

RF TEST REPORT

For

Shenzhen Chuangquan Electronics Co., Ltd.**Product Name: Bluetooth Speakers**

Test Model(s): A15, A23, A25, A30, A26, A8, A6, A16, A18, A19, A26, A28, A9, A36, A35, A37, A39, A65, A66, A68, A69, A80, A86, A88, A90, A96, A98, A99, GS560, GS550, GS520, GS500, GS510, GS812, GS700, GS530, GS570, GS580, GS590, GS811, GS813, GS815

Report Reference No. : POCE231027002RL001

FCC ID : 2AYFJ-A15

Applicant's Name : Shenzhen Chuangquan Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address : No. 102, Building 2, Lane 18, Chilingtou Xinyi village Gaofeng Community, Dalang Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen Guangdong, China

Testing Laboratory : Shenzhen POCE Technology Co., Ltd.

Address : 101-102 Building H5 & 1/F., Building H, Hongfa Science & Technology Park, Tangtou, Shiyan, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Test Specification Standard : 47 CFR Part 15.247
ANSI C63.10-2013
KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

Date of Receipt : October 25, 2023

Date of Test : October 25, 2023 to November 3, 2023

Date of Issue : November 3, 2023

Result : Pass

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Revision History Of Report

Version	Description	REPORT No.	Issue Date
V1.0	Original	POCE231027002RL001	November 3, 2023

NOTE1:

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards.

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CONTENTS

1	TEST SUMMARY	5
1.1	TEST STANDARDS	5
1.2	SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT	5
2	GENERAL INFORMATION	6
2.1	CLIENT INFORMATION	6
2.2	DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE (EUT)	6
2.3	DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES	6
2.4	DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS	6
2.5	EQUIPMENTS USED DURING THE TEST	7
2.6	STATEMENT OF THE MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	8
2.7	AUTHORIZATIONS	8
2.8	ANNOUNCEMENT	8
3	EVALUATION RESULTS (EVALUATION)	9
3.1	ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	9
3.1.1	Conclusion:	9
4	RADIO SPECTRUM MATTER TEST RESULTS (RF)	10
4.1	CONDUCTED EMISSION AT AC POWER LINE	10
4.1.1	E.U.T. Operation:	10
4.1.2	Test Setup Diagram:	10
4.1.3	Test Data:	11
4.2	OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	13
4.2.1	E.U.T. Operation:	13
4.2.2	Test Setup Diagram:	14
4.2.3	Test Data:	14
4.3	MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	15
4.3.1	E.U.T. Operation:	15
4.3.2	Test Setup Diagram:	15
4.3.3	Test Data:	15
4.4	CHANNEL SEPARATION	16
4.4.1	E.U.T. Operation:	16
4.4.2	Test Setup Diagram:	16
4.4.3	Test Data:	16
4.5	NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES	17
4.5.1	E.U.T. Operation:	17
4.5.2	Test Setup Diagram:	17
4.5.3	Test Data:	17
4.6	DWELL TIME	18
4.6.1	E.U.T. Operation:	18
4.6.2	Test Setup Diagram:	18
4.6.3	Test Data:	19
4.7	EMISSIONS IN NON-RESTRICTED FREQUENCY BANDS	20
4.7.1	E.U.T. Operation:	20
4.7.2	Test Setup Diagram:	20
4.7.3	Test Data:	20
4.8	BAND EDGE EMISSIONS (RADIATED)	21
4.8.1	E.U.T. Operation:	21
4.8.2	Test Setup Diagram:	21
4.8.3	Test Data:	22
4.9	EMISSIONS IN FREQUENCY BANDS (BELOW 1GHz)	24

4.9.1	E.U.T. Operation:.....	25
4.9.2	Test Setup Diagram:.....	25
4.9.3	Test Data:.....	25
4.10	EMISSIONS IN FREQUENCY BANDS (ABOVE 1GHz)	28
4.10.1	E.U.T. Operation:.....	29
4.10.2	Test Setup Diagram:.....	29
4.10.3	Test Data:	29
5	TEST SETUP PHOTOS	33
6	PHOTOS OF THE EUT	33
1.	-20dB BANDWIDTH	34
2.	99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	37
3.	PEAK OUTPUT POWER	40
4.	SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	43
5.	BANDEDGE	49
6.	CARRIER FREQUENCIES SEPARATION (HOPPING).....	57
7.	NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNEL (HOPPING)	60
8.	DWELL TIME (HOPPING)	61

1 TEST SUMMARY

1.1 Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

47 CFR Part 15.247: Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz

1.2 Summary of Test Result

Item	Standard	Method	Result
Antenna requirement	47 CFR Part 15.247		Pass
Conducted Emission at AC power line	47 CFR Part 15.247	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.2	Pass
Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15.247	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.7 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Pass
Maximum Conducted Output Power	47 CFR Part 15.247	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.5 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Pass
Channel Separation	47 CFR Part 15.247	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.2 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Pass
Number of Hopping Frequencies	47 CFR Part 15.247	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.3 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Pass
Dwell Time	47 CFR Part 15.247	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.4 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Pass
Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands	47 CFR Part 15.247	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.8 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Pass
Band edge emissions (Radiated)	47 CFR Part 15.247	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.10 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Pass
Emissions in frequency bands (below 1GHz)	47 CFR Part 15.247	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.6.4 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Pass
Emissions in frequency bands (above 1GHz)	47 CFR Part 15.247	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.6.4 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Pass

Note: 1.N/A -this device(EUT) is not applicable to this testing item

2. RF-conducted test results including cable loss.

2 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Client Information

Applicant's Name : Shenzhen Chuangquan Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address : No. 102, Building 2, Lane 18, Chilingtou Xinyi village Gaofeng Community, Dalang Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen Guangdong, China

Manufacturer : Shenzhen Chuangquan Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address : No. 102, Building 2, Lane 18, Chilingtou Xinyi village Gaofeng Community, Dalang Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen Guangdong, China

2.2 Description of Device (EUT)

Product Name:	Bluetooth Speakers
Sample number:	231025006-1
Model/Type reference:	A15
Series Model:	A23, A25, A30, A26, A8, A6, A16, A18, A19, A26, A28, A9, A36, A35, A37, A39, A65, A66, A68, A69, A80, A86, A88, A90, A96, A98, A99, GS560, GS550, GS520, GS500, GS510, GS812, GS700, GS530, GS570, GS580, GS590, GS811, GS813, GS815
Model Difference:	According to the customer's needs, only the name is different, and other parts such as BOM, PCB, etc. are the same, which does not affect the EMC and RF performance of the product. Therefore, the test model is A15.
Trade Mark:	HUO JI
Product Description:	Bluetooth Speakers
Power Supply:	DC3.7V from battery / charging by DC5.0V
Operation Frequency:	2402-2480MHz
Number of Channels:	79
Modulation Type:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK
Antenna Type:	PCB ANTENNA
Antenna Gain:	0dBi
Hardware Version:	V1.3
Software Version:	V1.0.2.2

2.3 Description of Test Modes

No	Title	Description
TM1	TX-GFSK (Non-Hopping)	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode with GFSK (Non-Hopping) modulation type.
TM2	TX-Pi/4DQPSK (Non-Hopping)	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode with Pi/4DQPSK (Non-Hopping) modulation type.
TM3	TX-GFSK (Hopping)	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode with GFSK (Hopping) modulation type.
TM4	TX-Pi/4DQPSK (Hopping)	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode with Pi/4DQPSK (Hopping) modulation type.

2.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Item	Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Remark	Certification
1	ADAPTER	PHOTON	ATXC-069AC65B	Provide by lab	SDOC

2

2.5 Equipments Used During The Test

Conducted Emission at AC power line					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal. Due Date
Shielding room	CY	8*4*3	20160102	2023/1/26	2025/1/25
Pulse Limiter	Schwarzbeck	VTSD 9561	561-G071	2023/2/27	2024/2/26
Cable	Schwarzbeck	/	/	2023/2/27	2024/2/26
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	1164.6607K03-102109-MH	2023/6/13	2024/6/12
L.I.S.N	R&S	ESH3-Z5	831.5518.52	2022/12/29	2023/12/28
L.I.S.N	Schwarzbeck	NSLK 8126	NSLK 8126	2023/8/8	2024/8/7
50ΩCoaxial Switch	Anritsu	MP59B	M20531	/	/
EMI Testsoftware	Farad	EZ -EMC	V1.1.42	/	/

Emissions in restricted frequency bands and RF					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	102109	2023/6/13	2024/6/12
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP30	1321.3008K40-101729-jR	2023/6/14	2024/6/13
966 Chamber	CY	9*6*6	20160101	2023/1/26	2025/1/25
Bore-sighting Antenna rack	PBB	1308503	16033	/	/
Loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900C	ZN30900C	2021/7/5	2024/7/4
Broadband Antenna	Sunol Sciences	JB6 Antenna	A090414	2023/5-21	2025/5-20
Horn Antenna	Sunol Sciences	DRH-118	A091114	2023/5/13	2025/5/12
Horn antenna	COM-POWER	AH-1840(40G)	10100008	2023/4/5	2025/4/4
Power APM(LF)	Schwarzbeck	BBV9743	9743-151	2023/6/13	2024/6/12
Power APM(HF)	Schwarzbeck	BBV9718	9718-282	2023/6/13	2024/6/12
Cable(LF)#2	Schwarzbeck	/	/	2023/2/27	2024/2/26
Cable(LF)#1	Schwarzbeck	/	/	2023/2/27	2024/2/26
Cable(HF)#2	Schwarzbeck	AK9515E	96250	2023/2/28	2024/2/27
Cable(HF)#1	Schwarzbeck	SYV-50-3-1	/	2023/2/27	2024/2/26
Power divider	MIDEWEST	PWD-2533	SMA-79	2023/5/11	2026/5/10
signal generator	Keysight	N5181A	MY48180415	2022/12/10	2023/12/9
signal generator	Keysight	N5182A	MY50143455	2022/12/29	2023/12/28
Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9020A	MY53420323	2022/12/29	2023/12/28
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	MY45102835	2022/12/29	2023/12/28
RF Sensor Unit	TACHOY	TR1029-2	000001	/	/
RF Control Unit	TACHOY	TR1029-1	000001	/	/
Position Controller	MF	MF-7802	/	/	/
EMI Testsoftware	Farad	EZ -EMC	V1.1.42	/	/
RF TestSoftware	TACHOY	RTS-01	V2.0.0.0	/	/

2.6 Statement Of The Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Measurement Uncertainty
Conducted Disturbance (0.15~30MHz)	$\pm 3.41\text{dB}$
Duty cycle	$\pm 3.1\%$
RF conducted power	$\pm 0.733\text{dB}$
RF power density	$\pm 0.234\%$
Occupied Bandwidth	$\pm 3.63\%$
Radiated Emission (Above 1GHz)	$\pm 5.46\text{dB}$
Radiated Emission (Below 1GHz)	$\pm 5.79\text{dB}$
Note: (1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.	

2.7 Authorizations

Company Name:	Shenzhen POCE Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	101-102 Building H5 & 1/F., Building H, Hongfa Science & Technology Park, Tangtou, Shiyan, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Phone Number:	+86-13267178997
Fax Number:	86-755-29113252

Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Company Name:	Shenzhen POCE Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	101-102 Building H5 & 1/F., Building H, Hongfa Science & Technology Park, Tangtou, Shiyan, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Phone Number:	+86-13267178997
Fax Number:	86-755-29113252
FCC Registration Number:	0032847402
Designation Number:	CN1342
Test Firm Registration No.:	778666
A2LA Certificate Number:	6270.01

2.8 Announcement

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v0.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing, reviewing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by POCE and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (6) We hereby declare that the laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant. the laboratory is not responsible for the accuracy of the information provided by the client. When the information provided by the customer may affect the effectiveness of the results, the responsibility lies with the customer, and the laboratory does not assume any responsibility.

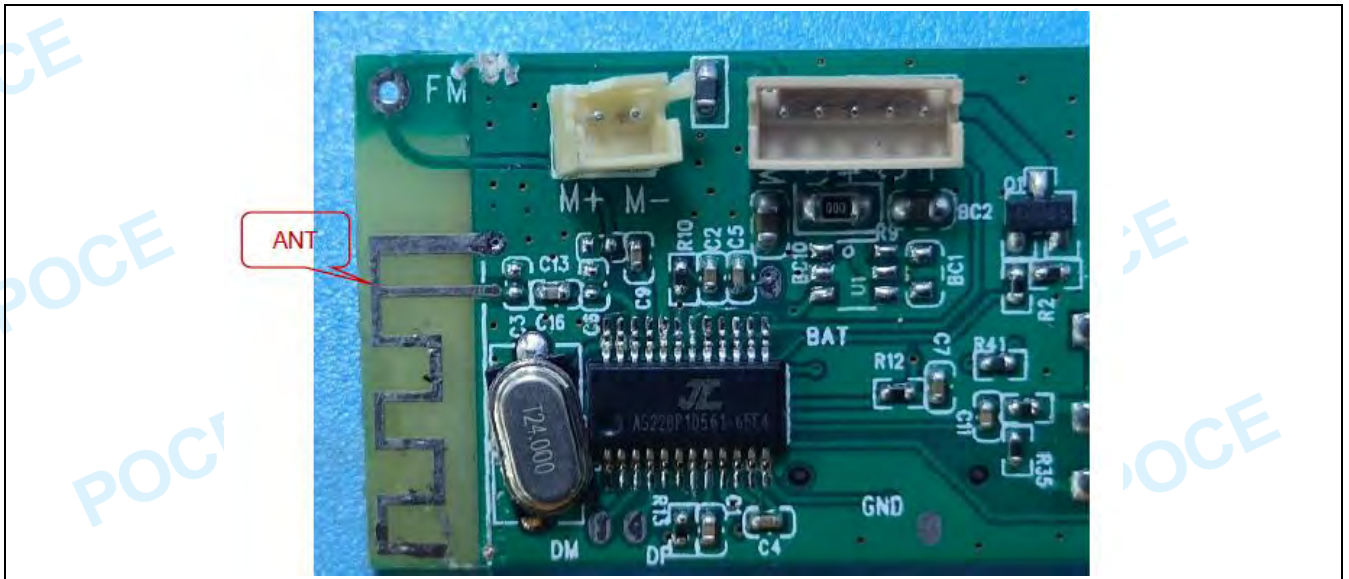
3 Evaluation Results (Evaluation)

3.1 Antenna requirement

Test Requirement:

Refer to 47 CFR Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

3.1.1 Conclusion:



4 Radio Spectrum Matter Test Results (RF)

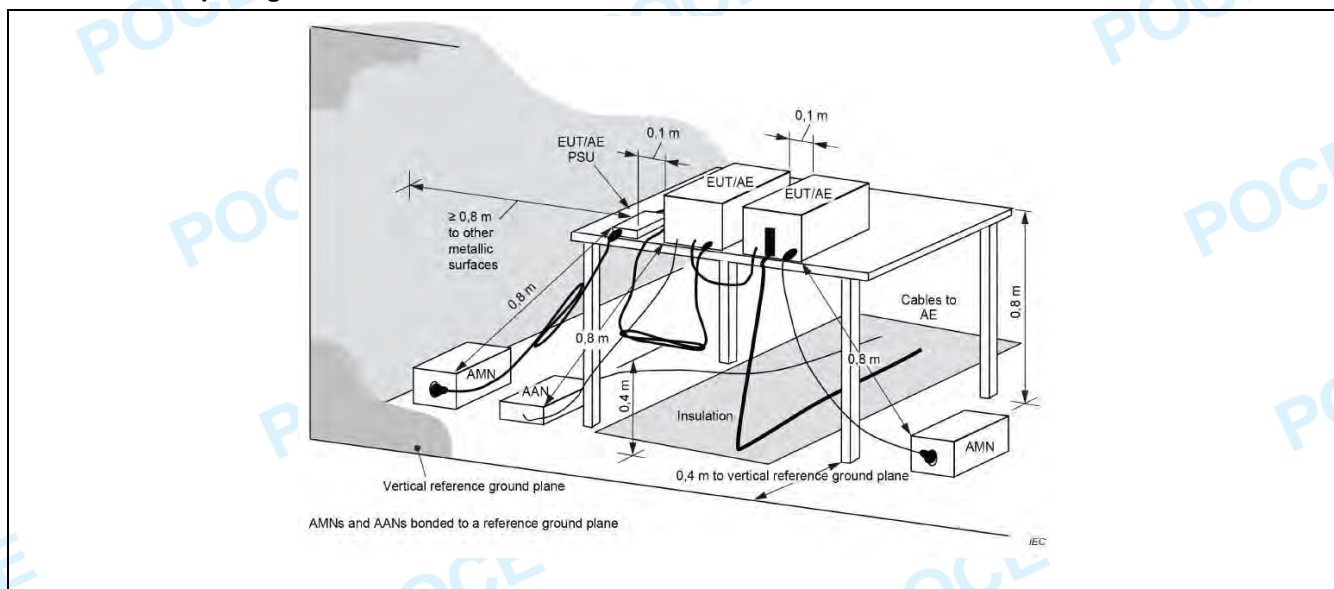
4.1 Conducted Emission at AC power line

Test Requirement:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.207(a), Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).		
Test Limit:	Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
		Quasi-peak	Average
	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
	0.5-5	56	46
	5-30	60	50
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.			
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.2		
Procedure:	Refer to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.2, standard test method for ac power-line conducted emissions from unlicensed wireless devices		

4.1.1 E.U.T. Operation:

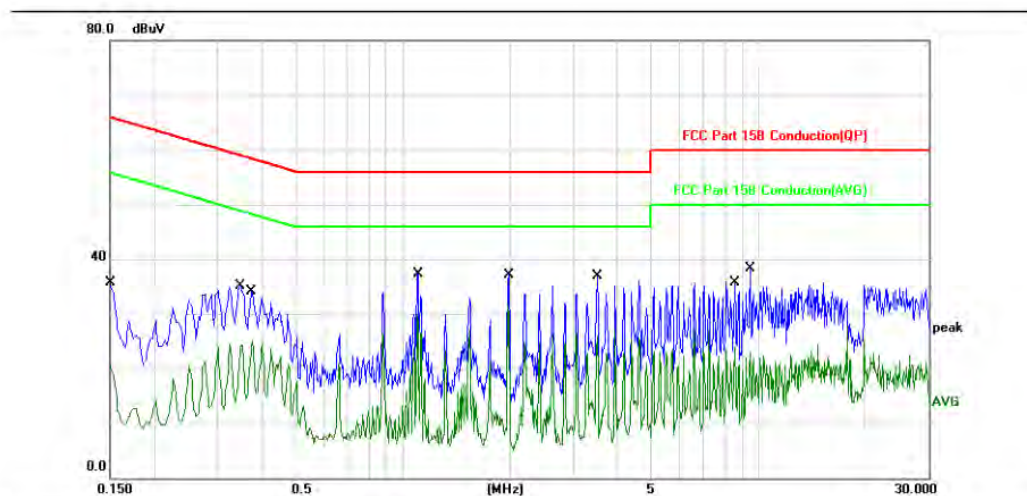
Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	23.6 °C	Humidity:	47.1 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pre test mode:		TM2			
Final test mode:		TM2			

4.1.2 Test Setup Diagram:



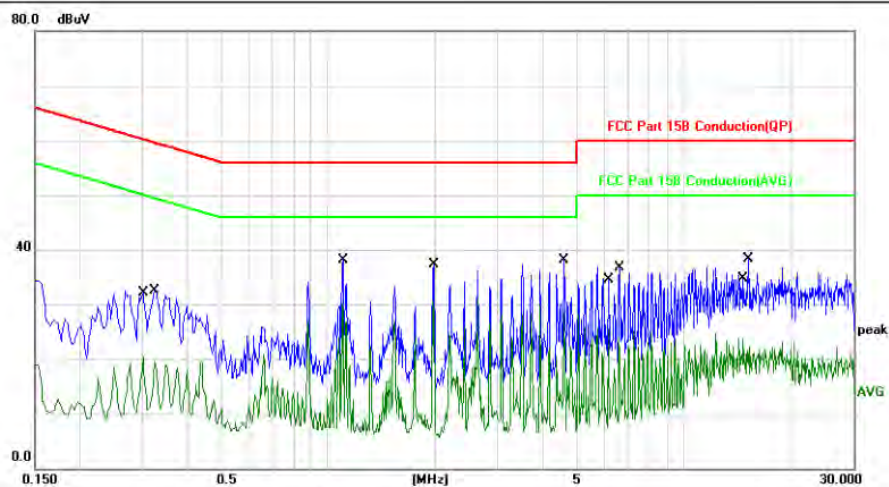
4.1.3 Test Data:

TM2 / Line: Line / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1500	25.63	10.04	35.67	65.99	-30.32	QP	
2		0.1500	10.60	10.04	20.64	55.99	-35.35	AVG	
3		0.3500	25.19	10.01	35.20	58.96	-23.76	QP	
4		0.3780	15.12	10.00	25.12	48.32	-23.20	AVG	
5		1.0980	19.94	9.91	29.85	46.00	-16.15	AVG	
6		1.1019	27.38	9.90	37.28	56.00	-18.72	QP	
7	*	1.9780	21.77	9.96	31.73	46.00	-14.27	AVG	
8		1.9820	27.16	9.96	37.12	56.00	-18.88	QP	
9		3.5140	26.86	10.06	36.92	56.00	-19.08	QP	
10		3.5140	15.78	10.06	25.84	46.00	-20.16	AVG	
11		8.5860	13.53	10.34	23.87	50.00	-26.13	AVG	
12		9.4660	27.81	10.40	38.21	60.00	-21.79	QP	

TM2 / Line: Neutral / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L



No. Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1	0.3020	10.36	10.02	20.38	50.19	-29.81	AVG	
2	0.3260	22.39	10.01	32.40	59.55	-27.15	QP	
3	1.0980	20.25	9.91	30.16	46.00	-15.84	AVG	
4	1.1019	28.21	9.90	38.11	56.00	-17.89	QP	
5 *	1.9780	20.58	9.96	30.54	46.00	-15.46	AVG	
6	1.9820	27.38	9.96	37.34	56.00	-18.66	QP	
7	4.6060	27.89	10.12	38.01	56.00	-17.99	QP	
8	4.6060	18.34	10.12	28.46	46.00	-17.54	AVG	
9	6.1380	15.31	10.20	25.51	50.00	-24.49	AVG	
10	6.6020	26.48	10.23	36.71	60.00	-23.29	QP	
11	14.6900	13.30	10.47	23.77	50.00	-26.23	AVG	
12	15.1940	27.73	10.47	38.20	60.00	-21.80	QP	

NOTE:

1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.
2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
3. Measurement Level = Reading level + Correct Factor, Over = Measurement - Limit
4. The test results only show the worst mode or worst channel.

4.2 Occupied Bandwidth

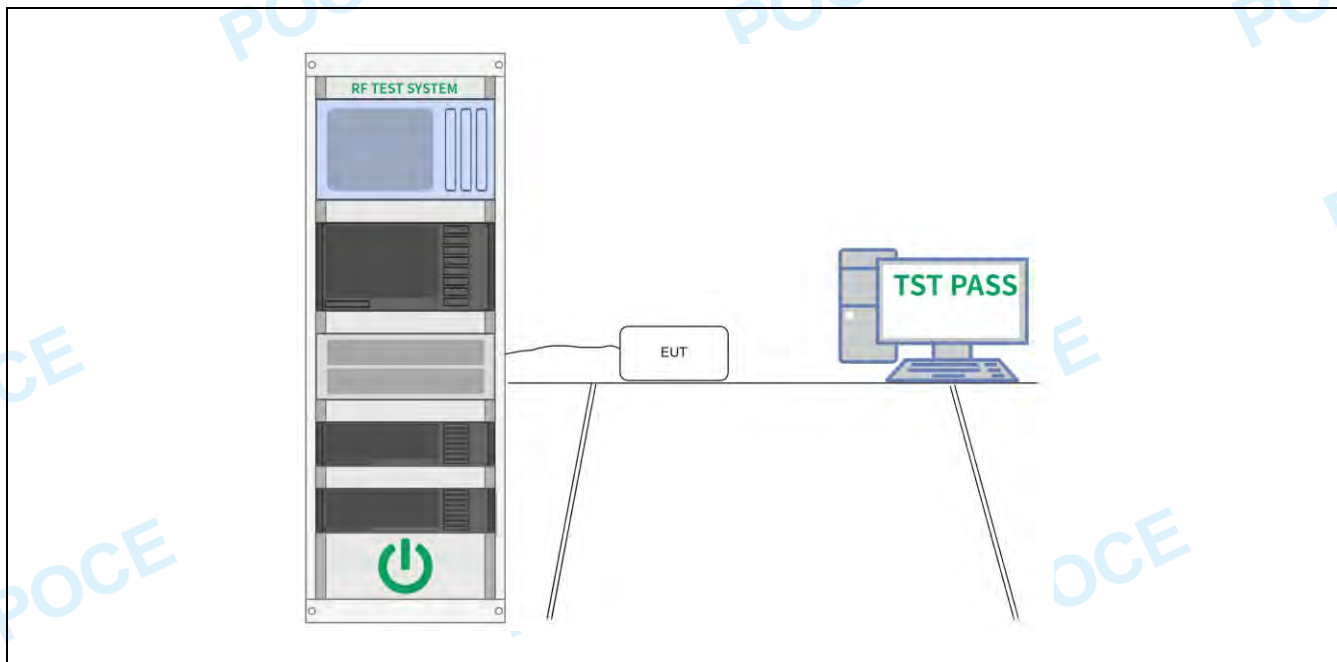
Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.215(c)
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.215(c), intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§ 15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.7, For occupied bandwidth measurements, use the procedure in 6.9.2. KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Procedure:	<p>a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW.</p> <p>b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.</p> <p>c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.</p> <p>d) Steps a) through c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.</p> <p>e) The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target “-xx dB down” requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value.</p> <p>f) Set detection mode to peak and trace mode to max hold.</p> <p>g) Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier or modulated signal, as applicable. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).</p> <p>h) Determine the “-xx dB down amplitude” using $[(\text{reference value}) - \text{xx}]$. Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.</p> <p>i) If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j).</p> <p>j) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). If a marker is below this “-xx dB down amplitude” value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.</p> <p>k) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).</p>

4.2.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	23.6 °C	Humidity:	47.1 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa

Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2

4.2.2 Test Setup Diagram:



4.2.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

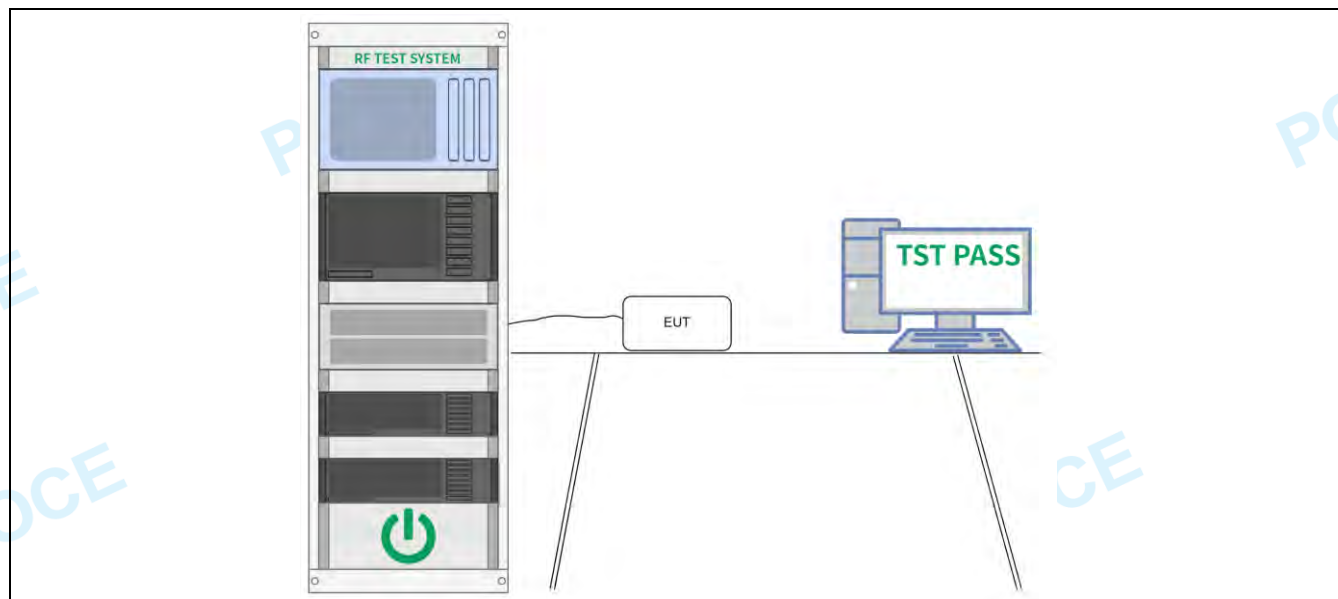
4.3 Maximum Conducted Output Power

Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.247(b)(1)
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.5 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Procedure:	<p>This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:</p> <p>a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel. 2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured. 3) VBW >= RBW. 4) Sweep: Auto. 5) Detector function: Peak. 6) Trace: Max hold. <p>b) Allow trace to stabilize.</p> <p>c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.</p> <p>d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.</p> <p>e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.</p> <p>NOTE—A peak responding power meter may be used, where the power meter and sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the unlicensed wireless device, rather than a spectrum analyzer.</p>

4.3.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	23.6 °C	Humidity:	47.1 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2				

4.3.2 Test Setup Diagram:



4.3.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

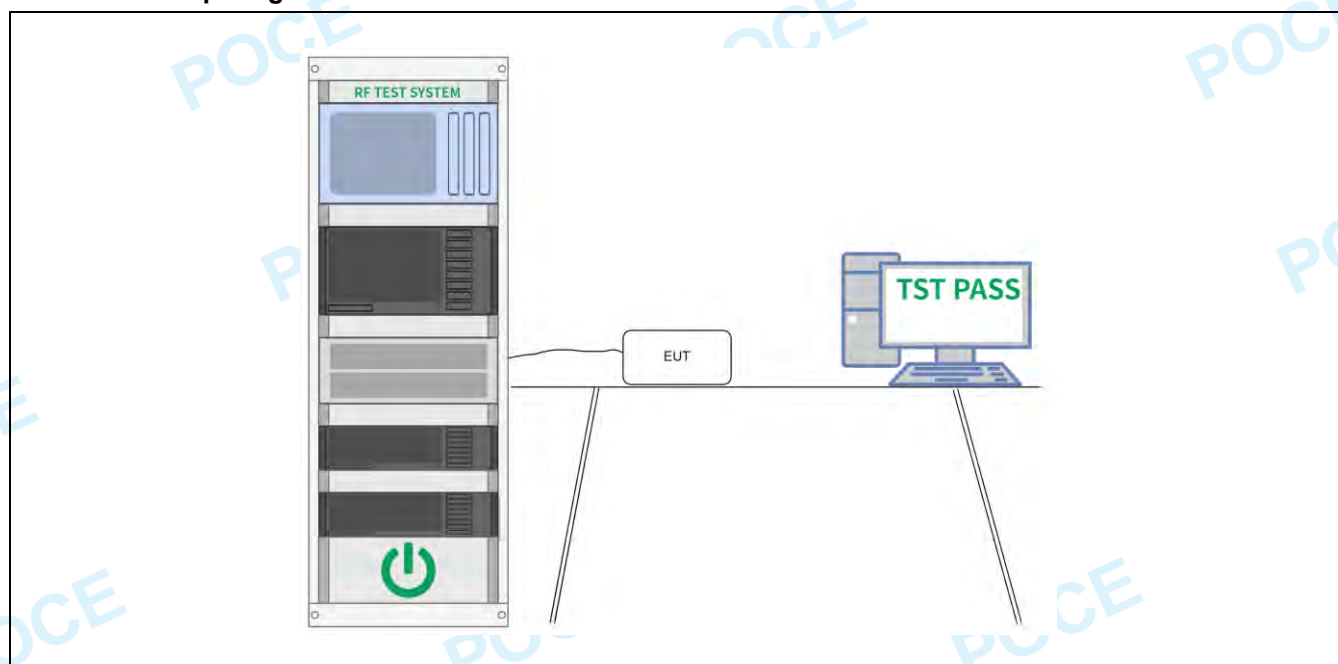
4.4 Channel Separation

Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.2 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Procedure:	The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: a) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels. b) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel. c) Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW) \geq RBW. d) Sweep: Auto. e) Detector function: Peak. f) Trace: Max hold. g) Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

4.4.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	23.6 °C	Humidity:	47.1 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM3, TM4				
Final test mode:	TM3, TM4				

4.4.2 Test Setup Diagram:



4.4.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

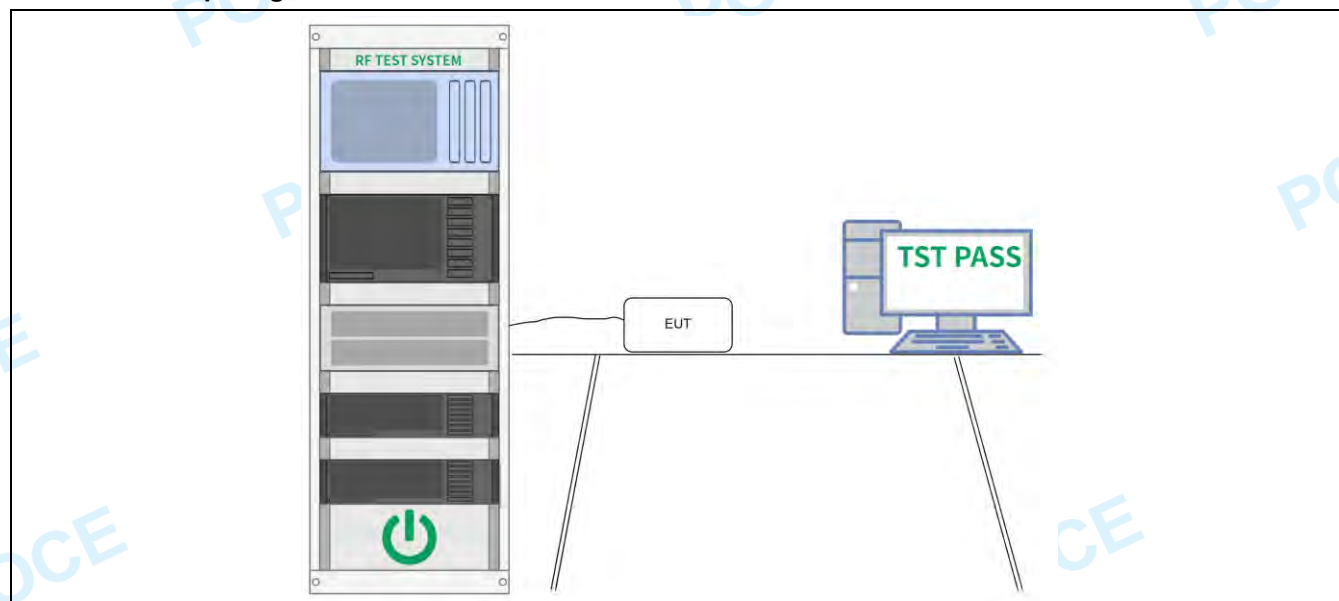
4.5 Number of Hopping Frequencies

Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)(iii)
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.3 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Procedure:	The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen. b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller. c) VBW \geq RBW. d) Sweep: Auto. e) Detector function: Peak. f) Trace: Max hold. g) Allow the trace to stabilize. It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

4.5.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	23.6 °C	Humidity:	47.1 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM3, TM4				
Final test mode:	TM3, TM4				

4.5.2 Test Setup Diagram:



4.5.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

4.6 Dwell Time

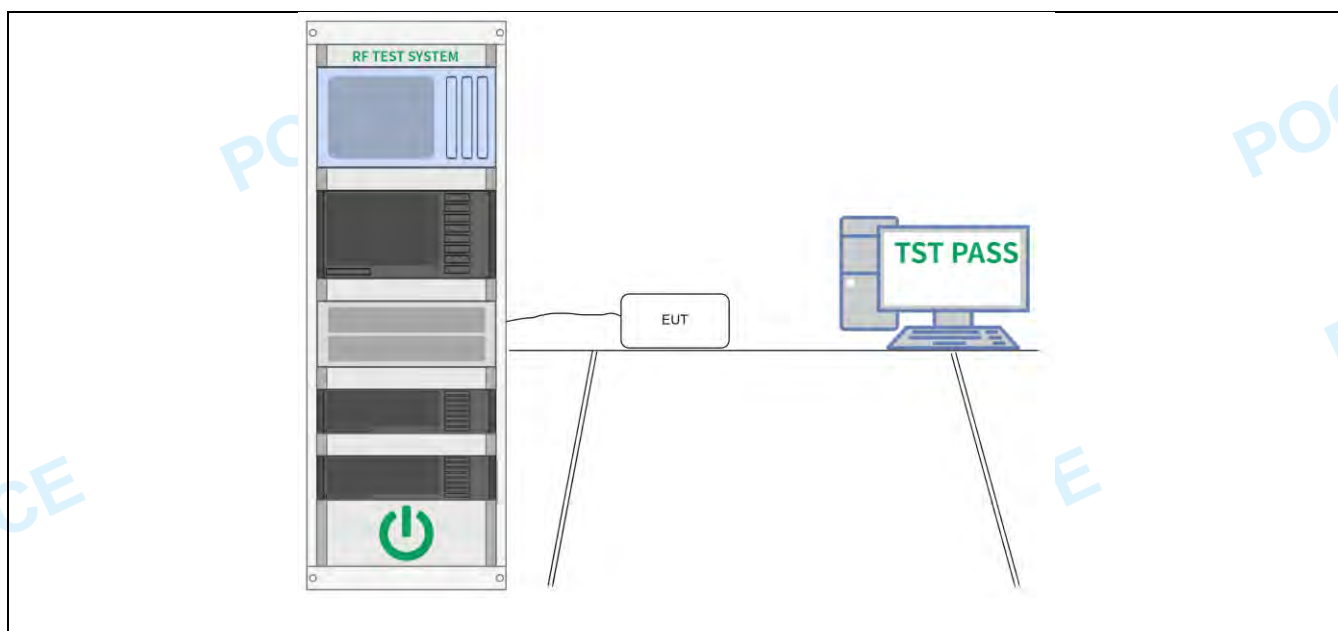
Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)(iii)
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.4 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Procedure:	<p>The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:</p> <p>a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.</p> <p>b) RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.</p> <p>c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.</p> <p>d) Detector function: Peak.</p> <p>e) Trace: Max hold.</p> <p>Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.</p> <p>Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:</p> $(\text{Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements}) = (\text{number of hops on spectrum analyzer}) \times (\text{period specified in the requirements} / \text{analyzer sweep time})$ <p>The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation.</p> <p>The measured transmit time and time between hops shall be consistent with the values described in the operational description for the EUT.</p>

4.6.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	23.6 °C	Humidity:	47.1 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM3, TM4				
Final test mode:	TM3, TM4				

4.6.2 Test Setup Diagram:

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4.6.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

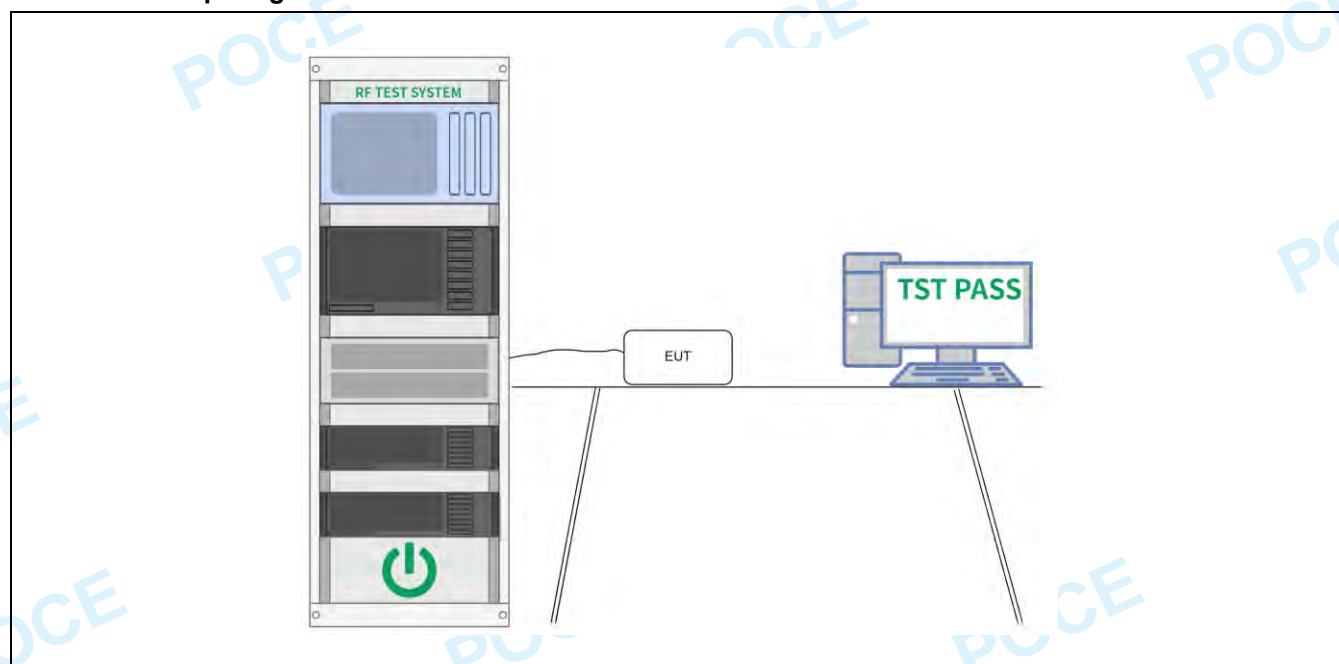
4.7 Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands

Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.247(d), 15.209, 15.205
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.8 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Procedure:	Conducted spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequency, per 5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers. Connect the primary antenna port through an attenuator to the spectrum analyzer input; in the results, account for all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer. The instrument shall span 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz, with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz, video bandwidth of 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector. The band 30 MHz to the highest frequency may be split into smaller spans, as long as the entire spectrum is covered.

4.7.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	23.6 °C	Humidity:	47.1 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2				
Final test mode:	TM1, TM2				

4.7.2 Test Setup Diagram:



4.7.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

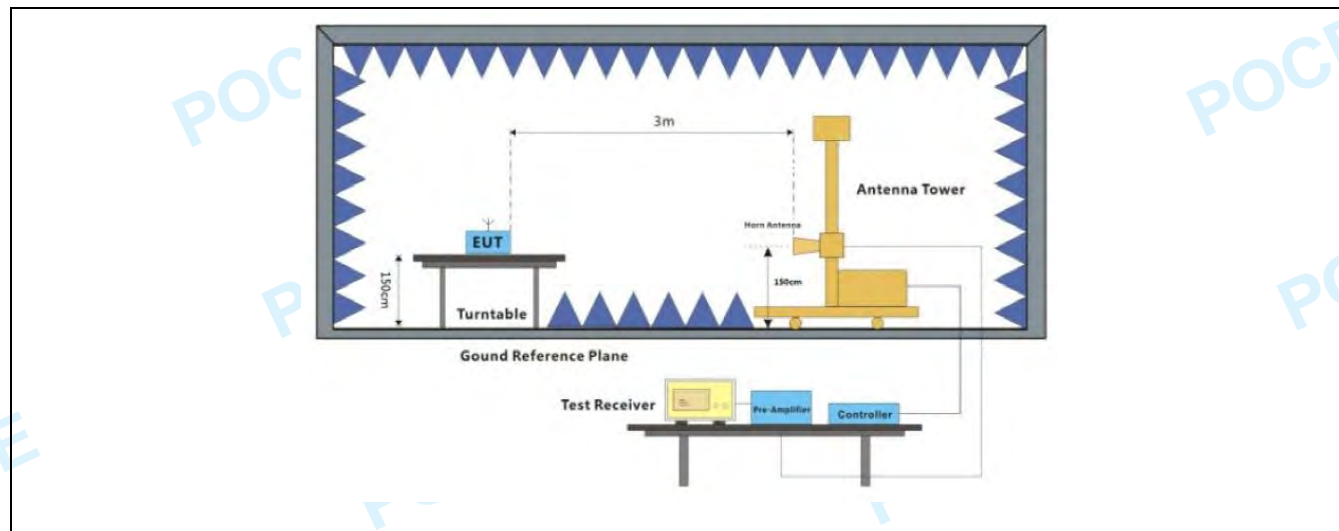
4.8 Band edge emissions (Radiated)

Test Requirement:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(d), In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)(see § 15.205(c)).		
Test Limit:	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
	1.705-30.0	30	30
	30-88	100 **	3
	88-216	150 **	3
	216-960	200 **	3
	Above 960	500	3
** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241.			
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.10 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02		
Procedure:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.10.5.2		

4.8.1 E.U.T. Operation:

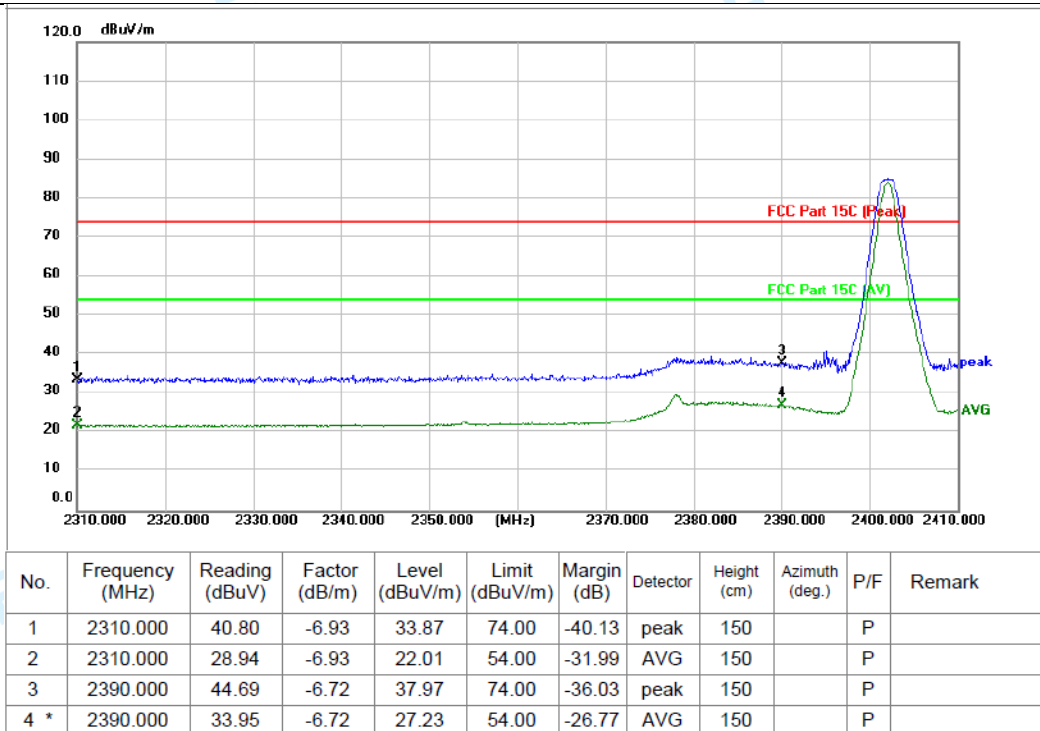
Operating Environment:			
Temperature:	23.6 °C	Humidity:	47.1 %
Pre test mode:		Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Final test mode:		TM2(worse case)	

4.8.2 Test Setup Diagram:

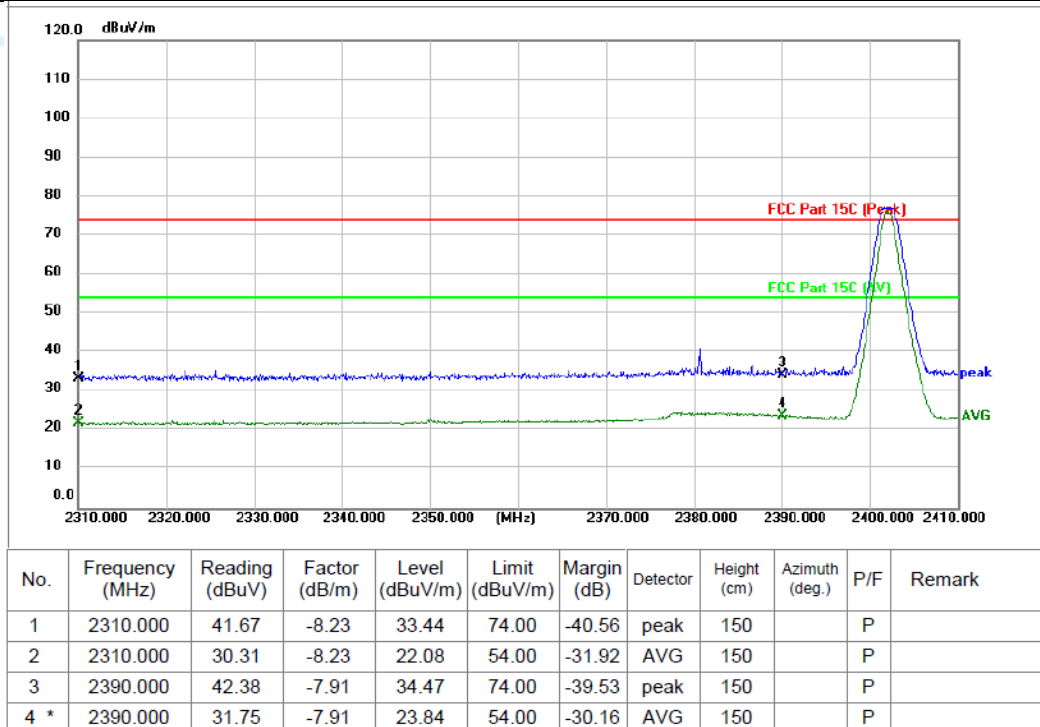


4.8.3 Test Data:

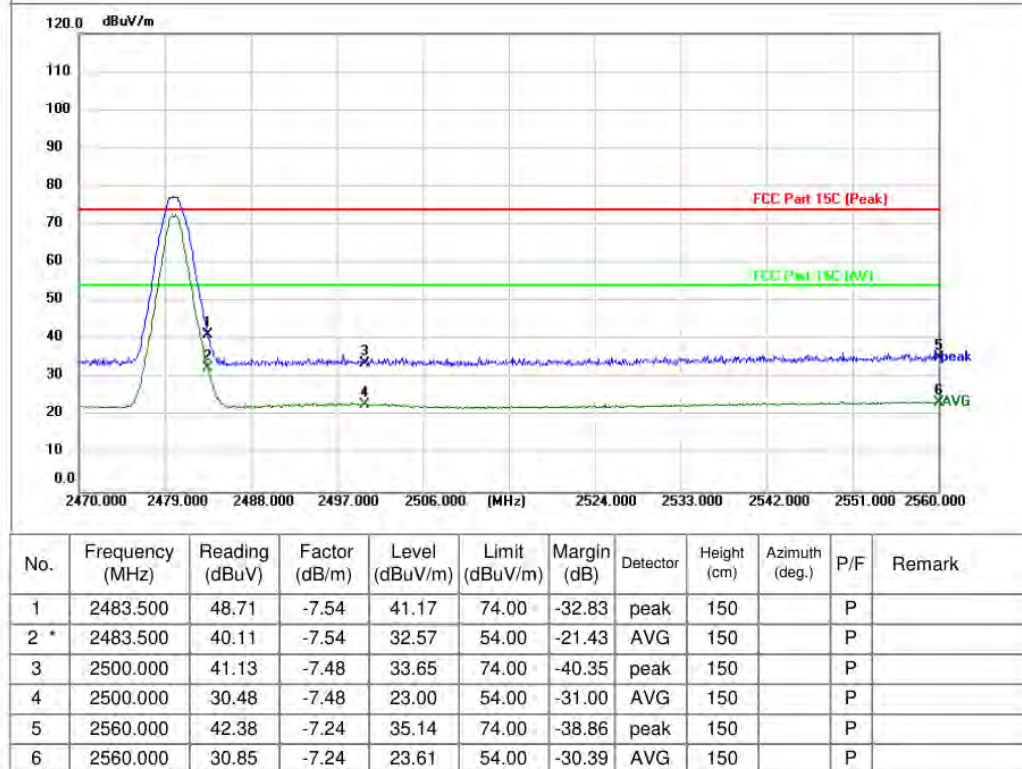
TM2 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L



