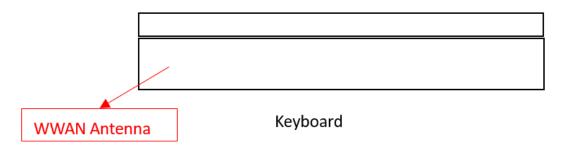


9.2 Tablet Mode antenna location sketch



Top Edge

Display screen





According with FCC KDB 447498 D04, Appendix B, The SAR-based exemption formula applies for single fixed, mobile, and portable RF sources with available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, of less than or equal to the threshold Pth (mW).

This method shall only be used at separation distances from 0.5 cm to 40 cm and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). The following table shows the power threshold from 5mm to 50mm.

Power Thresholds (mW)											
Fraguanay	At separation										
Frequency	distance of										
(MHz)	≪5 mm	10 mm	15 mm	20 mm	25 mm						
300	39 mW	65 mW	88 mW	110 mW	129 mW						
450	22 mW	44 mW	67 mW	89 mW	112 mW						
835	9 mW	25 mW	44 mW	66 mW	90 mW						
1900	3 mW	12 mW	26 mW	44 mW	66 mW						
2450	3 mW	10 mW	22 mW	38 mW	59 mW						
3600	2 mW	8 mW	18 mW	32 mW	49 mW						
5800	1 mW	6 mW	14 mW	25 mW	40 mW						
Fraguanay	At separation										
Frequency	distance of										
(MHz)	30 mm	35 mm	40 mm	45 mm	50 mm						
300	148 mW	166 mW	184 mW	201 mW	217 mW						
450	135 mW	158 mW	180 mW	203 mW	226 mW						
835	116 mW	145 mW	175 mW	207 mW	240 mW						
1900	92 mW	122 mW	157 mW	195 mW	236 mW						
2450	83 mW	111 mW	143 mW	179 mW	219 mW						
3600	71 mW	96 mW	125 mW	158 mW	195 mW						
5800	58 mW	80 mW	106 mW	136 mW	169 mW						





9.3.1 Laptop & Tablet mode SAR Test Consideration

est Position Configurations Mode		Bluetooth	WLAN 2.4GHz	
Calculated Fr	requency(MHz)	2480	2462	
	Distance to User (mm)	2.00		
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	9.00	14.50	
Bottom Side	Max. Peak Power (mW)	7.94	28.18	
of Laptop	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	0.42	0.48	
	SAR Test Required	Yes	Yes	
	Distance to User (mm)	2	2.50	
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	9.00	14.50	
Back Side	Max. Peak Power (mW)	7.94	28.18	
(with keyboard)	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	0.65	0.73	
	SAR Test Required	Yes	Yes	
	Distance to User (mm)	33	2.50	
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	9.00	14.50	
Left Edge	Max. Peak Power (mW)	7.94	28.18	
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	91.57	96.34	
	SAR Test Required	No	No	
	Distance to User (mm)	225.00		
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	9.00	14.50	
Right Edge	Max. Peak Power (mW)	7.94	28.18	
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	3841.53	3828.91	
	SAR Test Required	No	No	
	Distance to User (mm)	17	1.00	
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	9.00	14.50	
Top Edge	Max. Peak Power (mW)	7.94	28.18	
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	2261.19	2271.11	
	SAR Test Required	No	No	
	Distance to User (mm)	14	4.00	
	Max. Peak Power (dBm)	9.00	14.50	
Bottom Edge	Max. Peak Power (mW)	7.94	28.18	
	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	18.01	19.40	
	SAR Test Required	No	Yes	

Note:

1. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power including tuneup tolerance among production units

2. Per KDB 447498 D04, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.

Per KDB 447498 D04, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold

4. Per KDB 447498 D04, for separation distances from 0.5 cm to 40 cm and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz



(inclusive), the threshold Pth (mW) is given by Following:

$$P_{t\dot{t}}(mW) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20cm}(d/20cm)^{x} & d \le 20cm \\ ERP_{20cm} & 20cm \le d \le 40cm \end{cases}$$

where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20}cm\sqrt{f}}\right)$$

a. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

- b. d is the separation distance (cm), The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- c. *ERP*_{20cm} are determined by:

$$ERP_{20cm}(mW) = f(x) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3GHz \le f < 1.5GHz \\ 3060 & 1.5GHz \le f \le 6GHz \end{cases}$$

- 5. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.8. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
- 6. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

a. When KDB Publication 447498 D04 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.

b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.



