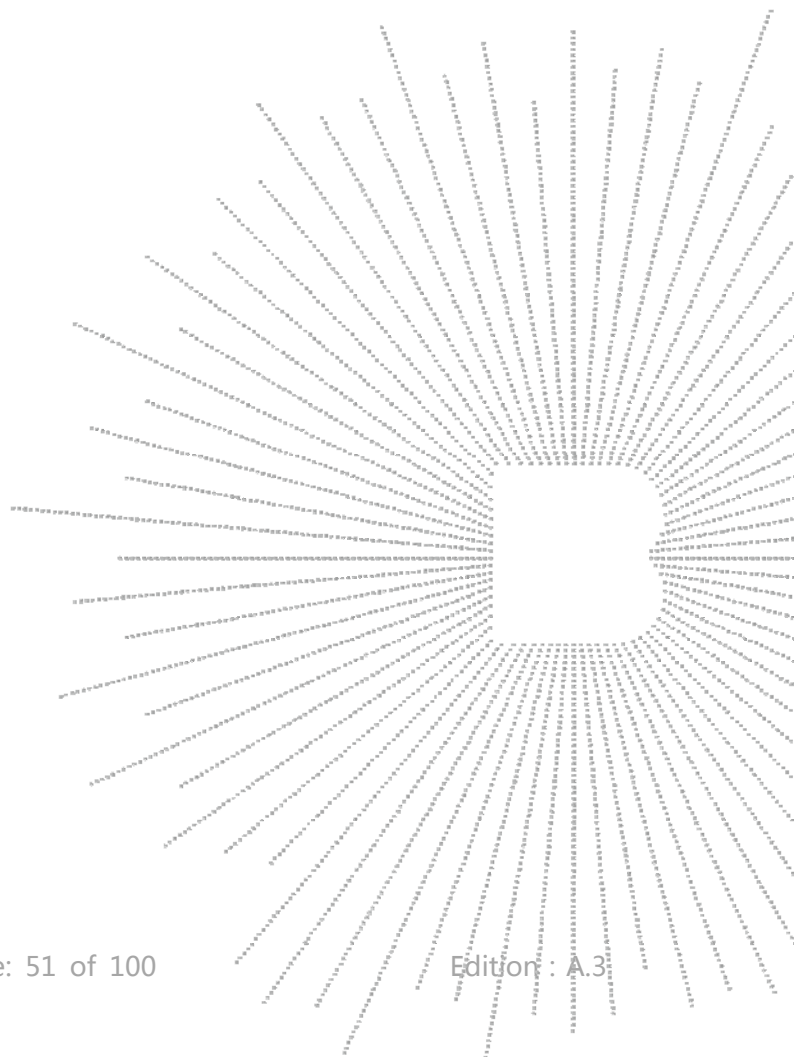




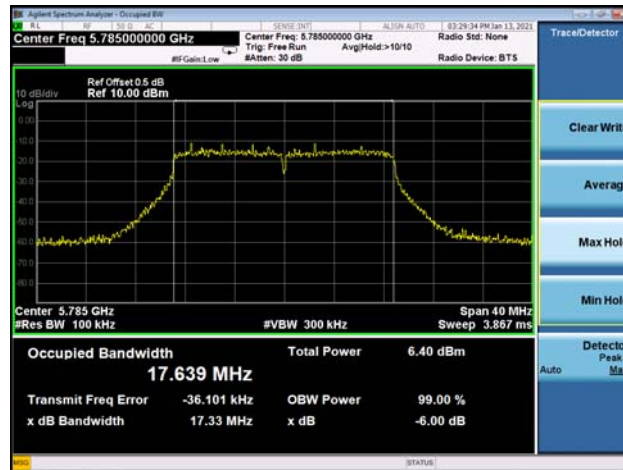
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)	6dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit MHz	Result
			ANT B	ANT B		
802.11 n20	CH149	5745	17.790	17.01	≥500	Pass
	CH157	5785	17.762	16.94	≥500	Pass
	CH165	5825	17.721	17.59	≥500	Pass
802.11 n40	CH151	5755	37.073	35.62	≥500	Pass
	CH159	5795	36.860	35.98	≥500	Pass
802.11 ac20	CH149	5745	17.729	17.07	≥500	Pass
	CH157	5785	17.751	17.28	≥500	Pass
	CH165	5825	17.758	17.27	≥500	Pass
802.11 ac40	CH151	5755	36.951	35.73	≥500	Pass
	CH159	5795	36.966	36.10	≥500	Pass
802.11 AC80	CH155	5775	75.595	75.28	≥500	Pass