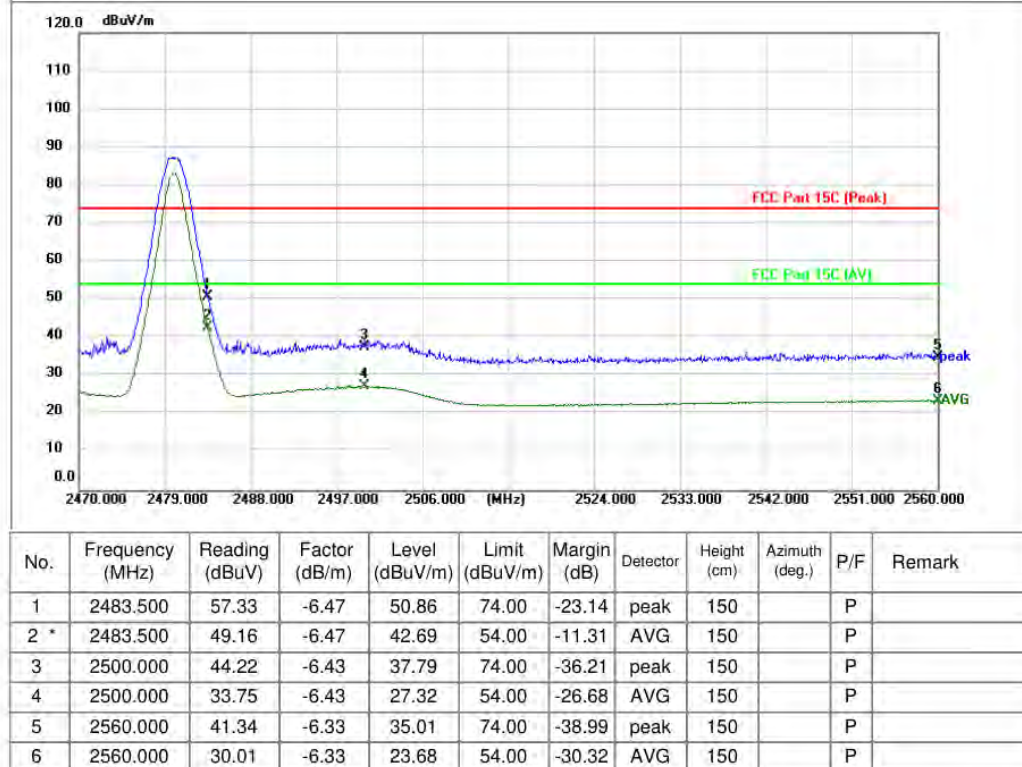
TM2 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L



TM2 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: H



TM2 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: H



Note: Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
Measurement Level = Reading level + Correct Factor, Over= Measurement - Limit

4.9 Emissions in frequency bands (below 1GHz)

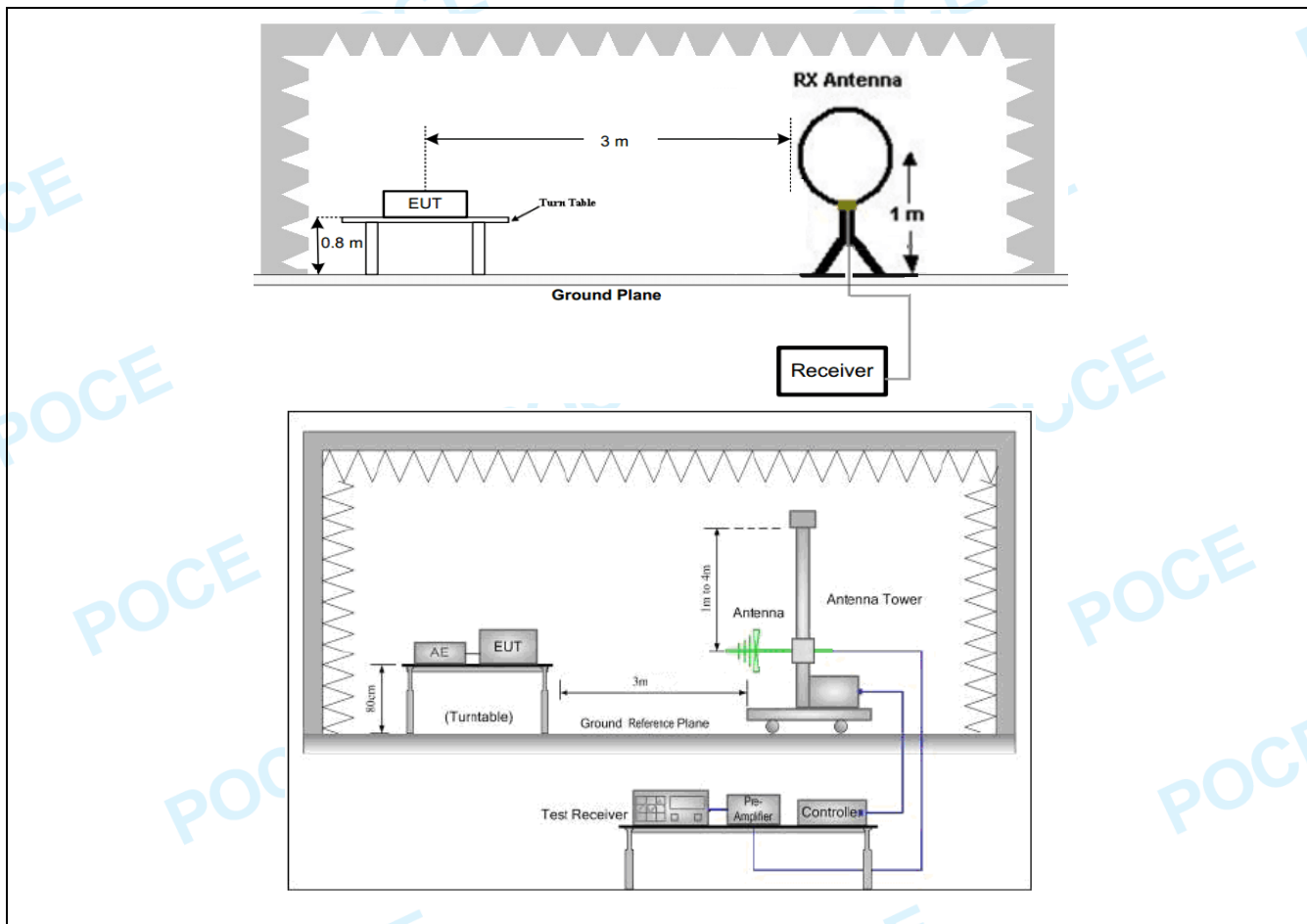
Test Requirement:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(d), In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)(see § 15.205(c)).		
Test Limit:	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
	1.705-30.0	30	30
	30-88	100 **	3
	88-216	150 **	3
	216-960	200 **	3
	Above 960	500	3
	** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241.		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.6.4 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02		
Procedure:	<p>a. For below 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 or 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.</p> <p>b. For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.</p> <p>c. The EUT was set 3 or 10 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.</p> <p>d. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.</p> <p>e. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.</p> <p>f. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.</p> <p>g. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.</p> <p>h. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.</p> <p>i. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.</p> <p>j. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.</p> <p>Remark:</p> <p>1) For emission below 1GHz, through pre-scan found the worst case is the lowest channel. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.</p> <p>2) The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows: Final Test Level =Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Factor + Preamplifier Factor</p> <p>3) Scan from 9kHz to 25GHz, the disturbance above 12.75GHz and below 30MHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported. Fundamental frequency is blocked by filter, and only</p>		

spurious emission is shown.

4.9.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	23.6 °C	Humidity:	47.1 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM1, TM2				
Final test mode:	TM2(worse case)				

4.9.2 Test Setup Diagram:



4.9.3 Test Data:

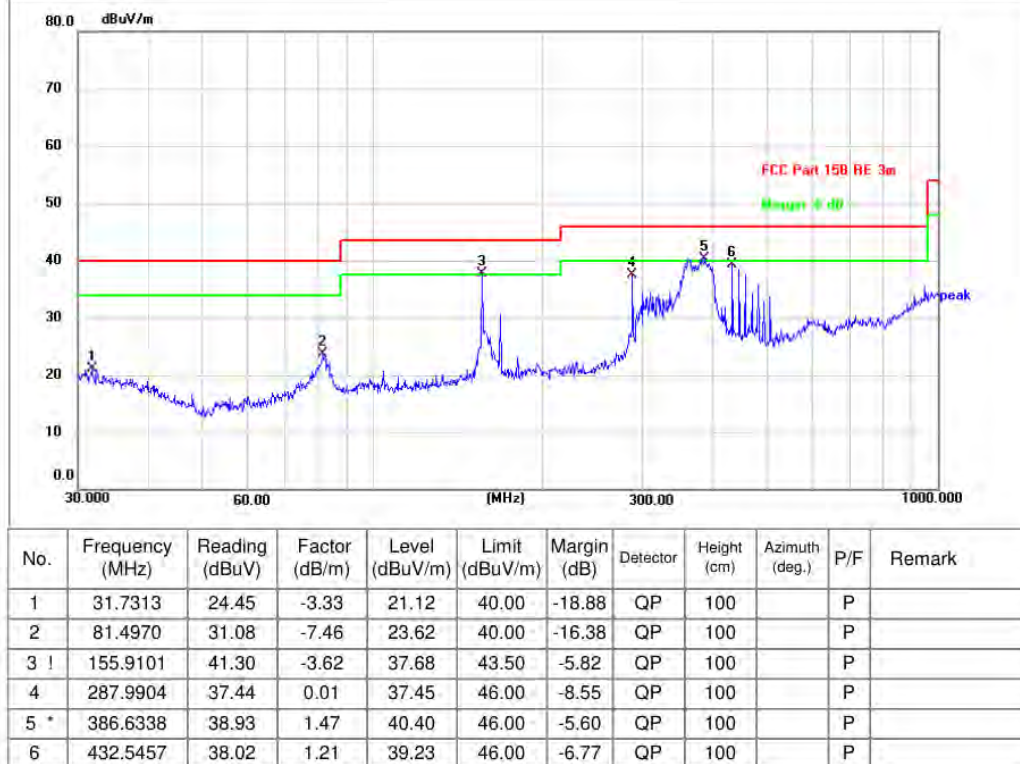
Between 9KHz – 30MHz

The emission from 9 kHz to 30MHz was pre-tested and found the result was 20dB lower than the limit, and according to 15.31(o) & RSS-Gen 6.13, the test result no need to reported.

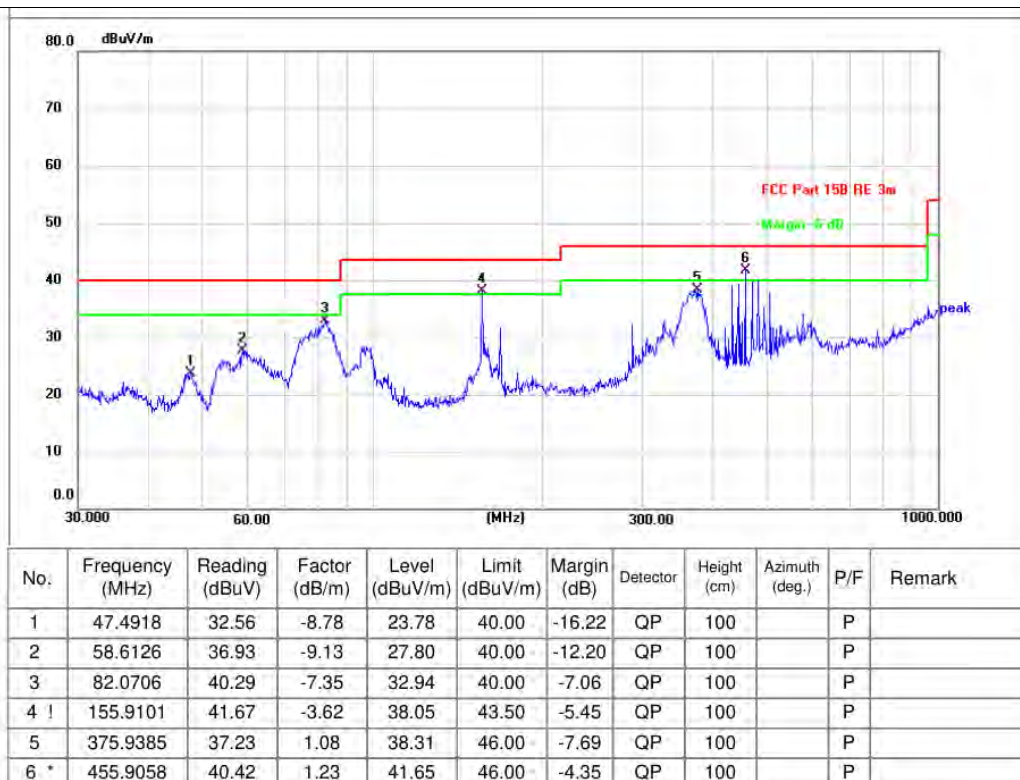
NOTE: The test results only show the worst mode or worst channel.

Between 30MHz – 1000MHz

TM2 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L



TM2 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L



Note: Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
Measurement Level = Reading level + Correct Factor, Over=Limit- Measurement

Note:

Per ANSI C63.10-2013, if there are two or more antennas, the conducted powers at Core 0, Core 1,..., Core i were first measured separately, as shown in the section above (this product only have one antenna). The measured values were then summed in linear power units then converted back to dBm.

Per ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 14.4.3.2.3, the directional gain is calculated using the following formula, where GN is the gain of the nth antenna and NANT, the total number of antennas used.

For correlated unequal antenna gain

$$\text{Directional gain} = 10 \cdot \log[(10G_1/20 + 10G_2/20 + \dots + 10G_N/20)^2 / NANT] \text{ dBi}$$

For completely uncorrelated unequal antenna gain

$$\text{Directional gain} = 10 \cdot \log[(10G_1/10 + 10G_2/10 + \dots + 10G_N/10) / NANT] \text{ dBi}$$

Sample Multiple antennas Calculation: Core 0 + Core 1 + ... Core i. = MIMO/CDD

(i is the number of antennas)

$$(\# \text{VALUE! mW} + \text{mW}) = \# \text{VALUE! mW} = \text{dBm}$$

Sample e.i.r.p. Calculation:

$$\text{e.i.r.p. (dBm)} = \text{Conducted Power (dBm)} + \text{Ant gain (dBi)}$$

4.10 Emissions in frequency bands (above 1GHz)

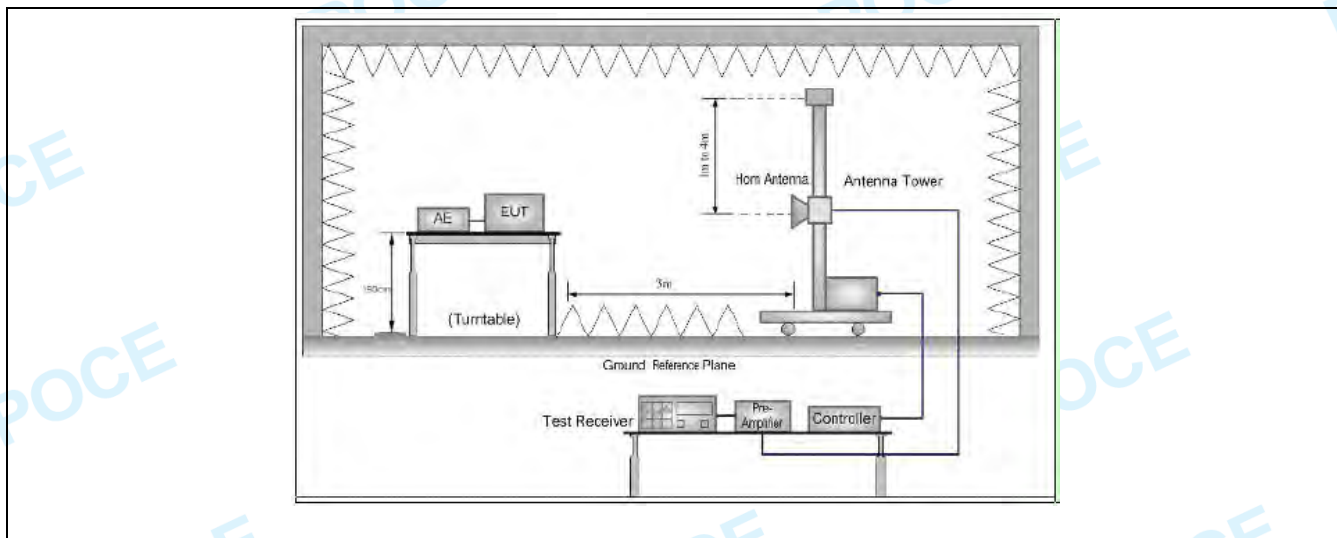
Test Requirement:	In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)(see § 15.205(c)).`		
Test Limit:	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
	1.705-30.0	30	30
	30-88	100 **	3
	88-216	150 **	3
	216-960	200 **	3
	Above 960	500	3
	** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241.		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.6.4 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02		
Procedure:	<p>a. For below 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 or 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.</p> <p>b. For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.</p> <p>c. The EUT was set 3 or 10 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.</p> <p>d. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.</p> <p>e. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.</p> <p>f. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.</p> <p>g. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.</p> <p>h. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.</p> <p>i. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.</p> <p>j. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.</p> <p>Remark:</p> <p>1) For emission below 1GHz, through pre-scan found the worst case is the lowest channel. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.</p> <p>2) The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows: Final Test Level =Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Factor "C Preamplifier Factor</p> <p>3) Scan from 9kHz to 25GHz, the disturbance above 12.75GHz and below 30MHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported. Fundamental frequency is blocked by filter, and only</p>		

spurious emission is shown.

4.10.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	23.6 °C	Humidity:	47.1 %	Atmospheric Pressure:	102 kPa
Pre test mode:	TM2				
Final test mode:	TM2				

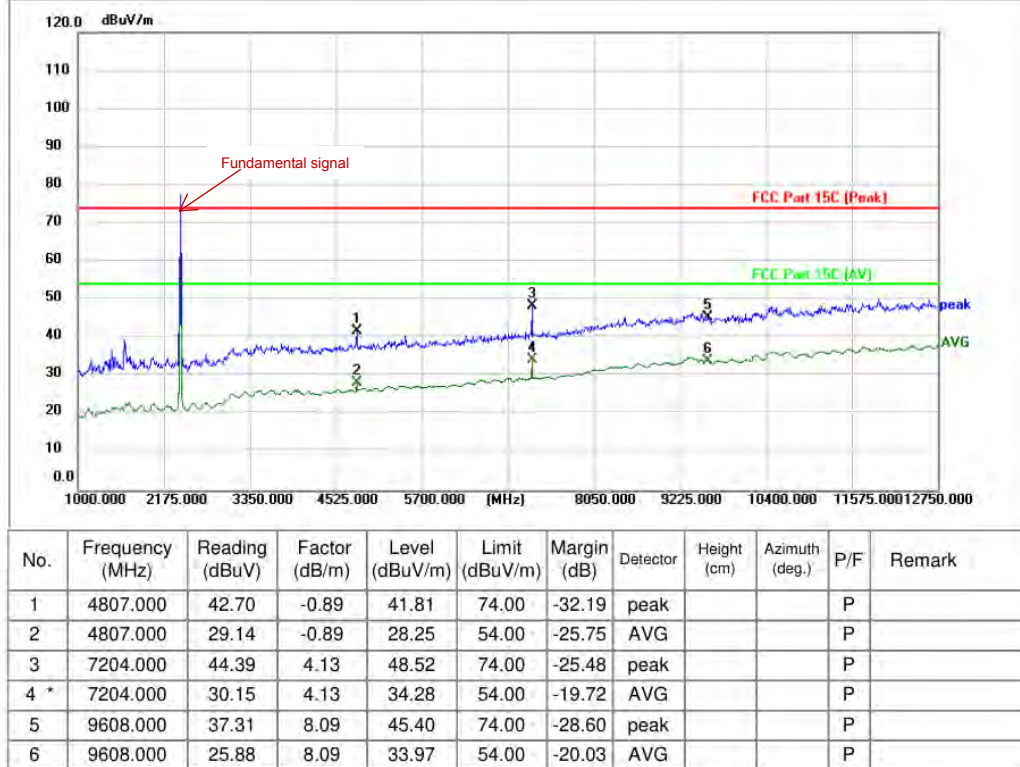
4.10.2 Test Setup Diagram:



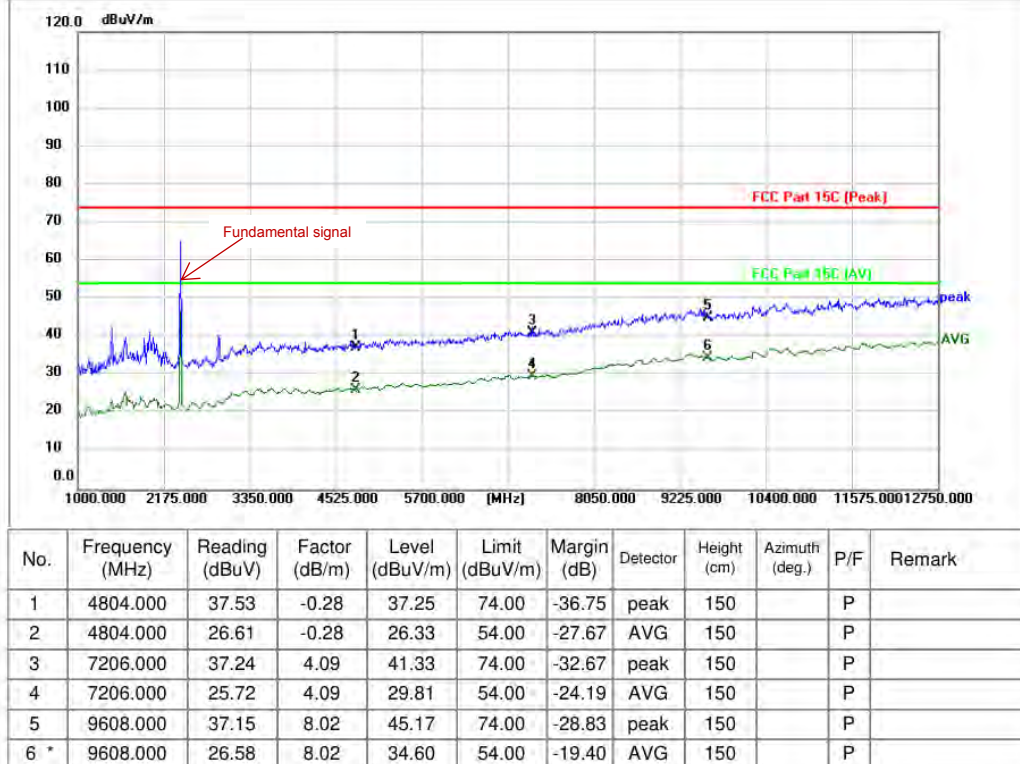
4.10.3 Test Data:

Only the worst mode and channel are recorded, The testing frequency reach up to 25GHz, but 12.75GHz-25GHz has no waveform except for background noise, so it was not recorded in the report.

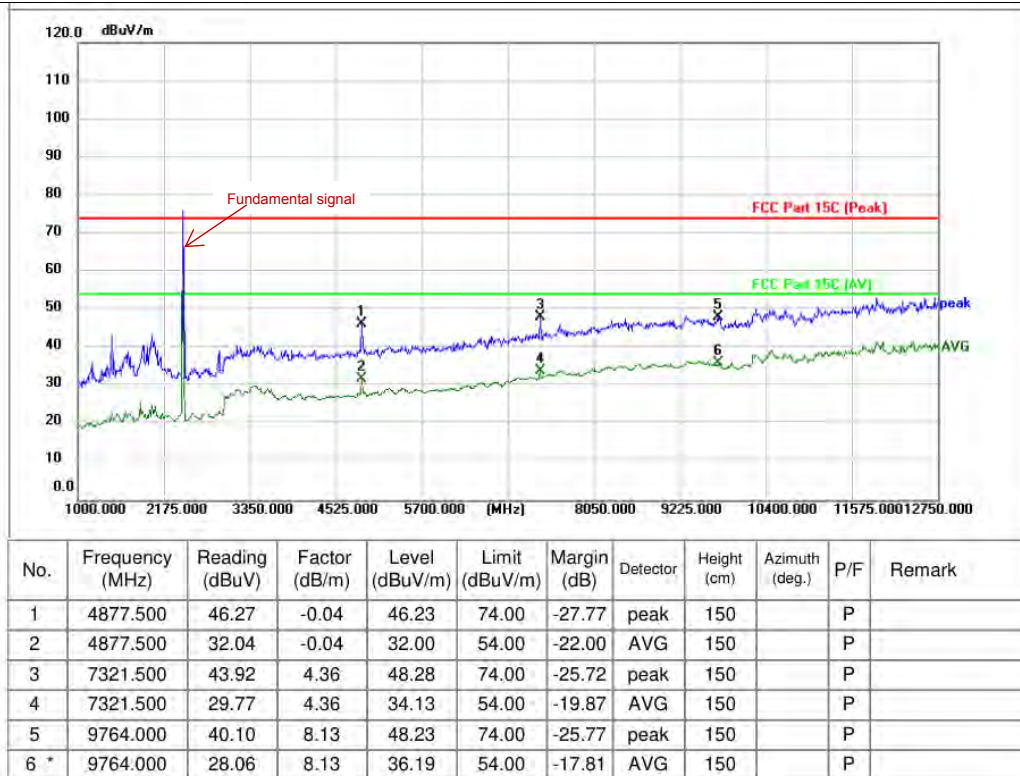
TM2 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L



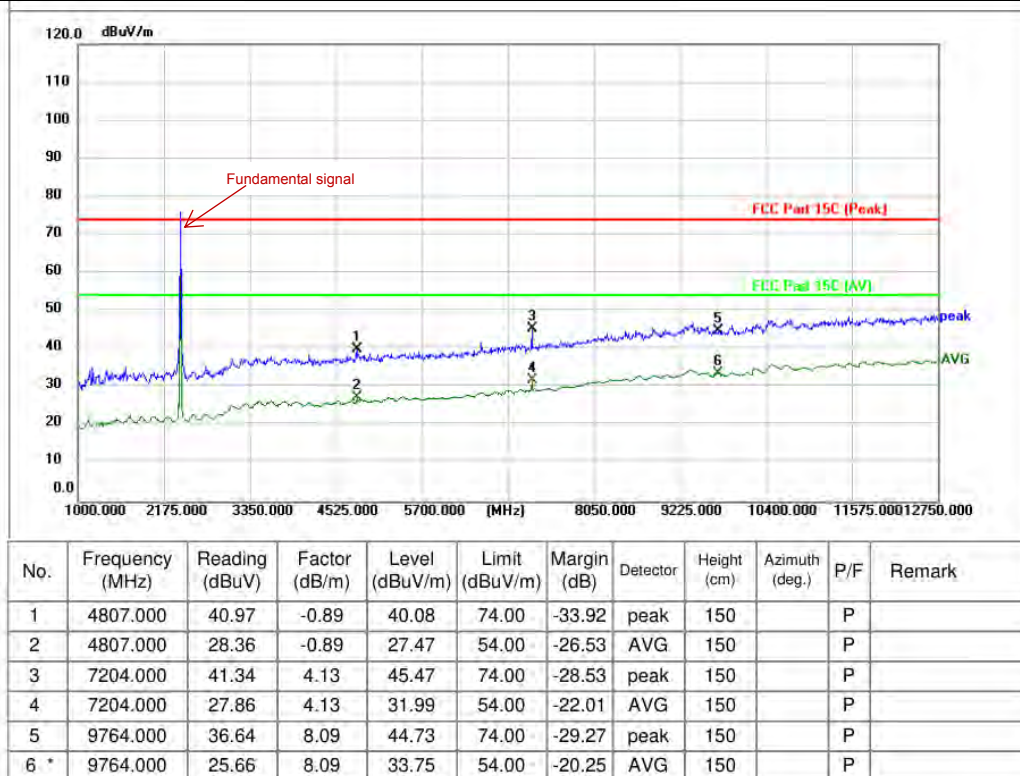
TM2 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L



