



FCC TEST REPORT

Test report
On Behalf of
Shenzhen GMK Technology Co., Ltd
For
NucBox2
Model No.: KB2

FCC ID: 2AXUD-KB2

Prepared for : **Shenzhen GMK Technology Co., Ltd**
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Date of Test: 2021/3/17 ~ 2021/3/22
Date of Report: 2021/3/31
Report Number: TZ210302066-E4

The test report apply only to the specific sample(s) tested under stated test conditions
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.



Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	2021/3/31	Initial Issue	Andy Zhang



3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition.

3.2. EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software (DRTU) provided by application.

3.3. Special Accessories

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Length	shielded/ unshielded	Notes
1	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

3.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document

3.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd has not done any modification on the EUT.

3.6. Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.



4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart E			
FCC Rules	Description of Test	Test Sample	Result
§15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	TZ210302066-1#	Compliant
§15.407(a)	Power Spectral Density	TZ210302066-1#	Compliant
§15.407(a)	26dB Bandwidth	TZ210302066-1#	Compliant
§15.407(a)	99% Occupied Bandwidth	TZ210302066-1#	Compliant
§15.407(b)	Radiated Emissions	TZ210302066-1#	Compliant
§15.407(b)	Band edge Emissions	TZ210302066-1#	Compliant
§15.205	Emissions at Restricted Band	TZ210302066-1#	Compliant
§15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	TZ210302066-1#	Compliant
§15.207(a)	Line Conducted Emissions	TZ210302066-1#	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirements	TZ210302066-1#	Compliant
§2.1093	RF Exposure	N/A	Compliant

5. TEST RESULT

5.1. On Time and Duty Cycle

5.1.1. Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

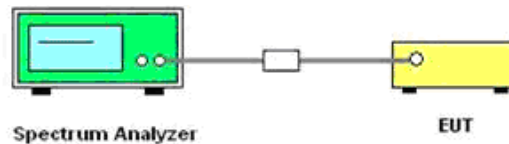
5.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

5.1.3. Test Procedures

1. Set the centre frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
2. Set the span=0MHz, RBW=10MHz, VBW=10MHz, Sweep time=5ms;
3. Detector = peak;
4. Trace mode = Single hold.

5.1.4. Test Setup Layout

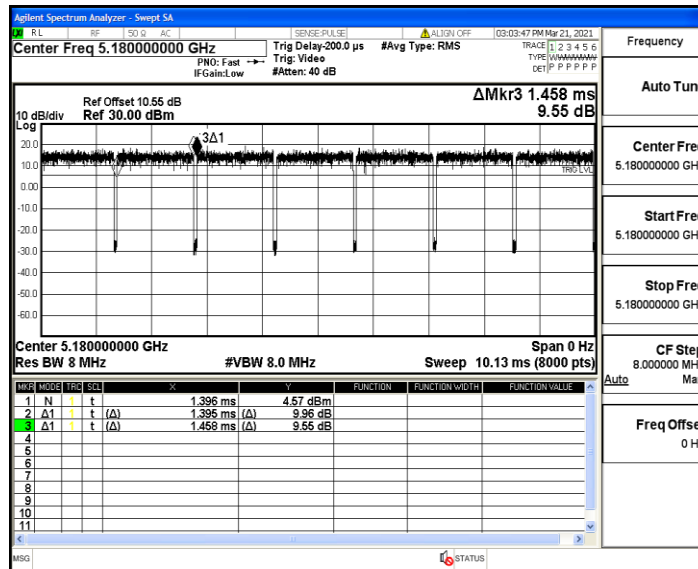


5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

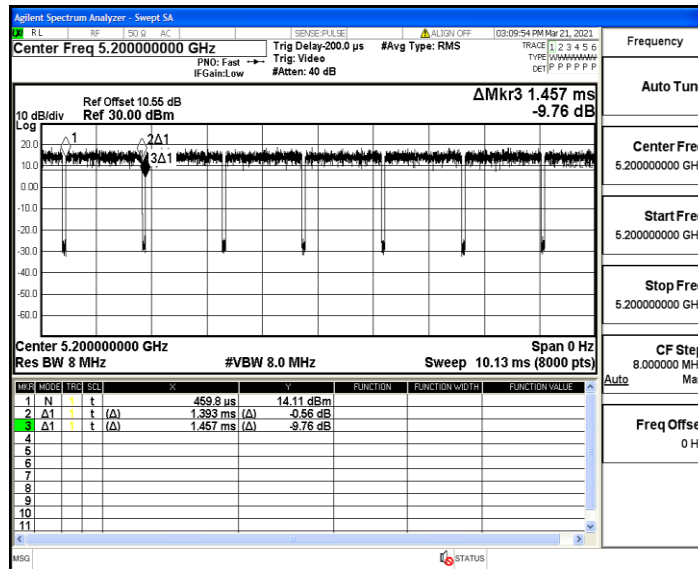
The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.1.6. Test result

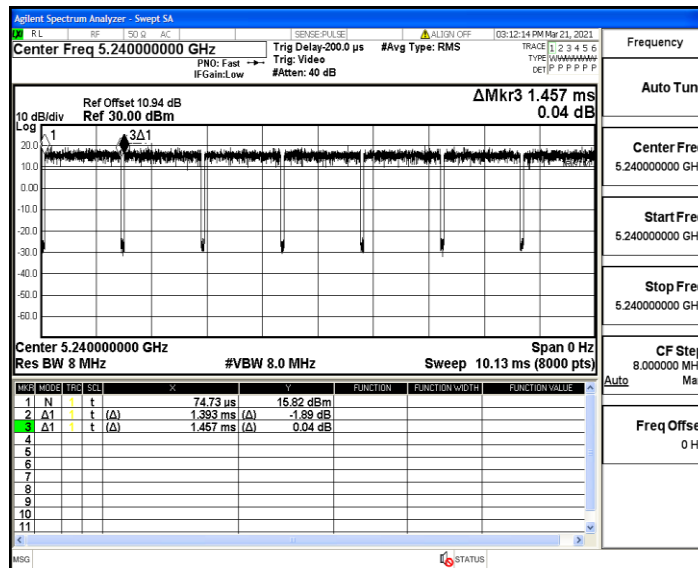
TestMode	Antenna	Channel	Transmission Duration [ms]	Transmission Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]
11A	Ant1	5180	1.39	1.46	95.21
		5200	1.39	1.46	95.21
		5240	1.39	1.46	95.21
11N20SISO	Ant1	5180	1.30	1.37	94.89
		5200	1.31	1.37	95.62
		5240	1.31	1.37	95.62
11N40SISO	Ant1	5190	0.34	0.40	85.00
		5230	0.34	0.40	85.00
11AC20SISO	Ant1	5180	0.36	0.43	83.72
		5200	0.36	0.42	85.71
		5240	0.36	0.43	83.72
11AC40SISO	Ant1	5190	0.20	0.26	76.92
		5230	0.20	0.26	76.92
11AC80SISO	Ant1	5210	0.11	0.17	64.71