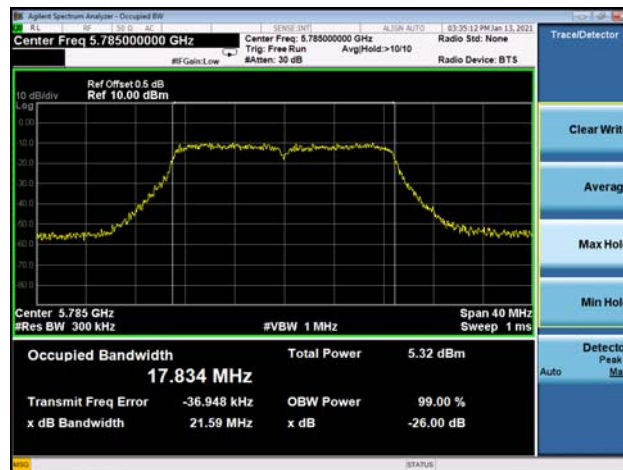
Antenna A: 5725-5850MHz

Mode:		802.11n-HT20
5745MHz 6dB bandwidth		
5745MHz 99% bandwidth		

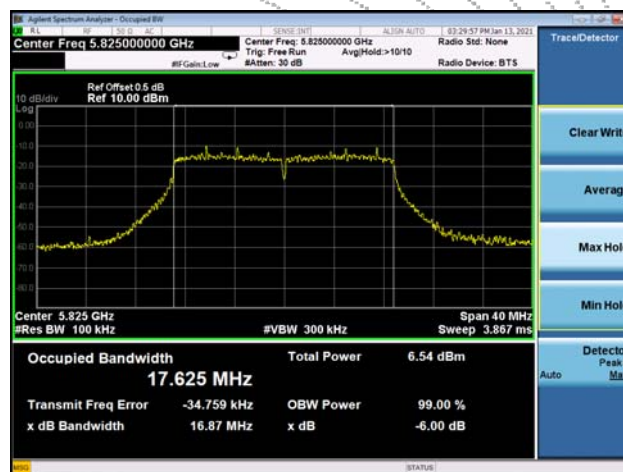
5785MHz
6dB bandwidth



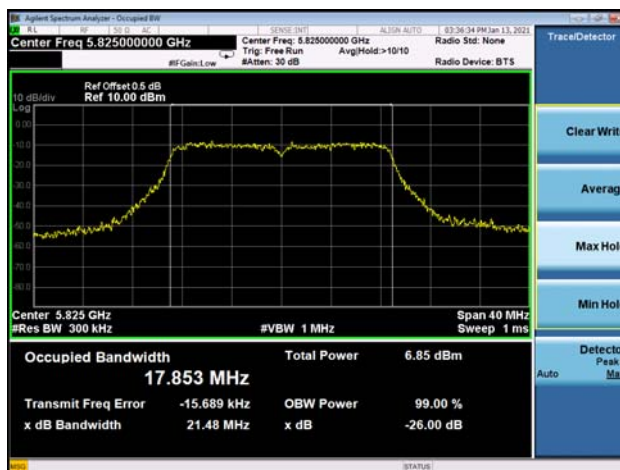
5785MHz
99% bandwidth

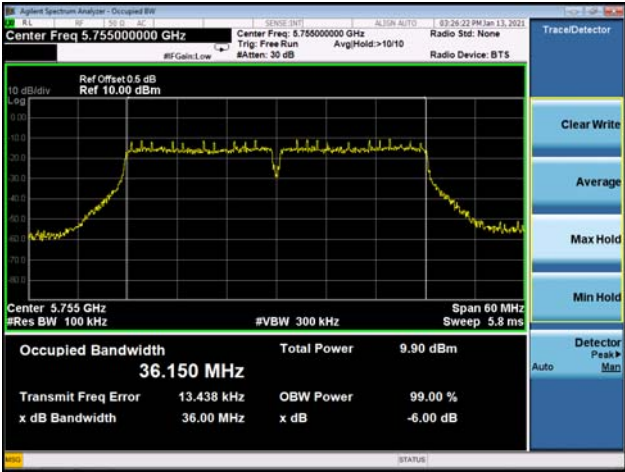



5825MHz
6dB bandwidth

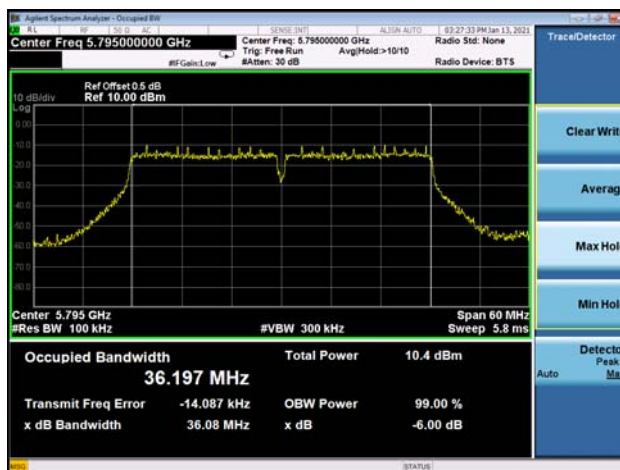


5825MHz
99% bandwidth



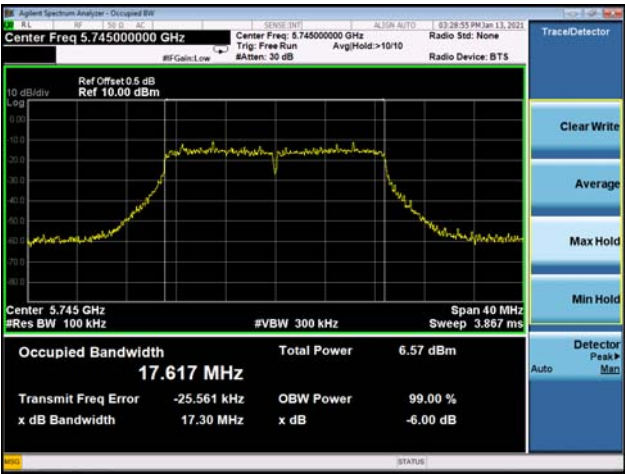
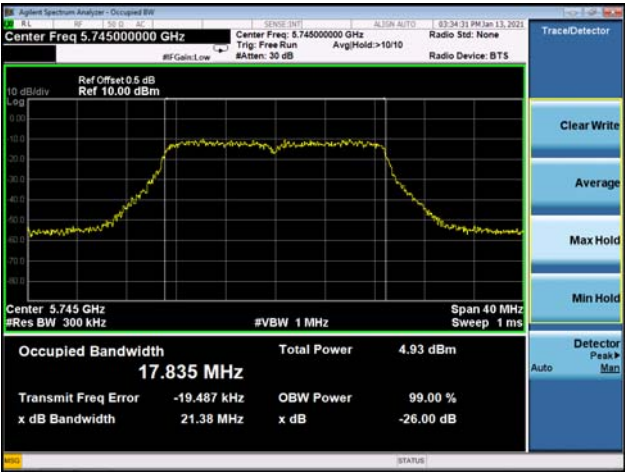
Mode:	802.11n-HT40
<p>5755 MHz 6dB bandwidth</p>	 <p>Center Freq 5.755000000 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Span 60 MHz Sweep 5.8 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 36.150 MHz Total Power 9.90 dBm Transmit Freq Error 13.438 kHz OBW Power 99.00 % x dB Bandwidth 36.00 MHz x dB -6.00 dB</p>
<p>5755 MHz 99% bandwidth</p>	 <p>Center Freq 5.755000000 GHz #Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Span 60 MHz Sweep 1 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 37.055 MHz Total Power 8.57 dBm Transmit Freq Error 40.911 kHz OBW Power 99.00 % x dB Bandwidth 44.56 MHz x dB -26.00 dB</p>