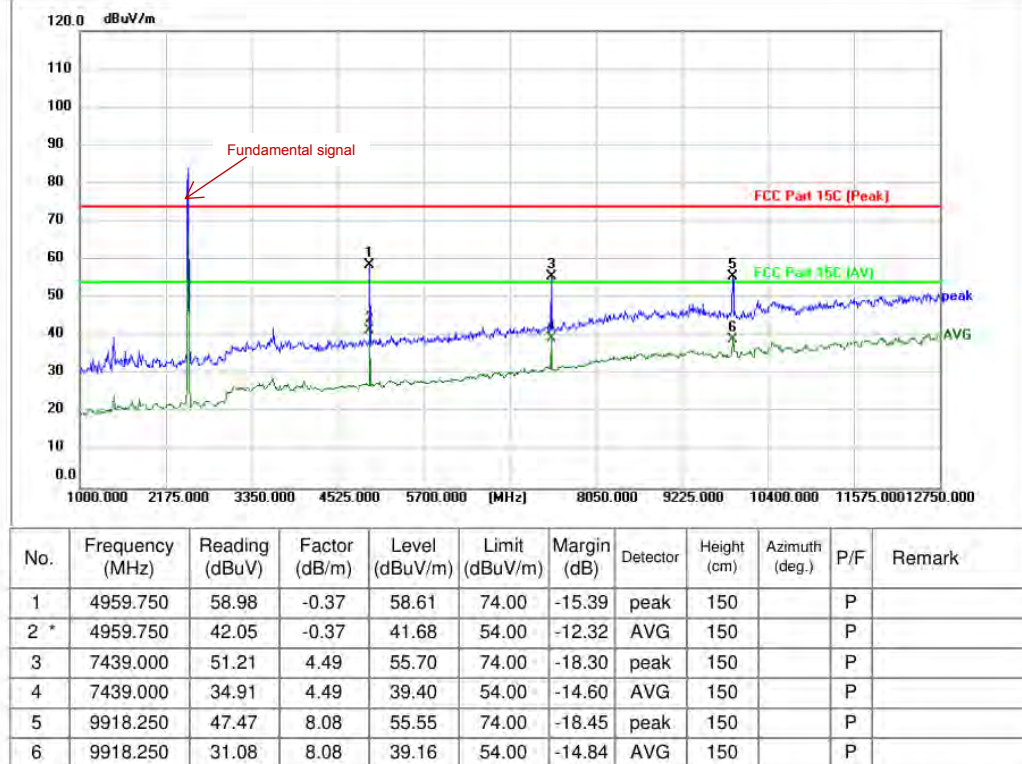
TM2 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: M



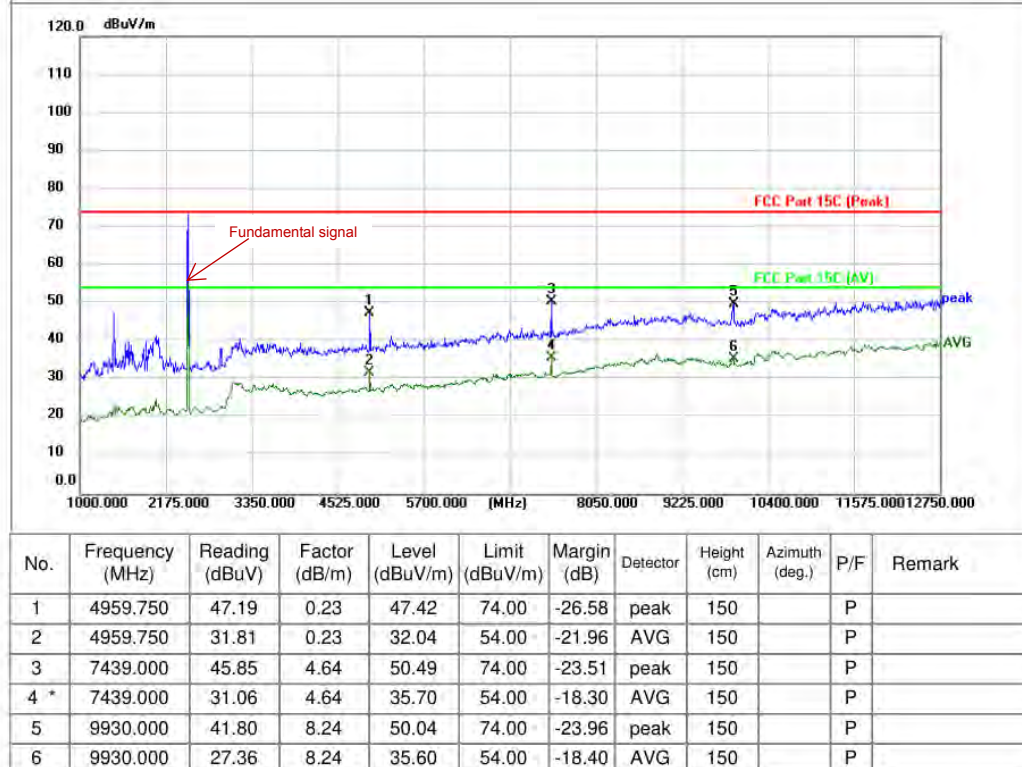
TM2 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: M



TM2 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: H



TM2 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: H



Remark: Margin = Level - Limit

Correction Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable loss - Pre-amplifier

Level = Test receiver reading + correction factor

5 TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please Refer to Test setup file for Details.

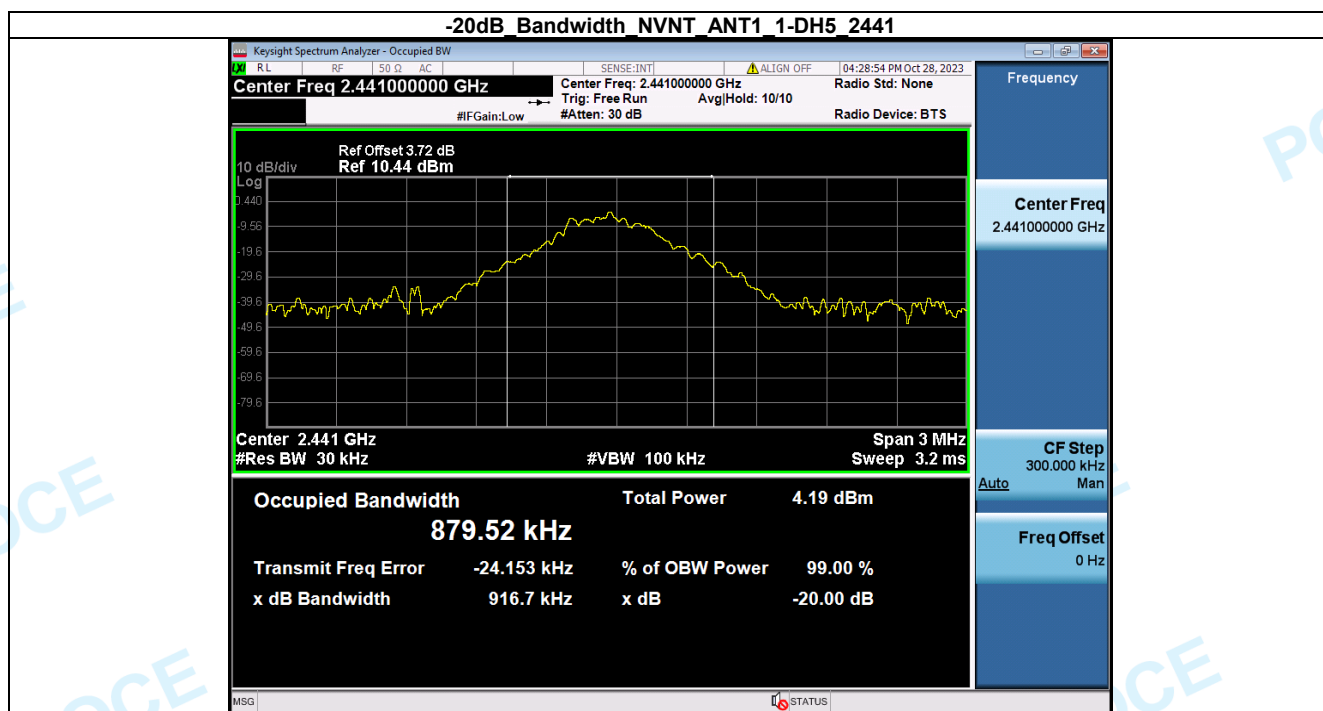
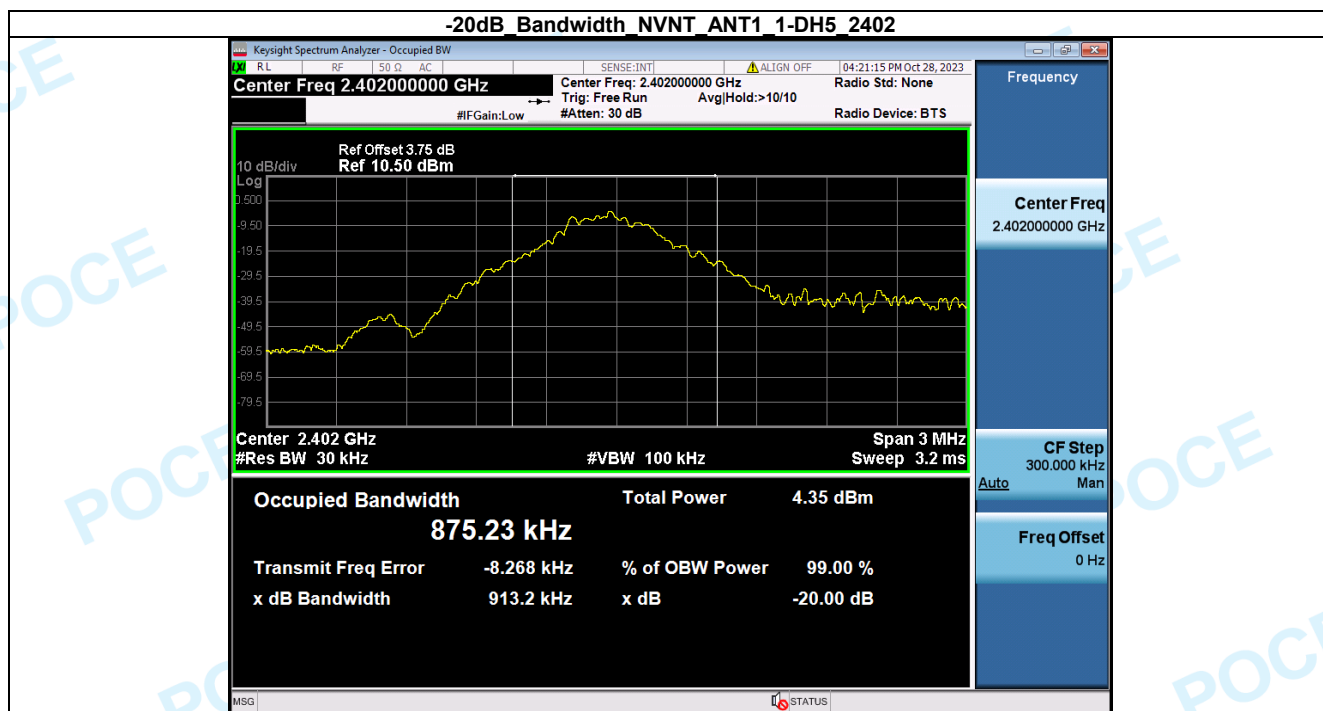
6 PHOTOS OF THE EUT

Please Refer to external photos and internal photos file for Details.

Appendix

1. -20dB Bandwidth

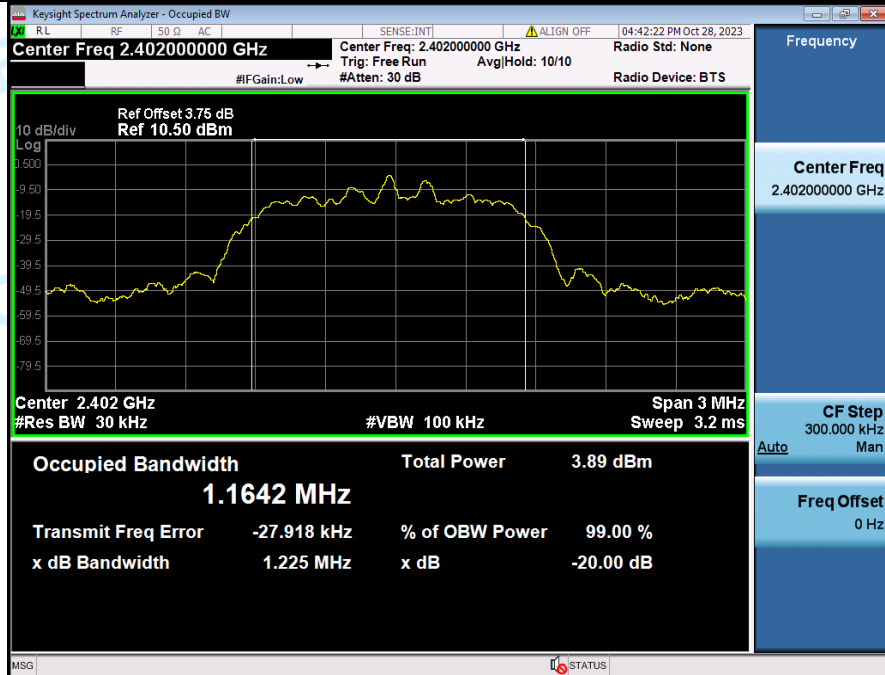
Condition	Antenna	Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	-20dB BW(MHz)	if larger than CFS
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2402.00	0.913	No
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2441.00	0.917	No
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2480.00	0.918	No
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2402.00	1.225	Yes
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2441.00	1.227	Yes
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2480.00	1.228	Yes



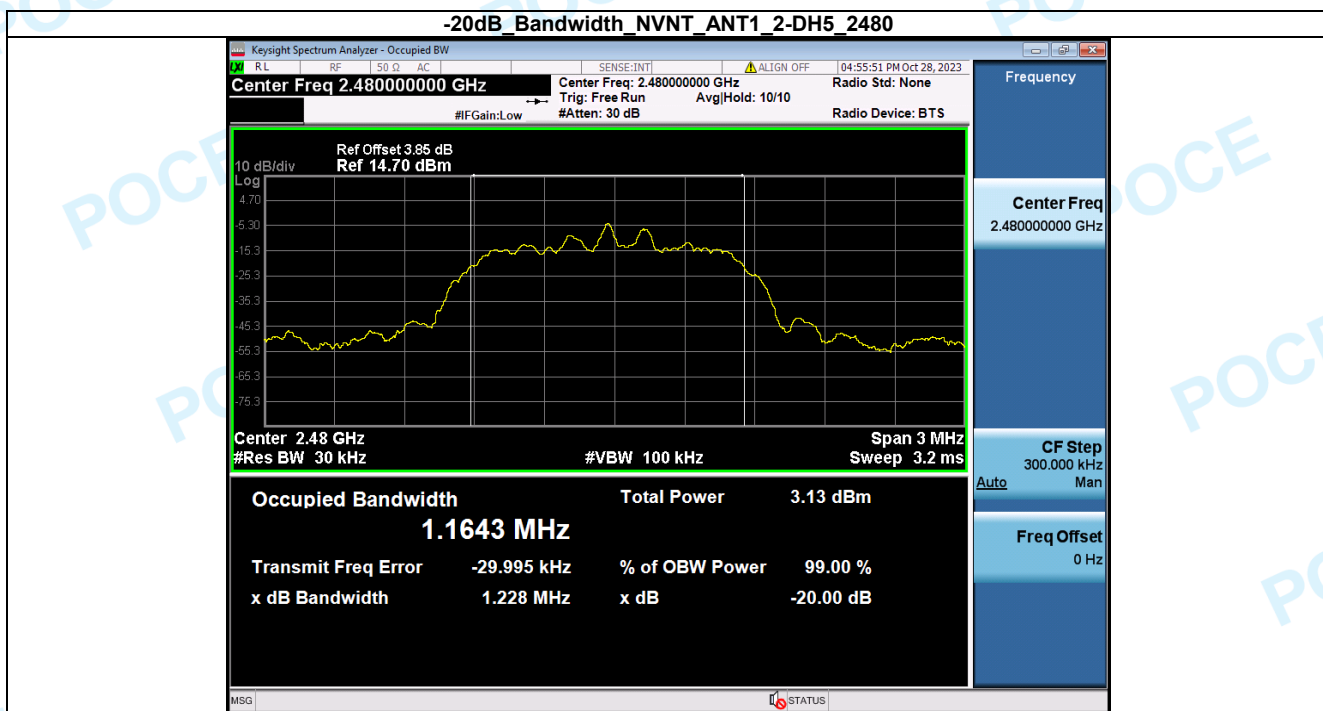
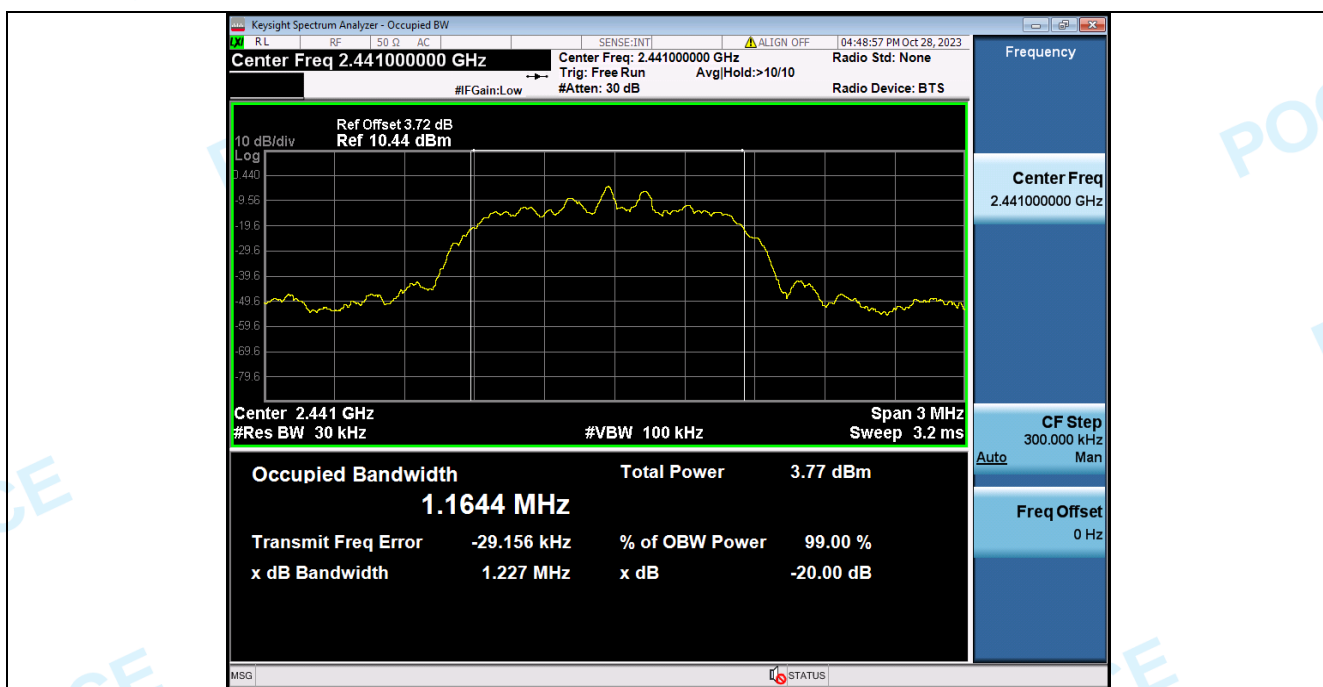
-20dB Bandwidth NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2480



-20dB Bandwidth NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 2402



-20dB Bandwidth NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 2441



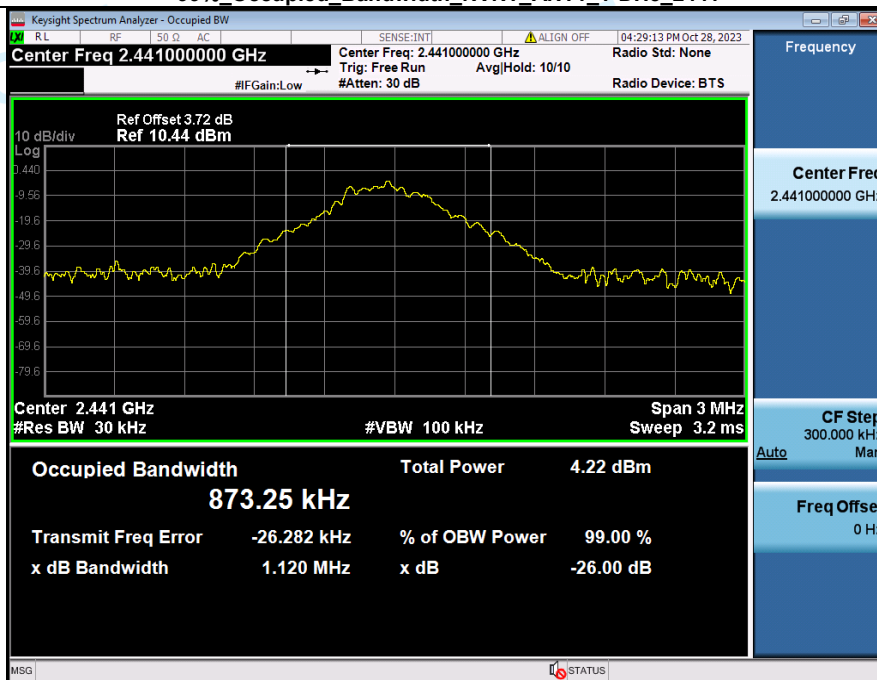
2. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Condition	Antenna	Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	99% BW (MHz)
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2402.00	0.883
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2441.00	0.873
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2480.00	0.864
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2402.00	1.165
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2441.00	1.166
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2480.00	1.165

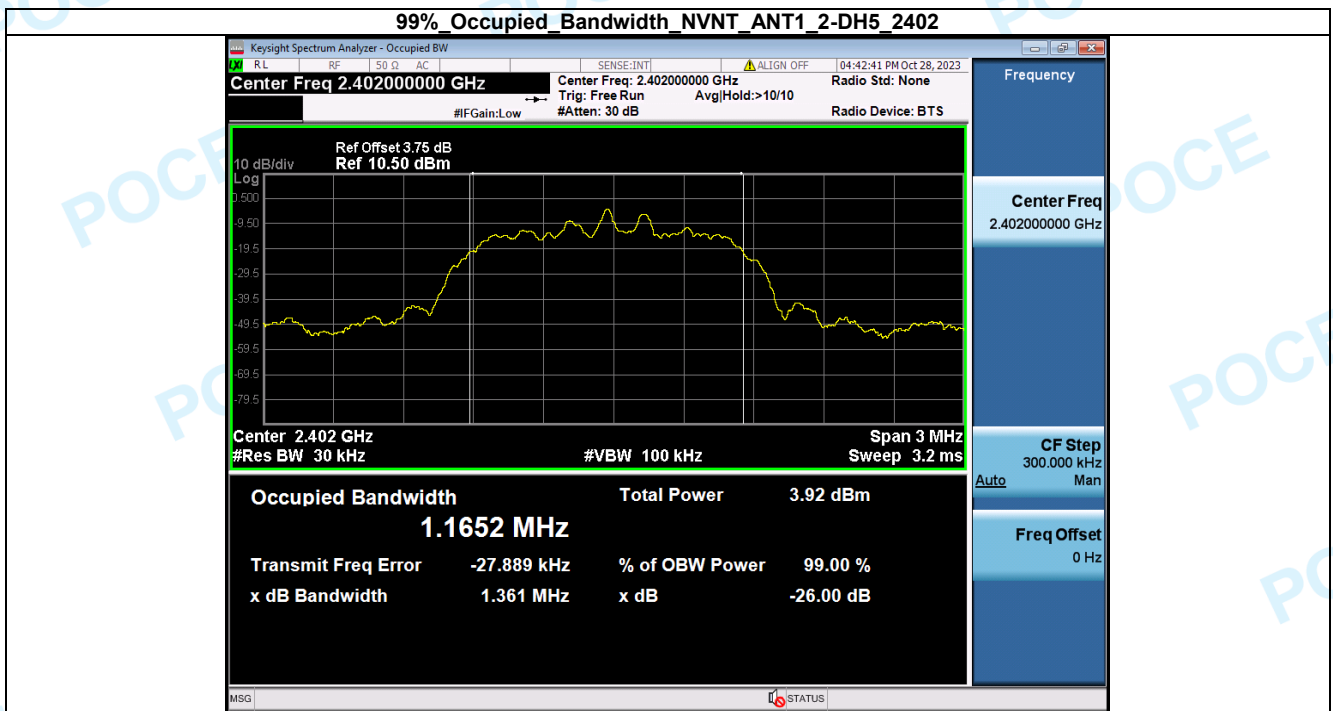
99%_Occupied_Bandwidth_NVNT_ANT1_1-DH5_2402



