

TEST REPORT

For SAR

Report No.:: CHTEW23040007 Report vertification: Project No.....: SHT2303112501EW FCC ID.....:: **2AWWH-CINSBAXA** Applicant's name.....: Arashi Vision Inc. 11th Floor, Building 2, Jinlitong Financial Center, Bao'an District, Address.....: Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Test item description: Camera

Trade Mark:

Model/Type reference.....: **CINSBAXA**

Listed Model(s)

Standard:: FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093

IEEE Std C95.1: 1999 Edition

IEEE Std 1528: 2013

Date of receipt of test sample...... Mar.24, 2023

Date of testing.....: Mar.24, 2023- Apr.04, 2023

Date of issue..... Apr.06, 2023

Result.....: **PASS**

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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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1. Statement of Compliance

Maximum Reported SAR (W/kg @1g)						
Туре	Test setting	WIFI 2.4G	ВТ	WIFI 5G		
Body	Dist.= 5mm	1.049	0.329	0.596		

Note:

- 1. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg@1g) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and IEEE Std C95.1,
- 2. This device had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528 and FCC KDB publications.

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2. Test Standards and Report version

2.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC published RF exposure KDB procedures:

865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR Measurement Proceduresfor802.11 a/b/g Transmitters 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

TCB workshop April, 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)

2.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2023-04-06	Original

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3. Summary

3.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Arashi Vision Inc.	
Address: 11th Floor, Building 2, Jinlitong Financial Center, Bao'an District, S Guangdong, China.		
Manufacturer:	Arashi Vision Inc.	
Address:	11th Floor, Building 2, Jinlitong Financial Center, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.	

3.2. Product Description

Main unit	
Name of EUT:	Camera
Trade Mark:	-
Model No.:	CINSBAXA
Listed Model(s):	-
Power supply:	DC 3.85V, 1700mAh, 6.54Wh for Li-ion battery The battery is charged via USB DC5V/3A
Hardware version:	V0.7
Software version:	V0.22
Device Dimension:	Length x Width x Thickness (mm): 73 x 52 x40
Device Category:	Portable
Product stage:	Production unit
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population/Uncontrolled
HTW test sample No.:	YPHT23031125001

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3.3. RF Specification Description

Wi-Fi 2.4G				
Support type:	⊠ 802.11b	⊠ 802.11g	⊠ 802.11n	☐ 802.11ax
Support bandwidth:	⊠ 20MHz	☐ 40MHz		
Wi-Fi 5G				
Operation Band:	☑ U-NII-1	U-NII-2A	U-NII-2C	⊠ U-NII-3
Support type:	⊠ 802.11a	⊠ 802.11n	⊠ 802.11ac	☐ 802.11ax
Support bandwidth:	⊠ 20MHz	⊠ 40MHz	⊠ 80MHz	☐ 160MHz
Bluetooth				
Support type:	⊠BR	⊠ EDR	BLE-1Mbps	☑ BLE-2Mbps

3.4. Testing Laboratory Information

Laboratory Name	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.		
Laboratory Location	1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China		
Connect information:	Tel: 86-755-26715499 E-mail: cs@szhtw.com.cn http://www.szhtw.com.cn		
Qualifications	Туре	Accreditation Number	
Qualifications	FCC	762235	

3.5. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

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4. Equipments Used during the Test

Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Equipment No.	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date (YY-MM-DD)	Due date (YY-MM-DD)
•	Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	HTWE0313-05	DAE4	1549	2022/04/12	2023/04/11
•	E-field Probe	SPEAG	HTWE0313-06	EX3DV4	7494	2022/05/16	2023/05/15
•	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	HTWE0323	CMW500	137681	2022/05/12	2023/05/11
Tissu	e-equivalent liquids V	alidation					
•	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	HTWE0315-02	DAK-3.5	1267	N/A	N/A
0	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	HTWE0315-01	DAK-12	1130	N/A	N/A
•	Network analyzer	Keysight	HTWE0331	E5071C	MY46733048	2022/08/29	2023/08/28
Syste	m Validation						
0	System Validation Antenna	SPEAG	HTWE0314-01	CLA-150	4024	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	HTWE0314-02	D450V3	1102	2021/01/20	2024/01/19
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	HTWE0314-03	D750V3	1180	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	HTWE0314-04	D835V2	4d238	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	HTWE0314-05	D1750V2	1164	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	HTWE0314-06	D1900V2	5d226	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
•	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	HTWE0314-07	D2450V2	1009	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	HTWE0314-08	D2600V2	1150	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
•	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	HTWE0314-09	D5GHzV2	1273	2021/01/26	2024/01/25
•	Signal Generator	R&S	HTWE0276	SMB100A	114360	2022/05/25	2023/05/24
•	Power Viewer for Windows	R&S		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
•	Power sensor	R&S	HTWE0278	NRP18A	101010	2022/05/25	2023/05/24
•	Power sensor	R&S	HTWE0389	NRP18A	101386	2022/05/12	2023/05/11
•	Power Amplifier	BONN	HTWE0336	BLWA 0160- 2M	1811887	2022/11/10	2023/11/09
•	Dual Directional Coupler	Mini-Circuits	HTWE0335	ZHDC-10- 62-S+	F975001814	2022/11/10	2023/11/09
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	HTWE0333	VAT-3W2+	1819	2022/11/10	2023/11/09
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	HTWE0334	VAT-10W2+	1741	2022/11/10	2023/11/09

Note:

- 1. The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix E and F.
- 2. Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

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5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.

