





# FCC PART 15C TEST REPORT

No. 122Z62243-IOT01

for

Honor Device Co., Ltd.

**Smart Phone** 

**Model Name: CRT-LX3** 

FCC ID: 2AYGCCRT-LX3

with

**Hardware Version: HL3CRTM** 

**Software Version: 6.1.0.90(C900E21R1P2)** 

Issued Date: 2022-12-6

#### Note:

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The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the U.S.Government.

#### **Test Laboratory:**

#### CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

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## **REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
I22Z62243-IOT01	Rev.0	1st edition	2022-12-6





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### 1. Test Laboratory

#### 1.1. Introduction & Accreditation

**Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT** is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 accredited test laboratory under NATIONAL VOLUNTARY LABORATORY ACCREDITATION PROGRAM (NVLAP) with lab code 600118-0, and is also an FCC accredited test laboratory (CN5017), and ISED accredited test laboratory (ISED#: 24849). The detail accreditation scope can be found on NVLAP website.

#### 1.2. Testing Location

Conducted testing Location: CTTL(huayuan North Road)

Address: No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing,

P. R. China100191





1.3. Testing Environment

Normal Temperature:  $20-27^{\circ}$ C Relative Humidity: 20-50%

1.4. Project data

Testing Start Date: 2022-11-21
Testing End Date: 2022-12-6

1.5. Signature

Wu Le

(Prepared this test report)

Sun Zhenyu

(Reviewed this test report)

Hu Xiaoyu

(Approved this test report)





## 2. Client Information

#### 2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name: Honor Device Co., Ltd.

Address /Post: Suite 3401, Unit A, Building 6, Shum Yip Sky Park, No. 8089, Hongli

West Road, Xiangmihu Street, Futian District, Shenzhen, P.R.China

City: Shenzhen

Postal Code:

Country: China

Telephone: / Fax: /

2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name: Honor Device Co., Ltd.

Address /Post: Suite 3401, Unit A, Building 6, Shum Yip Sky Park, No. 8089, Hongli

West Road, Xiangmihu Street, Futian District, Shenzhen, P.R.China

City: Shenzhen

Postal Code: /

Country: China

Telephone: /
Fax: /





## 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

#### 3.1. About EUT

Description Smart Phone Model Name CRT-LX3

FCC ID 2AYGCCRT-LX3

Frequency Band ISM 2400MHz~2483.5MHz
Type of Modulation GFSK/π/4 DQPSK/8DPSK

Number of Channels 79

Power Supply 3.89V DC by Battery

Antenna gain -1.5dBi

#### 3.2. Internal Identification of EUT

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	<b>HW Version</b>	SW Version	Date of receipt
EUT1	866902060024817/	HL3CRTM	6.1.0.90(C900E21R1P2)	2022-11-21
	866902060025111			

<sup>\*</sup>EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

#### 3.3. Internal Identification of AE

AE ID*	Description		
AE1	Battery	/	Inbuilt

<sup>\*</sup>AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

#### 3.4. Normal Accessory setting

Fully charged battery should be used during the test.

#### 3.5. General Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of Smart Phone with integrated antenna. It consists of normal options: lithium battery, charger. Manual and specifications of the EUT were provided to fulfill the test. Samples undergoing test were selected by the Client.





## 4. Reference Documents

#### 4.1. Documents supplied by applicant

EUT parameters, referring to Annex A for detailed information, is supplied by the client or manufacturer, which is the basis of testing.

#### 4.2. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
	FCC CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C:	
	15.205 Restricted bands of operation;	
FCC Part15	15.209 Radiated emission limits, general requirements;	2021
	15.247 Operation within the bands 902–928MHz,	
	2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz.	
ANSI C63.10	American National Standard of Procedures for	luna 2012
ANSI 603.10	Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices	June,2013





## 5. Test Results

#### 5.1. Summary of Test Results

Abbreviations used in this clause:

- **P** Pass, The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.
- **F** Fail, The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard
- NA Not Applicable, The test was not applicable
- NP Not Performed, The test was not performed by CTTL

SUMMARY OF MEASUREMENT RESULTS	Sub-clause	Verdict
Peak Output Power	15.247 (b)(1)	Р
Frequency Band Edges- Conducted	15.247 (d)	Р
Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted	15.247 (d)	Р
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	15.247 (a) (1)(iii)	Р
20dB Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(1)	NA
Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247 (a)(1)	Р
Number of hopping channels	15.247 (a)(iii)	Р

Please refer to **ANNEX A** for detail.

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

#### 5.2. Statements

CTTL has evaluated the test cases requested by the applicant /manufacturer as listed in section 5.1 of this report for the EUT specified in section 3 according to the standards or reference documents listed in section 4.2





## 6. <u>Test Facilities Utilized</u>

## **Conducted test system**

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Period	Calibration Due date
1	Vector Signal Analyzer	FSQ26	100024	R&S	1 year	2023-03-23
2	Bluetooth Tester	CBT	100315	R&S	1 year	2023-01-22
3	Shielding Room	S81	1	ETS-Lindgren	1	/





## 7. Measurement Uncertainty

#### 7.1. Peak Output Power

#### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

	Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	0.66dB
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## 7.2. Frequency Band Edges - Conducted

#### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Measurement Oncertainty (K=Z)   0.000D	Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	0.66dB
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#### 7.3. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted

#### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Frequency Range	Uncertainty (k=2)
30 MHz ~ 8 GHz	1.22dB
8 GHz ~ 12.75 GHz	1.51dB
12.7GHz ~ 26 GHz	1.51dB

#### 7.4. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

#### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

<del>_</del>	
Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	0.88ms

#### 7.5. 20dB Bandwidth

#### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	61.936Hz
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#### 7.6. Carrier Frequency Separation

#### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2) 61.936Hz
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## **ANNEX A: EUT parameters**

Disclaimer: The antenna gain provided by the client may affect the validity of the measurement results in this report, and the client shall bear the impact and consequences arising therefrom.





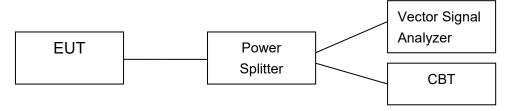
## **ANNEX B: Detailed Test Results**

#### **B.1. Measurement Method**

#### **B.1.1. Conducted Measurements**

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

- 1). Connect the EUT to the test system correctly.
- 2). Set the EUT to the required work mode (Transmitter, receiver or transmitter & receiver).
- 3). Set the EUT to the required channel.
- 4). Set the EUT hopping mode (hopping or hopping off).
- 5). Set the spectrum analyzer to start measurement.
- 6). Record the values. Vector Signal Analyzer







#### **B.2. Peak Output Power**

### **B.2.1. Peak Output Power - Conducted**

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.5

a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span: 6MHzRBW: 3MHzVBW: 3MHz

Sweep time: 2.5msDetector function: peak

Trace: max hold

b) Allow trace to stabilize.

- c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- d) The indicated level is the peak output power.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limits		
ECC Port 15 247 (b)(1)	Bandwidth≤1MHz	30dBm (1W)	
FCC Part 15.247 (b)(1)	Bandwidth>1MHz	21dBm (125mW)	

#### **Measurement Results:**

#### For GFSK

Channel	Ch 0	Ch 39	Ch 78	Conclusion
Griannon	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz	Controlation
Peak Conducted	44.05	11 12	44.05	Б
Output Power (dBm)	11.25	11.13	11.25	P

#### For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Ch 0	Ch 39	Ch 78	Conclusion
Channe	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz	Conclusion
Peak Conducted	10.48	10.85	10.70	Р
Output Power (dBm)	10.46	10.65	10.70	F

#### For 8DPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	10.58	10.91	10.40	Р

**Conclusion: PASS** 





#### B.2.2. E.I.R.P.

#### The radiated E.I.R.P. is listed below:

Antenna gain = -1.5dBi

#### For GFSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
E.I.R.P (dBm)	9.75	9.63	9.75	Р

#### Forπ/4 DQPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
E.I.R.P (dBm)	8.98	9.35	9.20	Р

#### For 8DPSK

Channel	Ch 0	Ch 39	Ch 78	Conclusion
Chamio	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz	•
E.I.R.P (dBm)	9.08	9.41	8.90	Р

Note: E.I.R.P. are calculated with the antenna gain.

**Conclusion: PASS** 





#### **B.3. Frequency Band Edges – Conducted**

#### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.6

Connect the spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described below (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).

- Span: 10 MHz

Resolution Bandwidth: 100 kHzVideo Bandwidth: 300 kHz

Sweep Time:AutoDetector: PeakTrace: max hold

Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands. Save the spectrum analyzer plot. Repeat for each power and modulation for lowest and highest channel.

Observe the stored trace and measure the amplitude delta between the peak of the fundamental and the peak of the band-edge emission. This is not an absolute field strength measurement; it is only a relative measurement to determine the amount by which the emission drops at the band edge relative to the highest fundamental emission level.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit (dBc)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	< -20

#### Measurement Result:

#### For GFSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power ( dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.1	-60.97	Р
U	Hopping ON	Fig.2	-66.88	Р
70	Hopping OFF	Fig.3	-67.08	Р
78	Hopping ON	Fig.4	-67.03	Р

#### For π/4 DQPSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power ( dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.5	-59.55	Р
	Hopping ON	Fig.6	-60.76	Р
70	Hopping OFF	Fig.7	-66.49	Р
78	Hopping ON	Fig.8	-66.14	Р

#### For 8DPSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power ( dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.9	-59.06	Р
	Hopping ON	Fig.10	-62.93	Р





