



6.6. Frequency Stability Measurement

6.6.1.Test Limit

Manufactures of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

6.6.2.Test Procedure Used

Frequency Stability Under Temperature Variations:

The equipment under test was connected to an external AC or DC power supply and input rated voltage. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or spectrum analyzer via feed through attenuators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure EUT 20°C operating frequency as reference frequency. Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to highest. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency. Repeat step measure with 10°C decreased per stage until the lowest temperature reached.

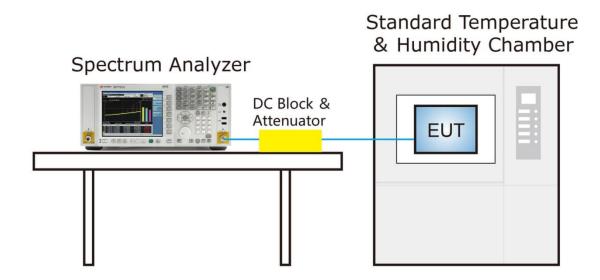
Frequency Stability Under Voltage Variations:

Set chamber temperature to 20°C. Use a variable AC power supply / DC power source to power the EUT and set the voltage to rated voltage. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and recorded the frequency.

Reduce the input voltage to specify extreme voltage variation (±15%) and endpoint, recordthe maximum frequency change.



6.6.3.Test Setup





6.6.4.Test Result

Test Site	WZ-TR3	Test Engineer	Dandy Li
Test Date	2021/10/20		
Test Mode	6115MHz (Carrier Mode)		

Voltage	Power	Temp	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)			
(%)	(VAC)	(°C)	0 minutes	2 minutes	5 minutes	10 minutes
		- 30	2.75	2.74	2.72	2.70
		- 20	2.55	2.60	2.66	2.26
		- 10	2.58	2.45	2.58	2.53
		0	0.58	0.63	0.70	0.77
100	120	+ 10	0.80	0.85	0.93	0.97
		+ 20	1.00	1.15	1.33	1.39
		+ 30	1.44	1.48	1.53	1.59
		+ 40	1.86	1.90	1.93	2.02
		+ 50	2.08	2.11	2.16	2.22
115	138	+ 20	2.25	2.31	2.33	2.35
85	102	+ 20	2.38	2.42	2.49	2.53

Note: Frequency Tolerance (ppm) = $\{[Measured\ Frequency\ (Hz)\ -\ Declared\ Frequency\ (Hz)]\ /\ Declared\ Frequency\ (Hz)\} *10^6$.



6.7. Contention Based Protocol

6.7.1.Test Limit

Unlicensed indoor low power device must detect co-channel radio frequency power that is at least -62dBm (The threshold is referenced to a 0dBi antenna gain.) or low.

Indoor low power device must detect an AWGN signal with 90% (or better) level of certainty.

6.7.2.Test Procedure Used

KDB 987594 D02v01- Section I

6.7.3.Test Setting

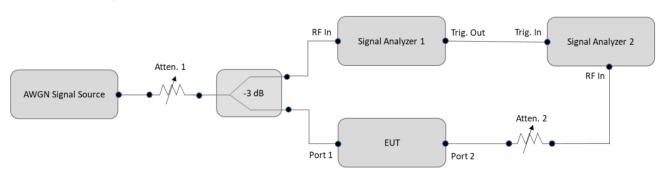
- 1. Configure the EUT to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
- 2. Set the operating parameters of the EUT including power level, operating frequency, modulation and bandwidth.
- 3. Set the signal analyzer center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range of the signal analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW of the EUT.
 Connect the output port of the EUT to the signal analyzer 2. Ensure that the attenuator 2 provides enough attenuation to not overload the signal analyzer 2 receiver.
- 4. Monitoring the signal analyzer 2, verify the EUT is operating and transmitting with the parameters set at step two.
- 5. Using an AWGN signal source, generate a 10 MHz-wide AWGN signal. Use Table 1 of KDB 987594 to determine the center frequency of the 10 MHz AWGN signal relative to the EUT's channel bandwidth and center frequency.
- 6. Set the AWGN signal power to an extremely low level. Connect the AWGN signal source, via a3-dB splitter, to the signal analyzer 1 and the EUT as shown in below figure.
- 7. Transmit the AWGN signal (RF ON) and verify its characteristics on the signal analyzer 1.
- 8. Monitor the signal analyzer 2 to verify if the AWGN signal has been detected and the EUT has ceased transmission. If the EUT continues to transmit, then incrementally increase the AWGN signal power level until the EUT stops transmitting.