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6. SAR Measurement System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

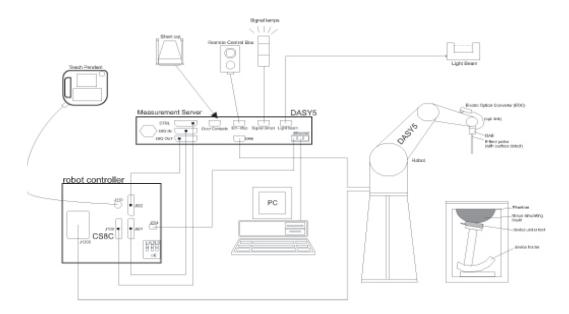
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 4 MHz to 10 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range $10 \mu W/g \text{ to } > 100 \text{ W/kg};$

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

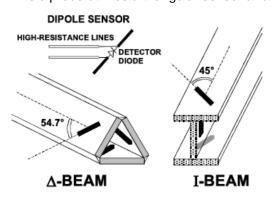
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:





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6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM-Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

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7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm of the phantom inner surface that is closest to the DUT. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \hat{\delta} \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
	5 mm ± 1 mm 30° ± 1° ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm When the x or y dimension measurement plane oriental above, the measurement recorresponding x or y dimension y dimension above.	

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Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1g and 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

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Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	tial n, normal to surface graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid $\Delta z_{Z_{\text{com}}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Z_{OC}}$	om(n-1) mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: \hat{o} is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1. The SAR drift shall be kept within ± 5 %.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors),s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity: Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factor: ConvFi
Diode compression point: Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency: f

Crest factor: cf
Conductivity: σ

Media parameters: Conductivity: o
Density: p

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – fieldprobes :
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z) Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z),

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij: sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f: carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

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The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.
$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg

Etot: total field strength in V/m

conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3 ρ:

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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8. <u>Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check</u>

8.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

The dielectric constant (ε_r) and conductivity (σ) of typical tissue-equivalent media recipes are expected to be within \pm 5% of the required target values; but for SAR measurement systems that have implemented the SAR error compensation algorithms documented in IEEE Std 1528, to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%. This is limited to frequencies \leq 3 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Tissue dielectric parameters for Head					
Target Frequency Head					
(MHz)	ε _r	σ(S/m)			
2450	39.2	1.80			
5300	35.9	4.76			
5800	35.3	5.27			

Measurement Results:

	Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid											
Frequency		εr	σ(S/m)		Delta	Delta	Limit	Temp	Data			
(MHz)	Target Measured		Target	Measured	(ϵ_r)	(σ)	LIIIII	(℃)	Date			
2450	39.20	37.31	1.800	1.726	-4.82%	-4.11%	±5%	22.2	2023/3/30			
5250	35.93	34.51	4.706	4.476	-3.95%	-4.89%	±5%	22.2	2023/3/31			
5750	35.36	34.58	5.219	5.035	-2.21%	-3.53%	±5%	22.2	2023/3/31			

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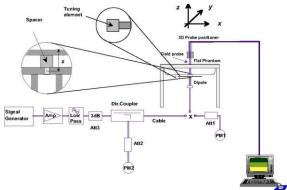
8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.

 For 5 GHz band The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



System Performance Check Setup

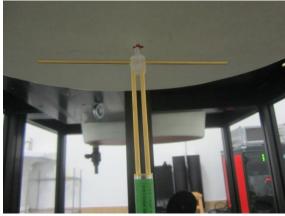


Photo of Dipole Setup

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Measurement Results:

	Head												
Frequency (MHz)		1g SAR		10g SAR			Delta	Delta	Limit	Temp	2 - 1		
	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g)	(10g)	LIIIII	(℃)	Date		
2450	52.00	52.80	13.20	23.90	24.60	6.15	1.54%	2.93%	±10%	22.4	2023/3/30		
Frequency	1g SAR			10g SAR			Delta Delta		elta	Temp	_		
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 100mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 100mW	(1g)	(10g)	Limit	(℃)	Date		
5250	78.20	81.50	8.15	22.30	23.30	2.33	4.22%	4.48%	±10%	22.4	2023/3/31		
5750	79.30	84.50	8.45	22.50	24.00	2.40	6.56%	6.67%	±10%	22.4	2023/3/31		

Note:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within $\pm 10\%$ of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

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Plots of System Performance Check

SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 2450MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.726 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.314$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.8 W/kg

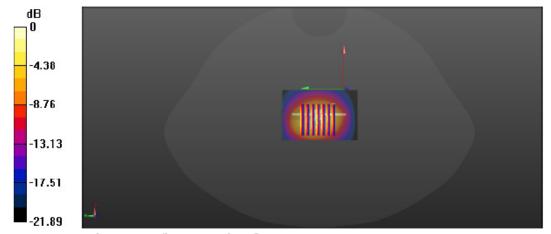
Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.15 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg



0 dB = 17.5 W/kg = 12.43 dBW/kg

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SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 5250MHz

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.476 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.509$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(5.61, 5.61, 5.61) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=10mm,pin=100mW/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.5 W/kg

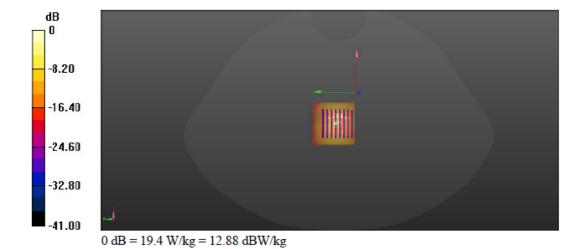
Head/d=10mm,pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



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SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 5750MHz

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.035$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.578$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=10mm Pin=100mW,f=5750Mhz/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.2 W/kg