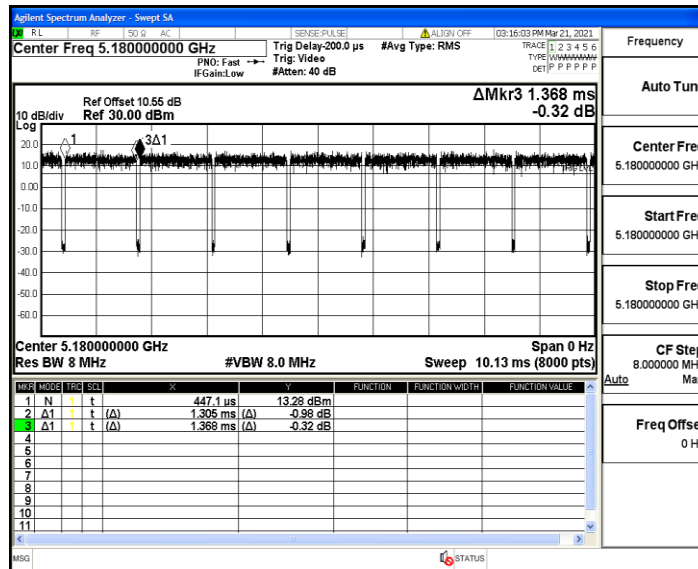
11A_Ant1_5200



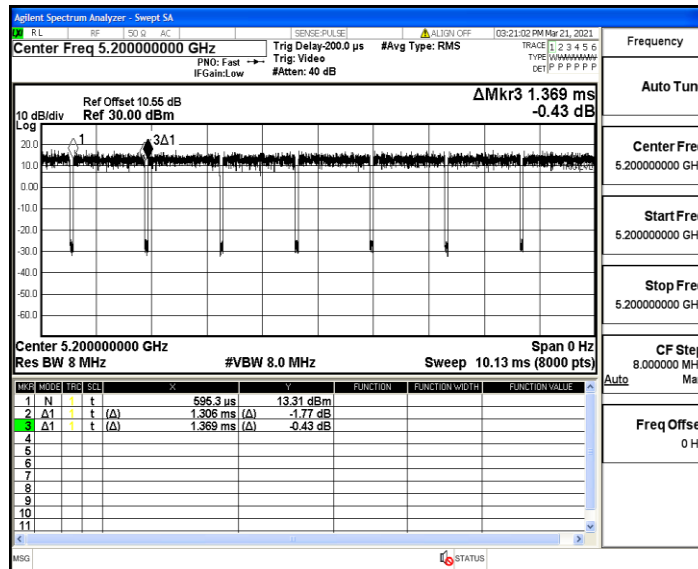
11A_Ant1_5240



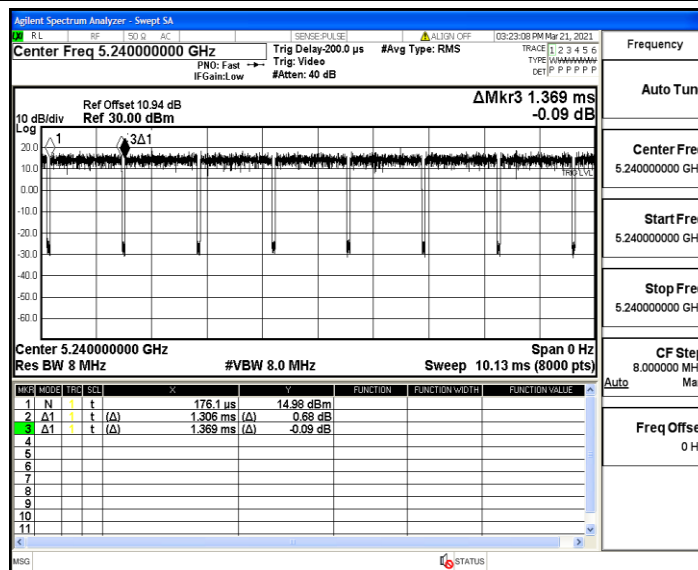
11N20SISO_Ant1_5180



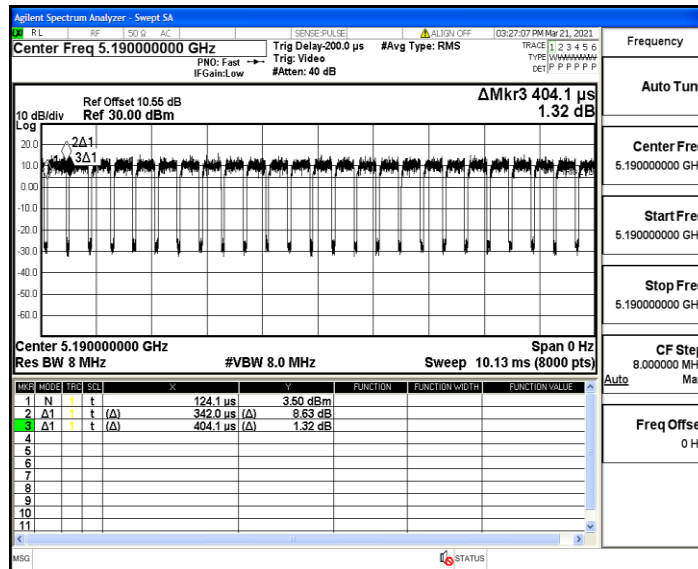
11N20SISO_Ant1_5200



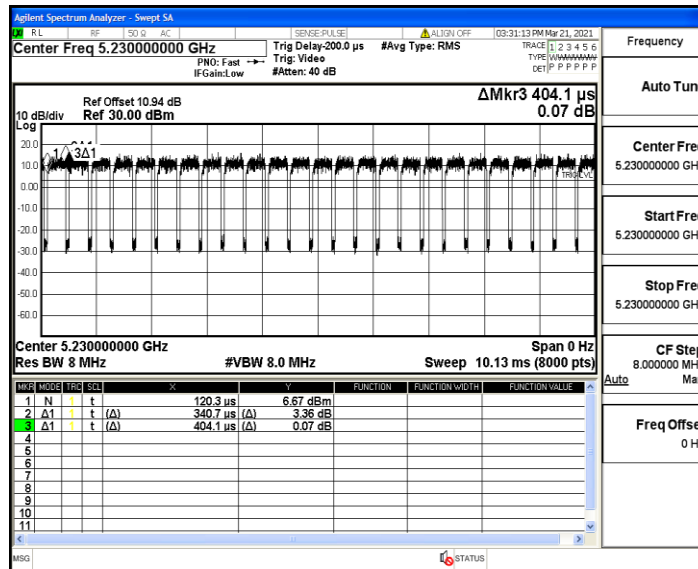
11N20SISO_Ant1_5240



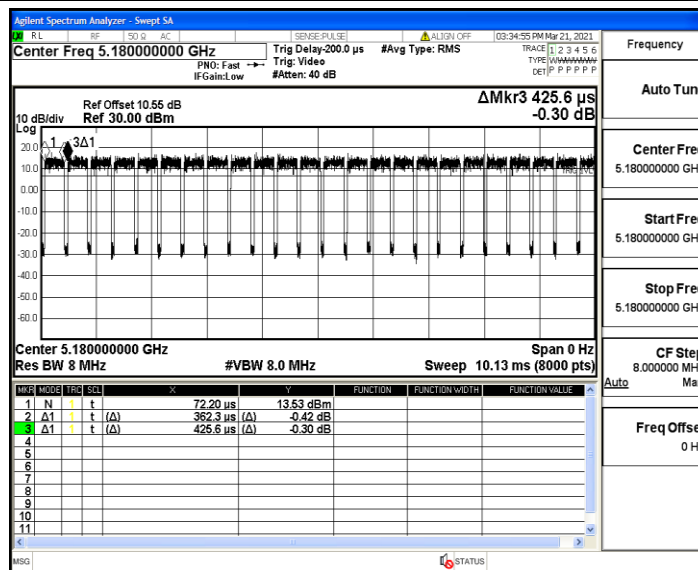
11N40SISO_Ant1_5190



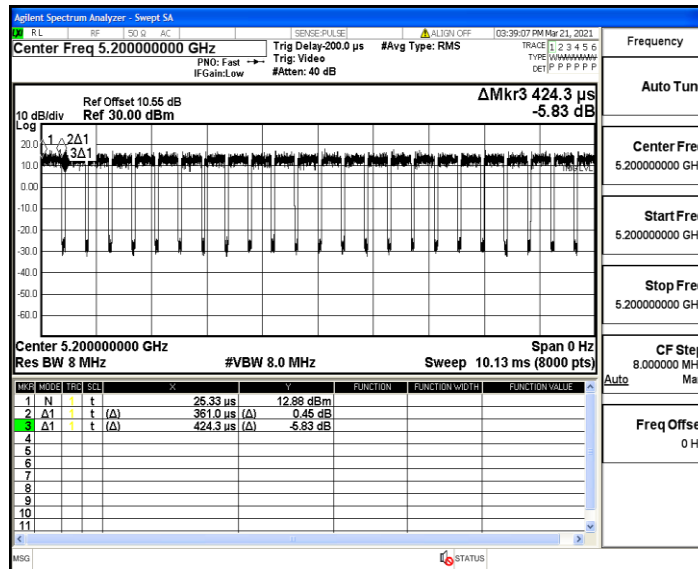
11N40SISO_Ant1_5230



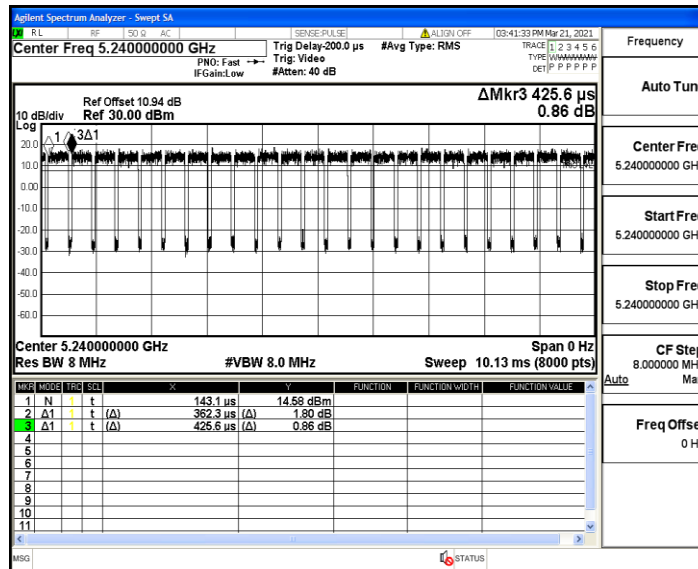
11AC20SISO_Ant1_5180



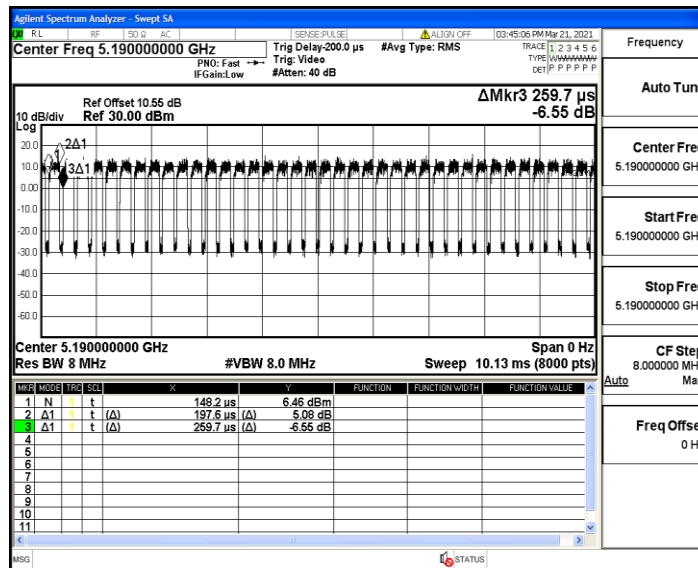
11AC20SISO_Ant1_5200



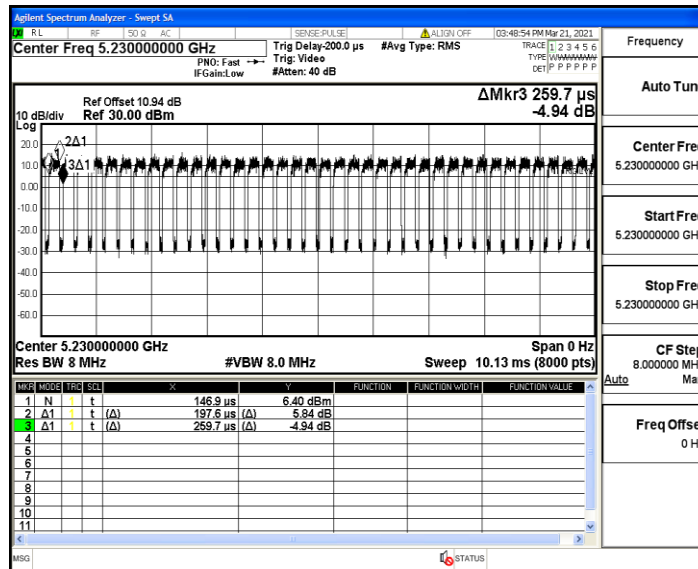
11AC20SISO_Ant1_5240



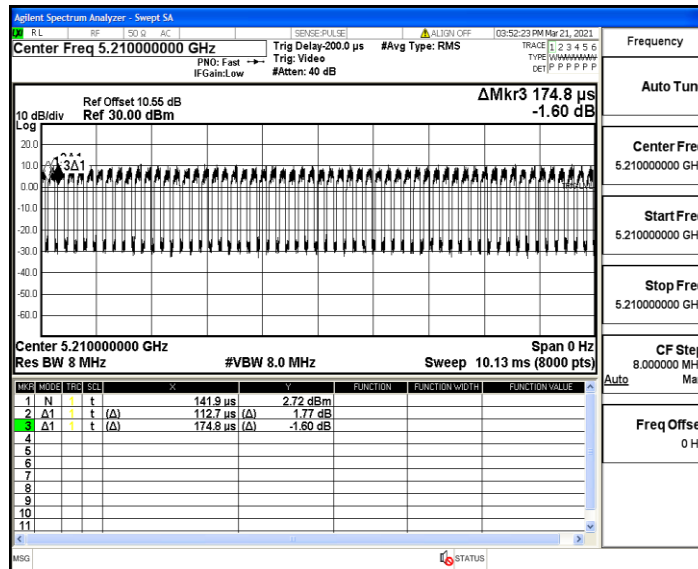
11AC40SISO_Ant1_5190



11AC40SISO_Ant1_5230



11AC80SIS0_Ant1_5210





5.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

5.2.1. Standard Applicable

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1dB reduction in maximum conducted output power is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.2.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the power meter.

5.2.3. Test Procedures

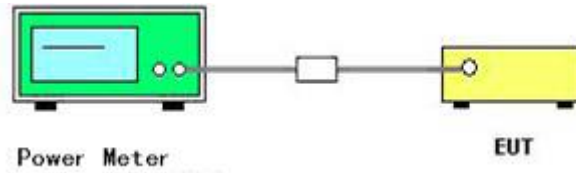
The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the power meter.

According to KDB 789033 D02 Section 3 (a) Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

- (i) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
- The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
 - At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- (ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.

- (iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (iv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10 \log(1/x)$ where x is the duty cycle (e.g., $10 \log(1/0.25)$ if the duty cycle is 25%).

5.2.4. Test Setup Layout



5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.2.6. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

Temperature	22.8°C	Humidity	50%
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac

TestMode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
11A	Ant1	5180	11.97	<=23.98	PASS
		5200	12.06	<=23.98	PASS
		5240	13.22	<=23.98	PASS
11N20SISO	Ant1	5180	10.92	<=23.98	PASS
		5200	10.96	<=23.98	PASS
		5240	12.20	<=23.98	PASS
11N40SISO	Ant1	5190	11.13	<=23.98	PASS
		5230	12.17	<=23.98	PASS
11AC20SISO	Ant1	5180	11.00	<=23.98	PASS
		5200	10.84	<=23.98	PASS
		5240	12.28	<=23.98	PASS
11AC40SISO	Ant1	5190	10.96	<=23.98	PASS
		5230	12.00	<=23.98	PASS
11AC80SISO	Ant1	5210	10.83	<=23.98	PASS

Remark:

1. Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40
4. Directional Gain = 1.49 dBi < 6dBi; no need reduce power limit;
5. Report conducted power = Measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;



5.3. Power Spectral Density Measurement

5.3.1. Standard Applicable

For 5150~5250MHz

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band.^{note1}
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band.^{note1}
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 - 5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band.^{note1}

Note1: If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

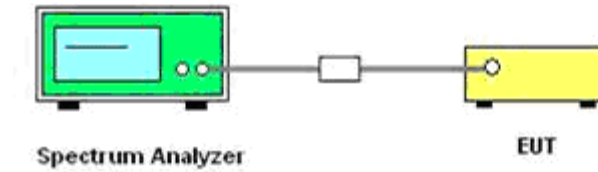
5.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

5.3.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple.
2. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
3. Set the RBW = 1MHz.
4. Set the VBW \geq 3MHz
5. Span=Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
6. Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times$ span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is \leq RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
7. Manually set sweep time $\geq 10 \times$ (number of points in sweep) \times (total on/off period of the transmitted signal).
8. Set detector = power averaging (rms).
9. Sweep time = auto couple.
10. Trace mode = max hold.
11. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
12. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively,
13. Add $10 \log (1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add $10 \log (1/0.25) = 6$ dB if the duty cycle is 25%.
14. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 1MHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.

5.3.4. Test Setup Layout



5.3.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.3.6. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

Temperature	22.8°C	Humidity	50%
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac

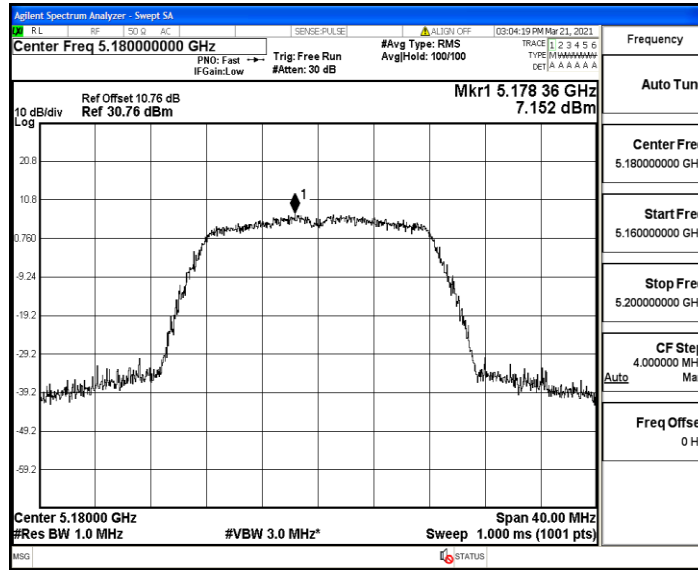
TestMode	Antenna	Channel	Result [dBm/MHz]	Limit[dBm/MHz]	Verdict
11A	Ant1	5180	7.15	<=11	PASS
		5200	7.56	<=11	PASS
		5240	8.47	<=11	PASS
11N20SISO	Ant1	5180	5.98	<=11	PASS
		5200	6.13	<=11	PASS
		5240	7.51	<=11	PASS
11N40SISO	Ant1	5190	5.36	<=11	PASS
		5230	5.06	<=11	PASS
11AC20SISO	Ant1	5180	6.96	<=11	PASS
		5200	7.57	<=11	PASS
		5240	7.94	<=11	PASS
11AC40SISO	Ant1	5190	4.44	<=11	PASS
		5230	5.55	<=11	PASS
11AC80SISO	Ant1	5210	1.28	<=11	PASS

Remark:

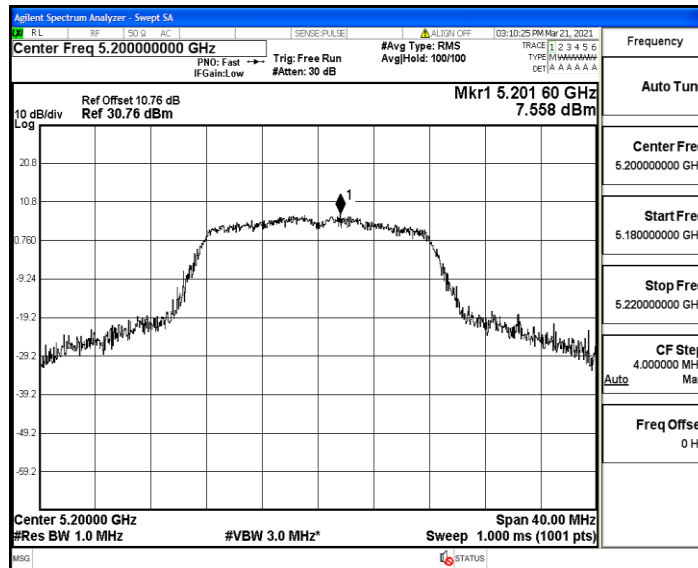
1. Measured power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40
4. Directional Gain = 1.49dBi < 6dBi;; no need reduce power spectrum density limit;
5. Report conducted PSD = Measured conducted PSD + Duty Cycle factor;
6. Please refer to following test plots;



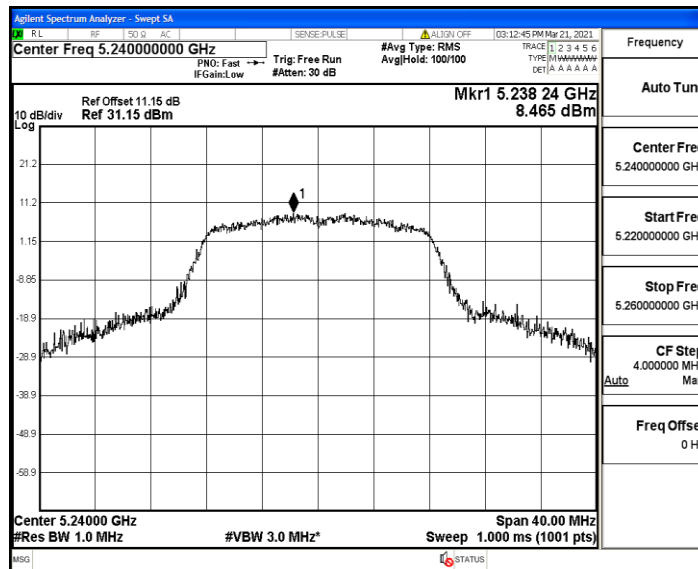
11A_Ant1_5180



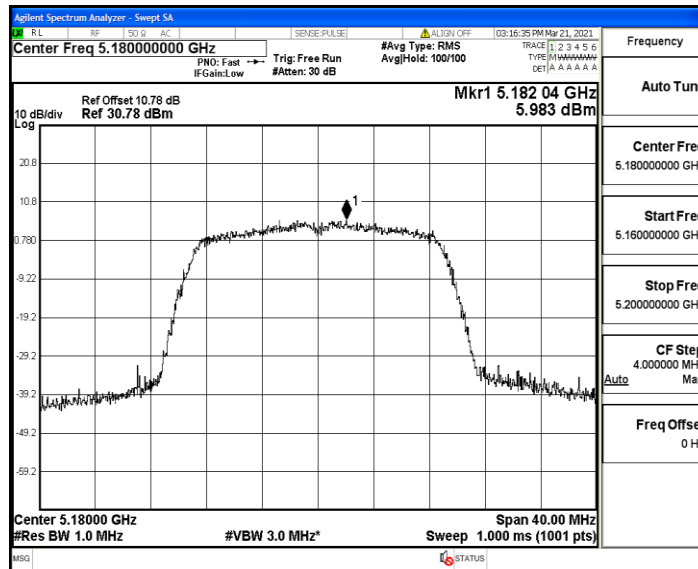
11A_Ant1_5200



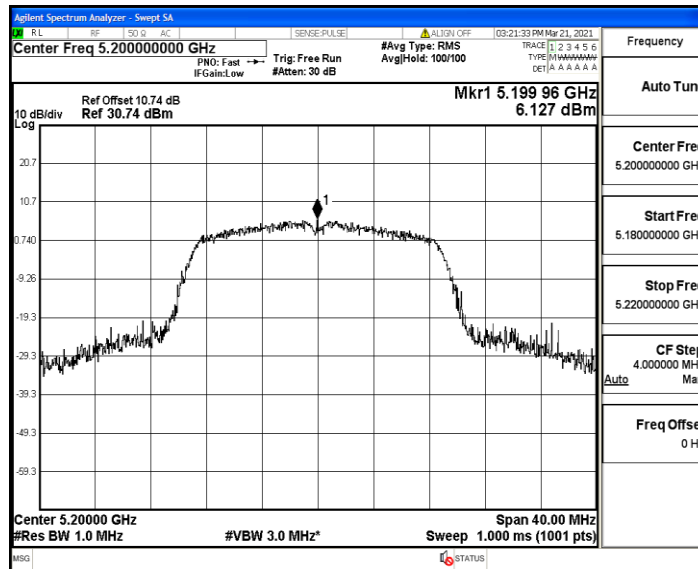
11A_Ant1_5240



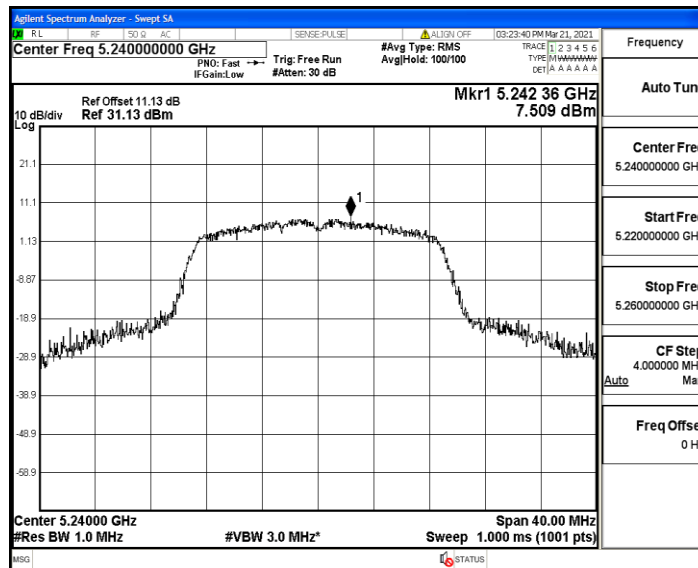
11N20SISO_Ant1_5180



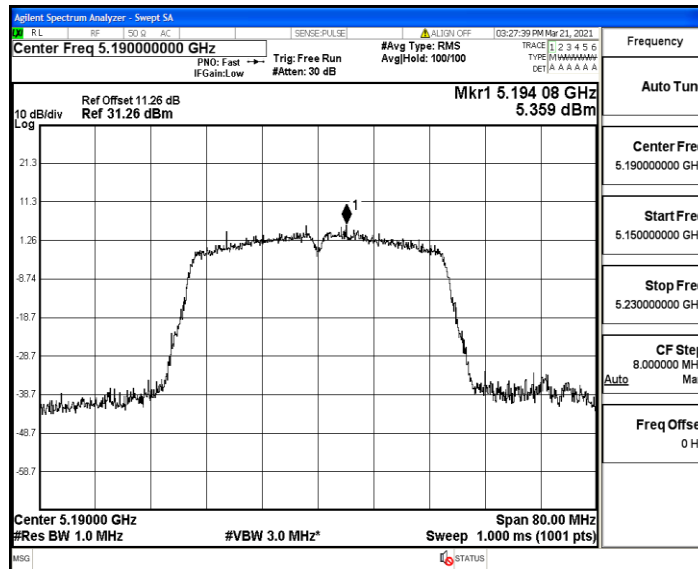
11N20SISO_Ant1_5200



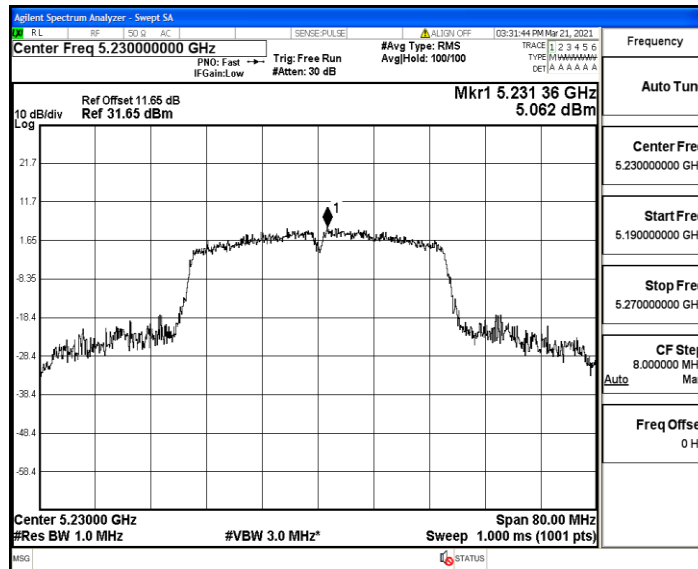
11N20SISO_Ant1_5240



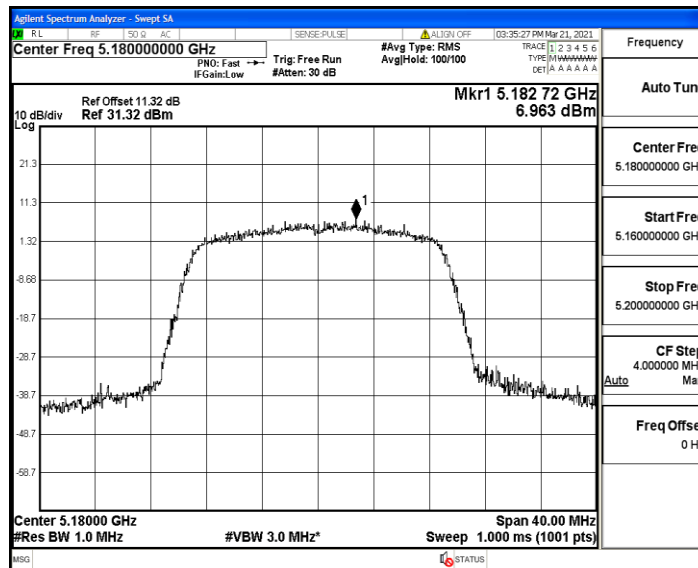
11N40SISO_Ant1_5190



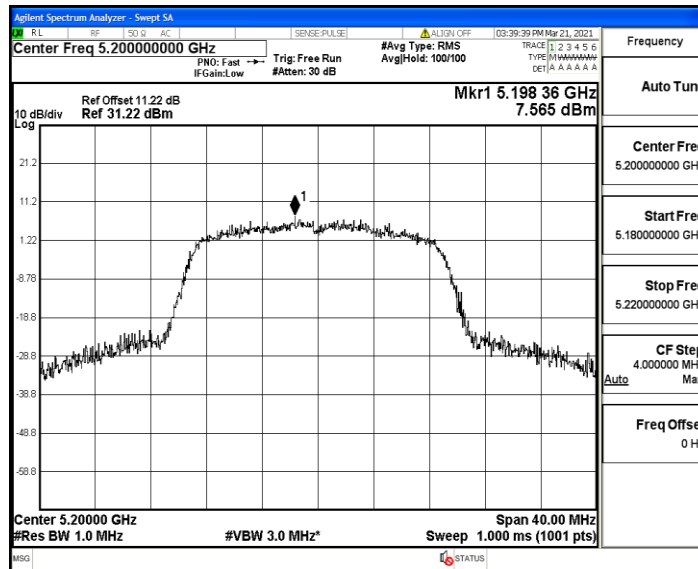
11N40SISO_Ant1_5230



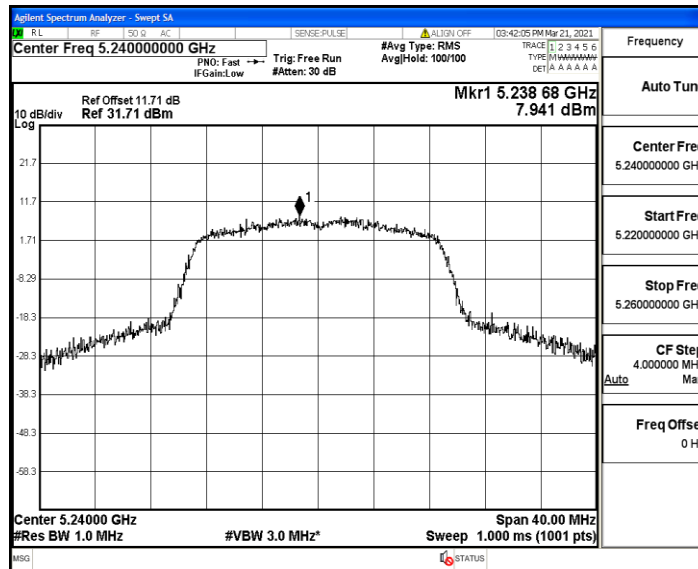
11AC20SISO_Ant1_5180



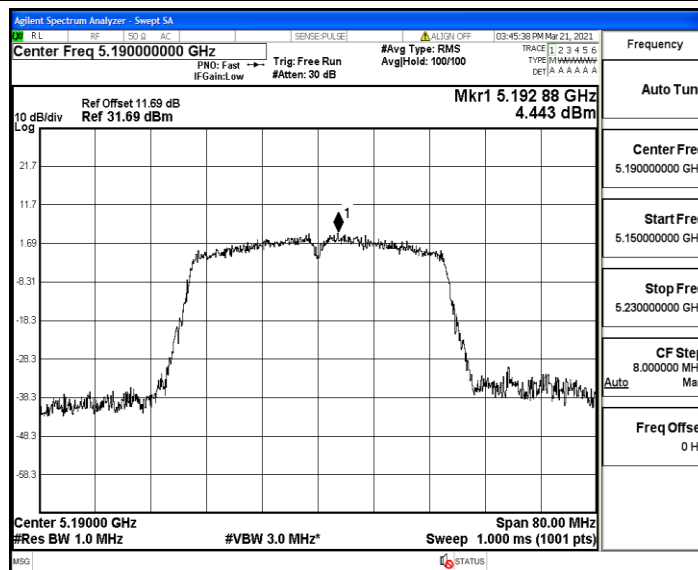
11AC20SISO_Ant1_5200



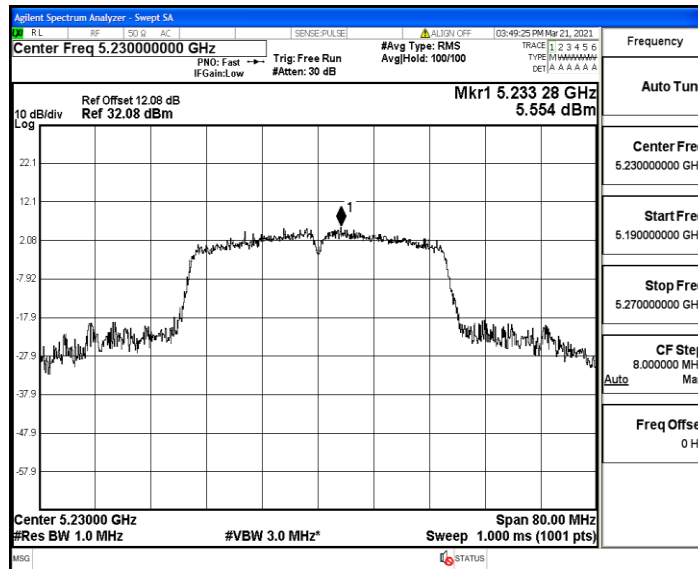
11AC20SISO_Ant1_5240



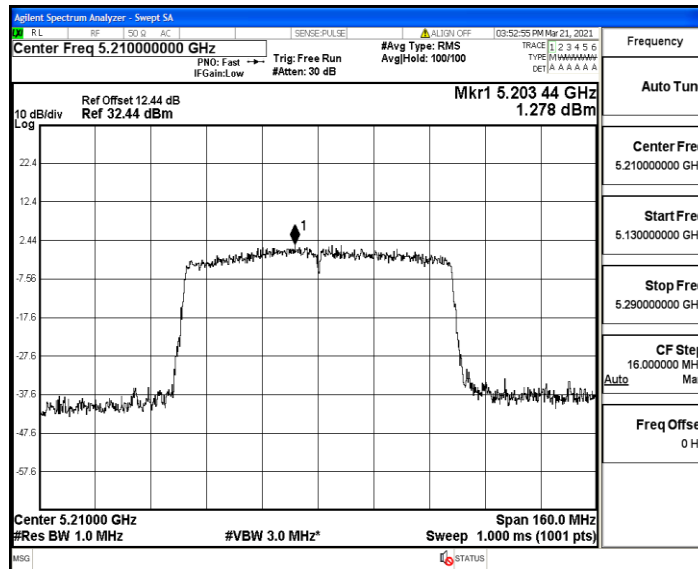
11AC40SISO_Ant1_5190



11AC40SISO_Ant1_5230



11AC80SISO_Ant1_5210



5.4. 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Emission Bandwidth Measurement

5.4.1. Standard Applicable

No restriction limits. But resolution bandwidth within band edge measurement is 1% of the 99% occupied bandwidth.

5.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

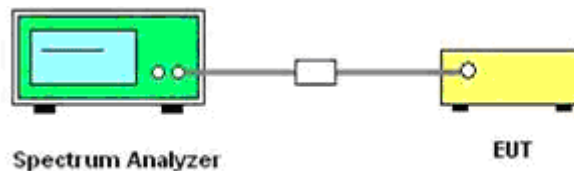
Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span	> 26dB Bandwidth
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	100ms

5

5.4.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. Set the RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
3. Set the VBW $\geq 3 * RBW$
4. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 26dB below carrier.

5.4.4. Test Setup Layout



5.4.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.4.6. Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Emission Bandwidth

Temperature	22.8°C	Humidity	50%
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac



TestMode	Antenna	Channel	26db EBW [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
11A	Ant1	5180	19.920	5170.120	5190.040	---	PASS
		5200	23.360	5188.840	5212.200	---	PASS
		5240	27.240	5226.920	5254.160	---	PASS
11N20SISO	Ant1	5180	20.200	5170.000	5190.200	---	PASS
		5200	20.480	5189.720	5210.200	---	PASS
		5240	23.040	5228.160	5251.200	---	PASS
11N40SISO	Ant1	5190	40.240	5170.000	5210.240	---	PASS
		5230	50.800	5205.520	5256.320	---	PASS
11AC20SISO	Ant1	5180	20.160	5169.960	5190.120	---	PASS
		5200	20.440	5189.720	5210.160	---	PASS
		5240	20.880	5229.720	5250.600	---	PASS
11AC40SISO	Ant1	5190	40.000	5169.920	5209.920	---	PASS
		5230	60.560	5197.120	5257.680	---	PASS
11AC80SISO	Ant1	5210	80.800	5169.840	5250.640	---	PASS

Remark:

1. Measured 99% and 26dB bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40
4. Please refer to following test plots;



5.5. Radiated Emissions Measurement

5.5.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
\1\ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(\2\)
13.36-13.41			

\1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

\2\ Above 38.6

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz (68.2dBuV/m at 3m).

In addition, In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

5.5.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10 th carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP



5.5.3. Test Procedures

1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 meter.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

Final measurement:

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.



2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ($\pm 45^\circ$) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.



3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ($\pm 45^\circ$) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.