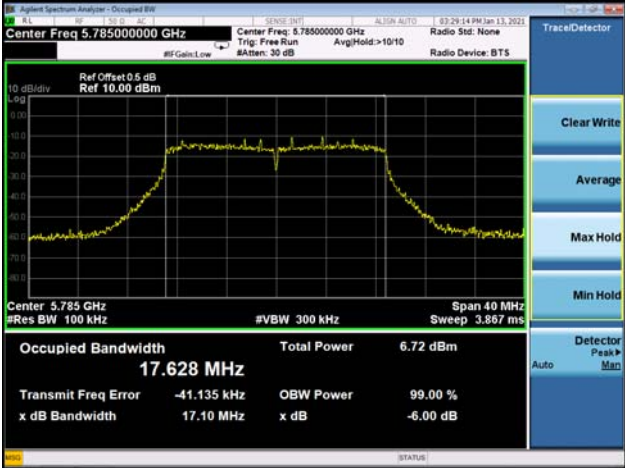
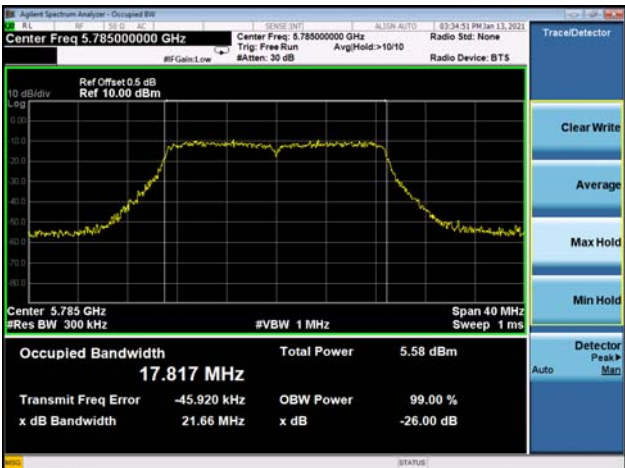
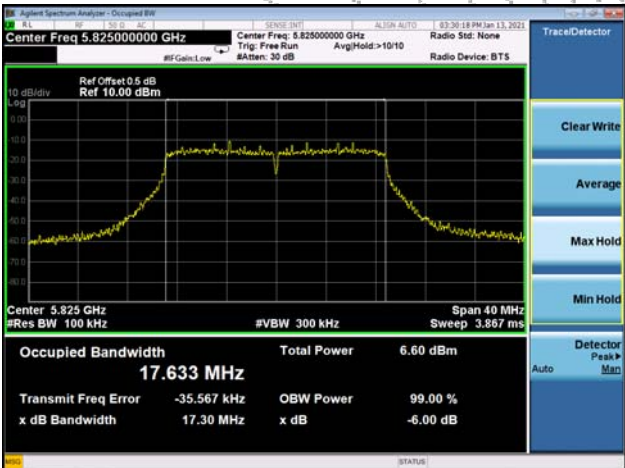
5795 MHz
6dB bandwidth