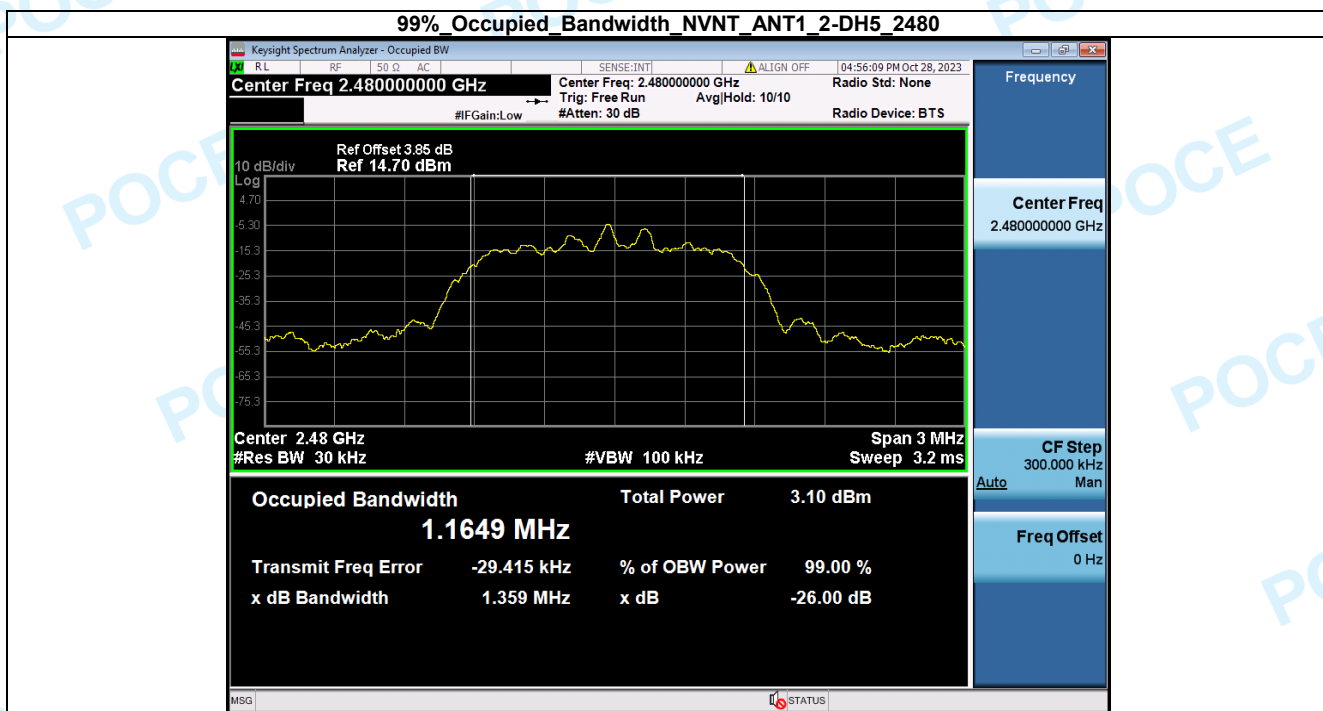
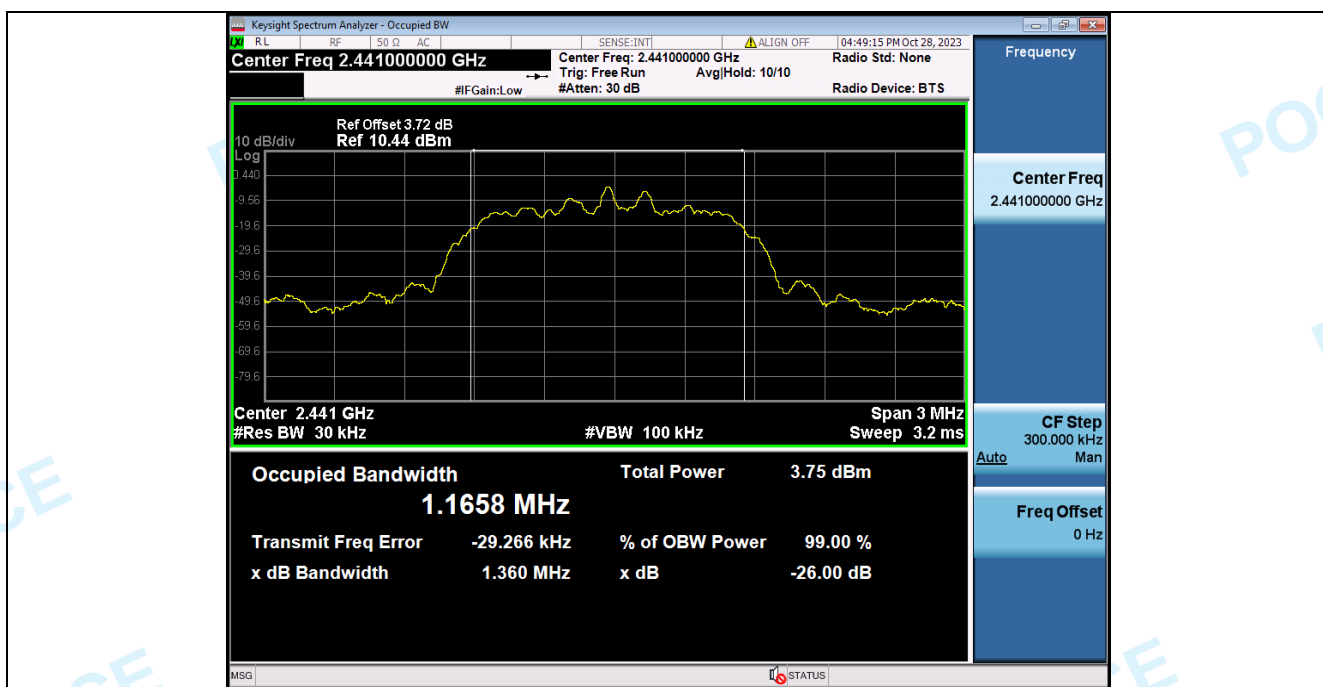
99%_Occupied_Bandwidth_NVNT_ANT1_1-DH5_2441



99%_Occupied_Bandwidth_NVNT_ANT1_1-DH5_2480



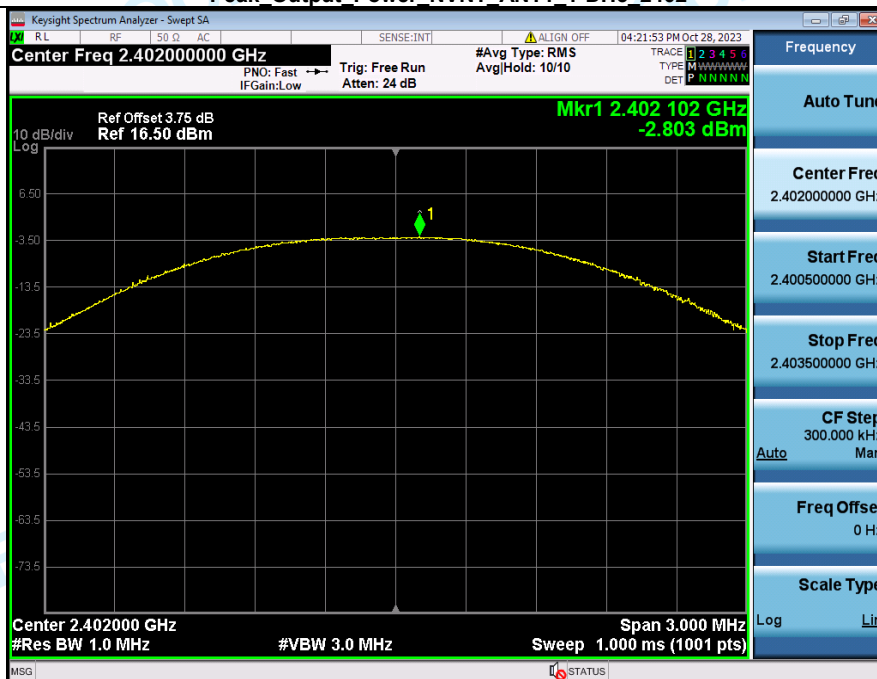
99% Occupied Bandwidth NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5_2441



3. Peak Output Power

Condition	Antenna	Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Max. Conducted Power(dBm)	Max. Conducted Power(mW)	Limit(mW)	Result
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2402.00	-2.80	0.52	125	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2441.00	-3.11	0.49	125	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2480.00	-3.87	0.41	125	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2402.00	-2.08	0.62	125	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2441.00	-2.22	0.60	125	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2480.00	-2.94	0.51	125	Pass

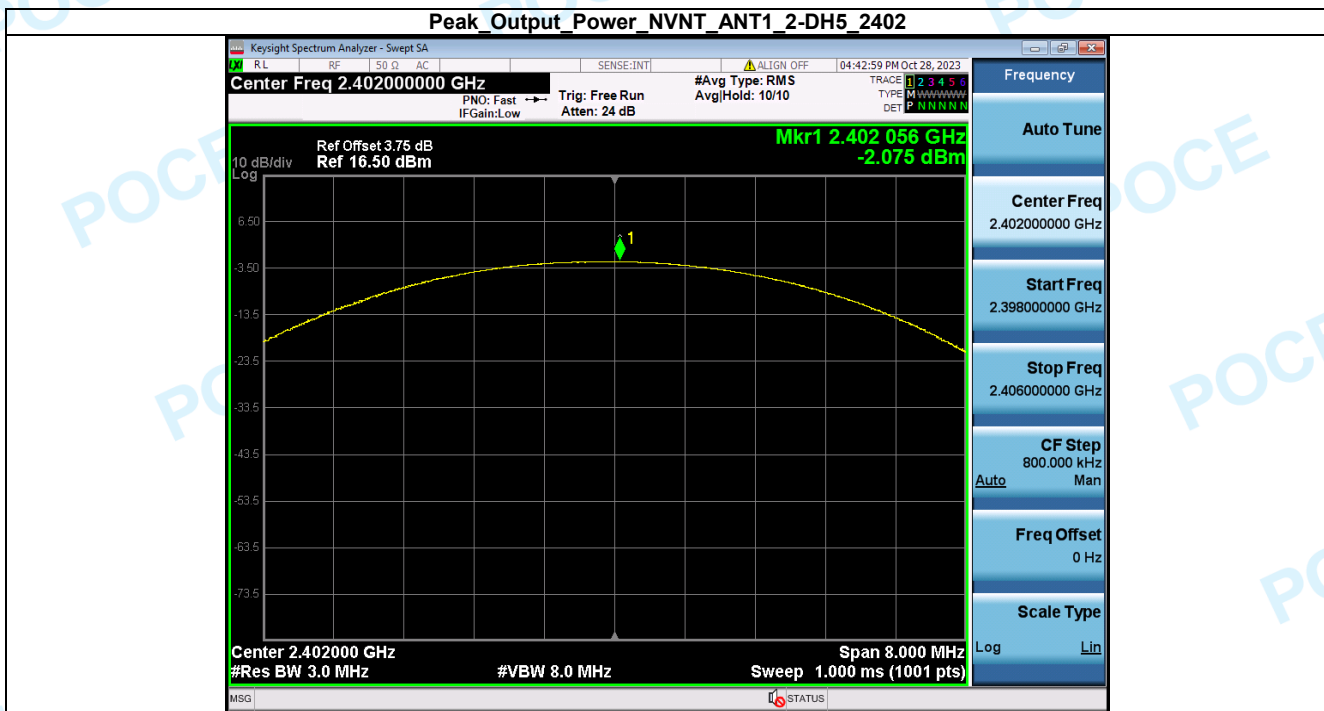
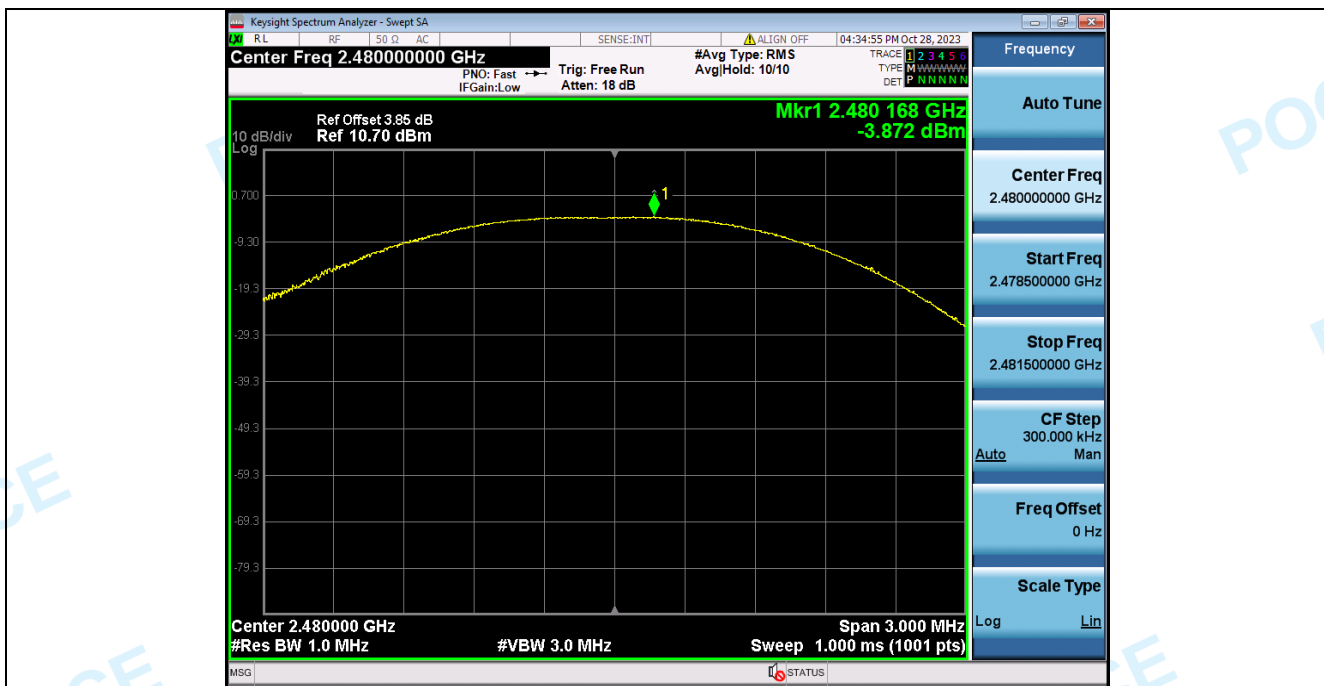
Peak Output Power NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2402



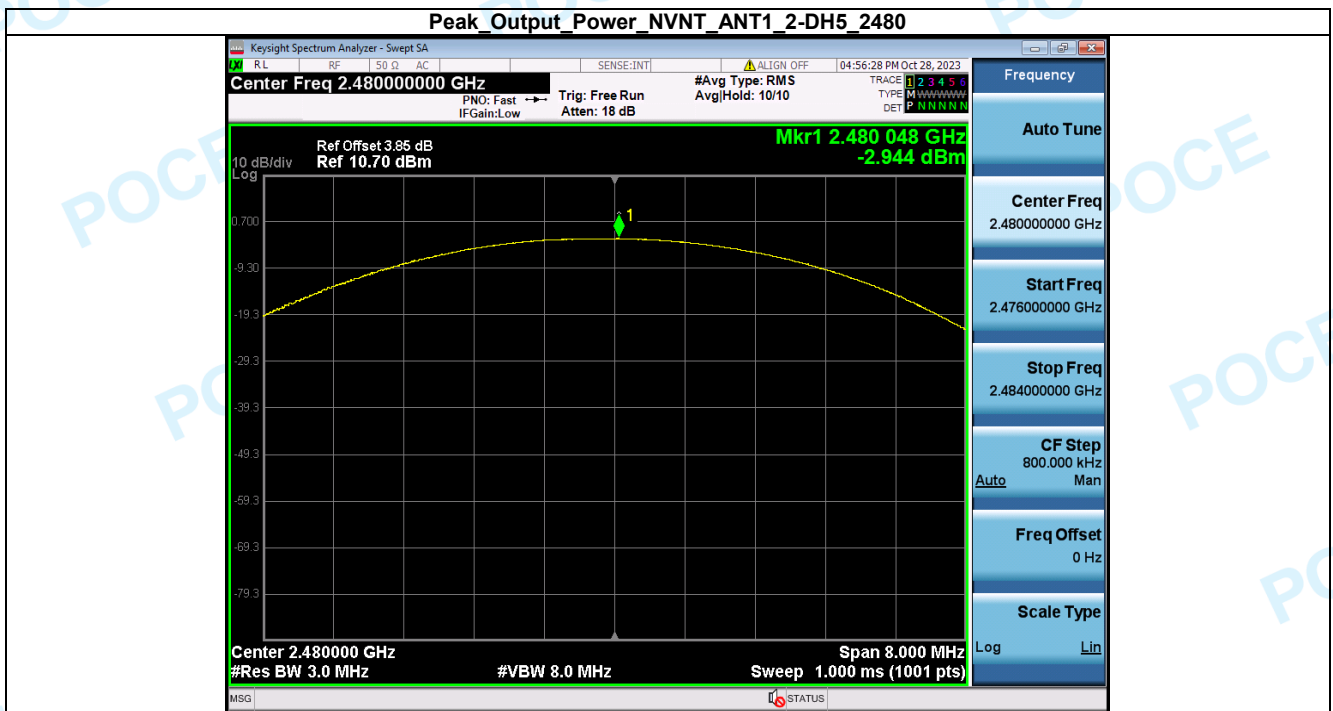
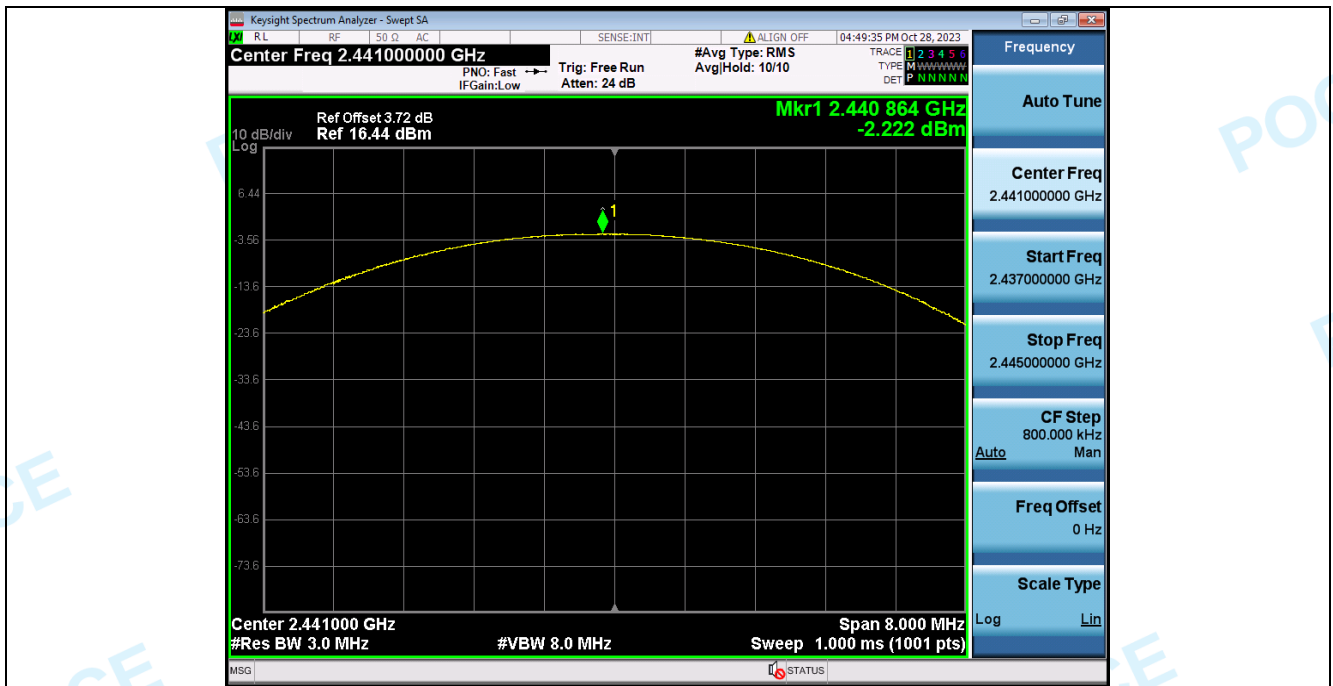
Peak Output Power NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2441



Peak Output Power NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2480



Peak Output Power NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5_2441



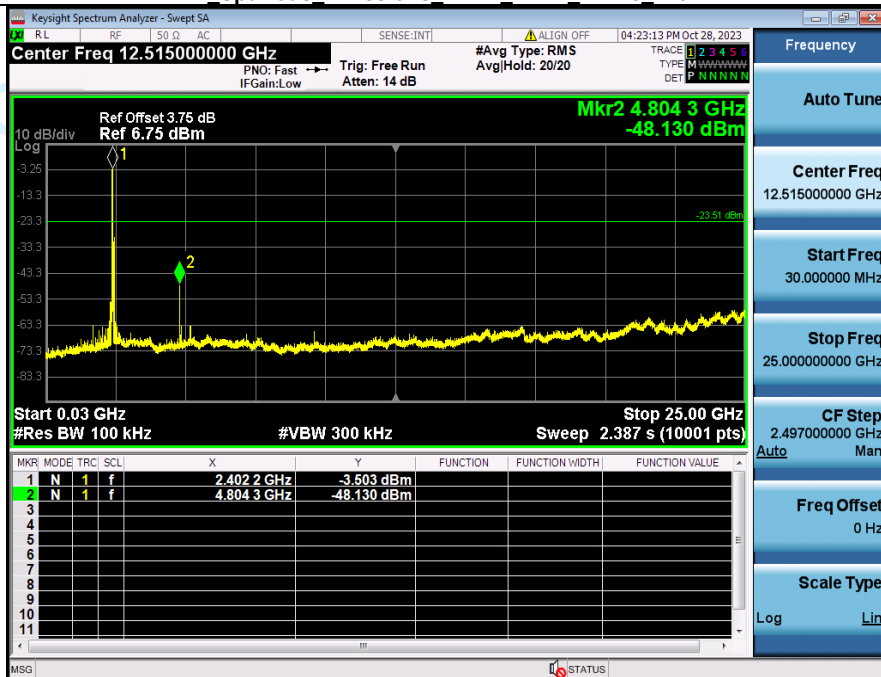
4. Spurious Emissions

Condition	Antenna	Modulation	TX Mode	Spurious MAX.Value(dBm)	Limit	Result
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2402.00	-48.130	-23.506	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2441.00	-44.976	-23.625	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2480.00	-45.110	-24.295	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2402.00	-45.571	-23.621	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2441.00	-46.855	-23.778	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2480.00	-46.892	-24.337	Pass

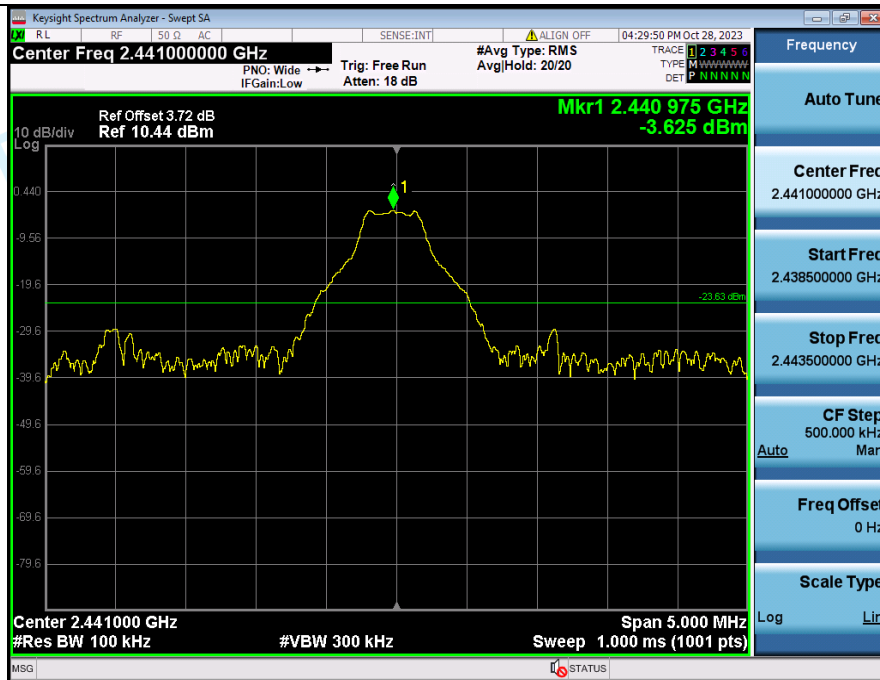
1 Reference Level NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2402



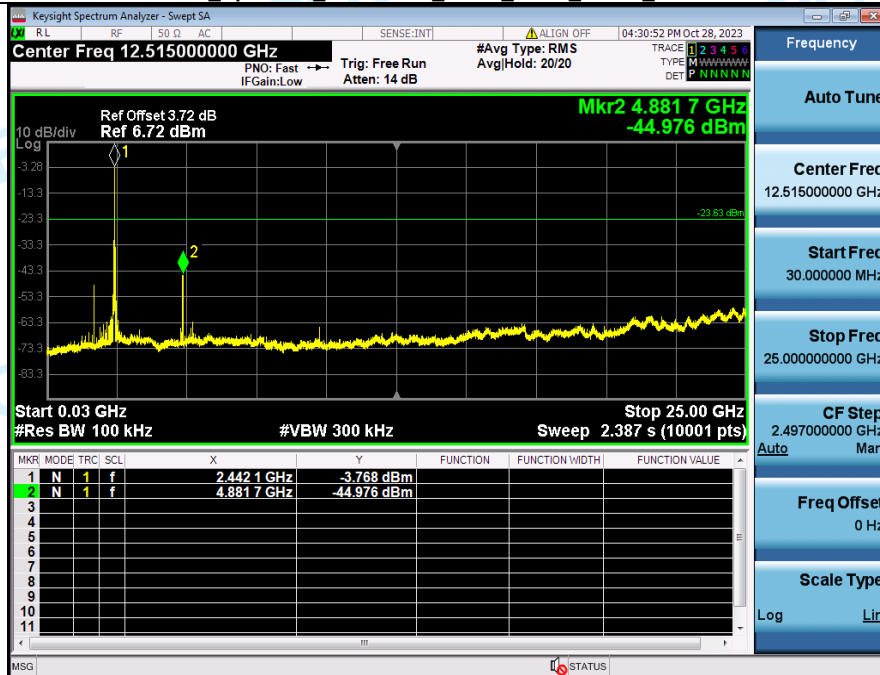
2 Spurious Emissions NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2402



1 Reference Level NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2441



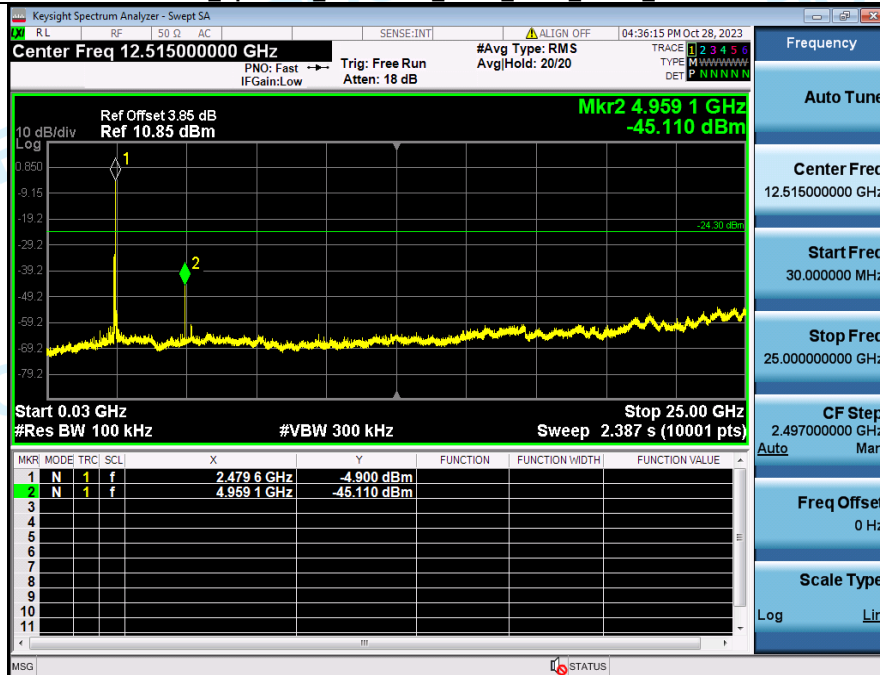
2 Spurious Emissions NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2441



