## RF Exposure evaluation

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [ $\sqrt{f}$ (GHz)]  $\leq$  3.0 for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{mW}}$  and  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{mm}}$  before calculation.

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

Worse case is as below:

**2480MHz -11.669dBm (0.068mW)** output power

 $(0.068 \text{mW} / 5 \text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.480} (\text{GHz})] = 0.02 < 3.0 \text{ for } 1-\text{g SAR}$ 

Then SAR evaluation is not required.