5795 MHz
99% bandwidth

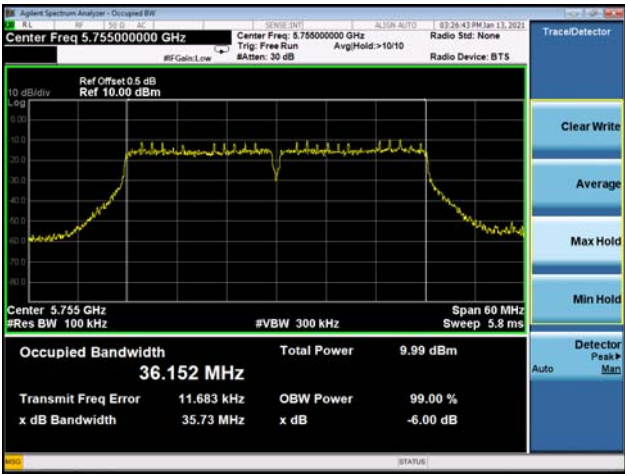



Mode:		802.11ac-HT20
5745MHz 6dB bandwidth		
5745MHz 99% bandwidth		

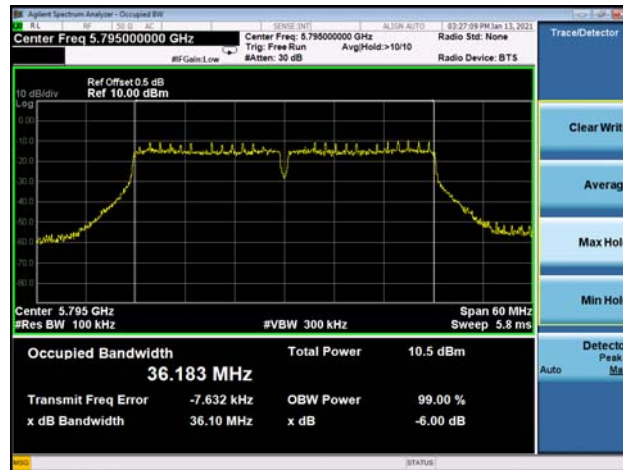
<p>5785MHz 6dB bandwidth</p>	
<p>5785MHz 99% bandwidth</p>	
<p>5825MHz 6dB bandwidth</p>	

5825MHz
99% bandwidth



Mode:	802.11ac-HT40
<p>5755 MHz 6dB bandwidth</p>	
<p>5755 MHz 99% bandwidth</p>	

5795 MHz
6dB bandwidth



5795 MHz
99% bandwidth



Mode:	802.11ac-HT80
<p>5775 MHz 6dB bandwidth</p>	 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW</p> <p>Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz</p> <p>Ref Offset 0.5 dB Ref 10.00 dBm</p> <p>Center 5.775 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Span 120 MHz Sweep 11.53 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 75.334 MHz</p> <p>Total Power 12.1 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error 59.954 kHz</p> <p>OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 75.30 MHz</p> <p>x dB -6.00 dB</p>
<p>5775 MHz 99% bandwidth</p>	 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW</p> <p>Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz</p> <p>Ref Offset 0.5 dB Ref 10.00 dBm</p> <p>Center 5.775 GHz #Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Span 120 MHz Sweep 1 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 75.733 MHz</p> <p>Total Power 9.73 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error 25.167 kHz</p> <p>OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 82.61 MHz</p> <p>x dB -26.00 dB</p>

10. MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



10.2 Limit

According to FCC §15.407

The maximum conducted output power should not exceed:

Frequency Band(MHz)	Limit
5150~5250	0.25W
5725~5850	1W

10.3 Test procedure

Maximum conducted output power may be measured using a spectrum analyzer/EMI receiver or an RF power meter.

1. Device Configuration

If possible, configure or modify the operation of the EUT so that it transmits continuously at its maximum power control level (see section II.B.).

a) The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (to no lower than 98 percent) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

b) If continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved due to hardware limitations (e.g., overheating), the EUT shall be operated at its maximum power control level with the transmit duration as long as possible and the duty cycle as high as possible.

2. Measurement using a Spectrum Analyzer or EMI Receiver (SA)

Measurement of maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer requires integrating the spectrum across a frequency span that encompasses, at a minimum, either the EBW or the 99-percent occupied bandwidth of the signal.¹ However, the EBW must be used to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with § 15.407(a).

a) The test method shall be selected as follows: (i) Method SA-1 or SA-1 Alternative (averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep) shall be applied if either of the following conditions can be satisfied:

- The EUT transmits continuously (or with a duty cycle ≥ 98 percent).

- Sweep triggering or gating can be implemented in a way that the device transmits at the maximum power control level throughout the duration of each of the instrument sweeps to be averaged. This condition can generally be achieved by triggering the instrument's sweep if the duration of the sweep (with the analyzer configured as in Method SA-1, below) is equal to or shorter than the duration T of each transmission from the EUT and if those transmissions exhibit full power throughout their durations.

(ii) Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative (averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions, followed by duty cycle correction) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) cannot be achieved and the transmissions exhibit a constant duty cycle during the measurement duration. Duty cycle will be considered to be constant if variations are less than ± 2 percent.