1 Reference Level NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2480



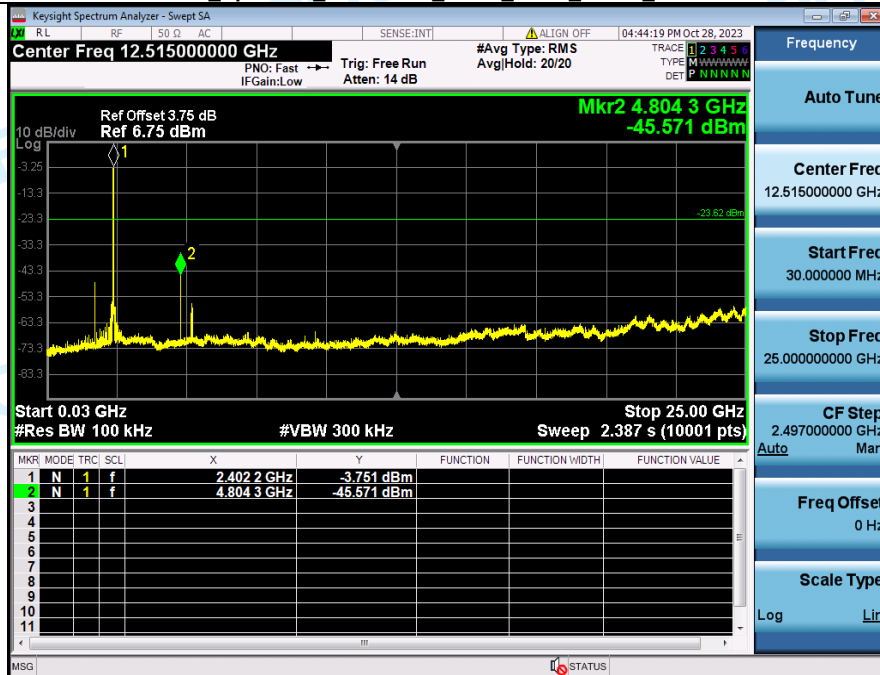
2 Spurious Emissions NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2480



1 Reference Level NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 2402



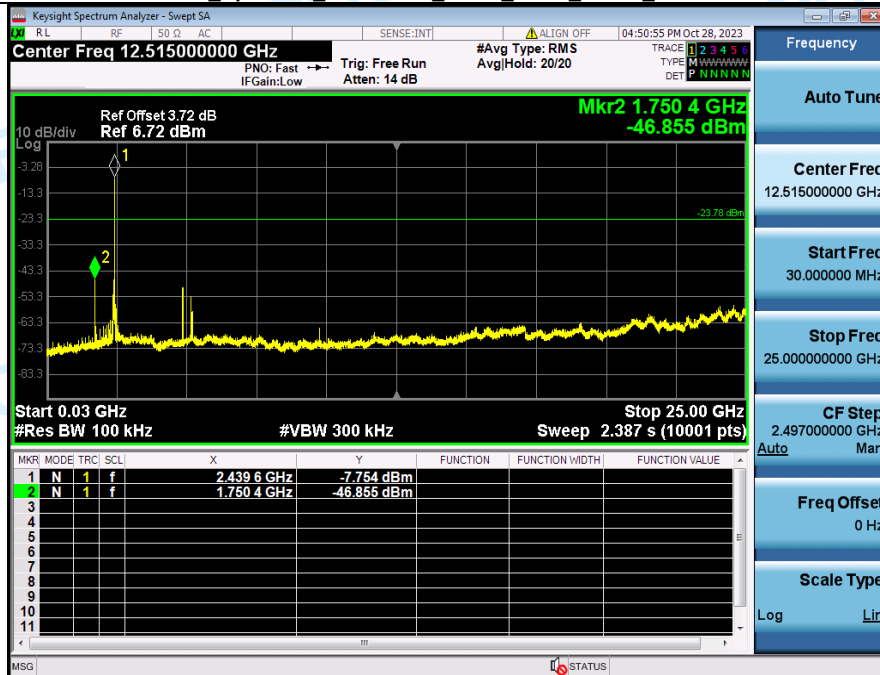
2 Spurious Emissions NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 2402



1 Reference Level NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 2441



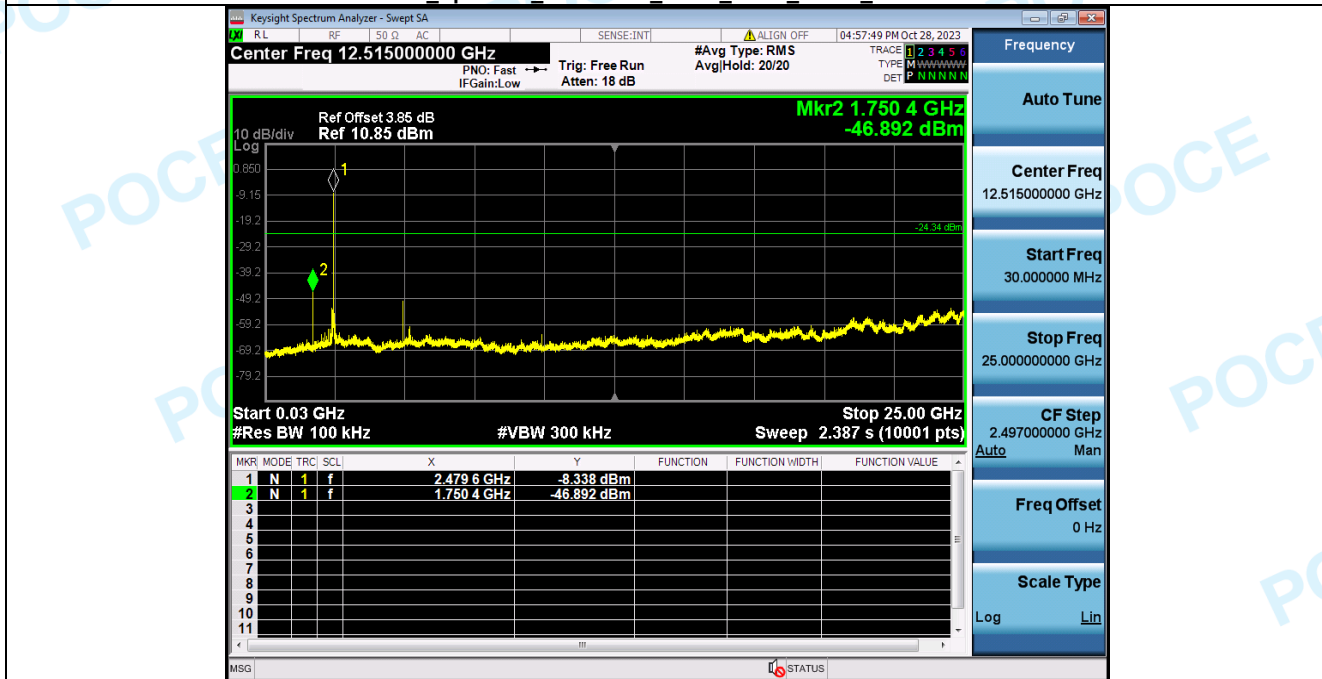
2 Spurious Emissions NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 2441



1 Reference Level NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 2480



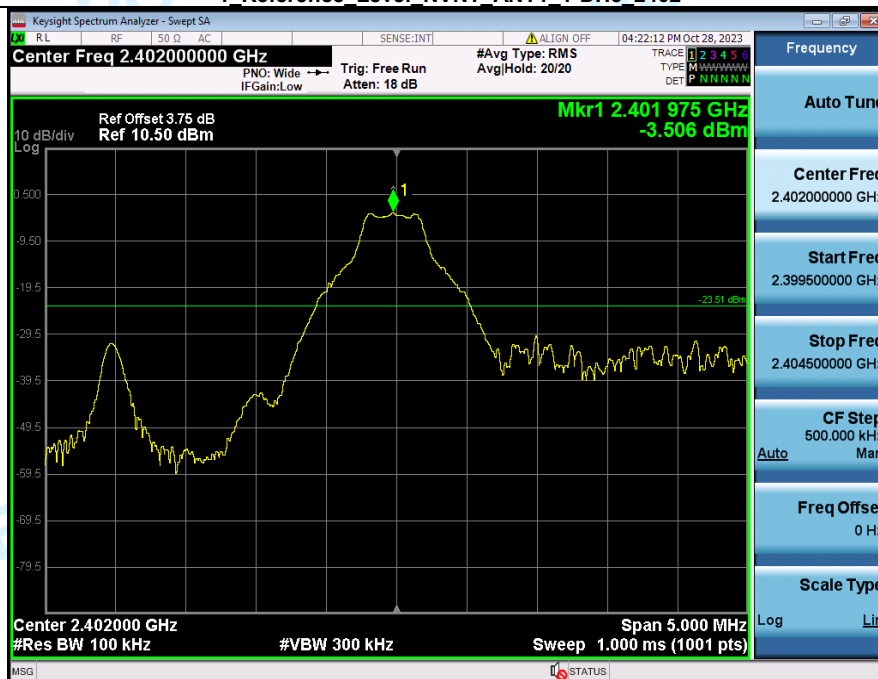
2 Spurious Emissions NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 2480



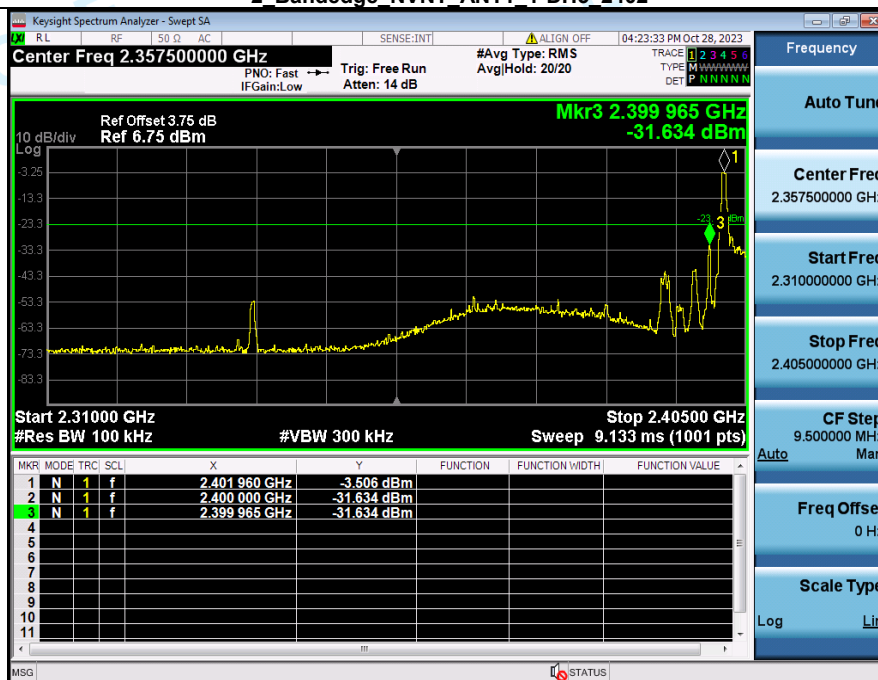
5. Bandedge

Condition	Antenna	Modulation	TX Mode	Bandedge MAX.Value	Limit	Result
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2402.00	-31.634	-23.506	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	Hopping_LCH	-33.321	-23.484	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2480.00	-52.560	-24.295	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	Hopping_HCH	-52.309	-23.496	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2402.00	-31.684	-23.621	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	Hopping_LCH	-31.979	-23.611	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2480.00	-52.758	-24.337	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	Hopping_HCH	-52.587	-23.369	Pass

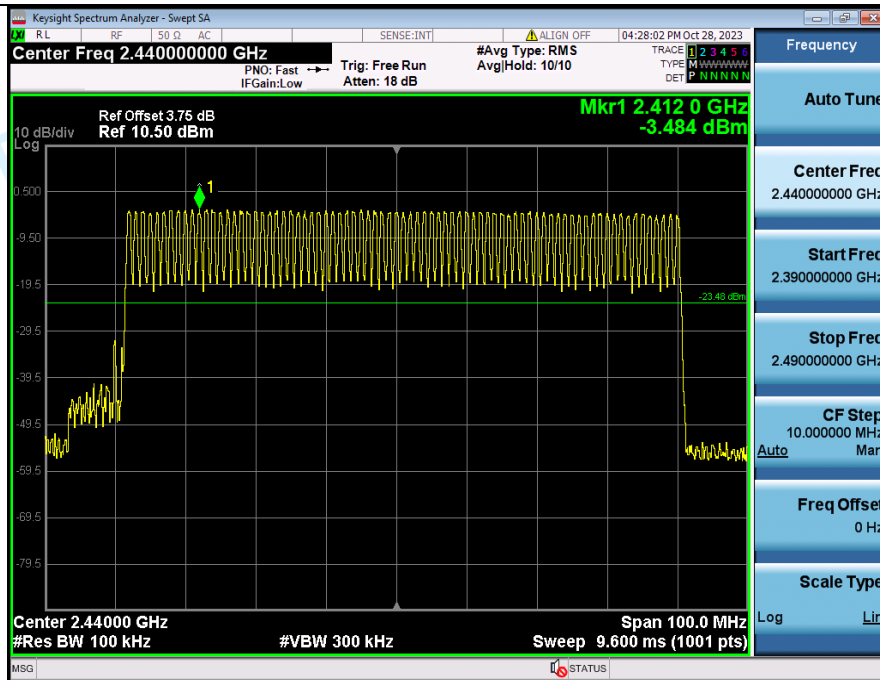
1 Reference Level NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2402



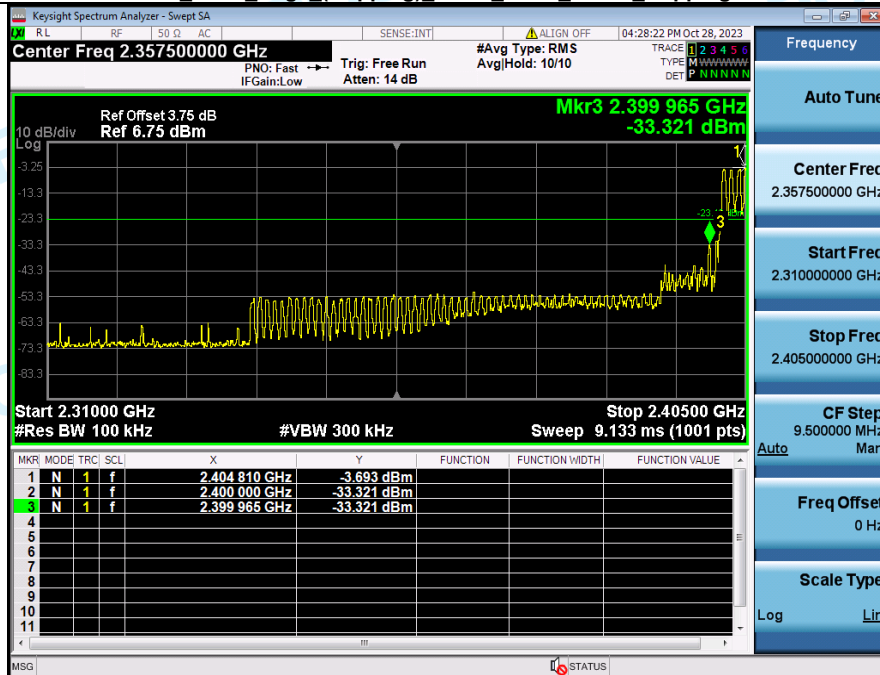
2 Bandedge NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 2402



1 Reference Level Hopping NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 Hopping



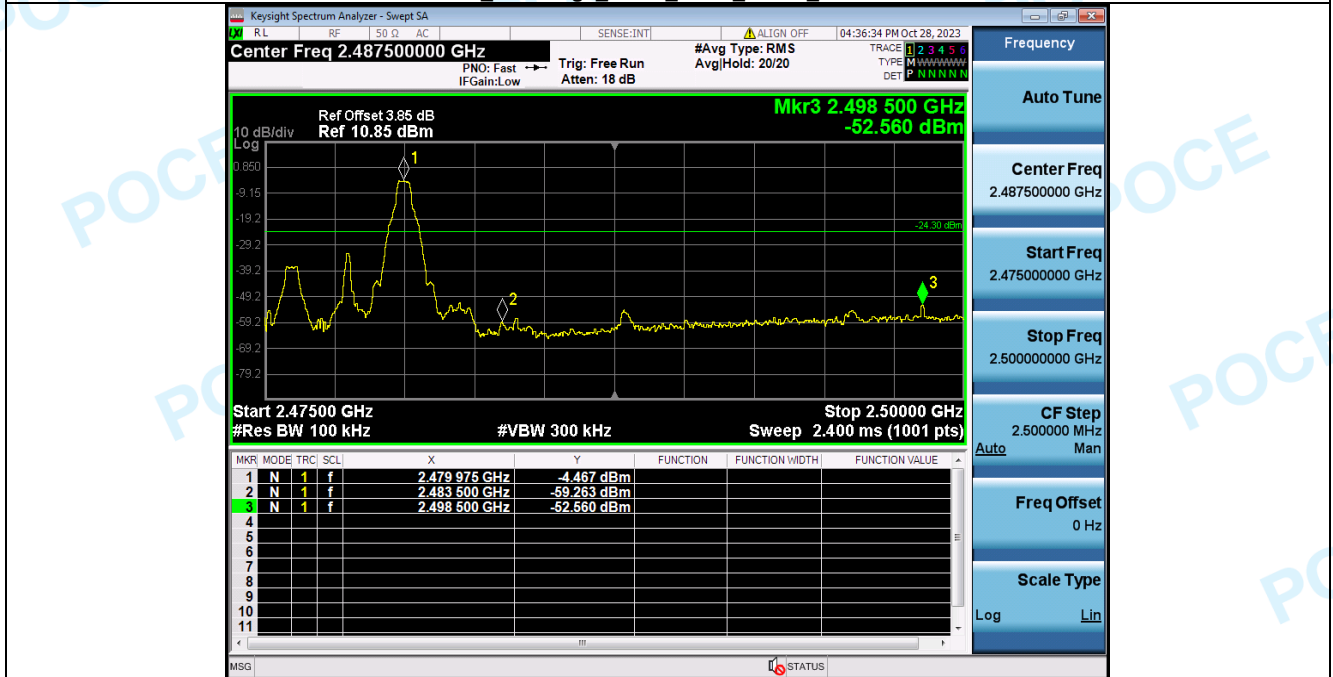
2 Band Edge (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_1-DH5_Hopping



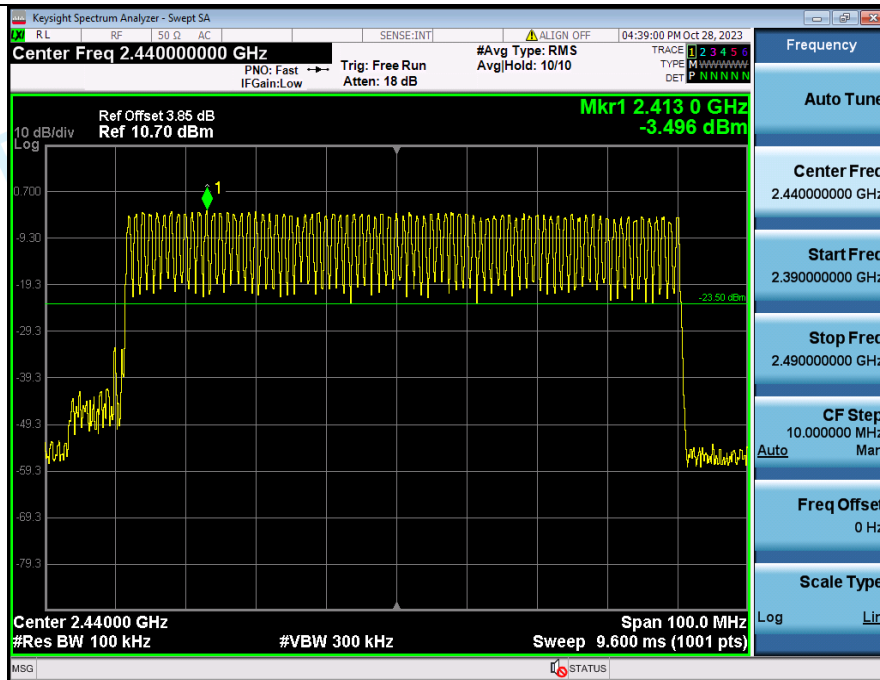
1 Reference_Level_NVNT_ANT1_1-DH5_2480



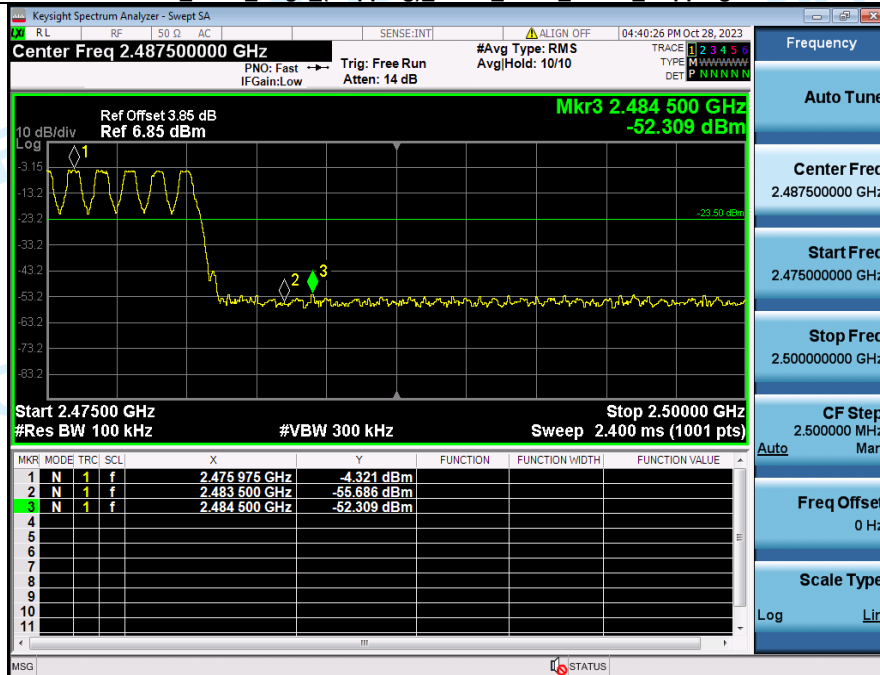
2_Bandedge_NVNT_ANT1_1-DH5_2480



1 Reference Level Hopping_NVNT_ANT1_1-DH5_Hopping



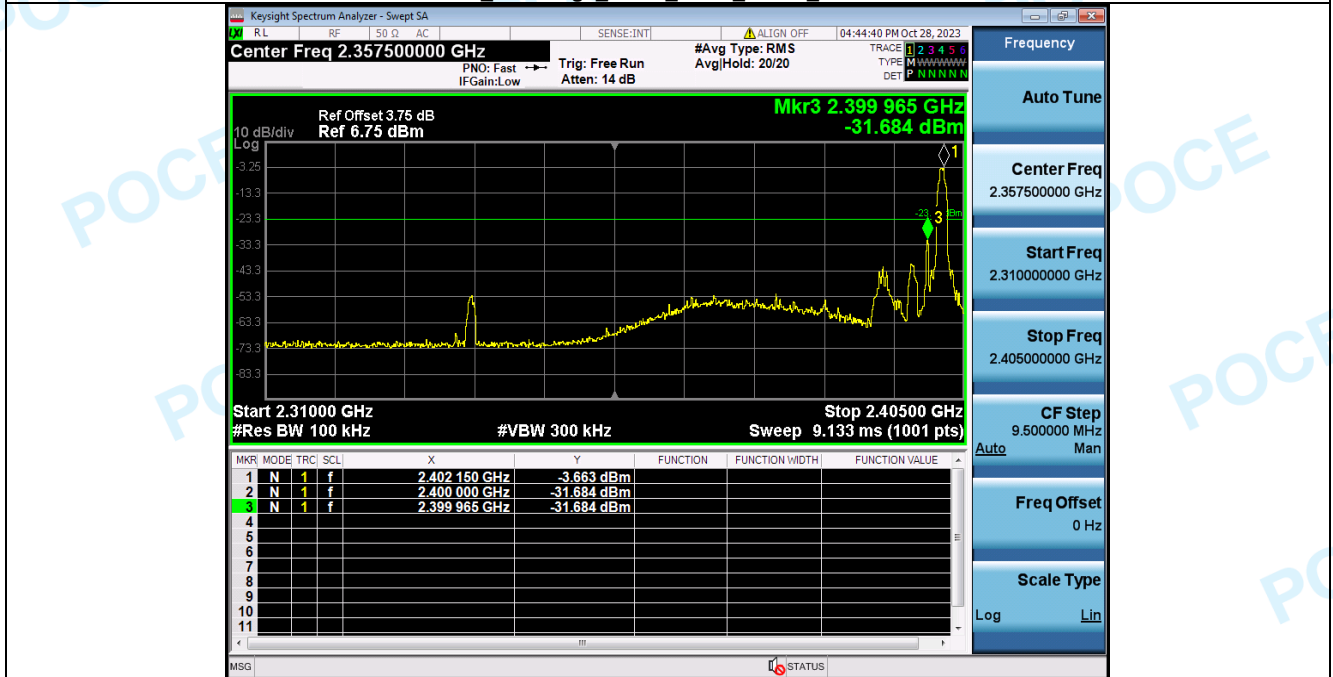
2 Band Edge (Hopping) NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 Hopping



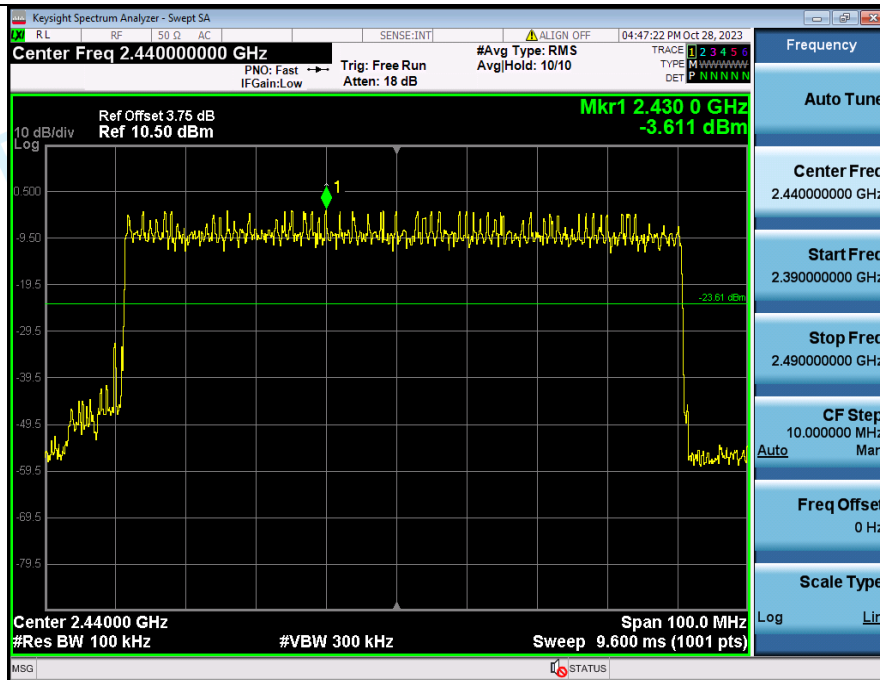
1 Reference Level NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 2402



