# **RF Exposure Evaluation**

## Limits

The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)				
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures								
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6				
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f <sup>2</sup> )	6				
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6				
300–1500			f/300	6				
1500-100,000			5	6				
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure								
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30				
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30				
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30				
300–1500			f/1500	30				
1500-100,000			1.0	30				

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

f = frequency in MHz

Friis transmission formula: Pd = (Pout\*G)/(4\*pi\*r<sup>2</sup>)

#### Where

**Pd** = power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>, **Pout** = output power to antenna in mW;

G = gain of antenna in linear scale, Pi = 3.1416;

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd id the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

## **Test Procedure**

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.



# Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation 2.4G mode

Channel	Output power (dBm)	Output power (mW)	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm2)	Limit (mW/cm2)	Result
2441MHz	-20.41	0.0091	0.0000040	1.0	PASS

According to ANSI C63.10

where:

pt = transmitter output power in watts,

gt = numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless),

E = electric field strength in V/m, ---  $10^{((dBuV/m)/20)}/10^6$ 

d = measurement distance in meters (m) ---3m

Field strength =78.90dBuV/m @3m

Ant gain =4.07dBi, so gt =2.55

So pt =  $(E \times d)^2/30 \times gt = \{ [10^{78.90/20}/10^6 \times 3]^2/30 \times 2.55 \} \times 1000 \text{ mW} = 0.0091 \text{mW}$ 

So a SAR test is not required