(iii) Method SA-3 (RMS detection with max hold) or SA-3 Alternative (reduced VBW with max hold) shall be applied if the conditions of (i) and (ii) cannot be achieved.

b) Method SA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep): (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.

(ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.

(iii) Set VBW ≥ 3 MHz.

(iv) Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 Span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is \leq RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

(v) Sweep time = auto.

(vi) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.

(vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98 percent, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98 percent, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".

(viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.

(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum

10.4 EUT operating Conditions

The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.

10.5 Test Result

Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	DC 7.4V
Test Mode :	TX (5G) Mode Frequency U-NII-1 (5180-5240MHz)		

Test Channel	Frequency	Maximum output power. Antenna port (AV)			LIMIT	Result
	(MHz)	ANT A(dBm)	ANT B(dBm)	Total(dBm)	dBm	
TX 802.11 n20M Mode						
CH36	5180	4.042	3.787	6.93	23.98	Pass
CH40	5200	3.455	3.811	6.65	23.98	Pass
CH48	5240	3.937	3.781	6.87	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 n40M Mode						
CH38	5190	3.607	3.545	6.59	23.98	Pass
CH46	5230	3.206	3.012	6.12	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 AC20M Mode						
CH36	5180	3.323	3.489	6.42	23.98	Pass
CH40	5200	3.388	3.304	6.36	23.98	Pass
CH48	5240	3.145	3.821	6.51	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 AC40M Mode						
CH38	5190	3.056	2.955	6.02	23.98	Pass
CH46	5230	2.959	3.022	6.00	23.98	Pass
TX 802.11 AC80M Mode						
CH42	5210	2.800	2.949	5.89	23.98	Pass

Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	DC 7.4V
Test Mode :	TX (5G) Mode Frequency U-NII-3 (5745-5825MHz)		

Test Channel	Frequency	Maximum output power. Antenna port (AV)			LIMIT	Result
	(MHz)	ANT A(dBm)	ANT B(dBm)	Total(dBm)	dBm	
TX 802.11 n20M Mode						
CH 149	5745	3.408	3.757	6.60	30	Pass
CH 157	5785	3.478	3.743	6.62	30	Pass
CH 165	5825	3.103	3.327	6.23	30	Pass
TX 802.11 n40M Mode						
CH 151	5755	3.421	3.172	6.31	30	Pass
CH 159	5795	3.893	3.698	6.81	30	Pass
TX 802.11 AC20M Mode						
CH 149	5745	3.353	4.006	6.70	30	Pass
CH 157	5785	3.551	3.375	6.47	30	Pass
CH 165	5825	3.183	3.275	6.24	30	Pass
TX 802.11 AC40M Mode						
CH 151	5755	3.351	2.511	5.96	30	Pass
CH 159	5795	3.813	3.122	6.49	30	Pass
TX 802.11 AC80M Mode						
CH 155	5775	2.659	2.317	5.50	30	Pass

11. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



11.2 Limit

According to FCC §15.407(b)

Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (2) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

11.3 Test procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

11.4 EUT operating Conditions

The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data

11.5 Test Result

Temperature :	26 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	DC 7.4V

Note: A(B) Represent the value of antenna A and B, The worst data is Antenna A ,only shown