78	Hopping OFF	Fig.11	-65.98	Р
	Hopping ON	Fig.12	-65.63	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below

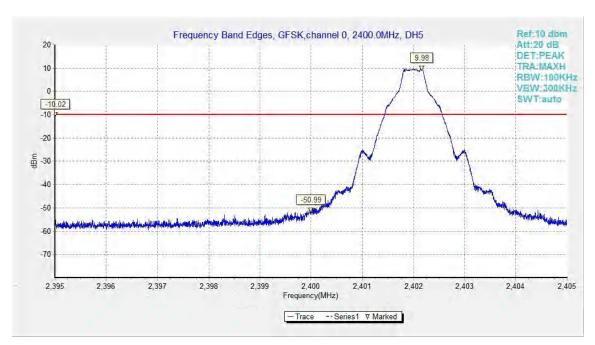


Fig.1. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off

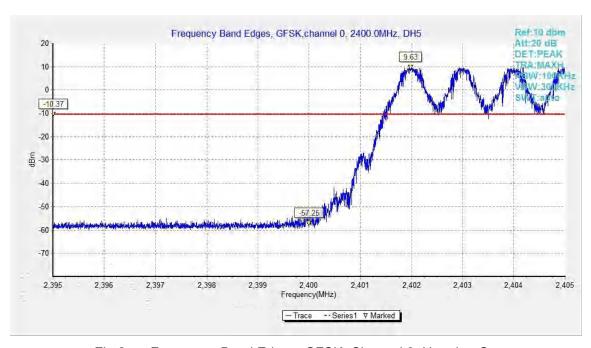


Fig.2. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping On





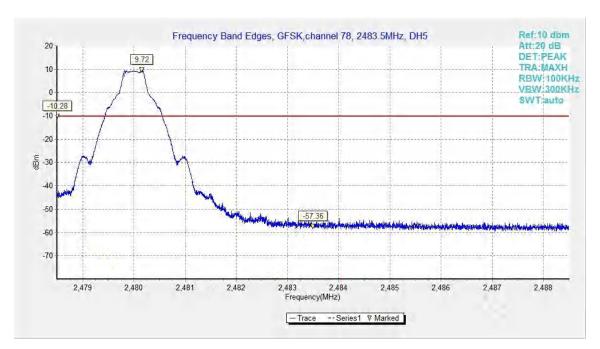


Fig.3. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off

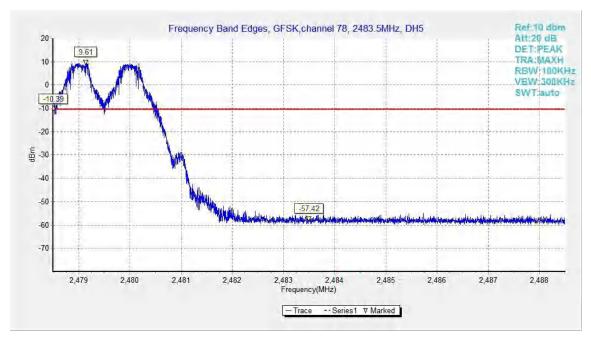


Fig.4. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping On





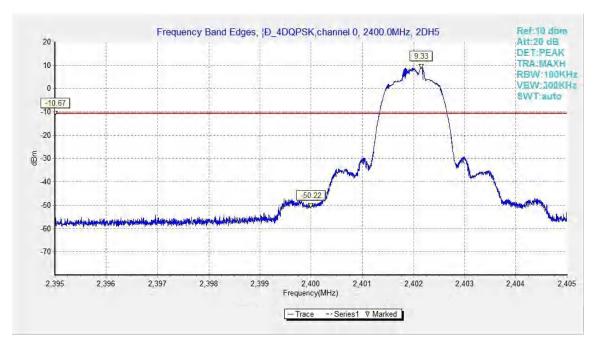


Fig.5. Frequency Band Edges:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off

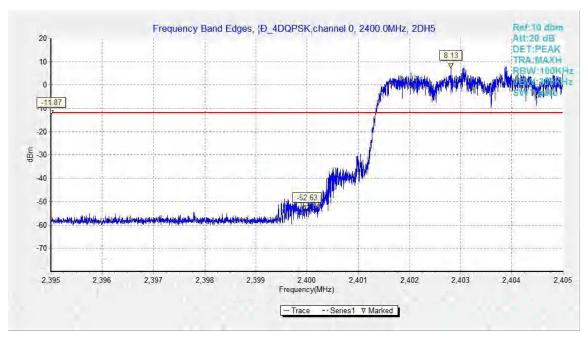


Fig.6. Frequency Band Edges: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping On





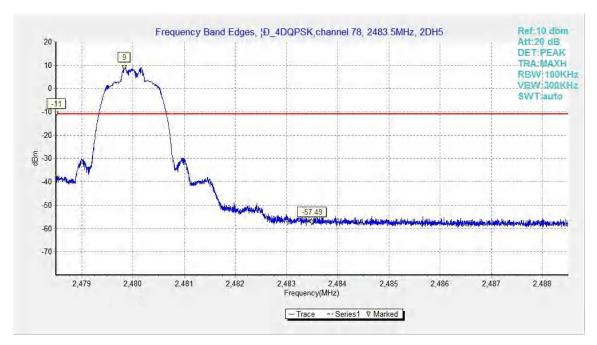


Fig.7. Frequency Band Edges:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off

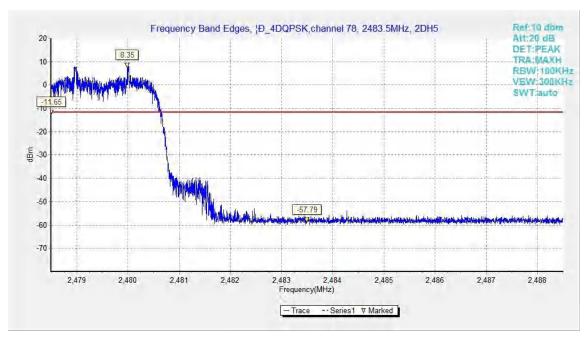


Fig.8. Frequency Band Edges: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping On





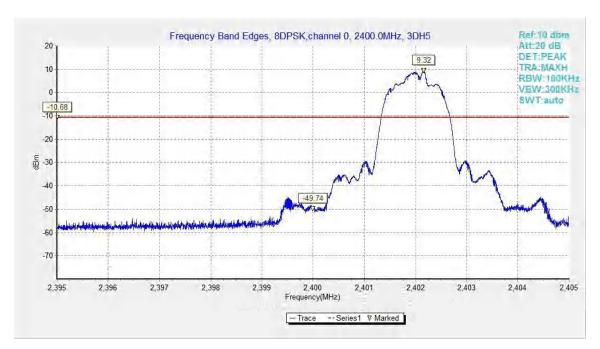


Fig.9. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off

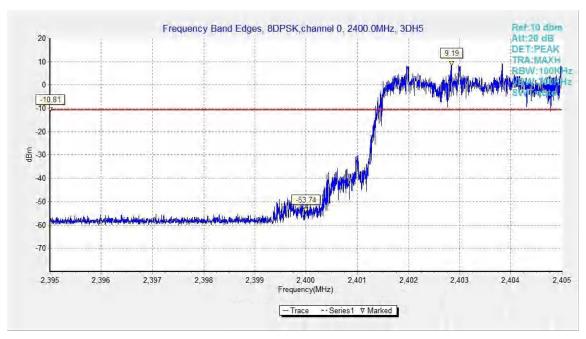


Fig.10. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 0, Hopping On





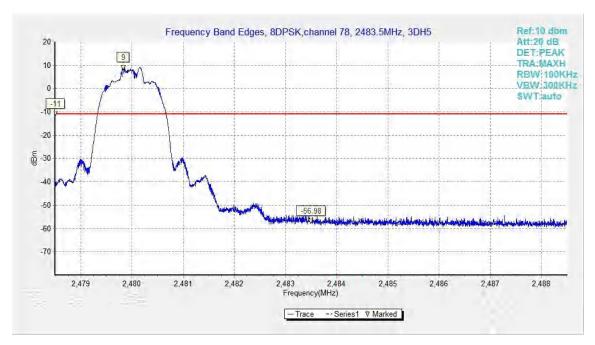


Fig.11. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off

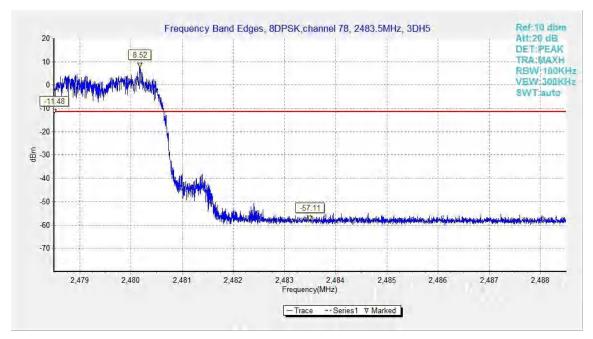


Fig.12. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 78, Hopping On





#### **B.4. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted**

#### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.8

Measurement Procedure - Reference Level

- 1. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set the VBW = 300 kHz.
- 3. Set the span to 5-30 % greater than the EBW.
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 6. Trace mode = max hold.
- 7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 8. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 100 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW. Next, determine the power in 100 kHz band segments outside of the authorized frequency band using the following measurement:

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

- 1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set VBW = 300 kHz.
- 3. Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined.
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Trace Mode = max hold.
- 6. Sweep = auto couple.
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified above.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit	
ECC 47 CEP Port 15 247 (d)	20dB below peak output power in 100 kHz	
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	bandwidth	

#### Measurement Results:

#### For GFSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0	Center Frequency	Fig.13	Р





2402 MHz	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.14	Р
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.15	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.16	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.17	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.18	Р
Ch 20	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.19	Р
Ch 39 2441 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.20	Р
277 I WII 12	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.21	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.22	Р
Ch 78 2480 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.23	Р
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.24	Р
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.25	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.26	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.27	Р

#### For π/4 DQPSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0 2402 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.28	Р
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.29	Р
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.30	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.31	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.32	Р
Ch 39 2441 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.33	Р
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.34	Р
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.35	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.36	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.37	Р
Ch 78 2480 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.38	Р
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.39	Р
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.40	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.41	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.42	Р

### For 8DPSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0 2402 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.43	Р
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.44	Р
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.45	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.46	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.47	Р





Ch 39 2441 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.48	Р
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.49	Р
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.50	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.51	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.52	Р
Ch 78 2480 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.53	Р
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.54	Р
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.55	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.56	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.57	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below