10 TEST RESULT

10.1 WIFI 2.4GHz

Mode	Test Mode	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	1g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
Body														
	Laptop	Bottom Side	0	1	2412	0.11	0.422	100.00	1.000	13.84	14.50	1.164	0.491	/
		Back Side	0	1	2412	0.08	0.689	100.00	1.000	13.84	14.50	1.164	0.802	/
802.11 b	Tablet	(with	0	6	2437	-0.13	0.679	100.00	1.000	13.67	14.50	1.211	0.822	/
	Tablet	Keyboard)	0	11	2462	-0.16	0.642	100.00	1.000	13.15	14.50	1.365	0.876	1#
		Bottom Edge	0	1	2412	0.04	0.046	100.00	1.000	13.84	14.50	1.164	0.053	/
Note: Refe	r to ANNEX	C for the detaile	ed test data	for each	test config	juration.								

10.2 Bluetooth

Mode	Test Mode	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	1g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
Body														
	Laptop	Bottom Side	0	78	2480	-0.11	0.052	76.80	1.302	7.29	9.00	1.483	0.100	/
DH5	Tablet	Back Side (with Keyboard)	0	78	2480	0.04	0.016	76.80	1.302	7.29	9.00	1.483	0.032	/
	Laptop	Bottom Side	0	78	2480	-0.08	0.040	77.07	1.298	8.39	8.50	1.026	0.053	/
2DH5	Tablet	Back Side (with Keyboard)	0	78	2480	-0.06	0.091	77.07	1.298	8.39	8.50	1.026	0.121	/
	Laptop	Bottom Side	0	78	2480	0.01	0.040	77.27	1.294	8.98	9.00	1.005	0.052	/
3DH5	Tablet	Back Side (with Keyboard)	0	78	2480	-0.05	0.097	77.27	1.294	8.98	9.00	1.005	0.126	2#
Note: Re	fer to ANN	EX C for the detaile	d test data	for each	test config	guration.								



11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent media are \leq 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is \leq 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is >

 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated
 measurement.

Note: For 1g SAR, the highest measured 1g SAR is 0.642 < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.



12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

Note: This product has only one antenna for WLAN 2.4G and Bluetooth, WLAN 2.4G and Bluetooth antenna can't simultaneous transmission at same time, so simultaneous transmission evaluation is not required in this report.



13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

Description	Manufation				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No./Version	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Software	Speag	DASY5	52.8.8.1222	N/A	N/A
2450MHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	SN: 952	2021/05/19	2024/05/18
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	SN: 7663	2021/07/23	2022/07/22
Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	SN: 1454	2021/11/05	2022/11/04
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	177746	2021/08/24	2022/08/23
Power Meter	R&S	NRVD-B2	7250BJ-0112/2011	2021/09/08	2022/09/07
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z4	100381	2021/09/08	2022/09/07
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z2	NRV-Z2 100211		2022/09/07
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46103472	2021/12/29	2022/12/28
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	EF720B004820	2021/12/01	2022/11/30
Power Amplifier	SATIMO	6552B	22374	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 25/13 OCPG56	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	Speag	SAM	SN: 1859	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	Speag	ELI4	SN: 1012	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note: For dipole antennas, BALUN has adopted 3 years as calibration intervals, and on annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;

2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;

3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.

4. Impedance (real or imaginary parts) in within 5 Ohms of calibrated measurement.



ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SCLMP Dielectric Probe Kit.

Head Liquid

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp. (℃)	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ε)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ε)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)			
2022.06.27	Head	2450	21.6	1.80	39.38	1.80	39.20	0.00	0.46			
Note: The tole	Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is± 5%.											



ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within itsspecification of 10 %(for 1 g).

Head liquid 1g

Date	Liquid	Freq.	Power	Measured	Normalized	Dipole SAR	Tolerance			
	Туре	(MHz)	(mW)	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)			
2022.06.27	2.06.27 Head 2450 100 5.490 54.90 53.00 3.									
Note: The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.										



System Performance Check Data (2450MHz)

Date: 2022/6/27

Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.795 S/m; ϵ_r =39.383; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.6

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7663; ConvF(8.19, 8.19, 8.19); Calibrated: 2021/7/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2021/11/05
- Phantom:SAM with CRP v5.0 on left 1859; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1859
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

CW 2450 100mW/Area Scan (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.86 W/kg

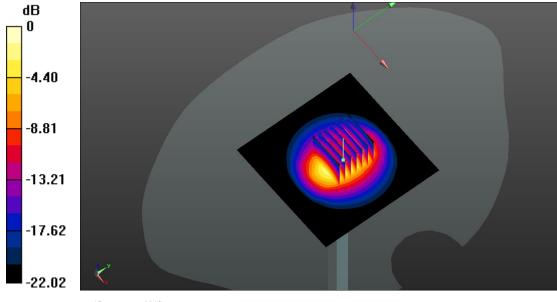
CW 2450 100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.89 W/kg



0 dB = 5.89 W/kg



ANNEX C TEST DATA

Meas.1 Body Plane with Back Side with Keyboard 0mm on 11 Channel in IEEE802.11b mode Date: 2022/6/27

Communication System Band: WLAN(b); Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.812 S/m; ϵ_r =39.186; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.6

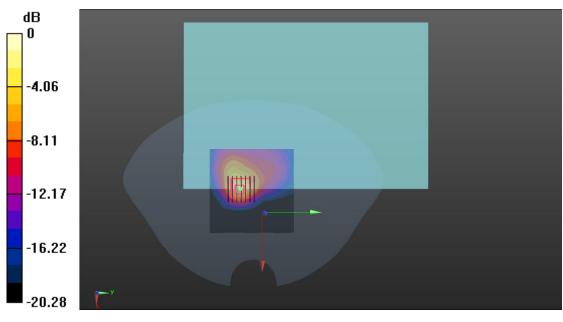
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7663; ConvF(8.19, 8.19, 8.19); Calibrated: 2021/7/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2021/11/05
- Phantom:SAM with CRP v5.0 on left 1859; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1859
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.826 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.610 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.642 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.260 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.757 W/kg



0 dB = 0.757 W/kg



Meas.2 Body Plane with Back Side with Keyboard 0mm on 78 Channel in Bluetooth mode

Date: 2022/6/27 Communication System Band: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.294 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2480 MHz; σ = 1.835 S/m; ϵ_r =39.068; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.3 Liquid Temperature:21.6

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7663; ConvF(8.19, 8.19, 8.19); Calibrated: 2021/7/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1454; Calibrated: 2021/11/05
- Phantom:SAM with CRP v5.0 on left 1859; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1859
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch78/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.132 W/kg

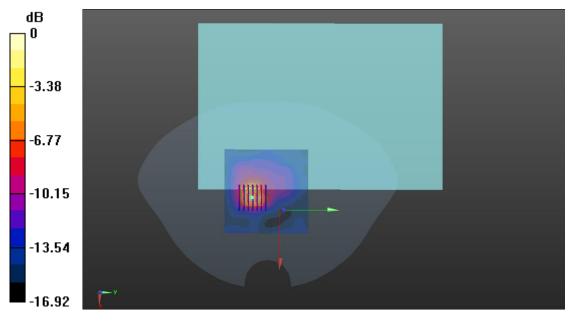
Ch78/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.661 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.276 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.097 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.037 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.117 W/kg



0 dB = 0.117 W/kg



ANNEX D EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2260561-AW.pdf".

ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2260561-AS.pdf".

ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

Please refer the document "CALIBRATION REPORT.pdf".



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