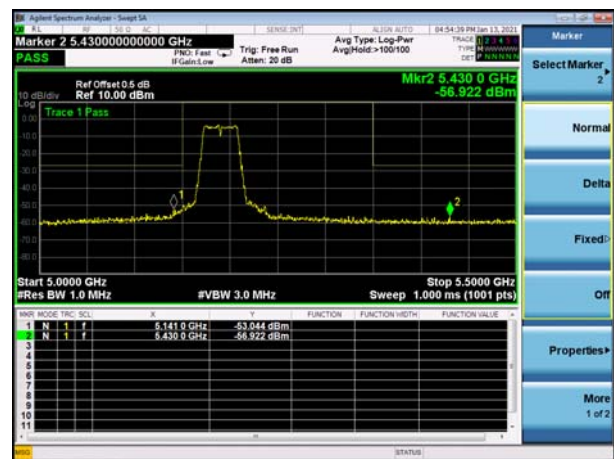
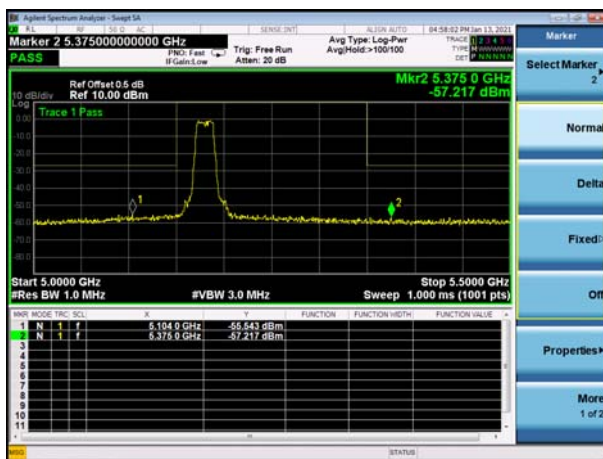
Antenna A. Plot. Antenna A: 5180-5240MHz

5.1G

5.180~5.240 GHz

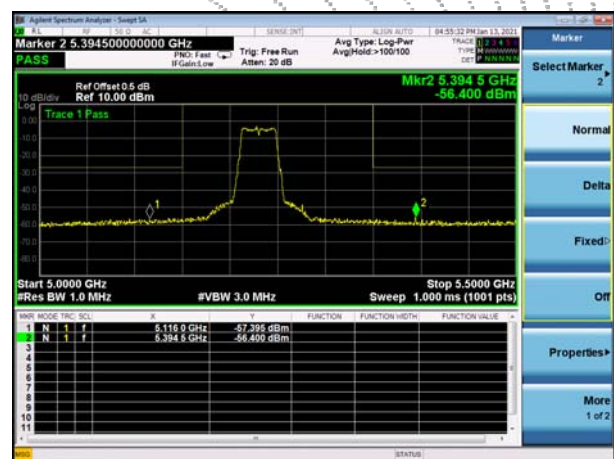
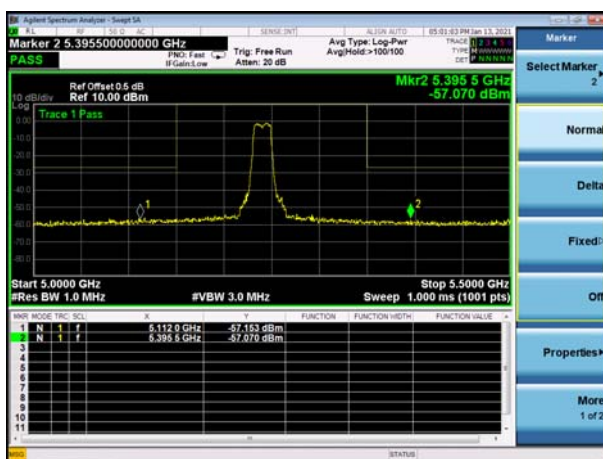
(802.11n20) Band Edge, Left Side