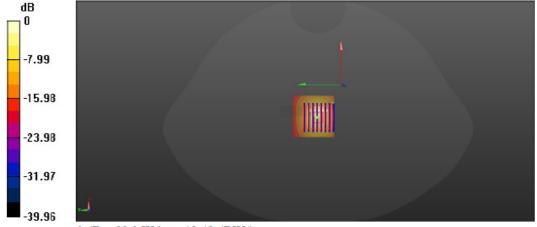
Head/d=10mm Pin=100mW,f=5750Mhz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.40 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg



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9. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

	Limit (W/kg)						
Type Exposure	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational/ Controlled Exposure Environment					
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4					
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0					
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0					

Note:

- 1. Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.
- 2. Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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10. Conducted Power Measurement Results and Tune-up

Please refer to appendix report

Note:

Wi-Fi

For 2.4GHz Wi-Fi SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were for SAR evaluation.

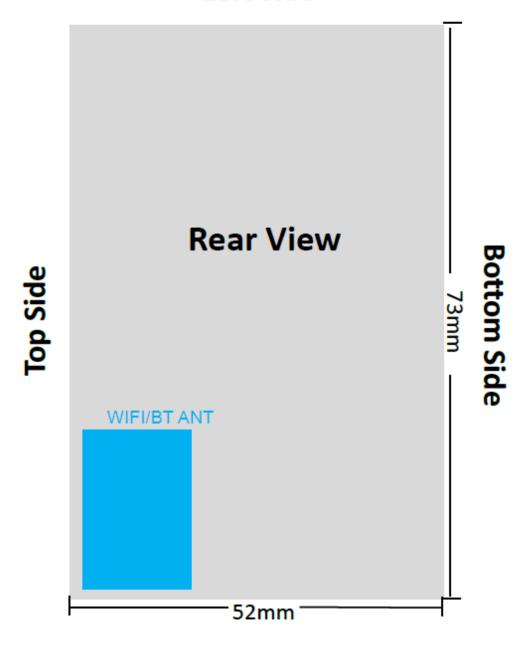
The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.

SAR testing is not required for OFDM mode(s) when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

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11. Antenna Location

Left Side



Right Side

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12. Measured and Reported SAR Results

Measurement Results:

Please refer to appendix report

Measurement data plots:

Please refer to appendix D

Note:

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

- Reported SAR(W/kg) for WWAN = Measured SAR *Tune-up Scaling Factor
- Reported SAR(W/kg) for Wi-Fi and Bluetooth = Measured SAR * Tune-up scaling factor * Duty Cycle scaling factor
- Duty Cycle scaling factor = 1 / Duty cycle (%)

KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR:

With headset attached, when the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset. Additional 1-g SAR testing at 5 mm is not required when hotspot mode 10-g extremity SAR is not required for the surfaces and edges; since all 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg.

KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11:

When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the initial test position(s) by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The initial test position(s) is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the reported SAR for the initial test position is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test
 position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum
 coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8

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W/kg or all required test positions are tested.

- For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
- When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.
- When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.
- When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.



Appendix Report

Project No.	SHT2303112501EW								
Test sample No.	YPHT23031125001	Model No.	CINSBAXA						
Start test date	2023/3/29	Finish date	2023/3/31						
Temperature	22.6℃	Humidity	42%						
Test Engineer	Weryang. Xiang	Auditor	Xiaodong Zheo						

Appendix clause	Test Item	Result
А	Conducted Power Measurement Results	PASS
В	SAR Measurement Results	PASS



Appendix A:Conducted Power Measurement Results-WIFI/Bluetooth

	WIFI 2.4G										
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)							
	1	2412	9.58	10.00							
802.11b	6	2437	9.36	9.50							
	11	2462	9.35	9.50							
	1	2412	9.85	10.00							
802.11g	6	2437	9.84	10.00							
	11	2462	9.93	10.00							
	1	2412	9.40	9.50							
802.11n (HT20)	6	2437	9.10	9.50							
(11120)	11	2462	9.80	10.00							

		1	WIFI 5G U-NII-1			
Bandwidth	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	
		36	5180	9.85	10.00	
	802.11ac	40	5200	9.72	10.00	
		48	5240	10.14	10.50	
		36	5180	9.24	9.50	
20	802.11n	40	5200	8.79	9.00	
		48	5240	9.81	10.00	
	802.11a	36	5180	8.48	8.50	
		40	5200	8.49	8.50	
		48	5240	9.01	9.50	
	802.11ac	38	5190	9.39	9.50	
40	002.11ac	46	5230	9.56	10.00	
40	802.11n	38	5190	6.94	7.00	
	002.1111	46	5230	7.49	7.50	
80	802.11ac	42	5210	9.03	9.50	



	WIFI 5G U-NII-3										
Bandwidth	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)						
		149	5745	9.99	10.00						
	802.11ac	157	5785	9.75	10.00						
		165	5825	9.33	9.50						
	802.11n	149	5745	9.56	10.00						
20		157	5785	9.31	9.50						
		165	5825	8.95	9.00						
	802.11a	149	5745	8.90	9.00						
		157	5785	8.75	9.00						
		165	5825	8.47	8.50						
	802.11ac	151	5755	9.91	10.00						
40	002.11ac	159	5795	9.62	10.00						
40	802.11n	151	5755	7.13	7.50						
	002.1111	159	5795	7.67	8.00						
80	802.11ac	155	5775	9.44	9.50						