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- 9. Determine and record the AWGN signal power level (at the EUT's antenna port) at which the EUT ceased transmission. Repeat the procedure at least 10 times to verify the EUT can detect an AWGN signal with 90% (or better) level of certainty.
- 10. Refer to Table 1 to determine number of times the detection threshold testing needs to be repeated. If testing is required more than once, then go back to step 5, choose a different center frequency for the AWGN signal and repeat the process.

6.7.4.Test Setup





6.7.5.Test Result

Test Site	WZ-SR5	Test Engineer	Liz Yuan
Test Date	2022/01/08		

Test Channel	Bandwidth (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Interference Freq. (MHz)	AWGN Level (dBm)	Detected Number	Detection Probability (%)	Limit (%)	Test Result
Operation	Band: U-NII	5	(**** 12)	(32111)		(70)		
33	20	6115	6115	-84	10	100	90	Pass
47	160	6185	6110	-84	10	100	90	Pass
47	160	6185	6185	-85	10	100	90	Pass
47	160	6185	6260	-86	10	100	90	Pass
Operation	Band: U-NII	6						
97	20	6435	6435	-89	10	100	90	Pass
103	80	6465	6430	-87	10	100	90	Pass
103	80	6465	6465	-88	10	100	90	Pass
103	80	6465	6500	-88	10	100	90	Pass
Operation	Band: U-NII	7						
153	20	6715	6715	-87	10	100	90	Pass
143	160	6665	6590	-88	10	100	90	Pass
143	160	6665	6665	-86	10	100	90	Pass
143	160	6665	6740	-85	10	100	90	Pass
Operation	Operation Band: U-NII 8							
213	20	7015	7015	-82	10	100	90	Pass
207	160	6985	6910	-86	10	100	90	Pass
207	160	6985	6985	-87	10	100	90	Pass
207	160	6985	7060	-88	10	100	90	Pass

Note: Due to the Interference level is too low, so when we test, we use amplifier to calibration the signal.



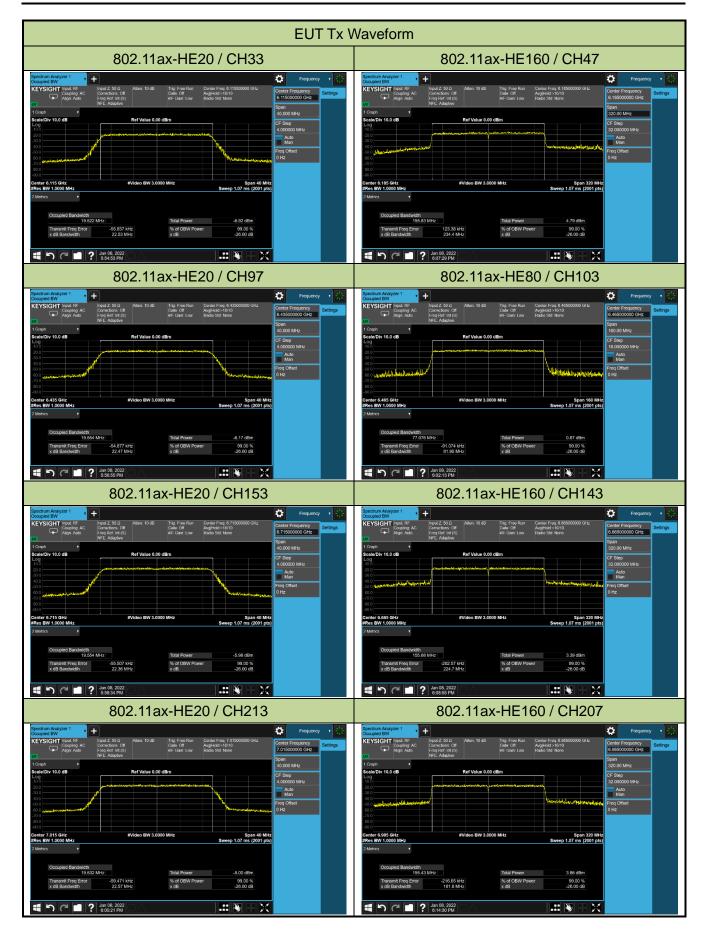
Test Site	WZ-SR5	Test Engineer	Liz Yuan
Test Date	2022/01/08		
Remark	Lowest Interference (AWGN) Level Check		