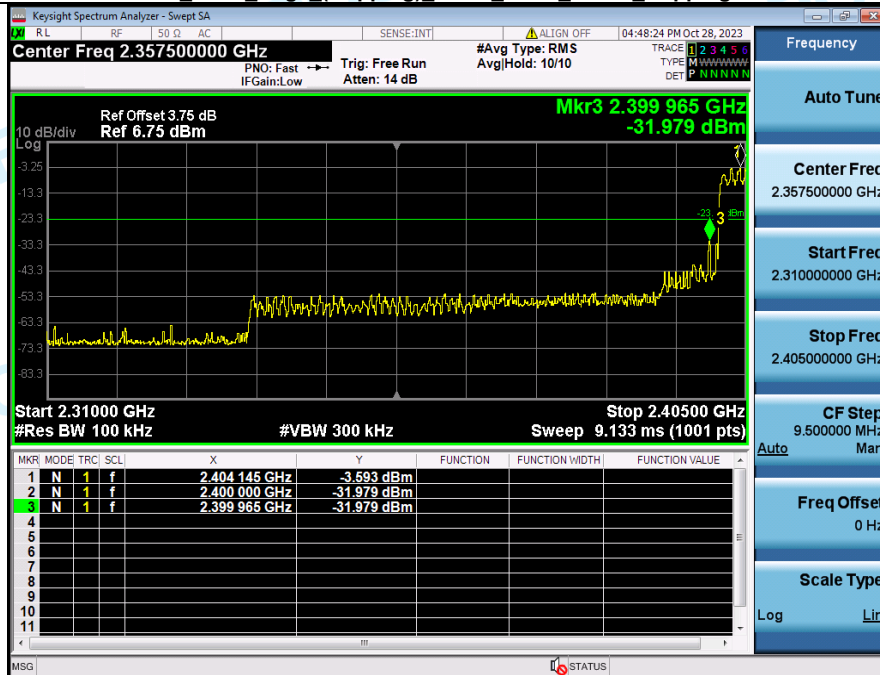
2_Bandedge_NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5_2402



1 Reference_Level_Hopping_NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5_Hopping



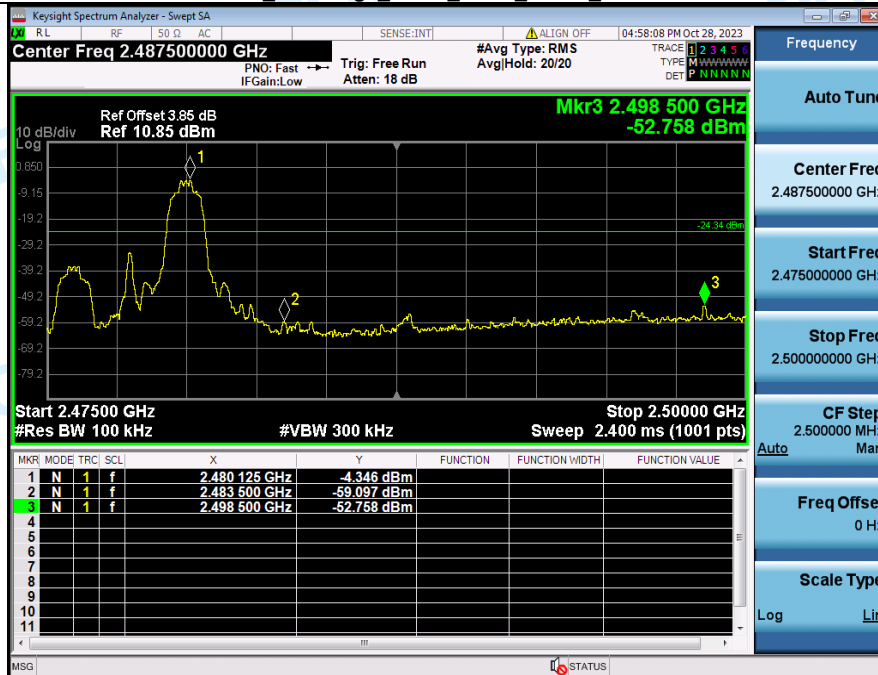
2 Band Edge (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5_Hopping



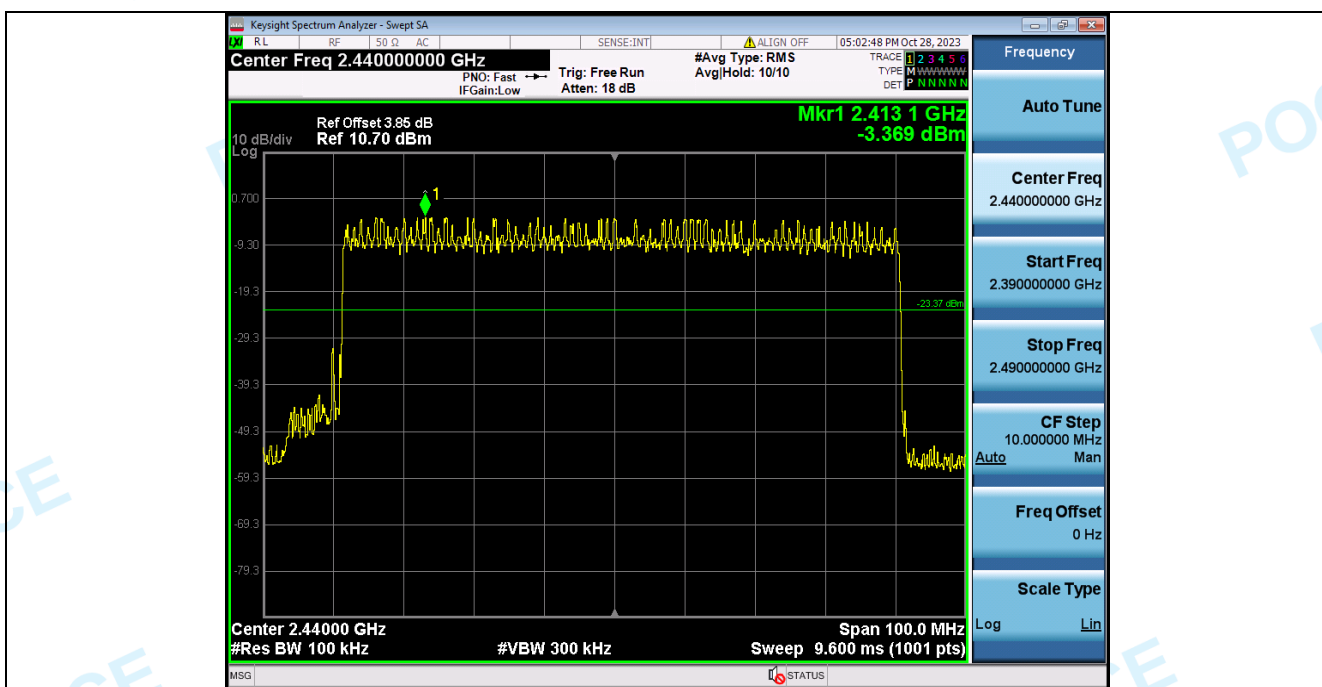
1 Reference_Level_NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5_2480



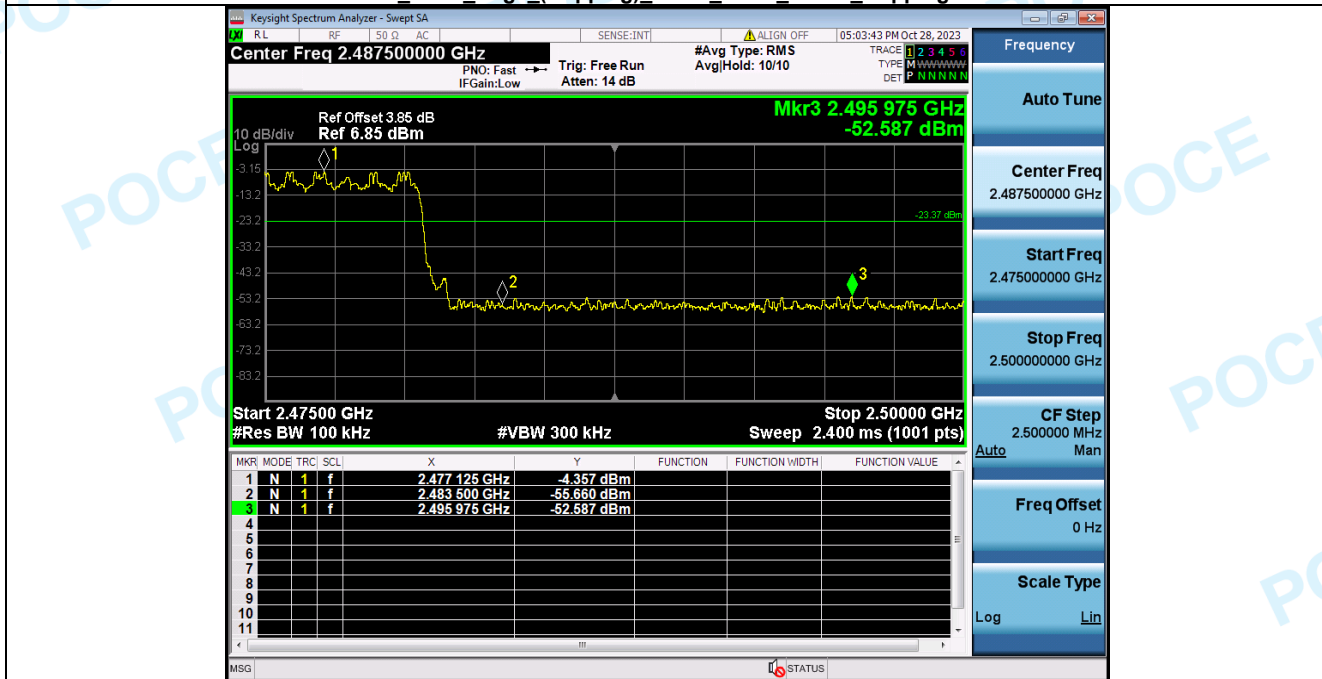
2_Bandedge_NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5_2480



1 Reference Level Hopping_NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5_Hopping

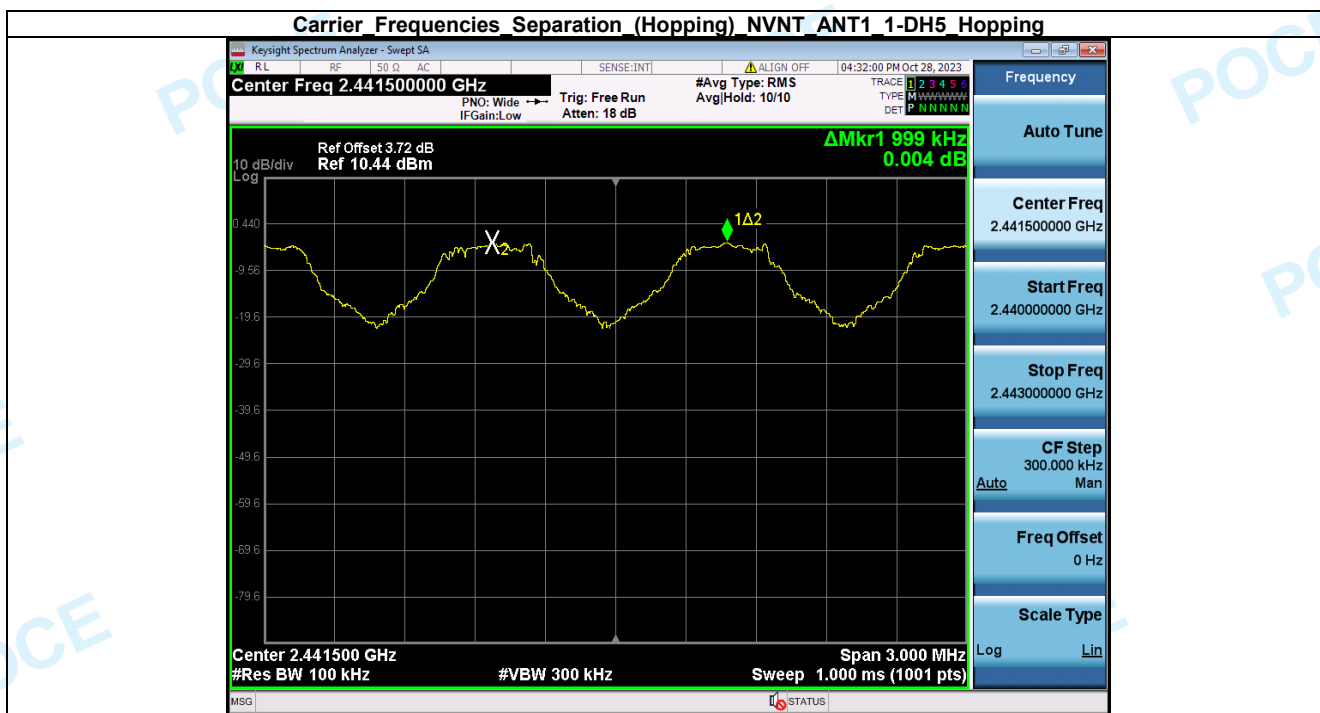
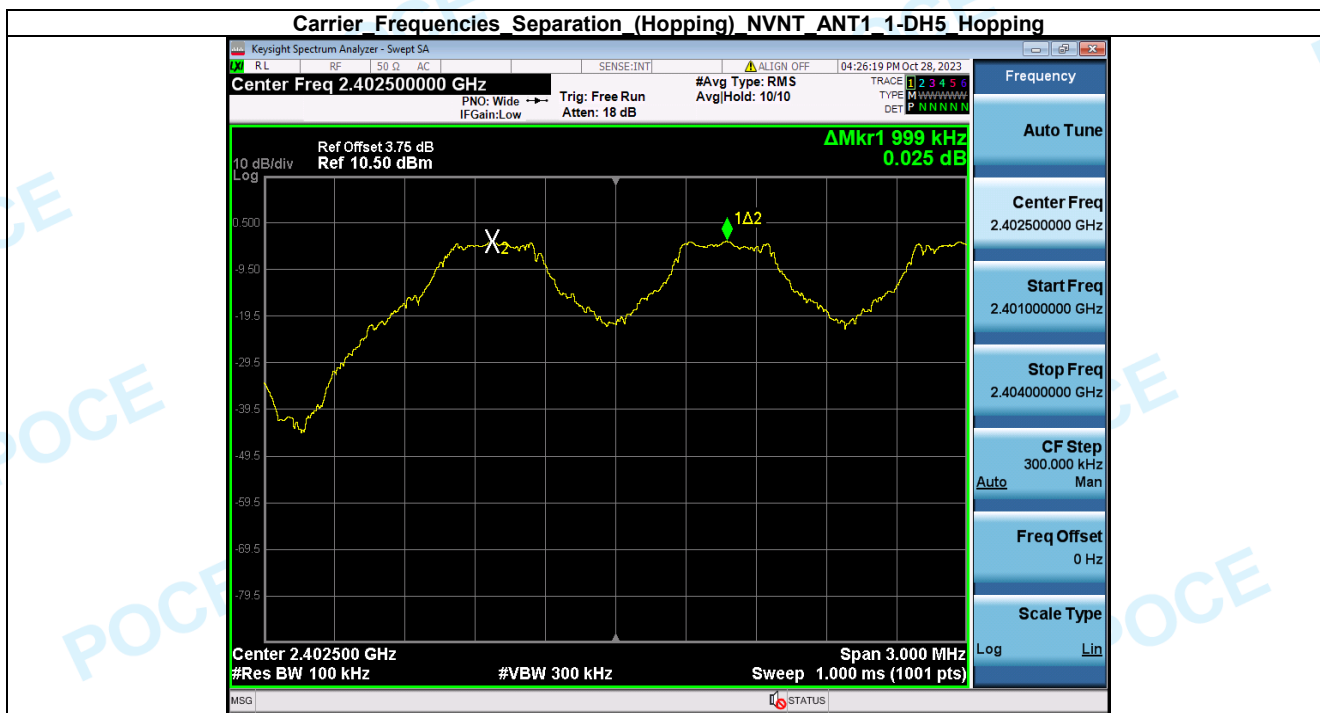


2 Band Edge (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5_Hopping



6. Carrier Frequencies Separation (Hopping)

Condition	Antenna	Modulation	Frequency(MHz)	Carrier Frequencies Separation(MHz)	Limit(MHz)	Result
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2402.00	0.999	0.609	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2441.00	0.999	0.611	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2480.00	0.999	0.612	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2402.00	1.017	0.817	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2441.00	1.002	0.818	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2480.00	0.999	0.819	Pass



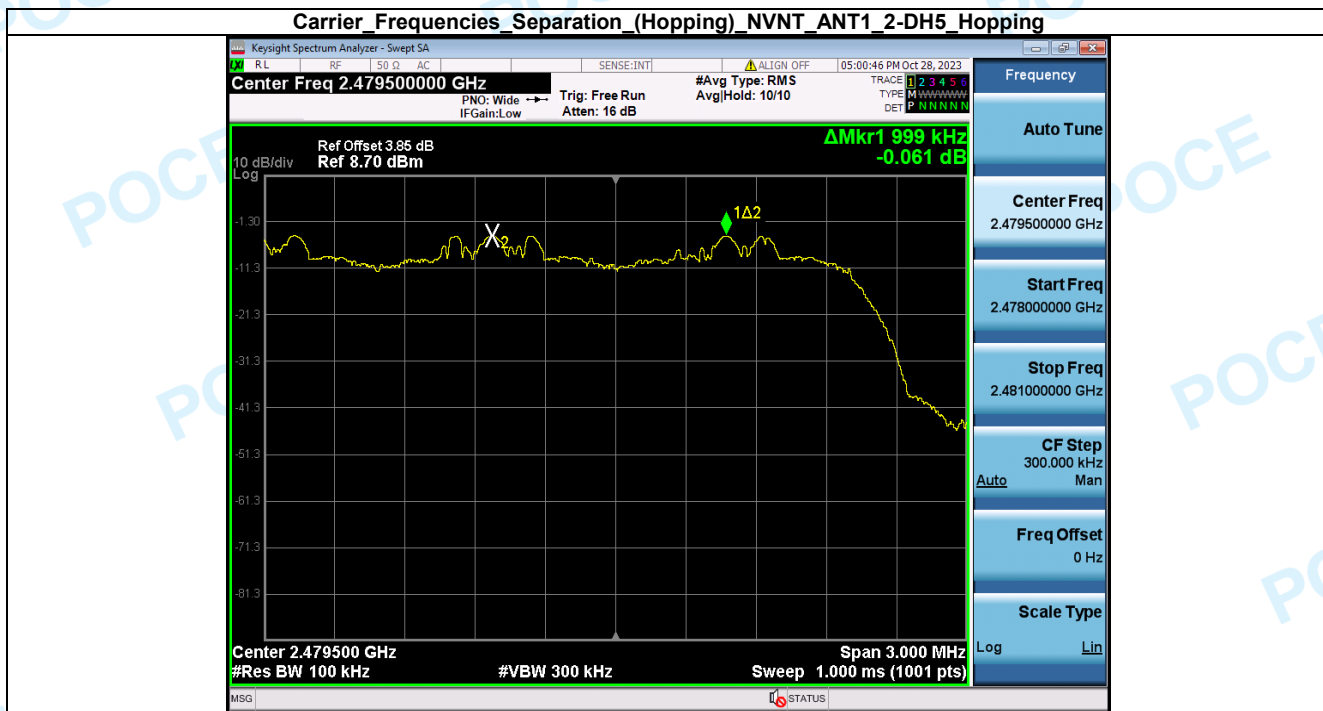
Carrier_Frequencies_Separation_(Hopping)_NVNT_ANT1_1-DH5_Hopping



Carrier Frequencies Separation (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5 Hopping



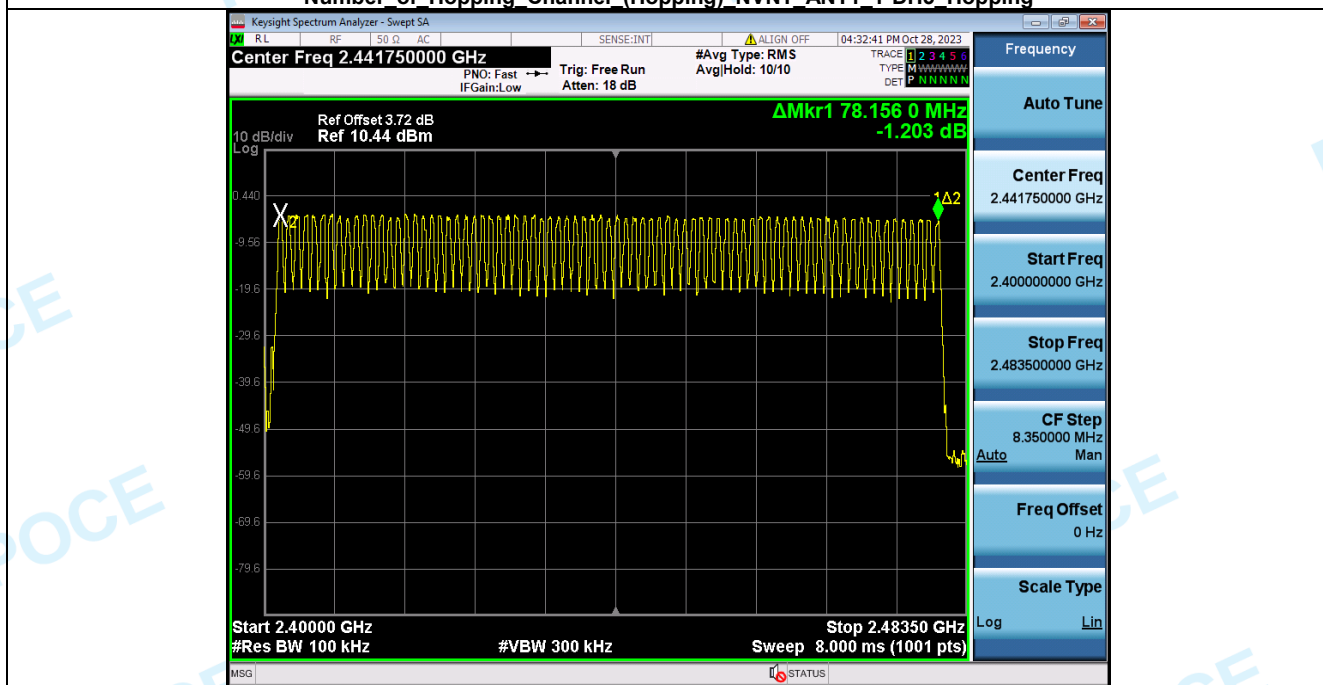
Carrier Frequencies Separation (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5 Hopping



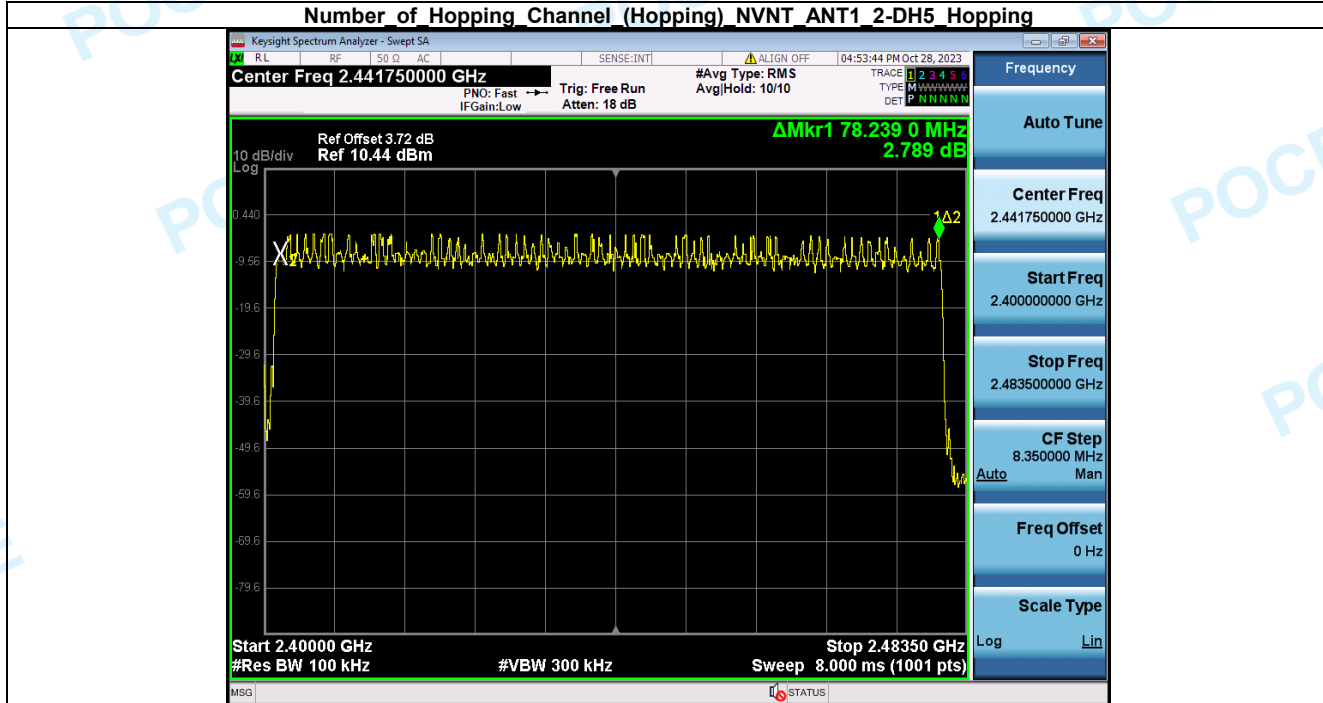
7. Number of Hopping Channel (Hopping)

Condition	Antenna	Modulation	Hopping Num	Limit	Result
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	79	15	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	79	15	Pass

