



FCC ID: 2AXFM-TWS

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHZ})} \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHZ})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

GFSK	2.441	3.08	2.03	3±1	4.00	2.51	<5	0.78490	3.00	YES
Pi/4 DQPSK	2.441	3.92	2.47	4±1	5.00	3.16	<5	0.98813	3.00	YES
8DPSK	2.441	4.29	2.69	4±1	5.00	3.16	<5	0.98813	3.00	YES

Conclusion:

For the max result : $0.98813 < 3.0$, the SAR testing is not required.