Test Channel	Bandwidth (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Interference Freq. (MHz)	AWGN Level (dBm)	EUT Status	
Operation Ban	id: U-NII 5		T			
33	20	6115	6115	-84	Ceased	
33	20	0115	0115	-85	Minimal	
47	160	6185	6110	-84	Ceased	
47	160	0100	6110	-85	Minimal	
47	100	C40E	6405	-85	Ceased	
47	160	6185	6185	-86	Minimal	
47	400	0405	0000	-86	Ceased	
47	160	6185	6260	-87	Minimal	
Operation Ban	ıd: U-NII 6					
07	0	0405	6435	-89	Ceased	
97	20	6435		-90	Minimal	
400	00	0.405	0.400	-87	Ceased	
103	80	6465 6430	-88	Minimal		
400	00	2.42=	0.405	0.405	-88	Ceased
103	80	6465	6465 6465	-89	Minimal	
400	00	0.405	0500	-88	Ceased	
103	80	6465	6500	-89	Minimal	
Operation Ban	id: U-NII 7					
450	00	0745	6715 6715	-87	Ceased	
153	20	6/15		-88	Minimal	
4.40	100		-88	Ceased		
143	160	6665	6590	-89	Minimal	
4.40	100	-86	Ceased			
143	160	6665	6665	-87	Minimal	
4.40	400	0005	0740	-85	Ceased	
143	160	6665	5 6740	-86	Minimal	



Test Channel	Bandwidth (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Interference Freq. (MHz)	AWGN Level (dBm)	EUT Status
Operation Bar	nd: U-NII 8				
242	20	7045	7045	-82	Ceased
213	20	7015	7015 7015	-83	Minimal
207	160	6985	6040	-86	Ceased
207	160	6985	6910	-87	Minimal
207	160	6005	6005	-87	Ceased
207	160	0900	6985 6985	-88	Minimal
207	160	6005	6985 7060		Ceased
207	160	0985			Minimal