	Bluetooth										
Mod	le	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)						
		0	2402	-4.49	-4.00						
	GFSK	39	2441	-4.60	-4.50						
		78	2480	-6.19	-6.00						
		0	2402	-3.09	-3.00						
EDR	π/4QPSK	39	2441	-3.59	-3.50						
		78	2480	-4.85	-4.50						
	8DPSK	0	2402	-2.58	-2.50						
		39	2441	-3.14	-3.00						
		78	2480	-4.39	-4.00						
		0	2402	6.81	7.00						
BLE 1M	GFSK	19	2440	6.60	7.00						
		39	2480	5.79	6.00						
		0	2402	3.26	3.50						
BLE 2M	GFSK	19	2440	2.74	3.00						
		39	2480	2.88	3.00						



Appendix B:SAR Measurement Results

						WIFI 2.4G						
Mode	Test	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune-up	Tune-up scaling	Duty	Duty Cycle	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot No.
	Position	СН	MHz	(dBm)	limit (dBm)	factor	Cycle	Scaling Factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
		1	2412	9.58	10.00	1.102	98.82%	1.012	0.08	0.378	0.421	
	Front	6	2437	9.36	9.50	1.033	98.94%	1.011		-		
		11	2462	9.35	9.50	1.035	98.94%	1.011		-		
		1	2412	9.58	10.00	1.102	98.82%	1.012	-0.13	0.487	0.543	
	Rear	6	2437	9.36	9.50	1.033	98.94%	1.011		-		
		11	2462	9.35	9.50	1.035	98.94%	1.011	٠	-	٠	
	Left	1	2412	9.58	10.00	1.102	98.82%	1.012	0.17	0.139	0.154	
		6	2437	9.36	9.50	1.033	98.94%	1.011		-		
802.11b		11	2462	9.35	9.50	1.035	98.94%	1.011	-	-	-	-
002.110		1	2412	9.58	10.00	1.102	98.82%	1.012	-0.05	0.656	0.732	
	Right	6	2437	9.36	9.50	1.033	98.94%	1.011	٠	-	٠	
		11	2462	9.35	9.50	1.035	98.94%	1.011		-	•	
		1	2412	9.58	10.00	1.102	98.82%	1.012	-0.16	0.942	1.049	1
	Тор	6	2437	9.36	9.50	1.033	98.94%	1.011	0.11	0.917	0.957	
		11	2462	9.35	9.50	1.035	98.94%	1.011	-0.13	0.838	0.877	
		1	2412	9.58	10.00	1.102	98.82%	1.012	-0.08	0.198	0.220	
	Bottom	6	2437	9.36	9.50	1.033	98.94%	1.011		-		
		11	2462	9.35	9.50	1.035	98.94%	1.011		-		

					W	IFI 5G U-N	II-1					
Mode	Test	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune-up	Tune-up scaling	Duty	Duty Cycle	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g) Plot No.	Plot No.
	Position	СН	MHz	(dBm)	limit (dBm)	factor	Cycle	Scaling Factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
		36	5180	9.85	10.00	1.035	97.97%	1.021	-	-	-	
	Front	40	5200	9.72	10.00	1.067	97.47%	1.026	-	-		
		48	5240	10.14	10.50	1.086	97.47%	1.026	0.03	0.232	0.259	
		36	5180	9.85	10.00	1.035	97.97%	1.021	-	-	٠	٠
	Rear	40	5200	9.72	10.00	1.067	97.47%	1.026	-	-		
		48	5240	10.14	10.50	1.086	97.47%	1.026	-0.07	0.271	0.302	٠
	Left	36	5180	9.85	10.00	1.035	97.97%	1.021	-	-		
		40	5200	9.72	10.00	1.067	97.47%	1.026	-	-	٠	٠
802.11ac		48	5240	10.14	10.50	1.086	97.47%	1.026	0.02	0.091	0.101	٠
(VHT20)		36	5180	9.85	10.00	1.035	97.97%	1.021	-	-		
	Right	40	5200	9.72	10.00	1.067	97.47%	1.026	-	-	-	-
		48	5240	10.14	10.50	1.086	97.47%	1.026	0.15	0.473	0.527	٠
		36	5180	9.85	10.00	1.035	97.97%	1.021	0.09	0.488	0.515	٠
	Тор	40	5200	9.72	10.00	1.067	97.47%	1.026	-0.06	0.481	0.527	٠
		48	5240	10.14	10.50	1.086	97.47%	1.026	0.10	0.535	0.596	2
		36	5180	9.85	10.00	1.035	97.97%	1.021	-	-	٠	٠
	Bottom	40	5200	9.72	10.00	1.067	97.47%	1.026	-	-		
		48	5240	10.14	10.50	1.086	97.47%	1.026	-0.13	0.117	0.131	-

WIFI 5G U-NII-3												
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune-up	Tune-up scaling	Duty	Duty Cycle	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot No.
		СН	MHz	(dBm)	limit (dBm)	factor	Cycle	Scaling Factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
802.11ac (VHT40)	Front	151	5755	9.91	10.00	1.021	97.94%	1.021	0.03	0.273	0.285	-
		159	5795	9.62	10.00	1.091	97.96%	1.021	-			-
	Rear	151	5755	9.91	10.00	1.021	97.94%	1.021	0.06	0.318	0.331	-
		159	5795	9.62	10.00	1.091	97.96%	1.021	-			-
	Left	151	5755	9.91	10.00	1.021	97.94%	1.021	-0.11	0.139	0.144	-
		159	5795	9.62	10.00	1.091	97.96%	1.021	-	-	-	-
	Right	151	5755	9.91	10.00	1.021	97.94%	1.021	0.14	0.486	0.507	-
		159	5795	9.62	10.00	1.091	97.96%	1.021	-	-	-	-
	Тор	151	5755	9.91	10.00	1.021	97.94%	1.021	0.13	0.566	0.590	3
		159	5795	9.62	10.00	1.091	97.96%	1.021	-0.09	0.523	0.582	-
	Bottom	151	5755	9.91	10.00	1.021	97.94%	1.021	-0.09	0.180	0.188	-
		159	5795	9.62	10.00	1.091	97.96%	1.021		-	-	-

Bluetooth												
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune-up	Tune-up scaling	Duty	Duty Cycle	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot No.
		СН	MHz	(dBm)	limit (dBm)	factor	Cycle	Scaling Factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
BLE GFSK	Front	0	2402	6.81	7.00	1.045	62.90%	1.590	0.16	0.080	0.133	-
		19	2440	6.60	7.00	1.096	61.90%	1.616			-	
		39	2480	5.79	6.00	1.050	61.90%	1.616	٠	٠	-	
	Rear	0	2402	6.81	7.00	1.045	62.90%	1.590	0.01	0.126	0.209	-
		19	2440	6.60	7.00	1.096	61.90%	1.616	-	-	-	
		39	2480	5.79	6.00	1.050	61.90%	1.616	-	-	-	
	Left	0	2402	6.81	7.00	1.045	62.90%	1.590	-0.14	0.043	0.071	
		19	2440	6.60	7.00	1.096	61.90%	1.616	-	-	-	
		39	2480	5.79	6.00	1.050	61.90%	1.616			-	-
	Right	0	2402	6.81	7.00	1.045	62.90%	1.590	-0.05	0.172	0.286	-
		19	2440	6.60	7.00	1.096	61.90%	1.616	-	-	-	
		39	2480	5.79	6.00	1.050	61.90%	1.616			-	
	Тор	0	2402	6.81	7.00	1.045	62.90%	1.590	0.11	0.198	0.329	4
		19	2440	6.60	7.00	1.096	61.90%	1.616	0.03	0.166	0.294	-
		39	2480	5.79	6.00	1.050	61.90%	1.616	-0.08	0.111	0.189	-
	Bottom	0	2402	6.81	7.00	1.045	62.90%	1.590	0.02	0.065	0.108	-
		19	2440	6.60	7.00	1.096	61.90%	1.616			-	
		39	2480	5.79	6.00	1.050	61.90%	1.616	-	-	-	

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 3/30/2023

WiFi 2.4G-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.702$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.306$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.5°C;Liquid Temperature:22.3°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2412 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Top/CH 1/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.49 W/kg

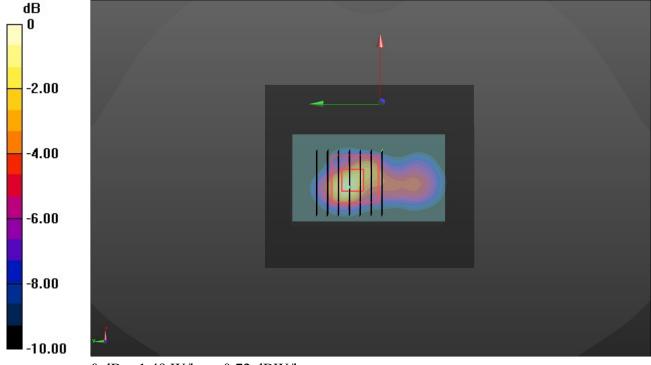
Top/CH 1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.942 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.449 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.48 W/kg



0 dB = 1.49 W/kg = 0.72 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 3/31/2023

WiFi 5G U-NII-1-H-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5240 MHz; $\sigma = 4.466$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.537$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.6°C;Liquid Temperature:22.4°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(5.61, 5.61, 5.61) @ 5180 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Top/CH 48/Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

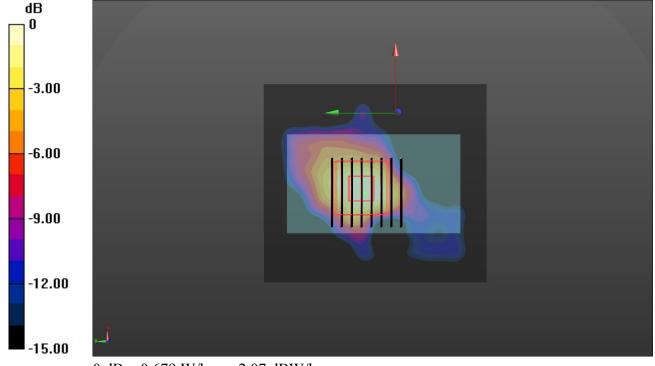
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.678 W/kg

Top/CH 48/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 10.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.535 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.679 W/kg



0 dB = 0.679 W/kg = -2.07 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 3/31/2023

WiFi 5G U-NII-3-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 5755 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5755 MHz; $\sigma = 5.039$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.572$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.6°C;Liquid Temperature:22.4°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97) @ 5755 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Top/CH 151/Area Scan (81x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.824 W/kg

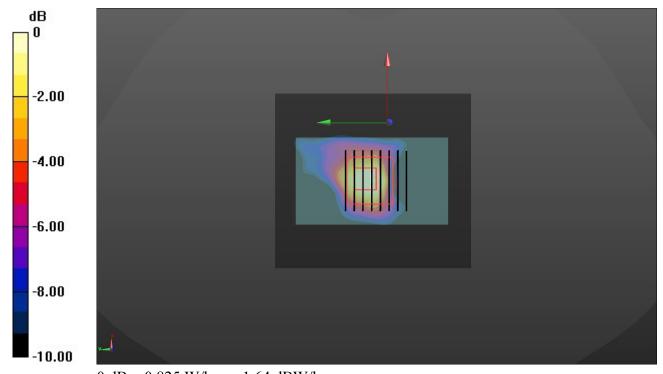
Top/CH 151/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 11.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.566 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.825 W/kg



0 dB = 0.825 W/kg = -1.64 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd., SAR Lab

Date: 3/30/2023

BT-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic BT (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.697$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.333$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature:22.8°C;Liquid Temperature:22.6°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Top/CH 1/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.355 W/kg

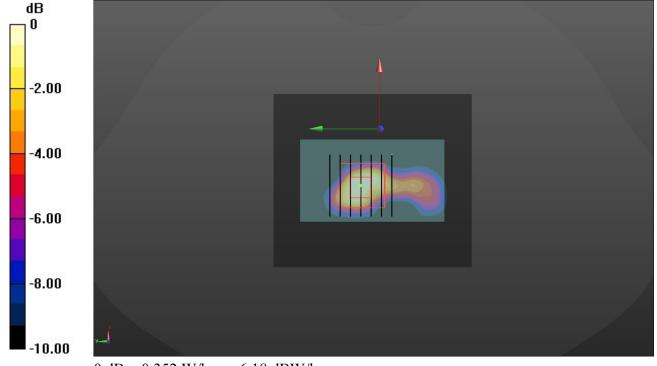
Top/CH 1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.396 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.198 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.352 W/kg



0 dB = 0.352 W/kg = -6.18 dBW/kg

1.1.1. DAE4 Calibration Certificate



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中国认可 **CNAS L0570**

Certificate No: Z22-60121

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

HTW

Client :

Approved by:

Object DAE4 - SN: 1549

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date: April 12, 2022

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration

Process Calibrator 753 1971018 15-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X04465) Jun-22

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: April 16, 2022

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Glossary:

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



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3.99433 ± 0.7% (k=2)

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Range: 1LSB = 6.1µV, full range = -100. .+300 mV 61nV . Low Range: 1LSB = full range = -1....+3mV

3.98608 ± 0.7% (k=2)

DASY measurement para	ameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 t	sec; Measuring time: 3 sec	
Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	406.337 ± 0.15% (k=2)	406.020 ± 0.15% (k=2)	406 173 ± 0.15% (k=2

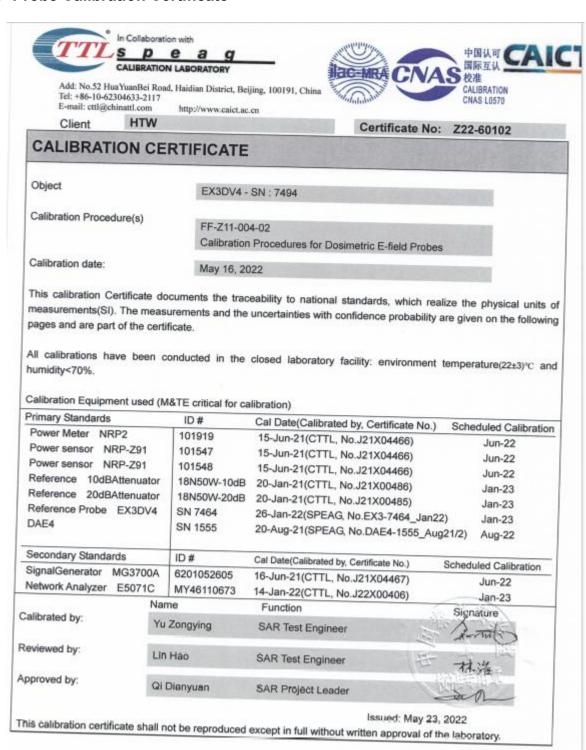
3.99378 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Low Range

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	18.5° ± 1 °
---	-------------

1.2. Probe Calibration Certificate



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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A.B.C.D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center). Polarization θ

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z^*$ frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z;VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No:Z22-60102

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.41	0.48	0.42	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	99.2	100.0	100.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc E (k=2)
0 CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	145.6	±1.9%	
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		160.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.0	1

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor *k*=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

^E Uncertainly is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.60	10.60	10.60	0.12	1.43	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	10.30	10.30	10.30	0.12	1.48	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.81	8.81	8.81	0.25	0.92	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.25	1.04	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.26	1.04	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.62	0.63	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.41	0.84	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.49	0.74	±12.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.61	5.61	5.61	0.50	1.20	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.01	5.01	5.01	0.45	1.38	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.97	4.97	4.97	0.50	1.30	±13.3%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

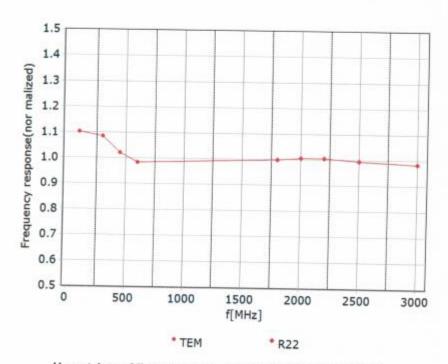
 $^{^{}G}$ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