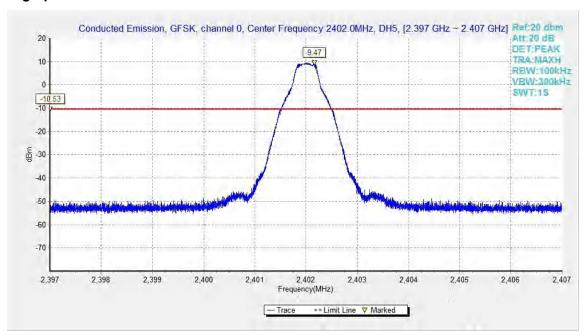


Fig.13. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0,2402MHz





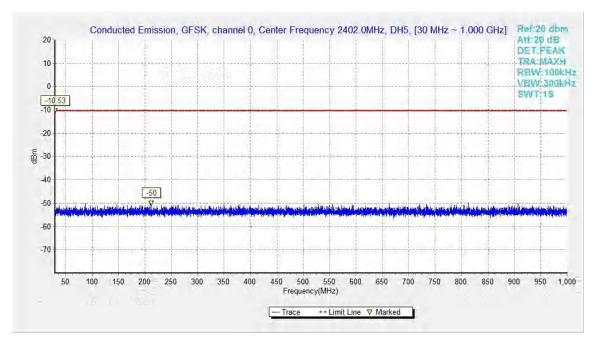


Fig.14. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz

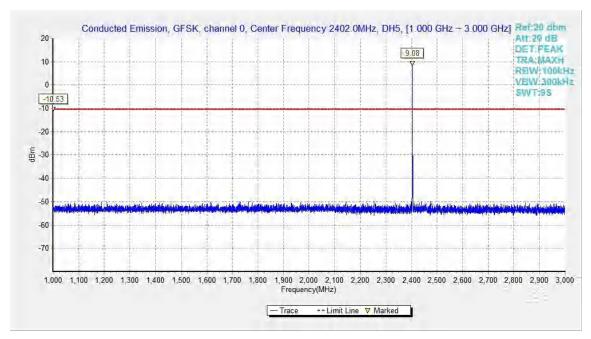


Fig.15. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz





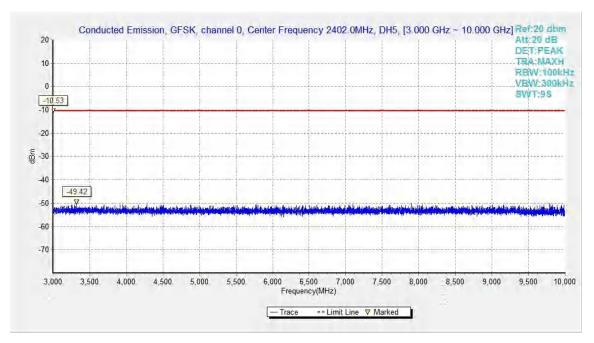


Fig.16. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz

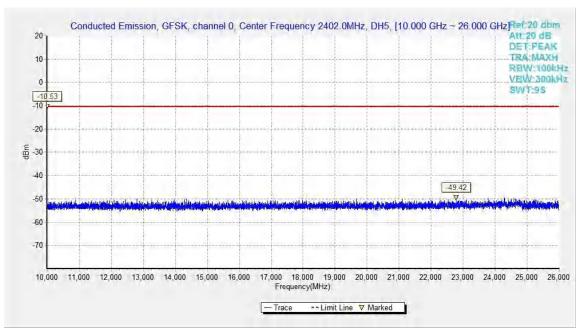


Fig.17. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0,10GHz - 26GHz





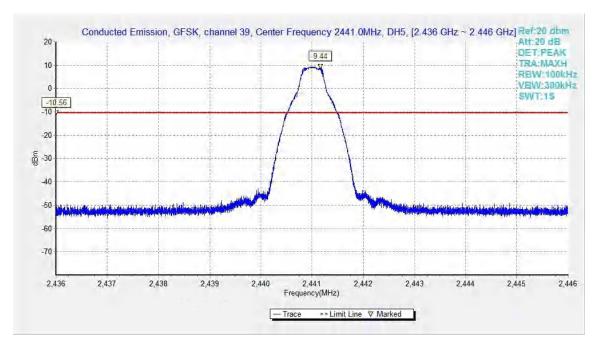


Fig.18. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz

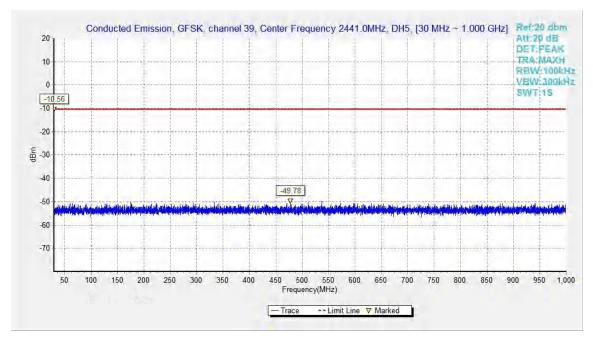


Fig.19. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz





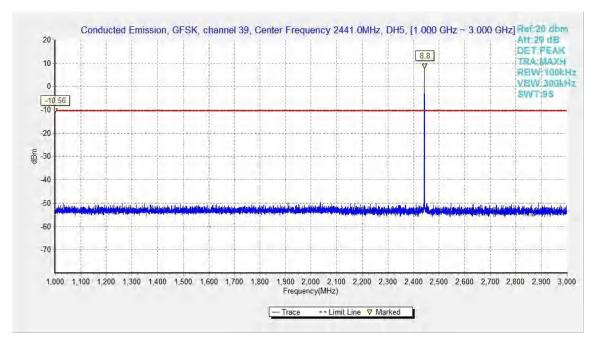


Fig.20. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 1GHz – 3GHz

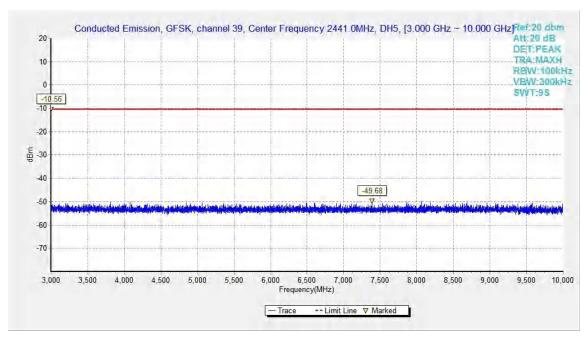


Fig.21. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 3GHz - 10GHz





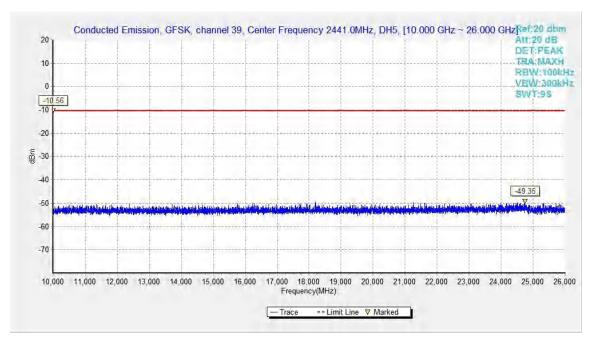


Fig.22. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz

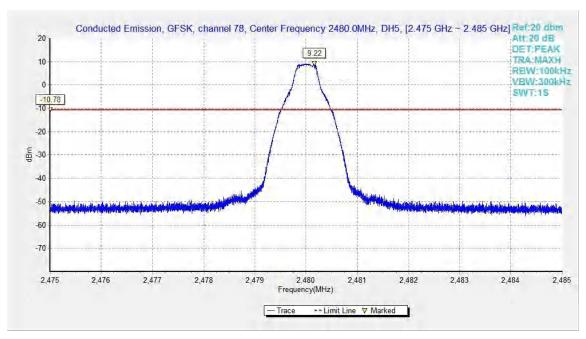


Fig.23. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz



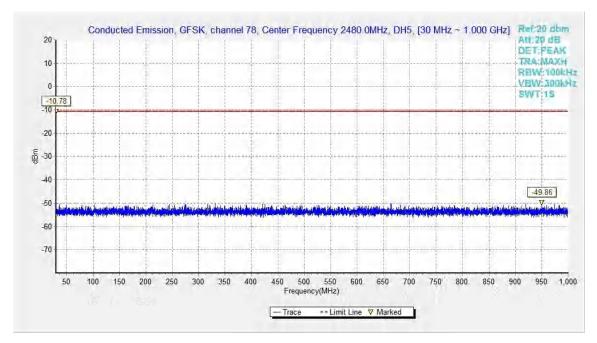


Fig.24. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz

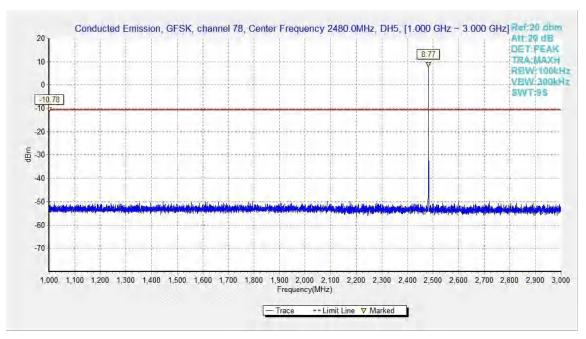


Fig.25. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz





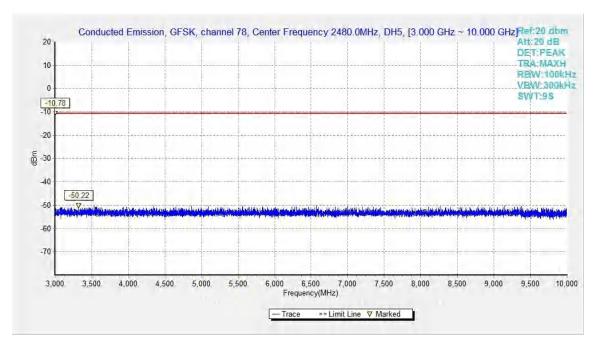


Fig.26. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz

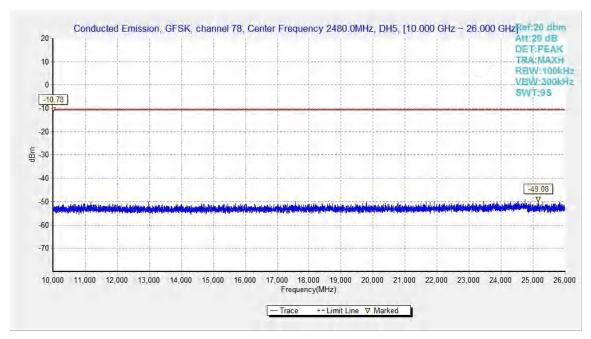


Fig.27. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz



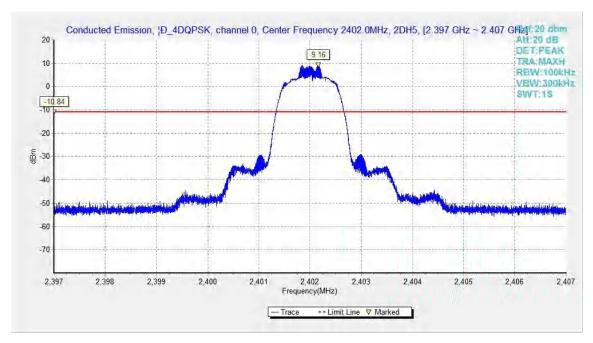


Fig.28. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0,2402MHz

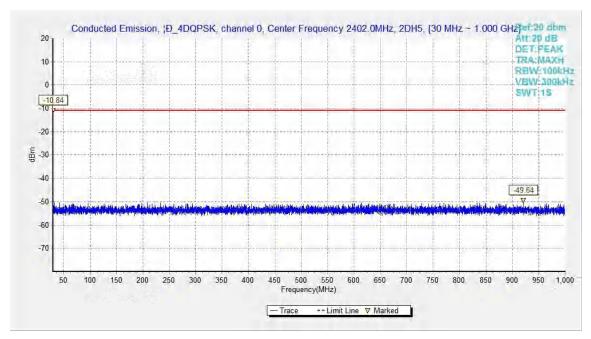


Fig.29. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz





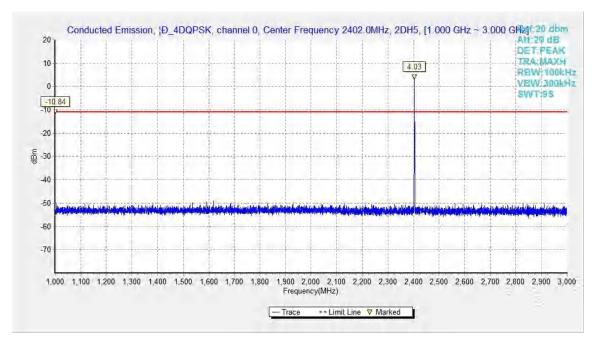


Fig.30. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz

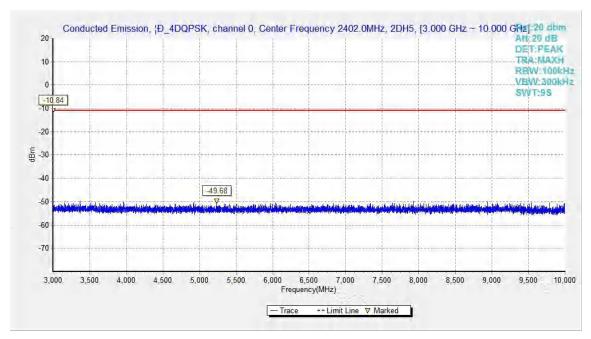


Fig.31. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz





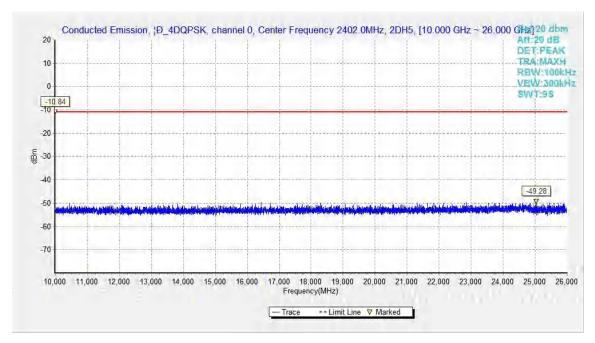


Fig.32. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0,10GHz - 26GHz

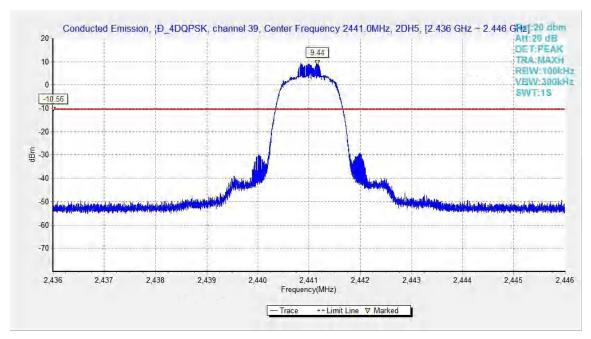


Fig.33. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz





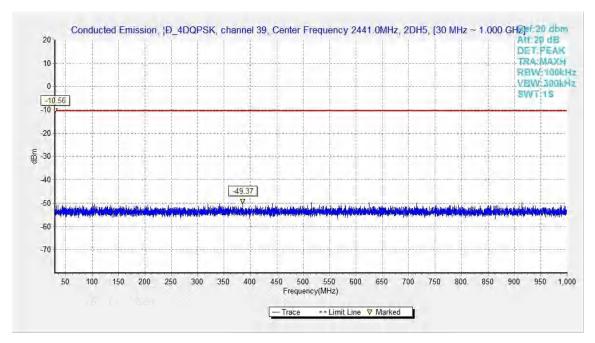


Fig.34. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz

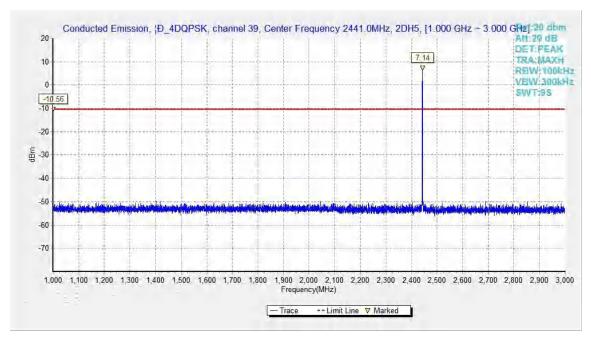


Fig.35. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 1GHz - 3GHz





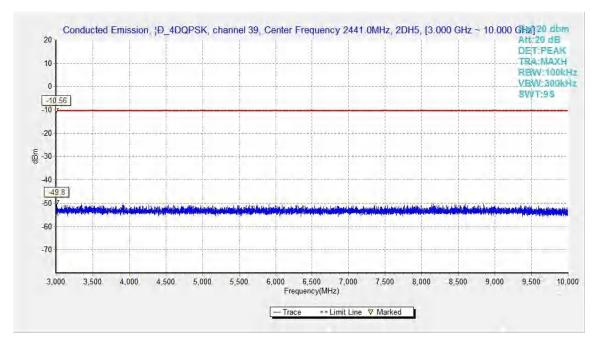


Fig.36. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 3GHz - 10GHz

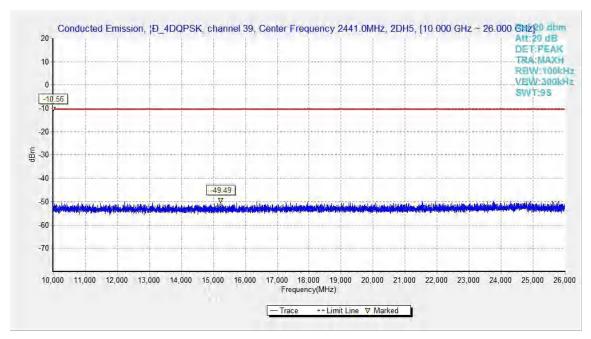


Fig.37. Conducted spurious emission: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz



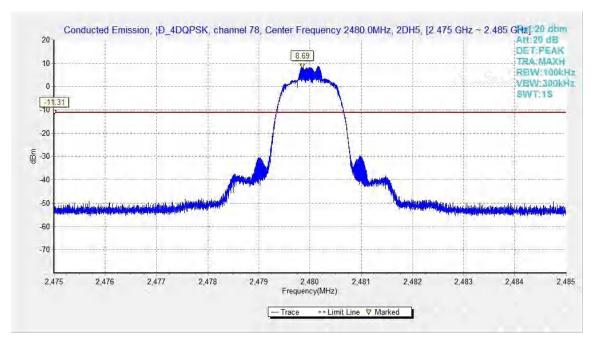


Fig.38. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz

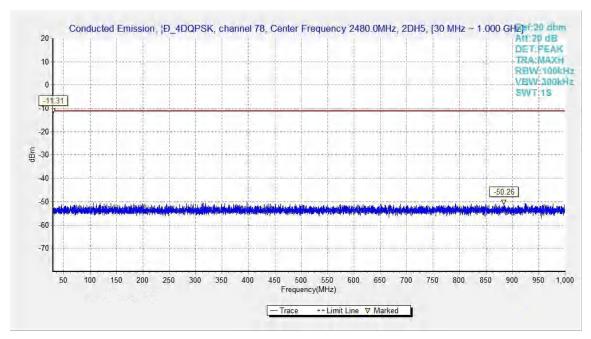


Fig.39. Conducted spurious emission: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz



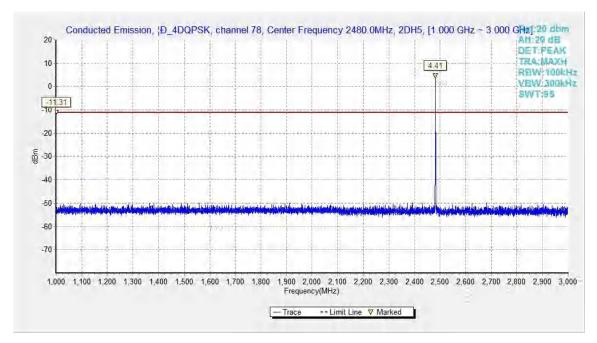


Fig.40. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz

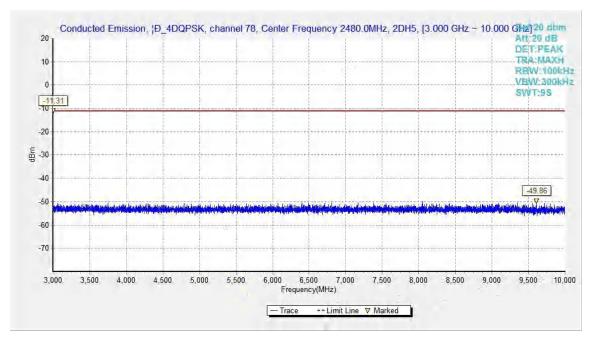


Fig.41. Conducted spurious emission: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz



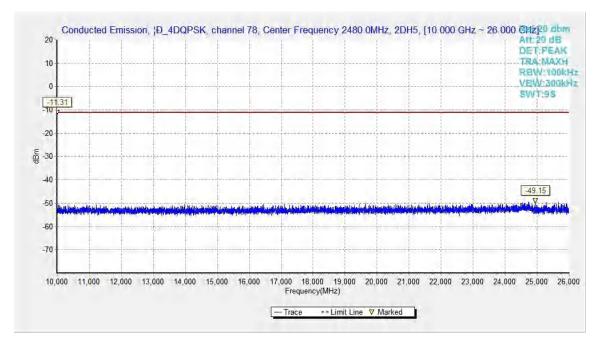


Fig.42. Conducted spurious emission: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz

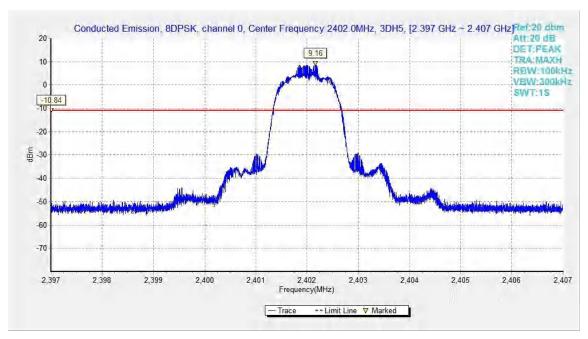


Fig.43. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0,2402MHz





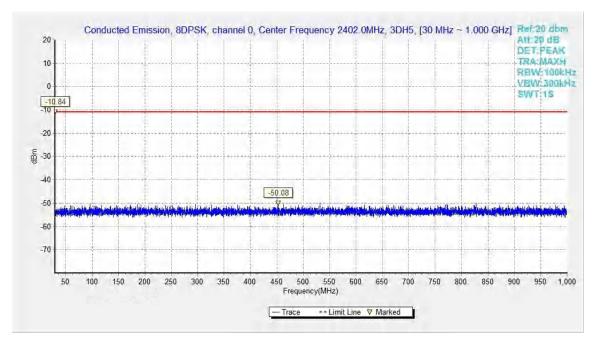


Fig.44. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz

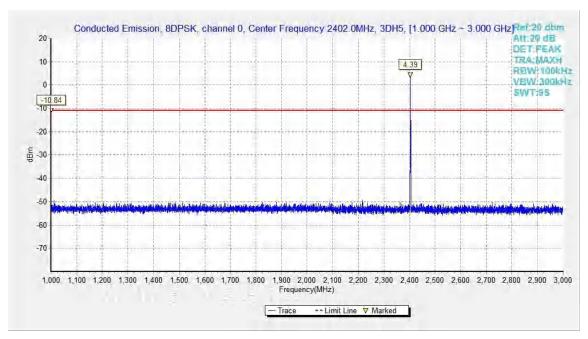


Fig.45. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz





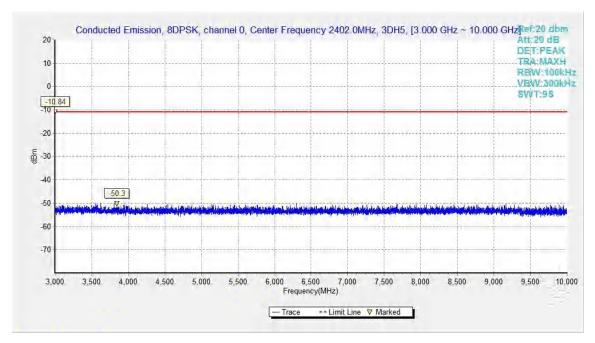


Fig.46. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz

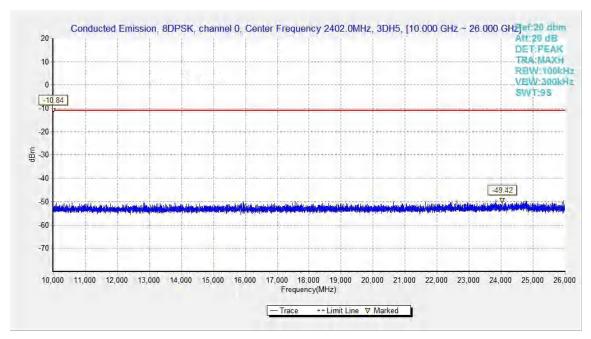


Fig.47. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0,10GHz - 26GHz





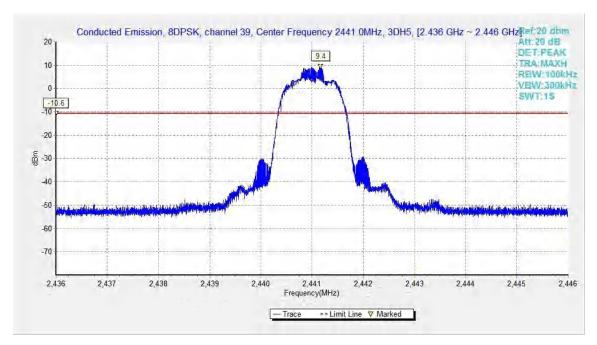


Fig.48. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz

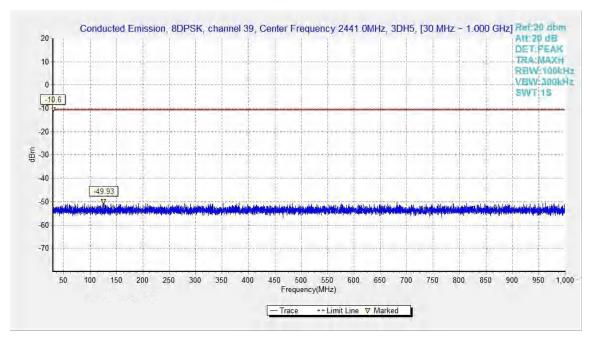


Fig.49. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz





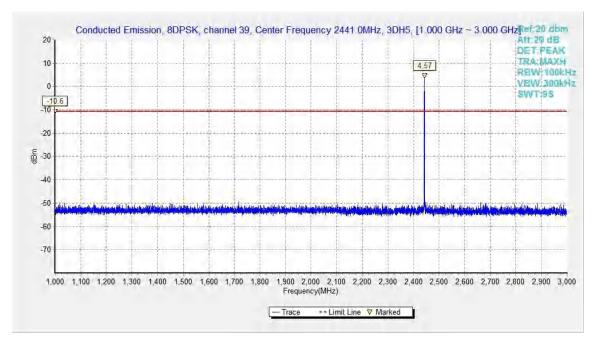


Fig.50. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 1GHz - 3GHz

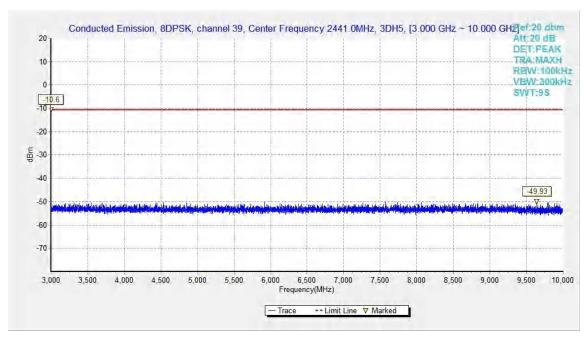


Fig.51. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 3GHz - 10GHz



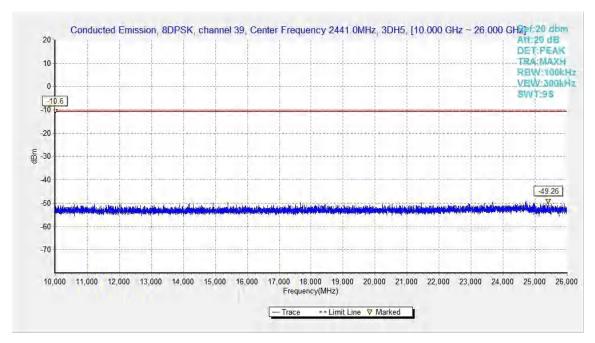


Fig.52. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz

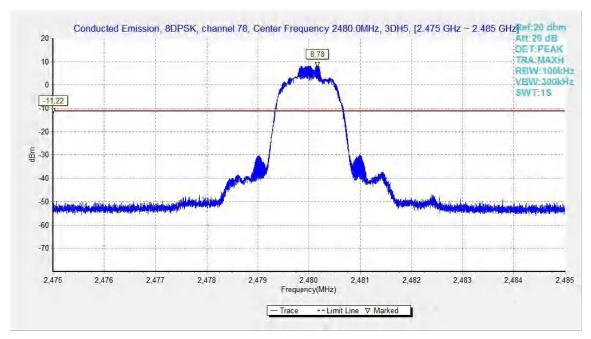


Fig.53. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz





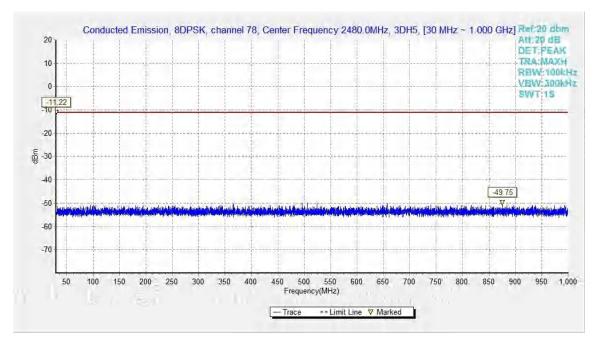


Fig.54. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz

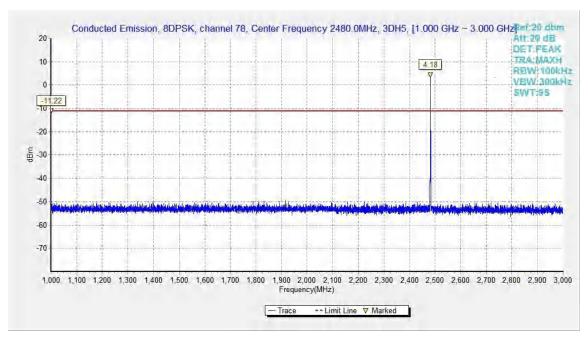


Fig.55. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz



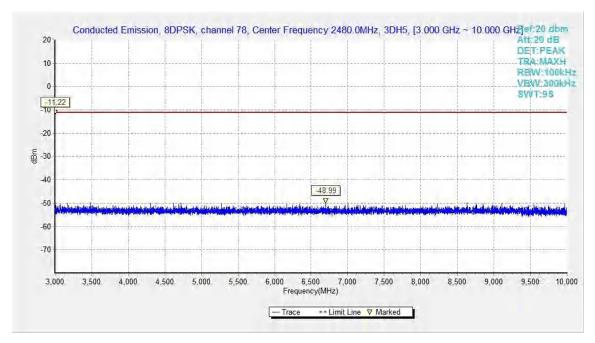


Fig.56. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz

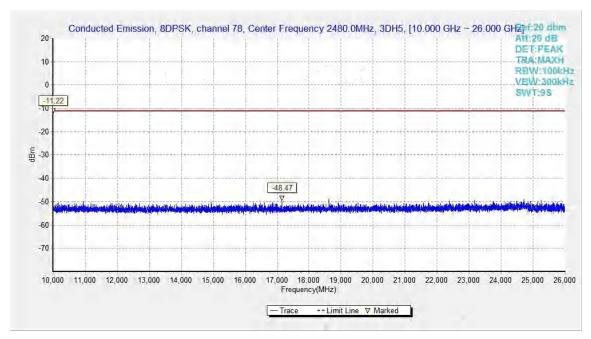


Fig.57. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz





# **B.5. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)**

### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.4

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW ≥ RBW
- Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold

Measure a pulse time in time domain at middle frequency and then count the hopping number in 31.6s(which equals with 0.4 multiply 79) of middle frequency ,then multiply the pulse time and hopping number and record them.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit (ms)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	< 400

### **Measurement Result:**

### For GFSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)		Numb Transm	oer of iissions	Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
	DH1	Fig.58	0.38	Fig.59	320	121.6	Р
39	DH3	Fig.60	1.63	Fig.61	119	193.97	Р
	DH5	Fig.62	2.88	Fig.63	58	167.04	Р

#### For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)		Numb Transm		Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
	2DH1	Fig.64	0.38	Fig.65	320	121.6	Р
39	2DH3	Fig.66	1.63	Fig.67	105	171.15	Р
	2DH5	Fig.68	2.88	Fig.69	55	158.4	Р





## For 8DPSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)			per of hissions	Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
	3DH1	Fig.70	0.38	Fig.71	318	120.84	Р
39	3DH3	Fig.72	1.63	Fig.73	92	149.96	Р
	3DH5	Fig.74	2.89	Fig.75	58	167.62	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:

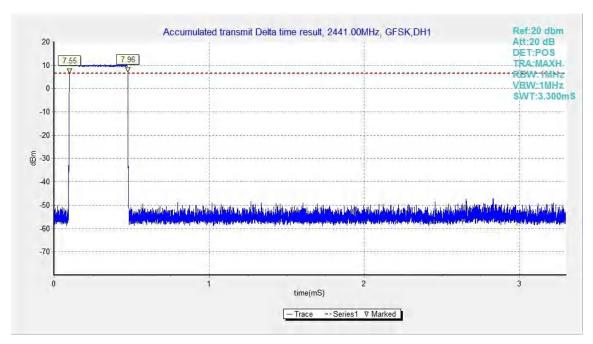


Fig.58. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH1





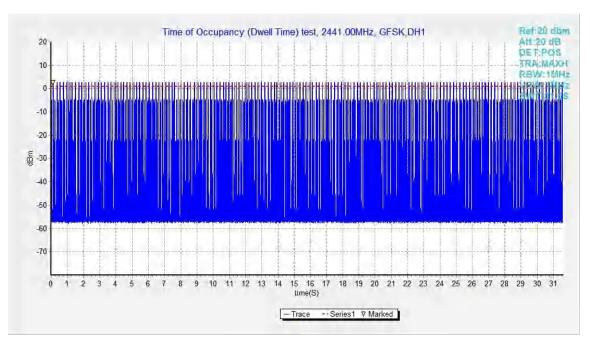


Fig.59. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH1

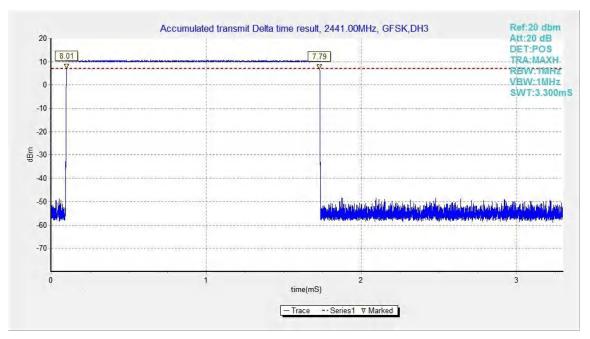


Fig.60. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH3





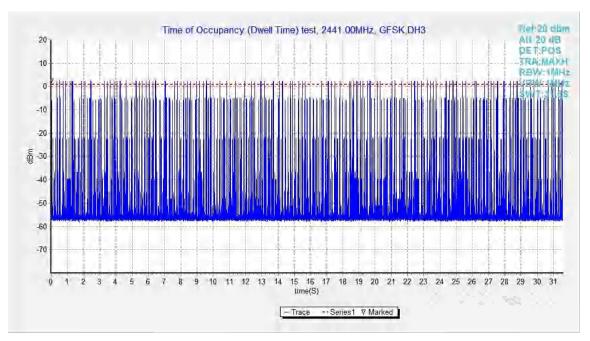


Fig.61. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH3

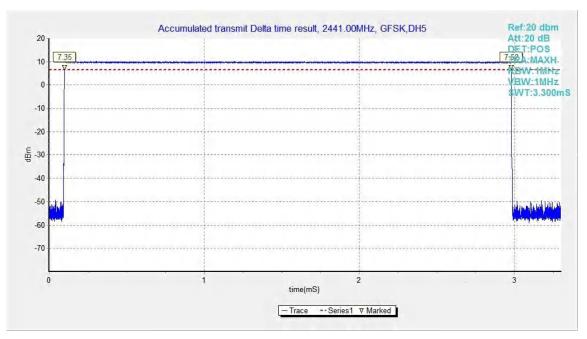


Fig.62. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH5





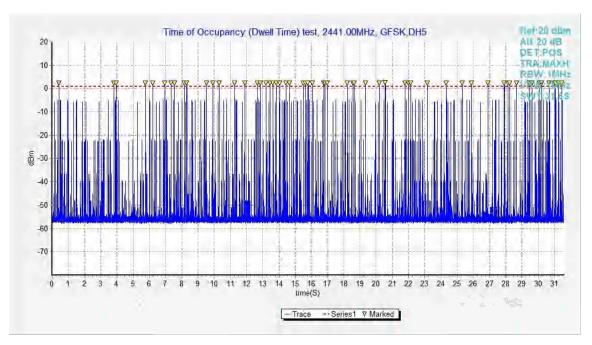


Fig.63. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH5

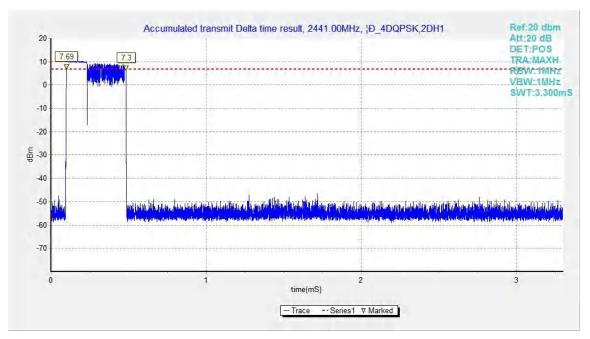


Fig.64. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1





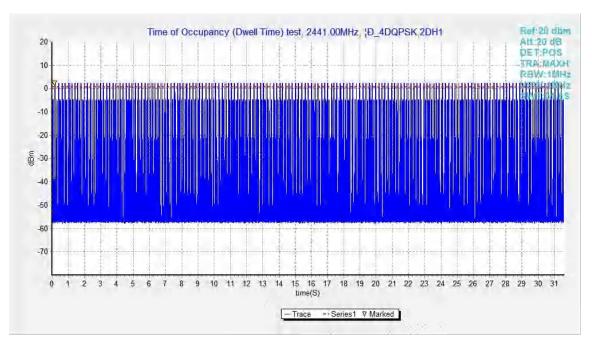


Fig.65. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1

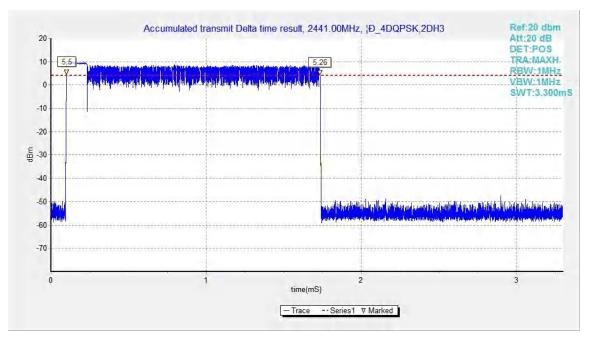