(802.11n40) Band Edge, Left Side



(802.11n20) Band Edge, Right Side

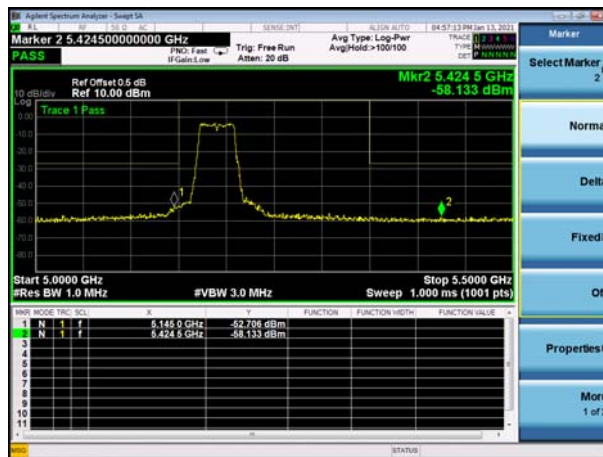
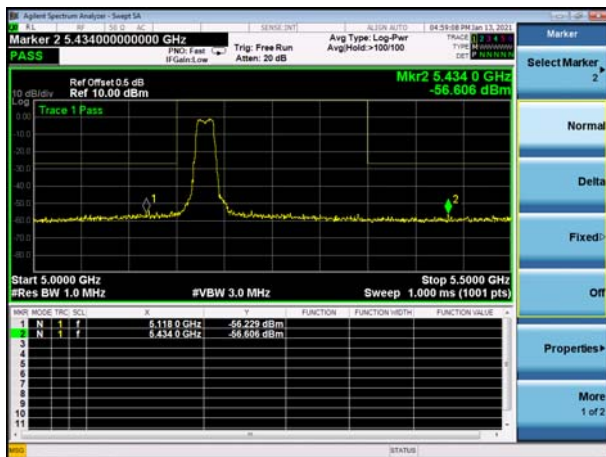
(802.11n40) Band Edge, Right Side



5.180~5.240 GHz

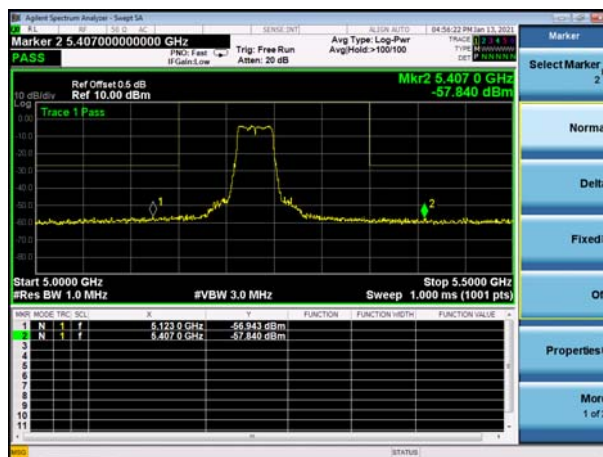
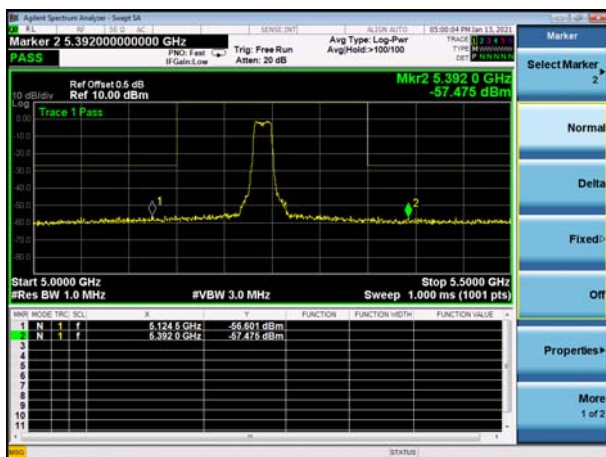
(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Left Side

(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Left Side



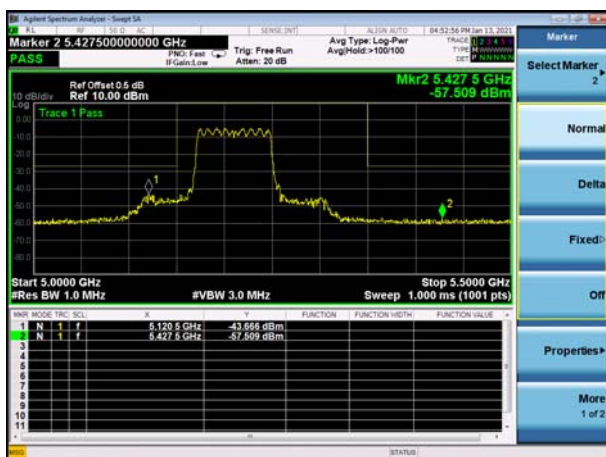
(802.11ac20) Band Edge, Right Side

(802.11ac40) Band Edge, Right Side



5.180~5.240 GHz

(802.11ac80) Band Edge, Left Side



(802.11ac80) Band Edge, Right Side