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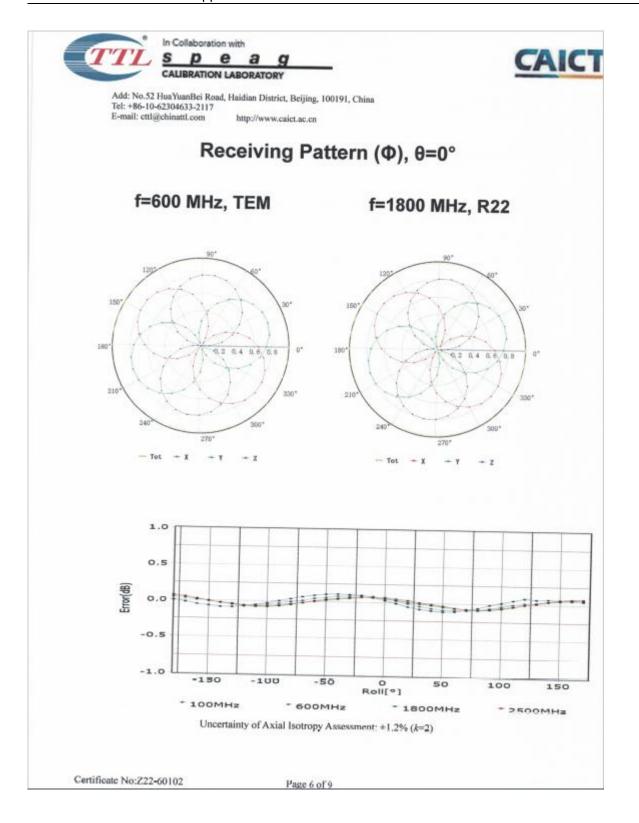
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

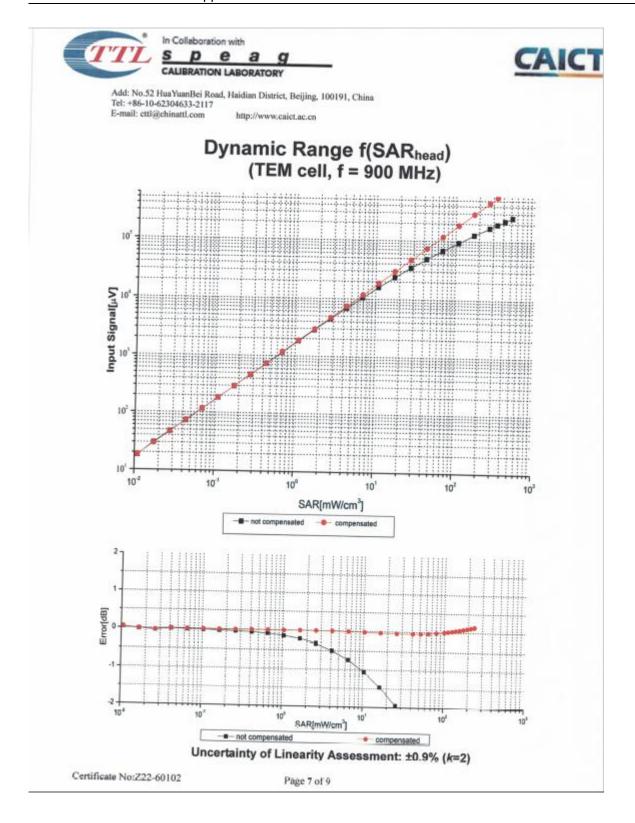


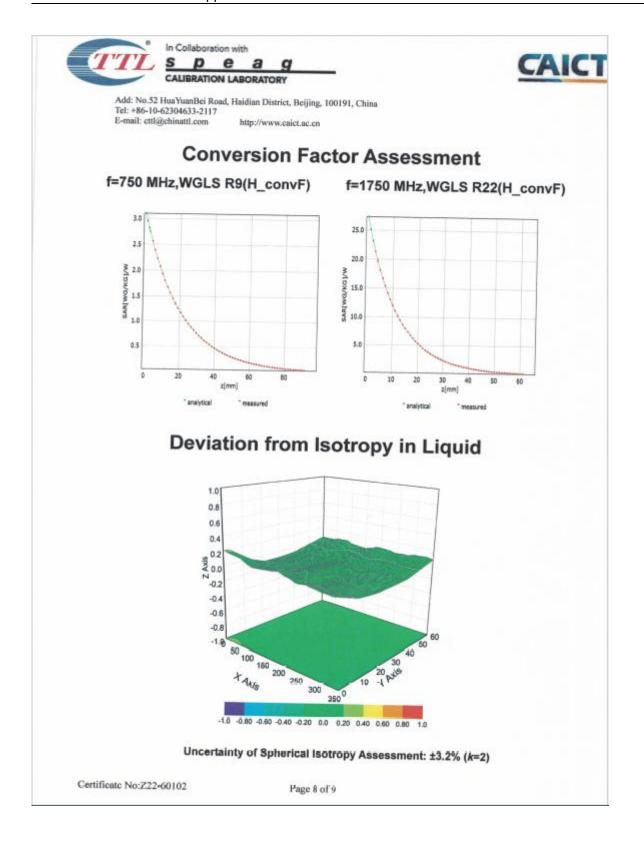
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z22-60102

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	22.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Certificate No:Z22-60102

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1.1. D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate









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Certificate No:

Z21-60020

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 1009

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

Client

January 25, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 7600	30-Nov-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421)	Nov-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	2/10
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林%
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	et ?