Fig.66. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3





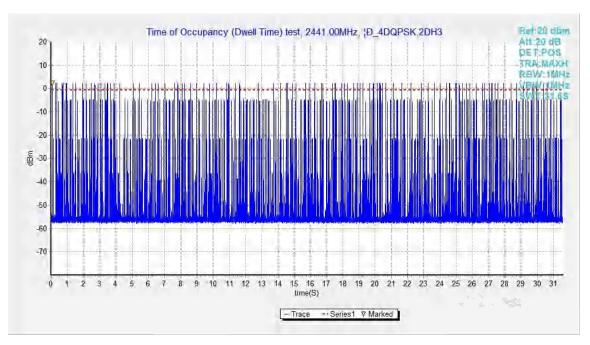


Fig.67. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3

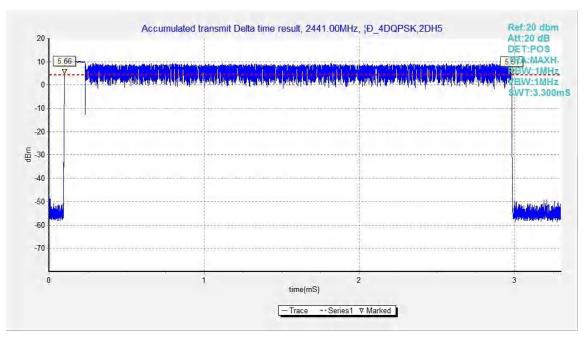


Fig.68. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5





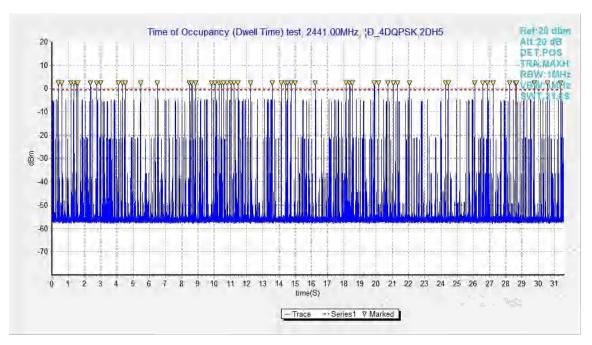


Fig.69. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5

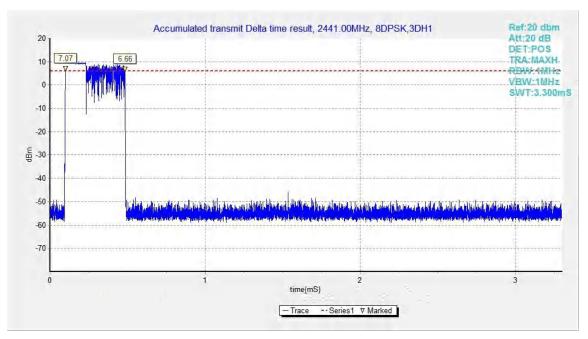


Fig.70. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH1





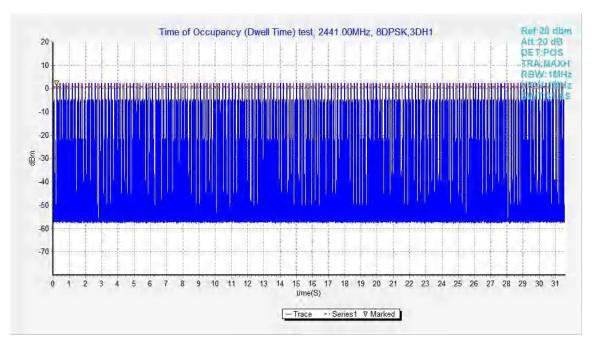


Fig.71. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH1

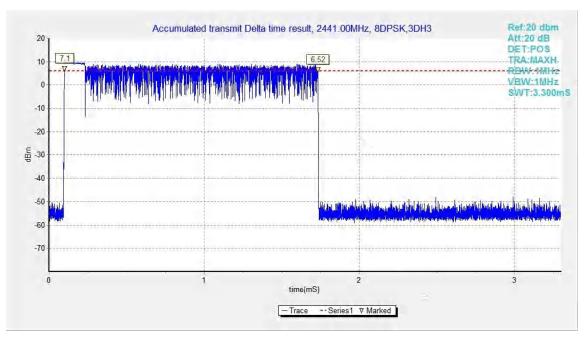


Fig.72. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH3





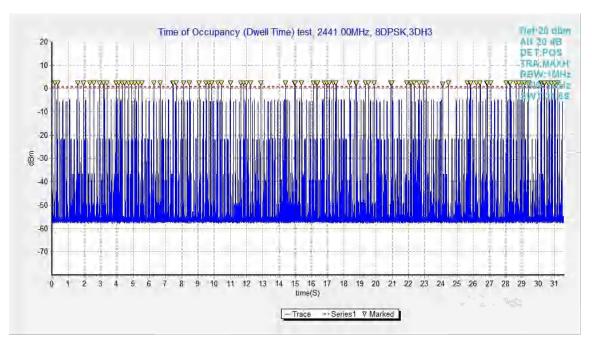


Fig.73. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH3

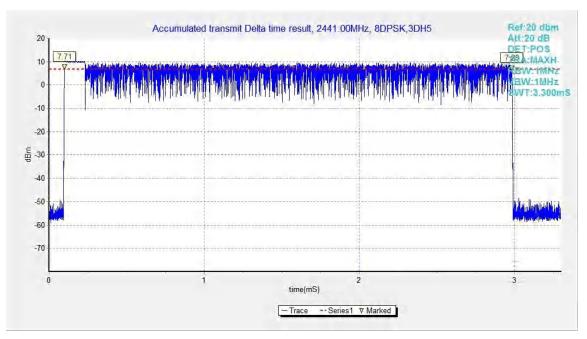


Fig.74. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5





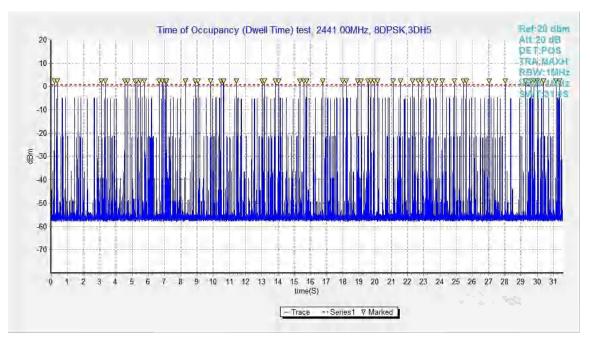


Fig.75. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5





## B.6. 20dB Bandwidth

# Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.9.2

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

- 1. Set RBW = 30kHz.
- 2. Set VBW = 100 kHz.
- 3. Set span to 3MHz
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Trace Mode = max hold.
- 6. Sweep = auto couple.
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	NA *

Use NdB Down function of the SA to measure the 20dB Bandwidth

\* Comment: This test case is not required according to the latest FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247. But the test results are necessary for "carrier frequency separation" test case, in Annex A.8.

### **Measurement Results:**

#### For GFSK

Channel	20dB Band	Conclusion			
0	Fig.76 950.25		NA		
39	Fig.77	939.00	NA		
78	Fig.78	945.00	NA		

### For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	20dB Band	Conclusion	
0	Fig.79 1261.50		NA
39	Fig.80	1222.50	NA
78	Fig.81	1229.25	NA

# For 8DPSK

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.82 1242.75		NA
39	Fig.83	1204.50	NA
78	Fig.84	1262.25	NA

**Conclusion: NA** 

Test graphs as below:





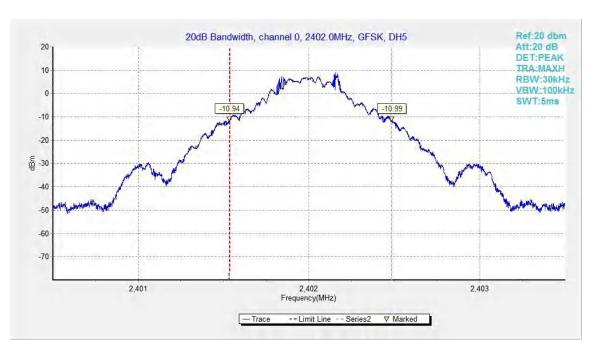


Fig.76. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 0

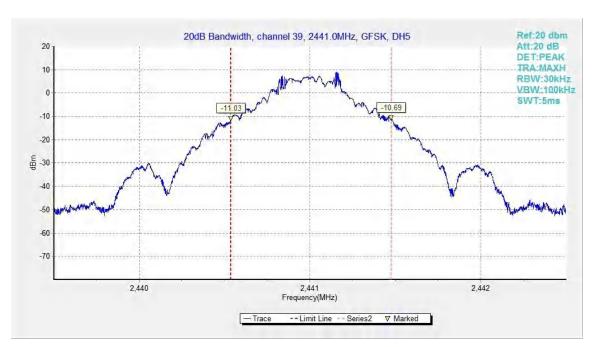


Fig.77. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 39





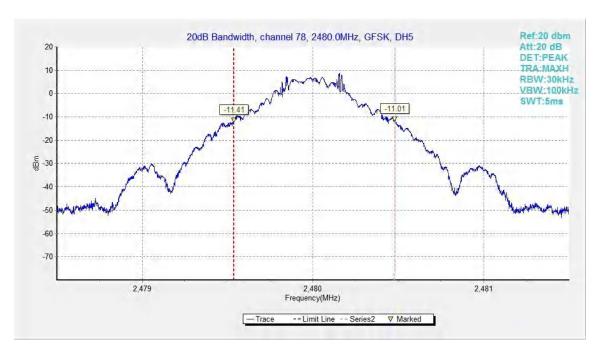


Fig.78. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 78

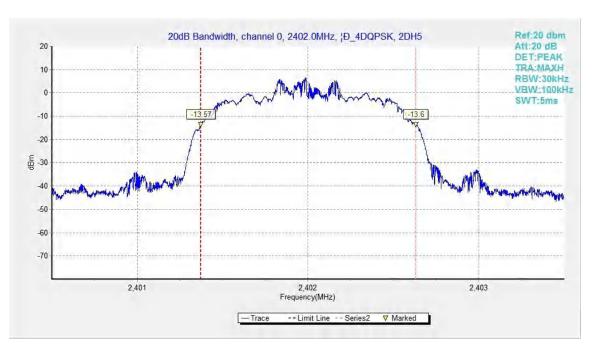


Fig.79. 20dB Bandwidth:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0





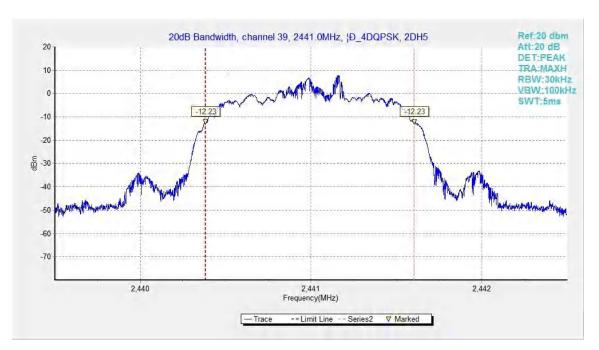


Fig.80. 20dB Bandwidth:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39

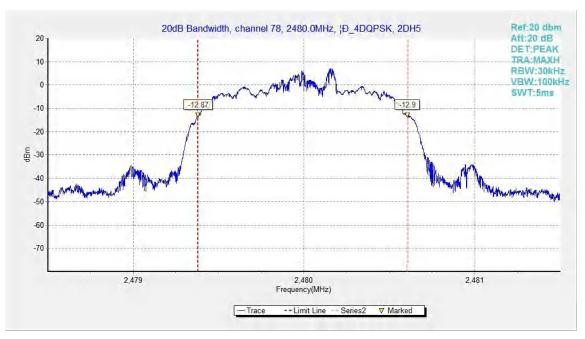


Fig.81. 20dB Bandwidth: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 78





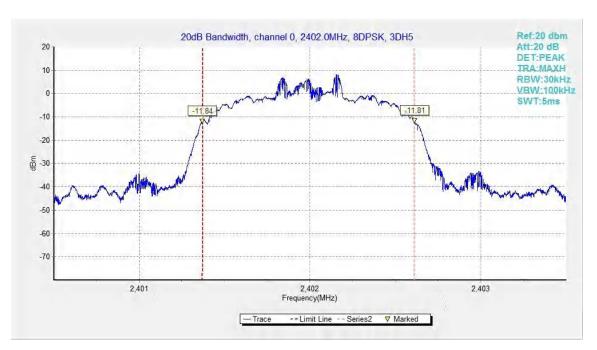


Fig.82. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 0

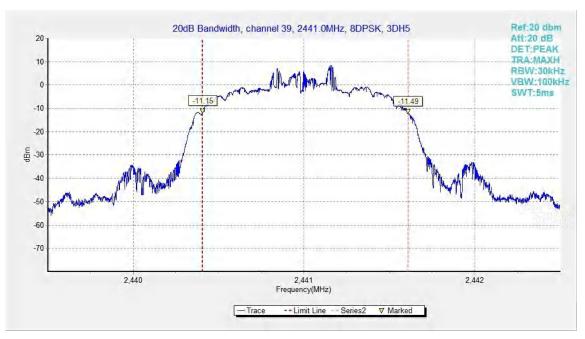


Fig.83. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 39





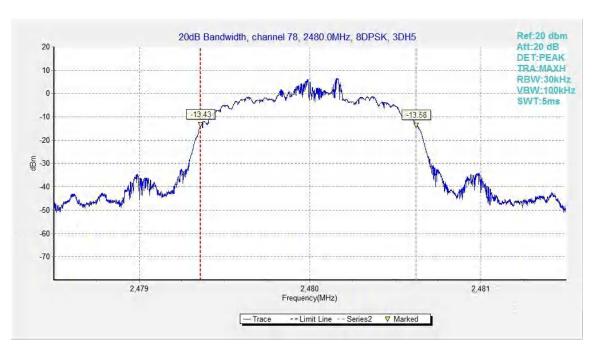


Fig.84. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 78





# **B.7. Carrier Frequency Separation**

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.2

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = 3MHz
- RBW=300kHz
- VBW=300kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

Search the peak marks of the middle frequency and adjacent channel, then record the separation between them.

\* Comment: This limit should be over 25 kHz or (2/3) \* 20dB bandwidth, whichever is greater.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit(kHz)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	over 25 kHz or (2/3) * 20dB bandwidth

#### Measurement Result:

## For GFSK

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)		Conclusion
39	Fig.85	1160.25	Р

# For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)		Conclusion
39	Fig.86	1128.75	Р

#### For 8DPSK

Channel	Carrier frequency	Conclusion	
39	Fig.87	1124.25	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:





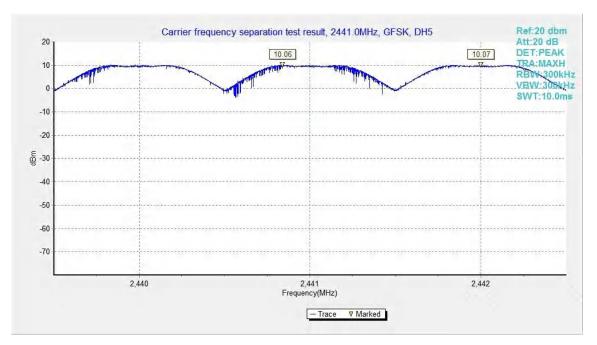


Fig.85. Carrier frequency separation measurement: GFSK, Channel 39

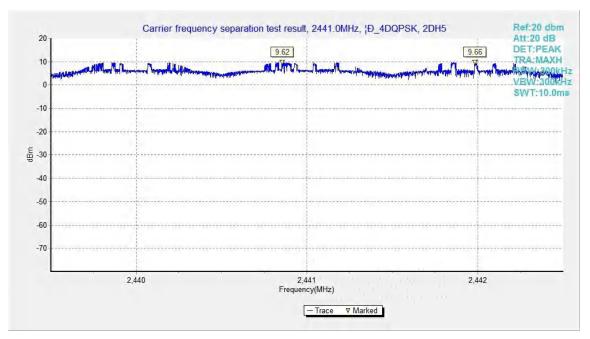


Fig.86. Carrier frequency separation measurement: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 39





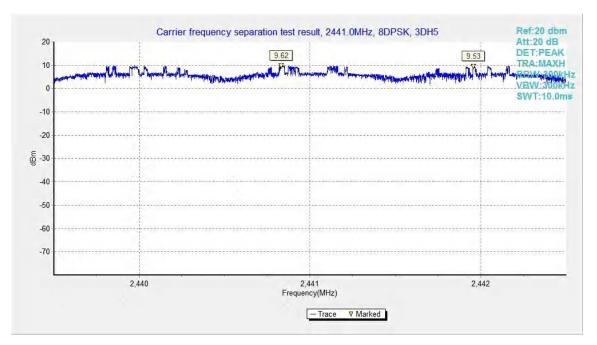


Fig.87. Carrier frequency separation measurement: 8DPSK, Channel 39





# **B.8. Number of Hopping Channels**

### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.3

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = the frequency band of operation
- RBW = 500kHz
- VBW = 500kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	At least 15 non-overlapping channels

### **Measurement Result:**

#### For GFSK

Channel	Number of hopping channels		Conclusion
0~39	Fig.88	70	D
40~78	Fig.89	79	r l

#### Forπ/4 DQPSK

Channel	Number of hopping channels		Conclusion
0~39	Fig.90	70	В
40~78	Fig.91	79	F

### For 8DPSK

Channel	Number of hopping channels		Conclusion
0~39	Fig.92	70	D
40~78	Fig.93	79	Р

Conclusion: PASS
Test graphs as below:





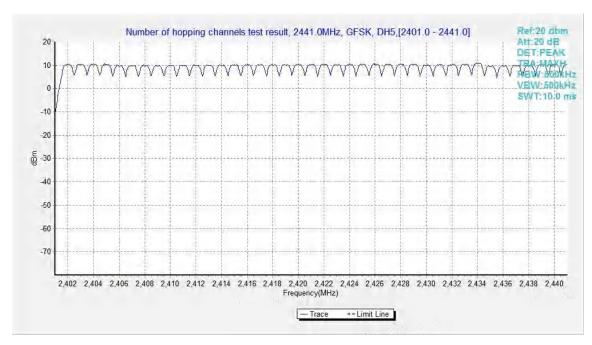


Fig.88. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 0 - 39

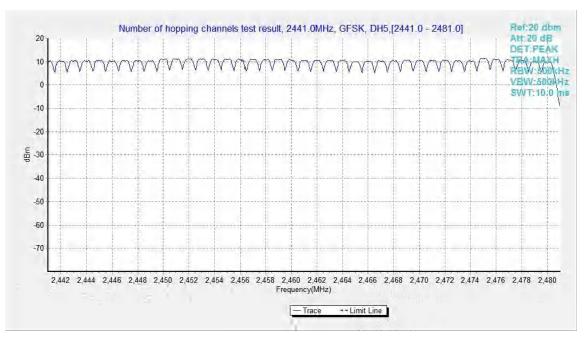


Fig.89. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 40 - 78



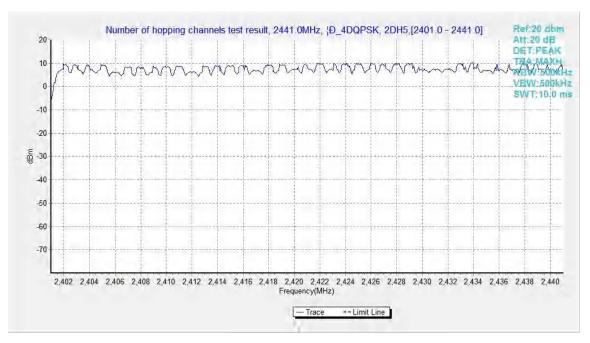


Fig. 90. Number of hopping frequencies:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0 - 39

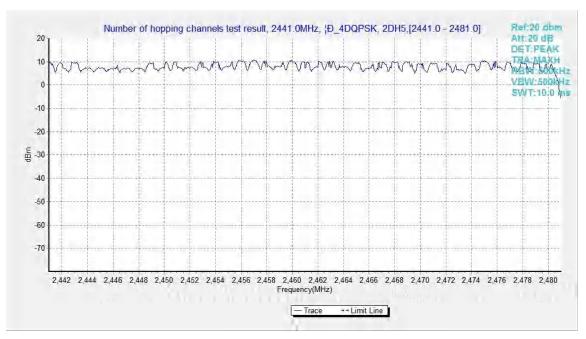


Fig.91. Number of hopping frequencies: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 40 - 78



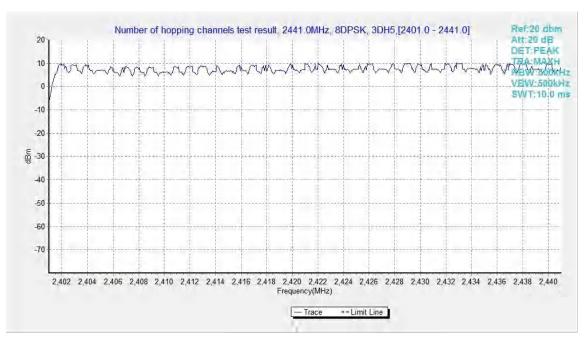


Fig.92. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 0 - 39

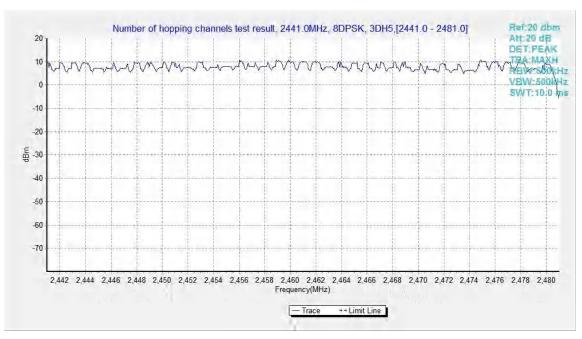


Fig.93. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 40 - 78





# **ANNEX C: Accreditation Certificate**

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



# Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2017

NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0

# Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

Beijing China

is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:

## **Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications**

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025;2017.

This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).

2022-10-01 through 2023-09-30

Effective Dates



For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

\*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*