4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

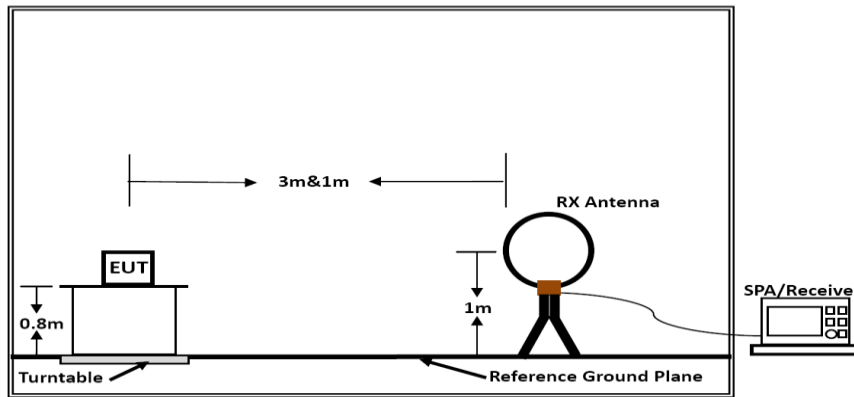
- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement:

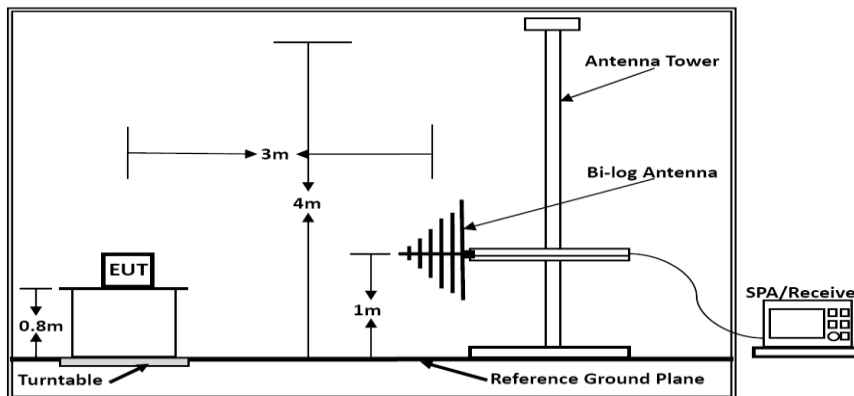
- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

5.5.4. Test Setup Layout

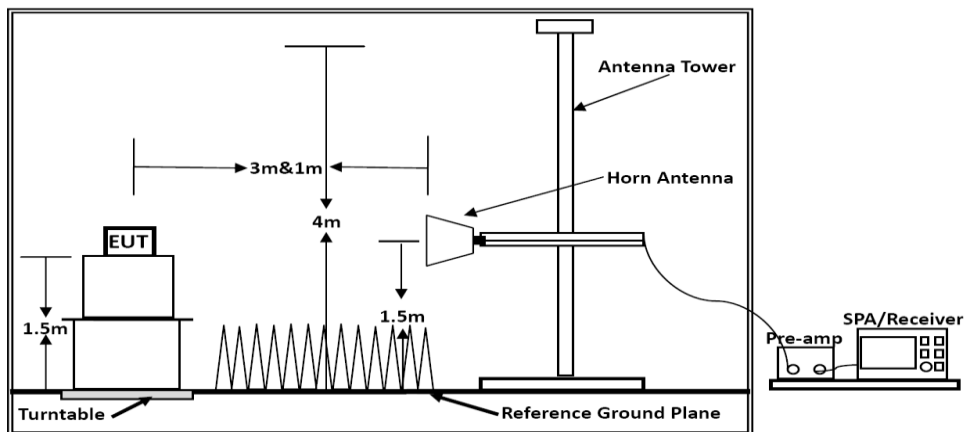
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



Below 30MHz



Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz

Above 10 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \log (\text{specific distance } [3\text{m}] / \text{test distance } [1.5\text{m}])$ (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].



5.5.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.5.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30MHz)

Temperature	24.5°C	Humidity	56.2%
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac

Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Over Limit (dBuV)	Remark
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log(\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$ (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

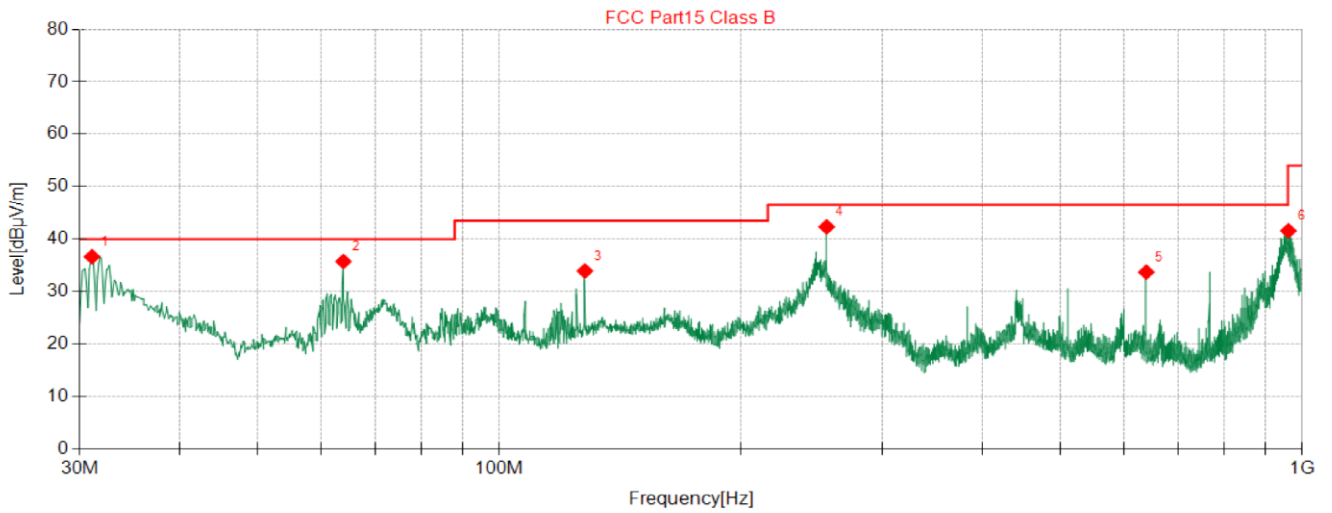
5.5.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

Temperature	24.5°C	Humidity	50%
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a, 5180MHz

Test result for IEEE 802.11a, 5180MHz



Vertical



◆ QP Detector

Suspected Data List							
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	31.091	36.63	40.00	3.37	100	68	Vertical
2	63.950	35.73	40.00	4.27	100	352	Vertical
3	127.84	33.91	43.50	9.59	100	95	Vertical
4	255.76	42.33	46.50	4.17	100	358	Vertical
5	639.64	33.70	46.50	12.80	100	19	Vertical
6	961.56	41.58	54.00	12.42	100	33	Vertical