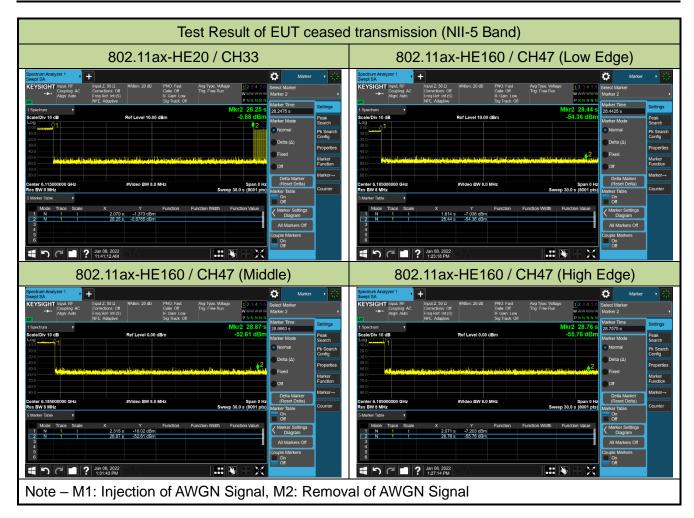




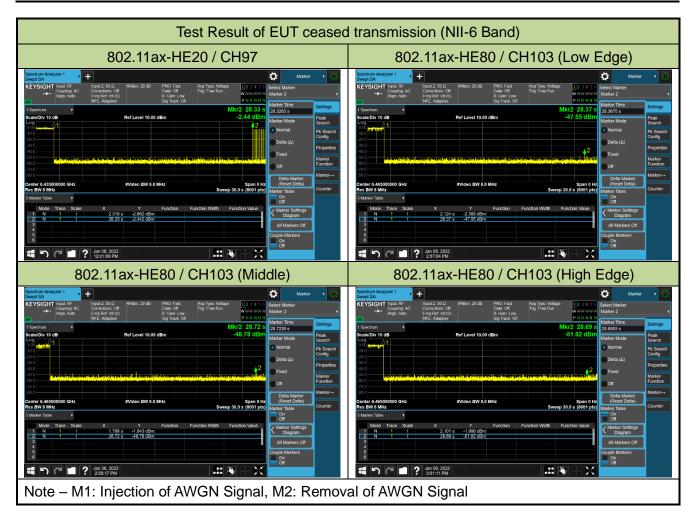




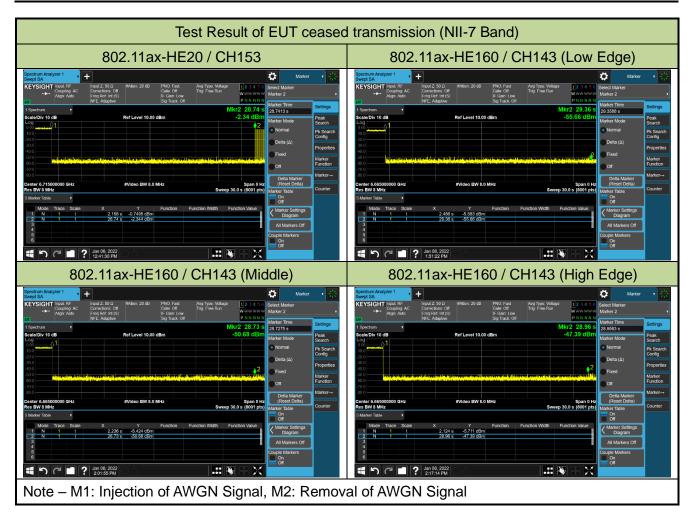




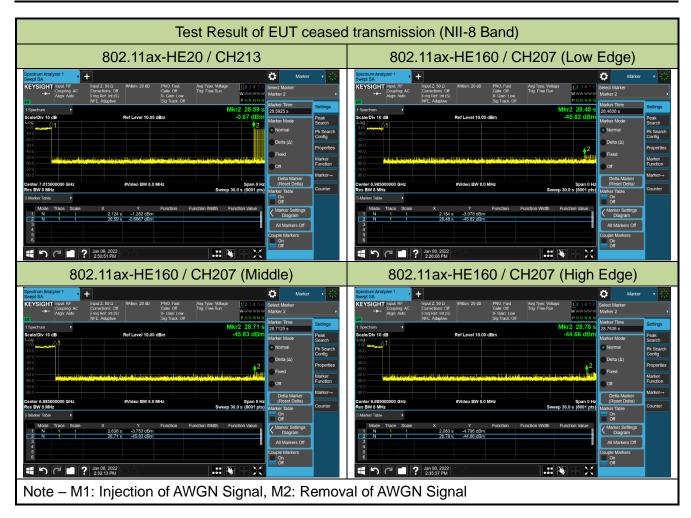














6.8. Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement

6.8.1.Test Limit

For 15.407(b)(5) requirement

For transmitters operating within the 5.925-7.125 GHz band: Any emissions outside of the 5.925-7.125 GHz band must not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

Refer to 987594 D02 U-NII 6GHz EMC Measurement v01 clause G

Use guidance in KDB 789033 for measurements below 1000 MHz and above 1000 MHz. Unwanted emissions outside of restricted bands are measured with a RMS detector. In addition, 15.35(b) applies where the peak emissions must be limited to no more than 20 dB above the average limit. All out of band emissions appearing in a restricted band as specified in Section 15.205 of the Title 47CFR must not exceed the limits shown in Table per Section 15.209.

FCC Part 15 Subpart C Paragraph 15.209				
Frequency	Field Strength	Measured Distance		
[MHz]	[uV/m]	[Meters]		
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300		
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30		
1.705 - 30	30	30		
30 - 88	100	3		
88 - 216	150	3		
216 - 960	200	3		
Above 960	500	3		

6.8.2.Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section G

6.8.3.Test Setting

Table 1 - RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 ~ 150 kHz	200 ~ 300 Hz
0.15 ~ 30 MHz	9 ~ 10 kHz
30 ~ 1000 MHz	100 ~ 120 kHz
>1000 MHz	1 MHz



Quasi-Peak Measurements below 1GHz

- 1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- 2. Span was set greater than 1MHz
- 3. RBW = as specified in Table 1
- 4. Detector = CISPR quasi-peak
- 5. Sweep time = auto couple
- 6. Trace was allowed to stabilize

Peak Measurements above 1GHz

- 1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- 2. RBW = 1MHz
- 3. VBW = 3MHz
- 4. Detector = peak
- 5. Sweep time = auto couple
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 7. Trace was allowed to stabilize

Average Measurements above 1GHz (Method VB)

- 1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- 2. RBW = 1MHz
- 3. VBW; If the EUT is configured to transmit with duty cycle ≥ 98%, set VBW = 10 Hz.

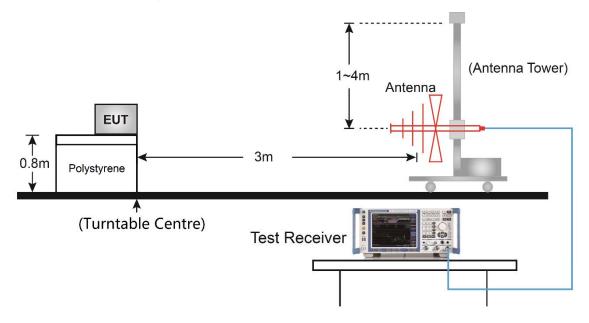
If the EUT duty cycle is < 98%, set VBW ≥ 1/T. T is the minimum transmission duration.

- 4. Detector = Peak
- 5. Sweep time = auto
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 7. Trace was allowed to stabilize



6.8.4.Test Setup

Below 1GHz Test Setup:



Above 1GHz Test Setup:

