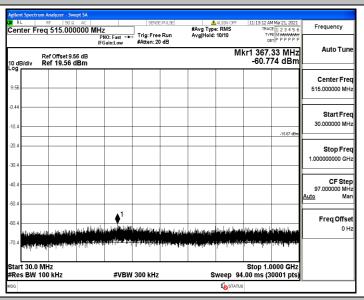
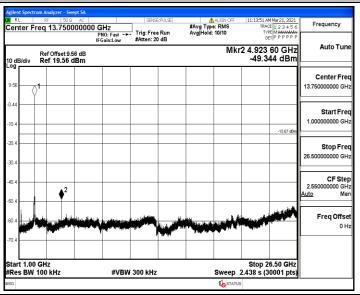


11B_Ant1_2462_30~1000



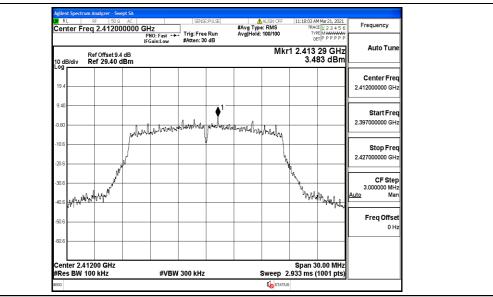
11B_Ant1_2462_1000~26500



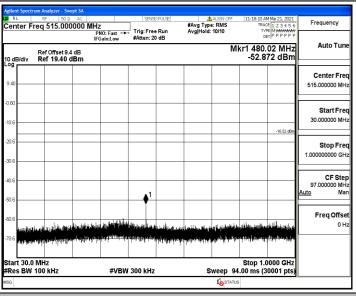
11G_Ant1_2412_0~Reference



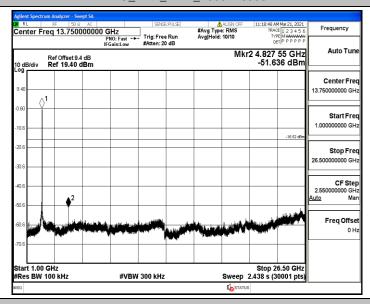




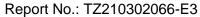
11G_Ant1_2412_30~1000



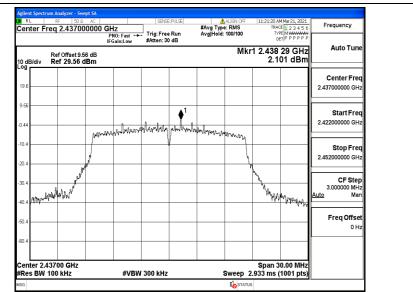
11G_Ant1_2412_1000~26500



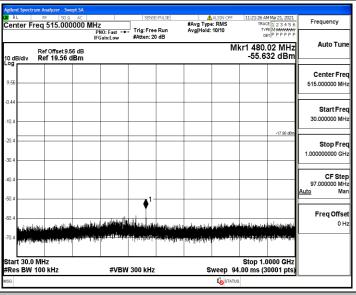
11G_Ant1_2437_0~Reference



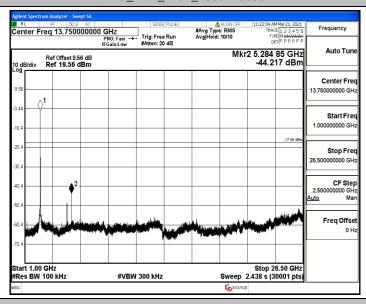




11G_Ant1_2437_30~1000



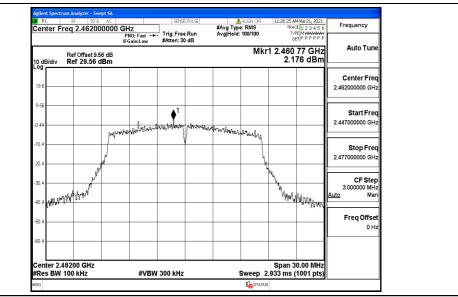
11G_Ant1_2437_1000~26500



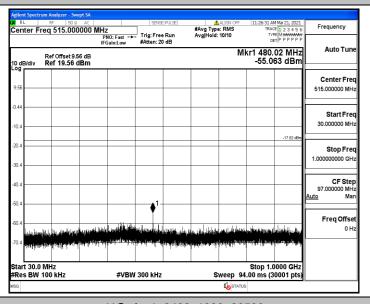
11G_Ant1_2462_0~Reference



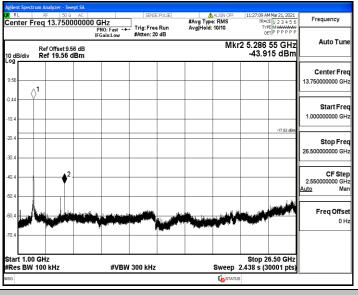




11G_Ant1_2462_30~1000

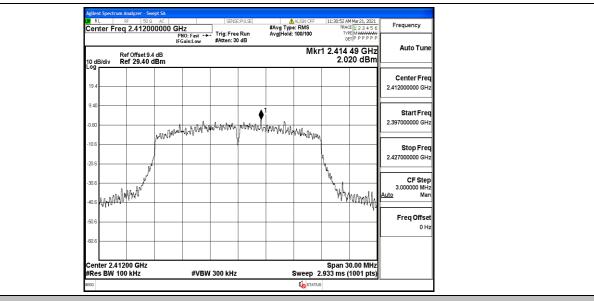


11G_Ant1_2462_1000~26500

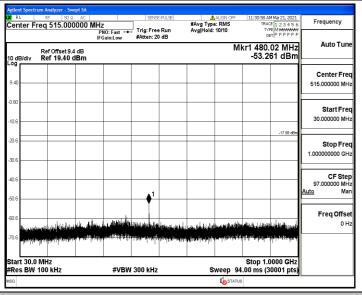




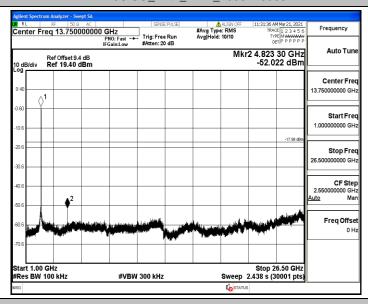




11N20SISO_Ant1_2412_30~1000



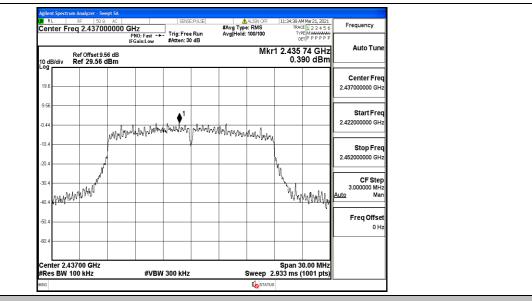
11N20SISO_Ant1_2412_1000~26500



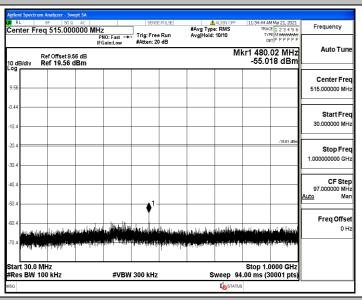
11N20SISO_Ant1_2437_0~Reference



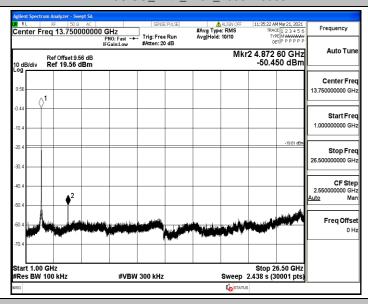




11N20SISO_Ant1_2437_30~1000



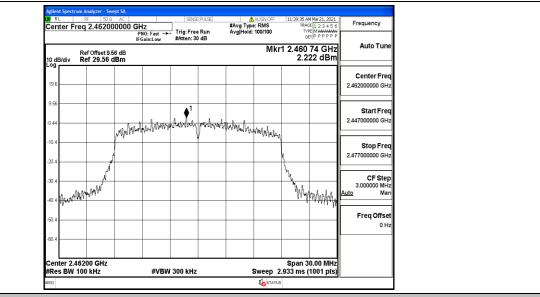
11N20SISO_Ant1_2437_1000~26500



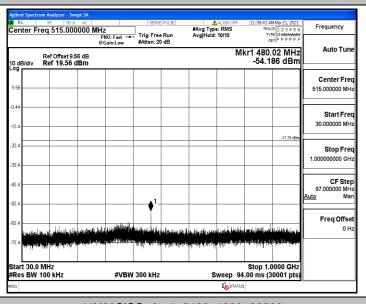
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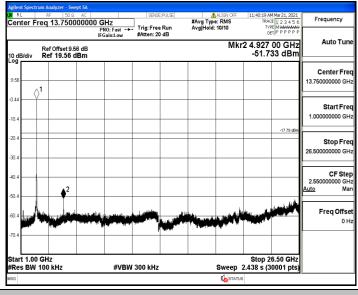




11N20SISO_Ant1_2462_30~1000

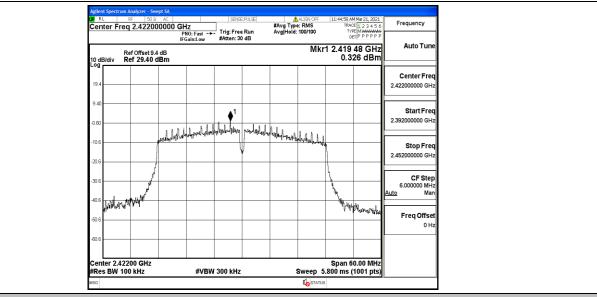


11N20SISO_Ant1_2462_1000~26500

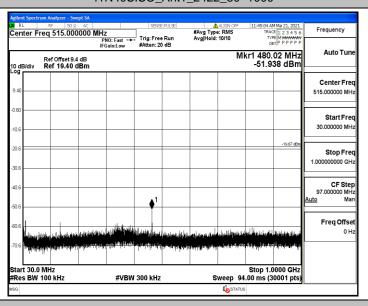




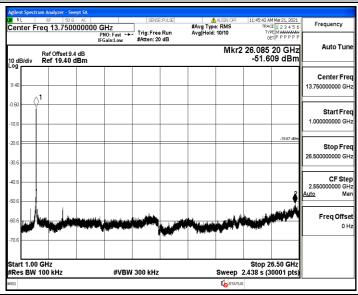




11N40SISO_Ant1_2422_30~1000



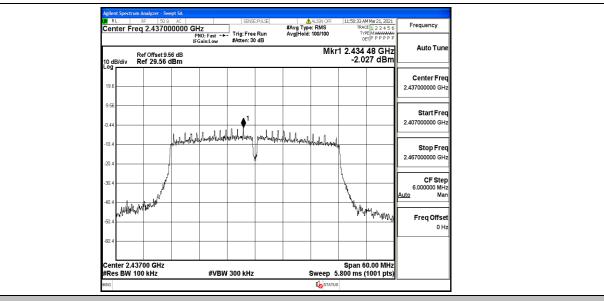
11N40SISO_Ant1_2422_1000~26500



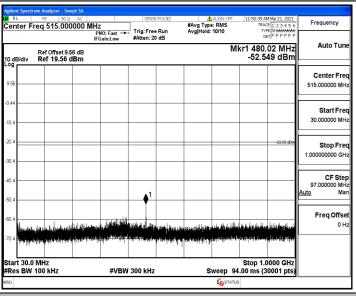
11N40SISO_Ant1_2437_0~Reference



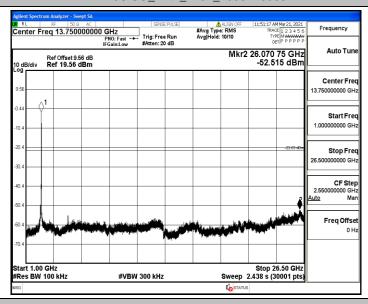


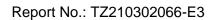


11N40SISO_Ant1_2437_30~1000

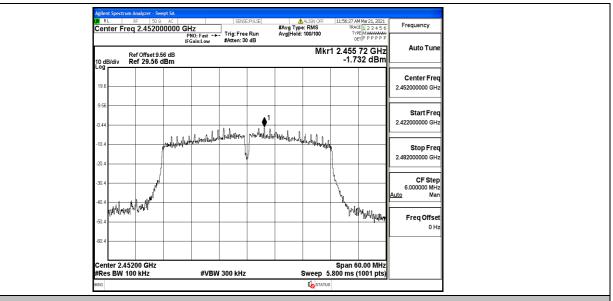


11N40SISO_Ant1_2437_1000~26500

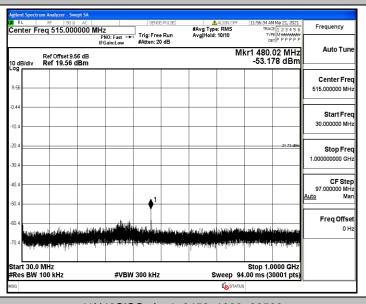




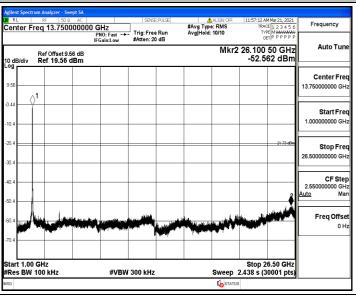




11N40SISO_Ant1_2452_30~1000

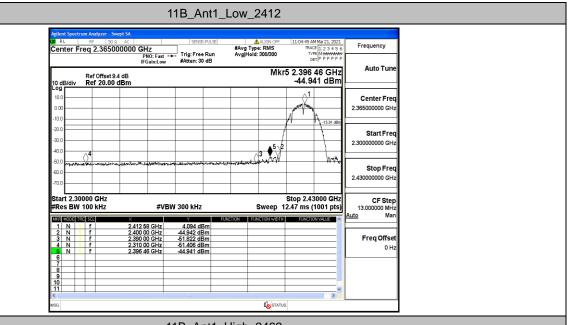


11N40SISO_Ant1_2452_1000~26500

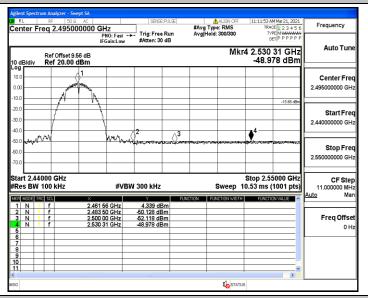




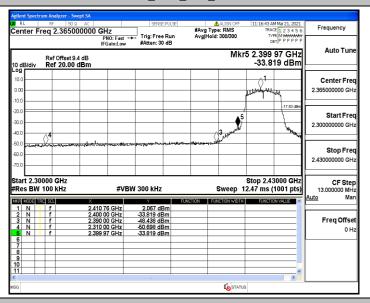




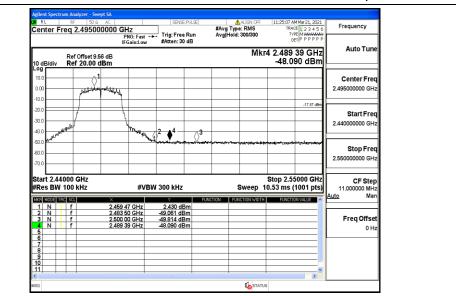
11B_Ant1_High_2462



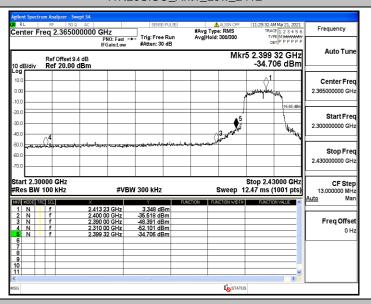
11G_Ant1_Low_2412



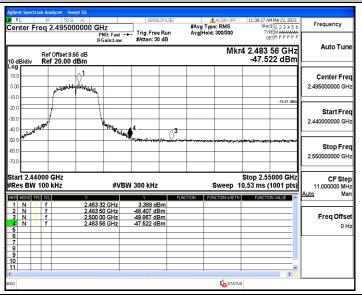




11N20SISO_Ant1_Low_2412

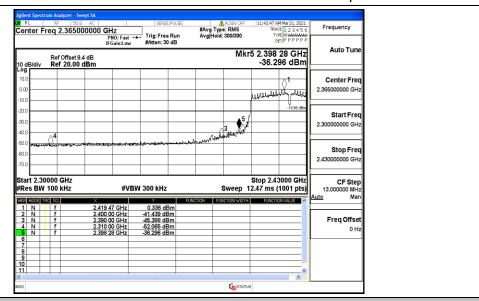


11N20SISO_Ant1_High_2462

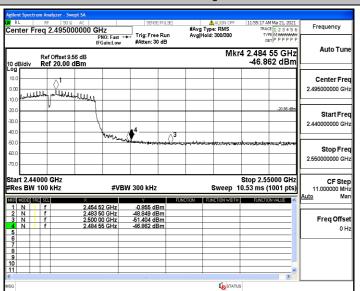


11N40SISO_Ant1_Low_2422





11N40SISO_Ant1_High_2452





5.7. Power line conducted emissions

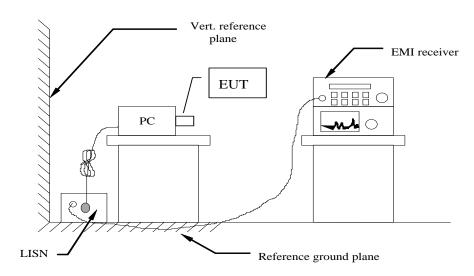
5.7.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

Frequency Range	Limits (dBμV)				
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average			
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46			
0.50 to 5	56	46			
5 to 30	60	50			

^{*} Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

5.7.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



5.7.3 Test Results

PASS.

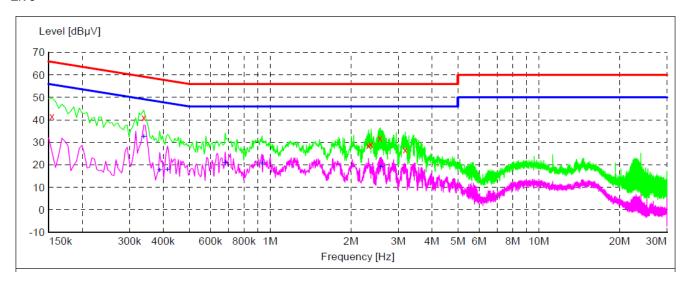
The test data please refer to following page.

Temperature	22.8℃	Humidity	50%
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	BT



The Worst Test result for 802.11b (Low Channel) AC Conducted Emission of power adapter @ AC 120V/60Hz @ IEEE 802.11b Middle Channel (worst case)

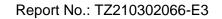
Live



Frequency MHz	Level dBµV	Transd dB	Limit dBµV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.154500 0.339000 2.323500 2.377500 2.571000 3.187500	41.70 41.10 28.70 29.10 32.10 26.60	9.9 10.1 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7	66 59 56 56 56	24.1 18.1 27.3 26.9 23.9 29.4	QP QP QP QP QP QP	L1 L1 L1 L1 L1	GND GND GND GND GND GND
Frequency MHz	Level dBµV	Transd dB	Limit dBµV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.339000 0.388500 0.415500 0.681000	32.50 17.60 18.00 20.90	10.1 10.0 10.0 9.9	49 48 48 46	16.7 30.5 29.5 25.1	AV AV AV	L1 L1 L1 L1	GND GND GND GND

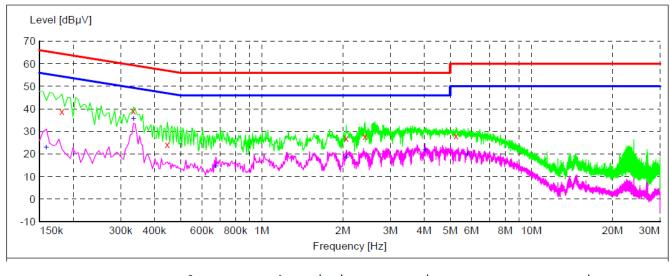
Note:

- 1). Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report
- 2). Emission level (dBuV) = 20 log Emission level (uV).
- 3). Margin=Limit-Level





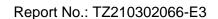
Neutral



Frequency MHz	Level dBµV	Transd dB	Limit dBµV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.181500 0.334500 0.447000 2.058000 2.418000 5.262000	38.90 39.20 24.20 27.10 27.80 28.00	10.3 10.1 10.0 9.7 9.7 9.8	64 59 57 56 56	25.5 20.1 32.7 28.9 28.2 32.0	QP QP QP QP QP QP	N N N N N	GND GND GND GND GND GND
Frequency MHz	Level dBµV	Transd dB	Limit dBµV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.159000 0.334500 0.676500 2.062500 4.033500	23.00 35.50 14.60 18.50 21.80	10.0 10.1 9.9 9.7 9.7	56 49 46 46 46	32.5 13.8 31.4 27.5 24.2	AV AV AV AV	N N N N	GND GND GND GND GND

Note:

- 1). Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report 2). Emission level (dBuV) = 20 log Emission level (uV).
- 3). Margin=Limit-Level





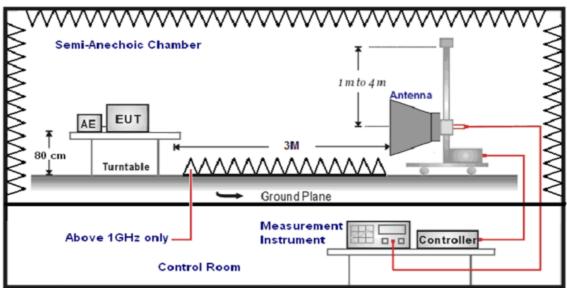
5.8. Band-edge measurements for radiated emissions

5.8.1 Standard Applicable

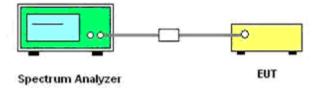
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

5.8.2 Test Setup Layout

⊠For Radiated



⊠For Conducted



5.8.3. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

5.8.4. Test Procedures

Radiated Method:

- 1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° C to 360°C to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.



3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.

- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed..
- 5. The distance between test antenna and EUT was 3 meter:
- 6. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
1GHz-40GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak

Conducted Method:

According to KDB 558074 D01 for Antenna-port conducted measurement. Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to an EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set both ŘBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for peak detector and RBW=1MHz, VBW=1/B for AV detector.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
- 6. Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.2.4 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- 7. Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see 12.2.5 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- 8. Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- 9. For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- 10. Convert the result ant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.77 = EIRP + 95.23

Where

E = electric field strength in dBµV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- 11. Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used
- 12. Per KDB662911 D01 section b) In cases where a combination of conducted measurements and cabinet radiated measurements are permitted to demonstrate compliance with absolute radiated out-of-band and spurious limits (e.g., KDB Publications 558074 for DTS and 789033 for U-NII), the conducted measurements must be combined with directional gain to compute the radiated levels of the out-of-band and spurious emissions as described in this section.
- 13. Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable regulatory limit.
- 14. Perform radiated spurious emission test duress until all measured frequencies were complete.



5.8.5 Test Results

Report No.: TZ210302066-E3

					IEEE	802.11b				
Item	Freq	Read	Antenna	PRM	Cable	Result	Limit	Over		
(Mark)	(MHz)	Level	Factor	Factor	Loss	Level	Line	Limit	Detector	Polarization
(iviair)	(1011 12)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)		
1	2390.00	53.48	29.99	30.21	8.35	61.61	74	-12.39	Peak	Horizontal
1	2390.00	35.44	29.99	30.21	8.35	43.57	54	-10.43	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
2	2390.00	58.21	29.99	30.21	8.35	66.34	74	-7.66	Peak	Vertical
2	2390.00	38.72	29.99	30.21	8.35	46.85	54	-7.15	AV ^[1]	Vertical
3	2483.50	56.85	30.25	30.25	8.5	65.35	74	-8.65	Peak	Horizontal
3	2483.50	29.38	30.25	30.25	8.5	37.88	54	-16.12	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
4	2483.50	52.43	30.25	30.25	8.5	60.93	74	-13.07	Peak	Vertical
4	2483.50	24.41	30.25	30.25	8.5	32.91	54	-21.09	AV ^[1]	Vertical
5	2487.45	55.89	30.25	30.25	8.5	64.39	74	-9.61	Peak	Horizontal
5	2482.64	37.96	30.25	30.25	8.5	46.46	54	-7.54	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
6	2495.06	50.10	30.25	30.25	8.5	58.60	74	-15.40	Peak	Vertical
6	2497.06	36.94	30.25	30.25	8.5	45.44	54	-8.56	AV ^[1]	Vertical

	IEEE 802.11g									
Item	Freq	Read	Antenna	PRM	Cable	Result	Limit	Over	_	
(Mark)	(MHz)	Level	Factor	Factor	Loss	Level	Line	Limit	Detector	Polarization
(Wark)	(1711 12)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)		
1	2390.00	53.53	29.99	30.21	8.35	61.66	74	-12.34	Peak	Horizontal
1	2390.00	35.52	29.99	30.21	8.35	43.65	54	-10.35	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
2	2390.00	58.16	29.99	30.21	8.35	66.29	74	-7.71	Peak	Vertical
2	2390.00	36.33	29.99	30.21	8.35	44.46	54	-9.54	AV ^[1]	Vertical
3	2483.50	53.26	30.25	30.25	8.5	61.76	74	-12.24	Peak	Horizontal
3	2483.50	29.25	30.25	30.25	8.5	37.75	54	-16.25	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
4	2483.50	49.24	30.25	30.25	8.5	57.74	74	-16.26	Peak	Vertical
4	2483.50	26.42	30.25	30.25	8.5	34.92	54	-19.08	AV ^[1]	Vertical
5	2483.74	57.97	30.25	30.25	8.5	66.47	74	-7.53	Peak	Horizontal
5	2481.13	37.53	30.25	30.25	8.5	46.03	54	-7.97	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
6	2498.92	48.74	30.25	30.25	8.5	57.24	74	-16.76	Peak	Vertical
6	2495.14	34.97	30.25	30.25	8.5	43.47	54	-10.53	AV ^[1]	Vertical

	IEEE 802.11n HT20									
Item (Mark)	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBµV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBµV/m)	Limit Line (dBµV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	2390.00	56.19	29.99	30.21	8.35	64.32	74	-9.68	Peak	Horizontal
1	2390.00	39.11	29.99	30.21	8.35	47.24	54	-6.76	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
2	2390.00	55.81	29.99	30.21	8.35	63.94	74	-10.06	Peak	Vertical
2	2390.00	40.22	29.99	30.21	8.35	48.35	54	-5.65	AV ^[1]	Vertical
3	2483.50	54.51	30.25	30.25	8.5	63.01	74	-10.99	Peak	Horizontal
3	2483.50	25.80	30.25	30.25	8.5	34.30	54	-19.70	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
4	2483.50	51.08	30.25	30.25	8.5	59.58	74	-14.42	Peak	Vertical
4	2483.50	27.12	30.25	30.25	8.5	35.62	54	-18.38	AV ^[1]	Vertical
5	2486.94	57.45	30.25	30.25	8.5	65.95	74	-8.05	Peak	Horizontal
5	2486.98	37.43	30.25	30.25	8.5	45.93	54	-8.07	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
6	2496.15	47.42	30.25	30.25	8.5	55.92	74	-18.08	Peak	Vertical
6	2496.34	34.87	30.25	30.25	8.5	43.37	54	-10.63	AV ^[1]	Vertical