Issued: January 29, 2021

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Certificate No: Z21-60020

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



In Collaboration with p e

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY52	V52.10.4
Advanced Extrapolation	
Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
10 mm	with Spacer
dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	
	Advanced Extrapolation Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C 10 mm dx, dy, dz = 5 mm

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		777

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.0 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.97 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)



In Collaboration with

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.9Ω+ 2.04jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.4dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.064 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
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Certificate No: Z21-60020

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Date: 01.25.2021



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 1009 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7600; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-11-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

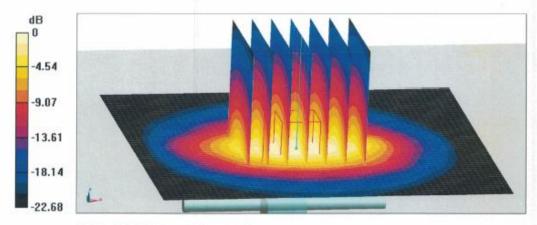
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 47.2%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg

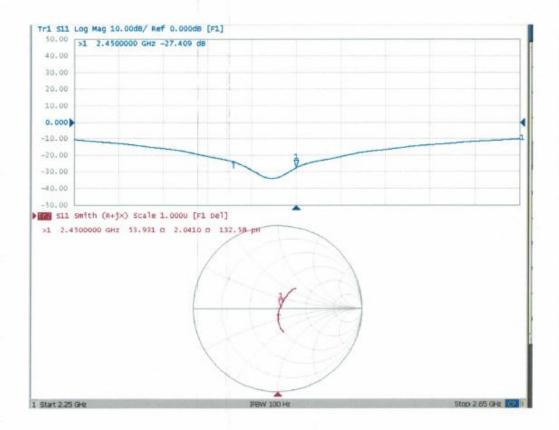


0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Head-2450						
Date of	Deturn lose (dD)	Dolto (0/)	Real Impedance	Delta	Imaginary	Delta
measurement	Return-loss (dB)	Delta (%)	(ohm)	(ohm)	impedance (ohm)	(ohm)
2021-01-25	-27.4		53.9		2.04	
2022-01-17	-27.9	1.82	53.5	0.4	2.34	0.3
2023-01-15	-27.3	-0.36	53.7	0.2	2.16	0.12

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 50hm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

1.2. D5GHzV2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



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中国认可 国际互认 校准 CALIBRATION CNAS L0570

lient HTW Certificate No: Z21-60022

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN: 1273

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: January 26, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 7600	30-Nov-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421)	Nov-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzerE5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21
			3

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: January 29, 2021

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z21-60022 Page 2 of 8



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.0 ± 6 %	4.68 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		<u> </u>

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.2 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z21-60022

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Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

-10	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.4 ± 6 %	5.06 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.6 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	-
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.3 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	5.22 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.3 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.8Ω - 1.46jΩ	
Return Loss	- 31.3dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6Ω + 2.95jΩ			
Return Loss	- 29.6dB			

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0Ω + 3.42jΩ		
Return Loss	- 29.3dB		

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction) 1.101 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
manufactured by	OF EAG



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1273

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,

Date: 01.26.2021

Frequency: 5750 MHz,

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.678 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.04; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.055 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.43; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.219 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.21; ρ = 1000 kg/m³.

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7600; ConvF(5.68, 5.68, 5.68) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-11-30
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg



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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

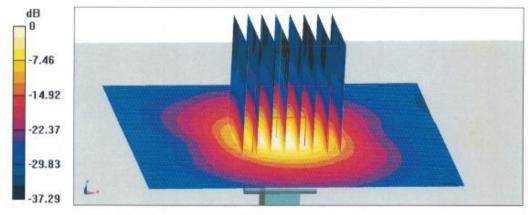
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.6 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 61.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

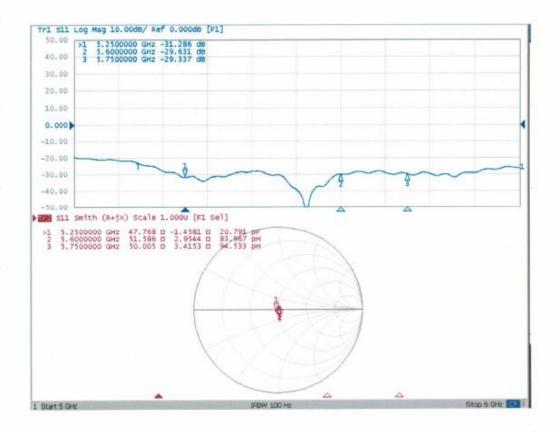


0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Head-5250						
Date of	Poturn loop (dP)	Dolto (9/)	Real Impedance	Delta	Imaginary	Delta
measurement	Return-loss (dB) Delta	Delta (%)	(ohm)	(ohm)	impedance (ohm)	(ohm)
2021-01-26	-31.3		47.8		-1.46	
2022-01-17	-31.8	1.60	47.3	0.5	-1.06	0.4
2023-01-15	-31.5	0.64	47.7	0.1	-1.36	0.1

Head-5600						
Date of	Poturn loss (dR)	Dolta (%)	Real Impedance	Delta	Imaginary	Delta
measurement	Return-loss (dB)	Delta (%)	(ohm)	(ohm)	impedance (ohm)	(ohm)
2021-01-26	-29.6		51.6		2.95	
2022-01-17	-30.1	1.06	51.2	0.4	2.75	0.2
2023-01-15	-29.9	-0.66	51.8	0.2	2.90	0.05

Head-5750						
Date of	Poturn Iona (dP)	Dolto (9/)	Real Impedance	Delta	Imaginary	Delta
measurement	Return-loss (dB)	Delta (%)	(ohm)	(ohm)	impedance (ohm)	(ohm)
2021-01-26	-29.3		50.0		3.42	
2022-01-17	-29.6	1.02	50.7	0.7	3.02	0.4
2023-01-15	-29.8	1.71	50.4	0.4	3.22	0.2

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 50hm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.