Number of Hopping Channel (Hopping) NVNT ANT1 1-DH5 Hopping

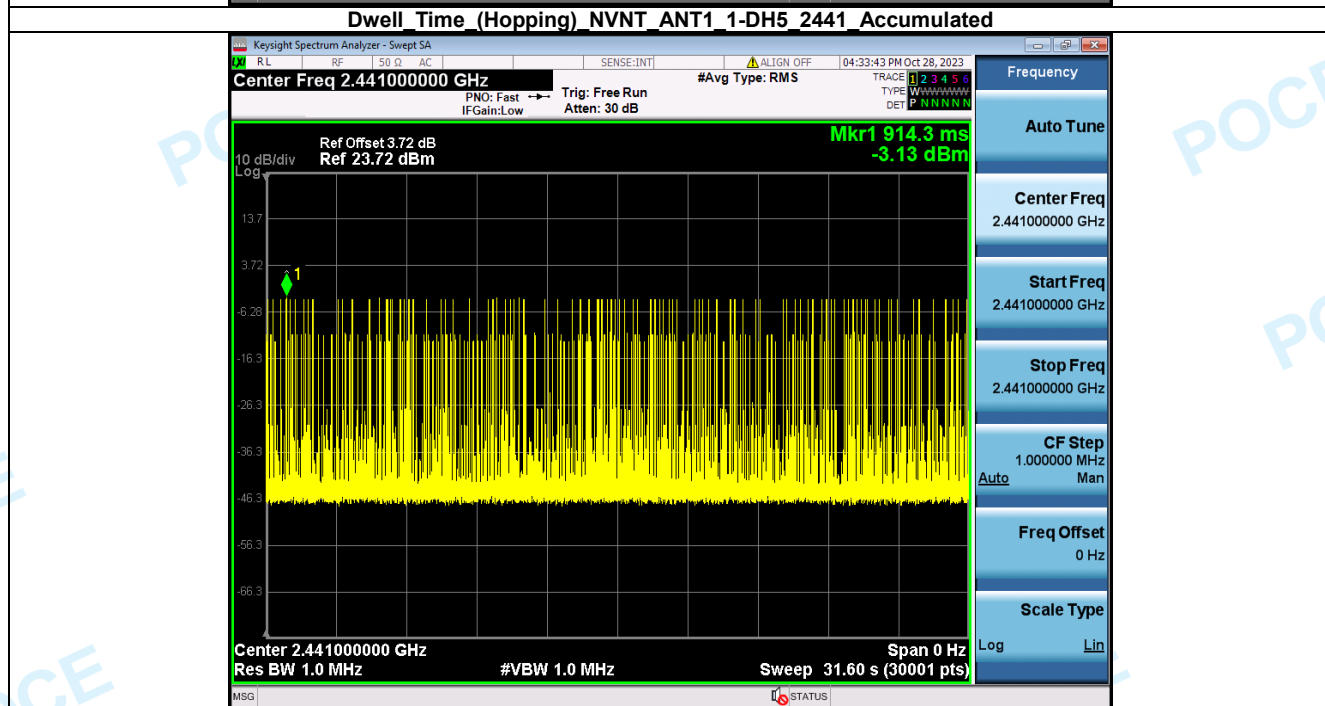
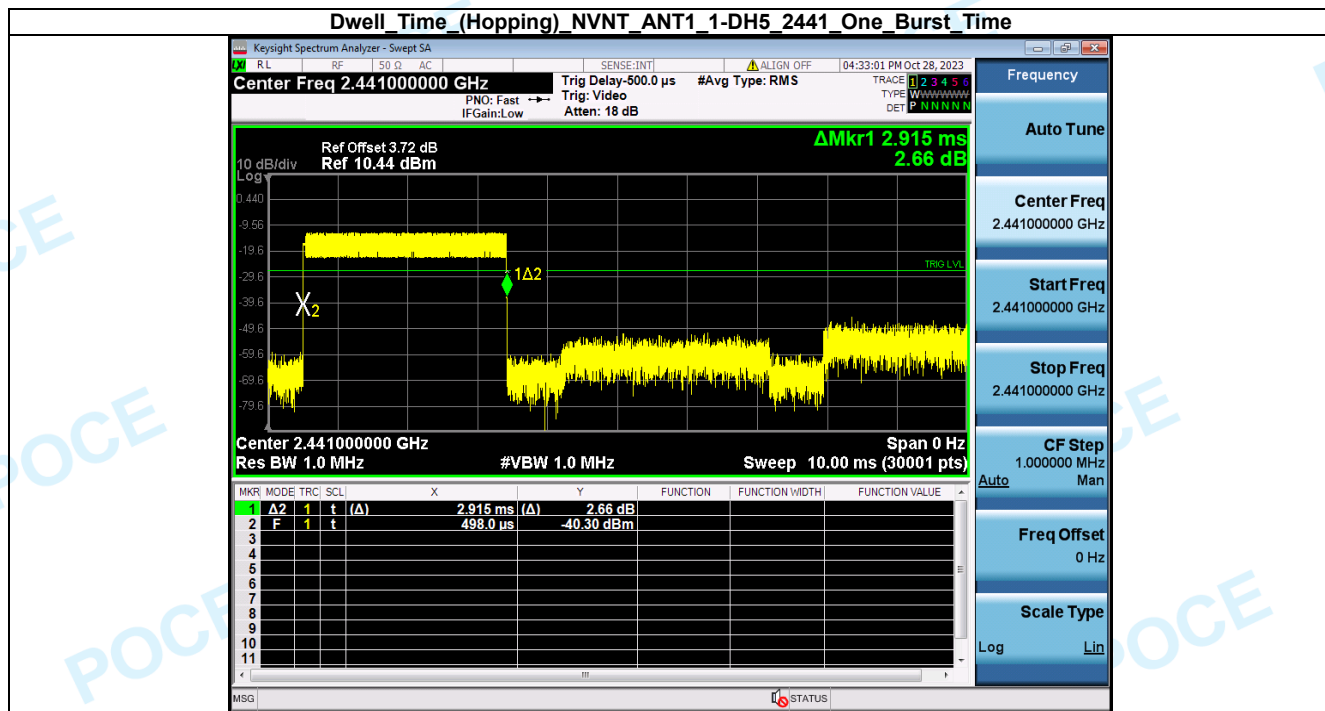


Number of Hopping Channel (Hopping) NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 Hopping

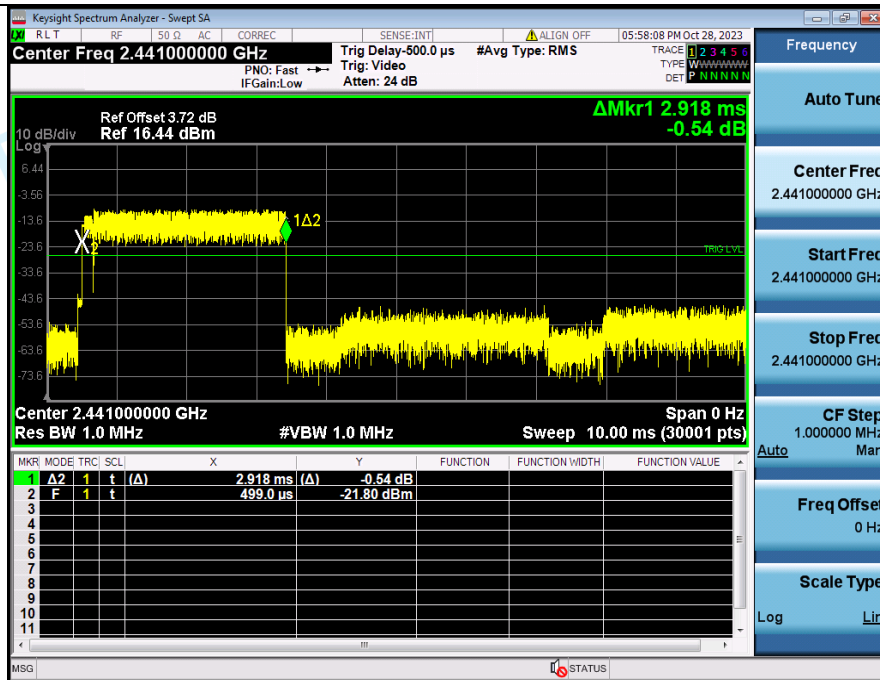


8. Dwell Time (Hopping)

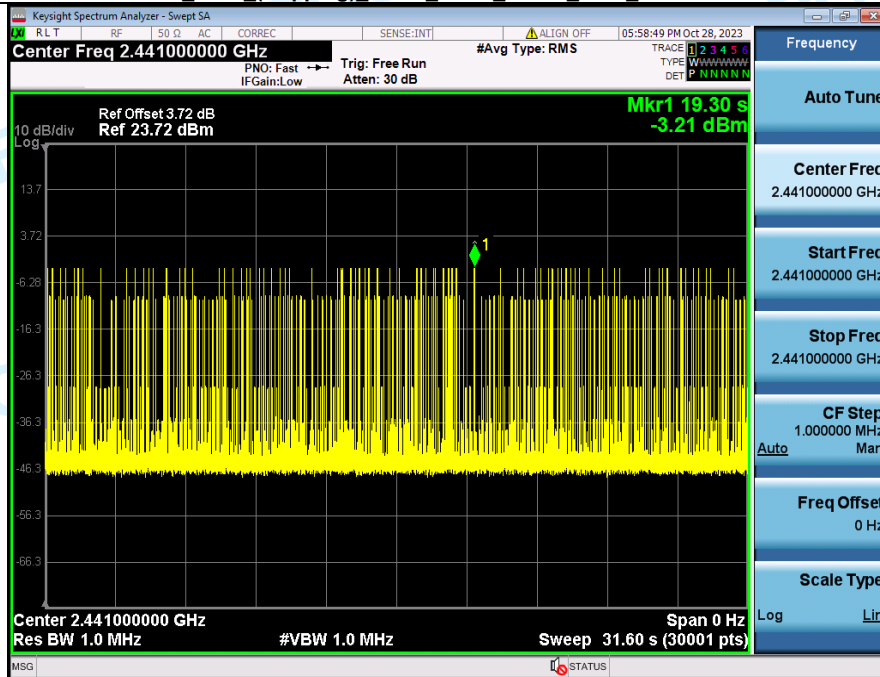
Condition	Antenna	Packet Type	Pulse Time(ms)	Hops	Dwell Time(ms)	Limit(s)	Result
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH5	2.915	113.00	329.395	0.40	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH5	2.918	96.00	280.160	0.40	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH1	0.410	319.00	130.790	0.40	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	1-DH3	1.667	161.00	268.387	0.40	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH1	0.412	318.00	131.016	0.40	Pass
NVNT	ANT1	2-DH3	1.672	165.00	275.934	0.40	Pass



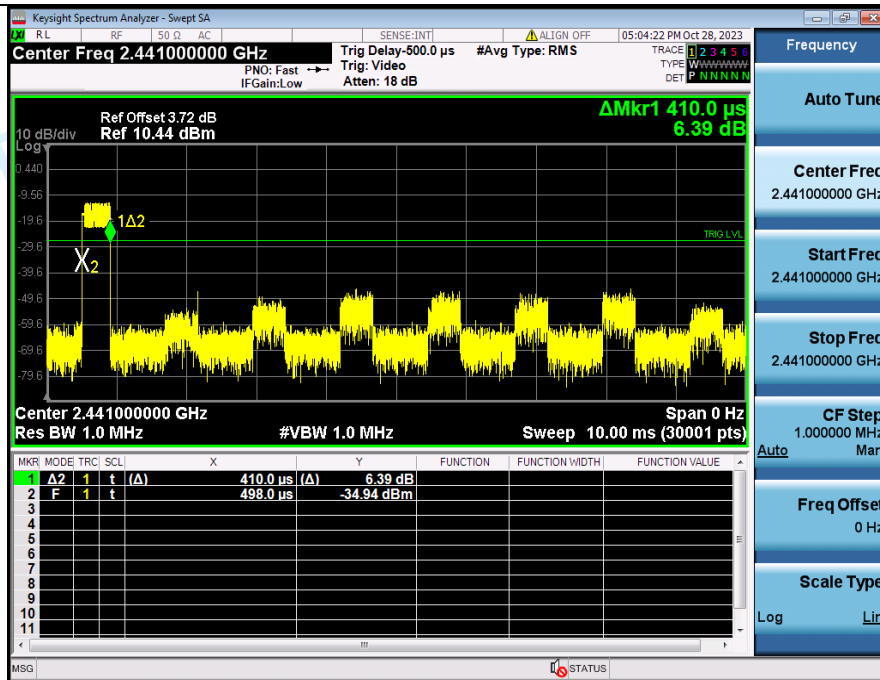
Dwell Time (Hopping) NVNT ANT1 2-DH5 2441 One Burst Time



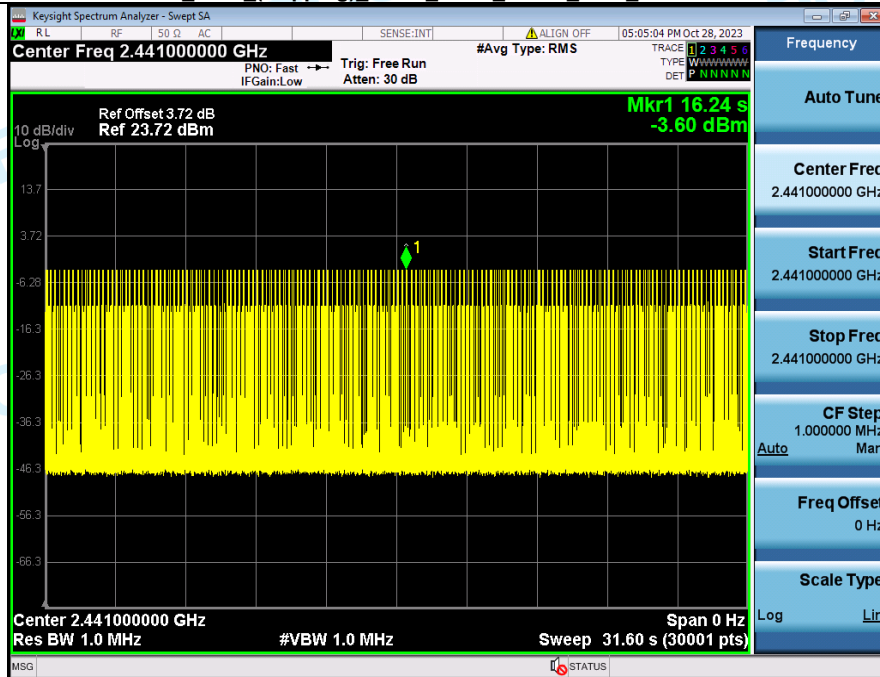
Dwell Time (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_2-DH5_2441_Accumulated



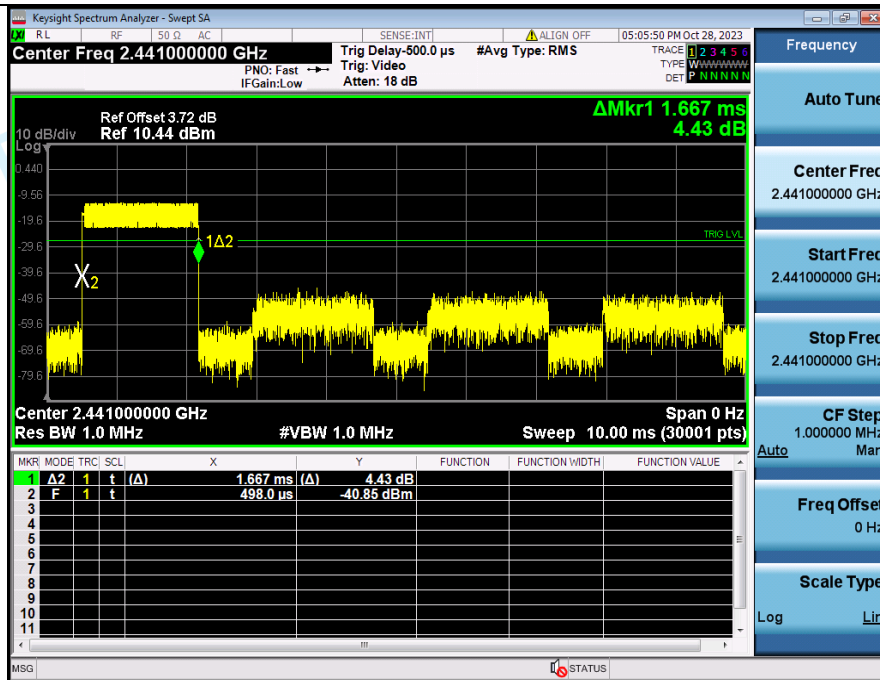
Dwell Time (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_1-DH1_2441_One Burst Time



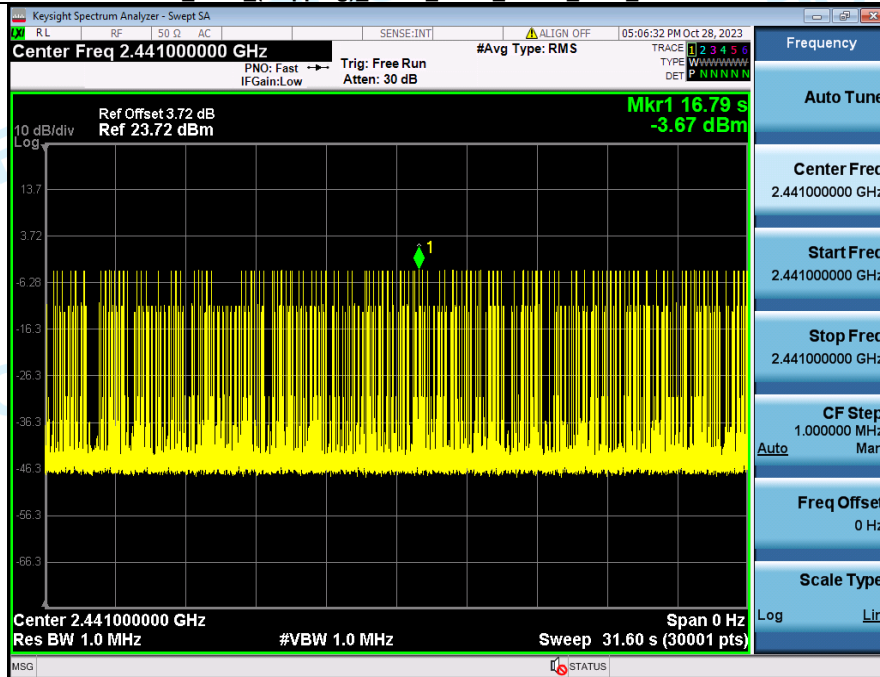
Dwell Time (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_1-DH1_2441 Accumulated



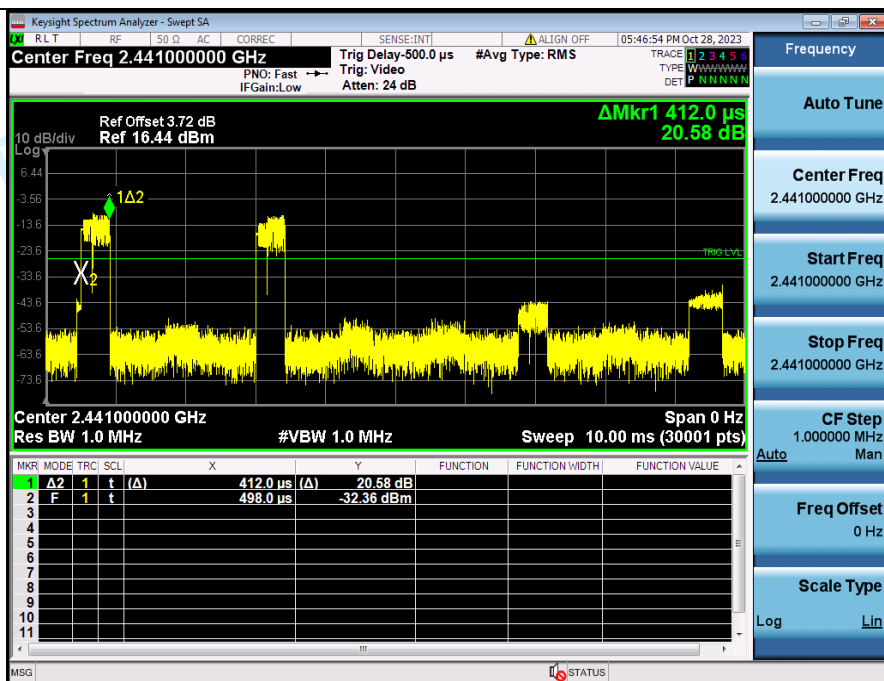
Dwell Time (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_1-DH3 2441 One Burst Time



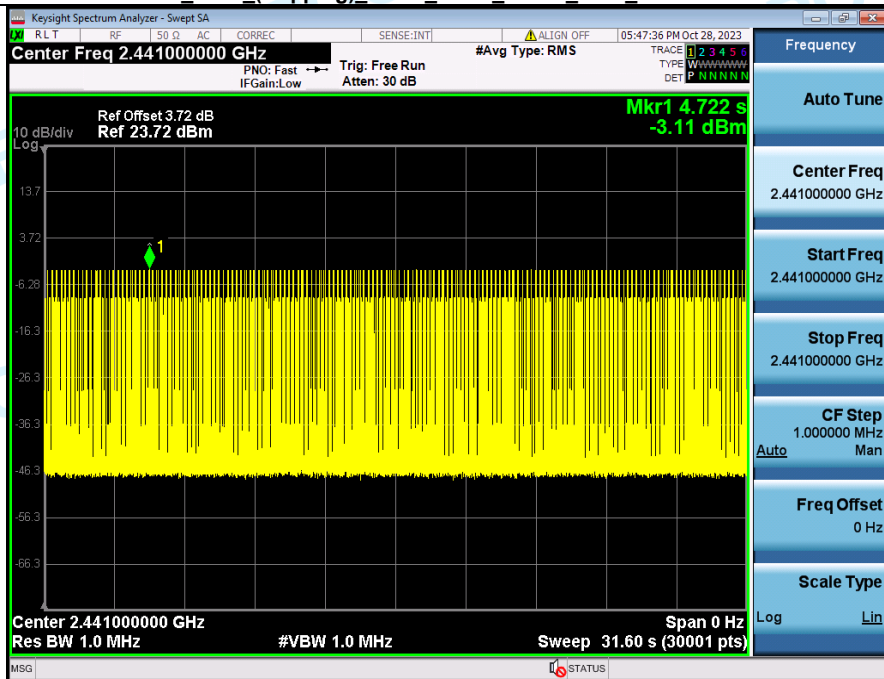
Dwell Time (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_1-DH3_2441 Accumulated



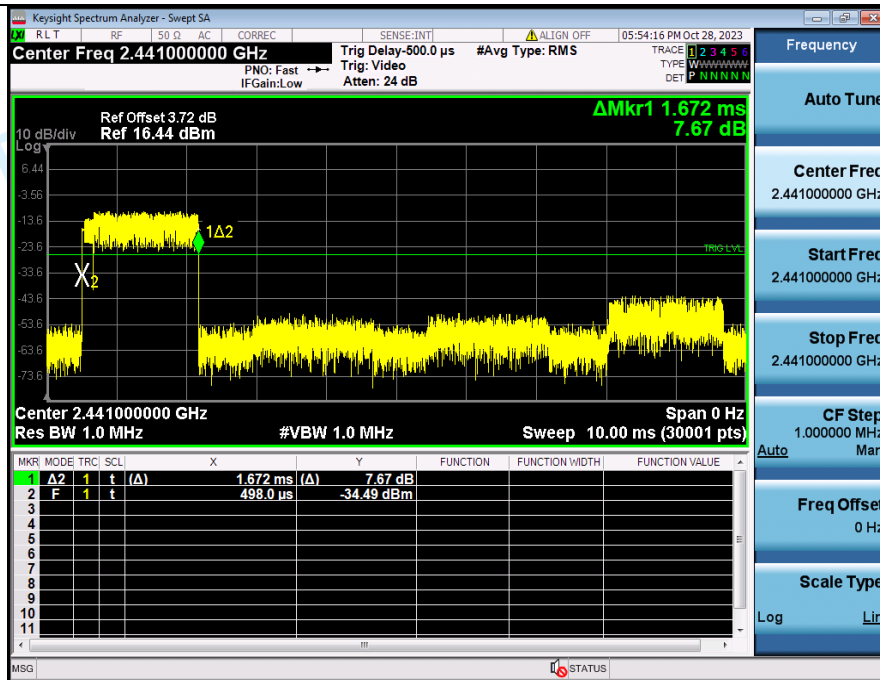
Dwell Time (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_2-DH1_2441 One Burst Time



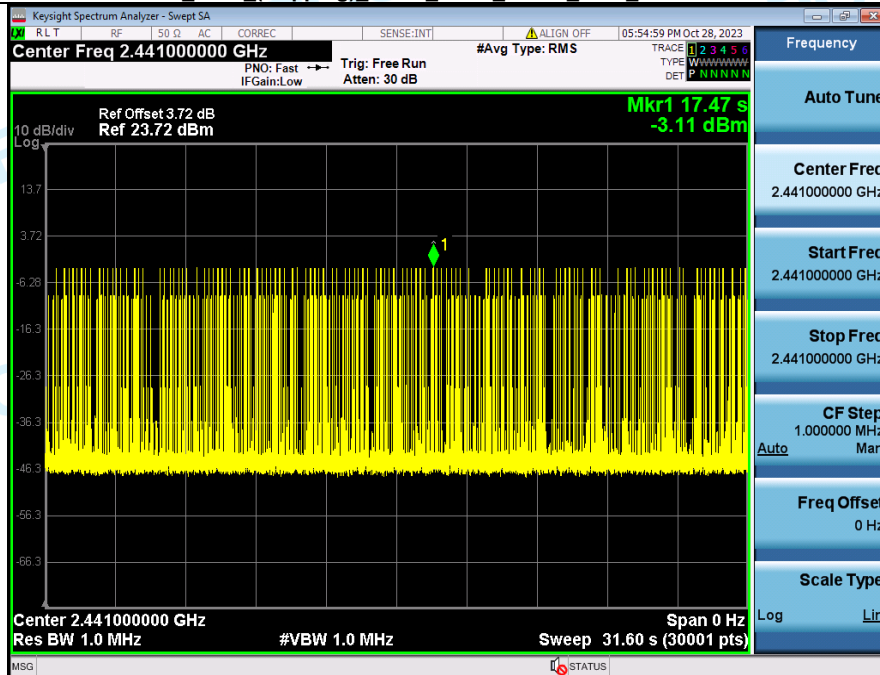
Dwell Time (Hopping) NVNT ANT1_2-DH1_2441 Accumulated



Dwell Time (Hopping) NVNT ANT1_2-DH3 2441 One Burst Time



Dwell Time (Hopping) NVNT_ANT1_2-DH3_2441_Accumulated



***** End of Report *****