					EEE 80	2.11n HT40				
Item (Mark)	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBµV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBµV/m)	Limit Line (dBµV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	2390.00	57.56	29.99	30.21	8.35	65.69	74	-8.31	Peak	Horizontal
1	2390.00	38.83	29.99	30.21	8.35	46.96	54	-7.04	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
2	2390.00	59.00	29.99	30.21	8.35	67.13	74	-6.87	Peak	Vertical
2	2390.00	37.62	29.99	30.21	8.35	45.75	54	-8.25	AV ^[1]	Vertical
3	2483.50	57.76	30.25	30.25	8.5	66.26	74	-7.74	Peak	Horizontal
3	2483.50	25.30	30.25	30.25	8.5	33.80	54	-20.20	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
4	2483.50	51.51	30.25	30.25	8.5	60.01	74	-13.99	Peak	Vertical
4	2483.50	25.63	30.25	30.25	8.5	34.13	54	-19.87	AV ^[1]	Vertical
5	2485.44	55.26	30.25	30.25	8.5	63.76	74	-10.24	Peak	Horizontal
5	2484.33	36.59	30.25	30.25	8.5	45.09	54	-8.91	AV ^[1]	Horizontal
6	2497.82	49.05	30.25	30.25	8.5	57.55	74	-16.45	Peak	Vertical
6	2497.25	37.19	30.25	30.25	8.5	45.69	54	-8.31	AV[1]	Vertical

REMARKS:

- Result Level = Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable loss PRM Factor.
 The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
- 3. Over Limit=Emission Level Limit.
- 4. The average measurement was not performed when the peak measured data under the limit of average
- 5. Detector AV is setting spectrum/receiver. RBW=1MHz/VBW=IIF(DC>98%,10Hz,1/B)/Sweep time=Auto/Detector=Peak;



5.9. Antenna Requirements

5.9.1. Standard Applicable

According to antenna requirement of §15.203.

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be re-placed by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

And according to §15.247(4)(1), system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

5.9.2. Antenna Connected Construction

5.9.2.1. Standard Applicable

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

5.9.2.2. Antenna Connector Construction

The directional gains of antenna refer to section 1.1, and the antenna is a Internal antenna connect to PCB board and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

5.9.2.3. Results: Compliance.



6. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Report No.: TZ210302066-E3

Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1	MXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	N9020A	MY52091623	2021/1/4	2022/1/3
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY5365004	2021/1/4	2022/1/3
3	Power Meter	Agilent	U2531A	TW53323507	2021/1/4	2022/1/3
4	Wideband Antenna	schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	958	2019/11/16	2022/11/15
5	Horn Antenna	schwarzbeck	9120D-1141	1574	2019/11/16	2022/11/15
6	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100849/003	2021/1/4	2022/1/3
7	Controller	MF	MF7802	N/A	N/A	N/A
8	Amplifier	schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	209	2021/1/4	2022/1/3
9	Amplifier	Tonscend	TSAMP-0518SE		2021/1/4	2022/1/3
10	RF Cable(below 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	N/A	2021/1/4	2022/1/3
11	RF Cable(above 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	N/A	2021/1/4	2022/1/3
12	Artificial Mains	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ENV 216	101333-IP	2021/1/4	2022/1/3
12	EMI Test Software	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESK1	V1.71	N/A	N/A
14	RE test software	Tonscend	JS32-RE	V2.0.2.0	N/A	N/A
15	Test Software	Tonscend	JS1120-3	V2.5.77.0418	N/A	N/A
16	Horn Antenna	A-INFO	LB-180400-KF	J211020657	2019/11/16	2022/11/15
17	Amplifier	CDSA	PAP-1840	17021	2020/03/24	2021/03/23



7. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

Report No.: TZ210302066-E3

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

8. EXTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

9. INTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.
THE END OF REPORT